

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: July 31, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Mr. Holmes
Miss Gandy

"The Dallas Times Herald," Dallas, Texas, on 7/22/64 printed an article captioned "The Full Text of Ruby's Test Given." In this article there was set forth what was purported to be the complete questions and answers from the polygraph examination afforded Jack Ruby on 7/18/64. The President's Commission by letter dated July 30, 1964, has requested that we conduct an investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers which were published.

At the specific request of the President's Commission Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail, on 7/18/64 by Agents Bell P. Herndon and W. James Wood. The questions used in the examination were prepared by the Commission and all arrangements as to who would be present during the conduct of the examination were made by the President's Commission. In addition to the two Agents who conducted the examination, there was present at the time Assistant Counsel Arlen Specter, representing the President's Commission, Mr. E. L. Holman of the Dallas Sheriff's Office, Clayton Fowler and Joe H. Tonahill, Ruby's attorneys, Assistant District Attorney William Alexander, Dr. William Robert Beavers and Court Reporter Odell Oliver.

The Agents present particularly noted during the examination that with the exception of the court reporter and the Agents, Mr. Alexander was the only other person observed taking copious notes.

When the press release concerning this matter was initially brought to the Director's attention on 7/22/64, he commented "I assume none of this is coming from the FBI." SAC Gordon Shanklin was telephonically contacted and he advised that there had been no inquiry whatever made of the Dallas Division concerning this matter and that no information had been divulged by the Dallas Office to the press.

ACTION:

Dallas is being instructed by airtel attached to conduct the investigation requested by the President's Commission. Affidavits will be obtained from the two Agents present who conducted the examination.

GMB/ras

64 AUG 14 1964

AUG 12 1964
SENT DIRECTOR

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS; 11-22-63

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Jevons
1 - Mr. Neill
1 - Mr. Herndon
1 - Mr. Frazier
1 - Office, Room 7193

DATE: 8-7-64

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
DeLoach ☒
Evans ☒
Malone ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

The Commission has referred to us for review a Report of the Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Saturday, July 18, 1964, (polygraph examination of Ruby) and a transcript of SA B. P. Herndon's deposition. Both transcripts were reviewed and minor typographical errors were corrected.

On 8-5-64, SA Robert E. Neill delivered to Mr. Howard P. Willens of the President's Commission the corrected transcripts.

Corrected copies of the Report of the Proceedings and SA Herndon's deposition are attached.

ACTION: None. For information only.

Enclosures (2)

62-109060

REN:nib (11)

RM

ENCLOSURE

79 AUG 13 1964

NOT RECORDED
170 AUG 11 1964

10 AUG 10 1964

SEVEN

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

62-109060

Memorandum

TO : A. Rosen

DATE: August 10, 1964

FROM : Mr. McGowan

1 - Mr. Rosen
 1 - Mr. Malley
 1 - Mr. McGowan
 1 - Mr. Swanson

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA.
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
 VICTIMS - CR

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

By letter dated 8/4/64, The President's Commission enclosed a copy of a telegram from Mr. Mark Lane, which stated that the current issue of Fact Magazine quotes Melvin Belli as stating, "that a Dallas Police Officer and another sort on November 23, 1963, to have Ruby approved the idea of killing Oswald." The telegram also requested Commission call Belli at Public session regarding possible police participation in murder of Oswald. It is noted that Mark Lane is the alleged attorney for Oswald's mother. The Commission requested an appropriate investigation concerning this matter, including interview of Attorney Belli concerning the statement he is alleged to have made.

Bureau Library was contacted to determine if possession of a copy of Fact Magazine was found, and it was determined that the latest issue of Fact Magazine, which is published by Ginsburg Publications, New York City, was the May-June issue. There was no mention of above in this issue. Fact Magazine is a bi-monthly publication, and inquiry at various newsstands in the District determined it was not out to date. As it appears desirable to review article referred to prior to conducting investigation, the New York Office has been requested to immediately obtain copies of this article and furnish it to the Bureau for review. Upon completion of this review, a decision will be made as to what further investigation should be conducted to fulfill The Commission's request.

ACTION:

The above is for information.

HCS/bec
 (5)

REC-51

EX-108

1920
AUG 11 1964

64 AUG 14 1964

8/13/64

AIRTEL

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J.V. Hines) (Enc)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

To: SAC, WFO (Enc 2)

From: Director, FBI (62-109080)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

11/22/63

DALLAS, TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for receiving offices are copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8/11/64 and a telegram from Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma, dated 7/29/64.

For the information of WFO, the Congressional Directory on page 734 discloses that Mr. Allan W. Crowley is the Washington representative for the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman." His home address is listed as 700 Merle Place, Alexandria, Virginia. On page 788 it is indicated Mr. Crowley has an office in Room 905 of the National Press Building, Washington, D. C.

The attention of WFO and Richmond is directed to SAC Letter 64-23 (B) dated 4/28/64 concerning Mrs. Mark E. Martin, aka Shirley Martin, Box 366, Hominy, Oklahoma. Both offices are cautioned to be extremely discreet in any discussions with Mr. Crowley concerning Mrs. Martin.

WFO is instructed to promptly contact Mr. Crowley in line with the Commission's request and elicit from him any information he has relating to this matter. For your assistance information has been previously received that Jack L. Ruby was at the Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, Texas, while the late President Kennedy was receiving emergency treatment on 11/22/63. No information has been developed to date to substantiate this allegation.

2 - Richmond (Enc 2)

2 - Oklahoma City (88-41) (Enc 2)

1 - Dallas (88-43) (Enc 2)

44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

1 - 62-109080 (President's Commission)

RDR:int

(15)

58 AUG 17 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

NOT RECORDED
199 AUG 14 1964

Airtel to WFO
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

For the information of WFO, Dallas and Oklahoma City are fully aware of the activities of Shirley Martin and the President's Commission has received numerous communications from the Bureau concerning her.

This matter should be expedited and the results of your interview with Mr. Cromley incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum without the property stamp and submitted to the Bureau and Dallas for dissemination without need for correction or revision. WFO should insure that a true copy of Mrs. Martin's telegram to the Commission is included in the letterhead memorandum as well as an appropriate paragraph relating to the Commission's referring this matter to the Bureau for investigation.

Subsequent reporting of this matter by the Dallas Office is not desired.

NOTE:

We have already sent 22 letters to the Commission on Martin. The above SAC Letter alerted the field to her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. In her telegram to the Commission she alleges that Mr. Cromley can substantiate that Jack Ruby was at Parkland Memorial Hospital. Considerable investigation on this particular allegation has been conducted by this Bureau and no evidence has been developed to substantiate this allegation. In fact our investigation discloses that Ruby was at another location during the period the President was receiving emergency treatment. In view of the Commission's request, it is felt we have no alternative but to comply. When the results are obtained the Commission will be so notified. Bureau files contain several "see" references to Mr. Cromley, however none of a derogatory nature.

FBI

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

4/10 AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Victim) - DECEASED
CR

ReBuairtel to San Antonio, 8/3/64, referencing
San Antonio airtel and letterhead memorandum of 7/29/64.

Correct spelling of former Dallas Chief of
Police is CARL F. HANSSON.

3 - Bureau
1 - San Antonio (44-748)
2 - Dallas
MCC/ds
(6)

NOT RECORDED
AUG 11 1964

C. G. Wright

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

4 AUG 19 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 7 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

1229 PM CST URGENT 8-7-64 NSP

TO DIRECTOR (44-24015)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD; CR.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AUGUST FIVE LAST.

ON AUGUST SIX LAST, FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, EXECUTIVE EDITOR
AND VICE PRESIDENT "THE DALLAS TIMES HERALD," WAS CONTACTED.
MC KNIGHT STATED HE HAD CONTACTED "THE DALLAS TIMES HERALD"
SOURCE WHO FURNISHED INFORMATION CONCERNING QUESTIONS AND
ANSWERS OF POLYGRAPH TEXT GIVEN TO JACK RUBY BY AN FBI
REPRESENTATIVE AND PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION. MC KNIGHT
STATED HE HAD DECIDED SINCE THIS SOURCE DID NOT WANT HIS NAME
DIVULGED, HE COULD NOT REVEAL NAME OF SOURCE. MC KNIGHT WAS
AGAIN ASKED IF WHAT HE HAD PREVIOUSLY ADVISED THIS OFFICE WAS TRUE,
THAT "THE DALLAS TIMES HERALD" DID NOT OBTAIN THIS INFORMATION
FROM ANYONE IN A FEDERAL OR STATE AGENCY, MC KNIGHT ADVISED HE WANTED
TO CORRECT THAT STATEMENT TO STATE HE COULD POSITIVELY STATE
INFORMATION DID NOT COME FROM ANYONE IN FBI OR PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
END PAGE ONE

REC-57 44-24015-1921

AUG 11 1964

AUG 12 1964

10/11/68

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

44-24015-1921

P2

BUT THAT IS AS FAR AS HE WOULD GO AS TO ELIMINATION OF ANYONE ELSE.
OTHER INDIVIDUALS WHO WERE PRESENT DURING COURSE OF POLYGRAPH
EXAMINATION ARE BEING INTERVIEWED AND BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED.

END

CMH

FBI WASH DC

TUP

FBI

Date: 8/12/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)
FROM SAC DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CR
OO DL

ReBuairtel to DL and Birmingham dated 6/5/64 and its enclosure, a letter from the President's Commission dated 6/4/64 requesting certain investigation to clarify RUBY's reason for moving from Chicago to Dallas.

There is being enclosed herewith for the Washington Field Office one copy each of reBuairtel and the Commission's letter dated 6/4/64.

The lead at this time being set forth to WFO pertains to the request in paragraph three of referenced Commission letter pertaining to the existence and location of the phonographic recordings and papers which former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE claims were made in connection with the Dallas crime investigation from 1946 to 1948, and, if they do exist, where they are maintained, how extensive they are, and whether or not they are indexed to show any mention of JACK RUBY.

On 8/11/64, Lt. GEORGE E. BUTLER, Juvenile Division, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, made available to the Dallas FBI Office 22 recording discs which he states are the recordings of discussions between GUTHRIE, PAUL ROWLAND JONES, and himself made around 1947.

(3) - Bureau
2 - Washington Field (Enc. 2)
2 - Dallas RJB:VM
(7)

REC-48

EX-108

6 AUG 14 1964

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

69 AUG 17 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Lt. BUTLER stated he does not know whether or not any written transcriptions of these recordings are still in existence or not; but, in any event, he does not have any such transcriptions.

Lt. BUTLER also noted that he does not know whether or not they were ever indexed, or that any mention of RUBY was ever made in any of the recordings.

Lt. BUTLER noted that he has had these 22 recordings in his personal possession since their return to him in March, 1960, from the McClellan Committee in Washington, D. C.

Lt. BUTLER thinks that it is possible the McClellan Committee, besides copying these 22 recordings, may have transcribed them as well for their records.

In order to comply with the President's Commission request pertaining to transcriptions of these recordings, it is being suggested that the records of the McClellan Committee be reviewed to see if the recordings have been reduced to writing, and if so, how extensive they are and whether any mention of RUBY is made in these transcriptions.

Dallas Office will attempt to monitor the records, but it is felt the additional precaution (McClellan check) should be made.

LEAD

WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION

Will determine if the McClellan Committee files contain a written transcription of the 22 records furnished that Committee by Lt. BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, around 1960; such recordings pertaining to the Dallas Crime Commission investigation referred to in re Commission letter of 6/4/64.

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Victim) - DECEASED
CR

7/27/64
H. H. H.

ReBuairtel, 7/27/64, by which was transmitted Commission's letter of 7/23/64, requesting re-interview with Lieutenant JAMES R. GILMORE, Dallas, Texas, Police Department concerning his encounters with RUBY on November 22, 1963.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum pertinent to this inquiry.

ENCLOSURE
Enc. (10),
MCC/ds
(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

EX-108

15 AUG 14 1964

1923

S. H. H.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

69 AUG 17 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas

August 6, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested, in a letter dated July 23, 1964, that Lieutenant James R. Gilmore, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, be re-interviewed concerning his encounters with Jack L. Ruby on Friday, November 22, 1963.

Attached is a report of re-interview with Lieutenant Gilmore.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

-1123

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

1Date 8/6/64

Lieutenant JAMES R. GILMORE, Platoon Supervisor, Vice Section, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised he first saw JACK L. RUBY on Friday night, November 22, 1963, after the assassination of President KENNEDY, inside the Police Department assembly room during the press conference held by District Attorney HENRY WADE at midnight.

GILMORE related that he recalls seeing RUBY at the press conference inasmuch as during this press conference District Attorney WADE was speaking about the organization OSWALD was a member of; however, he was not able to recall the name of this organization, and RUBY "spoke up and remarked, 'the Fair Play for Cuba.'"

GILMORE stated he did not converse with RUBY at this press conference; however, approximately one hour after the press conference he saw RUBY in one of the passageways of the Dallas Police Department, at which time he, GILMORE, asked RUBY what he was doing and RUBY related he was distributing sandwiches to the officers of the Homicide and Robbery Section. GILMORE stated RUBY also commented he was going to "check with KLIF to see if they wanted any sandwiches." Thereafter, he terminated their conversation, departed, and headed for the exit; however, GILMORE did not actually see RUBY leave the building.

COPIES 1 - [unclear]

21 JAN - 7 1973

on 8/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/ds Date dictated 8/5/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Victim) - DECEASED
CR

ReBuairtel, 7/27/64, enclosing Commission's letter of July 23, 1964, which requested re-interview with BILLY DON WILLIAMS.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum relative to this request. Tampa office has been requested to locate and interview WILLIAMS at Satellite Beach or Melbourne, Florida. Investigation in Dallas was conducted by SA JAMES W. SWINFORD.

Enc. (10)

MCC/ds

(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

EX-108

10 AUG 14 1964

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

69 AUG 17 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas

August 6, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 23, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested Billy Don Williams, 2064 Kirby, Dallas, Texas, be re-interviewed to determine whether he spoke with Jack L. Ruby by telephone on November 22, 1963, instead of on November 23, 1963, as he reported to Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation when interviewed on November 27, 1963, and the time of day of the call. It was further requested the name of Mr. Williams' wife, who was employed as an exotic dancer for Ruby, be ascertained.

Karen Green Williams, 2064 Kirby, Dallas, was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at the Carousel Club, Dallas, on November 26, 1963, at which time she identified herself as the wife of Billy Don Williams. Interview was reported on page 780, report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements, November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas.

On August 3, 1964, C. T. Franks, an employee of Melnik Construction Company, Dallas, identified Billy Don Williams as his stepson. He stated Williams and spouse are currently residing at 205 Ocean Spray, Satellite Beach, Florida, and that Williams is working at Kirby Vacuum Cleaners, Melbourne, Florida.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN - 3 1963

August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
2 - Mr. Swanson

EX-108

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letters dated July 23, 1964, wherein you requested reinterviews of Mr. Billy Don Williams, Dallas, Texas, and Lieutenant James R. Gilmore, Dallas, Texas, Police Department for certain specific information.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated August 6, 1964, at Dallas, Texas; two copies of a memorandum dated August 5, 1964, at Tampa, Florida, setting forth the desired information concerning Mr. Williams.

Also enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated August 6, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth an interview with Lieutenant James R. Gilmore.

BY COURIER SVC.

51 AUG 12

COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure (6)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Cooper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

88 AUG 18 1964

100-80801-29

RECORDED COPY FILED

RECEIVED DIVISION
AUG 13 1964
FBI

NOTE:

In two separate letters dated 7/23/64 Commission requested (1) reinterview with Billy Don Williams to determine if he might have talked to Ruby on 11/22/63 instead of 11/23/63 as stated when interviewed. He again reiterated he last talked to him on 11/23/63 as previously stated. (2) reinterview of Lt. Gilmore to determine exact location of Ruby when Gilmore saw him in one of passageways at PD on 11/22/63.

FBI

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (44-187) (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR

Re Dallas teletype to Bureau 8/4/64, Bureau airtel to Dallas 7/27/64 and letter of President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY dated 7/23/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a LHM setting out interview with BILLY DON WILLIAMS on 8/5/64.

Enclosed for Dallas is one copy of the above LHM plus 15 copies of FD 302 for use by Dallas in a report.

The Bureau and Dallas will note that the information concerning the investigation by Dallas is not included in the enclosed LHM.

For the information of Dallas, the attached FD 302 should be placed under Roman Number III, PERSONAL HISTORY, ACTIVITIES, ASSOCIATIONS AND ARREST RECORD OF JACK LEON RUBY.

- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 16) (44-1639)
- 1 - Tampa

LEB:nh

(6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

EX-108

AUG 7 1964

1925

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Tampa, Florida
August 5, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

By letter dated July 23, 1964, the President's Commission requested that Mr. Billy Don Williams be re-interviewed to determine whether he spoke with Jack L. Ruby by telephone on November 22, 1963 instead of November 23, 1963 as reported. The Commission also requested that the time of day that the telephone call was placed should be ascertained. The Commission also requested that the name of Mr. Williams' wife, who was employed as an exotic dancer for Jack Ruby, be provided.

Attached hereto is a copy of an interview of Billy Don Williams.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

21.10.3 193

TP 44-187

amateur strippers performing there. RUBY added that he might want to use WILLIAMS as a witness against the Colony Club. WILLIAMS agreed and RUBY said that he would reimburse him for the cost of the dinner.

Mr. WILLIAMS understood that RUBY was going to try to cause the closing of the Colony Club because of their use of amateur strippers.

During the above Saturday night conversation, he asked RUBY if the Carousel Club would remain closed until Monday. RUBY replied that it would and asked WILLIAMS if he did not agree that the assassination of President KENNEDY was a tragic enough affair to cause everything to be closed. Mr. WILLIAMS agreed.

Mr. WILLIAMS stated that to the best of his present knowledge and recollection, he learned that the Carousel Club was closed on November 22, 1963 from the above mentioned Negro, and that he had no contact with JACK RUBY following the assassination of President KENNEDY until Saturday night, November 23, 1963.

FBI

Date: 7/31/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (44-2064) (RM)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
Deceased - VICTIM
CR
OO: DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas dated 7/27/64, which enclosed letter of transmittal from the President's Commission dated 7/23/64 and Dallas teletype to Bureau and New Orleans dated 7/29/64, captioned as above.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of letterhead memorandum and for Dallas one copy of the same letterhead memorandum plus fifteen copies of FD 302 setting forth the results of an interview with GLADYS BEALL IVEY, nee CRADDOCK on 7/30/64 at Gloster, Mississippi. L

3 - Bureau (Encl. 10) (RM)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 16) (RM)
2 - New Orleans
SMC:jsm
(7)

REC 27

EX-102

AUG 7 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

79 AUG 18 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana

July 31, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - DECEASED - VICTIM

Reference is made to the President's Commission's letter dated July 23, 1964, which requested a re-interview with Gladys Craddock at Dallas, Texas, to determine where she saw Jack Ruby at "The Dallas Morning News" Building on November 22, 1963, the time at which she saw him, and the conversation and conduct of Ruby.

On July 29, 1964, the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation advised that Gladys Craddock had terminated her employment with "The Dallas Morning News" and it was believed that she was residing at Gloster, Mississippi.

On July 30, 1964, Gladys Beall Ivey, Nee Craddock was located and interviewed by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at which time she furnished the following information:

She advised that on November 22, 1963, she was employed in a clerical capacity in the Classified Advertising Department of "The Dallas Morning News" newspaper, Dallas, Texas. She advised that the Classified Advertising Department is located on the ground floor on the newspaper building.

Mrs. Ivey stated that to the best of her recollection it was about 11 A.M., on November 22, 1963, when she observed Jack Ruby in the Classified Advertising Department. She stated she affixes the time as approximately 11 A.M., because prior to this time she had temporarily left the building to conduct some personal business in the area and was hurrying to return to the building by 11 A.M., as her supervisor, Mrs. Claire Conlon, had

COPIES DESTROYED

Let ...

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-DECEASED-VICTIM**

indicated that she wanted to go to lunch on time so that she, Mrs. Conlon, could return to the building to watch the Presidential Motorcade. Mrs. Ivey stated that it was Mrs. Conlon's normal custom to go to lunch at 11 A.M.

Mrs. Ivey stated that upon returning to the newspaper building she walked through the lobby on the ground floor and walked around behind the counter to the area where she normally waits on the customers. As she was walking behind the counter she glanced toward the lobby and observed Jack Ruby walking across the lobby in the direction of the elevator. At approximately the same instant she observed Ruby, Ruby also observed her and at this instant turned towards her and raised his voice and said "Hi, the President is going to be here today." Ruby also during the conversation waved his hand in her direction. She stated that it was necessary for Ruby to raise his voice because he was quite a distance from her and that she then lost sight of Ruby and does not know whether he went to the elevator or left the building.

Mrs. Ivey stated that she had no other conversation with Jack Ruby and in these few moments that she observed Ruby on the morning of November 22, 1963, there was nothing in his conduct or actions which she considered unusual.

Mrs. Ivey stated that in her contacts with Ruby prior to November 22, 1963, it always seemed to her that Ruby was in a hurry to complete whatever he might be doing and that Ruby's contacts with her were always friendly.

FBI

Date: 7/31/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)
FROM SAC DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CR.

ReBuairtel 7/27/64 by which was transmitted President's Commission letter dated 7/23/64. The latter made six enumerated requests for investigation. Item 3, page 2, requests interviews with JOSEPH A. GLOWACKI and KRYSTIAN BARCZ relative to their encounter with RUBY at Ritz Delicatessen, Dallas, on the afternoon of 11/22/63.

By airtel 7/28/64, Dallas advised Bureau that BARCZ, above, is apparently in Warsaw, Poland.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating reinterview with GLOWACKI.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 30)
2 - Dallas

MCC:vm
(5)

EX-102
REC 27

10 AUG 1 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

79 AUG 18 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
July 31, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 23, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested reinterview with Joseph A. Glowacki, Dallas, Texas, and Krystian Barcz, if readily available, relative to their encounter with Jack L. Ruby at Ritz Delicatessen, Dallas, on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, to determine as precisely as possible the time at which they saw Ruby and his conduct at the time.

Available information indicates Mr. Barcz, a Polish National, returned to Warsaw, Poland, in December, 1963. Attached is a report of interview with Mr. Glowacki.

Attachment

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

1121

Date 7/31/64

1

Mr. JOSEPH A. GLOWACKI, 2811 Finkley Avenue, Apartment 210 (EM 3-6794), employed at The Old Warsaw Restaurant, 3914 Cedar Springs, Dallas, Texas, was reinterviewed and furnished the following information:

On November 22, 1963, he was in the downtown area of Dallas with Mr. KRYSZTOF BARCZ, a Polish National, who was visiting the United States on a State Department study grant. They watched the Presidential parade from the corner of Main and Harwood Streets. The parade passed their station shortly after noon at which time they walked to Hoffman's Men's Wear, 1403 Commerce Street, where they learned from Mr. HOFFMAN that the President had been shot.

Mr. GLOWACKI advised he and Mr. BARCZ left Hoffman's shortly after 1:00 p.m. and went to a brokerage house located next to Hoffman's where they watched the news coming in concerning the assassination. They remained at this place for approximately 30 minutes then went back to Hoffman's where they again spoke with Mr. HOFFMAN for a few minutes.

He recalled BARCZ wanted to make a telephone call to his employer, a television station in Warsaw, Poland, to report the news of the assassination. They left Hoffman's and walked to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company Building, 308 S. Akard, where BARCZ placed his call to Warsaw. GLOWACKI estimated they were in the telephone building for about 30 minutes. From the telephone building they walked to Television Station WFAA, Young and Houston Streets, where BARCZ asked to see the Station Manager, MIKE SHAPIRO. GLOWACKI related parenthetically that BARCZ was a guest of this station. SHAPIRO spoke briefly with them and they left the television station and walked to the Ritz Delicatessen, 205 Browder, for lunch. He estimated their arrival at the delicatessen at approximately 3:30 p.m. or possibly a little later. While at the delicatessen, he observed JACK RUBY standing near the front of the delicatessen listening to the broadcast coming in on the radio. He called RUBY over to his table and introduced him to BARCZ. GLOWACKI invited RUBY to sit at their table, but RUBY declined.

Interviewed on 7/30/64 at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK:vm

Date dictated 7/30/64

GLOWACKI advised that at that time RUBY did not appear to him to be any more agitated or upset than the average citizen. In fact, RUBY asked Mr. GLOWACKI, "Joe, what is this going to do to our business? We're going to lose all of the conventions." It appeared to GLOWACKI that RUBY was more concerned with the result on business than he was by the actual assassination of the President. GLOWACKI now recalls RUBY may have commented, "Do they have that son-of-a-bitch that did it?" and "Joe, whether you think they should do to the bastard -- they should shoot him right away!"

GLOWACKI indicated he and BARCZ continued with their lunch after the brief conversation with RUBY and estimated they left the delicatessen at approximately 4:00 p.m. RUBY was still at the delicatessen when they left.

GLOWACKI further advised his friend BARCZ has since returned to Poland.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Jevons
- 1 - Mr. Herndon
- 1 - Office, Room

DATE: 8-3-64

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
DeLoach ☒
Evans ☒
Malone ☒
Rosen ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. W. Jevons

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

My memo dated 7-23-64 (attached) with regard to the Associated Press release (Dallas - 7-22) which provided a question and answer transcript of the polygraph examination of Jack Ruby advised that a further analysis could be made as to whether the published questions are, in fact, based on the discussion of the questions prior to the polygraph examination.

The actual transcript of the proceedings and the published article have been carefully compared. It is still obvious that the newspaper article is not an adequate verbatim transcript; however, anyone in the room during the pretext discussion of the questions to be used could have taken sufficient notes to obtain the data published. In several specific instances, the questions as published are similar to the way they were discussed with Ruby during the pretext interview while Mr. William Alexander, Dallas District Attorney's Office and one of Ruby's attorneys Mr. Joe Tonahill were present. Yet during their absence, the question was actually presented in a different manner by the polygraph examiner. These differences are as follows with regard to the published question: "Between the time of the assassination of President Kennedy and the shooting of Oswald did you tell anyone that you knew Oswald?" Review of transcript reveals that this was the way the question was discussed with Ruby. However, during the actual examination when Mr. Alexander and Mr. Tonahill were out of the room, the question was simply asked: "Between the assassination and the shooting did anybody you know tell you they knew Oswald?" During pretext interview when Messrs. Alexander and Tonahill were present, the polygraph examiner developed with Ruby a peak of tension series in which Ruby was advised that the examiner was going to ask him in exact sequence: "Did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Friday

Enclosure

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach

- 1 - Mr. McGowan, Room 2712
- 1 - Mr. Hines, Room 2264

SENT DIRECTOR

CONTINUED - OVER

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
80-5-12-
62-51496

EX-102
AUG 12 1964

EX-102

78 SEP 10 1964
FBI-WFO (11)

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: JACQ L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS
62-109060

night; did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Saturday morning; did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Sunday morning?" This is the exact manner in which the questions were set forth in the publication, however, it is interesting to note that during the actual polygraph examination when Messrs. Alexander and Tonahill were out of the room the examiner also injected the question: "Did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Saturday night?" which is most important to maintain continuity of a peak of tension series.

During pretext³ interview, the polygraph examiner advised Ruby that he was going to ask him "Did you see the armored truck before you went to the basement?" In the publication the question refers to the "armored truck" however, during actual polygraph tests the examiner asked "Did you see the armored car before it entered the basement?" The Ruby answers published in the article were actually available to anyone in the room during the pretext interview, as Ruby insisted on giving the answers even during the pretext interview.

ACTION: None. For information only.

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "JAC", "B2", and others]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/23/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

1 - Mr. Herndon, 7330
1 - Office, 7133
1 - Mr. Jevons, 7133
1 - Mr. ConradSUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

Tolson	
DeLoach	
Mohr	
Bishop	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

Attached Associated Press release (Dallas - 7/22) as published in the "Washington Post" today states that the content of the article is the question and answer transcript in part of the polygraph examination afforded Ruby by the FBI in Dallas, Texas, last Saturday.

The newspaper article has been compared with the actual questions asked Ruby during the polygraph examination. The comparison clearly reveals that the vast majority of questions listed in the newspaper article are not an accurate transcript of the questions.

While the lack of accuracy could be merely due to inaccurate notes taken by an individual during the actual test, it is considered more likely from the form of the published questions that they are based on notes taken during a discussion of the proposed questions with Ruby immediately prior to the actual polygraph examination and upon Ruby's answers at that time. Such a discussion of the proposed questions with a subject is a standard part of polygraph examination technique to insure that the subject understands the questions and was followed in this instance. It is noted that under the arrangements made by the Commission the following individuals were present during the discussion of the questions before the actual test:

Mr. Arlen Specter, President's Commission
Mr. Clayton Fowler, Ruby's Chief Counsel
Mr. Joe Ionabill, Ruby's Attorney
Mr. William Alexander, Dallas District Attorney's Office
Dr. William R. Peavers, Psychiatrist
Chief Jailer E. L. Holman
Court Reporter Odell Oliver
Special Agents Bell P. Herndon and W. James Wood

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Belmont	1 - Mr. McGowan, Rm. 2712
1 - Mr. Rosen	1 - Mr. Hines, Rm. 2264
1 - Mr. DeLoach	
1 - Mr. Malley	

BPH:KO (11)

79 AUG 28 1964

AUG 18 1964

REC 27 AUG 19 1964

ENCLOSURE

1928

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

It is of further interest to note that Mr. Alexander, the District Attorney's representative, and Mr. Tonahill, one of the defense attorneys, based upon agreement among the various attorneys present arranged to leave the room during portions of the actual polygraph interview of Ruby and, therefore, would not have heard all of the actual questions as they were presented to Ruby during the actual examination. The remaining individuals were present during both the pretest interview and the actual polygraph test. Except for the court reporter and the Bureau Agents, the only other person observed taking copious notes was Mr. Alexander.

It is further noted as a matter of interest that in memorandum from Mr. Griffith to Mr. Conrad 7/22/64, in connection with the "leak" of Oswald's diary to Life Magazine, the Laboratory has been able to establish that the copies in the possession of Life Magazine originated, either directly or indirectly, from photographic reproductions of this diary in the possession of the Dallas District Attorney's Office.

A further analysis as to whether the published questions are, in fact, based on the discussion of the questions prior to the polygraph examination can be made as soon as a detailed transcript of the proceedings is received by us. It is noted in this regard that Mr. Specter, the Commission's representative, has advised that the preparation of this transcript is being expedited and that we will be furnished a copy as soon as possible.

ACTION:

For information.

✓
B ✓
JH
AKC
BR

Transcript of Ruby Questioning By FBI's Polygraph Operators

Accused Killer of Oswald Denies Any Link to Communist Party

DALLAS, July 22 (AP) Jack Ruby told FBI polygraph operators that he had no intention of killing accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald until moments before he fired, the Dallas Times Herald reported today in a copyrighted story.

The story was from the paper's Washington Bureau and did not state how the paper obtained a transcript of the questions and answers.

The tests were made last Saturday in the Dallas County jail, where Ruby has been held since shortly after the slaying of the man accused of assassinating President Kennedy.

Ruby is under death sentence for killing Oswald Nov. 24, two days after Mr. Kennedy was shot.

The polygraph tests were given at Ruby's request. Also present was a member of the presidentially appointed Warren Commission, which is investigating the assassination.

There has been no official report made public as to whether the tests showed Ruby was telling the truth during the tests.

Following is the question and answer transcript in part:

Q. Did you know Oswald before Nov. 22, 1963?

A. No.

Q. Did you assist Oswald in the assassination of President Kennedy?

A. No.

Q. Are you now a member of the Communist Party?

A. No.

Q. Have you ever been a member of the Communist Party?

A. No.

Q. Are you now a member of any group who advocates the violent overthrow of the United States Government or have you ever been?

A. No.

Q. Were you born in the United States?

A. Yes.

Q. Between the time of the assassination of President Kennedy and the shooting of Oswald did you tell anyone that you knew Oswald?

A. No.

Q. Did you tell anyone on Saturday you were going to shoot Oswald? (Mr. Kennedy was killed Friday.)

A. No.

Q. Did you tell anyone on Saturday you were going to shoot Oswald? (A repetition of the question.)

A. (Ruby explained that he had told Chief Justice Earl Warren that he had told George Senator, his roommate, someone should "do away with Oswald," but added that he had told no one he was going to kill him and that he didn't recommend to Senator that he should kill him.)

Q. Did you tell anyone you were going to shoot Oswald from the time you left your apartment on Sunday morning? (Ruby killed Oswald Sunday.)

A. No.

Q. Aside from your comment to George Senator, did you ever tell anyone else you intended to shoot Oswald?

A. No.

Q. Did you shoot Oswald in order to silence him?

A. No.

Q. Did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Friday night?

A. No.

Q. Did you first decide to shoot Oswald on Saturday morning?

A. No.

Q. Did you first decide to

shoot Oswald on Sunday morning?

A. Yes. (Ruby elaborated to say that the decision was made when he walked down the ramp of the City Hall basement and saw Oswald approaching.)

Q. Did you enter the building by walking through an alley?

A. No.

Q. Did you see the armored truck when it entered the basement?

(The armored truck was a decoy and officers planned to transfer Oswald from the city jail to the county jail in a sedan.)

A. No.

Q. Did you enter the jail from the east through an alley?

A. No.

Q. After you talked to Little Lynn did you know Oswald was going to be moved? (Little Lynn was a stripper in Ruby's club who had telephoned him from Fort Worth asking that he telegraph her \$25 immediately.)

A. No.

Q. Did anyone tell you before you left your apartment and got to the City Hall that Oswald was going to be moved?

A. No.

(During a rest in the tests at this point, Ruby said that he had killed Oswald after becoming "carried away emotionally" by the tragedy and in hopes that Mrs. Kennedy would not have to return to Dallas for a trial of Oswald.)

Q. Did you or any of your friends make a telephone call to the FBI Sunday morning between 2 and 3 a.m.?

A. No.

Q. Did you or any of your friends telephone the Sheriff's office Sunday morning between 2 and 3 a.m.?

A. No.

Q. Did you go to the synagogue Friday night?

A. Yes.

Q. Do you pray?

A. Yes. (He added that apparently his prayers weren't being answered.)

Q. Did you see Oswald in the Dallas city jail Friday night?

A. Yes.

Q. Were you at one time employed by a union?

A. Yes.

Q. Did you have a run on you when you went to the Friday night press conference? (Oswald was taken to the press conference.)

A. No.

Q. Is everything that you have told the Warren Commission the entire truth?

A. Yes.

Q. Have you ever knowingly attended a meeting of the Communist Party?

A. No.

Q. Have you ever knowingly attended a meeting of any group who advocates the violent overthrow of the United States Government?

A. No.

Q. To your knowledge is any member of your family a member of the Communist Party or a member of any organization that advocates the overthrow of the United States Government?

A. No.

Q. Are any friends of yours a member of the Communist Party or a member of any organization that advocates the violent overthrow of the United States Government?

A. No.

Q. To your knowledge have any of your close friends or immediate family ever attended a meeting of the Communist Party?

A. No.

Q. Do you know, to the best of your knowledge, whether any member of your immediate family ever attended a meeting advocating the violent overthrow of the United States Government?

A. No.

Q. Did you ever meet Oswald at the Post Office box? (Their boxes were only a few feet apart.)

A. No.

Q. Did you use your Post Office box to do business with Cuba or Mexico?

A. No.

Q. Did you ever meet officer (J.D.) Tippitt and Oswald at the Carousel? (Tippitt was slain Nov. 22 and Oswald was charged with his murder. The Carousel was the strip lease club Ruby operated.)

A. No.

Q. Did you ever do business with Castro's Cuba?

A. No.

Q. Was your trip to Cuba for pleasure only?

A. Yes.

Q. Did you keep \$2200 in cash on you because you couldn't go to the bank to make a deposit?

A. Yes.

Q. Did any foreign country influence you or cause you to shoot Oswald?

A. No.

Q. Did you shoot Oswald because of any labor union influence?

A. No.

Q. Did any long distance calls to you before the as-

assination have any connection with you shooting Oswald?

A. No.

Q. Did you shoot Oswald

to save Mrs. Kennedy a trip to Dallas to testify in a trial?

A. Yes.

Q. Did you know Officer Tippitt?

A. No.

Q. Did you meet Officer Tippitt and Oswald at your night club?

A. No.

Q. Did you get any long distance calls about Oswald before the shooting?

A. No.

Q. Were you at Parkland Hospital on Friday at any time? (Mr. Kennedy died there.)

A. No.

Q. Are any members of your family in danger? (Ruby did not answer.)

Q. Are you a 100 per cent patriotic American?

A. Yes.

Q. Has everything you have testified to today been the complete truth?

A. Yes.



Wanted From International

JACK RUBY

... takes the test

FROM **10-1** INVESTIGATION
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF
TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

[Handwritten initials]

☒ TOLSON
☒ BELMONT
☒ MOHR
☒ CASPER
☒ CALLAHAN
☒ CONRAD
☒ DELOACH
☒ EVANS
☒ GALE
☒ MR. ROSEN
☒ MR. SULLIVAN
☒ MR. TAVEL
☒ MR. TROTTER
☒ MISS HOLMES
☒ MISS GANDY

[Handwritten: 11/11/61]

[Handwritten: H. J. ...]

☐ SEE ME
☐ NOTE AND RETURN
☐ PREPARE REPLY
☐ SEND MEMO TO ATTORNEY GENERAL
☐ FOR YOUR RECOMMENDATION
☐ WHAT ARE THE FACTS?
☐ HOLD
REMARKS:

[Handwritten: 11/11/61]

[Handwritten: H. J. ...]

[Handwritten: 11/11/61]

[Handwritten: H. J. ...]

It was equally wrong for the jury to find Ruby guilty of first degree murder with malice.

In the light of Ruby's long history of neuroses and paranoid personality, etc., it was wrong for the jury to find Ruby 'temporarily sane.'

Within a few hours after Oswald killed Kennedy and almost killed Mrs. Kennedy, Mr. Johnson and the Governor of the State of Texas, and later killed a Texas policeman who attempted to interrogate him, an aroused public had already tried and convicted Oswald as a Communist killer. Only the carrying out of his punishment remained by mobs of people clamoring for some brave person to quickly kill Oswald.

Many openly expressed a desire to get at Oswald for this purpose. The Dallas police, fearing that he would be lynched, sought to remove him to another jail in an armored car.

Ruby heard people say that the brave man who killed Oswald would be a hero, a martyr, who would save the grief-stricken Kennedy family further grief of a trial; as well as restore the good name of Texas and its Police Department, which was being criticized for not properly protecting the President.

EX-102 REC 27

16 AUG 14 1964

1929
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79 AUG 19 1964

Immediately after Ruby killed Oswald many hailed his act and said a monument should be erected to Ruby. Ruby himself said, in the heat of action immediately after the shooting (regret), that now he had proved to his Gentile friends that Jews are not cowards and that Jews will not stand idly by while a wrong is committed.

REAL ISSUES INVOLVED

But what compelled and obsessed Ruby to carry out the wishes of so many other Americans?

What irresistible impulse was produced in the dranged insane mind of Ruby to the extent that it dethroned sane reason and judgment and destroyed his power to independently distinguish between right and wrong.

DISCUSSION.

No attempt will be made here to set forth the general rules concerning the fact that such a form of insanity is a defense. (See 14 Am.Jur. Sec. 36 and Notes, etc.)

Few people, including the jury, were convinced that Ruby killed Oswald because of epilepsy, an organic disease. But it is understandable why lawyers prefer to base their claim on an organic condition in preference to a psychological one.

Epilepsy in and by itself has been held not to be grounds upon which to predicate a plea of temporary insanity.

"Proof that a defendant in a criminal case is an epileptic does not necessarily show insanity, relieving him from criminal responsibility."
14 Am. Jur. Sec. 33, p. 790. Note 20.

LIFE-TIME OF MENTAL TORMENT AND DISTRESS.

Ruby's long-standing insanity would have established why Ruby shot Oswald and why he wanted to prove that Jews are brave, good Americans, not afraid to fight.

If the organic disease of epilepsy were buttressed by the psychological disorders that Ruby was suffering from, it is fair to assume that the jury would not have been so quick to find Ruby guilty of a cold-blooded premeditated murder of the 1st degree with malice.

SHOOTING OF OSWALD WAS ONLY LAST SCENE OF FINAL ACT.

In order for the jury to have understood this insane compulsion and insane obsession it was necessary to inquire into Jack Ruby's entire life, which led up to the killing of Oswald that was only the culminating incident.

SHADY PART OF RUBY'S PAST WAS INQUIRED INTO BUT NOT HIS PSYCHOSIS.

When a statement or 'culminating' incident is taken out of context a contrary or opposite meaning is frequently created. Likewise, it was equally difficult for the jury to judge Ruby's sanity when this incident was taken 'out of context' of Ruby's entire life.

No attempt will be made here to describe in detail the background neuroses and paranoid personality that Ruby suffered from since about the age of 10. This should be left to careful psychiatric examinations by one especially skilled in forensic psychiatry as distinguished from those skilled in organic diseases.

RECORD MUST BE CORRECTED FOR BENEFIT OF HISTORY.

For the sake of truth and history it is of utmost importance that Ruby's past be examined by proper psychiatric examina-

tions. The evidence thus uncovered can still be used as "newly discovered evidence" to obtain a new trial.

These observations were composed from very meager, sketchy and limited information furnished by one of the members of Ruby's family in an attempt to help the public come to a deeper understanding of this historic event.

After examining Jack Ruby's entire life it appears that it was not Jack Ruby, a sane, immoral hoodlum, who pulled the trigger on November 22, 1963, against an Oswald, but an insane Jacob Rubenstein, the son of pious Jewish parents, who suffered a lifetime of persecution as Jews.

EVIDENCE OF RUBY'S DERANGED MIND AND MENTAL TURMOIL.

Ruby's emotional disturbance and insanity goes back almost to his birth. He was brought up by parents who lived in a Jewish area surrounded by gangs of non-Jews who frequently attacked him and other Jews. As a child he read and heard about the senseless savage killing of Jews during pogroms in other countries for centuries. The gruesome gory details of these monstrous persecutions of Jews were common topic of conversation in his home and neighborhood and later during his adult life, up to the time he shot Oswald. These were later highlighted and fixed in Ruby's mind by the Hitler holocaust. He listened to sermons and lectures, and avidly sought out and read books and articles concerning these indescribable horrible persecutions and murders of "Jews."

By the age of 10 he was already so emotionally disturbed that the FBI records show (learned by the Ruby family for the first time after the trial) that it was recommended that Ruby be placed in a foster home in order to remove him from the environment that was contributing to his mental disturbances. But Ruby remained in his environment and grew up with the belief that by "fighting back" and the use of force, and late

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by bending over backwards to be kind, he would show Gentiles how brave he was, he would compel them to accept and respect him despite his Jewish heritage.

Ruby was treated by a Dallas, Texas doctor for a nervous bfeakdown only a few years ago.

Although he associated with hoodlums and underworld characters he would fight like a maniac when anyone made any derogatory remarks against Jews.

The list of such fights and altercations is too long to detail here except to say that he continuously went out of his way to break up Nazi Bund meetings and other Anti-Semitic meetings. He would throw Anti-Semites bodily out of his clubs, and otherwise challenge and fight anyone he suspected of being an Anti-Semite.

"DON QUIXOTE" VS. ANTI-SEMITISM VS. ANTI-KENNEDYISM.

In many respects he seemed normal, but whenever the question of Anti-Semitism or 'Anti-Kennedyism' arose he acted in obedience to insane compulsions over which he appeared to have no control and which prevented him from sanely distinguishing between what was 'right or wrong' for him to personally do about it.

NO SANE ORGANIZED THINKING LED TO DISORGANIZED INSANE ACTIONS.

A few days before Kennedy arrived in Dallas, articles appeared in the paper and on billboards attacking Kennedy, signed by a Jewish name.

7 Ruby took pictures of these 'Anti-Kennedy' billboards in the middle of the night and went to the managing editor of the

newspaper complaining that there was no person by any such name, that the Jewish sounding name was fictitious and used by an Anti-Semite to discredit the Jewish people in the eyes of Kennedy and others.

Despite the immoral nature of his entertainment places, he warned entertainers not to tell any Anti-Semitic or Anti-Kennedy jokes or stories that might reflect upon either Jews or Christians.

ACTED ALONE ON IMPULSE.

Ruby took the law into his own hands and carried out the overwhelming wishes of public sentiment at the time he shot Oswald, just as he took the treatment of Anti-Semitism and Anti-Kennedyism into his own hands. He also became insanely obsessed with his need to become a martyr. He became increasingly disturbed in this respect and inflamed concerning Anti-Semitism with the advent of Hitler and the murder of "6 million" Jews.

Like the atom bomb, there are many fall-out victims beyond the area where the bomb fell. Many are still crippled as a result of that menace. Both were like fiery crematories, insane asylums and Skid Rows are filled with similar fall-out victims of broken homes where parents wrangled and degraded each other. These children, though seemingly far removed from the scene of conflict, are the real sufferers and real fall-out victims.

FALL-OUT VICTIMS OF ANTI-SEMITISM.

Millions of pages have been written describing the Nazi horrors that directly destroyed the lives of 6 million Jews in Europe.

But little is known of the indirect chaos and destruction that these holocausts have wrought in the lives of countless Jews in America and other countries.

JEWS ARE A SENSITIVE EMOTIONAL PEOPLE.

To begin with, Jews are a highly sensitive and emotional people. They feel strong family ties as well as their individual tie to the whole of the Jewish people. One of their most revered sayings is that "each Jew is responsible one to and for the other." "I am my brother's keeper."

Jews are taught from birth to take pride in the martyrs who willingly suffered torture and death for the sake of preserving their faith and the honor of Judaism. Jews take pride in pointing out what other Jews throughout the world have contributed to civilization; but cringe when other Jews commit a wrong, because they are also taught that any improper conduct on their individual part is suffered by all Jews, and could result in genocide. These teachings are part of their daily prayers.

Many who were Jews in name only said, "but for the grace of God there go I." As they read and saw gruesome pictures of the Nazi horrors described in the Eichman and Neurenburg trials, they felt guilty for living, while so many others died, only because they were traced to the Jewish race. Many Jews therefore dedicated their lives and fortunes as though in expiation for their sins for not suffering along with their European brethren.

"THE 6 MILLION PLUS RUBY".

Emotional appeals are made to Jews in America in behalf of Israel and various Jewish agencies to help the survivors. These make their listeners feel guilty unless they contribute everything they have, including their lives and their fortunes, in behalf of their fellow Jews who have been suffering from the Hitler holocaust and other forms of Anti-Semitism. Many gave up their ^{BUSINESS + COMFORTABLE} homes in America to live in Israel among the refugees of Anti-Semitism.

"THE LAST OF THE JUST".

Many books have been written describing how obsessed individuals downgrade themselves and sacrifice their opportunities for a better way of living, in order to prove to themselves as well as others their sincerity in their desire to help. Some need this form of self-punishment to remove the guilt feelings.

Like Schwarzbart's hero in "The Last of the Just" who marched into the concentration camp and gas chamber with head held high to share the suffering of his fellow Jews though he had many opportunities to escape.

In "One Destiny" and "Epistle to the Christians" by Sholem Asch, a recognized disciple of Christianity's teachings, Asch briefly refers to some of the murderous actions by 'psychotic Anti-Semities' during the last 2,000 years over an incident that occurred centuries before the assailants or accused were born. But he shows how such minds became insanely disturbed against Jews by the constant re-enactment and reminder of the bloody

Crucifixion scene. This is mentioned merely to indicate what happened to the mind of Ruby in reverse. (Mr. Asch wrote books on Christianity like The Nazarene, Mary, Paul, The Apostle.)

RUBY FELT NEED FOR ACCEPTANCE TO OVERCOME HIS FEELING OF REJECTION.

As a bachelor, he was crying out for the acceptance that the other married members of his family were enjoying with their wives and children but from which he felt rejected and alone.

He frequently went out of his way to prove himself worthy of acceptance. The only acceptance he received was the little "thank yous" from those to whom he gave money and otherwise helped without expecting any return except their acceptance. In his crying need for real acceptance he surrounded himself with 5 dogs whom he called his "children".

LAWYERS LIKE EMIL ZOLA AND CLARENCE DARROW NEEDED.

It is difficult for a non-Jewish judge, jury, lawyer or doctor to fully appreciate the severe trauma and devastating effect that these senseless murders and horrible persecutions and Anti-Semitism have had upon, and continue to have upon, Jews throughout the world, regardless of how far removed the individual may physically be from the scene of horror. He images himself as one of the suffering victims which it is difficult for a non-Jew unrelated thereto to envision.

With all due respect to his very able counsel, they were unable to appreciate or explore the significance of Anti-Semitism in this case or uncover a psychosis, mania and insane

obsession that Ruby himself was not aware of. Ruby could not and did not discuss or relate the history of these deeply imbedded mental conditions to his attorneys or the doctors who examined X-rays and who were primarily seeking evidence to support an organic mental disorder they called epileptic in nature.

TEXAS HOT-BED OF ANTI-SEMITISM.

Vicious Anti-Semites like Rockwell and Gerald L.K. Smith are primarily supported by Mr. Hunt, one of the wealthiest oil men in Texas, who openly admits this. The headquarters of many of these Anti-Semitic organizations are in Texas, from where a large part of Anti-Semitic literature emanates. (See files and records of B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League).

Ruby was repeatedly reminded by the Nazi Rockwells that what happened to the Jews in Germany could also happen here in America. This affected non-observing as well as observing "Jews."

The least knowledgable and least observing "Jews" are frequently most frightened by Anti-Semitism. This type is against raising the Anti-Semitic problem lest it disturb their (false sense of) security. They prefer Ruby's quiet execution rather than have it exposed to prevent a miscarriage of justice.

It was in this hot-bed that Ruby lived and functioned. It was in this Anti-Semitic atmosphere that Ruby was "tried" by a prejudiced jury, not "of his peers." The jury showed their own hate in their anxiety to punish Ruby. They could hardly wait for the end of the trial to return their sentence of death.

"COOL" JURY.

There were few cool minds in the entire city of Dallas from which an impartial jury could be impanelled.

JURY INFLAMED AGAINST RUBY BY PROSECUTOR'S CONTENTION THAT RUBY SHOT A HELPLESS HANDCUFFED MAN.

The jury was not shown all the pictures that were on television for two days that led up to this last incident. Although Oswald's two hands were not free he was surrounded and being protected by the drawn guns in the free hands of hundreds of policemen.

NO COOL PREMEDITATION.

There was no 'cooling off period' in the entire city of Dallas, upon which the eyes of the world were focused. There was no cooling off period in Ruby's mind.

Everyone was outraged against Oswald. The police made no effort to dissuade anyone from attacking Oswald.

RUBY'S OBSESSIONS GREW WORSE, NOT BETTER WITH TIME.

Immediately after the assassination, all television, radio and newspapers cancelled their regular programs and confined their reports to pictures, continuously re-enacting the gruesome scenes of the assassination, and pictures of the bereaved Kennedy family. This was the main topic of conversation in the homes and on the streets.

Ruby was so upset and bereaved he closed his night clubs.

They repeatedly showed pictures of Oswald's stubborn defiance of the police department's efforts to interrogate him.

There were reports of his full confession, later called premature. Then reports that the case against Oswald was "iron clad" and that his confession was momentarily awaited. People stayed glued to their televisions, watching these scenes and conflicting reports for 2 days. Instead of any 'cooling off', Ruby became more infuriated as these reports kindled and added frustrations in his inflamed mind. Hour by hour, he heard, saw, read and talked about Kennedy's assassination and Oswald, who was being held as his assassin.

There was no "cool" time for him to meditate and compose himself, from the time Oswald shot Kennedy "like fish in a barrel" to the time Ruby shot Oswald.

NO COOL PREMEDITATED PLAN.

The assassin of Kennedy followed the usual plan of a murderer by successfully secluding himself, with a planned getaway from the scene of his crime. But in Ruby's case, aside from the opinion of psychiatrists, the untouched and unplanned pictures show Ruby openly shooting Oswald, his senseless actions in the presence of hundreds of policemen.

This picture should have, by all the rules, indicated "reasonable doubt", if not complete doubt, of his sanity in the minds of the jury and at least lack of premeditation. The jury should have had the benefit of all of these pictures from the time of Kennedy's assassination, and not just that of Ruby shooting Oswald.

TRAINED BY U.S. ARMY TO KILL ENEMY.

It was not Oswald he was shooting at but at a Communist enemy and another symbol of Anti-Semitism and un-Americanism that he was insanely suffering from.

It was not to punish the killer of Kennedy, the man, but the President and symbol of his U.S. of America who he believed was a good friend of the Jewish people - his people of which he felt himself one despite his lack of religious observances.

In World War II he was trained to fight anything unAmerican. He discovered that here, too, he was fighting against Anti-Semitism and frequently the Anti-Semitism among his own buddies with whom he engaged in frequent fights and arguments.

MOTIVE NOT VICIOUS AS "MALICE" IMPLIES.

Ruby admired Kennedy because, among other reasons, he felt Kennedy was a friend of the Jews.

When Kennedy was attacked by newspaper articles and on billboards, Jack took this personally and felt his hopes in Kennedy were being attacked.

When Kennedy was assassinated by Oswald, Jack took this personally too and felt this to be an attack on his America, his idol and his freedom in America.

Immediately after the assassination of the President, Oswald was pictured as a Communist who so loved Russia that he married a Russian. He took this also personally as an attack upon him because of the long history of persecutions by Russia of the Jewish people.

MOTIVATED BY PUBLIC DEMANDS.

He heard crowds of people say that the person who killed that Communist Oswald would be a hero and martyr and save the State of Texas and Mrs. Kennedy the ordeal of a trial.

He had the insane uncontrollable impulse and insane obsession to become such a hero and martyr, that he would bring credit to Texas and the Jewish people from whom he was seeking acceptance.

JURY FOUND A SCAPEGOAT FOR TEXAS INSTEAD OF A MARTYR.

But if all the facts about Ruby's life were put in evidence, even a prejudiced jury would have had difficulty in finding Ruby guilty of first degree murder with premeditation and malice which they knew carried the sentence of death, in less than 2 hours of deliberations, after weeks of testimony.

RUBY NOT GUILTY OF 1ST DEGREE MURDER WITH MALICE.

Under the law of Texas, as it is in all states, it was the duty of the prosecution to prove beyond any reasonable doubt that Ruby was of a sane mind at the time of the shooting and that he was not acting from an insane motive, obsession or impulse over which he had no control.

It was also the duty of the prosecution to prove, beyond all reasonable doubt,

1) That he committed this act with sane premeditation and with sane malice towards Oswald and with a sane motive.

2) That, independent of the suggestions and wishes of the crowds, that it would be right and not wrong for anyone to kill Oswald; viz that he, Ruby, was independently of such sound cool mind as to distinguish between whether it was right or wrong for him to shoot Oswald.

JURY DISREGARDED RULES OF "INNOCENCE" AND REASONABLE DOUBT.

It was the duty of the jury while determining the questions involved, to give Ruby the benefit of any reasonable doubt as to his sanity, premeditation or malice.

It may also have been the duty of the jury to give Ruby the benefit of the presumption of innocence because of insanity. (Texas law should be examined in this respect).

JURY ACTED WITH MALICE AND WITHOUT COOL MEDITATION.

It was at least the duty of the jury to free themselves of malice and prejudice, and presume Ruby to be free of the malice and premeditation he was charged with.

In view of Ruby's long-standing history of mental and emotional disturbances it would appear that the jury did not give Ruby the benefit of any such "reasonable doubts" or "presumptions of innocence."

Ruby did not understand that he was not called upon to personally right all the world's wrongs. He did not appreciate that this was the job of organizations established for such purposes but Ruby was again taking these issues into his own hands and becoming further inflamed beyond all reason.

There are police and fire departments properly equipped to deal with certain problems. Volunteer firemen or policemen who jump into a situation without such training and equipment not only do harm to themselves but frequently interfere. It was for this interference that the jury punished him. Ruby's interference was of such a nature. But it was not with the malice or vicious motives that were attributed to him by the jury.

He did not have a sufficiently sound mind to know how to evaluate his concerns about Anti-Semitism or the suffering of Jews, or the assassination of President Kennedy and the grief of the Kennedy family. He did not know how to reconcile with public sentiment against Oswald and control his feelings and still stand at a safe distance in order to be of real and greater help to Texas and the causes he was seeking to serve.

Ruby felt the need to right a wrong, and suffer privation not only of his opportunities but of his very life in order to prove others wrong, and himself right in his obsessions, which to him seem normal. This may account for Ruby's present desire to commit suicide.

After finding Ruby guilty of 1st degree murder, he now believes that he brought disgrace and shame upon all the Jewish people for all time instead of the good will public demands led his deranged mind to believe he would accomplish.

He is now warning members of his family to guard and protect their children because he thinks they are killing Jews in the streets of America because of his actions.

TRIAL AND JURY'S VERDICT BROUGHT SHAME AND DISGRACE TO
STATE OF TEXAS.

When one recalls all of the facts involved herein and all the pictures, especially the one showing the shooting of Oswald, one wonders whether the jury were in their right minds when they returned the death verdict.

WAS RUBY TEMPORARILY SANE?

If the jury knew Ruby's history, and all that led up to his shooting of Oswald, they would have had to believe that Ruby miraculously and suddenly became temporarily sane at the instant of shooting, despite his previous insanity, before returning their death verdict.

The Jury, not unlike Ruby, felt the need to "right a wrong" and respond with a verdict of death for Ruby, in keeping with "public sentiment" as expressed by the prosecutor who represented Texas justice.

But what Anti-Semitism in the jury's personal lives made them vulnerable to such needs and pleas?

What hateful obsessions led them to "act on impulse" and make their hasty death verdict?

These questions will remain a dark secret unless investigated and exposed, just as will what led Ruby to shoot Oswald, unless the jury's shameful verdict is vacated, and a new trial ordered to remove, what could remain, an indelible blot on "Quick Texas Justice" that future generations will be unable to erase

JURORS' QUALIFICATIONS SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED.

Any juror who had personal prejudices or whose family had connections with organized Anti-Semitic groups, was not impartial, and did not qualify as a juror.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Since it is the aim of all concerned to protect the rights of Jack Ruby, efforts should be made to organize and coordinate the thinking and efforts of everyone concerned with "justice", so that appropriate steps will be promptly taken, in the right direction, to avoid any future conflicts, pitfalls or regrettable omissions.

The following is suggested merely by way of an attempt to complete the record, and correct some of the past and present omissions and mistakes in the record so that the real issues involved in this case are solidly in the record for proper review by the Supreme Court of Texas.

1) Thorough and complete psychiatric examination of Jack Ruby's life should be made with the help of such information as can be supplied by members of his family, friends, record of the Army or any other records or sources of information.

2) A motion for reconsideration of the Order denying the motion for a new trial should be filed before Judge Brown outlining and pinpointing the foregoing as 'newly discovered evidence' supported by affidavits of psychiatrists who have examined him since 7 the trial.

The psychiatrists chosen to presently examine and treat Ruby should be outstanding forensic psychiatrists like Dr. Tanay.

Even though such a motion for reconsideration may be summarily rejected by Judge Brown, it nevertheless should be made so that a proper foundation will be in the record for arguments concerning this before the Supreme Court of Texas.

The inability of a client suffering a mental condition to communicate such evidence to his attorney by reason of his mental condition is grounds for labelling such evidence "newly discovered".

It would be helpful if the petition for re-consideration could also have attached to it the affidavits of those psychiatrists who previously limited their examination and testimony to the organic psychomotor epileptic condition.

3) Although there is an indication that Ruby may be given medical attention in order to prevent his mental condition from becoming worse or incurably insane or to prevent him from committing suicide;

Nevertheless a formal petition should be filed and made part of the record showing this mental condition and requesting such treatment so that this, too, will be in the record for use before the Supreme Court of Texas.

4) Despite the recent indication that Jack Ruby will receive a sanity hearing, it is of utmost importance that formal petitions for same be filed with the affidavits referred to attached, to plug the loopholes, and protect the record for review by the Supreme Court.

5) Attempts should be made to interest the American Psychiatric Society in this case, for the purpose of having them appoint a special panel of psychiatrists to impartially examine Ruby and submit their report. (Vis a vis the actions and effect formerly of the Epilepsy Society that may have been planned by those seeking Ruby's conviction).

6) Attempts should be made to interest the American Bar Assn. and Texas Bar in this case, for them to possibly appear amicus curiae or via "of counsel" and file briefs concerning the legal issues involved.

This historic case deserves to be fully prepared and presented, at least to the Supreme Court, to prevent any future regrets or criticisms for not having covered all possible areas.

By following the procedures outlined, and by way of verified petitions with full disclosure and spelling out the facts upon which they are based, they will not only show that Ruby was unable to assist his counsel before and during the trial, but such petitions will have a tendency to establish that Ruby did not receive a fair trial, and that he was insane for a long time prior to, as well as at the time of the shooting of Oswald. It will at least show that the verdict was even contrary to the limited evidence, in view of the doctrine of presumed innocence and reasonable doubt.

Such petitions would also establish that the shooting of Oswald was at least an unpremeditated act of Ruby's deranged mind, and that he is at least entitled to a new trial.

Respectfully suggested,

Sol A. Dann
1820 David Stott Bldg.
Detroit 26 Michigan

Dated: May 26, 1964

August 13, 1964

Airtel

1 - Mr. Swanson

To: SACs, Dallas (44-1639) (Enc.)
Baltimore (Enc.)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) - 1930

JACK L. RUBY, AKA.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith for Baltimore and Dallas is one copy each of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy dated 8/11/64 requesting certain specific investigation.

Dallas handle the interview of Robert L. Norton, Dallas, Texas, and submit appropriate LHM. Baltimore locate and interview Rosemary Helmick and furnish results of completed investigation by LHM suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission with appropriate copies to the office of origin, Dallas. LHM must be letter perfect but not contain property stamp. Investigation must be expeditious.

HCS:jgs
(6)

NOTE:

By letter dated 8/11/64 Commission requested re-interview of Robert L. Norton who is owner of Pogo Club, Dallas, Texas. Previous investigation established Ruby visited Pogo Club a short time on night of 11/23/63. Norton when previously interviewed stated Ruby was in club and after short conversation Ruby left. Nothing unusual happened. Yanda Helmick was a waitress at the drive-in operated by Ralph Paul, a close associate of Ruby.

MAILED 4
AUG 1 1964
COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____

TELEX
AUG 17 1964
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79 AUG 18 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

62-109090

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

AUG 11

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The Commission would appreciate your investigating the following two matters for us.

(1) Re-interview Robert L. Norton, 3414 Manana St., Dallas, Texas, to determine whether Mr. Norton gave Jack Ruby \$25 on Saturday evening, November 23. Both Ruby and Norton testified that Ruby was present at Norton's Pogo Club, 2822 McKinney St., Dallas, Texas on that date. Ruby has testified that he received \$25 in cash from Norton upon leaving the club shortly after midnight. If Mr. Norton did give Ruby this money, please ascertain the reason why he did so.

(2) Interview Rosemary Helmick, residing in Baltimore, formerly at 4116 Dartford Street. Wanda Helmick, a waitress who formerly worked for Ralph Paul, states that she wrote a letter to Rosemary Helmick, apparently not too long after the killing of Oswald, in which she told Rosemary Helmick that she had overheard a telephone conversation between Paul and Ruby the evening of November 23, in which Paul made an exclamation about a gun and Ruby's being "crazy". Mrs. Helmick has testified that she also overheard Paul discussing this conversation after the shooting took place. Please determine whether Rosemary Helmick received such a letter and, if so, the date and contents of the letter. If this letter is still in existence, please attempt to obtain the original or a copy of the letter.

REC 30
Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

21 AUG 22 1964

EXP-PROC 62-102000

BA

1930

8-13-64

AIRTEL

- 1 - Mr. W.C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. C.D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J.W. Hines; Enc.)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO: SAC, Philadelphia

FROM: Director, FBI (62-109000)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS
DISSEMINATED - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed for Philadelphia and Dallas are copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8-11-64 and a letter from John Paracelsus of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, dated 7-27-64 to Senator Richard B. Russell, a member of the President's Commission.

No information identifiable with John Paracelsus could be located in Bureau files. His address not furnished.

Philadelphia is instructed to immediately comply with the Commission's request insuring that no action is taken to contact the prominent personalities referred to by Mr. Paracelsus.

The results of all investigation should be incorporated in an appropriate letterhead memorandum without property stamp and submitted to the Bureau and Dallas without need for revision or correction. Subsequent reporting of Philadelphia results by Dallas not desired.

Philadelphia should insure a true copy of Mr. Paracelsus's letter to Senator Russell is incorporated in your letterhead memorandum as well as an appropriately worded paragraph concerning the Commission's referral of this matter to the Bureau for investigation. Philadelphia should be alert to the development of any information indicating Mr. Paracelsus may be suffering from a mental illness and include same in your letterhead memorandum. This matter must receive expeditious attention as Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiries at an early date.

Enclosures (2)

1 - Dallas (69-43) (Enc. 2)

1 - 62-109000 (President's Commission)

1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

79 AUG 12 1964

(SEE PAGE TWO FOR NOTE)

62-109000-3632

NOTE:

Paracelsus in his letter to Senator Russell (D-Ga.) alleges that TV actor Wilbur Post, lecturer and writer Clifton Fadiman, orchestra leader Mitch Miller, actor Arthur Stang possess information concerning the "truth" about the Ruby case. Paracelsus also states "true Americans" have lost confidence in the Commission because of the membership of Norman Redlich (staff member of the Commission), who is "too radical and ultra left." The Commission requested we interview Paracelsus to determine the "nature and extent" of his information regarding Oswald and Ruby, particularly what information he believes the above four prominent figures possess. The Commission has not requested we contact the prominent individuals. When the results of this investigation are received, the Commission will be appropriately notified.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

300 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 343-1400

LANE WARREN
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
ARTHUR HERRMAN (CHIEF)
HALE R. RICE
GERALD R. RYAN
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

AUG 1

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a letter from a Mr. Paracelsus referred to me by Senator Russell. The Commission would appreciate your conducting an interview of Mr. Paracelsus to determine the nature and extent of his information regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack L. Ruby. In particular, we are interested in knowing what information he believes the four prominent figures listed in his letter have regarding the matters under investigation by this Commission.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
199 AUG 17 1964

21 AUG 12 1964

62-109060-3632
31 AUG 12 1964

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

July 27, 1964

Senator Richard B. Russell

United States Senate

Washington, D.C.

AUG 4 1964
SENATOR RUSSELL

Dear Sir:

Through several contacts with reliable sources in New York the following information is made possible to send to you. These persons should if they would be able to enlighten the Warren Commission concerning the truth about the Jack Ruby case. They can tell you who David Glassman is and his part in the case. The persons are:

Wilbur Post-----T.V. actor on Mr. Ed. program

Clifton Fadiman-----Lecturer and writer

Kitch Miller-----Orchestra Leader N.B.C.

Arthurr Stang-----Actor

Many true Americans have lost confidence in your commission because of the membership of Norman Redlich who is thought to be far too radical and ultra left.

You have the reputation for being honest and wanting to do your duty in finding out the truth in this case. It is with this hope that this is being sent to you.

ENCLOSURE

John Paracelsus

ENCLOSURE

August 13, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - J. M. Sizoo
1 - Mr. Belmont
Honorable J. Lee Rankin 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
General Counsel 1 - Mr. Malley
The President's Commission 1 - Mr. Shroder
200 Maryland Avenue, Northwest Mr. Rogge
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 3, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. E. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Council Club.

Enclosed pursuant to your request are two photographs of Officer J. E. Tippit and two photographs of Mr. Weissman appropriately authenticated. Mrs. Marie Tippit, who furnished the photographs of her deceased husband, indicated that the photograph in uniform is the better likeness.

For your information, the other investigation requested by you in referenced letter is being pressed vigorously. Some delay may be encountered in locating three of the six individuals as they no longer reside in Texas. At the present time, four of our continental offices are endeavoring to locate these individuals.

When the results of our investigation are received, you will be promptly notified.

1 - Dallas (89-43)
1 - New York (89-75)
1 - Detroit (62-3550)
1 - Portland (89-21)

Sincerely yours,

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR DALLAS,
NEW YORK, DETROIT AND PORTLAND

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 105-82553 (Lee Harvey Oswald)

Enclosures (4)

(1) - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RM:lan (16)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

68 AUG 18 1964

62-109060-3616

NOTE FOR SACs, DALLAS, NEW YORK, DETROIT AND PORTLAND

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC: - INFO CONCERNING**

Re Dallas airtels 8-8-64 and 8-8-64, and New York airtel
8-11-64.

This matter must continue to receive close attention so that the Commission's request can be complied with at the earliest practicable time.

NOTE: Commission by letter 8-3-64, makes reference to the testimony of Mark Lane before the President's Commission, in which he alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, in Dallas between Bernard Weissman, Officer J. D. Tippit and Jack Ruby. Lane is the New York attorney who has engaged in [REDACTED] and is closely associated with communist dominated organizations. He has been endeavoring to prove that Oswald is innocent. Weissman is the individual who placed the controversial full page ad in a Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, of course, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and proven that no such meeting took place. However, based on the specific request in the above Commission letter, it appears the Commission is endeavoring to check out every possible facet of this matter to preclude possible criticism in the future. The Commission request requires the obtaining of photographs of Weissman and Tippit and displaying same to various individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure that neither were seen in the club at any time.

The Commission also requested authenticated photographs of Officer Tippit and Weissman to be furnished them as soon as possible and prior to completion of our inquiries. This matter will be closely followed and when the results are received, the Commission will be notified.

August 14, 1964

AIRTEL

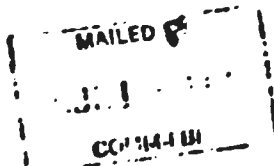
EX-102

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)
REC 30
From: Director, FBI (44-24016) - 1931
JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith is one copy of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8-13-64.

Dallas immediately conduct requested investigation and submit letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission. Expedite.

HCS:hwj
14()



XEROX
AUG 17 1964

11:55 AM

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

79 AUG 18 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-1

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BUGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

August 13, 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C., 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Reference is made to pages 382-385 of the December 14, 1963, Clements Report. These materials reflect the activities of checking accounts at the Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Street, Dallas, Texas, of the Carousel Club, the Vegas Club, and Jack Ruby.

The Carousel Club record extends to November 22, 1963; the Vegas Club record, to November 25, 1963; and Ruby's record, to October 17, 1963. The Commission would appreciate your communicating with the Merchants State Bank to ascertain whether there has been any recent activity in any of these accounts. For the sake of completeness, the Commission would appreciate notification concerning any changes made in these accounts since the dates provided in the Clements Report.

Because the Commission plans to publish its Report in the very near future, it is extremely important that this information be conveyed to the Commission at the earliest possible time.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

XEROX
AUG 17 1964

REC 30

17
AUG 13 1964

1931
SDA

060601-22
31-AUG-14-1964
32
EX-100
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) ATTN.: IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Victim) - DECEASED
CR

Re: JAMES ECKFORD BREEN
FBI # 3543773

ReBuAirtel, 6/26/64; letter of President's Commission, 6/1/64, requesting interviews with BREEN and EILEEN CURRY, aka.; Dallas airtel, 6/23/64, requesting stop in Identification Division; and, various correspondence to and from receiving offices.

Bureau airtel, 7/28/64, advises Commission states no further effort to locate BREEN desired.

Identification Division remove stop.

All offices discontinue, remove stops.

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 3 - Bureau | 1 - New Orleans (44-2064) |
| 1 - Chicago (44-645) | 1 - New York (44-974) |
| 1 - Cincinnati (44-456) | 1 - Oklahoma City (44-430) |
| 1 - Cleveland (44-625) | 1 - Philadelphia (44-767) |
| 1 - Detroit (44-563) | 1 - Phoenix (44-213) |
| 1 - Indianapolis (44-358) | 1 - Pittsburgh (44-403) |
| 1 - Kansas City (44-497) | 1 - Portland (44-225) |
| 1 - Los Angeles (44-895) | 1 - San Francisco (44-494) |
| 1 - Louisville (44-542) | 1 - Seattle (44-211) |
| 1 - Minneapolis (44-248) | 1 - St. Louis (44-496) |

E. E. Wick

REC Dallas
MCC/ds

(24)

AUG 19 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 AUG 20 1964

REC-48

1933

August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Swanson

REC'D-READING ROOM
B I

AUG 12 3 35 PM '64

080601-29

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 23, 1964, wherein you requested specific investigation relative to six enumerated items, the following are enclosed: (1) Two copies of a memorandum dated August 6, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the desired investigation relative to items one and two; (2) Two copies of a memorandum dated July 31, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, relating to item number three (Please note that Mr. Krystian Barcz returned to Warsaw, Poland, in December, 1963, and Mr. Stuart R. Pollak of your Staff when informed of this by this Bureau on July 31, 1964, advised Barcz need not be interviewed.); and (3) Two copies of a memorandum dated July 31, 1964, at New Orleans, Louisiana, setting forth results of investigation requested in item number four.

The investigation requested in items number five and six set forth in referenced letter is continuing and you will be advised of the results.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

51 AUG 13

COMM-FBI

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

Enclosures (6)

HCS:mmmb
(7)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

AUG 16 1964

AUG 20 1964

NOTE:

On the basis of testimony before the Commission of certain police officers of the DL PD, the Commission has requested that we conduct certain additional investigation with relationship to activities of the PD between 11/22 and 11/24/63 and Ruby's relationship thereto. They also requested certain investigation concerning the handling of Ruby's personal property which was seized by the PD.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Cooper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTELAIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel, 7/27/64, by which was transmitted Commission's letter of 7/23/64, including six enumerated requests for investigation. Item 1 concerns whether Captain GLEN KING, Dallas Police Department, asked authority of Deputy Chief RAY LUNDAY or Deputy Chief GEORGE L. LUMPKIN to permit newsmen to enter the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building on November 22, 1963. Item 2 concerns a telephone call by Lieutenant T. L. BAKER, Dallas Police Department, on November 24, 1963, to the basement jail office.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum covering the investigation requested in Items 1 and 2. Other requests in the same letter have been or are being handled separately.

Enc. (10)
MCC/ds
(5)

ENCLOSURE

REC-48

EX-102

AUG 18 1964

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 6, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 23, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested investigation relative to six enumerated points. Item 1 concerns whether Captain Glen King, Dallas, Texas, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, obtained authority of Deputy Chief Ray Lunday or Deputy Chief George L. Lumpkin to permit newsmen in the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building on November 22, 1963. Item 2 concerns a telephone call by Lieutenant T. L. Baker, Dallas Police Department, on November 24, 1963, to the basement jail office.

Attached hereto are reports of interviews with Deputy Chiefs Lunday and Lumpkin with respect to Item 1, and with Lieutenant Baker regarding Item 2.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

Date 8/4/641

RAY LUNDAY, Deputy Chief of Police, Dallas Police Department, advised that Captain GLEN KING of the Dallas Police Department never consulted him for permission for television cameramen or other news media to enter the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963.

Deputy Chief LUNDAY stated that the administrative offices in which LUNDAY's office is situated are located at the end of the third floor corridor. On the afternoon of November 22, 1963, LUNDAY related that Captain GLEN KING came to him and asked if it would be all right for the television cameramen to run cables from their truck to their large cameras in the corridor bringing such cables through the window of his office running them across out through his door to his office and into the hallway. LUNDAY stated this was the only conversation he had with KING and this was not for permission to permit the television and news media on the third floor corridor, but merely for the purpose of running the cables through his office. LUNDAY stated as far as he knew KING did not have to have the permission of anyone to permit news media representatives on the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building. He stated that as far as he knew KING acted on his own in permitting the news media representatives on the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building.

Deputy Chief LUNDAY stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm 46 Date dictated 8/3/64

Date 8/4/64

1

Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised he was never consulted by Captain GLEN KING concerning television cameramen at the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963. He stated that KING asked him no questions concerning whether the television or press men could enter the third floor corridor of this building. LUMPKIN related that as a matter of fact KING, as far as he knew, was operating on his own and was directly responsible to Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY since KING more or less handled the press relations for the Chief of Police. LUMPKIN stated that as far as he knew Captain KING dealt solely with the television and press people and he never heard of KING soliciting permission for these people to enter the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building.

Deputy Chief LUMPKIN stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

COPIES DESTROYED

9 1 1963

on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

Date 8/4/641

Lieutenant T. L. BAKER, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, stated he was one of the detectives in Captain WILL FRITZ' office on the third floor of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas Police Department, on November 24, 1963. Lieutenant BAKER stated that at approximately 11:15 a.m., November 24, 1963, he telephoned to the basement jail office and talked with Lieutenant WOODROW WIGGINS in the basement jail office to make sure that all security measures were in effect. He stated he asked WIGGINS if everything was all set and WIGGINS replied that it was and he relayed this information to Captain WILL FRITZ. He stated this was as near to actually what was said as he could remember. He stated he reported to Captain FRITZ that "Everything is all set." He stated that his call to Lieutenant WIGGINS took approximately 30 seconds and that he immediately reported the results of this conversation with Lieutenant WIGGINS to Captain FRITZ. Lieutenant BAKER advised he was not aware of any similar telephone calls that were made to the basement immediately before the transfer party left FRITZ' office on Sunday morning, November 24, 1963.

Lieutenant BAKER stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

RECEIVED

21

on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

FBI

Date: 8/17/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuairtel 7/17/64, and Los Angeles airtels
7/21/64 and 7/24/64 concerning interview with DEROSTUS M.
MILES.

Los Angeles proceed with interview of MILES who
was to return to Los Angeles area on or about 8/14/64. *L*

In event all efforts to locate MILES are
unproductive, Los Angeles submit letterhead memorandum
showing efforts made to locate.

Expedite.

③ - Bureau
2 - Los Angeles
2 - Dallas

MCC:jtf
(7)

B.C. Vick

EX 105

REC-6

AUG 19 1964

1934

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent *[Signature]* M Per _____

79 AUG 21 1964

RECEIVED
JAN 11 1962
62-109060-3637

ORIGINAL FILED IN

1 - C. A. Evans
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
(C. A. Parks)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

RECEIVED
JAN 11 1962
62-109060-3637

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Sincerely yours,

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FRANCIS WILSON

ORIGINAL FILED IN

ORIGINAL FILED IN

144-24016-
NOT
19 AUG 1951

NOTE:

The enclosed memo indicates that Taft was in the process of preparing an issue of "American Digest" which would outline the fact that the Attorney General had his brother shot, that Ruby and Oswald were in on the deal and that they tried to kill retired General Edwin A. Walker before assassinating the President. The NSRP is a hate group which is anti-Semitic and anticommunist. Investigation relating to Taft and the NSRP is being supervised by SAC Parkis.

CODE

8-18-64

If regular radio contact missed, send by plain text teletype at once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lanihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, DALLAS (44-43)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109080)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

COMMISSION HAS ADVISED THAT EVERY EFFORT IS BEING MADE
TO WIND UP ITS INQUIRIES AT EARLY DATE AND REQUESTED EXPEDITIOUS
ATTENTION OF ALL REQUESTS SUBMITTED FOR BUREAU HANDLING, WHICH
WOULD INCLUDE THOSE UNDER THE LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND JACK L. RUBY
INVESTIGATIONS. DALLAS INSTRUCTED TO MAKE EVERY LOGICAL EFFORT
TO COMPLY WITH COMMISSION'S REQUEST AND TO INSURE ALL/OUTSTANDING
LEADS ARE INSTRUCTED TO EXPEDITE ALL INVESTIGATION. THE BUREAU
SHOULD BE ADVISED OF ANY DELAYS ANTICIPATED AND THE REASON FOR
SAME.

RE: Dallas (11)

- 1 - 62-109080 (President's Commission)
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 44-24010 (Jack L. Ruby)

NOTE:

Special requests from the Commission are followed closely at the Bureau and every effort is made to comply with the requests at the earliest possible time. Mr. Malley, while at the Commission on 8-18-64, was advised the Commission is making every effort to wind up in the early future and our cooperation was solicited. In view of the above, it is felt this additional reminder should be sent out to Dallas.

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF
WIRE TRANSMITTED

62-109080-3635

REC 27 11

1935

August 20, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

EX-108

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 20, 1964, requesting that we examine toll call records of all telephones at the Dallas Police and Courts Building insofar as they may show calls to Fort Worth and Arlington, Texas, for the period 10:00 p.m., November 23, 1963, through November 24, 1963.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 11, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth results of the requested investigation.

Your letter of July 20, 1964, also requested toll call records for the telephones of Mr. Harry Olson and Mrs. Harry Olson, also known as Kathy Kay Coleman, for the period 10:00 p.m., November 23, 1963, through November 24, 1963. You will note that this period falls within the more extended period covered in your request of July 23, 1964, for telephone records relating to Mr. and Mrs. Olson, and it is being handled in conjunction with that matter.

Investigation to obtain the toll records as requested in your letter of July 23, 1964, is currently in progress, and you will be furnished the results promptly upon completion.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

JWH/crc
(7)

Enclosures (2)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

9 AUG 24 1964

REC'D-READING ROOM

060601-29
AUG 20 2 21 PM '64
UNRECORDED COPY FILED

RECEIVED DIRECTOR
AUG 24 1964

NOTE:

Commission by letter 7/20/64 requested toll call data as above stated re telephones in Dallas Police and Courts Building and also requested telephone data from telephones of Harry Olsen and Kathy Kay Coleman for period 10:00 p.m., 11/23/63 through 11/24/63. By subsequent request of 7/23/64, Commission requested a report of all existing telephone calls from telephones available to the Olsen's which request is currently being handled, and of course, will include the information requested in their letter of 7/20/64. Harry Olsen is an ex-Dallas Police Officer who since the assassination married Kathy Kay Coleman, one of Ruby's ex-strippers. Ruby reportedly met the Olsen's on the street in the early morning of 11/23/63 and had a discussion with them about the assassination. The Commission is interested in exploring the possibility that the Olsen's assisted Ruby in the assassination of Oswald.

Their 7/23/64 request for existing calls refers to a check of all toll call records still available as the telephone company is only required to maintain these records for 6 months.

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel, 7/23/64, which transmitted a letter of the Commission dated July 20, 1964. In part, it was requested examination be made of all telephone toll charges made to all telephones, public or official, at Dallas Police and Courts Building, from 10:00 P.M., Saturday, November 23, 1963, through Sunday, November 24, 1963, insofar as they reflected calls to Fort Worth and Arlington, Texas.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating appropriate investigation. Information from telephone company records was made available to SA ROBERT C. LISH by [REDACTED] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, and [REDACTED] Fort Worth, to SA ROBLEY D. MADLAND. L

Information concerning telephone calls of Mr. and Mrs. HARRY OLSEN, included in the same letter of request, has been handled by separate communication.

Enc. (10) [REDACTED]
MCC/ds
(5)

REC 27
EX-108

21
AUG 14 1964

1935

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 11, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 20, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested examination of telephone toll charges to Fort Worth and Arlington, Texas, from all telephones, public or official, located in Dallas Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, for the period from 10:00 P.M., Saturday, November 23, 1963, through Sunday, November 24, 1963.

Attached hereto are the results of investigation in the above connection. Investigation has established the subscriber to Fort Worth telephone ED 2-7241 as of November 23, 1963, was the City of Fort Worth, including Fort Worth Police Department. The subscriber to Fort Worth telephone ED 2-0606, as of November 24, 1963, was State Cafe, 1211 Main Street.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 1967

ENCLOSURE

1

Date 8/11/64

Records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect the following information concerning long distance telephone calls placed from public or official telephones, at the Dallas Police and Courts Building insofar as they show calls to Fort Worth and Arlington, Texas, during the period from 10:00 P.M., Saturday, November 23, 1963, through Sunday, November 24, 1963. The following long distance calls were made from RI 8-9711:

Date	Time Call Placed	Duration of Call	Person Placing Call	Person Called	Number and City
11/23/63	--	3 min.	--	Lt. HOPKINS Ext. 488	ED 2-7241 Fort Worth
11/23/63	--	3 min.	--	Missing Persons	ED 2-7241 Fort Worth
11/24/63	--	3 min.	--	JOE Mc____ Attorney	ED 2-0606 Fort Worth

In addition to the above, records of long distance calls were found charged to the following telephone numbers: RI 2-2431; RI 8-2393; and, RI 8-4128. No calls were made to Fort Worth or Arlington, Texas, on the above telephones.

By letter dated August 5, 1964, L. H. CURTWRIGHT, ~~Manager~~ Manager - Central, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, advised he enclosed all toll tickets and statements of toll calls charged to the telephone numbers listed above. (This is for the months of November and December 1963.)

The following is a list of all telephones, public and official, located in the Dallas Police and Courts Building, and, with the exception of the numbers listed above, no records were located of any toll calls charged during November 1963:

COPIES DESTROYED

8/6/64

at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639By Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/dsDate dictated 8/6/64

DL 44-1639

RI 7-4317 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2431 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2432 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2433 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2434 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2435 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2436 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2437 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2438 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2439 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2430 - Third floor, Radio Room

RI 7-7342 - Second floor, North Hall
RI 8-4128 - Second floor, North Hall
RI 8-3054 - Fourth floor, Crime Lab

RI 7-2966 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 8-2393 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-7888 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-7200 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-3905 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-1152 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-3485 - Third floor, South Hall

RI 8-3243 - Third floor, North Hall
RI 2-6503 - Third floor, North Hall

RI 7-3426 - Second floor, South Hall

RI 1-0139 - First floor, South End Hall
RI 1-0249 - First floor, South End Hall

RI 1-0439 - Basement, South End
RI 1-0379 - Basement, South End
RI 8-6879 - Basement, South End

RI 7-4388 - Third floor, South East
RI 2-5275 - Third floor, South East

DL 44-1639

RI 7-2745 - Second floor, South East

RI 7-3865 - First floor, South East

RI 8-3998 - Fifth floor, South West

RI 7-3954 - Second floor, South West

RI 7-8520 - In front of Tax office, first floor

RI 7-4564 - In front of Tax office, first floor

RI 2-7036 - In front of Tax office, first floor

Old building of City Hall, PBX Trunks

RI 8-M503 ("hot line") - works from third floor

Radio Room, Old City Hall

RI 8-9784 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9785 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9786 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9787 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9773 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9774 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9775 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9776 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9777 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9778 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9779 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9770 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9772 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9755 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9781 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9782 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9751 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9752 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9753 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9756 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9754 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9757 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9758 - Third Floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

4

DL 44-1639

Old building of City Hall, PBX Trunks

RI 8-7947 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-7948 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-7949 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

The above is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM : *WBS* LEGAT, MEXICO (44-5) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

DATE: 7/29/64

ENCLOSURES

Enclosed are eight (8) copies of a letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above.

REFERENCE

Mexico City letter to Bureau dated 2/17/64 and Bureau routing slip dated 7/17/64.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Referenced Mexico City letter sets forth results of investigation conducted to locate CARLOS CAMARGO, or CAMARGO, Mexico City telephone number 14-96-28, which was conducted on the basis of information furnished in Dallas letter to the Bureau dated 1/29/64.

The results of above investigation probably have been furnished in a form suitable for dissemination by Dallas; however, in the event this has not been done, Mexico City is submitting the enclosed letterhead memorandum.

Mexico City recommends that the Bureau give consideration to having JACK RUBY questioned concerning CAMARGO.

SOURCE

The confidential source abroad referred to in enclosed LHM is SA ROLAND E. TRENT.

- (5) - Bureau (Encs. 8)
(1 - Liaison Section)
(2 - Dallas, 44-1639)
1 - Mexico City

MDC:11
(6)

REC 27

EX-108

18 AUG 4 1964

EXP-PROC.

1936

MC 44-5

CLASSIFICATION

The enclosed LHM is classified "CONFIDENTIAL" to protect Bureau operations in a foreign country.

COPIES

No copies of enclosed LHM have been disseminated locally.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

CONFIDENTIAL

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

July 29, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY, also known as;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, also known as - VICTIM**

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

A confidential source abroad furnished the following information on February 13, 1964:

A check of the current Mexico City telephone directory disclosed that no one named CAMARGO is listed in this directory; however, there are many persons listed who have the last name of CAMARGO. A check of all of the persons named CAMARGO listed in the current directory disclosed that Mexico City telephone number 14-96-28 is not listed to anyone named CAMARGO.

It was ascertained that Mexico City telephone number 14-96-28 is assigned to ADOLFO DORFSMAN, Calle Tamaulipas 55, Apartment 601, Mexico City, and this listing was subsequently verified through a check of the Mexico City telephone directory.

ADOLFO DORFSMAN, an employee of the Mexican Ministry of National Property, advised that he has been assigned Mexico City telephone number 14-96-28 for more than two years. DORFSMAN said that he is not acquainted with anyone named CARLOS CAMARGO or CAMARGO and that no person by this name has had access to his telephone.

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21 JAN 3 1973

CONFIDENTIAL

Group I
Excluded from Automatic
Downgrading and Declassification

ENCLOSURE

CONFIDENTIAL

DORFSMAN stated that he has heard of JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD through newspaper and other publicity, but he is not acquainted with either of them personally.

CARLOS CAMARGO, Calle Mexicali 45, Mexico City, advised that he has never visited Dallas, Texas, in his life, and telephone number 14-96-28 has never been assigned to him.

CAMARGO stated that he has no personal knowledge of either JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD, except through the publicity given to these individuals.

CAMARGO pointed out that his name is not uncommon in Mexico City, and it would be very difficult to determine which CARLOS CAMARGO in Mexico City has been associated with JACK RUBY in the past.

A check of the records of the Visa Section, U. S. Embassy, Mexico City, disclosed that no information identifiable with CARLOS CAMARGO or CAMARGO possessing Mexico City telephone number 14-96-28 could be located in the files of the Visa Section.

- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

August 19, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Swanson

REC 27

EX-108

1936

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 16, 1964, requesting that the extent of acquaintanceship between Mr. Carlos Camargo, telephone number 149-628, Mexico City, Mexico, and Jack L. Ruby be determined.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 29, 1964, setting forth results of investigation conducted to locate Mr. Camargo.

In the absence of any additional request, no further investigation will be conducted concerning this matter.

Upon removal of the classified enclosure, this letter becomes unclassified.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SERV

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

HCS/ras:pab

(7)

SEE NOTE ON PG. 2

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Rm. _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

79 AUG 24 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
AUG 19 12 51 PM '64

060807-29

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Declassified 2010 9/27/77

NOTE:

A notebook in possession of Ruby indicated he may have been acquainted with one Carlos Camorgo, telephone number 149-628, Mexico City. By letter dated 7/16/64 Commission requested we determine extent of relationship between Camorgo and Ruby. We previously conducted investigation to locate Camorgo with negative results. Enclosed memo classified confidential to protect Bureau's foreign liaison operation.

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

ReButel, 7/9/64, advising of the Commission's having noted that certain items reported as having been seen in RUBY's car following his arrest, had not appeared among photographs of items belonging to RUBY made on June 1 and 2, 1964. Butel instructed efforts be made to locate and photograph all property of RUBY inventoried but not heretofore photographed.

On July 27, 1964, EVA GRANT, RUBY's sister, was interviewed in an effort to locate RUBY property which had been in police possession and/or in his car. While such property was not located, Mrs. GRANT furnished two cardboard boxes of assorted papers which were photographed in Dallas Office on July 27 and 28, 1964. Six rolls of exposed Photorecord film were sent to Bureau by Dallas airtel July 29, 1964, for development. By airtel 8/5/64, Bureau furnished Dallas one set of prints. Two sets were retained in Bureau.

In accordance with instructions in Bureau airtel 8/5/64, ten copies of letterhead memorandum concerning the above are enclosed, which, with the photographs, Bureau will transmit to Commission.

ENCLOSURE
Enc. (10)
MCC/ds
(5)

REC 27

16 AUG 14 1964

EX-108

1937

C. C. [Signature]
Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



**In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.:**

Dallas, Texas
August 11, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

In pursuance of investigation at the request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy to locate certain property of Jack L. Ruby, known to have been in possession of Dallas Police Department and/or in Ruby's automobile following arrest, Mrs. Eva Grant, Ruby's sister, was interviewed. Report of interview is attached.

The assorted papers furnished by Mrs. Grant were photographed and examined in the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. There is no indication these papers were ever in possession of the police or in Ruby's car following arrest.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

Date 7/29/64

1

EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins Street, telephone LA 6-6258, advised she did not go to the apartment previously occupied by JACK L. RUBY on November 24, 1963, but did go a few days later. She obtained some of his clothing and other personal effects.

She said GEORGE SENATOR's property had already been removed for the most part. She is of the opinion SENATOR may have taken some of RUBY's clothing, specifically mentioning RUBY had several hats and suits which she did not find when she went to the apartment. She said she was told by JIM MARTIN, Dallas attorney and friend of SENATOR, that SENATOR had brought a substantial amount of clothing to MARTIN's apartment and wanted \$200 or \$300 for the clothing. She said MARTIN had told her she could come to his apartment and look at the clothing but she had not done so as she considers MARTIN a "wolf" and her brother, SAMUEL RUBY, had declined to go with her. She said a diamond engagement ring which was originally the property of SAM RUBY, but which JACK used in connection with his former engagement to ALICE NICHOLS, is missing.

Mrs. GRANT was asked if she had retrieved any of the property taken by Dallas Police Department from RUBY's person, automobile, or apartment. She said she had not, although she had asked the police for such property. She said she does not know where the property can now be located.

Mrs. GRANT was asked if she has in her possession any papers of RUBY of any nature. She produced two cardboard boxes of assorted papers, stating she does not know where they came from, whether from the Carousel Club, Vegas Club, or RUBY's apartment. She said these papers would be made available for examination and photographing if desired by Agents.

She hastily thumbed through the papers and took out a letter addressed to her which she said was purely personal. She also took from the papers and retained a stub showing RUBY had purchased a \$50 Cashier's Check No. 16750 from Bank of Services and Trusts, Dallas, payable to "Sam Bloom Trustee." She said she does not know what the check was for but was convinced it was for some sort of charity. She noted that SAM BLOOM is a Dallas advertising and public relations man

21 JAN 2 1973

on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texasby MANNING C. CLEMENTS andSpecial Agent EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY:vmFile # DL 44-1639Date dictated 7/27/64

who was adviser to Judge JOE B. BROWN during RUBY's trial. She also desired to retain an invoice dated September 12, 1963, from the "Dallas Cowboys Football Club" showing RUBY had paid \$12.50 for 25 tickets to football games on "Kid's Day."

Date 7/30/641

Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS examined the contents of two boxes of papers made available by Mrs. EVA GRANT, sister of JACK L. RUBY, on July 27, 1964.

The contents of one box appear to be primarily concerned with operation of Vegas Club. Numerous invoices for merchandise and services were noted, along with bank statements, records of payments for payroll, etc.

Papers in the second box appear to concern the Carousel Club and its predecessor, Sovereign Club. Among the papers are records of receipts and payments, papers concerning taxes, and applications for membership in Sovereign Club.

The various papers were photographed under SA CLEMENTS' supervision.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

on 7/28/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS:vm Date dictated 7/29/64

August 20, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

REC 27 1/4 240 11-1937

EX-108

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In connection with the investigation requested in your letter of July 6, 1964, concerning property in Ruby's possession at the time of his arrest, there are enclosed two copies of a memorandum dated August 11, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the results of an interview with Ruby's sister, Eva Grant.

Also enclosed are two sets of Xerox prints of the items furnished by Mrs. Grant as mentioned in the enclosed memorandum.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)

JWH/cac
(7) (P)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.

BY COURIER SERV.

63 AUG 20
COMM - FBI

Tolson _____
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Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

79 AUG 24 1964

REC'D-READING ROOM
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NOTE:

Immediately after arrest of Ruby, we inventoried property taken from his person and his automobile by the Dallas Police Department which inventory was set forth in the report of November 30, 1963, and furnished to the Commission. On 5/28/64 the Commission requested that we photograph property of Ruby's in custody of the District Attorney and the Dallas Police Department which was done. On 7/6/64 the Commission advised that some of the items originally inventoried by us were missing when later photographed and requested that we conduct investigation in an effort to locate and photograph the missing items. As part of this inquiry, Eva Grant was interviewed and furnished two cardboard boxes of assorted papers which had belonged to Ruby and which had never been in the possession of the Police Department or District Attorney. They were photographed and are being furnished to the Commission. The investigation requested in Commission's letter of 7/6/64 is currently in progress and results will be furnished promptly upon completion.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *alw*

FROM : A. Rosen *Rosen*

SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

DATE: August 11, 1964

1 - J. P. Mohr
1 - N. P. Callahan
(W. C. Jackson)
1 - I. W. Conrad
(W. D. Griffith)
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - L. J. Gauthier 1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rosen 1 - Mr. Rogge

1 - Mr. Tavel
1 - Mr. Trotter
1 - Tele. Room
1 - Mr. Holmes
1 - Miss Gandy

PURPOSE

To recommend the attached letter be sent to the President's Commission advising them of the extent of our investigative efforts since the assassination pursuant to its request.

DETAILS

By letter dated 8-7-64, the Commission advised it intends to incorporate in its final report the extent of the "excellent" investigative effort undertaken by the Bureau since the assassination. In this letter it requested the following statistical data:

1. Approximate number of interviews conducted.
2. Pieces of correspondence and reports submitted to the Commission.
3. Total number of pages of such materials.
4. If available, the approximate number of Agent-days spent on this investigation.

The Commission specifically pointed out they did not desire us to distinguish between the various investigations conducted, such as the Jack L. Ruby case and Lee Harvey Oswald. They did state that they desired any thoughts on our part which would enable them to present these statistics in the most effective way.

Enclosure - *sent*

62-109090
1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
RDR:las (14)
las

CONTINUED - OVER

UNREC 18 AUG 28 1964

SENT DIRECTOR
FOR APPROVAL
8-12-64

SIX

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109090-188

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

BACKGROUND

As of 7-31-64, more than 1756 investigative reports comprising more than 17,200 pages constituting the FBI's investigation have been furnished to the Commission. Further, over 3682 items of physical evidence were received in the FBI Laboratory for technical examination. In addition, our Exhibit Section constructed and delivered to the Commission detailed scale models of the assassination area, including appropriate buildings, landmarks, etc., with accompanying volume of visual aids.

We do not have a record of the number of interviews conducted since the assassination and the only way this could be accomplished would be a time consuming physical count. Likewise, we do not know the number of Agent-days spent on this investigation and tabulating same would be an enormous undertaking. It is pointed out that virtually every field office and legal attache have at one time or another conducted some investigation in this matter.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached letter be sent furnishing the Commission with that statistical data available and summarizing the major accomplishments of this Bureau since the assassination.

Handwritten signatures and initials:
JPM, CR, HKS, RIS, OK, TD, V. Key, etc.

8/19/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SACs, Dallas (44-1639)
Los Angeles (44-895)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

ReDLairtel to Bureau 8/11/64 and LAairtel to Bureau 8/13/64 in reply to the Commission's request for a report of telephone toll calls listed to Harry Olsen and Mrs. Harry Olsen, aka Kathy Kay Coleman.

Dallas letterhead memorandum enclosed with referenced Dallas airtel states in the first FD-302 of SA Robert C. Lish dated 7/31/64 that records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect no telephone service ever listed in the name of Mr. Harry Olsen. However, in the second FD-302 of Lish dated 7/31/64 there is set forth a call from Kay Coleman to Harry D. Olsen, 538-4682, Henrietta, and a statement follows that Southwestern Bell Telephone records reflect that this number is listed to Harry D. Olsen, 415 West Ikard, Henrietta, Texas, which is obviously inconsistent with the previous statement. Dallas by return mail submit amended pages clarifying whether or not Harry D. Olsen, Henrietta, Texas, is identical to the Harry Olsen in question and, if so, obtain the records of toll calls from his phone in Henrietta in compliance with the Commission's request.

Referenced Los Angeles airtel enclosing a letterhead memorandum dated 8/13/64 sets forth two calls from the residence of Harry W. Olsen, Long Beach, California, and 14 pages of

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Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

JWH/ras
(6)
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

79 AUG 24 1964

REC 27

EX-108

19 AUG 20 1964

1938

Airtel to Dallas and Los Angeles
RE: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;

telephone calls from the telephone of the Doctor's Business Bureau, Long Beach, California, which is operated by Olsen, however, none of the subscribers to the numbers called are identified. Los Angeles will by return mail submit amended pages identifying these subscribers. Handle expedite and any leads necessary to obtain identity of these subscribers must be set out by teletype.

NOTE:

The President's Commission by letter 7/23/64 requested a report of all existing telephone toll calls made from the telephones listed to Harry Olsen and Mrs. Harry Olsen, aka Kathy Kay Coleman, formerly of Dallas, Texas, who now resides in Long Beach, California. Harry Olsen is an ex-Dallas Police Officer who, subsequent to the assassination, married Kathy Kay Coleman, one of Ruby's strippers. Ruby reportedly met the Olsens on the street in the early morning of 11/23/63 and discussed the assassination with them.

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

Bureau airtel 7/23/64, transmitted Commission letter 7/20/64, requesting interview of [REDACTED] concerning his various telephone conversations with RUBY, his dealings with certain other individuals, and that a copy of a paper bearing [REDACTED] name be provided.

Dallas teletype 7/24/64, pointed out interview with [REDACTED] appears on administrative pages F and G, Dallas report of 12/19/63, and that, UACB, results of the interview would be furnished in the letterhead memorandum for transmittal to Commission.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating results of original interview with [REDACTED] on December 11, 1963, re-interview and a summary of interview with ROBERT KAPLAN, pages 115 and 116, Dallas report of 12/19/63, which is in part confirmatory of WALKER's explanation of his contacts with RUBY. Two copies of the sheet of paper furnished by BRYAN POWELL, which includes the name of [REDACTED], are enclosed, one for transmittal to Commission with this letterhead memorandum.

Enc. (12)

MCC/ds

(5)

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

DUPE INDC 1116

44-24016-12-1 (ENCLOSURE P.1)

CRIC. A. M. L. IN

44-24016. 810 17 246

Approved: _____

C C Wick

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

21 AUG 14 1964

1939

SIX



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 11, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 20, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested [redacted] be interviewed concerning various telephone conversations and meetings he had with Jack Ruby in late October 1963. The Commission had noted a reference to [redacted] appeared on a piece of paper Ruby accidentally left at Graphic Studio, Dallas, Texas, on November 1, 1963. It was requested a copy of the paper be provided. It was further requested [redacted] be asked as to his dealings with certain named individuals and with other persons whose names appeared on the piece of paper mentioned above.

Previous investigation has established telephone toll charges were incurred to the telephone at the residence of Ruby on the basis of long distance calls to telephone [redacted] Fort Worth, Texas, on October 19, 20 and 21, 1963, and that a call was likewise made to the same number from the Carousel Club, Dallas, on October 19, 1963. Records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, disclosed this telephone in Fort Worth was listed to [redacted] attorney at law, [redacted], Fort Worth.

On December 6, 1963, Mr. Bryan Powell, Graphic Studios, Dallas, Texas, advised that on November 1 or 4, 1963, a young man brought certain material to Mr. Powell's place of business on behalf of Ruby and that a sheet of paper bearing a list of names and addresses was apparently inadvertently left with the pertinent material. Mr. Powell furnished this sheet of paper. It is noted the notation [redacted] appears on this letter. [redacted] there appeared the following: "Bob Kaplan, ED 6-1988, Fort Worth."

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

FOU D ION

ENCLOSURE

Re: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On December 11, 1963, [REDACTED] attorney, [REDACTED] Fort Worth, Texas, advised he was somewhat reluctant to discuss his contacts with Jack L. Ruby because of an attorney-client relationship existing in connection with the matter. He explained that a close female friend whom he did not identify had become pregnant some two months previously and requested his help in connection with her trouble. He said that while it was not against his moral principles, he considered it was possibly a technical violation of state law to assist the girl in her effort to secure an abortion.

He continued, that a friend, Robert Kaplan, residing in Fort Worth, Texas, but employed in Dallas, Texas, was called by him regarding finding someone to assist the girl in the abortion. [REDACTED] related that Kaplan gave to him the name of Jack Ruby, owner of the Carousel Club in Dallas. He said that he either called Ruby or Kaplan had Ruby call [REDACTED]. In any event, Ruby told [REDACTED] he knew a girl, name not now known to [REDACTED] who had an abortion and this girl could furnish the name of a nurse who would do the job.

[REDACTED] stated that on Sunday, October 20, 1963, he drove the girl in question to Dallas to the apartment of the girl whose name had been supplied by Ruby, that he remained outside in the car and shortly thereafter the girl returned, stating the nurse could not be contacted by telephone. [REDACTED] said he did not remember the address of the woman in Dallas, but that it was about five or six blocks from where he understood Ruby's apartment was located. He said he had called Ruby prior to driving to Dallas and Ruby had invited him by his apartment for a drink, but the invitation was not accepted.

[REDACTED] stated the girl in difficulty did not go through with the abortion in Dallas.

[REDACTED] supplied the above as explanation of his contacts with Ruby. He said he had not known Ruby personally, had never been to any of Ruby's clubs, and had talked to Ruby

Re: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

on some three occasions on the telephone in the above connection. He said he did not know what connection Ruby had with the Dallas girl who had had the abortion.

On December 13, 1963, Robert Kaplan, Westchester House, Fort Worth, Texas, explained he had become acquainted with Ruby in August or September 1963. He confirmed that in early November 1963, he received a call from [REDACTED] of Fort Worth, Texas. He confirmed [REDACTED] statement regarding the seeking of an abortion for the acquaintance of [REDACTED] and that he, Kaplan, had put [REDACTED] in touch with Ruby.

Attached is a report of re-interview with [REDACTED] concerning his acquaintance with or dealings with persons named in the Commission's letter and persons whose names appeared, with [REDACTED] on the sheet of paper supplied by Mr. Powell.

Date 6/641

RICHARD D. WALKER, Attorney, Room 1707, First National Bank Building, was exhibited a list of names which was purportedly in the possession at one time of JACK RUBY and which included the name of DICK WALKER, telephone No. PE 7-5553.

Mr. WALKER stated he did not recognize any of the names on the list other than his own and that of BOB KAPLAN from Fort Worth, Texas. Mr. WALKER stated he became acquainted with BOB KAPLAN through a client of his, Dr. DANIEL GEVINSON, from Dallas. He stated he had no information in his possession concerning any of the other people on the list.

In addition, Mr. WALKER stated he did not know anything about RALPH PAUL of Arlington, Texas, nor did he knew KAREN BENNETT CARLIN, also known as "Little Lynn." Mr. WALKER stated he had no dealings with any of these people.

Mr. WALKER added that he had no information concerning a relationship of any sort between JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD.,

COPIES DESTROYED

2 1 ... 2 1973

on 8/5/64 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS:vm Date dictated 8/6/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

JOHN & FAYE VANDERBILT
 AUSTIN MAINTENANCE
 H1-4271 - AUTO PH. - 553

PAK KARAN - ED-6-1988 - ET. WIA

DICK CLARKER PE7-5533
 PAT EMP-7392

HED VICKERS - ED-6-2537
 VICKERS PE8035

KEVIN W. MARRIOTT JR. HAZEL
 PERRY CARSON - DO-1-6977
 WELDER WIL-2-0340 - DISTRICT MANAGER

LOCO TRAINERS - 7155 - L. W. F. 1912

LOCO TRAINERS - 3090 KENNEDY ST. WIL-2-0340

WILLIAM E. J. W. 3090 KENNEDY ST. WIL-2-0340

WILLIAM E. J. W. 3090 KENNEDY ST. WIL-2-0340

WILLIAM E. J. W. 3090 KENNEDY ST. WIL-2-0340

WILLIAM E. J. W. 3090 KENNEDY ST. WIL-2-0340

MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

6 Picas	1 Inch	Column Rule	1 Column Width....	110	7 Column Width....
72 Points	1 Inch	1 Point Rule	2 Column Width....	223	8 Column Width....
11 Agate Lines...	1 Inch	2 Point Rule	3 Column Width....	336	13 Column Width....
2408 Agate Lines...	1 Page	3 Point Rule	4 Column Width....	449	15 Column Width....
172 Column Inches	1 Page	6 Point Rule	5 Column Width....	560	17 Column Width....
			6 Column Width....	673	Page Depth

44-24016-1939

REC-64
ST-104

1939

August 19, 1964
BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Mahley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Swanson

AUG 19 5 10 PM '64
B-1
RECEIVED ROOM

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated July 20, 1964, requesting interview of [redacted] concerning telephone conversations and meetings he had with Jack L. Ruby in October, 1963.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 11, 1964, setting forth the desired investigation.

Also enclosed, per your request, is one copy of the slip of paper which Ruby left at the Graphic Studio, Dallas, Texas.

Sincerely yours,

D. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (3)

19
COMM-FBI

HCS/pab
(7)

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

XEROX
AUG 20 1964

AUG 25 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

FBI

Date: 8/13/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)
FROM SAC DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel 7/20/64 to Los Angeles and Dallas by which was transmitted President's Commission letter dated 7/16/64. This letter included a request for reinterview with ALFRED DAVIDSON, North, Hollywood, California. The Commission requested he be asked as to the identity of the Credit Manager of Neiman-Marcus (Dallas Specialty Store) who was said by DAVIDSON to have been a friend of RUBY who had introduced DAVIDSON to RUBY.

Los Angeles submitted letterhead memorandum reflecting reinterview with DAVIDSON by airtel dated 7/24/64. DAVIDSON professed to not recall the name of the Credit Manager.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating investigation by SA ROBERT J. ANDERSON, Dallas, on 7/23/64. No further effort will be made to identify the person to whom DAVIDSON was referring in view of negative results which appear to cover all possibilities of identifying this person.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC:vm
(5)

REC-64

1 AUG 17 1964

ST-104

CC: 11-1

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 13, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 16, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested Alfred Davidson be reinterviewed, in part to determine the identity of the Credit Manager of Neiman-Marcus, Dallas, Texas specialty store who was allegedly a friend of Jack L. Ruby.

In reinterview at Los Angeles, California, on July 24, 1964, Mr. Davidson professed to be unable to recall the name of the Credit Manager at Neiman-Marcus.

Attached hereto are the results of investigation to identify the person to whom Davidson referred.

Attachment

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

1
MCC:vm
DL 44-1639

On July 23, 1964, ROBERT M. JEFFREY, Vice President and Attorney, Neiman-Marcus Store, Dallas, Texas, advised he believes he would have knowledge had any employee of his firm and specifically any employee in the Credit Department had any type of association with Jack L. Ruby. He said, to his knowledge, no employees of the store were acquainted with Ruby. Mr. Jeffrey stated the former Credit Manager, William F. Cofer, died on November 14, 1963. He described Mr. Cofer as having led a "very sedate" life, who had never mentioned acquaintance with Ruby.

On July 23, 1964, Mason B. Dumont, now Credit Manager, advised he had never been acquainted with Ruby and/or Alfred Davidson.

On July 23, 1964, Roy M. Jacobs, Assistant Credit Manager, stated he had never met Ruby or Davidson.

The above-named persons stated they had never known or heard of Ruby or Lee Harvey Oswald prior to the events surrounding the assassination of President Kennedy and the shooting of Oswald.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

64-104
1940

August 20, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 16, 1964, requesting that we interview Mr. Alfred Davidson and that we determine from him the name of the Credit Manager at Neiman-Marcus Department Store in Dallas, Texas, whom he had previously indicated was a friend of Jack Ruby's.

The results of the requested interview with Mr. Davidson wherein he stated that he could not identify the Credit Manager of Neiman-Marcus Department Store were forwarded to you by my letter of July 30, 1964.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 13, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth results of this Bureau's efforts to identify this person at Neiman-Marcus Department Store, Dallas, Texas.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of July 16, 1964.

BY COURIER SVC.

AUG 21

COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

JWH/cac

Enclosures (2)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.

AUG 25 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM
AUG 21 11 54 AM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-10801-29

NOTE:

Davidson was in Dallas, Texas, in September and October, 1963, representing Oleg Cassini, Women's Fashions, New York City, and promoting a radio show. He became acquainted with Ruby and frequented the Carousel Club. When initially interviewed, Davidson mentioned that Ruby was acquainted with a Credit Manager at Neiman-Marcus Department Store and Commission requested that we reinterview Davidson and obtain identity of this Credit Manager. Upon reinterview, Davidson could not identify the Credit Manager and investigation conducted by Dallas at Neiman-Marcus Department Store in further effort to identify him was negative..

FBI

Date: 8/17/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: Dallas

Re Bureau airtel to Los Angeles and Dallas
dated July 17, 1964, and Los Angeles airtel to Bureau
dated July 24, 1964.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a
3-page letterhead memorandum reflecting the results
of the interview with DEROSTUS MC COLLOUGH MILES, for
dissemination to the President's Commission on the
Assassination of President KENNEDY. *L*

Enclosed for Dallas is one copy of the above
described letterhead memorandum and 15 copies of a 2-page
FD 302 reflecting the results of the above mentioned
interview.

L. J. RUBY
3 - Bureau (Encl. 10)
2 - Dallas (Encl. 31)
1 - Los Angeles

PBD:dmz
(6)

REC-64

AUG 19 1964

ST-104

1941

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

August 17, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

INTERVIEW WITH DEROSTUS MC COLLOUGH MILES

Reference is made to the letter of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy to the Director, FBI, dated July 16, 1964, requesting that Mr. Derostus M. Miles be re-interviewed.

Mr. Derostus Mc Collough Miles, 984 South Normandie Avenue, Apartment Number 101, Los Angeles, California, manager of the apartment house at this address, was interviewed on August 14, 1964, by Special Agents of the FBI, at which time he advised as follows:

He met Jack Ruby at the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas, a week before the fair opened on October 5, 1963, which would make the meeting date with Ruby about September 28, 1963. He subsequently met with Ruby three or four times prior to October 6, 1963, when his show, "How Hollywood Makes Movies" opened at the fair. These visits occurred at the Carousel Club, were usually between 12:00 PM midnight and 2:00 AM in the morning, and would vary in duration from one to two hours. He usually had someone with him when he visited Ruby, and it was always someone affiliated with his show. His show personnel included Bob Craven, Harry Lovejoy, Sam Dougherty, Joe Randulla, and Marvin Gardner, and one or two of these persons would accompany him when he visited Ruby at the Carousel Club.

The topic of conversation during the above-mentioned meetings included show business, dogs, Ruby's bar, and his twist board. Politics were never discussed at these meetings, to the best of his recollection. He took a personal liking to Ruby and enjoyed talking to him.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

**INTERVIEW WITH DEROSTUS
MC COLLOUGH MILES**

He has no recollection of seeing Ruby at any time, either in Dallas or at the fair grounds prior to the opening of the show on October 6, 1963, other than the above-mentioned contacts. Subsequent to the opening of the show, Ruby visited his show site three to five times. Ruby was alone upon the occasion of these visits which occurred in the morning or the afternoon, and lasted from one to two hours. During the period October 6 through October 19, he and some of his show people visited Ruby at the Carousel Club approximately seven to ten times, usually in the late evening hours. On one occasion, the entire personnel of his show visited the Carousel Club.

Sometime between October 1, 1963, and October 6, 1963, he visited Ruby at the Carousel Club and borrowed several items used as props for his show. One item was a three-foot square mirror taken from Ruby's office and a large cooler unit about three feet square and eighteen inches in depth. Both items were obtained from Ruby at the same time and were brought to his show site by Ruby who was assisted by one of his Negro workers.

He does not recall Ruby obtaining any political radio script called "Life Line" or that Ruby ever commented on any Right Wing literature. Politics were never a topic of conversation at any of the meetings with Ruby, as best he can recall.

An itinerant worker, Larry Crafard, had been working at a show located next to his show at the fair grounds but was fired from his job. He felt sorry for Crafard and hired him since Crafard appeared to need money for living expenses. One night Crafard and another individual also employed at the fair grounds engaged in a fight and Crafard had several teeth knocked out. He does not know what prompted the fight and was not present at the time the fight took place. Crafard appeared to be an illiterate individual and an ordinary itinerant worker. He lost contact with Crafard when the show closed on October 19, 1963.

INTERVIEW WITH DEROSTUS
MC COLLOUGH MILES

During his contacts with Ruby he became aware of the fact that Ruby carried a gun in a shoulder holster. Ruby also carried large amounts of money on his person, believed to be about \$1,000 or more. He is of the opinion that Ruby tried to impress people with the idea that he was a successful businessman and night club operator.

August 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

ST-104

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 16, 1964, requesting interview of Mr. Robert Craven and Mr. Derostus M. Miles.

By my letter of July 30, 1964, you were furnished with copies of a memorandum dated July 24, 1964, at Los Angeles setting forth an interview with Robert Craven. Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 17, 1964, at Los Angeles setting forth the results of an interview with Derostus M. Miles.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of July 16, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

5 AUG 21 1964

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

JWH/ras
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

FBI

REC'D

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

79 AUG 25 1964

62-109090

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

AUG 21 2 19 PM '64
READING ROOM

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

NOTE:

Craven and Miles operated a concession at the fair in Dallas during the early part of October, 1963, and Ruby became acquainted with them during this period. We previously interviewed them and they stated they had no knowledge concerning the assassination and the killing of Oswald as they had left Dallas previous to that time and that they knew of no association between Ruby and Oswald. The Commission requested that they be reinterviewed for further details of their relationship with Ruby and to determine how they came to hire Larry Crafard. It is noted that Crafard worked for Craven and Miles while at the fair in Dallas and subsequently went to work for Ruby as handyman at the Carousel Club.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. NE
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

AUG 4 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau
of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a copy of a telegram received by the
Commission from Mr. Mark Lane. The Commission would
appreciate your conducting an appropriate investigation
concerning this matter, including an interview of
Attorney Melvin Belli regarding the statements he is
alleged to have made.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

1 - ENCLOSURE

REC-64

ST-104

AUG 6 1964

1942

3 XEROX
AUG 24 1964

79 AUG 25 1964

105-82555
100-409163-
62-109090
EXP. PROC.
AUG 5 1964
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a fast message unless its deferred character is indicated by the proper symbol.

WESTERN-UNION

TELEGRAM

W. P. MARSHALL, President

SF-1201 (4-67)

Day Letter

Night Letter

LT (International Letter Telegram)

The time shown in the time line on domestic telegrams is LOCAL TIME at point of origin. Time of arrival is LOCAL TIME at point of destination.

UDA158 RRD1

WF324 WW HFD052 (R H297) PD NEWYORK NY 30 5097 EDT

CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN, PRESIDENTS COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRES JOHN KENNEDY (RTE UD)

200 HAWKLAND AVE NORTHEAST WASH DC

THE CURRENT ISSUE OF FACT MAGAZINE QUOTES MELVIN BELLI AS STATING THAT A DALLAS POLICE OFFICER AND ANOTHER SORT ON NOVEMBER 23, 1963 TO HAVE RUBY APPROVED THE IDEA OF KILLING OSWALD REQUEST YOU CALL BELLI AT PUBLIC SESSION REGARDING POSSIBLE POLICE PARTICIPATION IN MURDER OF OSWALD

HARK LANE

(28).

2 12:30X
AUG 24 1964

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 8/10/64

PLAIN TEXT

Transmit the following in

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
ATT : INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)
SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY aka
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau phone call to NYO, 8/10/64, from
Bureau Supervisor HAROLD SWANSON.

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies of
"FACT MAGAZINE", volume one, issue 4, July - August, 1964.

Attention is directed to page 13, paragraph
two, in an article entitled "The Bellicose Mr. Belli"
by WARREN BORORSON, which referenced call referred to.

3 XEROX
AUG 24 1964

3 - Bureau (Encl 3)
1 - New York

EW0:ahd
(5)

ENCLOSURE

ST-104

44-24016
AUG 11 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN
62-109090

105-82555

100-409763

1943

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

August 19, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley,
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 19 11 42 AM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of August 4, 1964, enclosing a copy of a telegram to the President's Commission from Mr. Mark Lane, there are enclosed herewith two copies of the July-August, 1964, issue of "Fact" magazine.

The statement attributed by Mr. Lane to Mr. Holvin Belli concerning a Dallas Police Officer and another who sought on November 23, 1963, to have Ruby approve the idea of killing Oswald appears on page 13 of this magazine. The article quotes Mr. Belli as stating that "the cop and his girl just disappeared" and he could never locate them. Since Mr. Belli cannot identify the Dallas Policeman and the girl friend referred to by him, interview of Mr. Belli concerning this statement would not appear warranted.

As you are aware, Jack Ruby has identified the police officer and his girl friend as former Dallas Police Officer Harry Olsen and Kathy Kay Coleman, a former employee of Ruby's. Interviews of Olsen and Coleman and related investigation do not indicate they sought any such approval from Ruby.

BY COURIER SVC.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2
XEROX
AUG 24 1964

AUG 24 1964

7-9-AUG 25 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

100-409763

060601-29

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

In view of the above and in accordance with the telephonic discussion of Mr. J. William Hines of this Bureau with Mr. Durt Griffin of the President's Commission on August 17, 1964, Mr. Belli will not be interviewed concerning this matter, and no further investigation concerning the article appearing in "Fact" magazine will be conducted unless specifically requested by the President's Commission.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

NOTE:

The President's Commission in enclosing the telegram from Mark Lane requested that we conduct an appropriate investigation to include an interview with an attorney, Melvin Belli, regarding statements he was alleged to have made. We obtained copies of the article referred to by Lane, and Belli specifically states that he was never able to locate the "cop" and the girl friend whom he refers to as having spoke to Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 and tried to get him to approve the idea of having Oswald lynched. Our investigation has identified the "cop" as Harry Olson, formerly of the Dallas Police Department, and Kathy Kay Coleman, a former stripper at Ruby's club. We have interviewed Olsen and Coleman extensively concerning their alleged contact with Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 and they made no statements indicating they sought Ruby's approval for lynching Oswald. This was called to the attention of Mr. Griffin of the President's Commission who requested that we furnish copies of the article and that we not interview Belli pending receipt of a further request from the Commission.

FBI

Date: 8/20/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

OO - DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, 8/19/64, in which Dallas was directed to clarify an apparent inconsistency in FD-302s submitted by Dallas airtel to Bureau, 8/11/64.

SA ROBERT C. LISH is on annual leave and traveling in the States of New Mexico and Nevada, but will return to duty 8:15 a.m., 8/24/64. At that time the requested clarification will be made and the Bureau promptly advised.

③ - Bureau
2 - Dallas
EEH:pm
(5)

C C Vick

REC 8

EX 109 17 AUG 22 1964

1944

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M _____

Per _____

Special Agent In Charge

79 AUG 26 1964

Mr. Belmont

6/16/64

A. Rosen

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Broder
1 - Mr. McCowan
1 - Mr. Loege

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT**

During the conversation on August 18, 1964, with Mr. J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission, Mr. Rankin mentioned the requests that have been made of the Bureau to furnish the number of reports, the number of pages, as well as the number of interviews and man hours which have been consumed in the over-all investigation. Mr. Rankin stated that the number of pages as well as the number of reports, as furnished by the Bureau's letter of August 12, 1964, would be most helpful and that he certainly did not expect the Bureau to perform the tedious task of counting the actual number of interviews or to compile the number of man hours utilized. He advised that when the request was made he thought there was a possibility this data might be readily available.

Mr. Rankin stated that in order to give the Bureau due credit for the tremendous amount of investigation which had been performed by the Bureau, it was intended that a statement would be included in the "Foreword" of the Commission's report, mentioning the extent of the Bureau's activity.

Polygraph Examination of Ruby

Mr. Rankin stated that Chief Justice Warren had recently returned to the United States, following which he, Mr. Rankin, had briefed the Chief Justice thoroughly concerning the Bureau's assistance in affording Jack Ruby a polygraph interview on July 14, 1964. Mr. Rankin stated that the Chief Justice was most appreciative that the Bureau had gone ahead with this polygraph examination in view of the personal promise that he had made to Jack Ruby that he would be afforded a polygraph examination. He stated that the Chief Justice was fully cognizant and appreciative of the various sound observations which had been made by the Bureau relative to affording Ruby a polygraph examination, but regardless of the Bureau's feelings in this matter, we had gone ahead and complied with the request of the President's Commission.

1 - 62-10556 (Assassination)

1 - 105-1260 (Deval)

① - 44-24716 (Ruby)

68 AUG 28 1964

144-24016 -

NOT RECORDED

193 AUG 25 1964

987-109090-186

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen
Re: President's Commission

Mr. Rankin advised that with regard to the polygraph examination, there would be a discussion in the report of the Commission showing the conditions under which this polygraph examination was given to Jack Ruby and the report would quote the Bureau's letters thereon, where we set forth our observations relative to the desirability of giving Ruby such an examination.

Bureau's Interest in Rights of Individuals

During the discussion, Mr. Rankin mentioned that staff members of the Commission were very much interested in seeing that the comments of the Director and Mr. Belmont were brought to light in the Commission's report in such a way that they would receive appropriate attention rather than appearing solely in the testimony itself. He advised that this matter had not been taken up with the seven members of the Commission as of this time but this would be done very shortly and that it was his desire to see that the Bureau's interests in the rights of individuals was properly related in an appropriate part of the report. Mr. Rankin did not volunteer where in the report this information would be set forth.

Comments Concerning the Bureau's Participation in the Investigation

Mr. Rankin commented that throughout the tremendous amount of work which has been done concerning the assassination of the President, the FBI had certainly carried a tremendous workload, and that while Secret Service had performed a small amount of investigation at the request of the Commission and a few other agencies had done some minor work, the bulk of the investigative activity had been carried on by the FBI. He stated that throughout the entire existence of the President's Commission the Bureau had cooperated fully and never on any occasion refused to carry out a request of the Commission, regardless of how ridiculous the request might have seemed on the surface. He stated he was well aware of the fact that many of the requests did not have any basis in fact for being run out but because of the nature of the investigation, the Commission felt that it had to be done. He stated he felt that the Bureau's efforts along these lines would certainly reflect favorably on the Bureau's investigation and the amount of interest that was given to detail, both by the Bureau and the President's Commission. He stated that all in all, he felt that the Commission's report would certainly reflect creditably on the FBI.

Date of Final Report by the Commission

Mr. Rankin advised that the present target date for the submission of the report of the Commission was September 8, 1964. He stated he sincerely hoped that the Commission would be able to meet this target date but that as of

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen
Re: President's Commission

At the present time he was not certain whether this could be done. In this connection Mr. Rankin mentioned the fact that he was aware the Bureau had received a number of requests in recent weeks and that all of the requests of the President's Commission were being complied with as rapidly as possible. He also stated that anything that could be done to expedite these late requests would be appreciated.

Mr. Rankin was assured that the Bureau was well aware of the Commission's desire to wind up their activity and that specific instructions had been given to all offices conducting investigation to complete all phases of our investigation in the shortest possible time.

This is being watched most carefully at the Seat of Government and we are seeing that all offices are handling matters on an expeditious basis.

- Submitted for information.

FBI

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
 RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
 JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
 Dallas, Texas
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
 (OO: DALLAS)

Re Bureau airtel 8/13/64, and WFO airtel to Bureau, 8/17/64, enclosing letterhead memorandum of same date relating to interview of ALLAN W. CROMLEY pertaining to allegation of SHIRLEY MARTIN, Hominy, Oklahoma, that CROMLEY can testify to RUBY's presence at Parkland Hospital, Dallas, 11/22/64.

It should be noted the original interview of SETH KANTOR is recorded on Pages 431-435 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated 12/11/63, in the case captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased) - VICTIM; CR." The reinterview of KANTOR by WFO is recorded on Pages 163-167 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated 1/17/64, in the RUBY case. Special indices of the Dallas Office indicate other information relating to KANTOR is also reported in the RUBY case.

For the attention of the Bureau and Washington Field, Bureau airtel of 2/3/64 to Dallas and Washington Field in the case captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41)
- 1 - Richmond
- 2 - Washington Field (89-75)
- 3 - Dallas (2 - 44-1639)
- (1 - 100-10461)

PEW:saw
 (10)

14-AUG-21-1964

UNREC
SIX

Approved: E. C. VICK

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

79 AUG 25 1964

62-109060-3662

HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM; CR," the Bureau stated it desired no further contact with SETH KANTOR regarding his statement that he saw RUBY at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, 11/22/63.

Washington Field, in the absence of instructions to the contrary by the Bureau, should not reinterview KANTOR regarding the allegation made by SHIRLEY MARTIN. /14

Information copies furnished Oklahoma City and Richmond as those offices received referenced Washington Field airtel.

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 8/19/64

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. HinesTolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
DeLoach ☒
Evans ☒
Malley ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

The Washington Post and Times Herald for 8/19/64, on page 3, contains an article captioned "Ruby's Secret Testimony to Warren Given Word for Word in N. Y. Paper." The article states that Jack Ruby has been quoted from purported actual word-by-word testimony before the Warren Commission as insisting he killed Lee Harvey Oswald on the spur of the moment last November 24.

The story is referred to as coming from a copyright of the story by New York Journal-American columnist Dorothy Kilgallen. It appeared in the New York Journal-American on 8/18/64. The newspaper account states that J. Lee Rankin, Chief Counsel of the Warren Commission, said that the Ruby transcript did not come out of the Commission.

While at the President's Commission on 8/18/64, Mr. Rankin mentioned to Malley that Dorothy Kilgallen's column in the New York Journal-American was supposed to have a verbatim story of the interview that took place between Chief Justice Warren and Jack Ruby. Mr. Rankin advised that he had not, at the time of the conversation, obtained a copy of the New York Journal-American article. During this conversation Mr. Rankin mentioned that in addition to the Chief Justice and himself, other members of the staff were present as were defense attorneys of Ruby and representatives of the District Attorney's Office in Dallas. Mr. Rankin made no comment as to whether or not a copy of the transcript of the interview which took place in Dallas on June 7, 1964, had been furnished to either the District Attorney or to the defense attorneys.

Concerning the interview on July 18, 1964, when Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination, following which stories appeared in the Dallas papers and other publications setting forth numerous questions which were asked of Ruby and his answers, Mr. Rankin stated that following the typing of this interview the transcripts were made available to the defense attorneys in connection with their request for same. He did not volunteer and he was not asked whether or not the District Attorney's office had received a copy of this transcript.

JRM:mpd (8)

79 AUG 26 1964

REC-15

1945

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-8713 62-108090

Memo to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen
Re: Jack L. Ruby

It is noted that the President's Commission made available to the Bureau a copy of the transcript relating to the June 7 interview which was had by the Chief Justice with Ruby. This transcript reflects that the interview was conducted by Chief Justice Warren; Congressman Gerald R. Ford; Chief Counsel J. Lee Rankin; Elmer W. Moore, special agent of the Secret Service; Joseph H. Ball, staff counsel; Arlen Specter; Robert G. Storey, counsel; Leon Jaworski, counsel; Jim Bowie, Assistant District Attorney; Joe H. Tonahill; Sheriff Bill Decker; E. L. Holman, Chief Jailer; Orville Smith, Deputy Sheriff; and Helen Laidrich, reporter (court). This transcript was made available to the Bureau headquarters in order that the Bureau would be in a position to prepare necessary questions for an appropriate polygraph examination of Ruby.

Mr. Rankin did not indicate that any action would be taken relative to this disclosure which appeared in the New York Journal-American. He commented that it was not possible to control what action would be taken concerning such a transcript once it reached the hands of the defense attorneys.

Submitted for information.

JRM
P.O. 1/19

Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

Ruby's Secret Testimony to Warren Given Word for Word in N.Y. Paper

NEW YORK, Aug. 18 (AP) — Jack Ruby has been quoted from purported actual word-by-word testimony before the Warren Commission as insisting he killed Lee Harvey Oswald on the spur of the moment last Nov. 24.

In a copyrighted story today by New York Journal-American columnist Dorothy Kilgallen, Ruby is quoted as having told Chief Justice Earl Warren during interrogation last June 7:

"I was never malicious toward this person. No one else requested me to do anything. I never spoke to anyone about attempting to do anything. No subversive organization gave me any idea. No underworld persons made any effort to contact me."

[The office of J. Lee Rankin, chief counsel to the Warren Commission, said in Washington that the Ruby transcript "did not come out of the Commission."]

Ruby stepped out of a crowd of newsmen and on-lookers in the basement of Dallas Police Headquarters on Sunday, Nov. 24, and fired a single fatal bullet into Oswald, who had been formally charged as the assassin of President John F. Kennedy.

Condemned to death by a Dallas jury last March 14, Ruby is now being held in

the Dallas County Jail pending an appeal of his conviction. Chief Justice Warren interviewed him there June 7 in connection with his investigation into all phases of the presidential assassination.

The next day, the Associated Press quoted a reliable source as saying that Ruby testified at the time that he had no connection with Oswald before he shot him.

As early as last December, it became known that the FBI and cooperating state, Federal and local authorities had concluded that Oswald was the solitary and unaided assassin.

Miss Kilgallen said in her Journal-American story that she obtained the actual transcript of Warren's interview with Ruby "from sources close to the Warren Commission in Washington."

Most of the first installment of the transcript covered the period from Mr. Kennedy's assassination in midday of Nov. 22 to early the next morning. Ruby's account of his activities during that period tallied closely with testimony introduced at his trial.

The Washington Post and Times Herald _____
 The Washington Daily News _____
 The Evening Star _____
 New York Herald Tribune _____
 New York Journal-American _____
 New York Mirror _____
 New York Daily News _____
 New York Post _____
 The New York Times _____
 The Worker _____
 The New Leader _____
 The Wall Street Journal _____
 The National Observer _____
 People's World _____
 Date 8/18/64

4-1115

XEROX

AUG 23 1964

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: August 20, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SYNOPSIS:

A copyright story by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the "New York Journal-American," August 18, 1964, which purported to give a word for word account of Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Warren and representatives of the President's Commission at the Dallas County Jail on June 7, 1964. Mr. J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission telephonically contacted Malley 8/20/64 and advised him that the seven members of the President's Commission had requested that he, Rankin, make a specific request of the FBI to conduct an investigation in an effort to determine how the transcript of Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on June 7, 1964, came into possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American." Mr. Rankin will confirm this request in writing.

ACTION:

In view of the specific request made by the President's Commission, Dallas and New York are being instructed by teletype attached to expeditiously conduct the desired investigation.

BACKGROUND:

On June 7, 1964, Chief Justice Warren and members of the President's Commission proceeded to Dallas where they interviewed Ruby in the Dallas County Jail. Present at this interview in addition to the Chief Justice were Congressman Gerald R. Ford; Chief Counsel J. Lee Rankin; Elmer W. Moore, special agent of the Secret Service; Joseph H. Ball, staff counsel; Arlen Specter; Robert G. Storey, counsel; Leon Jaworski, counsel; Jim Bowie, Assistant District Attorney; Joe H. Tonahill; Sheriff Bill Decker; E. L. Holman, Chief Jailer; Orville Smith, Deputy Sheriff; and Helen Laidrich, a court reporter who recorded the interview for the Commission.

JWH/ras
(8)

X.F. 92

AUG 23 1964

FBI-1001

CONTINUED - OVER AUG 24 1964

REC-154

1946

94-8-113
62-109090

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;

The Bureau took no part whatever in setting up this interview and no Bureau personnel were present when the interview was conducted. During the course of the interview Ruby reportedly insisted that he be given a polygraph examination and the Chief Justice assured him that this would be done. The Bureau was subsequently requested by the Commission to conduct the polygraph examination. We advised the Commission in writing of the pitfalls, legal and otherwise, connected with affording Ruby a polygraph examination under the circumstances and that to do so would be contrary to standard Bureau procedures controlling the use of the polygraph but stated that we would conduct the polygraph examination if the Chief Justice still desired us to do so.

On July 13, 1964, at the Commission's request we conducted the polygraph examination. Immediately thereafter stories appeared in the Dallas papers setting forth questions which had been asked of Ruby and also his answers and by letter dated July 30, 1964, the Commission requested that we conduct an investigation to determine how these questions and answers came into possession of the newspapers. The investigation has been conducted and the results submitted to the Commission by letter dated 8/19/64 with the exception of the interview of the court reporter who recorded the polygraph examination who is currently on vacation in Nassau, Bahamas. She will be interviewed promptly when available. The investigation resulted in denial by all persons present that they had divulged the information to news media and officials of the newspaper who printed the story refused to divulge the source of their information.

It is noted that a transcript of the interview of Ruby on June 7, 1964, was made available to the Bureau headquarters for the purpose of assisting us in preparing the necessary questions for the polygraph examination which was later afforded Ruby on 7/18/64. This transcript has not been reviewed by or furnished to any field office or anyone outside of Bureau headquarters.

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "1-1", "JPM", "D"]

8/20/64

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Nines

TELETYPE

URGENT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 20 1964

TO SACS, DALLAS (44-1639)
NEW YORK (44-974)

3-15 FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) — 1946

TELETYPE

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM, CR.

WITH REGARD TO THE COPYRIGHT STORY BY COLUMNIST DOROTHY KILGALLEN WHICH APPEARED IN THE QUOTE NEW YORK JOURNAL DASH AMERICAN UNQUOTE ON A MUST EIGHTEEN LAST PURPORTING TO BE ACTUAL WORD FOR WORD TESTIMONY OF RUBY BEFORE THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON JUNE SEVEN LAST, THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION HAS SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED THAT WE CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION TO DETERMINE HOW THE TRANSCRIPT OF THE INTERVIEW CAME INTO POSSESSION OF DOROTHY KILGALLEN AND THE QUOTE NEW YORK JOURNAL DASH AMERICAN UNQUOTE.

THE TRANSCRIPT OF THIS INTERVIEW REFLECTS THOSE PRESENT AS CHIEF JUSTICE WARREN; CONGRESSMAN GERALD R. FORD; J. LEE RANKIN, GENERAL COUNSEL; ELMER W. MOORE, SPECIAL AGENT, U.S. SECRET SERVICE; JOSEPH A. BALL, STAFF COUNSEL; ARLEN SPECTER, STAFF COUNSEL; ROBERT G. STOREY, COUNSEL; LEON JAWORSKI, COUNSEL; JIM DOWIE, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY; JOE H. TONAHILL, COUNSEL REPRESENTING JACK RUBY; SHERIFF BILL DECKER; E. L. HOLMAN, CHIEF JAILER;

JH/ras

(3)

NOTE: See memo Rosen to Belmont, same caption, dated 8/20/64, JH/ras.

7-9 AUG 26 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-8-113-62-109090

TELETYPE TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK
RE: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;

ORVILL SMITH, DEPUTY SHERIFF; AND HELEN LAIDRICH, REPORTER.
THERE WERE NO BUREAU PERSONNEL PRESENT OR CONNECTED WITH THIS
INTERVIEW. IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT DALLAS AND NEW YORK WILL
INSTITUTE AN EXPEDITE INVESTIGATION TO OBTAIN THE DESIRED
INFORMATION. THE INVESTIGATION MUST INCLUDE A THOROUGH INTERVIEW
OF ALL PERSONS PRESENT WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PERSONNEL OF THE
PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ITSELF. NEW YORK WILL INTERVIEW DOROTHY
KILGALLEN AND APPROPRIATE OFFICIALS OF THE QUOTE NEW YORK JOURNAL
DASH AMERICAN UNQUOTE. ANY LEADS NECESSARY TO LOCATE THESE
PERSONS AND ANY LOGICAL LEADS ARISING FROM THE INTERVIEWS MUST
BE SET OUT BY TELETYPE AND HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY. ADVISE ALL
PERSONS INTERVIEWED THAT THE INVESTIGATION IS BEING CONDUCTED AT
THE SPECIFIC REQUEST OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. SUBMIT RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION BY
LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT'S
COMMISSION NO LATER THAN AUGUST TWENTY SIX NEXT.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE

Handwritten initials and scribbles

FBI

Date: 8/17/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. DeLoach _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Bishop _____
 Mr. Casper _____
 Mr. Callahan _____
 Mr. Conrad _____
 Mr. Felt _____
 Mr. Gale _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Sullivan _____
 Mr. Tavel _____
 Mr. Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Miss Holmes _____
 Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (REC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
 JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
 DALLAS, TEXAS
 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
 (OO:DL)

ReBuairtel 8/13/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four
 copies, for Dallas two copies, for Oklahoma City one copy
 and Richmond one copy of LHM captioned and dated as above.

Mr. ALLAN W. CROWLEY, Washington Representative for
 the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman," was inter-
 viewed at his office in Room 905, National Press Building,
 by SA CARL W. BUCHHOLZ.

In view of the fact Mr. CROWLEY has indicated that
 SETH KANTOR, Scripts-Howard Newspaper Correspondent, has been
 previously interviewed by the FBI, WFO will hold in abeyance
 an interview with Mr. KANTOR. The Bureau and Dallas will
 advise if KANTOR has previously been interviewed in regard
 to this matter and will advise WFO if it is believed necessary
 that KANTOR should be interviewed.

ENCLOSURE

- 1 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
- 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2) (AM)
- 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) (Enc. 1) (Info) (AM)
- 1 - Richmond (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 1 - WFO

CWB:ceb
 (8)

2 cc LHM for Press Comm. let
 RPR:las 8-20-64

AIRTEL

ENCLOSURE

VGR

18 AUG 21 1964

UNREC

6-1

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

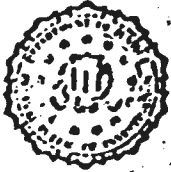
Man Per _____

ORIGINAL FILE IN 62-109060-365

WFO 89-75

For the information of the Bureau and Dallas the "Congressional Directory" on Page 761 reflects Mr. SETH KANTOR as the Washington Representative for the "Houston Press", "El Paso Herald-Post" and "Ft. Worth Press". His home address is listed as 4325 Maple Avenue, Bethesda, Md. This directory indicates that Mr. KANTOR's office is at 1013 13th Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

Information copies of instant airtel and LHM to Oklahoma City and Richmond as investigation may develop in these divisions.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C. 20535

August 17, 1964

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

On July 29, 1964, the following Western Union Telegram from Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma, was addressed to James Lee Rankin, care Warren Commission, Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, D. C.: "Allan Cromley, Washington Bureau, Daily Oklahoma, can testify to Ruby's presence Parkland Hospital."

By letter dated August 11, 1964, J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) a copy of the telegram received from Shirley Martin and requested the conducting of appropriate investigation to determine whether or not Mr. Allan Cromley has any information of value to the Commission.

On August 17, 1964, Mr. Allan W. Cromley, Washington Representative for the "Oklahoma City Times" and the "Daily Oklahoman" was interviewed in his office, Room 905, National Press Building, Washington, D. C., by a Special Agent of the FBI.

Mr. Cromley recalled on November 22, 1963, he was in Dallas, Texas, covering the trip of President Kennedy as a newspaper reporter. He stated at the time word was received that President Kennedy had been shot he was at the auditorium expecting momentarily the arrival of President Kennedy where he was to make a speech.

Mr. Cromley stated that he and a number of reporters left the auditorium and proceeded immediately to the Parkland Memorial Hospital. Later at the hospital he and other reporters received the word of President Kennedy's death.

W. J. J. J.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY**

Mr. Cromley stated that he did not know Jack L. Ruby, at the time of President Kennedy's death, had not previously known of or had seen Ruby and would not have known him if he had seen him at the Parkland Hospital.

As an explanation as to Shirley Martin having information that Mr. Cromley could testify as to Ruby's presence at the Parkland Hospital, Mr. Cromley recalled a series of articles appearing in the "Oklahoma City Times" captioned, "The Plot to Kill a President." Mr. Cromley stated that this series of articles was prepared by Jim Standard and Staff Writers. The information for this series was furnished by a number of newspaper correspondents. Chapter Seven of this series which appeared in the "Oklahoma City Times" on Saturday, December 21, 1963, mentions that Jack L. Ruby was at the Parkland Memorial Hospital. Mr. Cromley recalled that information had been received from Mr. Seth Kantor, a Scripts-Howard Newspaper Correspondent, presently covering the White House in Washington, D. C., that he, Mr. Kantor, had personally observed Ruby at the Parkland Hospital on November 22, 1963. Mr. Cromley stated that Mr. Kantor was formerly a reporter for the "Dallas Times Herald" from approximately 1960 to 1962 and had personal knowledge of Jack Ruby prior to the assassination of the President.

Mr. Cromley feels that Shirley Martin knew that Cromley had been in Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963, and possibly read the series of articles in the "Oklahoma City Times" describing Ruby's presence at the hospital. He feels that Shirley Martin made the statement regarding Cromley's knowledge of Ruby's presence at the hospital due to those facts.

44-24016 - UNREC

August 20, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 11, 1964, requesting we interview Mr. Allan W. Cromley concerning an allegation made by Mrs. Shirley Martin of Hominy, Oklahoma.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Washington, D. C., Office dated August 17, 1964, containing the results of Mr. Cromley's interview.

With regard to Mr. Seth Kantor referred to in the enclosed communication, your attention is directed to the results of our investigation of Mr. Kantor's allegation which have been previously furnished to you and can be located in the following Dallas reports of Special Agent Manning C. Clements, captioned "Jack L. Ruby, aka., Lee Harvey Oswald, aka. - Victim (deceased), Civil Rights":

Report dated December 11, 1963,
Pages 431 to 438

Report dated December 21, 1963,
Page 323

Report dated January 17, 1964,
Pages 163 to 167

Report dated January 31, 1964,
Pages 146 to 147

- 1 - Dallas (89-43) Enc.
 - 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) Enc.
 - 1 - Richmond (89-34) Enc.
 - 1 - WFO (89-75) Enc.
- RDR:las (15)

62-109060

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- ① - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SAC, DALLAS
OKLAHOMA CITY, RICHMOND AND WFO

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

79 AUG 25 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-3651

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Report dated February 18, 1964,
Pages 49 to 53

Report dated June 26, 1964,
Pages 223 to 227.

In addition to the above information concerning Mr. Kantor appears in the Dallas report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated December 10, 1963, captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, aka., IS - R - Cuba," from Pages 33 to 37.

No further action is being taken in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SACS, DALLAS, OKLAHOMA CITY, RICHMOND AND WFO:
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuairtel 8-13-64 and WFOairtel and enclosed
LHM dated 8-17-64.

Enclosed for receiving offices is one copy of
revised page 2 of re WFO LHM. Handle your copy accordingly.

NOTE: Shirley Martin, Hominy, Oklahoma, advised the Commission by telegram 7-29-64, that Cromley, Washington representative of 2 Oklahoma newspapers could "testify" that Ruby was at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas, at the time President Kennedy was receiving emergency treatment. Martin is a prolific letter writing "bright nut" who was the subject of SAC Letter 64-23 (B), dated 4-28-64, based on her continuing campaign of vilification of the Director and the FBI. This is our 23rd

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE THREE

letter to the President's Commission relating to information initiated by Martin and she is wrong again, as Cromley denies ever knowing Ruby and claims on 11-22-63, he wouldn't have known Ruby even if he saw him at the hospital. Cromley claims this rumor originated with another reporter Seth Kantor. Kantor still persists he saw and spoke with Ruby at the hospital. We have conducted extensive investigation of Kantor's claim and have never been able to substantiate it and in fact, our investigation fairly well establishes that Ruby was at another location in Dallas, making it almost impossible for him to be at the hospital. The Commission has been furnished full details on our investigation of the Kantor allegation in the above reports. No further action appears necessary.

FBI

Date: 8/6/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIR MAIL, REGISTERED

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel, 7/31/64, and Commission letter, 7/30/64, concerning identification of the individual who furnished results of Polygraph examination of RUBY on July 18, 1964, to "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper resulting in the publication of an article in this paper on July 22, 1964, attributed to its "Washington Bureau."

Dallas teletype 8/3/64, furnished results of interview with FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor, "The Dallas Times Herald." MC KNIGHT declined to reveal his source, pending his contact with such source. He advised he has been unable to contact his source, to-date. In this connection, it is known defense attorney JOE H. TONAHILL, Jasper, Texas, has been in New York City and check with his office on August 6, 1964, disclosed he has not yet returned.

CLAYTON FOWLER, defense attorney, has denied he furnished the information to anyone which could have released the material to the press. FOWLER stated he does not know who was responsible, but stated in his opinion no one with FBI, the Commission, Dallas Sheriff's Office, Dr. BEAVERS, the court reporter or attorney TONAHILL was

Enc. (5) ENCLOSURE
AIR MAIL, REGISTERED
MCC/ds
(5)

REC-15

8 AUG 1964

C.C. 177ch
Approved _____

AUG 25 1964

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M Per _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 67-51496 94-8-614

1947

DL 44-1639

responsible, although stating he could not be positive as to TONAHILL. Noting he had excluded everyone except Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, FOWLER said he does not know ALEXANDER was responsible, but inferred such was possible. T.V.C.

Interviews are proceeding with Dr. BEAVERS and the court reporter. Contact will be maintained with TONAHILL's office in order that he may be interviewed. Other possible interviews will be deferred pending re-contact with FELIX R. MC KNIGHT as to the willingness of his source to be identified.

Enclosed are the original and four copies of an affidavit executed by SA W. JAMES WOOD in which he specifically denies furnishing information to anyone outside the scope of his duties. A letterhead memorandum will follow when inquiries are completed.

AFFIDAVIT

Dallas, Texas
August 5, 1964

I, W. James Wood, being duly sworn, depose as follows:

I am a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, U. S. Department of Justice, and have been so employed since March 15, 1948.

On Saturday, July 18, 1964, I was present in a jury room at the Dallas County Jail when a polygraph examination was afforded Jack L. Ruby. Others present, in addition to Jack Ruby and me, were Bell P. Herndon, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who was the polygraph operator; Assistant Counsel Arlen Specter of the Presidential Commission; E. L. Holman, Dallas County Sheriff's Office and Chief Jailer; Clayton Fowler and Joe H. Tonahill, defense attorneys; Assistant District Attorney William F. Alexander; Dr. William R. Beavers; and Court Reporter Odell Oliver.

I have read a newspaper article in the "Dallas Times-Herald" for July 22, 1964, which purports to be a question-and-answer statement of the polygraph examination afforded Ruby, and purports to have emanated from the Washington Bureau of the "Dallas Times-Herald."

At no time did I discuss the proceedings of the polygraph examination with anyone outside the scope of my official duties,

Page 2

or outside the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Specifically,
I never discussed this matter with any representative of the
"Dallas Times-Herald" or of any of the other news media.

W. James Wood
W. James Wood, Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this
Fifth day of August, 1964.

Notary Public
Dallas County, Texas

AFFIDAVIT

I, Bell P. Herndon, Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, being duly sworn, hereby make the following free and voluntary statement that on Saturday, July 18, 1964, at the Dallas County Jail, Dallas, Texas, I as a polygraph examiner afforded Jack L. Ruby a polygraph examination in accordance with arrangements made by Mr. Arlen Specter of the President's Commission on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Present during the proceedings were Mr. Arlen Specter; Attorneys Clayton Fowler and Joe Tonahill, representing Mr. Ruby; Mr. William Alexander, representing the District Attorney's Office; Dr. William R. Beavers, Mr. Ruby's psychiatrist; Special Agent W. James Wood of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; Chief Jailer E. L. Holman of the Sheriff's Office and a court reporter, Odell Oliver. Also present during the early preliminaries of the proceedings was Allan L. Sweatt, chief criminal deputy and polygraph operator for Dallas County, Texas.

From my recollection, the only individuals taking rather detailed notes with regard to the polygraph interrogation were myself, as the polygraph examiner; Special Agent Wood of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; the court reporter and Mr. William Alexander of the District Attorney's Office. I emphatically and categorically deny divulging any information to unauthorized persons with regard to the above proceedings.

Signed Bill P. Herndon

Sworn to and subscribed before me on August 6, 1964 at

Lexington, Kentucky

Signed

Edward E. Ralston

Title

Special Agent, F.B.I.

Witness:

Douglas J. Roberich

Title

Special Agent, F.B.I.

Lexington, Ky.

157-10

REC-15

44-14016-1947

August 19, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 30, 1964, requesting an investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers on the polygraph examination of Jack Ruby on July 18, 1964.

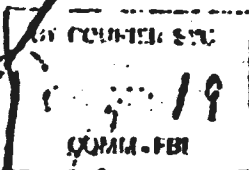
Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 14, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth investigation conducted by this Bureau to date concerning this matter. Also enclosed are two copies each of the affidavits of Special Agents Boll P. Herndon and W. James Wood who participated in the polygraph examination of Ruby.

Miss Odell Oliver, the court reporter who recorded the interview, has been on an extended vacation in Nassau, Bahamas. She will be interviewed promptly upon her return.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

3 XEROX
AUG 25 1964



Enclosures (6)

JWH/cac

(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.

AUG 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

AUG 13 11 02 AM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 19

4 12 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

44-8-674-

62-10000

76415-29

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

NOTE:

At the request of the President's Commission, Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail on 7/18/64 by SAs Herndon and Wood. The questions used in the examination were prepared by the Commission and all arrangements as to who would be present were made by the President's Commission. On 7/22/64 "The Dallas Times Herald" printed an article which set forth what was purported to be the complete questions and answers from the polygraph examination and the President's Commission by letter 7/30/64 requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers which were published. We interviewed all persons present during the interview with the exception of the President's Commission's representative and the court reporter, and all denied releasing the information. The Agents furnished affidavits denying release of any information. Officials of "The Dallas Times Herald" declined to reveal their source of information.

FBI

Date: 8/14/64

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel dated 7/31/64, which transmitted Commission's letter of 7/30/64 requesting investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of RUBY.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating results of interviews with FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Editor, "The Dallas Times Herald"; CLAYTON FOWLER and JOE TOMAHILL, Defense Attorneys; HENRY M. WADE and WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, District Attorney and Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, respectively; Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, Psychiatrist, and ERNEST L. HOLMAN, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Jail.

Miss ODELL OLIVER, Court Reporter, has been on extended vacation in Nassau, Bahamas, and not available for interview. The affidavit of Special Agent W. JAMES WOOD has been furnished to the Bureau heretofore. Miss OLIVER will be interviewed upon her return to Dallas.

ENCLOSURE

③ - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

C. C. WICK

XEROX

REC/jtf

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79 AUG 26 1964

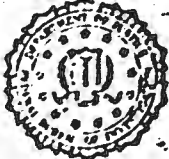
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Special Agent in Charge

62-51494
74-82614-



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 14, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter July 30, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby.

Attached hereto are reports of interviews of Felix R. McKnight, Editor, "The Dallas Times Herald"; Clayton Fowler and Joe Tonahill, Defense Attorneys; Henry M. Wade and William F. Alexander, District Attorney and Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, respectively; Dr. William Robert Beavers, Psychiatrist, and Ernest L. Holman, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Jail.

Miss Odell Oliver, Court Reporter, has been on extended vacation and not available for interview.

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ENCLOSURE

Date August 7, 19641

FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper, advised on August 3, 1964, that information furnished to his newspaper concerning the questions and answers of a polygraph examination of JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, was given to the newspaper in confidence and he could not, therefore, divulge the source.

Mr. MC KNIGHT stated he could say the information did not come from anyone in an official Federal or State agency. He said he would contact his source on August 4, 1964, in an effort to, certain if the source would agree either to MC KNIGHT furnishing source's identity or else having the source contact the FBI and furnish the information.

On August 6, 1964, Mr. MC KNIGHT stated he had contacted the source who had furnished the information in question. He stated the source did not wish his identity divulged and he felt he could not, therefore, reveal the name of the source.

Mr. MC KNIGHT was asked again if what he had previously advised, that the source was not anyone in a Federal or State agency, was true. He stated he wished to correct this statement by saying that he could positively state the information did not come from anyone in the FBI or the President's Commission, but that he would not go further as to elimination of anyone else.

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8/3/64 and
on 8/6/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1369
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN : sif Date dictated 8/6/64

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Date 8/4/64

1

Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER on interview at his office was asked whether or not he furnished information to any news facility, newspaper, or reported concerning information as to the questions propounded to JACK RUBY or the answers given by him when RUBY was questioned through the use of a polygraph machine.

Mr. FOWLER stated he did not furnish any information concerning the interview of RUBY with the polygraph machine to anyone or any organization that could have been responsible for the publication of such information.

Mr. FOWLER was then asked if he knew who had furnished such information. He replied that he did not know who furnished the information, however, he is certain in his mind that it was not anyone connected with either the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the President's Commission, or the Dallas Sheriff's Department. He further stated he is certain information was not furnished by Dr. BEAVERS or by the stenographer who recorded the interview. He stated he does not believe that Mr. TONAHILL furnished any such information although he cannot be positive of this.

It was called to Mr. FOWLER's attention at this time that he had excluded everyone except Mr. BILL ALEXANDER of the Dallas District Attorney's Office.

Mr. FOWLER stated he was aware of this and added that he does not know that Mr. ALEXANDER furnished the information but he feels that everyone else who had access to the information can be eliminated.

Mr. FOWLER stated it was agreed in advance of the interview that the information would not be disclosed and it was at the request of JACK RUBY that Mr. ALEXANDER and Mr. TONAHILL were requested not to be present during the polygraph examination. He added, however, that the questions to be propounded to RUBY were prepared in advance and it was agreed that these questions would be read to RUBY prior to the time that the polygraph machine was brought into use. RUBY was not to answer the questions at this time. However, when these questions were

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on 8/3/64 2 1973 Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON:vmDate dictated 8/3/64

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read to RUBY, and some of them were read two or three times, RUBY would answer most of them and both ALEXANDER and TONAHILL were present at the time and ALEXANDER was making notes as to the questions and answers. He does not recall whether or not Mr. TONAHILL was making notes as to these questions and answers. It was, therefore, possible for Mr. ALEXANDER to have detailed notes as to the questions and as to the answers given by RUBY while the polygraph machine was not in operation.

Date 8/10/641

Mr. JOE TONAHILL, Attorney, was interviewed and he advised he wanted to categorically state that he had nothing to do with releasing the text of a polygraph test given to JACK RUBY by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on July 18, 1964, at the request of the President's Commission. Mr. TONAHILL related that he was upset by the release of this test to the press because certain questions were asked of JACK RUBY which were inclined to reflect on the surface that there was premeditation involved in RUBY's shooting LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. TONAHILL stated that prior to the time of the test and during the formulation of the questions which were to be asked of RUBY, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER of Dallas, Texas, was highly interested in questions being phrased that would be asked RUBY whereby premeditation would be shown. Mr. TONAHILL stated that Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER knows very well that there are many reversible errors in the record of the trial of JACK RUBY and that it is highly likely that RUBY will have to be tried over at a later date. He stated that it is his opinion that ALEXANDER caused the transcript of the test to be released to the press.

Mr. TONAHILL stated he did not take notes during the course of this test but that he personally observed ALEXANDER writing down the questions and then writing down the answers RUBY gave, which answers RUBY gave prior to being placed on the polygraph machine.

Mr. TONAHILL stated he would be willing to be questioned under oath or any other way relative to the leaks of the polygraph test to "The Dallas Times Herald."

TONAHILL stated that although it was his personal opinion that WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER may have caused the results of the polygraph test to be leaked he had no proof that ALEXANDER did this or caused this information to be leaked to "The Dallas Times Herald."

TONAHILL stated he did not know of his own knowledge nor had he heard how the results of this polygraph test were given to "The Dallas Times Herald."

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on 21 JAN 2 1973 at Jasper, Texas

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Date 8/11/641

HENRY M. WADE, Dallas County District Attorney, was interviewed in his office at Dallas, Texas. Mr. WADE stated he had compared the transcript, furnished by Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, with notes he had taken during the preliminary questions that were asked of JACK RUBY by the President's Commission on July 18, 1964, dealing with the polygraph test and the article appearing in "The Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, which article allegedly contained the results of this test.

Mr. WADE advised that it was his opinion that ALEXANDER could not have given this information to "The Dallas Times Herald" since it appeared to him that it was a verbatim transcript and that the memorandum which ALEXANDER had submitted to him was more or less summarizing the questions and answers that were asked of RUBY on July 18, 1964, prior to the actual giving of the polygraph test. Mr. WADE stated he had no idea as to who might have released this information to "The Dallas Times Herald."

EXHIBIT 105-11705

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on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN and
ROBERT J. BURNETT:vm Date dictated 8/10/64

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Date 8/11/64

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Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas, advised that he represented the District Attorney's office in Dallas County at the time the representative of the President's Commission came to Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, for the purpose of giving a polygraph test to JACK RUBY. ALEXANDER related that this test was given by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Prior to the actual test, the questions were formulated and were read to RUBY whereby, as best as ALEXANDER remembers, RUBY answered the questions. ALEXANDER stated he did not take down the questions verbatim nor did he take down the answers verbatim but summarized same.

Mr. ALEXANDER advised that when the tests were actually given to RUBY, defense counsel, JOE TONAHILL, and he, ALEXANDER, left the room and, as best as he could remember, the President's Commission representative, two Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents, a court reporter, Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, and the Dallas County jailer, as well as CLAYTON FOWLER, counsel for RUBY, stayed in the room where these tests were being given. On Monday morning, July 20, 1964, he directed a memorandum to District Attorney HENRY M. WADE setting forth a summary of the events that transpired from his notes and his memory and discussed this with Mr. WADE.

Mr. ALEXANDER related that he compared his notes with the transcript of the questions and answers of "The Dallas Times Herald" which appeared to him to be the verbatim transcript of the questions asked of RUBY and the answers RUBY gave. In addition, in "The Dallas Times Herald," RUBY, in answering some of the questions, had attempted to explain his answers. ALEXANDER stated this was not done in his presence. ALEXANDER stated he could categorically state that he did not know how "The Dallas Times Herald" obtained the transcript of RUBY's polygraph test and that he did not give this to "The Dallas Times Herald" nor did he have any knowledge as to how "The Dallas Times Herald" obtained this transcript. ALEXANDER stated it was his personal opinion that the transcript came from someone who either had a recorder on his person or took shorthand notes. ALEXANDER stated he wanted to reiterate that he did not give or cause the results of this

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polygraph test to be given to the news media or to anyone else. He advised he had no knowledge as to who did release this information.

Date 8/7/641

Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, Psychiatrist, Parkland Memorial Hospital, advised that recently he was present when RUBY was given a polygraph test by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Dr. BEAVERS stated he deliberately took no notes during any of the time that he was present during the course of preliminary tests and actual tests of JACK RUBY on the polygraph.

Dr. BEAVERS stated he could categorically state that he did not relay any information or discuss any information concerning this polygraph test with anyone and certainly did not release it or cause it to be released to any news media. Dr. BEAVERS stated he did not know the identity of the individual who may have released same to the news media. Dr. BEAVERS pointed out that as far as he could recall the only people who took notes during the course of the polygraph test were a member of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a court reporter, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, and Defense Counsel CLINTON FOWLER. He stated he did not observe anyone else taking notes and believed if they had been taking notes he would have noticed it.

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1848: 1849: 1850: 1851: 1852: 1853: 1854: 1855: 1856: 1857: 1858: 1859: 1860: 1861: 1862: 1863: 1864: 1865: 1866: 1867: 1868: 1869: 1870: 1871: 1872: 1873: 1874: 1875: 1876: 1877: 1878: 1879: 1880: 1881: 1882: 1883: 1884: 1885: 1886: 1887: 1888: 1889: 1890: 1891: 1892: 1893: 1894: 1895: 1896: 1897: 1898: 1899: 1900: 1901: 1902: 1903: 1904: 1905: 1906: 1907: 1908: 1909: 1910: 1911: 1912: 1913: 1914: 1915: 1916: 1917: 1918: 1919: 1920: 1921: 1922: 1923: 1924: 1925: 1926: 1927: 1928: 1929: 1930: 1931: 1932: 1933: 1934: 1935: 1936: 1937: 1938: 1939: 1940: 1941: 1942: 1943: 1944: 1945: 1946: 1947: 1948: 1949: 1950: 1951: 1952: 1953: 1954: 1955: 1956: 1957: 1958: 1959: 1960: 1961: 1962: 1963: 1964: 1965: 1966: 1967: 1968: 1969: 1970: 1971: 1972: 1973: 1974: 1975: 1976: 1977: 1978: 1979: 1980: 1981: 1982: 1983: 1984: 1985: 1986: 1987: 1988: 1989: 1990: 1991: 1992: 1993: 1994: 1995: 1996: 1997: 1998: 1999: 2000: 2001: 2002: 2003: 2004: 2005: 2006: 2007: 2008: 2009: 2010: 2011: 2012: 2013: 2014: 2015: 2016: 2017: 2018: 2019: 2020: 2021: 2022: 2023: 2024: 2025: 2026: 2027: 2028: 2029: 2030: 2031: 2032: 2033: 2034: 2035: 2036: 2037: 2038: 2039: 2040: 2041: 2042: 2043: 2044: 2045: 2046: 2047: 2048: 2049: 2050: 2051: 2052: 2053: 2054: 2055: 2056: 2057: 2058: 2059: 2060: 2061: 2062: 2063: 2064: 2065: 2066: 2067: 2068: 2069: 2070: 2071: 2072: 2073: 2074: 2075: 2076: 2077: 2078: 2079: 2080: 2081: 2082: 2083: 2084: 2085: 2086: 2087: 2088: 2089: 2090: 2091: 2092: 2093: 2094: 2095: 2096: 2097: 2098: 2099: 2100: 2101: 2102: 2103: 2104: 2105: 2106: 2107: 2108: 2109: 2110: 2111: 2112: 2113: 2114: 2115: 2116: 2117: 2118: 2119: 2120: 2121: 2122: 2123: 2124: 2125: 2126: 2127: 2128: 2129: 2130: 2131: 2132: 2133: 2134: 2135: 2136: 2137: 2138: 2139: 2140: 2141: 2142: 2143: 2144: 2145: 2146: 2147: 2148: 2149: 2150: 2151: 2152: 2153: 2154: 2155: 2156: 2157: 2158: 2159: 2160: 2161:

Date 8/11/64

Mr. ERNEST L. HOLMAN, also known as E. L. HOLMAN, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Jail, advised he was instructed by Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER to make JACK RUBY available on July 18, 1964, for a polygraph test in Judge FRANK WILSON's jury quarters, located on the seventh floor of the Dallas County Court House.

He stated that he brought RUBY to this jury room about 1:00 P.M. and remained with him at all times except during a recess of about thirty minutes at approximately 7:30 P.M. when he, HOLMAN, went to the jail kitchen to get ice water and coffee. He was gone for approximately ten minutes during this recess. JOE TONAHILL took RUBY into another room in the jury quarters for a conference and HOLMAN asked Deputy Sheriff SMITH, a patrolman for the Dallas County Sheriff's Office, to stand guard while he was gone.

Mr. HOLMAN stated that the first set of questions was presumed to have been written out by the Commission's attorney, ARLEN SPECTER, and the FBI polygraph operator prior to the time he arrived in the room with RUBY. The second set of questions was prepared during the recess at 7:30 P.M. by Mr. SPECTER and the polygraph operator.

HOLMAN stated present in the room on his arrival were Mr. SPECTER, FBI polygraph operator HERNDON, FBI Agent W. JAMES WOOD, Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER, Mr. JOE TONAHILL, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, and Court Reporter ODELL OLIVER.

HOLMAN advised that these questions which had been prepared were agreed upon by Mr. ALEXANDER and Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER after FOWLER went on record as being opposed to the polygraph examination and after also advising JACK RUBY.

HOLMAN advised that during the time the questions were being asked RUBY prior to placing him on the polygraph, he, HOLMAN, observed the court reporter, ALEXANDER, FOWLER and Agent WOOD making notations.

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/ds Date dictated 8/10/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

2

DL 44-1639

HOLMAN stated that after the completion of the polygraph test, which was concluded about 9:30 P.M., he returned RUBY to his jail cell and then returned to the jury quarters, and at that time attorneys SPECTER, FOWLER and TONAHILL were questioning Dr. BEAVERS concerning RUBY's reactions to the questions.

Mr. HOLMAN stated he did not furnish this information to "The Dallas Times Herald" and, further, he could furnish no information as to the identity of the person furnishing "The Dallas Times Herald" the questions and answers used in the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 21 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI LOS ANG.

730 PM URGENT 8/21/64 AH

TO DIRECTOR 44-24016, LAS VEGAS, CLEVELAND, AND
DALLAS 44-1639

FROM LOS ANGELES 44-895 3P

JACK L. RUDY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH

VICTIM. CIVIL RIGHTS. OO: DALLAS.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL TO DALLAS AND LOS ANGELES, AUGUST

NINETEEN LAST.

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY, BY LETTER TO DIRECTOR, FBI, DATED
JULY TWENTY THREE LAST, REQUESTED REPORT OF ALL EXISTING LONG
DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS MADE TO TELEPHONES LISTED TO MR.
HARRY OLSEN AND MRS. HARRY OLSEN FAREN KATHIE KAY COLEMAN
UNPAPER, FORMERLY OF THREE TWO FIVE NORTH EWING STREET, DALLAS,
TEXAS, WHO NOW RESIDE AT THREE ONE FIVE OBISPO AVENUE,
APARTMENT TWELVE, LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA. THE LETTER POINTED
OUT MR. AND MRS. OLSEN CURRENTLY CONDUCTS DOCTORS BUSINESS
BUREAU, ROOM ONE FIVE ONE SIX, HARTWELL BUILDING, NINETEEN
PINE AVENUE, LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA, AND REQUESTED THAT

END PAGE ONE

REC 15

58 SEP 3 1964

73 AUG 26 1964

WAS

cc. H. H. H.

1949

F-1

6

PAGE TWO

INVESTIGATION BE CONDUCTED WITHOUT ALERTING MR. AND MRS. OLSEN.

THE BUREAU FORWARDED COPIES OF ABOVE LETTER TO LOS ANGELES AND REQUESTED THAT OLSEN-S TELEPHONE CALLS COVERING TIME THEY MOVED TO CALIFORNIA TO DATE BE OBTAINED AND THAT RESULTS BE SUBMITTED BY LHM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION.

INFORMATION PROVIDED BY [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] GENERAL TELEPHONE COMPANY, TWO ZERO TWO ZERO SANTA MONICA BOULEVARD, SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA, ON AUGUST TWELVE LAST, TO SA EDWARD L. OLSEN, DISCLOSED THE FOLLOWING:

HARRY W. OLSEN, THREE ONE FIVE OBISPO, APARTMENT TWELVE, LONG BEACH FOURTEEN, CALIFORNIA, HAS NON PUBLISHED TELEPHONE NUMBER FOUR THREE THREE DASH SIX TWO EIGHT NINE, WHICH WAS INSTALLED APRIL TWENTY LAST. THERE WERE NO TOLL CALLS FROM THIS TELEPHONE SUBSEQUENT TO INSTALLATION EXCEPT TWO CALLS, ONE TO RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA, AND ANOTHER ON JULY SEVENTEEN LAST, TO LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TELEPHONE NUMBER SEVEN THREE FIVE DASH NINE ONE ONE ONE, DURATION OF CALL THREE MINUTES, COST EIGHT FIVE CENTS.

THE DOCTORS BUSINESS BUREAU, HARTWELL BUILDING, NINETEEN
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

FIVE AVENUE, BOX ONE ZERO ZERO SIX, LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA, HAS TELEPHONE NUMBER NINE FIVE DASH SIX THREE ONE FIVE, AND TOLL CALLS MADE FROM THIS TELEPHONE DURING PERIOD FROM DECEMBER, SIXTY THREE, THROUGH JULY THIRTEEN SIXTY FOUR, INCLUDE CALL ON DECEMBER TWENTY SEVEN SIXTY THREE, TO GREEN CAMP OHIO, NUMBER CALLED LA EIGHT DASH SEVEN FOUR FOUR FIVE, DURATION OF CALL ONE FIFTEEN, CHARGES TWO DOLLARS TEN CENTS...

BY AIRTEL TO LOS ANGELES, AUGUST NINETEEN LAST, BUREAU REQUESTED THAT SUBSCRIBERS TO NUMBERS CALLED BE IDENTIFIED, THAT AMENDED PAGES IDENTIFYING THESE SUBSCRIBERS BE SUBMITTED BY RETURN MAIL, AND THAT MATTER BE HANDLED EXPEDITIOUSLY. CLEVELAND AND LAS VEGAS HANDLE ABOVE MENTIONED CALLS TO GREEN CAMP, OHIO, AND LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, RESPECTIVELY.

LISTINGS BEING OBTAINED BY LOS ANGELES FROM LOS ANGELES TELEPHONE COMPANIES WHO ARE HANDLING AS EXPEDITIOUSLY AS POSSIBLE, BUT DUE TO VOLUME MAY NOT COMPLETE BEFORE WEDNESDAY, NEXT, AUGUST TWENTY SIX. AMENDED PAGES WILL BE SUBMITTED IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF SUBSCRIBERS FROM TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

END

CV, CL AND LV TO BE ADVISED

ZA WDS

FBI WASH DC

P

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

1-57 PH EDST 8/24/64 URGENT BVW

TO DIRECTOR (44-24015), LOS ANGELES (44-895), AND DALLAS
(44-1639)

FROM CLEVELAND (44-265)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, CR.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO BUREAU, LAS VEGAS, CLEVELAND,
AND DALLAS, DATED AUG. TWENTYONE LAST.

NO SUCH TELEPHONE NUMBER AS LA EIGHT DASH SEVEN FOUR FOUR
FIVE EXISTED IN DEC. SIXTYTHREE OR AT PRESENT TIME IN GREEN
CAMP, OHIO.

LOS ANGELES DETERMINE IF NUMBER IS CORRECT.

NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED BY CLEVELAND.

END

VA SXC

FBI WASH DC

LA RCS

FBI LOS ANG.

DL MCS

FBI DALLAS

TU DISC333 878 J XX

79 AUG 26 1964

REC-15

1950

100-15

6-21

AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

1-26 AM CST URGENT 8-24-64 NCB

TO DIRECTOR 44-24016

FROM DALLAS 44-1539

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, (DECEASED) DASH VICTIM.

CR.

RE BUREAU TELS TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK, AUGUST TWENTY LAST.

AMONG PERSONS REFLECTED PRESENT DURING THE INTERVIEW BY CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN WITH JACK L. RUBY WAS ELMER W. MOORE, SPECIAL AGENT, U.S. SECRET SERVICE. MOORE IS PRESENTLY ON DETACHED SERVICE FROM U.S. SECRET SERVICE WITH THE PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION IN WASHINGTON, D. C., AND HAD BEEN SINCE ITS BEGINNING ACCORDING TO U.S. SECRET SERVICE OFFICE, DALLAS, TEXAS. IN VIEW OF FACT THAT MOORE MAY BE CONSIDERED AS PERSONNEL OF PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION, NO LEAD IS BEING SET FORTH TO INTERVIEW HIM UNLESS BUREAU FEELS IT IS DESIRABLE TO HAVE INTERVIEW CONDUCTED. IF SO, BUREAU INSTRUCT WFO.

REC 4/11 1951

OKS

FBI WASH DC

P

ST-104

79 AUG 27 1964

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Hines

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, MEMPHIS (44-413)
 REC 8
 FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM, CR.

REPLAIRTEL TO NEWARK AUGUST TWENTY TWO LAST. LEADS SET OUT
IN REFERENCED AIRTEL TO INTERVIEW ROBERT G. STOREY IN CONNECTION
WITH THIS MATTER MUST BE CONSIDERED AS/EXCEPTION TO CURRENT BUREAU
INSTRUCTIONS NOT TO CONDUCT ANY INTERVIEWS/AT ATLANTIC CITY DURING
THE COURSE OF THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. EVERY EFFORT MUST BE
MADE TO IMMEDIATELY CONTACT STOREY AND ADVISE HIM OF THE BUREAU'S
DESIRE TO INTERVIEW HIM AT THE SPECIFIC REQUEST OF THE PRESIDENT'S
COMMISSION AND IF HE DOES NOT DESIRE TO BE INTERVIEWED WHILE THE
CONVENTION IS IN PROGRESS, DETERMINE FROM HIM WHERE HE CAN BE
LOCATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE CONCLUSION OF THE CONVENTION AND MAKE
APPROPRIATE ARRANGEMENTS FOR HIM TO BE INTERVIEWED AT THAT TIME
WITHOUT FURTHER DELAY.

JHU/1-03
(3)

SEE FOREIGN PAGE TWO.

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 25 1964

TELETYPE

FBI

Date: 8/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

CO: DALLAS

ReButel 8/20/64, one copy of which is herewith
enclosed for information of Newark Office.

Mr. ROBERT G. STOREY, Counsel, presently on vacation
and whereabouts unknown. Mr. STOREY's office, however, states
he will arrive in Atlantic City, New Jersey, on Tuesday,
8/25/64, to attend the Democratic National Convention and will
be there through Thursday, 8/27/64. Mr. STOREY will then
continue his vacation. It is imperative Mr. STOREY be con-
tacted during that period for interview. He will be staying
at Haddon Hall in Atlantic City.

LEADS

NEWARK

AT ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY. Contact Mr. ROBERT G.
STOREY at Haddon Hall for interview in accordance with Bureau
instructions contained in enclosed referenced teletype.

3 - Bureau
2 - Newark (Enc. 1)
2 - Dallas
VED:rnk
(7)

REC 8

4 AUG 25 1964

ST-10

C. C. Wick

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

NOTE:

The Commission on 8/20/64 requested that we conduct an expedite investigation to determine how the transcript of the Commission's interview of Ruby on 6/7/64 got into possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York - Journal American" for publication on 8/18/64. Robert G. Storey was one of the attorneys present during this interview of Ruby by the President's Commission and must be interviewed without delay. Dallas states that Storey is attending the Democratic Convention from 9/25/64 through 8/27/64 after which he plans to continue on his vacation. Unless he is contacted at the Convention and interviewed or arrangements made for interview, it may be several weeks before the vacation is completed and he can be located for interview.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 25 1964

TELETYPE

August 23, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 11, 1964, regarding Mr. John Paracelsus of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Philadelphia Office dated August 21, 1964, containing the results of our efforts to identify and locate Mr. Paracelsus.

In view of the limited background information on Mr. Paracelsus and the fact that logical efforts to locate him have been negative, no further action is being taken unless advised to the contrary by you.

62-109060

1 - 62-109060 (President's
Commission)
1 - 44-24916 (Jack L. Ruby)
VLR:lag
(11)

Sincerely yours,

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
190 AUG 26 1964

Enclosure (2)

NOTE: Paracelsus sent a letter to Senator Russell (D - Georgia) dated 7-27-64, which was furnished to the Bureau by Commission letter 8-11-64. Paracelsus alleged 4 prominent individuals in the entertainment world possess information concerning the Jack Ruby case. He also mentioned the fact Norman Redlich is on the Commission staff. The Commission requested we locate and interview Paracelsus to determine the nature and extent of his information and no request was made to interview the 4

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

64 SEP 1 1964

62-109060-3666
ORIGINAL FILED IN

prominent individuals. The information supplied by the Commission was extremely limited in that no address for Paracelsus was furnished nor was the transmittal envelope furnished. Philadelphia conducted extensive logical investigation to identify and locate Paracelsus negatively. It is not felt that further investigative effort is warranted and we can specifically advise to the contrary by the Commission, this ends our inquiry.

8-25-64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Portland (89-21)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re: Airtel and enclosed letterhead memorandum dated
8-21-64, relating to the interview of Curtis LaVerne Craford.

The letterhead memorandum submitted by you is in
need of correction. On page 1, paragraph 2, line 1, the
name "Tippit" is incorrectly spelled. A revised page 2 should
be submitted omitting the property stamp and rewording the
first paragraph as follows:

"Craford stated he was employed by Ruby on
November 14, 1963, but he is quite certain he was at the
Vegas Club on that date. Craford had no recollection of
Ruby, Weissman and Tippit meeting at the Carousel Club or
elsewhere on 11-14-63, or on any other date."

The information furnished by Craford is partially
inconsistent with the known facts developed during this
investigation. Bernard Weissman has denied knowing Jack Ruby
or Officer J. D. Tippit and he has denied ever being in Ruby's
Carousel Club. It is further pointed out that Ruby has
admitted knowing one "Tippit" on the Dallas Police Department,
but denied knowing the Officer J. D. Tippit who was murdered
by Lee Harvey Oswald. Ruby also denies knowing Bernard
Weissman. Extensive investigation has been conducted with
regard to an allegation that a meeting took place some time
prior to the assassination attended by Officer J. D. Tippit,
Bernard Weissman and Jack Ruby. However, no reliable informa-
tion has ever been developed substantiating this allegation.

1 - Dallas (44-2106) (Jack L. Ruby)
PLR:lan (10)

CONFIDENTIAL

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

UNREC

NOT RECORDED
199 AUG 29 1964

79 SEP 1 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-3680

Airtel to SAC, Portland
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

In view of the above, it will be necessary that Crawford be reinterviewed with regard to the above discrepancies in his statement. In order to facilitate the reinterview, the following pertinent background data is being furnished:

Crawford arrived in Dallas in approximately October, 1963, where he worked at the county fair and subsequently was employed by Ruby as a handy man. He is an itinerant by nature and left Ruby's employment on 11-23-63, after a disagreement. Crawford has been interviewed on numerous occasions and the Commission has taken a deposition from him. He is not considered reliable, is prone to exaggerate and there is some indication he is enjoying the notoriety.

Weissman arrived in Dallas on 11-4-63, and departed on 11-27-63. He resides in a New York City suburb and was one of several individuals who placed a controversial ad in a Dallas newspaper on 11-22-63, to correspond with President Kennedy's arrival in Dallas. This ad was initiated by members of the John Birch Society. Portland during reinterview of Crawford should specifically pin him down on the specific points he has furnished. In your reinterview of Crawford, you should insure he is not made aware of the above information, but your interview should be conducted in such a manner to elicit from him the following specific information:

1. Does he believe that the "Tippit" referred to by Ruby was in fact Officer J. P. Tippit who was murdered or is there a possibility Ruby could have been referring to another "Tippit."

2. Approximately how many times does he believe Weissman was at the Carousel Club and specifically what basis does he have for identifying Weissman as being a patron of this club.

3. In what connection did Ruby refer to Weissman.

4. All pertinent details concerning these above statements should be thoroughly gone into. For example, Crawford should be asked to describe Weissman. (For your information Weissman is 26, 5' 11", 154 pounds, slender, dark brown hair, brown eyes and fair complexion.)

Airtel to SAC, Portland
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

The Bureau cannot stress too strongly the importance of the allegations made by Crafard inasmuch as they have never been received before. You should determine why Crafard did not previously furnish this information.

The above reinterview should be promptly included in an appropriate letterhead memorandum to act as a supplement to your 8-21-64 letterhead memorandum without property stamp for transmittal to the Bureau without need for correction and/or revision. It is absolutely essential that extreme care be taken in the preparation of this document.

This matter must be immediately handled. The Bureau should be promptly advised of any delays encountered as the Commission is endeavoring to wind up its inquiry at an early date. Insure your letterhead memorandum is transmitted by airtel to facilitate its prompt handling at the Bureau.

NOTE: Commission by letter 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Eric Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Edward Weisman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weisman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weisman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. Although interviewed on numerous occasions Crafard has never furnished the above information. It is apparent his allegations must be promptly checked out. As the results of this matter are received, the Commission is being advised.

Memorandum

XMR

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 8/21/64

FROM:

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: WILLIAM D. CROME aka Bill De Mar

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of a
letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination reflecting
an interview with the above-captioned individual.

UNREC

147-21116-
NOT RECORDED
199 AUG 26 1964

- ② - Bureau (62-109060) (Encls. 6)
1 - New York (89-75)

EWO:lac
(3)

ENCLOSURE

Let L.P. Comm
RDR: S.C. 2/1
8-25-64

AUG 26 1964

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

62-109060-3670



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

August 21, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Assassination of President
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,
November 22, 1963,
Dallas, Texas

William D. Crowe, also known as Bill De Mar,
was interviewed on August 17, 1964 and August 20, 1964,
at Zalkin's Hotel, Greenfield Park, New York.

He was shown photographs of Bernard Weissman
and Officer J. D. Tippit and advised that he did not know
either of these individuals.

Crowe also stated that he had never seen Weissman
or Tippit in the Carousel Bar in Dallas, Texas, and had
never seen either one of them in the company of Jack Ruby.

ENCLOSURE

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Deputy Attorney General.....
 Solicitor General
 Executive Assistant to the Attorney General
 Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust
 Assistant Attorney General, Tax
 Assistant Attorney General, Civil
 Assistant Attorney General, Lands
 Assistant Attorney General, Criminal.....
 Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel.....
 Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security.....
 Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights
 Administrative Assistant Attorney General.....
 Director, FBI.....
 Director, Bureau of Prisons.....
 Director, Office of Alien Property.....
 Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization...
 Pardon Attorney
 Parole Board
 Board of Immigration Appeals
 Special Assistant for Public Information
 Records Administration Office

XXV XXV

For the attention of Mr. Courtney Evans

8/22

Anythoughts?

REMARKS:

JEN

August 25, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

44-24016-

75
Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
250 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - J. H. Sizoo
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Schroeder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 3, 1964, and my letter dated August 13, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weisman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our New York Office dated August 21, 1964, containing the results of our interview with Mr. William D. Crave.

The other investigation requested by you is being closely followed and when the results are received, you will be promptly advised.

1 - Dallas (89-43) Enc.

1 - New York (89-75)

Sincerely yours,

62-109030

1 - 62-109030 (President's Commission)

1 - 105-22555 (Lee Harvey Oswald) ① - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

EDR:las (14)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (2)

NOTE FOR SACS, DALLAS AND NEW YORK:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS

MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBulet to the Commission dated 8-13-64, a copy of which was furnished to Dallas and New York. Enclosed for Dallas is one copy of an LHM prepared by the New York Office dated 8-21-64, a copy of which was not furnished to you. New York score error for failure to furnish Dallas, the Office of Origin copy of pertinent communications. Insure

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

79 AUG 28 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109030-36770

DUPLICATE YELLOW

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

similar matters properly handled in the future.

Both offices are reminded to press this matter vigorously and insure the Bureau is promptly furnished the results of investigation so the Commission can be notified.

NOTE:

Commission by letter 8-2-64, refers to testimony of Mark Lane before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. Four offices are engaged in locating these people. Commission was advised by letter 8-18-64, some delay may be encountered. As results are received, Commission is being advised. There are 5 more individuals to be located and interviewed as well as other investigation to be handled before this inquiry is complete. Every effort is being made to expedite this matter.

8/25/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: Dallas (44-1630)
REC 8
From: Director, FBI (44-24016) — 1953

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a letter from the President's Commission dated August 21, 1964, requesting certain specific investigation relating to the testimony of Mrs. Wanda Yvonne Helmick before the President's Commission.

Dallas handle the requested investigation on an expedite basis and submit results by letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission.

For your information Rosemary Helmick referred to in paragraph 2, page 2, of Commission's letter, has been located and interviewed by the Baltimore Office. It will not be necessary to interview her further.

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras

(4)

NOTE:

Wanda Helmick was a waitress who worked for Ralph Paul owner of the Bull Pen Drive-In Restaurant, Dallas, Texas. Paul is a close friend of Rubys. In her testimony before the Commission, Helmick states that she overheard Paul in a telephone conversation with Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 make an exclamation, "Are you crazy?" We previously conducted investigation to verify her testimony but Commission asked that we not interview anyone at the Bull Pen Restaurant who might alert Paul to the investigation. They now request that we interview these employees to determine if they overheard any of the conversation. Rosemary Helmick is a sister-in-law of Wanda whom Wanda states she wrote a letter to concerning the conversation. Rosemary has been interviewed but does not recall ever receiving such information from Wanda.

MAILED 27
AUG 27 1964
COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

79 AUG 27 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-108090-

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN
RICHARD E. ALVILL
JOHN WILLIAM CONNER
HALE BIGGS
CELAUD R. HEND
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLAN T. DALLS

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

AUG 21

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In her deposition before a Commission staff member, Mrs. Wanda Yvonne Helmbick stated that on Saturday night, November 23, at about 3:00 p.m. or later, she overheard Ralph Paul receive a telephone call from Jack Ruby in which Paul made a remark about Ruby's possessing a gun and was heard to exclaim "Are you crazy!" According to Mrs. Helmbick, Paul repeated the substance of that conversation to various employees of the Bull Pen Drive-In shortly after Ruby shot Oswald. Mrs. Helmbick further recalled that Paul may have mentioned that he saw Ruby Saturday night.

The Commission would appreciate your conducting the following investigation:

1. Please interview a woman whose first name is Rose (cashier at the Bull Pen Drive-In on November 23) and Bull Pen waitresses named Toyo (a Japanese girl believed to have an American last name and perhaps living in Grand Prairie, Texas), Bonnie (LNU), Curly (LNU), and Joe (described by Mrs. Helmbick as a blond female car hop)
2. In addition to ascertaining from the above persons whether or not they heard the telephone call and conversation related by Mrs. Helmbick, please also inquire whether or not Ralph Paul is referred to by any of the employees as Johnnie and if not please determine which employee is Johnnie and interview him concerning the telephone call Mrs. Helmbick alleges was received by Ralph Paul.
3. Please also ask the above persons whether or not they saw Bruce Garlin, Little Lynn, or Tamar True at the Bull Pen Drive-In Saturday night, November 23, or the following day.

39-AUG-24-1964

EXP-PROC.

1060801-291

REC-8
AUG 25 1964

REC 8
AUG 25 1964

AUG 24 1964

1953

4. Please also ascertain from each of the above persons what they remember Paul's response to have been on Sunday morning when he learned that Jack Ruby had shot Lee Oswald.

Mrs. Helmick also claims that she wrote a letter to her sister-in-law, Rosemary Helmick, in which she told the sister-in-law about the statement she gave in her deposition. Rosemary Helmick reportedly has moved from her last known address at 4116 Dartford, Baltimore, Md. Please interview Rosemary Helmick and determine whether or not such a letter was in fact mailed, the contents of the letter, and the approximate date that the letter was received.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

PLAIN TEXT

8/24/64

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC DALLAS (44-1639)

1 - Mr. Martindale
1 - Mr. Hines

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., VICTIM. CR.

BY LETTER TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL DATED AUGUST EIGHTEEN

MRS. EMUEL D. RUBY, ONE ONE SIX ONE SIX JAMESTOWN ROAD,
DALLAS, TEXAS, TELEPHONE NUMBER FIFTEEN EIGHT DASH FIVE ZERO
EIGHT THREE, HAS ALLEGED THAT HER TELEPHONE IS TAPPED AND THAT
THE TELEPHONE OF RUBY'S SISTER PAREN EVA GRANT PAREN IN DALLAS
IS ALSO TAPPED.

ARRANGE WITH TELEPHONE COMPANY TO IMMEDIATELY CHECK LINES
OF MRS. RUBY AND EVA GRANT AND EUTEL RESULTS TONIGHT.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1963

ELJ/cnc
(1)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE

REC 8

6 AUG 26 1964

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

7-9 AUG 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

ST-104

2262

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Deputy Attorney General.....
Solicitor General
Executive Assistant to the Attorney General
Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust
Assistant Attorney General, Tax
Assistant Attorney General, Civil
Assistant Attorney General, Lands
Assistant Attorney General, Criminal.....
Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel.....
Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security.....
Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights
Administrative Assistant Attorney General.....
Director, FBI.....
Director, Bureau of Prisons.....
Director, Office of Alien Property.....
Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization...
Pardon Attorney
Parole Board
Board of Immigration Appeals
Special Assistant for Public Information
Records Administration Office

XX-XX

For the attention of Mr. Courtney Evans

8/22

Anythoughts?

REMARKS:

JEN

1954
ENC

1954

August 18, 1964

Mr. Robert F. Kennedy
United States Attorney General
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy;

We are increasingly aware of the fact that our phone is tapped. At the start of this horrible situation, my husband is Jack Ruby's brother, Samuel, we felt that it might be necessary, for our own benefit and protection, also for our country, - and for national security. We did not mind the F. B. I. or other branches of the federal government monitoring our calls and conversations. We have cooperated fully with local and federal law enforcement agencies, and will continue to do so.

Dir. F. B. I. Samuel D. Ruby

It is very embarrassing when my friends call and tell me intimate, personal things and I know we have a listening audience. For my husband, it intimidates his business calls.

The past nine months have been extremely severe and painful - financially, physically, and mentally, through circumstances over which we had no control. Our financial resources have been completely depleted and it is imperative that my husband get started in some new enterprise. We have four children. He doesn't have a free mind with which to contact prospective business people, by phone, because the clicking, buzzing, and general noise interference disrupts his trend of thought and he cannot dwell fully upon the business matters he is discussing.

There are times when the phone is seemingly quiet, but, subconsciously, we feel the call is being monitored. Laboring under this handicap, it is next to impossible to negotiate with today's competitive business standards.

We cannot carry on long distance calls to our immediate families in a personal, satisfying and comforting way in these trying times. My Mother phones and asks questions about our personal plans and feelings and I cannot feel free to properly express them to her, although doing so would give me great emotional release. It is a nerve - wracking situation as well as an invasion of privacy.

As law abiding, loyal American citizens, we are being unduly harrassed, persecuted, and provoked to the point of asking your aid in this matter. This situation also prevails on the phone belonging to Jack Ruby's sister who lives in Dallas.

42-73-0
1954
JUL 21 1964
FBI - ADM. REGULATION SEC.
ENC.

She is:

Mrs. Eva Grant
3300 Rawlins Avenue
Dallas, Texas 75219
Lakeside 6 - 6258

Our address:

Samuel D. Ruby
11616 Jamestown Road
Dallas, Texas 75230
Emerson 8 - 5083

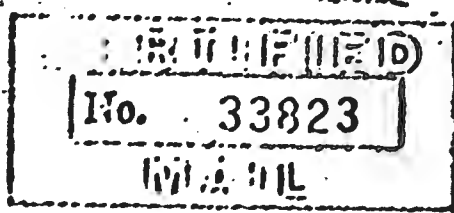
We would appreciate acknowledgement of this letter in order to relieve our anxiety as to whether or not you have received it.

Sincerely yours,

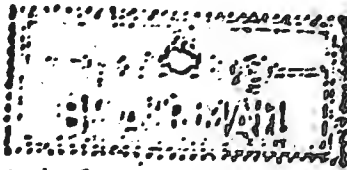
Mrs. S. D. Ruby

131

11616 James Brown Road
Dallas, Tex 75230



TURN RECEIPT REQUESTED



Mr. Robert F. Kennedy

U. S. Attorney General

Washington, D. C.

AIR MAIL
Special Delivery

AIR MAIL
Special Delivery

11616

August 25, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

REC 8-11

16-1955

ST-104

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
217 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of August 13, 1964,
requesting examination of certain accounts at the
Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, relating to
Jack L. Ruby, there are enclosed herewith two copies
of a memorandum dated August 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas,
setting forth the desired information.

This concludes the investigation requested in
your letter of August 13, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SERVICE

AUG 26 1964

10:31 AM

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras

(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

AUG 27 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

AUG 25 9 58 AM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-108090-1

NOTE:

Immediately after Ruby's arrest for the shooting of Oswald, we examined his bank accounts at the Merchants State Bank, Dallas. The Commission by letter 8/13/64 requested that we re-examine these accounts (one in his name, one in the name of the Carousel Club and one in the name of the Vegas Club) to determine what, if any, activity there had been in these accounts since November 21, 1963. All of these accounts are now closed.

FBI

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel, 8/14/64, transmitting Commission's letter of 8/13/64, requesting examination of accounts at Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating requested investigation. Information from the Bank's records was made available to SA RAYMOND P. YELCHIK on August 18, 1964, by [redacted] Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas.

ST-104

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

RPY:jte
(5)

REC 8

17 AUG 22 1964

1955

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Schl _____

M _____

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 19, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, in a letter dated August 13, 1964, made reference to previous examination of records of the Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, relating to accounts of the Carousel Club, Vagan Club, and Jack L. Ruby. It was requested re-examinations be made to determine any activity in such accounts since dates of previous examinations.

Attached are results of investigation requested.

NOT RECORDED

21 JUL 3 1973

1155

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 19, 1964

On August 18, 1964, the records of the Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, were examined and revealed the following information concerning the following accounts:

JACK RUBY CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 77 069

The balance of this account brought forward as of July 15, 1964, was \$36.78 and the account was closed on July 17, 1964, with a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, in the amount of \$35.78, dated July 17, 1964, made payable to EVA L. GRANT, signed JACK RUBY and EVA L. GRANT on the face of the check and endorsed EVA L. GRANT on the back of the check. The one dollar difference between the account balance and the check drawn to close the account was a one dollar service charge made by the bank.

VEGAS CLUB CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 18 106 (CARE OF JACK RUBY)

This account reflects a balance brought forward as of October 31, 1963, of \$134.44. The following activity was noted:

CHECKS	DEPOSITS	DATE	NO. OF CHECKS PAID	BALANCE
850.00		11/6/63	1	684.44
25.00		11/8/63	2	59.44
	\$200.00	11/11/63	2	259.44

COPIES DESTROYED

8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas

Special Agent PAYMOND P. YELCHAK /jtg

File # DL 44-1639

Date dictated 8/18/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DL 44-1639

2

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
411.65		11/12/63	3	6247.79
25.00		11/20/63	4	222.79
12.82		11/22/63	5	210.57
50.00		11/25/63	6	159.97

The balance brought forward as of November 29, 1963, was \$159.97.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$35.23		12/2/63	1	\$124.74
35.23 (error correction)		12/2/63		159.97
.67 (service charge)		12/5/63		159.30
.67 (error correction)		12/5/63		159.97
35.23 and 93.70		12/13/63	2	31.04

The balance brought forward as of December 31, 1963, was \$31.04.

The following activity was noted:

DL 44-1639

3

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$.67 (service charge)		1/3/64		\$30.37
15.50		1/8/64	1	14.87
3.89		1/14/64	2	10.98
10.98		1/28/64	3	.00

This account was closed on a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, made payable to the Vegas Club in the amount of \$10.98, dated January 27, 1964, signed EVA L. GRANT on the front, and endorsed EVA L. GRANT on the back.

CAROUSEL CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 08 236 3

This account reflects a balance brought forward as of October 31, 1963, of \$203.43.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
	\$33.22	11/11/63		\$236.65
	10.00	11/19/63		246.65
615.00		11/20/63	1	231.65
31.87		11/22/63	2	199.78

The balance brought forward as of November 29, 1963, was \$199.78.

DL 44-1639

4

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEBITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$86.24		12/3/63	1	\$113.54
	\$ 9.90	12/11/63	1	123.44
9.90		12/13/63	2	113.54
	130.60	12/16/63	2	244.14
87.50		12/19/63	3	156.64
	20.00	12/31/63	3	176.64

The balance brought forward as of December 31, 1963, was \$176.64.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEBITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$20.00		1/6/64	1	\$156.64
	\$20.00	1/6/64	1	176.64
.54 (service charge)		1/7/64	1	176.10
20.00		1/13/64	2	156.10
	47.00	1/14/64	2	203.10
	20.00	1/21/64	2	223.10
	20.00	1/22/64	2	243.10

Dr. 44-1539

5

The balance brought forward as of January 31, 1964, was \$243.10.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
	\$50.00	2/5/64		\$293.10
\$22.00 and 55.00		2/11/64	2	216.10
	13.88	2/20/64	2	229.98

The balance brought forward on February 28, 1964, was \$229.98, and this account was closed on March 6, 1964, with a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, dated March 6, 1964, in the amount of \$229.98, made payable to EVA L. GRANT and signed on the front "Carousel by Eva L. Grant" and endorsed on the back Eva L. Grant.

The above information is confidential and will be produced only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. V. P. SCHUMACHER, President, Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

The Attorney General

Director, FBI

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

August 26, 1964
1 - Mr. Evans
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

There is being returned herewith the letter to you from Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby dated August 18, 1964, which was furnished to this Bureau by your office on August 22, 1964. The FBI has never at any time planned or caused to be placed a monitoring device or so-called "wire tap" on the telephone line of Samuel D. Ruby or Mrs. Eva Grant, the brother and sister of Jack L. Ruby, nor have we placed or caused to be placed any such device on the telephone lines of any other members of Jack L. Ruby's family.

It is suggested that you may wish to advise Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby that the FBI has never at any time monitored any calls or conversations of Samuel D. Ruby or any other member of the Ruby family and that she may desire to contact the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and have them check her lines to determine if a monitoring device is attached thereto. I am sure the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company would be willing to perform this service for her.

For your information, a complete check of the telephone lines of Samuel D. Ruby and Mrs. Eva Grant was conducted by the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company on August 26, 1964, and no evidence was located to indicate that any monitoring device has ever been used on either of the telephone lines.

Inasmuch as the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has an interest in Jack L. Ruby, I am taking the liberty of forwarding to the President's Commission for its information a copy of Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby's communication and a copy of this letter.

JRH/ras/cao,
(12)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE THREE

VAL ROY ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

400-261034

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 26 3 32 PM '64

REC 45

1956

AUG 27 1964

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

SEP 1 1964

The Attorney General

No further action will be taken by this Bureau concerning the complaint of Mrs. Luby in the absence of specific request from the Department of Justice or the President's Commission.

Enclosure

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

1 - Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.
Assistant Attorney General

1 - The President's Commission (Sent under separate cover)

NOTE:

Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby, who is the wife of Ruby's brother Samuel, in a letter to the Attorney General dated August 18, 1964, stated that she and her husband had become increasingly aware that their telephone was tapped. She said she did not mind the FBI or other branches of the Federal Government monitoring their calls but laboring under this handicap it was harmful to her husband's business and creating a nerve-racking situation and an invasion of privacy. The aid of the Attorney General was requested. She also stated that Ruby's sister, Eva Grant's, phone was also tapped. The Bureau has never at any time maintained a telephone tap on Ruby, any of his relatives or anyone else in connection with the Ruby investigation or otherwise. At our request the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company checked the lines of Samuel Ruby and Eva Grant on 8/25/64 and stated that there was no evidence to indicate that there had ever been a tap on either of these lines. In view of the interest of the President's Commission in Jack Ruby, a copy of Mrs. Ruby's letter along with our reply is being furnished to the President's Commission.

August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Evans
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In view of your interest in Jack L. Ruby, I am enclosing herewith for your information a copy of a letter to the Attorney General from Jack Ruby's sister-in-law, Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby, dated August 18, 1964, along with a copy of our letter to the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

REC 45-44 2-1016
EX 109

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras
(3)

NOTE

See note on letter to the Attorney General dated 8/26/64,
JWH/ras/cac.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 1

Aug 26 3 31 PM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM

62-10980-29

1957

August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter of August 5, 1964, advising you that investigation was continuing to locate certain recordings and documents relating to the Dallas crime investigation from 1943 to 1948.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, and two copies of a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at Washington, D. C., setting forth the results of this investigation.

For your information, Mr. Alphonse F. Calabrese of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations advised that a copy of the transcript mentioned in the enclosed memorandum of August 24, 1964, may be obtained by letter directed to Mr. Jerome Alderman, General Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C. 20540.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of June 4, 1964, concerning the conflicting statements of former Dallas County Sheriff-Steve Guthrie and Dallas Police Lieutenant George Butler as to the reason Jack Ruby moved from Chicago to Dallas.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (4)
JWH/ras
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

AUG 31 1964

AUG 26 10 02 AM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

1958-06061-27

NOTE:

The President's Commission by letter 6/5/64 advised that former Sheriff Steve Guthrie of Dallas and Lt. Butler of Dallas PD had made conflicting statements as to why Ruby left Chicago to come to Dallas. Guthrie and Butler conducted an investigation of crime conditions in Dallas in 1947 and 1948 and Guthrie indicated that Ruby was connected with the gambling element and came to Dallas to operate a gambling establishment for a syndicate. Commission requested that we locate and review some recordings allegedly made during the investigation to determine if Ruby's name was ever mentioned or indexed in connection with the investigation. Extensive investigation has been conducted to locate the desired material and the Commission was advised of progress by letters of July 16 and August 5. We reviewed the recordings and transcripts of the recordings made by the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations but Ruby's name was not mentioned.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 24 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

5-14 PM CST URGENT 8-24-64 LJH

TO DIRECTOR, FBI 44-24,016

FROM DALLAS 44-1639. P.

JACK L. RUBY AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD AKA - VICTIM. CR.

RE BUREAU TEL. TO DALLAS AUGUST TWENTYFOUR SIXTYFOUR.

TELEPHONE NUMBER OF EVA GRANT, DALLAS IS LA SIX SIX

TWO FIVE EIGHT.

~~REDACTED~~ SOUTHWESTERN
BELL TELEPHONE CO., DALLAS, ADVISED THAT TO MAKE COMPLETE
CHECK OF BOTH TELEPHONES RE ALLEGATIONS THAT THEY ARE "TAPPED"
WOULD REQUIRE CHECK OF FRAME ROOMS, MULTIPLES, VACUUM TESTS
AT THE TWO DIFFERENT EXCHANGES AS WELL AS HAVING TELEPHONE
COMPANY PERSONNEL CHECK LINES AT THE TWO RESIDENCES. ~~REDACTED~~

ADVISED THAT PERSONNEL NEEDED FOR THIS WOULD NOT BE AVAILABLE
UNTIL SEVEN A.M., AUGUST TWENTYFIVE NEXT AT WHICH TIME ABOVE
COMPLETE CHECKS WILL BE MADE RE ALLEGATION. ~~REDACTED~~ WILL
ADVISE DALLAS OFFICE IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF TELEPHONE
COMPANY CHECK AND BUREAU WILL BE ADVISED BY TELETYPE.

END

WA SXC

FBI WASH DC

EX 109

REC 45/11

1959

6-11

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

mic John
[Signature]

RECEIVED
AUG 24 1964

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via Airtel _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBairtel 6/5/64 which transmitted Commission's letter of 6/5/64, which in part concerned allegations of former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE and the existence of phonographic recordings made in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation, 1946 - 1948. L

Dallas airtels 7/10/64 and 8/19/64 and San Antonio airtel, 7/29/64, have concerned this matter.

See Washington Field airtel 8/18/64 which advised of check of records of the McClellan Committee.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating results of the check by Washington Field.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC/jte
(5)

2-2-2562

EX 109

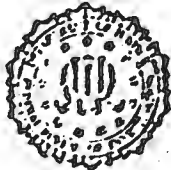
6 AUG 25 1964

1900

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

64 SEP 1 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated June 4, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested investigation to determine the existence of phonographic records and papers which former Dallas County Sheriff Steve Guthrie claimed were made in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation, 1946-1948; and if they do exist, how they are now maintained, how extensive they are, and whether or not they are indexed to show any mention of Jack L. Ruby.

Attached are the results of a check of records of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (McClellan Committee).

COPIES DESTROYED

121 JAN 3 1973

RECEIVED

DL 44-1639

MTC/jtf

1

On August 17, 1964, Mr. ALPHONSE F. CALABRESE, Assistant Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C., made available to Special Agent RICHARD W. KAISER for examination, the following records of that committee:

A forty-eight page transcript of twenty-two phonographic recordings obtained by the committee from Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department. BUTLER, undercover for the Dallas Police Department, recorded conversations in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation from 1946 to 1948. The original recordings were returned to Lieutenant BUTLER.

The above transcript notes that the first seven recordings were not transcribed in detail, inasmuch as they were not considered pertinent to the matter in question.

The detailed transcript concerned two specific meetings.

1. Meeting between PAUL JONES, STEVE GUEHRIE, Sheriff-elect; and GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, on Friday night, 8:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m., November 1, 1946, at the home of STEVE GUEHRIE.
2. Meeting between PAUL JONES, JACK KRAFF, EAT KIRKING, Sheriff-elect, STEVE GUEHRIE, Dallas County; and Detective GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, held at the home of STEVE GUEHRIE, Dallas, Texas, on November 7, 1946.

200-10-10010

21 JUL 2 1973

DL 44-1639

MCC/jts

2

Examination of this material contains no mention of JACK RUBY, nor do the indices of this subcommittee contain any reference to RUBY.

A copy of the above transcript may be obtained by directing a letter through appropriate channels to Mr. JEROME ADIEMAN, General Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Washington, D. C.

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuairtel 8/13/64 which transmitted Commission's
letter of 8/11/64 requesting reinterview with ROBERT L.
MORTON, Lago Club, Dallas, Texas.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum
incorporating requested investigation.

C. D. WICK

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

HCC/jte
(5)

REC-62

JUL 117

6 AUG 25 1964

1961

OK



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated August 11, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested Robert L. Norton, operator of the Pogo Club, Dallas, Texas, be reinterviewed concerning the visit of Jack L. Ruby to the club on the night of November 23, 1963, as to whether or not he gave \$25.00 in cash to Ruby that night.

Attached hereto are the results of investigation requested.

COPIES DESTROYED

2.1 100. 121

1161

Date August 24, 1964

1

ROBERT L. NORTON, 3414 Hanana Street, Dallas, Texas, owner of the Pago Pago Club (formerly known as the Pago Club), 2822 McKinney Avenue, Dallas, was interviewed at his place of residence.

NORTON stated that on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, he had given \$50.00 in cash to JACK L. RUBY at the Pago Club prior to RUBY leaving the club that night.

Concerning this \$50.00, NORTON gave the following explanation regarding his giving RUBY this money:

NORTON stated that some months earlier in 1963, approximately fifteen owners of different commercial night clubs in the Dallas area had formed a group known as the "Dallas Association of Clubs and Lounges" with the purpose of accumulating a small treasury to enable the owners to have a fund to conduct credit checks, locate bad check passers, and, in general to perform different acts to improve the operations of the clubs and lounges and create a better impression of the club owners in the minds of the local citizens.

NORTON stated that he was elected the first President of this group, which did not have any office space as such.

While the organization had good intentions at first, the few members lost interest and the group decided to fold. However, during the short time the association was in existence, it had accumulated around \$400.00 in its treasury.

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jef Date dictated 8/21/64

NORTON stated that JACK RUBY was not an official member of the Association, but at one time he had been given some tickets to sell for a special party given by the Association. The money from the sale of all tickets by the group was to go to the Association's treasury. As NORTON recalls, RUBY was not at the party and did not turn in his money for the tickets or return any tickets.

At that time, the new President and Vice President of the group went to RUBY to get the money for these tickets and RUBY apparently became displeased with their approach and told them he would not give them any money for the tickets. The President then went to see NORTON to tell him about RUBY's refusal to give them any money, but prior to his arrival, RUBY called NORTON and explained to him about the visit of the new Association President; that he had been rude to him as he, RUBY, was tied up with other business matters at the time of the President's visit, and that he (RUBY) was sorry and would give NORTON the money in a few days.

NORTON stated that about two weeks later, RUBY gave him \$50.00 for the party tickets. NORTON told RUBY that the group had decided to dissolve, and that he would probably get his \$50.00 back.

The Association subsequently held a meeting of the membership, which was advertised in the paper, at which meeting it was decided to disband the organization and split up the some \$400.00 which was still in the treasury. NORTON did not attend the meeting, but he learned that the group had voted not to give RUBY a share of the money to be divided as the members did not consider RUBY to be officially a member of the Association.

NORTON stated that he received \$48.00 as his part of the division of the treasury. He felt personally that RUBY should also have been given a share of the group's division of money as RUBY had just recently given the organization the \$50.00 for tickets to the last party; but inasmuch as the organization had voted who were and were not eligible for the treasury split, RUBY was not entitled to any funds from the group.

NORTON stated that since he had told RUBY that he would probably get his \$50.00 back, he felt morally responsible to see that RUBY did receive his \$50.00 back from the organization.

NORTON stated that it was this \$50.00 that he gave RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at the Pogo Club. He stated that the sum was actually \$50.00 and not \$25.00 or any other sum. NORTON does not recall just what type of bills he used in paying RUBY, but he believes it was in fives, tens and possibly twenties.

NORTON stated that he does not believe that RUBY had come to the Pogo Club the night of November 23, 1963, to obtain this money from him, but NORTON felt that inasmuch as RUBY was in the club, it was a good time to pay him what he, NORTON, felt was justly owed to RUBY by the Association.

August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of August 11, 1964, requesting that we interview Robert L. Norton and Rosemary Helmick.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, and two copies of a memorandum dated August 19, 1964, at Baltimore, Maryland, setting forth the results of the desired interviews. Also enclosed is the original letter to Rosemary Helmick from Wanda Helmick postmarked March 10, 1964, at Irving, Texas, as mentioned in Rosemary Helmick's interview.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of August 11, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (5)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

JWH/ras
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

19 AUG 27 1964

79 AUG 28 1964

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 25 4 14 PM '64

-080801-29

NOTE:

By letter dated 8/11/61 the Commission requested reinterview of Robert L. Norton who is the owner of Pago Club, Dallas, Texas, which was visited by Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 as established by previous investigation. Wanda Helmick was a waitress at the drive-in operated by Ralph Paul, a close associate of Ruby's. She reportedly wrote a letter to her sister-in-law Rosemary Helmick wherein she thought she had mentioned Ralph Paul's end of a telephonic conversation with Ruby which she had overheard on the night of 11/23/63. Rosemary Helmick did not recall receiving such a letter from Wanda but furnished a letter wherein Wanda made mention of Ruby's trial.

8/26/64

Airtel

1 - Mr. Hines

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)
From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuairtel to Dallas 7/27/64.

A review of Bureau files does not indicate that Item 6 in Commission's letter of 7/23/64, forwarded to you by referenced airtel, has been covered. Advise action being taken to complete the requested investigation and when results can be expected. If already submitted, advise date and caption of cover communication.

JWH:joh
(4)

REC-62

1963

12 SEP 27 1964

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Rm. _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

79 AUG 28 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 26 1964

TELETYPE

Mc Jones

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

655 PM EDST URGENT 8/26/64 M A B

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016) & FBI DALLAS (44-1639)-

FROM NEWARK (44-443) <2 PAGES>

JACK L. RUBY, AKA.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. DASH VICTIM.

CR.

RE BUREAU TEL EIGHT TWENTYFIVE SIXTYFOUR AND DALLAS

ARITEL EIGHT TWENTYTWO SIXTYFOUR.

THIS DATE, ROBERT G. STOREY, HOME ADDRESS THREE FIVE TWO FIVE TURTLE CREEK DRIVE, DALLAS, TEXAS, CURRENTLY ATTENDING THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION, ATLANTIC CITY, NJ, AND RESIDING AT HADDON HALL, THAT CITY, ADVISED THAT UPON THE SHOOTING OF OSWALD, GOVERNOR CONNELLY OF TEXAS, LEON JAWORSKI OF HOUSTON, AND HIMSELF TO A SPECIAL COURT OF INQUIRY, THE PURPOSE BEING TO CONDUCT AN INVESTIGATION INTO THE DEATH OF OSWALD.

ON JUNE SEVEN SIXTYFOUR, STOREY WAS ONE OF SEVERAL WHO INTERVIEWED JACK RUBY IN THE COUNTY JAIL, DALLAS, TEXAS. STOREY STATED HE INTERVIEWED RUBY FOR TWO OR MORE HOURS ON THAT DATE.

END PAGEONE.

79 AUG 28 1964

cc. Hines

REC-15 44-27016 1964

ON AUG 27 1964

STC

PAGE TWO:

STOREY STATED HE DOES NOT KNOW DOROTHY KILGALLEN PERSONALLY. SHE WAS AT THE JACK RUBY TRIAL AND HE IS AWARE OF HER WRITINGS IN THE JOURNAL AMERICAN NEWSPAPER, NYC. HE STATED HE DOES NOT KNOW HOW SHE CAME IN POSSESSION OF ANY INFORMATION RELATIVE TO THE JACK RUBY HEARINGS.

LHM FOLLOWS.

-- END.

WA - NHH

FBI WASH DC

DL - MCS

FBI DALLAS

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SULLIVAN GOWER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD P. FORD
KIRK J. MCCLOY
ALLEN R. FULLEN

Belmont	✓
Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

25 1364

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C., 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please have your agents display to Mr. Harvey Lawill Wade, 312 Donaldson Road, Chattanooga, Tennessee, the enclosed photographs taken by photographer Eddie Rocco, and ask Mr. Wade to what extent the man indicated by an arrow in the Rocco photographs resembles the person he described to FBI agents (Clements report, November 30, 1962; pages 782-790) as resembling Lee Harvey Oswald.

Please make a similar inquiry with respect to the enclosed photographs of Larry Crafard and an unidentified patron of the Carousel Club, shown in a white shirt dancing with one of Ruby's dancers. The appropriate panels showing the unidentified patron are marked with an asterisk (*). One photograph of Crafard shows him seated in the Carousel Club, and the panels depicting him are marked with an asterisk (*).

Please also provide the Commission with information as to the approximate time of day that Mr. Wade was originally interviewed, and ask Mr. Wade whether he was aware at the time of such interview that Bill De Bar had announced that he had seen a man resembling Lee Oswald at the Carousel Club.

Upon completing the interview, we would appreciate your returning the photographs.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin

General Counsel

Enclosures:

- Rocco photographs (2)
- Photograph of Larry Crafard
- Photograph of Crafard in audience
- Photograph of unidentified patron dancing

REC-11

11 AUG 26 1964

SOVIET SECTION

1965

38 AUG 26 1964

AT CEN. AND CROCODEREN

030301-29

10528-501

REC-11

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN BURNHAM COOPER
HALL B. GOS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN S. FULTON

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

25 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C., 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please have your agents display to Mr. Harvey Lawill Wade, 515 Donalson Road, Chattanooga, Tennessee, the enclosed photographs taken by photographer Eddie Rocco, and ask Mr. Wade to what extent the man indicated by an arrow in the Rocco photographs resembles the person he described to FBI agents (Clements report, November 30, 1963, pages 780-790) as resembling Lee Harvey Oswald.

Please make a similar inquiry with respect to the enclosed photographs of Larry Crafard and an unidentified patron of the Carousel Club, shown in a white shirt dancing with one of Ruby's dancers. The appropriate panels showing the unidentified patron are marked with an asterisk (*). One photograph of Crafard shows him seated in the Carousel Club, and the panels depicting him are marked with an asterisk (*).

Please also provide the Commission with information as to the approximate time of day that Mr. Wade was originally interviewed, and ask Mr. Wade whether he was aware at the time of such interview that Bill DeBar had announced that he had seen a man resembling Lee Oswald at the Carousel Club.

Upon completing the interview, we would appreciate your returning the photographs.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

Enclosures:
Rocco Photographs (2)
Photograph of Larry Crafard
Photograph of Crafard in audience
Photograph of unidentified patron dancing

REC-11

11 AUG 26 1964
SOVIET SECTION

1965

EXP. PROC.
25 AUG 26 1964

55528-501
030801-29
NOT RECORDED

2-INTG.
AUG 28 1964

FBI

Transmit the following in _____

Date: 8/19/64

Via AIRTEL _____

(Type in plain text or code)

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Heffles

Re Bureau airtel June 5, 1964, which transmitted Commission's letter of June 4, 1964.

The Commission's letter, in part, requested the FBI to ascertain the existence of phonographic records and papers, which former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE claimed were made in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation, 1946-1948, and if they do exist, how they are now maintained, how extensive they are, and whether or not they are indexed to show any mention of RUBY.

See Dallas airtel, July 10, 1964, which transmitted a letterhead memorandum dated July 9, 1964, in the above connection. Also, see San Antonio airtel dated July 29, 1964, and the letterhead memorandum of the same date.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

RJB:jtf
(5)

1966
17 AUG 23 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*
9 SEP 1 1964 Agent In Charge.

Sent _____ M Per *[Signature]*

DL 44-1639

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating further investigation to locate the recordings, and the location and review of same.

By airtel August 12, 1964, the Washington Field Division was requested to review the files of the McClellan Committee to determine whether a transcription was made of the recordings while same were in the possession of that Committee.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 19, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated June 4, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested the Federal Bureau of Investigation to determine the existence of phonographic records and papers, which former Dallas County Sheriff Steve Guthrie claimed were made in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation, 1946-1948; and if they do exist, how they are now maintained; how extensive they are, and whether or not they are indexed to show any mention of Jack L. Ruby.

Attached hereto are results of additional investigation and review of the recordings, located in the possession of Lieutenant George R. Butler, Police Department, Dallas, Texas.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

1

Date 8/10/64

CARL F. HANSSON, 1230 Ridgeway Drive, interviewed at his residence, advised he was formerly Chief of Police, Dallas, Texas, until early January 1960. He was the Chief of Police at Dallas during the pertinent periods of 1947 and 1950.

HANSSON stated that during the time he was Chief of Police he was well informed on the investigation regarding PAUL ROWLAND JONES. He also stated that he is well acquainted with the part former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE and Police Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER took in the JONES investigation.

HANSSON stated he does not know the present whereabouts of transcriptions of the phonograph records taken of the various interviews between JONES, GUTHRIE and BUTLER. However, he did note that during the course of the JONES investigation, he had on several occasions read these transcripts and does not recall the name of JACK RUBY ever being mentioned. HANSSON stated he positively does not think that the name of JACK RUBY ever came up in the recorded interviews of JONES by GUTHRIE and BUTLER.

HANSSON noted he does not have a good opinion at all of STEVE GUTHRIE and would not place any confidence in any statement by GUTHRIE to the effect that JONES had mentioned the name of JACK RUBY during the interviews.

Regarding the reported return of the transcriptions of the phonograph records to the Dallas Police Department on December 2, 1959, from the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, HANSSON advised this would have been a routine matter and he would surmise the transcriptions were indeed returned at that time to the Dallas Police Department, but he nevertheless does not recall the specific incident.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

on 8/5/64 at Richardson, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/ds Date dictated 8/6/64

Date August 13, 19641

Assistant Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN, Administrative Division, Dallas Police Department, was interviewed in his office regarding the possible location of a transcript of the original recordings taken by the Dallas Police Department in connection with other local law enforcement agencies during the period 1946-1948 in their joint investigation concerning PAUL RONALD JONES.

LUMPKIN advised that inasmuch as the investigation was many years ago and the matter regarding JONES has been handled in the courts, he would assume that any such old records have been long since destroyed.

However, LUMPKIN stated on August 6, 1964, that he would have his Records Bureau conduct a thorough search to try and locate the pertinent phonographs and/or their transcriptions.

LUMPKIN subsequently advised on August 10, 1964, that a search by his Records Bureau regarding instant matter was unproductive.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

8/6/64 and

8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /ltf

Date dictated 8/11/64

document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

Date August 13, 1964

1

Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER was interviewed in his office located in the Juvenile Bureau at the Police Department, Dallas, Texas.

Lieutenant BUTLER advised on August 6, 1963, in regard to the present whereabouts of phonograph records and/or transcriptions of recordings made by former Dallas County Sheriff SIEVE GUTHRIE and himself in connection with their departments' joint investigation of PAUL ROWLAND JONES around 1946 - 1948, he did not believe either the recordings or their written transcriptions were still in existence.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated that when he picked up the recordings from the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, reportedly in December, 1950, in behalf of former Dallas Chief of Police CARL F. HANSSON, he believes it was to deliver the recordings to the Kefauver Committee then holding sessions in Chicago, Illinois.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he took the recordings to the Kefauver Hearings in Chicago, Illinois.

He noted he would make a search of his "personal" records at his home (6447 Velasco Avenue, Dallas, Texas) to see if he could locate any copy of the transcript of these recordings.

On August 11, 1964, Lieutenant BUTLER advised he had located the original recordings, consisting of twenty-two (22) discs, at his home, but could find no written transcriptions of same or an index.

He stated that when he located the recordings at his home, he noted that they were still packaged in the original, unopened container by which they were returned to him in 1960 from the McClellan Committee.

on 8/6/64 and 8/11/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/11/64

ENCLOSURE

COPIES DESTROYED

1973

3

C.I.

BUTLER stated that he now remembers that he had loaned the recordings to the McClellan Committee for their use sometime in late 1959 or early 1960.

It was noted that the package by which these twenty-two records were returned to Lieutenant BUTLER had never been opened and had been sent by "Registered Mail - Return Receipt Requested" on March 17, 1960, from the office of Senator McClellan to Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas. The Post Office stamp on the outside of the package indicated that the package had arrived in Dallas, Texas, on March 21, 1960. The package bore Registr. Number 220346.

Upon opening the package in the interviewing Agent's presence, it was noted to contain twenty-two records, which Lieutenant BUTLER described as the recordings taken by former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE and himself in their joint investigation in regard to the joint intelligence investigation of PAUL RONALD JONES around 1946 - 1948, the exact dates of which he does not now recall.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he has retained these twenty-two recordings in his "personal" possession and intends to continue to do so in order to be sure of their whereabouts at all times.

He advised that if the President's Commission desires to personally review the recordings, the Commission should contact him "personally" and not through anyone else at the Dallas Police Department.

BUTLER stated that he had no objection whatsoever to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the President's Commission taping these twenty-two records or making written transcriptions of them for official use.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he has not listened to these records for years and cannot positively state whether or not the name of JACK L. RUBY is mentioned in any of the records. However, he stated to the best of his recollection, he does not believe that the name of JACK L. RUBY is mentioned in any of the recordings.

Regarding previous written transcripts and/or an index of names mentioned in any of the records, Lieutenant BUTLER stated that while transcripts had been made years ago, he does not know of their present location or even if they still exist. Concerning any index, Lieutenant BUTLER stated he believes the discs may have been indexed years ago, but he does not know of the present whereabouts or even of the present existence of such an index.

BUTLER added it is entirely possible that the McClellan Committee may have transcribed the contents of these twenty-two recordings for their records.

Date August 19, 1964

1

The twenty-two recordings made available for review by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the permission of Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER, Juvenile Division, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, were monitored on August 14, 1964, in the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT.

It is noted that at no time on any of the twenty-two recordings was the name of "JACK L. RUBY" or "RUBY" mentioned. The records furnished by Lieutenant BUTLER were twenty-two in number. They are marked and identified as follows:

1. Recordings #1 through #19, inclusive, were recorded on November 1-2, 1946, between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 2 a.m. The conversations recorded thereon were between STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES. They are described as the "first meeting".

It is noted that recordings #8 and #17 which would be on the same record, but opposite sides, are missing.

2. Recordings #20 through #28, recorded between 3:10 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. on November 6, 1946, were recordings of conversations between STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER, PAUL ROWLAND JONES, and a fourth individual named as "KRAPF". These records pertain to the second meeting of GUTHRIE, BUTLER and JONES.

3. Recordings #29 through #37 were recorded between 8:40 a.m. and 11:40 a.m., on November 7, 1946. The persons involved in these recordings are STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER, PAUL ROWLAND JONES, "KRAPF", and a fifth individual called "TAMMING". These records are referred to as the "third meeting".

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

on 8/14/64 at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf

Date dictated 8/19/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

4. Recordings #38 through #42 were recorded on December 13, 1946 (time not indicated), between SEZEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES. These recordings are described as the "fourth meeting".

While the names of JACK L. RUBY or RUBY were not noted to have been mentioned in these recordings, of particular significance might be comments made on recordings #3 and #18 made at the "first meeting" between GUTHRIE, BUTLER and JONES on November 1-2, 1946.

During the conversation between JONES, GUTHRIE and BUTLER regarding the setting up of a gambling joint in the Dallas area by an outside group, JONES mentioned to GUTHRIE, who was then a Sheriff-elect and not as of that time officially in office, that he wanted GUTHRIE to choose his own man to operate the proposed gambling joint in Dallas and JONES stated "You pick the man," and JONES continued, "I'm going to train the man you pick." GUTHRIE stated that he would send in only one man from the outside to be connected with this gambling venture, and this would be a "crap shooter". JONES emphasized that "It's got to be local." JONES in describing the individual (the crap shooter), who he would bring in from the outside, stated that he looks like a preacher, "not a Negro, not a Jew".

Date August 19, 19641

On August 17, 1964, the twenty-two recordings pertaining to the transcriptions made of the four meetings between former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE E. BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES during November and December, 1946, were returned personally to Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER, Juvenile Division, Dallas Police Department. Lieutenant BUTLER stated that he does not know where or what might have happened to recordings # 8 and # 17 of the "first meeting" between JONES, GUTHRIE and himself on November 1, 1946. BUTLER stated these twenty-two recordings, which he had furnished to the FBI on August 11, 1964, were all of the recordings which had been returned to him by the McClellan Committee in 1960. BUTLER stated that he does not recall any questions in the past regarding the absence of any specific records pertaining to the interviews between GUTHRIE, JONES and himself in 1946. He stated that he does not know at this time whether the "missing record" might possibly be an error in transcribing numbers some years ago or whether such a record actually existed at one time.

Lieutenant BUTLER noted that all of these twenty-two recordings were made during four separate meetings in November and December, 1946, between JONES, GUTHRIE and himself in the home of former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE. He stated that these records are the original recordings of these transcribed accounts of the four meetings.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

on 8/17/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /itf Date dictated 8/19/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: August 18, 1964

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, WFO (44-520)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR
(CC:DL)

ReDLairtel to the Bureau dated 8/12/64.

On 8/17/64, Mr. ALFONSE F. CALABRESE, Assistant Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. (WDC), made available to SA RICHARD W. KAISER for examination, the following records of that committee:

A 48-page transcript of 22 phonographic recordings obtained by the committee from Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department. BUTLER undercover for the Dallas Police Department, recorded conversations in connection with the Dallas crime investigation from 1946 to 1948. The original recordings were returned to Lieutenant BUTLER.

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas (44-1639)
1 - WFO

REC-11

21 AUG 28 1964

RWK:ld
(6)

AIRTEL

C. C. Wick

Approved: 79 SEP 1 - 1964
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

WFO 44-520

The above transcript notes that the first seven recordings were not transcribed in detail, inasmuch as they were not considered pertinent to the matter in question.

The detailed transcript concerned two specific meetings:

1. Meeting between PAUL JONES; STEVE GUTHRIE, Sheriff Elect; and GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department on Friday night, 8:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m., November 1, 1946, at the home of STEVE GUTHRIE.
2. Meeting between PAUL JONES; JACK KNAPP; PAT HANNING, Sheriff Elect; STEVE GUTHRIE, Dallas County; and Detective GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, held at the home of STEVE GUTHRIE, Dallas, Texas, on November 7, 1946.

Examination of this material contains no mention of JACK RUBY, nor do the indices of this subcommittee contain any reference to RUBY.

It is noted that Dallas is attempting to monitor the records and if necessary, a copy of the above transcript may be obtained by directing a letter through appropriate channels to Mr. JEROME ADLERMAN, General Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, WDC.

WFO will not submit a report insert concerning the above.

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen ✓
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, WFO (44-520) (P)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM (deceased)
CB
(OO:DL)

ReWFOairtel 8/18/64 and DLairtel to Bureau 8/12/64.

Enclosed for Bureau are 6 copies of LHM containing info obtained from the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, by SA RICHARD W. KAISER on 8/17/64. Copies furnished the office of origin as indicated.

It is noted the office of origin is attempting to monitor the records. If necessary a copy of the transcript may be obtained by letter directed through channels to Mr. JEROME ADLERMAN, General Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

1. ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 6)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (RM) (44-1630)
- 1 - WFO
- JP:mpe
- (6)

AIRTEL

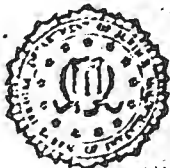
C. C. Wick

EX-102
21 AUG 28 1964
1968
6-44

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 1 - 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.
August 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HAINLY CONRAD - VICTIM
(DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Alphonse F. Calabrese, Assistant Counsel,
Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate
Office Building, Washington, D. C., made available to a
Special Agent of the FBI on August 17, 1964, the following
records of that Committee for examination:

A 43-page transcript of 22 phonographic recordings
obtained by the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations,
from Lieutenant George Butler, of the Dallas Police Department.
Lieutenant Butler, working under cover for the Dallas Police
Department recorded the conversations in connection with the Dallas
crime investigation during the period 1943 to 1945. The
original recordings have been returned to Lieutenant Butler.

The transcription notes that the first seven
recordings were not transcribed in detail as they were not
considered pertinent to the matter in question.

The detailed transcript concerned two specific
meetings.

1. Meeting between Paul Jones; Steve Guthrie,
Sheriff Elect; and George Butler, Dallas
Police Department on Friday night, 8:00 p.m.,
to 1:00 p.m., November 1, 1945, at the home
of Steve Guthrie. TEXAS
2. Meeting between Paul Jones; Jack Hanning; Pat
Hanning, Sheriff Elect; Steve Guthrie,
Dallas County; and Detective George Butler,
Dallas Police Department, held at the home
of Steve Guthrie, Dallas, Texas, on November
7, 1945. Texas

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

44-24016-1768

ENCLOSURE

Re: Jack L. Ruby;

Los Harvey Oswald - Victim (deceased)

Examination of this material contains no mention of Jack Ruby. The indices of the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations failed to refer to information concerning Jack L. Ruby.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 8/19/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via A I R T E L REGULAR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (44-410) -RUC-
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel to Baltimore, dated 8/13/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies and for
Dallas 2 copies of a Letterhead Memorandum reflecting
interview of ROSEMARY HELMICK at Baltimore, Md. on
8/13/64.

Also enclosed for the Bureau is a letter
postmarked 3/10/64 from Mr. and Mrs. DONALD HELMICK,
Irving, Texas, addressed to ROSIE HELMICK, 1641 Dartford
Road, Baltimore, Md.

57-104

REC-60

44-24016-1969

16 AUG 20 1964

3 - Bureau (Encls. 11)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encls. 2)
1 - Baltimore
GHC:el
(6)

ENCLOSURE

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

408 Post Office Building
Baltimore, Maryland 21202

August 19, 1964

JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

RE: INTERVIEW OF ROSEMARY HELMICK,
2123 SPARROWS POINT ROAD,
SPARROWS POINT, MARYLAND

By letter dated August 11, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested that Rosemary Helmick be interviewed to determine if she had ever received a letter from Wanda Helmick, in which Wanda Helmick told Rosemary Helmick that she had overheard a telephone conversation between Ralph Paul and Jack Ruby, in which Paul had made an exclamation about a gun and Ruby's being "crazy".

On August 18, 1964, Rosemary Helmick, 2123 Sparrows Point Road, Sparrows Point, Maryland, advised that Wanda Helmick, who resides at 2630 Rock Island Road, Irving, Texas, is her sister-in-law. Wanda Helmick is married to Donald, the brother of Rosemary Helmick, and this couple has been married for approximately two years.

Rosemary Helmick informed she has never personally met Wanda Helmick and has never been to the State of Texas. Wanda Helmick has never visited Rosemary Helmick in Baltimore, Maryland and their acquaintanceship has been confined to the exchange of approximately five letters during the period of the past year.

Rosemary Helmick recalled that some time after the assassination of President Kennedy and prior to Christmas 1963, she had received a letter from Wanda Helmick in which Wanda had made mention of Jack Ruby and "something about a gun". Miss Helmick could not specifically recall in what connection Jack Ruby's name

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22 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

RE: INTERVIEW OF ROSEMARY HELMICK

was mentioned and she did not remember in what connection a gun was mentioned in this letter. She did not recall the name Ralph Paul being mentioned in this letter and she had no recollection of Ruby being referred to as "crazy", although she stated that it was entirely possible all of these statements could have been made and due to the passage of time, she could not recollect these statements. She does not know and has never met Jack Ruby or Ralph Paul.

Miss Helmick said that she did not recall what she had done with the above-referred-to letter and a search by Miss Helmick of her correspondence and personal effects failed to locate this letter.

Miss Helmick did locate among her correspondence a letter addressed to her from Wanda Helmick, postmarked March 10, 1964 at Irving, Texas. The only mention of Jack Ruby in this letter is as follows:

"They are sure having a lot of trouble with the Jack Ruby trial these day. 6 prisinor escaped day before yesterday. Two have still not been cought, they were in the same jail as Ruby."

"I talk to Ralph Ruby partner in the Evll pen he told me Ruby wasn't in his right mind every sence the president had been shot."

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (44-974) (RUC)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR

Re NY tel 8/21/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting interviews with JOSEPH KINGSBURY-SMITH, Publisher of the "New York Journal American"-newspaper and reporter DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

Two copies of the letterhead memorandum are enclosed for Dallas.

JOSEPH KINGSBURY-SMITH furnished the information in the enclosed memorandum to Assistant Director JOHN F. BALONE.

DOROTHY KILGALLEN was interviewed by SAs FRANCIS P. HENRY and JOE C. HESTER.

3 Bureau (44-24016) (Encs. 7)
2-Dallas (44-1639) (Encs. 2)
1-NY 44-974

1FB:HCH

(7)

REC-60

44-24016-1970
AUG 25 1964

7301
AUG 28 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

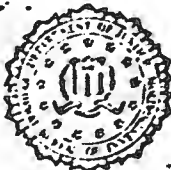
Sent _____

M

Per _____

REC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN 44-24016-1970

62-109090



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
August 24, 1964

Joseph Kingsbury-Smith
Dorothy Kilgallen

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested that an investigation be conducted to determine how a transcript of the Commission's interview with Jack L. Ruby came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American." NY

Joseph Kingsbury-Smith, Publisher of the "New York Journal-American", on August 21, 1964, advised that previous to that date, he asked Dorothy Kilgallen to identify the source who furnished her the transcript of Jack Ruby's interview by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy. Mr. Smith stated that Miss Kilgallen refused to reveal her source, but did indicate to him that the source was someone inside the Commission who was a friend of hers of long standing.

Mr. Smith stated that he questioned Miss Kilgallen thoroughly and she told him that she would stake her reputation on the fact the transcript of Ruby's interview definitely was not stolen, not bought and nothing illegal was done in obtaining it. Miss Kilgallen told Mr. Smith that she would give her word of honor on this point. Mr. Smith stated that on the basis of the above facts, the Journal-American's attorneys decided that publication of the Ruby transcript did not violate the law since the President's Commission was not conducting a trial and was not trying Ruby. According to Mr. Smith, the attorneys for the newspaper said the transcript could be regarded as a journalistic matter.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

44-24016-1170

ENCLOSURE

Joseph Kingsbury-Smith
Dorothy Kilgallen

Reporter N.Y. Journal
American

Dorothy Kilgallen was interviewed on August 21, 1964, at her Town House located at 45 East 68th Street, New York, New York.

Miss Kilgallen stated that she refused to reveal the source who gave her the transcript of the Jack Ruby interview by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

Miss Kilgallen stated that she would identify the source only as "responsible person who had a legal right to the transcript." She stated that she was the only person who knew the identity of the source and that she "would die" rather than reveal his identity. Miss Kilgallen said that she based her refusal to identify her source on the right of a newspaper reporter to protect his sources of information.

Miss Kilgallen specifically was asked whether or not the source was a member of the President's Commission itself or a staff member or employee. She refused to answer.

Miss Kilgallen specifically was asked if the source was someone not on the Commission, such as Ruby's defense counsel or someone else who was present during the interview or who might legally have received a copy of the transcript. She refused to answer.

Miss Kilgallen also said that she would refuse to give the date on which she received the Ruby transcript and would refuse to identify the city in which she obtained it.

Miss Kilgallen did state that her source was a man and not a woman. She said her source is a friend of hers of long standing. She stated that the source gave her the transcript as a "friendly gesture."

ST-10

REC-50

1970

August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This will confirm your conversation of August 20, 1964, with Mr. J. R. Malley of this Bureau wherein you requested that the Federal Bureau of Investigation conduct an investigation to determine how the transcript of Jack Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on June 19, 1964, came into possession of Dorothy Kilgallon and the "New York Journal-American."

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at New York City setting forth the results of interviews with Joseph Kingsbury-Smith, publisher of the "New York Journal-American," and Dorothy Kilgallon on August 21, 1964.

In the absence of a specific request from the President's Commission, no effort will be made to conduct interviews of Commission members or its staff or to conduct any other indicated investigation within the confines of the authority of the Commission over its personnel and activities, as it is felt that the Commission itself may wish to resolve any such matters.

The investigation as requested is continuing and you will be promptly advised of the results.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (2)

JWU/Job
(9)

XEROX

AUG 28 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SEP 1 1964 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM

AUG 26 1 54 PM '64

100-8-113-21

Joseph Kingsbury-Smith
Dorothy Kilgallen

Miss Kilgallen stated that she would swear that the transcript was not stolen and nothing illegal was done in obtaining it. She stated that she did not pay money for the transcript and did not give or promise her source anything else of value in exchange for the transcript.

Miss Kilgallen refused to say if she first approached the source or if the source first approached her about the transcript.

She stated this source gave her a typed transcript of the Ruby interview. She kept the transcript several days and had copies made including photostats. Miss Kilgallen then gave the transcript back to her source.

Miss Kilgallen recalled from memory that the transcript she received was numbered from Page 1 to Page 103. She said that one page was missing. She believes the missing page was numbered 59, otherwise the transcript appeared to be complete. Page 103 of the transcript was a notarized statement from the stenographer who was present during the interview.

Miss Kilgallen stated the "New York Journal-American" does not know the identity of her source and in fact, she told the newspaper less than she told the interviewing agents.

Miss Kilgallen did not furnish any other information of value. She stated that she is the only person who knows the identity of her source and she will never reveal it.

Miss Kilgallen volunteered to go to Washington, D.C. to testify on this matter before the President's Commission. She emphasized, however, that she also will refuse to identify her source to the Commission or anyone else. She stated that regardless of the consequences, she will never identify the source to anyone.

NOTE: A copyright story by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the "New York Journal-American" 8/13/64, which set forth verbatim the transcript of Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission at the Dallas County Jail 6/7/64. Mr. Rankin of the Commission telephonically contacted Mr. Malley 8/20/64, and requested that we conduct an investigation to determine how Kilgallen and the "Journal-American" obtained this transcript. Kingsbury-Smith, publisher of the "Journal-American", said he had questioned Kilgallen before printing the article and that she had assured him that the transcript came into her possession legally but would not reveal her source. Kilgallen was interviewed and refused to reveal her source but would only state that she had obtained it from a responsible person who had a legal right to the transcript.

8/26/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1630)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) — 1971

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

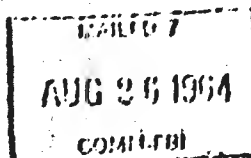
Enclosed herewith are two copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated August 25, 1964, requesting that we attempt to locate and interview one "Johnnie" concerning his knowledge of a conversation Ruby had with Harry Olsen and his wife, former dancer Kathy Kay Coleman.

Handle the requested investigation on an expedite basis. Submit results promptly upon conclusion by letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission.

Enclosures (2)

JAH/ras
(4)

NOTE: Ruby has stated that he had a conversation on the early morning of 11/23/63 with Harry Olsen, who was then a Dallas Police Officer, and Kathy Kay Coleman, a former stripper at Ruby's Carousel Club. We have interviewed Olsen and Coleman and conducted extensive investigation to verify this meeting. Commission states that as a result of dispositions taken from Olsen and Coleman it appears that an unidentified "Johnnie" was a witness to the conversation.



RECEIVED
AUG 28 1964

SEP 1 1964

62-108080-

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.

Washington, D.C. 20002

Telephone 343-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BYRDS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DOLIB

J. LEE

AUG 25 1964

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As a result of the depositions of Harry Olsen and his wife, former dancer, Kathy Kay Coleman, it appears that a man named "Jehanie" (LNU), who was employed in November 1963 at a parking garage near the corner of Jackson and Fields Streets in Dallas, was also a witness to the hour-long conversation which Ruby had on Saturday morning, November 23 with Olsen and Kathy Kay.

The Commission would appreciate your attempting to locate "Jehanie" and interviewing him in connection with Ruby's conversation. In particular, please ascertain whether or not the Olsens stated that Oswald should be lynched, dragged through the streets, or otherwise punished without due process of law. Please also inquire as to any other statements that he may have heard made by Ruby or the Olsens.

REC-60

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

111-18801
AUG 23 1964

ST-104

AUG 23 1964

1971

62-10800

Mr. Tolson
 Mr. DeLoach
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Bishop
 Mr. Casper
 Mr. Callahan
 Mr. Conrad
 Mr. Felt
 Mr. Gale
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Sullivan
 Mr. Tavel
 Mr. Trotter
 Tele. Room
 Miss Holmes
 Miss Gandy

Airtel

8/26/64

1 - Mr. Hines

To: SAC, New York (44-874) (Enclosures 2)
 From: Director, FBI (44-24018) — 1972
 JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS
 OO: DALLAS

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated August 25, 1964, requesting that we interview George Senator concerning his activities on the morning of November 24, 1964.

Handle the requested interview on an expedite basis and submit results by letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission promptly upon completion.

1 - Dallas (44-1639) (for info) (Enclosure)

JWH/ras (5)

NOTE:

George Senator was a close friend and the roommate of Ruby at the time of the assassination and Ruby's interview on June 7, 1964, indicated that he made up his mind to shoot Oswald at 9:15 that morning. Senator was at the apartment when Ruby left to go to the Western Union Office and one William Downey has reported that Senator called him to come over to his house for breakfast shortly before the shooting. The Commission desires reinterview of Senator to determine if Ruby expressed any indication that he was going to shoot Oswald prior to leaving the apartment and to determine why Senator did not eat breakfast with Ruby that morning.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090

XEROX
 AUG 28 1964

XEROX
 AUG 28 1964

AUG 26 1964

P 1 1964

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1402

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD E. FUSSELL
KEVIN SHELMAN COUNSEL
HALE B. KOGS
GERALD R. TORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE P

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

AUG 25

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In the Clements report of June 26, 1964, Mr. William Downey has reported that George Senator called him about a half-hour before it was known that Ruby had shot Lee Oswald and offered to make breakfast for Downey and his wife. According to Downey, Senator also said that he was alone at Ruby's apartment. Please re-interview Mr. Senator and ask him why he called Downey after Ruby left and why he offered to make breakfast for Downey but did not eat with Ruby earlier in the morning when Ruby had a full breakfast in the apartment.

Please also ask Mr. Senator whether or not Jack Ruby said anything to Senator on Sunday morning about intending to shoot Lee Oswald. Ruby has told a member of the Commission staff that he decided to shoot Oswald at 9:15 Sunday morning and has given further testimony that Senator may have been aware of such intent.

Mr. Senator was last known to be employed at a Delicatessen at 150 W. 49th Street, New York City, known as Mr. Kishka, and can also be contacted through his sister, Mrs. A. J. Weisberg, 2255 Grand Concourse, Bronx, New York.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

50-105

REC-60

12 XEROX
AUG 28 1964

AUG 26 1964

1972

UNRECORDED-COPY-FILED IN

62-109092

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 25 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

500 PM CST URGENT 8-25-64 NSP

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. - VICTIM, CR. RE
DALLAS TEL TO BUREAU, AUGUST TWENTYFOUR LAST.

ANTOINE PAVELKA, ACTING CHIEF SPECIAL AGENT, SOUTHWESTERN
BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY, ADVISED TODAY THAT FOLLOWING COMPLETE
CHECK OF TELEPHONES OF MRS. SAMUEL D. RUBY AND MRS. EVA GRANT
AND COMPLETE CHECK OF TELEPHONE COMPANY EQUIPMENT, THAT NO
EVIDENCE LOCATED THAT ANY WIRETAP HAS EVER BEEN USED PREVIOUSLY
ON EITHER TELEPHONE.

END

WA SXC

FBI WASH DC

TU

14 AUG 28 1964

0 AUG 31 1964

August 27, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Mr. J. Lee Rankin
President's Commission
250 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. M. Sizoo
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 2, 1964, and my letter dated August 13, 1964, and August 23, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Dallas Office dated August 21, 1964, incorporating the results of investigation conducted in connection with the above request. Also enclosed are two copies each of two communications from our New York Office both dated August 19, 1964, containing the results of our interviews with Mr. Bernard Brennan and Mr. George Sontor.

In your letter you requested to interview Officer G. H. Tippit of the Dallas Police Department to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with Jack Ruby. For your information, Officer G. H. Tippit was interviewed on December 16, 1963, by Agents of this Bureau regarding his relationship with Jack Ruby. The report of this interview is recorded on Page 152 of the Dallas report of Special Agent Kenneth C. Clements dated December 19, 1963, captioned "Jack L. Ruby, aka.; Lee Harvey Oswald, aka. - Victim, (Deceased); Civil Rights." For your convenience, the

1 - Dallas (69-43)
62-109060

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO FOR SAC, DALLAS

1 - 62-109060 (President's Commission)
1 - 105-32555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO
199 AUG 27 1964

62819

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-3674

UNREC

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Balance of this interview is reported in the enclosed communication from our Dallas Office. In view of the above, Officer Tippit was not reinterviewed.

The other investigation requested by you is being closely followed and when the results are received, you will be promptly notified.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (6)

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReBuletts to the Commission dated 8-13-64 and 8-25-64, copies of which were furnished to Dallas.

For the information of Dallas, the only other outstanding lead is the reinterview of Curtis LaVerne Crafard by the Portland division. This matter must receive close and continuous attention. Commission by let 8-3-64, refers to testimony of Mark Ruby before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in EL newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears the Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request requires displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club. The Portland Division is being followed separately to insure the reinterview is handled at the earliest possible time. When Portland results are received and the Commission is advised, it will conclude our inquiries in this particular matter.

8-27-64

1 - J. W. Hines
1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Memphis

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUPA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION

By letter dated 8-11-64, Sergeant Alton C. Gillless, Jr., Bureau of Identification, Sheriff's Office, Shelby County Tennessee, advised that one John Franklin Elrod had walked into the Sheriff's Office on that date and indicated he had information concerning the murder of "Lee Oswald." Elrod reportedly had a travel bag containing a saved-off shotgun. According to the letter your office was advised of this information and that an investigation would be conducted.

By return airtel advise what action has been taken in this matter and whether the results of your investigation have been furnished to Dallas.

No information identifiable with John Franklin Elrod could be located in Bureau files.

1 - Dallas (100-10161)

① - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RDR:lan (7)

NOTE: Sergeant Gillless primarily wrote to obtain a criminal record check of Elrod. This was handled by teletype to him on 8-13-64, cc to Memphis. This airtel being sent in line with our continuing practice to insure outstanding leads are covered.

NOT RECORDED
100 AUG 29 1964

UNREC

URGENT 8/29/64

P 1-1964-A

105-82555-4706

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 343-1400

ARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. FUSSELL
WILLIAM SHERMAN COOPER
JAMES H. MOSELEY
FRED A. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ELLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

AUG 7

J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As you know, the Commission is nearing the completion of its investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy. In its final Report, the Commission desires to suggest in some appropriate way the extent of the excellent investigative effort undertaken by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

It would be helpful if the Bureau could supply some statistics which would reflect the scope of the FBI's investigation. In particular, we would appreciate figures on the approximate number of interviews conducted by the Bureau, the pieces of correspondence and reports sent by the Bureau to the Commission, and the total number of pages of such materials. If the information can be obtained without undue difficulty, the Commission would also like to be advised concerning the approximate number of Agent-days spent by the Bureau on this investigation since November 22, 1963.

For the Commission's purposes, it is not necessary to distinguish between the investigation conducted regarding Jack L. Ruby and the investigation conducted regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and the assassination. I recognize that your work is continuing, but I suggest that a cut-off date of August 1, 1964 would be appropriate for the purpose of compiling these figures. Any thoughts you have about presenting these statistics in the most effective way would be appreciated by the Commission.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

UNREC

AUG 10 1964

SOVIET SECTION
THREE

62-109090-187
33 AUG-10-1964
LEB
H
W

1 - J. P. [unclear]
 1 - N. P. Callahan (W. C. Jackson)
 1 - I. W. Conrad (W. D. Griffith)
 1 - C. D. DeLoach
 1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)
 (R. E. Lonihan)

August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - L. J. Gauthier
 1 - Mr. Belmont
 1 - Mr. Rosen
 1 - Mr. Malley
 1 - Mr. Shroder
 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Leo Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 7, 1964, requesting certain statistical data as to the scope of this Bureau's investigative efforts since the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

As of July 31, 1964, this Bureau submitted to you over 1756 investigative reports comprising over 17,200 pages. In addition, over 3632 items of physical evidence were received in the FBI Laboratory for technical examination and our Exhibit experts constructed and delivered to you detailed scale models of the assassination site and garage of the Dallas City Jail with accompanying visual aids.

We did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted or the number of Agent-days expended on this investigation by virtually every one of our fifty-six continental field offices and representatives abroad. To obtain this information would be an extremely laborious and time consuming statistical research project in view of the scope of our activities and the number of personnel involved for over an eight-month period.

62-109090
 1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)
 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
 RDR:las (15) S 21 11 64

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SENT DIRECT
 FOR APPROVAL
 8-12-64

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D

11/11/64

62-109090-189

ORIGINAL

AUG 12 2 10 PM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM

CONFIDENTIAL

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

As an example of the number of personnel involved, I would like to point out that immediately after the assassination I transferred on a temporary basis over eighty additional FBI personnel to our Dallas Office alone to assist in affording this matter expeditious and thorough handling.

In addition to the large number of field personnel involved, a considerable number of supervisory officials at our Washington Headquarters have been exclusively assigned to this investigation since its inception and will continue to be so assigned until no longer needed.

As this investigation progressed, we received an increasing number of special requests from members of your staff. Some requests imposed a very tight deadline on us and some necessitated travel to and from Dallas and other locations by our Agent, technical and supervisory personnel. It was necessary on several occasions to make special arrangements to enable your staff to handle necessary inquiries and to obtain specialized equipment and services to facilitate your investigation such as the arrangements for the partial re-enactment in Dallas on May 24, 1964, and the obtaining of a helicopter for aerial photography.

The above summarizes to some degree the areas in which this Bureau has endeavored to cooperate with the President's Commission in handling its responsibility. I hope this information will be of assistance to you. You can be assured that I will continue to insist that every logical effort be made by FBI personnel to assist you in this historic and tragic undertaking.

Sincerely yours,

NOTE: See Rosen to Belmont memo captioned "The President's Commission, Assassination of the President," dated 8-11-64, RDR:las.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (14-24016)

DATE: 8/25/64

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (14-645) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM -
KENNEDY
CR

Inasmuch as there are no outstanding leads
in the Chicago Division, this case is being placed in
an "open" status.

- 2 - Bureau
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639)
- 1 - Chicago

DTC/ald
(2)

REC 4

3 AUG 28 1964

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

1 33 611.04

SEP 3 1964

FBI

Date: 8/27/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

OO - DALLAS

ReBuairtel, 8/19/64, which refers to letterhead memorandum submitted by Dallas by airtel, 8/11/64, relative to telephone toll charges of one HARRY OLSEN, requested by the Commission.

Enclosed are 10 copies of amended page 1 of FD-302 which reflects a telephone toll charge to HARRY OLSON, Henrietta, Texas, and later states HARRY OLSEN is subscriber to the Henrietta telephone in question. The amended FD-302 underlines the HARRY D. OLSON (sic). In final paragraph, page 1, the middle initial of HARRY L. OLSEN has been inserted as reflected in the telephone directory covering Henrietta, Texas.

Also enclosed to be added to letterhead memorandum for further clarification are 10 copies of FD-302 of Sergeant W. H. STRINGER, Personnel Office, Dallas Police Department, which shows full name of HARRY OLSEN, former policeman, as HARRY NEAL OLSEN, and his father as HARRY LEE OLSEN.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 20)
1 - Los Angeles (44-895) (Info)
2 - Dallas
MCC:pm
(6)

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED
20 AUG 29 1964
UNREC

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

FBI

Transmit the following in _____

Date: 8/28/64

Via AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code)

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CR

OO: DALLAS

Re Los Angeles teletype to Bureau 8/21/64.

The Pacific Telephone Company in Los Angeles has completed to date 80% of the list of subscribers previously furnished them, and expects to complete the remainder by the close of business Monday 8/31/64. L

Supplemental FD-302's and LHM's will be prepared immediately by Los Angeles upon receipt of the above lists and forwarded to the Bureau and Dallas.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Dallas
- 2 - Los Angeles

PBD/bjk
(7)

REC 4

1975
AUG 29 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

_____ Sent _____

M

Per _____

SEP 3 1964

FBI

Transmit the following in _____

Date: 8/24/64

Via AIRTEL

(Type in plain text or code)

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

FROM:

RE:

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuaairtel 7/31/64 which transmitted Commission's
letter of 7/30/64 requesting investigation to determine how
"The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and
answers which were published in newspapers across the
country on the polygraph examination of RUBY.

By airtel dated 8/14/64, results of a number of
interviews were submitted.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum
incorporating interview with Miss ODELL OLIVER, Court
Reporter.

REC 4

1976

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC/jte
(5)

ENCLOSURE

od:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated July 30, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby.

Attached is a report of the interview with Miss Odell Oliver, Court Reporter.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 1965

44-3886-1110
ENCLOSURE

Date August 24, 19641

Miss ODELL OLIVER, office in the U.S. Post Office and Courthouse, Dallas, Texas, who is a Court Reporter, was interviewed on August 22, 1964.

Miss OLIVER stated that she took notes on the polygraph test given to JACK L. RUBY on July 18, 1964, at the request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. She related that the transcription was not completely typed up until Friday, July 24, 1964. This transcription was then mailed by registered mail to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, Washington, D. C., with a return receipt requested.

Miss OLIVER stated at no time did she divulge or discuss the contents of this transcription with anyone and does not know how such transcription got into "The Dallas Times Herald", which was printed July 22, 1964. She stated she read the article in "The Dallas Times Herald" allegedly reflecting the questions and answers in the polygraph test; however, she noted some discrepancies in the questions and answers, and it appeared to her that "The Dallas Times Herald" in reporting the questions and answers had paraphrased in some instances. Miss OLIVER stated that she has no idea as to how this transcription reached "The Dallas Times Herald", but definitely wants to state that she at no time divulged any information to anyone.

2

THOMAS E. DRAIN

21 SEP 1964

8/22/64 at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf

Date dictated 8/24/64

REC 4

1976

August 27, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 30, 1964, requesting an investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers on the polygraph examination of Jack Ruby on July 16, 1964.

The results of this Bureau's investigation were furnished to you by my letter of August 19, 1964, with the exception of an interview with Miss Odell Oliver, the court reporter who recorded the interview. Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth an interview with Miss Odell Oliver.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of July 29, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

JWH:job
(7)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Rm. _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
AUG 27 11 54 AM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-1

NOTE: At the request of the President's Commission, Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail on 7/18/64 by SAs Herndon and Wood. The questions used in the examination were prepared by the Commission and all arrangements as to who would be present were made by the President's Commission. On 7/22/64 "The Dallas Times Herald" printed an article which set forth what was purported to be the complete questions and answers from the polygraph examination and the President's Commission by letter 7/30/64 requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers which were published. With this interview of Oliver we have completed interview of all persons present during the interview with the exception of the President's Commission's representatives, and all denied releasing the information. Officials of "The Dallas Times Herald" declined to reveal their source of information.

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel 7/31/64 transmitting Commission's letter of July 30, 1964, which requested interview with one Mr. GRIFFIN, an employee of "The Dallas Times Herald" who allegedly saw RUBY during the early morning hours of November 23, 1963, along with ROY A. PRYOR in "The Dallas Times Herald" building. *L*

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum to which are attached results of interviews with ROY A. PRYOR and KENNETH E. GRIFFITH. *1 cc Sheriff's Dept.
2 cc Dallas Times Herald
8/26/64. jtf/jtf*

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

RJB:jtf
(5)

C C. Vlach

ENCLOSURE

REC 4-11 1964

AUG 25 1964

1977

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 24, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

By letter dated July 30, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested one Mr. Griffin, an employee of "The Dallas Times Herald", be identified and interviewed, it being pointed out that Griffin, according to Roy A. Pryor, saw Jack L. Ruby at about 4:00 a.m., Saturday, November 23, 1963. Attached are reports of interviews with Roy A. Pryor and Kenneth E. Griffith.

It is noted that on August 3, 1964, Paul Pope, Personnel Manager, "The Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, advised that there is no employee of "The Dallas Times Herald" with the surname of Griffin; however, Mr. Pope noted that one Kenneth E. Griffith is an employee assigned to the Composing Room of this newspaper.

COPIES TO BUREAU

21 JAN 3 1963

100-441111-1
ENCLOSURE

Date 8/7/641

ROY A. PRYOR, 8544 Foxwood Lane, advised that he is employed as a printer by "The Dallas Times Herald" and that he and a man named GRIFFIN or GRIFFITH, first name unknown, had both worked two hours overtime the morning of November 23, 1963. Both had made up time sheets and were about ready to leave "The Dallas Times Herald" composing room when JACK RUBY came in at approximately 4:10 a.m. PRYOR spoke to RUBY but does not recall if he introduced RUBY to "GRIF." If RUBY and "GRIF" spoke at all, it would have only been to say hello. PRYOR stated that "GRIF" would not have been in RUBY's presence more than five or ten seconds before "GRIF" left. PRYOR stated that "GRIF" is approximately 39 years of age.

on 8/7/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JOHN J. O'DONNELL:vm Date dictated 8/7/64

Date August 21, 1964

1

~~HERNANDEZ E. GRIFFITH~~, Apartment 1, 3817 Hawthorne, Dallas, Texas, advised that he is employed in the Composing Room at "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper in Dallas, Texas, and was so employed during the early morning of November 23, 1963.

Mr. GRIFFITH stated that he knows of no employee at the newspaper with the surname of "GRIFFIN", whether it be in the Composing Room or any other department of this newspaper.

Mr. GRIFFITH stated that around 3:00 a.m. on Saturday, November 23, 1963, as he was just getting off work, a person previously unknown to him and whom he thought was another newspaper employee came into the Composing Room with an advertising insert in his hand.

GRIFFITH did not know the name of this man, but heard someone (identity not now recalled) refer to this individual as "JACK".

GRIFFITH stated he was in "JACK's" presence about five or six minutes as he, GRIFFITH, was trying to get out of the building and go home as it had been a hectic night with many of the advertising merchants changing their regular advertisements to ones expressing condolences over the tragic death of President KENNEDY in Dallas on the previous day.

While in "JACK's" presence those few minutes, he recalls that "JACK" appeared to be in a very jovial mood and not at all remorseful, and laughingly had mentioned that he had been hanging around the Dallas City Hall that night although he was not supposed to be there. "JACK" said he

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973

on 8/20/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/21/64

had done favors in the past for unnamed individuals and had been allowed to enter City Hall that night.

"JACK" also mentioned that "we" (not further identified) are trying to find out who the man really is that placed the ad in "The Dallas Morning News" on November 22, 1963, prior to the President's death making strong accusations against the President. "JACK" by all outward indications acted as if he did not know who this advertiser was (BERNARD WEISSMAN). "JACK" said, "It is probably someone posing as a Jew".

GRIFFITH stated he then continued on his way and never thought anything more of "JACK" or his comments.

GRIFFITH stated that he was home on Sunday, November 24, 1963, watching television when the television showed JACK RUBY shooting OSWALD. Even at this time, GRIFFITH stated he had not connected RUBY with the "JACK" he had seen briefly early Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, in the newspaper building.

GRIFFITH stated that it was not until Thanksgiving morning, November 28, 1963, when someone unrecalled, a fellow newspaper employee, mentioned to him that RUBY was the same "JACK" that he, GRIFFITH, had met in "The Dallas Times Herald" Composing Room early Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, that he, GRIFFITH, realized that "JACK" was the same person who shot OSWALD. Up to this time GRIFFITH had not made the connection of "JACK" being the same person as JACK RUBY.

GRIFFITH added that he had never known RUBY previously and did not recall ever having seen RUBY in person prior to or after November 23, 1963.

August 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of July 30, 1964, requesting that we identify and interview an employee of "The Dallas Times Herald" by the name of Griffin, there are enclosed herewith two copies of a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the results of the desired investigation.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of July 30, 1964.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure (2)

JWH/pab:
(7)

NOTE: The President's Commission by letter 7/30/64 advised that Ray Pryor, a composing room employee of The Dallas Times Herald in testifying before the Commission stated that he saw Jack Ruby about 4:00 p.m., Saturday, 11/23/63 and that a fellow employee by the name of Griffin was present during part of his conversation with Ruby. It was requested that we identify and interview Griffin. Dallas determined that Griffin's correct name was Kenneth E. Griffith who stated that he was present for a few minutes during Pryor's conversation with Ruby, at which

Continued on page two

56 SEP 3 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-3-30 PR 100-3-30

NOTE (continued)

time he recalled Ruby mention the fact that he had been to the Dallas Police Department earlier in the night and he discussed with Pryor the controversial Bernard Weissman advertisement that had appeared in the Dallas morning news on 11/22/63.

9/1/64

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Hines

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR FBI

JACK L. RUEY, AKA., LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. DASH VICTIM, CR.
REURAIRTEL AUGUST TWENTYFIVE LAST.

HELEN LAIDRICH, COURT REPORTER WHO TRANSCRIBED INTERVIEW OF RUEY BY COMMISSION ON JUNE SEVEN LAST, IN HER INTERVIEW AUGUST TWENTYFIVE LAST STATED THAT UPON COMPLETION OF THE TRANSCRIPT FROM HER NOTES SHE TURNED THE TRANSCRIPT OVER TO USA SANDERS TO BE MAILED TO MR. SPECTOR OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION. IMMEDIATELY REINTERVIEW LAIDRICH FOR FULL DETAILS RE SECURITY OF HER ORIGINAL NOTES AND DETERMINE POSSIBILITY OF OTHER TRANSCRIPTS HAVING BEEN PREPARED FROM THESE NOTES. ALSO INTERVIEW USA SANDERS FOR FULL DETAILS RE HIS HANDLING OF THE TRANSCRIPT AND POSSIBILITY OF OTHER COPIES HAVING BEEN MADE WHILE IT WAS IN HIS POSSESSION. ANY OTHER LOGICAL LEADS DEVELOPED FROM THESE INTERVIEWS SHOULD ALSO BE PROMPTLY COVERED. SUBMIT RESULTS BY LHM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION.

JWH:job
(3)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

11 SEP 2 1964

SEP 1 1964

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

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21 JAN 3 1973

REC-34

79 SEP 4 - 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

220

NOTE: The President's Commission on 8/20 requested that we conduct investigation to determine how a copy of the transcript of Ruby's testimony before the Commission on 6/7/64 came into the hands of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American." We interviewed Kilgallen and the publisher of the "Journal-American" who refused to identify source. We also interviewed all persons present at the interview with the exception of the Commission staff members who denied knowledge of how transcript came to be printed in the "Journal-American." Laidrich, the court reporter, when interviewed, stated she furnished transcript to USA Sanders for transmittal to the President's Commission. She also said that while on vacation she visited the Commission offices in Washington, D. C., on 6/30/64, and while there saw some mimeograph copies of the transcript around the office and gained the impression that mimeograph copies had been made up for the members of the staff to study. One copy of the transcript was furnished to the Bureau by the Commission for use in preparing for the polygraph examination of Ruby. This copy has never been out of Bureau Headquarters, it being noted that Kilgallen said her source furnished her a copy which she kept for several days and of which she also made copies.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 1 1964

TELETYPE

228
1

FBI

Date: 8/29/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
SAC, NEWARK (44-443)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Newark airtel 8/27/64 and enclosed letterhead memorandum, to which is attached FD-302 interview with ROBERT G. STOREY.

The name of ROBERT G. STOREY is carried as ROBERT D. STOREY on cover airtel and ROBERT J. STOREY in FD-302. Correct name is ROBERT G. STOREY. Bureau and Newark correct. Dallas copies corrected.

(3) - Bureau
2 - Newark
2 - Dallas

WCC:jtf
(7)

UNREC

207 1001 10
10 SEP 1 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

Per _____

64 SEP 1 1964

Memorandum

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: AUGUST 31 1964

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division

HJM:JWB:cf

82-73-0

SUBJECT: Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights

Reference is made to your memorandum to the Attorney General dated August 26, 1964.

Attached for your information is a copy of my letter of this date to Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby.

34 SEP 1 1964

EXP-PROC.

35

Attachment

REC 4

10 SEP 1 1964

1977

AIR MAIL

AUGUST 31 1964

Mrs. Samuel D. Ruby
11616 Jamestown Road
Dallas, Texas

Dear Mrs. Ruby:

Your letter to the Attorney General dated August 18, 1964, has been referred to me for reply.

I wish to assure you that this Department's Federal Bureau of Investigation has never at any time placed or caused to be placed any monitoring device or so-called "wire tap" on the telephone line of either Samuel D. Ruby or Mrs. Eva Grant, nor has it done so with respect to the telephone line of any other member of Jack L. Ruby's family.

On the contrary, I have been informed that a complete check of the telephone lines of Samuel D. Ruby and Mrs. Eva Grant was made on August 25, 1964, and disclosed no evidence to indicate that any monitoring device had ever been used on either of those lines.

Sincerely,

HERBERT J. MILLER, JR.
Assistant Attorney General

100-441116-1980

September 1, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
290 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1964, requesting certain specific investigation relative to six enumerated items and, in reply to you of August 12, 1964, forwarding the results of investigation with the exception of items five and six.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated August 27, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, along with the five properly receipts attached as mentioned therein. This concludes investigation requested in item number six.

For your information, the request in item number five that we attempt to locate and identify the postal clerk with whom Ruby spoke on the early morning of November 23, 1963; was discussed with Mr. Stuart R. Pollak of your staff on July 30, 1964. He was advised of our previous investigation to identify the postal clerk which was furnished to you in the report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements at Dallas, Texas, dated January 17, 1964, page 160. Mr. Pollak stated that in view of the prior investigation it would not be necessary to pursue this particular matter further.

This concludes the investigation as requested in your letter of July 23, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SERVICE

7 9 SEP - 1

COMM-FBI

Enclosures (7)

JWH/ras

(7) 1 74.6X

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

7 9 SEP 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM

SEP 1 1 39 PM '64

060601-29

NOTE:

On the basis of testimonies before the Commission of certain police officers of the Dallas Police Department, the Commission requested that we conduct certain additional investigation with regard to the activities of the Police Department between 11/22/63 and 11/24/63 and Ruby's relationship to these activities. They also requested investigation concerning the Police Department's handling of certain personal property of Ruby.

FBI

Date: 8/27/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

Re Bureau airtel, 7/27/64, which transmitted
Commission's letter dated 7/23/64 containing six requests.
See also Bureau airtel, 8/26/64, in same regard.

Ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating
results of investigation of Item Six are enclosed. This
concerns property receipts executed by the Dallas Police
Department.

The four property receipts furnished by the
Commission for initialling by police officers are returned
herewith. In addition, there is enclosed a copy of an
additional property receipt, number 14530G, referred to in
FD 302a of Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR and
BILLIE JOE SMITH, formerly a Dallas police officer.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 15) (RM)
2 - Dallas
LCC:cmw
(5)

15- ENCLOSURE

EX-107

REC 20

1980

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 27, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter dated July 23, 1964, in Item Six, requested certain property receipts, included in a Dallas Police Department Report, be initialed by one or both of the officers who executed the documents and that one or more of the individuals be interviewed with respect to certain questions.

Attached are reports of interviews with Willie Mills Dickey, Charles Batchelor and B. W. Reuben, Dallas Police Department, and Billie Joe Smith, former Dallas Police officer.

The four property receipts supplied by the Commission have been initialed. In addition the Dallas Police Department has supplied a copy of property receipt number 14580G, which has been initialed by Mr. Smith.

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21 JAN 3 1973

Attachments (4)

ENCLOSURE

Date 8/4/64

1

WILLIE HILLS DICKEY, 4807 Skillman, advised he was employed as a property clerk for the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, on November 25, 1963, in the property Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas. Mr. DICKEY stated he was a retired captain in the regular United States Navy. Mr. DICKEY observed Dallas Police Department Property Clerk's Invoice No. 11105G which was an invoice reflecting property received by Mr. DICKEY and B. J. SMITH, a property clerk, on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY related that this property was property received from Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN and Lieutenant VERNON SMART of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY advised that he checked this property and filled out Invoice No. 11105G and placed it in the property room of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY affixed his initials on a copy of this invoice. This property was received from Lieutenant SWAIN and Lieutenant SMART, according to Mr. DICKEY, and tagged with the date of November 24, 1963.

Mr. DICKEY viewed a photostat of Dallas Police Department Property Invoice No. 11107G which contained a listing of property taken from JACK RUBY on November 24, 1963. Mr. DICKEY stated this property was taken from JACK RUBY by Lieutenant VERNON SMART and Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN on November 24, 1963, tagged, and brought to the property room of the Dallas Police Department on November 25, 1963, where this invoice was made up by him and property clerk B. J. SMITH, and, thereafter, this property was placed in the files of the property department of the Dallas Police Department on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY initialed this photostat reflecting receipt of property contained on Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11107G.

Mr. DICKEY observed Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11109G which contained the property of JACK RUBY. This invoice reflected that this property had been received from the jail on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY stated that it was the policy of the Dallas Police Department that when property was removed from prisoners it was to be tagged and placed inside a vault similar to a night safety depository of a bank. Mr. DICKEY related that the property contained on Invoice No. 11109G of the Dallas Police Department was taken from JACK RUBY on November 24, 1963, by Patrolman KENNETH H. HAAKE of the Dallas Police Department, tagged, and placed

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on 7/31/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639

21 JUL 3 1973

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vmDate dictated 8/3/64

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ENCLOSURE

in the jail safe. Mr. DICKEY related that no persons have a key to this safe except authorized property clerks and that once dropped into the slot in the top of this safe this property cannot be tampered with until removed by authorized clerks of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY placed his initials on the photostat of Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11109G reflecting that the property contained on this invoice was received by him on November 25, 1963, and thereafter placed in the vault in the property room of the Dallas Police Department.

Mr. DICKEY stated that he was not aware of any property not listed in these invoices that was taken from RUBY at the time of his arrest and, as far as he knew, all such property normally would be listed in a property invoice. He stated he was not aware of any other property invoices that were completed upon RUBY's arrest which had not been exhibited to him. Mr. DICKEY also stated that he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges having been found lying in the basement after RUBY's apprehension on November 24, 1963.

Date 8/5/641

Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that the only additional invoice of property of the Dallas Police Department that he could find in the property room reflecting property of JACK RUBY taken from him at the time he was arrested was Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 14580G which was property reflecting a .38 caliber revolver, five live rounds of .38 caliber Special ammunition, one .38 caliber cartridge case, and one .38 caliber slug. Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated this property was used in the trial of JACK RUBY. This invoice reflected that this property was received by property clerk B. J. SMITH from Captain WILL FRITZ, Detectives L. C. GRAVES, M. JOHNSON, and L. D. MONTGOMERY. Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated that B. J. SMITH was no longer with the Dallas Police Department and was presently working for the Texas Instrument Company at Metairie, Louisiana, which is a suburb of New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that Mr. SMITH's full name was BILLIE JOE SMITH and that his headquarters was in the Ingram Building, 2848 Veterans Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana.

RECEIVED

8/1/64

on 8/1/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/4/64

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Date 8/11/64

1
B. W. REUBEN, Property Clerk, Dallas Police Department, advised that Dallas Police Department Property Invoice No. 11474G was made out by him and witnessed by B. J. SMITH. He stated that the money listed on this invoice was previously furnished to the property room of the Dallas Police Department by Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN and Lieutenant VERNON SMART of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. REUBEN stated this was a supplement to invoice No. 11105G. Mr. REUBEN placed his initials on this invoice certifying that it was a copy of the original invoice of the property room of the Dallas Police Department and was prepared by him.

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN and
ROBERT J. BURNETT:vm Date dictated 8/10/64
TELL

1Date 8/14/64

BILLIE JOE SMITH, 2848 Veterans Highway, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that he was employed by the Dallas Police Department on February 18, 1964, and prepared Invoice No. 14580G. Mr. SMITH stated he was a property clerk, and to the best of his knowledge received the items on invoice from Dallas Police Officers GROVES, JOHNSON, and MONTGOMERY. The items listed on this invoice were listed by him and are the only property he recalls seeing that belonged to RUBY; however, he believes an unknown amount of money was accepted by Mr. HILL, the property room supervisor.

On 8/12/64 at Metairie, Louisiana File # DL 44-1639
NO 44-2064
by SA ALEXANDER JAMIESON: mam Date dictated 8/14/64

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FBI

Date: 8/25/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.,
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReButel 8/20/64 advising of the request of the Commission for investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview with JACK L. RUBY by the Commission on 6/7/64 came into the possession of DOROTHY KILGALLEN and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper. *L*

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating investigation by the Dallas Office.

The Houston Office by airtel 8/22/64 was requested to interview LEON JAWORSKI, Counsel, and JOE TORAHILL, Counsel.

By airtel 8/22/64 the Newark Office was requested to interview ROBERT G. STOREY, Counsel, at Atlantic City, New Jersey.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC/jte
(5)

REC-48

1781

Approved: *[Signature]*
79 SEP 1 6 1964 Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 25, 1964

JACK J. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview with Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached are reports of interviews with the following:

Sheriff J. E. Decker,
Dallas County Sheriff's Office;

Orvill Smith, Deputy Sheriff,
Dallas County Sheriff's Office;

E. L. Holman, Chief Jailer,
Dallas County Sheriff's Office;

Miss Helen Laidrich,
Court Reporter, Dallas, Texas;

Mr. James Bowie, Assistant District Attorney,
Dallas County, Texas;

Mr. HENRY WADE, District Attorney,
Dallas County, Texas.

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21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

Date August 24, 19641

Sheriff J. E. DECKER, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, stated that at the time Chief Justice WARREN, Chairman of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was questioning JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964, in the Dallas County Jail, DECKER was present only during part of the questioning. DECKER stated that he took no notes. DECKER stated he had no idea as to how any unauthorized persons came into possession of the contents of the interview of RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN. DECKER stated that he had not discussed what little he knew of the questions and answers between Chief Justice WARREN and JACK L. RUBY with anyone, and could categorically state that he had discussed with no one the contents of this interview.

RECEIVED

21 JAN 1965

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

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Date August 24, 19641

ORVILLE SMITH, Deputy Sheriff, Dallas County, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. SMITH stated that he was present briefly in the early part of the interview of Chief Justice EARL WARREN with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. SMITH stated that he was not present during the major part of the interview and SMITH stated that he kept no notes and did not try to remember what the questions and answers were. Mr. SMITH stated that he had not been approached by anyone as to what was said during this interview. He had not discussed with anyone the questions and answers that he heard during the brief period he was present. Mr. SMITH stated he had no idea as to how this information got into the hands of unauthorized persons and wanted to state that he did not give such information to anyone.

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FBI JAN 3 1973

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1433by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jef Date dictated 8/24/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 24, 19641

E. L. HOLMAN, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. HOLMAN stated that he was present in the room for a very short period of time during the time Chief Justice EARL WARREN, Head of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was questioning JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. HOLMAN stated he did not take notes. He stated that he had discussed this matter with no one and actually could not remember very much of what the actual questions and answers were. Mr. HOLMAN stated that he had no idea as how any unauthorized persons came into possession of the contents of the interview of RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN. He stated no one had ever approached him about the contents of this interview, and he wanted to definitely state that he did not give the information concerning the interview of Chief Justice WARREN with JACK L. RUBY to anyone.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jef Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 25, 1964

Miss HELEN LAIDRICH, 7847 Northaven Road, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Miss LAIDRICH stated that she was the court reporter who was employed to take the transcription of the interview of Chief Justice EARL WARREN with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Miss LAIDRICH stated this interview started at approximately 11:45 a.m. and ended at approximately 2:50 p.m. She stated during the course of that period, she was very busy and did not have an opportunity to observe the activities of the other people present during that period. She stated she was instructed to type her transcription up and mail it to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER, Staff Counsel of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Miss LAIDRICH stated that she typed up the contents of this interview and, thereafter, took them to the United States Attorney, H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, in the Federal Building, Dallas, Texas, and asked him to mail these to Mr. SPECTER, which he did.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she had no idea as to who may have divulged the contents of this transcript to unauthorized persons. She stated she definitely did not have the remotest idea as to who may have given this information to unauthorized persons and she wanted to state that she definitely did not furnish any information concerning this interview to any unauthorized persons.

Miss LAIDRICH stated that on June 30, 1964, while en route to the World's Fair, she stopped by the office of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY in Washington, D. C., and visited with some of the personnel there whom she knew. She related that she went to the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building and inquired as to the

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

location of the President's Commission. Miss LAIDRICH related that upon getting off the elevator, on what she believed was the fourth floor of this building, she asked the elevator operator if BURT GRIFFIN was available to talk with. She stated that she had known BURT GRIFFIN previously. Shortly thereafter, Mr. GRIFFIN greeted Miss LAIDRICH. Miss LAIDRICH stated they then went around the corner of the elevator to the first office on the right of the hallway and went into this office, where there was a secretary sitting at a desk. From there, they proceeded through this office into a back office where she observed a man sitting behind a desk, whom she assumed was another attorney.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she asked Mr. GRIFFIN what he thought of the interview of Chief Justice WARREN with JACK RUBY, and Mr. GRIFFIN stated he thought it was an excellent interview. She said one question Mr. GRIFFIN asked was, "Did Chief Justice WARREN actually hand JACK RUBY his glasses when RUBY was trying to read a note?" Miss LAIDRICH stated she was surprised to see some mimeographed copies of the transcript of the interview of JACK RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN, and she gained the impression that the mimeographed copies had been made up in order for the members of the staff to study them.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she wanted to reiterate she did not have any knowledge whatsoever or any idea as to who may have given the information of this interview to unauthorized people, but she wanted to explicitly state that she did not discuss this with any unauthorized persons.

Date August 25, 1964

1

Mr. JAMES BOWIE, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. BOWIE stated he was present during the interview of Chief Justice WARREN of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. BOWIE stated that he was there for the purpose of representing the District Attorney's Office of Dallas County, Texas. He stated that he paraphrased the questions and answers in note form, but did not have time to take them down verbatim.

Mr. BOWIE stated further that he had no idea as to how this information came into the hands of any unauthorized persons, and he wanted to state he certainly did not divulge this information to anyone except Dallas County District Attorney HENRY WADE, his superior, whom he considered authorized to have such information.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1964

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtc Date dictated 8/24/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date August 25, 1964

1

Mr. HENRY WADE, Dallas County District Attorney, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. WADE stated he had discussed this information with Mr. JAMES BOWIE, Assistant District Attorney of Dallas County, Texas, the person who represented him during the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964. Mr. WADE stated he had not discussed this interview with anyone other than Mr. BOWIE and had no idea as to how this information got into the hands of unauthorized persons. He stated it certainly did not come from him.

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /ite Date dictated 8/24/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 8/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

RE: Bureau teletype to Dallas, 8/20/64;
Dallas teletype to Houston, 8/21/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letter-head memorandum setting forth the results of interviews with LEON JAWORSKI and JOE H. TONAHILL.

It will be noted that TONAHILL's interview was conducted via telephone since he declined to make himself available for personal interview.

Both JAWORSKI and TONAHILL were advised that the interviews were being conducted at the specific request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM)
2 - Dallas (44-1539) (Enc. 1) (AM)
2 - Houston

GWK:yk
(7)

REC 37

1982

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

63 SEP 10 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Houston, Texas

August 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

RE: COPYRIGHT STORY BY
COMMUNIST DOROTHY KILGALLEN

Mr. Leon Jaworski, Attorney, Houston, Texas, advised Special Agent James W. Russell on August 21, 1964, that he is not a member of the Warren Commission. He said he is a Special Counsel to the Attorney General of the State of Texas to investigate the assassination. Mr. Jaworski advised he was not present at the interview of Jack Ruby by the Warren Commission as has been reported in the news media in recent days. He said he had written a letter to Mr. J. Lee Rankin, Commission Counsel, on August 20, 1964, and he had pointed out to Mr. Rankin that he had not attended these interviews. Mr. Jaworski also stated he advised Rankin that he has no idea as to how the information regarding this interview had been leaked out to the press.

Mr. Jaworski advised that this interview had largely been set up as a result of his arrangements with, and through, Mr. Joe H. Tenhill of Jasper, Texas, who was Jack Ruby's attorney. He said he cannot recall why he could not attend the interview but he probably was required to be in some distant city at the time. He said Mr. Robert G. Storey of Dallas, who is likewise a Special Counsel to the Attorney General of the State of Texas, did attend the interview of Jack Ruby. Mr. Jaworski advised he has never seen a transcript of the interview with Ruby, has never had a copy of this transcript in his possession, and has no knowledge of the distribution made of the copies of this transcript.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 5 1975

1711

RE: JACK L. RUBY

On August 21, 1964, Mr. Joe Golden, law associate of Joe H. Tonahill, Jasper, Texas, advised that Joe H. Tonahill was on vacation and he would attempt to locate him and have him contact the Houston Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

On August 21, 1964, Mr. Tonahill telephonically contacted Special Agent Graham W. Kitchel. When requested for an appointment to interview him, Mr. Tonahill was advised the purpose of the interview was to question him concerning how the transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby came into the possession of columnist Dorothy Kilgallen.

Mr. Tonahill advised that it would not be necessary in his opinion to interview him in person regarding this matter and declined to advise his location. He stated he was vacationing with his family on a lake in Texas and would be so occupied for approximately ten days.

Mr. Tonahill advised that he was present during the interview of Jack L. Ruby as Ruby's counsel. He stated he took very few notes but was accorded a copy of the transcript of the interview by J. Lee Hankin when it was prepared. He stated he has maintained this copy of the transcript locked in his desk in his office, and that employees of his office have not seen it and do not know that he has such. He stated he does not know how a copy of the transcript of the interview came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen, but knows he had no part in making the transcript available to her.

Mr. Belmont

A. Rosen

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

September 2, 1964

1 - J. P. Mohr
1 - H. P. Callahan
1 - I. W. Conrad
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley 1 - Mr. Rogge
1 - Mr. Shroder

PURPOSE

To recommend the attached letter be sent to the President's Commission pursuant to its inquiry advising them that personnel of this Bureau conducted an estimated 25,000 interviews since the assassination on 11-22-63.

DETAILS

On 9-2-64, Howard P. Willens, Staff Member of the Commission, telephonically contacted J. R. Malley and requested to be advised of the estimated number of interviews conducted by this Bureau since 11-22-63. Willens made specific reference to a prior Bureau letter dated 8-12-64, wherein the Commission had been advised we did not keep track of the number of such interviews conducted and that to obtain this figure would be an enormous undertaking. Willens nevertheless stated it would greatly aid the Commission in endeavoring to give the Bureau credit for work performed if the Commission could be furnished some rough estimate of the number of interviews conducted without resorting to a physical count or other time consuming project.

BACKGROUND

The Commission by letter 8-7-64, stated it intends to incorporate in its final report the extent of the "excellent" investigative efforts undertaken by the Bureau since 11-22-63, and in this regard requested certain statistical data, including the number of interviews conducted by this Bureau. By letter 8-12-64, we advised the Commission that over 1750 investigative reports comprising more than 17,200 pages had been furnished to the Commission and we also summarized some of the major special services and projects handled for the Commission. The Commission was specifically advised we did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted by virtually every FBI field office and representatives abroad and that to develop this information would be an extremely laborious and time consuming project.

Enclosure

62-109000

1 - 62-109000 (Assassination) 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)

1 - 62-109000 (Assassination) 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RBR:las (11)

CONTINUED - OVER

144-24016 UNREC

50 SEP 10 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson
RE: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

BASIS FOR ESTIMATE OF 25,000 INTERVIEWS CONDUCTED

This matter was discussed with Bureau supervisors in the Domestic Intelligence Division and General Investigative Division who have handled the three distinct phases of this matter since its inception. These phases are generally referred to as the Lee Harvey Oswald background investigation, assassination investigation and the Jack L. Ruby Civil Rights investigation. Based on the supervisors intimate knowledge of these matters an estimated figure of 25,000 interviews conducted was arrived at which they feel is conservative.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached letter be sent to the Commission advising that this Bureau conducted an estimated 25,000 interviews since the assassination of President Kennedy on 11-22-63.

September 3, 1964

NY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - J. P. Mohr
- 1 - N. P. Callahan
- 1 - I. W. Conrad
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (W. A. Branigan)
(R. E. Lonihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 12, 1964, concerning the scope of this Bureau's investigative efforts since the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. Reference is also made to a telephone conversation between Mr. Howard P. Willens of your staff and Mr. J. R. Malloy of this Bureau on September 2, 1964, relative to our making an estimate of the number of interviews conducted by personnel of this Bureau since November 22, 1963.

As you were previously advised in my letter dated August 12, 1964, we did not keep track of the number of interviews conducted by virtually every one of our fifty-six continental field offices and our representatives abroad. Based on the most recent request of Mr. Willens, an effort was made to arrive at a reasonable estimate of the number of such interviews conducted, without resorting to a physical count or engaging in a laborious, time-consuming research project. In line with the above, it is estimated FBI personnel conducted 25,000 interviews since November 22, 1963. It is pointed out this figure took into consideration interviews and reinterviews in all matters investigated by this Bureau arising from the assassination of President Kennedy.

62-106080

- 1 - 62-103969 (Assassination)
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 41-21016 (Jack Ruby)

RDR:las (15)

NOTE:

See Rosen to Belmont memo captioned "The President's Commission, Assassination of the President," 9-2-64, RDR:las.

Sincerely yours,

111-1116 - UNREC

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 9 1964

SEP 11 1964

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

711
Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - J. H. Sizoo
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated August 27, 1964, concerning the display of photographs of Officer J. D. Tippit and Mr. Bernard Weissman to six individuals having a connection with the Carousel Club.

Enclosed are two copies each of two communications from our Portland Office dated August 21, 1964, and August 31, 1964. In the enclosed communications you will note Mr. Crawford states Mr. Jack Ruby told him that he knew Officer Tippit and that he, Crawford, had seen Mr. Weissman at the Carousel Club on a number of occasions.

For your information, my letter dated August 27, 1964, enclosed a communication from our Dallas Office dated August 21, 1964. On page two of the Dallas communication Mr. Andrew Armstrong, Jr., during an interview on August 20, 1964, stated after viewing photographs of Officer Tippit and Mr. Weissman that he had never seen either individual before. Mr. Armstrong also stated that Mr. Ruby had told him that the "Tippit" who was shot was not the one he knew. Further, beginning on page three of the Dallas communication Detective Gayle H. Tippit, during interview on December 16, 1963, acknowledged that he was very well acquainted with Mr. Ruby.

1 - Dallas (44-13)
62-108060
1 - 62-108060 (President's Commission)
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 44-21016 (Jack L. Ruby)
KOR:lan (13)

SEE NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS PAGE TWO

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

44-21016
NOT RECORDED
SEP 8 1964

UNREC

SEP 10 1964

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

When the results of our efforts to verify Mr. Weissman's employment in Dallas on November 14, 1963, as requested in your letter dated August 31, 1964, are received, you will be promptly advised concluding our inquiries into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure (1)
NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Refused dated 9-2-64, concerning a request to verify Bernard Weissman's employment at Carpet Engineers Inc., Dallas, Texas, on 11-14-63.

Every effort should be made to expedite this investigation so that the Bureau can conclude its inquiries and advise the Commission at the earliest possible time.

NOTE: Commission by let 8-3-64, referred to testimony of HARRY Lavo before Commission, in which he alleged there was meeting at Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, between Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full page ad in Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. To have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. It appears Commission is taking every precaution to preclude possible future criticism. Commission request required displaying photographs of Weissman and Tippit to 6 individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure neither were seen in the club.

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE THREE

With the transmission of the enclosed letterhead memoranda from Portland, we conclude our inquiries based on requests set out in the Commission letter dated 8-3-64. It is pointed out Craford, although interviewed on numerous occasions, never previously furnished the above information. Craford is an itinerant by nature and was employed by Ruby as a handy man. He is not considered reliable, is prone to exaggerate and there is some indication he has enjoyed the notoriety occasioned by his association with Ruby. During interview on 8-10-64 by New York Agents Weissman stated he believed he was employed on the evening Line alleged the controversial meeting took place. The Commission by letter 8-31-64, requested efforts be made to verify this employment and when the results are received, all inquiries in this particular phase will have been completed. This matter is being closely followed and the Commission will be promptly advised when the results are received.

FBI

Date: 8/27/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (44-443)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR

Re Newark teletype to Bureau 8/20/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a
LHM suitable for dissemination.

One copy of the LHM is enclosed for Dallas in
addition 15 copies of the FD-302 are being forwarded to
Dallas for inclusion in their report on the above captioned
matter.

One copy of the LHM is submitted for the
information of New York.

The agents who conducted the interview with
Mr. ROBERT D. STONEY are SA HOWARD J. WILSON and
SA WALTER J. SLAUGHTER.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 16)
1 - New York (Enc. 1) (info)
1 - Newark
HJW/raz
(7)

REC 37

1983
AUG 28 1964

Approved: _____

Charge

Sent _____

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Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Newark, New Jersey

August 27, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ROBERT G. STORRY
DOROTHY KILGILLEN

This letterhead memorandum reflects the results of a limited investigation consisting of the interview in Atlantic City, New Jersey, of Robert G. Storry of Dallas, Texas. This interview was conducted upon the request of the President's Commission on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy which commission is endeavoring to determine how a transcript of the commission's interview with Jack L. Ruby came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal American".

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21

ENCLOSURE

1783

Date August 27, 1964

Mr. ROBERT ~~X~~ STONEY, home address 3525 Turtle Creek Drive, Dallas, Texas, currently attending the Democratic National Convention, Atlantic City, New Jersey, advised that subsequent to the shooting and demise of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on November 24, 1963, Texas Governor JOHN B. CONNOLLY appointed a State Court of Inquiry of which he was a member. The other participants were WAGGONER GALT, the Attorney General of the State of Texas, and LEON JAWORSKI, a Houston, Texas, attorney. The purpose of the Court of Inquiry was to conduct an investigation relative to the death of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to submit a report on the findings to the Governor.

On June 7, 1964, Mr. STONEY was one of several persons who participated in interviewing JACK L. RUBY in the County Jail, Dallas, Texas. Mr. STONEY stated he was in personal contact with Mr. RUBY for a period of approximately two hours on that date.

Mr. STONEY advised that he does not know DOROTHY KILGILLEN personally. She was in attendance at the JACK L. RUBY trial in Dallas, Texas, representing a New York newspaper, "The New York Journal American".

Mr. STONEY stated he has never met nor been in the company of DOROTHY KILGILLEN and does not know how she came into possession of testimony given by RUBY before the President's Commission.

21 AUG 3 1973

On 8/26/64 at Madison Hall Hotel
Atlantic City, New Jersey File # Newark 44-443
 by SA HOWARD J. WILSON and
SA WALTER J. SLAUGHTER / raz Date dictated 8/27/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

101-145-1001

September 2, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your request of August 20, 1964, that this Bureau conduct an investigation to determine how the transcript of Jack L. Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on June 7, 1964, came into possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" and my letter to you of August 23, 1964, confirming this request.

Enclosed herewith are two copies each of a memorandum dated August 23, 1964, at Dallas, Texas; a memorandum dated August 24, 1964, at Houston, Texas; and a memorandum dated August 27, 1964, at Newark, New Jersey, setting forth results of the desired investigation.

The investigation is continuing and you will be advised of the results.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

31 SEP - 2

COPIES-101

ENCLOSURE (6)

JLL:job
(7)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

56 SEP 10 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 2 4 04 PM '64
RECEIVED COPY FILED IN
REC'D-READING ROOM
UNRECORDED COPY

19 SEP 3 1964

NOTE:

A copyright story by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the "New York Journal - American" on 8/18/64 which set forth verbatim Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on 6/7/64. On 8/20/64 Mr. Rankin telephonically requested investigation to determine how this transcript came into possession of Kilgallen and the "Journal - American." By letter 8/26/64 we confirmed Rankin's request, and furnished results of interviews of the publisher of the "Journal - American" and Dorothy Kilgallen, both of whom refused to identify their source. We also advised the Commission that we would not interview any personnel of the Commission in absence of a specific request. We have interviewed all others present except Commission members who deny any knowledge of how the transcript came to be printed.

Dallas has been instructed to reinterview court reporter Laidrich for details re security of her original notes and United States Attorney Sanders whom she turned transcript over to for mailing to the Commission for information re his handling of the transcript.

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of August 23, 1964, requesting investigation to identify "Johnnie," an employee at a parking garage, Dallas, Texas, who reportedly witnessed a conversation which Ruby had on November 23, 1963, with Harry Oleen and Kathy Kay.

There are enclosed herewith two copies of a memorandum dated September 1, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the desired investigation.

For your information John J. Simpson, who is the "Johnnie" referred to in your letter, was previously interviewed in connection with the matter entitled "Lee Harvey Oswald, Aka; IS - R - Cuba." The interview was furnished to you in the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling dated February 11, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, page 149.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of August 23, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

79 SEP 10 1964

SEP 4 12 05 PM '64

REC 30

44-21016-1985

SEP 8 1964

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- DeLoach
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

NOTE:

Ruby has stated that he had a conversation on the early morning of 11/23/63 with Harry Olsen, who was then a Dallas Police Officer, and Kathy Kay Coleman, a former stripper at Ruby's Carousel Club. We have interviewed Olsen and Coleman and conducted extensive investigation to verify this meeting. Commission states that as a result of dispositions taken from Olsen and Coleman it appears that an unidentified "Johnnie" was a witness to the conversation.

9/3/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

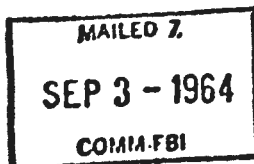
JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReButel to Dallas 7/9/64 setting forth request of President's Commission that we obtain accurate copies of certain papers as they were found in Ruby's car and that we advise the Commission if all property found in Ruby's car has been located and photographed.

By return mail submit results of requested investigation by letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the Commission. If investigation not yet completed, advise status and expected date of completion.

JWH/ras
(4)

REC 30



19 SEP 4 1964

Folson _____
Gibson _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SEP 10 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 9/1/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

By Bureau airtel to Dallas dated 8/26/64 enclosing copies of President Commission's letter dated 8/25/64, requesting specific investigation to identify "JOHNNIE" (LNU), an employee at a parking garage near the corner of Jackson and Field Streets in Dallas, Texas, who was reportedly a witness to a conversation on Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, between HARRY OLSEN, his wife, and RUBY.

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating the results of the interview of "JOHNNIE", who is actually JOHN J. SIMPSON, JR.

It is noted that SIMPSON was previously interviewed by Bureau Agents regarding another phase of the assassination on January 28, 1964, and the results were reported on FD-302 on Page 148 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, 2/11/64, at Dallas, captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka; IS - R CUBA".

C. C. WICK

REC-15 44 7101-1987

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

11 SEP 3 1964

RJB/STF

(5)

Approved

Sent

Per

20 SEP 9 1964

70 SEP 10 1964

In Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 1, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated August 25, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested that one "Johnnie" (Last Name Unknown), an employee in November, 1963, of a parking garage near the corner of Jackson and Field Streets, in Dallas, Texas, be located and interviewed regarding a conversation on Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, between Harry Olsen, his wife, and Jack Ruby.

Attached are the results of the interview of John J. Simpson, Jr., Hurst, Texas, who is known as "Johnny", and who on Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, was employed at Simon's Garage, 1300 Jackson, corner of Field Street, Dallas, Texas.

Attachment

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

Date September 1, 19641

JOHN J. SIMPSON, JR., advised he resides with his sister, Mrs. GRADY AILES, at 731 Norwood Drive, Hurst, Texas, and is currently employed as a service station attendant at the Gulf Service Station located at the corner of Pipe Line Road and Harrison Lane, Hurst, Texas.

SIMPSON advised that he is commonly known by the nickname of "JOHNNY". He stated that from late Friday night, November 22, 1963, until 6:00 a.m., Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, he was employed as the night parking attendant at Simon's Garage, 1300 Jackson, Dallas, Texas.

He recalls that around 1:00 a.m., Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, a Dallas police officer named OLSEN (whom SIMPSON believes is no longer employed as a Dallas police officer) came to Simon's Garage and got his car. OLSEN then pulled up to the garage exit to wait for his girl friend, name unknown, who was working as a dancer at JACK RUBY's night club, located just one block away on Commerce Street. When the girl friend came and got into OLSEN's car, they started to drive off, but the girl apparently saw JACK RUBY walking down the street and she yelled a greeting to him. RUBY called back, and OLSEN stopped his car when RUBY came up to the car to talk to OLSEN and the girl.

SIMPSON stated that RUBY, the girl, and OLSEN must have conversed at least an hour and possibly longer at this time by the garage.

SIMPSON stated he did not take part in any of the conversation and does not know what the three talked about. He does recall having overheard RUBY remark that he had been to police headquarters that same night and had taken coffee and eats to the police officers. SIMPSON stated he knows JACK RUBY

on 8/29/64 at Hurst, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

DL 44-1639

2

by sight but is not a personal friend of RUBY's. He knew OLSEN as a member of the Dallas Police Department, and he recognized the girl with OLSEN as one of the dancers at RUBY's night club, but SIMPSON stated he was not a close friend of any of the three individuals. He would have had no reason to listen to or to partake in their private conversations.

FBI

Date: 9/4/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS, (44-1639)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka,
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuairtel 9/3/64, which references Butel 7/9/64
concerning the location and photographing of RUBY property.

Efforts to locate additional property negative to
date. Investigation proceeding and will be completed during
forthcoming week.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf
(5)

EC-15

44-24016-1988
17 SEP 7 1964

EX-117

C C - WIC.

Approved: AE

Sent _____

M

Per _____

79 SEP 10 1964 Special Agent in Charge

114
10/2 9/2
Q1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 5 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

FBI WASH DC 0724

FBI DALLAS

7-06 PM CST URGENT 9-5-64 LJH

TO DIRECTOR, FBI 44-24,016 AND NEW YORK 44-974
FROM DALLAS 44-1639 P.

JACK L. RUBY, AKA., LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM, CR.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL TO DALLAS, SEPT. FOUR, LAST, ENCLOSING
COMMISSION-S LETTER SEPT. THREE, LAST, REQUESTING DISPLAY OF
SIX PHOTOGRAPHS TO VARIOUS INDIVIDUALS INCLUDING GEROGE SENATOR.

RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND SAC, NEW YORK, SEPT.
FIVE INST., AND BUREAU REPLY SAME DATE, TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK.

DALLAS HAS EXHIBITED THE SIX PHOTOGRAPHS TO THE OTHER FOUR
INDIVIDUALS MENTIONED IN RE COMMISSION LETTER, AND PHOTOGRAPHS
ARE BEING SENT BY AMSD, DIRECTLY TO NEW YORK, TODAY.

END AND ACK. PLS.

REC-15

44-24016-1989

WASH END AND ACK FOR RELAY TO NEW YORK

SEP 5 1964

JMS

FBI WASH DC FOR RELAY

PLAYED TO 114
79 SEP 10 1964

LA 44-895

[REDACTED] General Telephone Company, 2020 Santa Monica Boulevard, Santa Monica, California, and [REDACTED] Pacific Telephone Company, [REDACTED], 520 West 7th Street, Los Angeles, were contacted by and furnished information to SA EDWARD L. OLSEN on 8/28/64.

Re referenced Cleveland teletype to the Bureau on 8/24/64, [REDACTED] General Telephone Company, advised SA EDWARD L. OLSEN in connection with telephone number LA 8-7445, that he had checked the bill and found the number to be correct as previously furnished. He further advised SA OLSEN that he called Green Camp, Ohio, and was advised that they have no such number. He informed that it was a billing machine error, and there was no way to correct it now.

FBI

Date: September 2, 1964

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
RE : JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: Dallas.

Re Los Angeles airtel to the Bureau, 8/28/64, and
Cleveland teletype to the Bureau, 8/24/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau, the following:

10 copies of corrected page 15 of the letterhead
memorandum previously submitted by Los Angeles, dated 8/13/64.

10 copies of a 32-page addendum to the above-mentioned
letterhead memorandum. (11-11-11-11)

Enclosed for Dallas, the following:

15 copies of FD-302 (7 pages) reflecting the results
of the contact with [redacted] General Telephone Company,
Santa Monica, California.

15 copies of FD-302 (26 pages) reflecting the results
of the contact with [redacted] Pacific Telephone
Company, Los Angeles, California

REC-18

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 330)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encs. 495)
1 - Cleveland (44-265)
1 - Los Angeles (44-895)

PBD:HMS

(7)

Approved: WGS
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 10 1964

NOT RECORDED

17 SEP 11 1964

1990

September 8, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of August 21, 1964, requesting interview of certain employees of the Dull Pen Drive-In with respect to a statement made by Mrs. Wanda Yvonne Helmick in her deposition before the Commission.

There are enclosed herewith two copies of a memorandum dated September 2, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the results of the desired investigation.

The last paragraph of your letter of August 21, 1964, also requested that Rosemary Helmick, the sister-in-law of Wanda Helmick, be interviewed. The report of this interview was previously furnished to you by my letter of August 26, 1964.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of August 21, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

SEP 8 - 8
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

JVB/rps
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO

REC'D HVT ROOM

79 SEP 10 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 9 1964

XEROX

19 SEP 9 1964

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

SEP 8 3 51 PM '64

98 0801-29

RECORDED COPY

1991

NOTE:

Wanda Helmick was a waitress who worked for Ralph Paul, owner of the Bull Pen Drive-In Restaurant, Dallas, Texas. Paul is a close friend of Ruby's. In her testimony before the Commission, Helmick states that she overheard Paul in a telephone conversation with Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 make an exclamation, "Are you crazy?" The Commission requested that we interview other employees at the Bull Pen Drive-In who might have overheard the conversation. Rosemary Helmick is the sister-in-law of Wanda, whom Wanda states she wrote a letter to concerning the conversation. Commission previously on August 11, 1964, asked that we interview Rosemary which was done and the results furnished to the Commission on 8/26/64.

September 8, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of August 25, 1964, requesting that this Bureau interview Harvey Lawill Wade and display to him certain photographs, there are enclosed herewith two copies of a memorandum dated September 1, 1964, at Knoxville, Tennessee, setting forth results of the desired interview. Also enclosed are the five photographs which were initially furnished by you for display to Mr. Wade.

BY COURIER SVC.

8 6 SEP - 9
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

REC-31 44-24016-1992

19 SEP 9 1964

Enclosures (7)

JWH/ras
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

TB
Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

26 8 4 00 6H.27
E.B.I.
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

12 SEP 10 1964

E.B.I.

216 4 8 00 31.64

26 8 2 18 6H.27

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

RECEIVED UNIT ROOM

XEROX

SEP 9 1964

67 SEP 11 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 8 2 54 PM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

Jack Ruby

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109900

NOTE:

On 11/26/63 we interviewed Harvey Lawill Wade, Chattanooga, Tennessee, who stated he had been in Dallas during week of 11/10-14/63 attending a convention. He said that he went to the Carousel Club on the night of 11/10/63 where he saw a person whom he thought resembled Oswald. The Commission furnished certain photographs which were taken in the Carousel Club during early November, 1963, by photographer Eddie Rocco and requests that we exhibit these photographs to Wade to determine if he can identify Larry Crafard who worked for Ruby or other patrons who appeared in the photographs as the person he thought resembled Oswald. The photographs were exhibited to Wade and he did not identify any person in the photographs as the person he thought resembled Oswald.

24 6 11 25 1963

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: *IFM*

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 8/31/64

FROM: *IFM*

SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)

SUBJECT: *1*

JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO:DALLAS)

ReBuairtel, 8/26/64, to NY.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting an interview with GEORGE SENATOR.

Also enclosed for the Dallas Office are 15 copies of an FD-302 reflecting the same interview.

- ENCLOSURE*
- 2 - Bureau (44-24016) (Encls. 10) REC-31
 - 1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encls. 15)
 - 1 - New York (44-974)

EWG:lac
(4)

EX-108

1993
4 SEP 8 1964

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

August 31, 1964

George Senator

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter dated August 25, 1964, requested that Mr. George Senator be interviewed in reference to his activities during the morning of November 24, 1963, at Dallas, Texas.

The following are the results of the interview with George Senator.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

Date 8/23/64

GEORGE SENATOR advised that he presently resides at the Bristol Hotel, Room 1211, 129 West 48th Street, New York, New York. He also advised that he is employed as a cashier at the Mr. Kiska Delicatessen, 150 West 49th Street, New York, New York.

SENATOR gave the following account of his activities during the morning of November 24, 1963:

I arose around 8:00 a.m. and made myself a cup of coffee. RUBY got up later and made himself two eggs and coffee, however, I did not eat.

RUBY left the apartment around 10:30 a.m. alone. RUBY, while in the apartment, was mumbling to himself, and when I asked him what he was saying he replied nothing. RUBY never mentioned anything about killing OSWALD.

I did not make a phone call to WILLIAM DOWNEY on this day and I never recall ever offering to make breakfast for DOWNEY or his wife at their apartment. DOWNEY is a traveling salesman and a very heavy drinker, and when drinking he does a lot of talking and exaggerates a great deal.

When I left Dallas, Texas, DOWNEY and I were not on speaking terms.

On the morning of November 24, 1963, I left the apartment around 11:00 or 11:30 a.m. and went to the "Eat Well Restaurant" on Main Street for breakfast. While I was in the restaurant one of the waitresses told me that she had just heard on the radio that OSWALD had been shot by an unknown man. I immediately called my friend JIM MARTIN, who is an attorney, to tell him the news. JIM's daughter answered the phone and told me he was at church and would be home soon.

Shortly thereafter the radio announced that RUBY had shot OSWALD. I immediately went to JIM MARTIN's home, and when I arrived there he told me he had just seen the shooting on television. At this time both MARTIN and myself went to the court house where I remained all day.

On 8/27/64 at 1215 Third Avenue, New York, New York File # NY 44-974
by SA EUGENE W. O'NEILL/lac Date dictated 8/28/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

COPIES DESTROYED

12 JAN 3 1973

September 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

REC-31

1993

EX-108,

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of August 25, 1964, requesting interview of George Sonator, there are enclosed two copies of a memorandum dated August 31, 1964, at New York, New York, setting forth results of the desired interview.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

83 SEP - 4

COMIA-EBI

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras

(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____

56 SEP 15 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

SEP 9 1964

XEROX

SEP 4 12 05 PM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

62-109090-1

NOTE:

George Senator was a close friend and the roommate of Ruby's at the time of the assassination and Ruby's shooting of Oswald. The Commission indicates that Ruby in his interview on June 7, 1964, indicated that he made up his mind to shoot Oswald at 9:15 that morning. Senator was at the apartment when Ruby left to go to the Western Union Office and one William Downey has reported that Senator called him to come over to his house for breakfast shortly before the shooting. The Commission desires reinterview of Senator to determine if Ruby expressed any indication that he was going to shoot Oswald prior to leaving the apartment and to determine why Senator called Downey. Senator says Ruby didn't say anything about killing Oswald and that he, Senator, did not call Downey that morning.

256 7 10 02 7H .64

TRUE COPY

9/2/64
3352 N.W. 35 St
Ft Lauderdale, Fla.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

Dear Sir:

I am taking the liberty of writing to you in regards to the book, Don Dare Call It Treason. To me this is an unAmerican activity. These books are being distributed in My Neighbor hood at no cost. Could you tell me if anything is being done to curb this form of propaganda. Is there anything I can do. I have been Americanism ch. in the American Leg Aux in New Jersey for 15 yrs. Naturally I am very upset and cannot believe all that is in that book

I have also been concerned about Ruby, in the Kennedy case. Is it not possible that he was the one that tried to assassinate Ex Pres Roosevelt in Chicago When Cermac was shot by mistake. I have not seen anything in the paper's along these lines. I understand this case has not been closed as yet. Sincerely hope the evidence can be found to prove he killed Oswald for a reason.

Yours Truly,

Mrs. John McKee

100
199 SFD

UNREC

P.S. The party's name that is circulating these books is my next door neighbor Mrs. G. Carson a very good friend.

RECORDED
3 SEP 16 1964

62-108421-118

EX-100

RECEIVED

9-10-64

HILL

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: September 4, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

1 - Mr. Mohr
 1 - Mr. DeLoach
 1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
 1 - Mr. Belmont
 1 - Mr. Rosen
 1 - Mr. Halley
 1 - Mr. McGowan
 1 - Mr. Hines

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIMS
 CIVIL RIGHTS

ASAC Karl L. Browne, Newark Office, telephonically advised that one Joseph Edward Evans had filed a suit in the U. S. District Court, Newark, New Jersey, praying for a restraining order against FBI Director John Edgar Hoover, Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, and others, to prevent their conspiring against his personal and property rights. Evans stated that he went to Dallas, Texas, after the shooting of Oswald by Ruby and offered to defend Ruby or Negroes as an attorney. He alleges that since that time he has been constantly jostled on the streets and under surveillance wherever he goes.

ASAC Browne stated that subpoenas had been issued by the District Court for the Director and the Attorney General and others named, which will be forwarded to the U. S. Marshal, District of Columbia, for service.

The Newark files contain references to Evans which reflect that he is possibly identical to an Evans who is known to have attended Yale Law School and who has a history of mental instability. Bureau files reflect that we conducted an investigation of him at the request of the Department of Justice during 1957. He was at that time an applicant for attorney in the Tax Division. This investigation developed information indicating that Evans was alleged to be a paranoid and in need of psychiatric treatment. A former landlady considered him to be an egomaniac and possibly mentally unbalanced. A former employer in Texas felt that Evans was in urgent need of psychiatric treatment. Another attorney by whom Evans was employed also indicated that he considered Evans to be mentally unbalanced. No information concerning Evans can be located in connection with the Ruby and assassination investigation.

JWH/hoc
 (8)

144
 193

UNREC.

SEP 10 1964

CONTINUED - OVER

EP 16 1964

44-24721-4

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: JACK J. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIMS

ACTION:

The Newark Office is sending a teletype containing (u) information regarding Evans' suit and all background information available re Evans.

Upon receipt at the Bureau, AAG Miller, Criminal Division of the Department, will be advised and the subpoenas will be forwarded to the Department so that appropriate legal action may be taken to quash them.

W.G. 9/4
H. A. Miller
H. A. Miller
H. A. Miller
H. A. Miller

September 8, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1964, requesting a report of all existing long-distance telephone calls made from the telephones listed to Mr. Harry Olsen and Mrs. Harry Olsen (Kathy Kay Coleman), formerly of Dallas, Texas, who now reside in Long Beach, California.

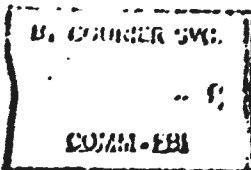
There are enclosed two copies each of a memorandum dated August 11, 1964, at Dallas, Texas; a memorandum dated August 13, 1964, at Los Angeles, California; and a memorandum dated August 22, 1964, at Las Vegas, Nevada, setting forth the desired information.

You will note that in your letter of July 20, 1964, you requested toll call records for the telephones of Mr. and Mrs. Olsen for the period 10:00 p.m., November 23, 1963, through November 24, 1963, which falls within the period covered by your request of July 23, 1964, and the desired information is included in the enclosed memoranda.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of July 23, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

D. Edgar Hoover



Enclosures: (6)
JWH/ras
(7)
SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEP 11 1964

SEP 9 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-10990

SEP 8 12 50 PM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM

1994

NOTE:

Harry Olsen is an ex-Dallas police officer who, since the assassination, married Kathy Kay Coleman, one of Ruby's ex-strippers. Ruby, when interviewed by the Commission on 6/7/64, stated that he met the Olsen's on the street on the early morning of 11/23/63 and had a discussion about the assassination with them. We have interviewed both of the Olsen's and they have testified before the Commission. The Commission requested that we obtain all existing toll records relating to the Olsen's, both in Dallas and at their present residence in California. The telephone companies are usually required to maintain such records for a period of six months. The enclosed memoranda of August 11 and 13, 1964, when initially submitted were not complete in that they did not identify subscribers and it was necessary to send out for corrected and amended pages which arrived at the Bureau 9/3/64.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE DALLAS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN DALLAS	DATE 9/2/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/9 - 8/27/64
TITLE OF CASE JACK L. RUBY, aka.; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM		REPORT MADE BY MANNING C. CLEMENTS	TYPED BY 11
		CHARACTER OF CASE CR	

REFERENCES:

Reports of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, 11/30, 12/6, 11, 14, 18, 19, 21, 31/63; 1/8, 17, 31; 2/18; 3/28; 4/3, 20, 30; 6/9, 26; 7/17; 8/3/64.

-P-

LEADS:

All leads have been set out by teletype or airtel.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Overlap with period of last report is occasioned by inclusion herein of investigation received from auxiliary offices subsequent to date of last report and completion of other investigation then pending.

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: (5) - Bureau (44-24016) 5 - Dallas (44-1639)		1995	REC-38
		17 SEP 3 1964	
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS	
NOV	VCC, C. C. [unclear]	<div style="font-size: 2em; font-family: cursive;"> <i>[Handwritten marks and signatures]</i> </div>	
QUEST RECD			
PC FWD			
IN FWD			

79 SEP 24 1964

ADMINISTRATIVE

The information concerning long distance telephone calls charged to the telephone of KAY COLEMAN, 325 North Ewing, Apartment 111, Dallas, Texas, telephone number WH. 2-3268, was made available to SA ROBERT C. LISH, on 7/30/64, by [REDACTED] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas.

Information concerning service listed in the name of KAY COLEMAN, residence 325 N. Ewing Street, Apartment 111, was obtained from [REDACTED] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas, on July 29, 1964.

Information concerning long distance toll calls charged to RI 8-9711, listed to City of Dallas, Texas, and information concerning the numbers of telephones located in the Dallas Police and Courts Building, was obtained from [REDACTED] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas, on August 6, 1964.

Information from records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, was furnished by [REDACTED] to SA ROBLEY D. MADLAND on 8/7/64.

Information from records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, was furnished by [REDACTED] to SA WARREN G. LONG on 8/3/64.

This report is concerned with a number of requests from the President's Commission on the assassination of President KENNEDY and miscellaneous other investigation. Communications on which investigation was based are:

<u>Bureau Communication</u>	<u>Commission Communication</u>	<u>Subject Matter</u>
Buairtel 6/5/64	6/4/64	PAUL ROWLAND JONES; STEVE GUTHRIE; LT. GEORGE BUTLER
" 7/7/64	7/3/64	Delivery boy, Gibson's Record Store
" 7/7,8/64	7/2/64	GEORGE WILLIAM FEHRENBACH
" 7/16/64	7/14/64	Collateral Relatives of RUBY
" 7/17/64	7/16/64	Camp Unity, Kingston, New York
" 7/17/64	7/14/64	Appearances of RUBY and OSWALD at washateria and Dobbs House Restaurant
" 7/20/64	7/16/64	ALFRED DAVIDSON
" 7/21/64	7/17/64	Appearance of RUBY at Empire Room, Dallas, Texas, 11/17 or 23/63
" 7/17/64	7/16/64	DEROSTUS M. MILES; ROBERT CRAVEN
" 7/21/64	7/17/64	PAGO CLUB; ROBERT L. NORTON
" 8/13/64	8/11/64	ROBERT L. NORTON

<u>Bureau Communication</u>	<u>Commission Communication</u>	<u>Subject Matter</u>
Buairtel 7/21/64	7/20/64	ROY WILLIAM PIKE
" 7/23/64	7/20/64	RICHARD D. WALKER
" 7/23,27/64	7/20,23/64	HARRY OLSEN; Mrs. HARRY OLSEN, aka. Kathy Kay Coleman
" 7/23/64	7/20/64	Telephone toll charges, Dallas Police and Courts Building
" 7/23/64	7/20/64	MARK GODDARD; HARRY OLSEN; KATHY KAY COLEMAN
" 7/27/64	7/23/64	GLADYS BEALL IVEY, nee Craddock
" 7/27/64	7/23/64	JOSEPH A. GLOWACKI; KRYSIAN BARCZ
" 7/27/64	7/23/64	CAPT. GIEN KING, et al, Dallas Police Department
" 7/27/64	7/23/64	LT. JAMES R. GILMORE
" 7/27/64	7/23/64	BILLY DON WILLIAMS, KAREN GREEN WILLIAMS
" 7/31/64	7/30/64	"DALLAS TIMES HERALD," Polygraph Examination
" 7/31/64	7/30/64	ROY A. PRIOR, KENNETH E. GRIFFITH
" 8/14/64	8/13/64	Records of Merchants State Bank
Butel 8/20/64	-----	DOBOYEE KIDWALLLEN; interview of RUCY by Chief Justice WARREN

Miscellaneous investigation was based on:

Communication

Memphis airtel,
8/11/64

Subject Matter

JOHN FRANKLIN ELROD

RALPH KENDALL JOHNSON

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: MANNING C. CLEMENTS
Date: 9/2/64

Office: DALLAS

Field Office File No.: 44-1639

Bureau File No.: 44-24016

Title: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM (Deceased)

Character: CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis: This report includes results of investigation requested by President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, and miscellaneous additional investigation.

-P-

DETAILS:

DL 44-1639

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DL 44-1639

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f

1Date 8/10/64

CARL F. HANSSON, 1230 Ridgeway Drive, interviewed at his residence; advised he was formerly Chief of Police, Dallas, Texas, until early January 1960. He was the Chief of Police at Dallas during the pertinent periods of 1947 and 1950.

HANSSON stated that during the time he was Chief of Police he was well informed on the investigation regarding PAUL ROWLAND JONES. He also stated that he is well acquainted with the part former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE and Police Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER took in the JONES investigation. (T)

HANSSON stated he does not know the present whereabouts of transcriptions of the phonograph records taken of the various interviews between JONES, GUTHRIE and BUTLER. However, he did note that during the course of the JONES investigation, he had on several occasions read these transcripts and does not recall the name of JACK RUBY ever being mentioned. HANSSON stated he positively does not think that the name of JACK RUBY ever came up in the recorded interviews of JONES by GUTHRIE and BUTLER.

HANSSON noted he does not have a good opinion at all of STEVE GUTHRIE and would not place any confidence in any statement by GUTHRIE to the effect that JONES had mentioned the name of JACK RUBY during the interviews.

Regarding the reported return of the transcriptions of the phonograph records to the Dallas Police Department on December 2, 1950, from the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, HANSSON advised this would have been a routine matter and he would surmise the transcriptions were indeed returned at that time to the Dallas Police Department, but he nevertheless does not recall the specific incident.

2

on 8/5/64 at Richardson, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/ds Date dictated 8/6/64

Date August 13, 19641

Assistant Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN, Administrative Division, Dallas Police Department, was interviewed in his office regarding the possible location of a transcript of the original recordings taken by the Dallas Police Department in connection with other local law enforcement agencies during the period 1946-1948 in their joint investigation concerning PAUL ROWLAND JONES.

LUMPKIN advised that inasmuch as the investigation was many years ago and the matter regarding JONES has been handled in the courts, he would assume that any such old records have been long since destroyed.

However, LUMPKIN stated on August 6, 1964, that he would have his Records Bureau conduct a thorough search to try and locate the pertinent phonographs and/or their transcriptions.

LUMPKIN subsequently advised on August 10, 1964, that a search by his Records Bureau regarding instant matter was unproductive.

on 8/6/64 and 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /itf Date dictated 8/11/64

Date August 13, 1964

1

Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER was interviewed in his office located in the Juvenile Bureau at the Police Department, Dallas, Texas. - 3/1

Lieutenant BUTLER advised on August 6, 1963, in regard to the present whereabouts of phonograph records and/or transcriptions of recordings made by former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUIHRIE and himself in connection with their departments' joint investigation of PAUL RONALD JONES around 1946 - 1948, he did not believe either the recordings or their written transcriptions were still in existence.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated that when he picked up the recordings from the Clerk of the Court of Criminal Appeals, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, reportedly in December, 1950, in behalf of former Dallas Chief of Police CARL F. HANSSON, he believes it was to deliver the recordings to the Kefauver Committee then holding sessions in Chicago, Illinois.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he took the recordings to the Kefauver Hearings in Chicago, Illinois.

He noted he would make a search of his "personal" records at his home (6447 Velasco Avenue, Dallas, Texas) to see if he could locate any copy of the transcript of these recordings.

On August 11, 1964, Lieutenant BUTLER advised he had located the original recordings, consisting of twenty-two (22) discs, at his home, but could find no written transcriptions of same or an index.

He stated that when he located the recordings at his home, he noted that they were still packaged in the original, tapered container by which they were returned to him in 1960 from the McClellan Committee.

8/6/64 and
8/11/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jrf Date dictated 8/11/64

BUTLER stated that he now remembers that he had loaned the recordings to the McClellan Committee for their use sometime in late 1959 or early 1960.

It was noted that the package by which these twenty-two records were returned to Lieutenant BUTLER had never been opened and had been sent by "Registered Mail - Return Receipt Requested" on March 17, 1960, from the office of Senator McClellan to Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas. The Post Office stamp on the outside of the package indicated that the package had arrived in Dallas, Texas, on March 21, 1960. The package bore Registry Number 220346.

Upon opening the package in the interviewing Agent's presence, it was noted to contain twenty-two records, which Lieutenant BUTLER described as the recordings taken by former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE and himself in their joint investigation in regard to the joint intelligence investigation of PAUL ROWLAND JONES around 1946 - 1948, the exact dates of which he does not now recall.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he has retained these twenty-two recordings in his "personal" possession and intends to continue to do so in order to be sure of their whereabouts at all times.

He advised that if the President's Commission desires to personally review the recordings, the Commission should contact him "personally" and not through anyone else at the Dallas Police Department.

BUTLER stated that he had no objection whatsoever to the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the President's Commission taping these twenty-two records or making written transcriptions of them for official use.

Lieutenant BUTLER stated he has not listened to these records for years and cannot positively state whether or not the name of JACK L. RUBY is mentioned in any of the records. However, he stated to the best of his recollection, he does not believe that the name of JACK L. RUBY is mentioned in any of the recordings.

Regarding previous written transcripts and/or an index of names mentioned in any of the records, Lieutenant BUTLER stated that while transcripts had been made years ago, he does not know of their present location or even if they still exist. Concerning any index, Lieutenant BUTLER stated he believes the discs may have been indexed years ago, but he does not know of the present whereabouts or even of the present existence of such an index.

BUTLER added it is entirely possible that the McClellan Committee may have transcribed the contents of these twenty-two recordings for their records.

Date August 19, 19641

On August 17, 1964, the twenty-two recordings pertaining to the transcriptions made of the four meetings between former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE E. BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES during November and December, 1946, were returned personally to Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER, Juvenile Division, Dallas Police Department. Lieutenant BUTLER stated that he does not know where or what might have happened to recordings # 8 and # 17 of the "first meeting" between JONES, GUTHRIE and himself on November 1, 1946. BUTLER stated these twenty-two recordings, which he had furnished to the FBI on August 11, 1964, were all of the recordings which had been returned to him by the Mc Clellan Committee in 1960. BUTLER stated that he does not recall any questions in the past regarding the absence of any specific records pertaining to the interviews between GUTHRIE, JONES and himself in 1946. He stated that he does not know at this time whether the "missing record" might possibly be an error in transcribing numbers some years ago or whether such a record actually existed at one time.

Lieutenant BUTLER noted that all of these twenty-two recordings were made during four separate meetings in November and December, 1946, between JONES, GUTHRIE and himself in the home of former Dallas County Sheriff STEVE GUTHRIE. He stated that these records are the original recordings of these transcribed accounts of the four meetings.

on 8/17/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/19/64

Date August 19, 1964

1

The twenty-two recordings made available for review by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the permission of Lieutenant GEORGE E. BUTLER, Juvenile Division, Police Department, Dallas, Texas, were monitored on August 14, 1964, in the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT.

It is noted that at no time on any of the twenty-two recordings was the name of "JACK L. RUBY" or "RUBY" mentioned. The records furnished by Lieutenant BUTLER were twenty-two in number. They are marked and identified as follows:

1. Recordings #1 through #19, inclusive, were recorded on November 1-2, 1946, between the hours of 8:00 p.m. and 2 a.m. The conversations recorded thereon were between STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES. They are described as the "first meeting".

It is noted that recordings #8 and #17 which would be on the same record, but opposite sides, are missing.

2. Recordings #20 through #28, recorded between 3:10 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. on November 6, 1946, were recordings of conversations between STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER, PAUL ROWLAND JONES, and a fourth individual named as "KRAFF". These records pertain to the second meeting of GUTHRIE, BUTLER and JONES.

3. Recordings #29 through #37 were recorded between 8:40 a.m. and 11:40 a.m., on November 7, 1946. The persons involved in these recordings are STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER, PAUL ROWLAND JONES, "KRAFF", and a fifth individual called "MANNING". These records are referred to as the "third meeting".

3

8/14/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtfDate dictated 8/19/64

4. Recordings #38 through #42 were recorded on December 13, 1946 (time not indicated), between STEVE GUTHRIE, GEORGE BUTLER and PAUL ROWLAND JONES. These recordings are described as the "fourth meeting".

While the names of JACK L. RUBY or RUBY were not noted to have been mentioned in these recordings, of particular significance might be comments made on recordings #9 and #18 made at the "first meeting" between GUTHRIE, BUTLER and JONES on November 1-2, 1946.

During the conversation between JONES, GUTHRIE and BUTLER regarding the setting up of a gambling joint in the Dallas area by an outside group, JONES mentioned to GUTHRIE, who was then a Sheriff-elect and not as of that time officially in office, that he wanted GUTHRIE to choose his own man to operate the proposed gambling joint in Dallas and JONES stated "You pick the man," and JONES continued, "I'm going to train the man you pick." GUTHRIE stated that he would send in only one man from the outside to be connected with this gambling venture, and this would be a "crap shooter". JONES emphasized that "It's got to be local." JONES in describing the individual (the crap shooter), who he would bring in from the outside, stated that he looks like a preacher, "not a Dago, not a Jew".

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

1

On August 17, 1964, Mr. ALPHONSE F. CALABRESE, Assistant Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C., made available to Special Agent RICHARD W. KAISER for examination, the following records of that committee:

A forty-eight page transcript of twenty-two phonographic recordings obtained by the committee from Lieutenant GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department. BUTLER, undercover for the Dallas Police Department, recorded conversations in connection with the Dallas Crime Investigation from 1946 to 1948. The original recordings were returned to Lieutenant BUTLER.

The above transcript notes that the first seven recordings were not transcribed in detail, inasmuch as they were not considered pertinent to the matter in question.

The detailed transcript concerned two specific meetings.

1. Meeting between PAUL JONES; STEVE GUTHRIE, Sheriff-elect; and GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, on Friday night, 8:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m., November 1, 1946, at the home of STEVE GUTHRIE.
2. Meeting between PAUL JONES; JACK KNAPP; EAT MANNING, Sheriff-elect; STEVE GUTHRIE, Dallas County; and Detective GEORGE BUTLER, Dallas Police Department, held at the home of STEVE GUTHRIE, Dallas, Texas, on November 7, 1946.

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

2

Examination of this material contains no mention of JACK RUBY, nor do the indices of this subcommittee contain any reference to RUBY.

A copy of the above transcript may be obtained by directing a letter through appropriate channels to Mr. JEROME ADLERMAN, General Counsel, Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations, Washington, D. C.

Date 7/10/641

See also 12100-1
Mrs. EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins, Apartment I, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed to determine the identity of the delivery boy from Gibson's Record Store, Dallas, who reportedly had seen JACK RUBY crying on Friday afternoon, November 22, 1963.

Mrs. GRANT telephonically advised she did not know the identity of this person and had never seen or talked with him. She said she learned of the incident through conversations with JACK RUBY and that RUBY had been unable to identify the delivery boy.

Mrs. GRANT suggested that ROBERT GUNSON, a private investigator hired by the family, had made some inquiries regarding this matter and might have determined the identity of the delivery boy.

on 7/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/eah Date dictated 7/10/64

Date 7/10/641

Mr. ROBERT B. DENSON, 8171 Hunnicut, Dallas, Texas, was contacted to determine the identity of the Gibson's Record Store delivery boy who, according to EVA GRANT, had seen JACK RUBY crying on Friday afternoon, November 22, 1963. Mr. DENSON is a private investigator who had been employed by the family of JACK RUBY to conduct certain investigations.

Mr. DENSON recalled the reported episode and advised that he had made inquiries at the Gibson's Record Store to identify the delivery boy. He said that conversations with employees of that company had developed that the person involved was GERALD COLLINS, but that COLLINS had terminated his employment with that company and had moved to Indianola, Oklahoma. He did not have an address for COLLINS in Indianola, but advised it is a very small town and COLLINS would probably be known there. He said, however, he had not interviewed COLLINS because the RUBY family had not believed his interview important enough to justify the expense of contacting him in Oklahoma.

201-401-11

7/9/64

Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/eahDate dictated 7/10/64

Date 7/10/64

1. Mr. GENE ACKERMAN, Manager, Records Department, Gibson's Products, 515 Gibson Street, Seagoville, Texas, telephone number AT 7-2570, was contacted to determine the identity of the delivery boy for his company who reportedly had seen JACK RUBY crying on Friday afternoon, November 22, 1963.

Mr. ACKERMAN advised that inquiries concerning this matter had previously been made by some unrecalled investigator and it had been determined that the delivery boy involved was either CLOR MERLE or GERALD COLLINS. Both of these persons have since terminated their employment with the company. Mr. ACKERMAN advised that conversations with company employees had indicated that it must have been GERALD COLLINS that had observed JACK RUBY on that date. He further advised COLLINS had moved from Dallas, Texas to Indianola, Oklahoma, a very small town.

Mr. ACKERMAN advised that at the time of this incident Mr. O. I. LONGFELLOW had been manager of Gibson's Record Store located at 2620 Main Street, Dallas, but that this store has since been closed, and Mr. LONGFELLOW is presently the manager of the Gibson store in Texarkana, Texas.

GENE ACKERMAN further advised that his company has no sales receipt or other confirming document of the delivery made by the delivery boy to JACK RUBY on November 22, 1963. He advised that RUBY always paid cash for his purchase of records, and the delivery boy collected the cash upon delivery and the sale was handled as a cash sale with no record of the transaction being made.

on 7/9/64 at Seagoville, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/eah Date dictated 7/10/64

1Date 7/16/64

CARLOS DOWLEARN, Route 2, Seagoville, ^{Texas} employee of Gibson's Products, 515 Gibson Street, Seagoville, advised that in November 1963, he had been employed by Rack Suppliers, Inc., which is a branch of Gibson's Products and which was located, at that time, at 2620 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. He advised the manager of the store at that time was O. I. LONGFELLOW and the store was primarily a record shop.

DOWLEARN advised any deliveries made by the store in November 1963, would have been made by CLOR MERLE, GERALD COLLINS or himself. He advised he did not make any deliveries of merchandise to JACK RUBY or to the Carousel Club on November 22, 1963, and stated further he had never seen JACK RUBY personally and did not know him. He said he does know ANDY ARMSTRONG, an employee of RUBY, but that he did not see him on November 22, 1963.

DOWLEARN advised he does not know LARRY CRAFT, GEORGE SENATOR or EVA GRANT, and has no information regarding the activities of these people, JACK RUBY or ANDREW ARMSTRONG on November 22, 1963.

on 7/16/64 at Seagoville, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/ds Date dictated 7/16/64

1Date 7/16/64

GERALD COLLINS, 2302 Shaw Street, Dallas, advised that in November 1963, he had been employed in the Record Shop of Gibson's Products, located at 2620 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, under the management of O. I. LONGFELLOW. He recalls that CLOR MERLE and CARLOS DOWLEARN were also employed at that shop at that time.

COLLINS advised he has never made any deliveries to either JACK RUBY or to the Carousel Club, and that he did not see JACK RUBY on November 22, 1963. He advised he does not know JACK RUBY, ANDREW ARMSTRONG, LARRY CRAFT, GEORGE SENATOR or EVA GRANT, and has no information regarding their activities on November 22, 1963.

on 7/16/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/ds Date dictated 7/16/64

1Date 7/30/64

CLOR WILLIAMS MERLE, 4411 Cedar Springs, Apartment 223, Dallas, Texas, advised that from mid-July 1963, until about December 1, 1963, he was employed by Rack Suppliers, Inc., a part of Gibson's Products. He worked under Manager O. I. LONGFELLOW at the store, which was then located at 2620 Main, Dallas. He advised that in November 1963, he, GERALD COLLINS and CARLOS DOWLEARN were the only employees who might have made deliveries of records to customers, and, he said, he believes he made most, if not all, deliveries during this time because he was the only one who had an automobile available.

Mr. MERLE advised he does not believe that any deliveries were made to JACK RUBY or to the Carousel Club on November 22, 1963, and he is quite sure that he did not make such a delivery. He advised he did make a delivery of records to the Carousel Club on November 20, 1963. He delivered the records to a Negro man whose name he does not know, and, he said, he recalls that JACK RUBY was present. He also recalls that RUBY gave him two free passes to the Carousel Club to be given to Mr. LONGFELLOW and to Mr. GENE ACKERMAN, one of the owners of the record department of Gibson's Products (Rack Suppliers).

Mr. MERLE advised he thinks this is the only time a delivery of records was made to either RUBY or the Carousel Club, but he recalls that about a month earlier, JACK RUBY had been in the store inquiring about the price of various records. He advised no record would have been made of the delivery mentioned above because it was handled as a cash transaction.

CLOR MERLE advised he does not know ANDREW ARMSTRONG, LARRY CRAFT, GEORGE SENATOR or EVA GRANT, and that the only times he ever saw JACK RUBY are the ones mentioned above.

- 17 -

on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent CURTIS L. PERRYMAN/ds Date dictated 7/29/64

Date July 10, 1964

SOL GRUNIN, Juvenile Aid Division, Muncie Police Department, who has been in Muncie since 1957, advised he had been president of the B'Nai B'Rith in 1961.

He said he would attempt to ascertain who the officers and members of this organization were as of 1947.

On 7/10/64 at Muncie, Indiana File # IP 44-358
by SA William R. Liston;
SA Herbert T. Bradshaw (/mqc) Date dictated 7/10/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date 7/29/641

SOL GRUNIN, Juvenile Aid Division, Muncie Police Department, a former president of B'nai B'rith, advised it had been determined from District Grand Lodge Number 2, B'nai B'rith, Cincinnati, Ohio, that the following individuals had been lodge officers in Muncie, Indiana, for 1946, 1947 and 1948:

1946

President
1st Vice President
2nd Vice President
Recording Secretary
Financial Secretary

ELI LEVINSON
SAM DOBROW
LAURENCE CLINE
M. PAZOL
DON GILINSKY

1947

President
1st Vice President
2nd Vice President
Secretary
Treasurer

SAM DOBROW
BERNARD FREUND
ARTHUR SOBEL
EUGENE KRAMER
MORRIS COHEN

1948

President
1st Vice President
2nd Vice President
Secretary
Treasurer

BERNARD W. FREUND
Dr. ARTHUR SOBEL
EUGENE KRAMER
MORRIS COHEN
RUDOLPH LAZAR

GRUNIN stated that District Grand Lodge Number 2 had advised that it did not have the names of the general membership during the above years.

On 7/27/64 at Muncie, Indiana File # IP 44-358
by SA WILLIAM R. LISTON /bab Date dictated 7/27/64

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Date July 27, 1964

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P. 1...1
Dr. HYMAN I. RUBENSTEIN, residence 2809 West Fitch, Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed at Mt. Sinai Hospital, 2715 West 15th Place, Chicago, Illinois. Dr. RUBENSTEIN advised that his office is located at 2335 West Devon Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

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* Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated that his father, ABRAHAM RUBENSTEIN, was a brother of JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, father of JACK RUBY. His father and uncle, JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, were born in Poland and immigrated to the United States in the early 1900's, JOSEPH coming to the United States first and his father, ABRAHAM, second in about 1906. The reason why his father came to Chicago was that his father's brother, JOSEPH, had established himself in Chicago already.

Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated he recalled his father had four or five brothers but no sisters. He could not recall the names of any of his father's brothers except JOSEPH. One other brother, name unrecalled, immigrated to the United States from Poland and resided in the Chicago area for a short period of time. This brother, sometime during the 1920's, immigrated to Israel. He has never heard from this brother since and could provide no information concerning him. With regard to any relatives being in Europe or any country abroad, Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated he has no knowledge concerning them. He stated that his father and uncles had had a common father, SHMUEL ZAVIL RUBENSTEIN, who died at about the time his father, ABRAHAM, came to America.

Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated that his father, ABRAHAM, came to the United States in about 1906, but that he, Dr. RUBENSTEIN, his mother and two sisters came to the United States during the late winter of 1912, from Poland.

At the time they arrived in the United States, both his father, ABRAHAM, and JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN were

On 7/23/64 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645
by SA HERBERT F. BRIICK/rms Date dictated 7/24/64

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CG 44-645

working as carpenters in the Chicago area, and that both families resided in the area of Maxwell and Halsted Streets, Chicago, Illinois. He stated that the family association was close up until about 1920. At this time, the ABRAHAM RUBENSTEIN family left the Maxwell-Halsted area because of his father's financial success, and their connections with JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN's family became less frequent. Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated that he knows of no relative of himself or of JACK RUBY who had ever been a member of the Communist Party or of a subversive organization. He stated most definitely that he himself had never been a member of any such organization.

Dr. RUBENSTEIN stated he knew nothing concerning the background of FANNIE RUBENSTEIN or her relatives.

Date July 27, 19641

SIDNEY MILLER, 5816 North Spaulding, Chicago, Illinois, advised that he is the son of Mrs. BERTHA MILLER, who resides in Apartment 2, 2349 West Devon Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. MILLER stated that his mother is 82 years of age and is suffering from a mental condition due to senility. He stated that her mental capabilities are such that she is unable to carry on an intelligent conversation, nor can any credence be placed upon any of her recollections as to events which transpired within the family in the past. Because of his mother's mental condition, MILLER stated he felt an interview with her would serve no useful purpose concerning this matter.

MILLER advised that he is aware that there is a family connection between himself, his mother and the family of JACK RUBY. He stated that he is not certain, but he believes that the family connection is due to the fact that his mother, BERTHA MILLER, and one of JACK RUBY's parents had common grandparents. He stated that he himself knows nothing concerning any brothers or sisters of FANNIE or JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, the parents of JACK RUBY.

MILLER stated that because he knows nothing about the brothers or sisters of FANNIE or JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, he has no information as to their activities. With regard to his mother or any member of his family, MILLER stated that none of them, to his knowledge, has ever been a member of the Communist Party or of any subversive organization.

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On 7/23/64 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645

by SA HERBERT F. BRIICK/rms Date dictated 7/24/64

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New YORK, New York
July 31, 1964

Jack Rubenstein Who Allegedly
Attended Camp Unity, Kingston,
New York in 1947

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter dated July 16, 1964, requested a reinterview of Mr. Jack Rubenstein, 99 University Place, New York, New York, concerning the possibility that he attended Camp Unity, Kingston, New York in 1947, and was mistaken for Jack L. Ruby by Mrs. Thelma Marks.

The Commission also requested a review of subversive activities files to determine the identity of the person identified by Mrs. Marks as attending Camp Unity. The Commission also desired any information as to whether or not Camp Unity was attended by persons identified by Roy William Fehrenbach as having been active in Communist Party activities in Muncie, Indiana.

Jack Rubenstein, Vice President of the Textile Workers Union of America, 99 University Place, New York, New York, on July 21, 1964, said he did not attend Camp Unity, Kingston, New York in 1947 or at any other time.

There is no information in the files of the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) reflecting that anyone named Jack Rubenstein attended Camp Unity, Kingston, New York.

There is no identifiable information in the files of the New York Office of the FBI reflecting that any of the following persons attended Camp Unity, Kingston, New York, at any time:

Jack Rubenstein was allegedly
attended Camp Unity, Kingston,
New York in 1947

Sam Jaffe
Charlotte Chazin
Seymour Chazin
Marion Fritsker
Ruth Fritsker
Ruth Fritsker
Irma Fritsker
Phillip Jaffe
Lawson Jaffe
Harry Razel
Herbert Razel
Horton Razel
Horton Standt

Date 7/23/641

Mr. ELMO SLEIGHT, 501 South Oak Cliff Boulevard, Dallas, Texas, advised he is the former owner of Sleight's Speed Wash, 1101 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, telephone number WH. 3-6155. He related he is currently retired after having sold the Sleight's Speed Wash on August 28, 1963, to Mr. ARTHUR JOE RENO, 2514 Emmett, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. SLEIGHT stated that during his ownership of the above-mentioned speed wash his customers numbered approximately 400 per week and of these customers he could not recall having seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK L. RUBY patronizing his place of business.

He related he has no knowledge concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, OSWALD, RUBY, or any connection between RUBY and OSWALD, other than what he has seen on television or read in the local newspapers.

Mr. SLEIGHT advised JOE JOHNSON was employed by him as a janitor at Sleight's Speed Wash and continued to work at the speed wash after its purchase by Mr. RENO. He continued that he believes Mr. RENO also employed a MARIE KOVAR as an attendant; however, he could not state whether she is presently working for Mr. RENO.

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on 7/24/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/28/64

Date 7/29/641

Mr. ARTHUR JOHN RENO, 2514 Emmett, Dallas, Texas, advised he is the owner of Reno's Speed Wash, 1101 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, which was formerly owned by ELMO SLEIGHT and operated under the name of Sleight's Speed Wash. He stated he purchased the speed wash sometime in the latter part of August, 1963.

Mr. RENO stated that, since becoming the owner of the above-mentioned speed wash, to his knowledge he has not seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK L. RUBY in the speed wash located at 1101 North Beckley, or at any other location. He advised he could furnish no information concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, or OSWALD, RUBY, or any connection between RUBY and OSWALD.

He related that at the present time he has no employees working at the speed wash. He stated MARIE SISK, who also goes by the name of MARIE KOVAR, was employed by him as an attendant at the speed wash from September, 1963 to December, 1963. He advised MARIE SISK formerly resided at 1032 North Beckley, Dallas, but he did not know her present whereabouts. Mr. RENO further related JOE JOHNSON was employed by him as a janitor at his speed wash from September, 1963 to May, 1964. Mr. RENO stated JOHNSON also worked at Southern Methodist University as a janitor and, to his knowledge, JOHNSON is still gainfully employed in this capacity. Mr. RENO related that possibly JOHNSON or SISK could furnish information relating to RUBY or OSWALD.

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on 7/24/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/28/64

Date 7/30/641

Mrs. MARIE KOVAR, 1032 North Beckley, Apartment G, Dallas, Texas, advised she was formerly employed by Mr. ARTHUR RENO as an attendant at Reno's Speed Wash, 1101 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas, from August, 1963 to December, 1963. She related that her duty hours while working at the speed wash were from 8:00 AM to 4:00 PM.

Mrs. KOVAR related she cannot recall ever having seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK L. RUBY in Reno's Speed Wash. She further related she has no knowledge of any connection between OSWALD and RUBY or of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Mrs. KOVAR stated that on the day RUBY's trial commenced in the late afternoon she was having a soft drink at the Gulf Station located on the corner of Zangs and North Beckley when a "woman" entered the Gulf Station, purchased a soft drink, thereafter approached her, Mrs. KOVAR, and introduced herself as Mrs. OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. KOVAR advised that "this woman" claimed she had been at JACK RUBY's trial and had taken a taxi to "Mrs. JOHNSON's rooming house" to determine how long it would have taken LEE HARVEY OSWALD to have traveled from downtown Dallas to his room. The woman further claimed she could not locate Mrs. JOHNSON; therefore, she came to the Gulf Station to have a soft drink. 7-1-1

Mrs. KOVAR stated "the woman" claimed "she was writing a book" and thereafter left. She related she could not say whether "this woman" was actually Mrs. OSWALD, the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, as she had claimed.

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on 7/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/30/64

Date 7/29/641

Mr. JOSEPH JOHNSON, 12015 Hoblitzelle Drive, Richardson, Texas, telephone number AD. 1-1765, advised he was formerly employed by Mr. ELMO SLEIGHT from approximately March, 1960 to September, 1963, at which time Mr. SLEIGHT sold Sleight's Speed Wash to Mr. ARTHUR RENO. He related that he continued working at the speed wash for Mr. RENO as janitor until approximately March, 1964, at which time he terminated his employment.

Mr. JOHNSON advised his working hours while employed at the speed wash located at 1101 North Beckley were from 7:00 PM to 12:00 midnight. He related that on the evening of November 20 or 21, 1963, he recalls seeing an individual he later determined from photographs in local newspapers to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD washing laundry at Reno's Speed Wash. He stated OSWALD did not converse with anyone and, in fact, sat reading magazines until 12:00 midnight, at which time the merchant patrolman, name unrecalled, requested him to leave as the speed wash was closing. Mr. JOHNSON stated OSWALD did not immediately leave, but remained sitting and continued to read magazines for approximately an additional five minutes, at which time he picked up his laundry and left. Mr. JOHNSON advised this was the only time he recalls seeing OSWALD at Reno's Speed Wash, 1101 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas.

He related he has never seen JACK L. RUBY at Reno's Speed Wash or at any other location and could furnish no information concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY or regarding OSWALD, RUBY or any connections between OSWALD and RUBY.

Mr. JOHNSON stated he recalls Mr. RENO having a "day attendant" employed at the speed wash; however, he could not recall her name, but remarked she may possibly be able to furnish information about OSWALD or RUBY.

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on 7/28/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/28/64

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Jg3:eah

Mr. D. L. PATRICK, 708 North Lancaster, Dallas, Texas, advised SA JAMES W. SWINFORD on July 23, 1964, he is the manager of an apartment house located at the above address.

Mr. PATRICK stated rental receipt books for the above apartment house reveal that H. A. LOGAN was a tenant at the apartment house, having rented Unit No. 6 from October 12, 1963 to November 15, 1963.

Mr. PATRICK related he cannot recall what Mr. LOGAN did for a living; however, he recalls LOGAN, upon leaving, stated he was returning to California, specific city unknown.

Date 7/29/641

Mr. W. C. CAUGHRAN, 809 Elsbeth Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone number WH. 2-0496, advised he has been employed with the Smith Detective Agency, Dallas, Texas, telephone number RI. 1-1011, in the capacity of a Merchant Patrolman since June 28, 1963. He related his duty hours are from 7:00 PM to 5:00 AM and, during the performance of his duties, he makes periodic checks of Reno's Speed Wash, 1101 North Beckley.

Mr. CAUGHRAN related that during these periodic checks of Reno's Speed Wash he saw an individual in this establishment whom he later identified as being LEE HARVEY OSWALD, the accused assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He advised he is unable to recall the specific dates or times he saw OSWALD in Reno's Speed Wash; however, he does recall that on each occasion OSWALD was always reading a magazine and was never speaking to anyone.

Mr. CAUGHRAN stated that he has no knowledge concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, nor has he any knowledge or information of OSWALD and RUBY having any connection, other than what he has seen on television or read in the local newspapers.

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on 7/28/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/28/64

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JWS:ezh

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Mr. SAM ROGERS, 2316 Engle, Dallas, Texas, telephone number FE. 1-4872, advised SA JAMES W. SWINFORD, on July 27, 1964, he is the lessee of the Dobbs House Restaurant located at 1221 North Beckley, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. ROGERS related the following list of individuals were employed by him at the Dobbs House during 1963:

DOUGLAS HARRISON
DOUGLAS/LEAKE
BRENDA SIMMONS
HENRY A. LOGAN
ELLEN FOLIARD
MARY ADA DOWLING

He stated BRENDA SIMMONS, listed above, is his daughter-in-law and explained that she worked at the Dobbs House periodically on a part-time basis. He advised she no longer lives in Dallas, explaining she moved to Wichita Falls, Texas, where her address is 1509 11th Street, Apartment B.

Mr. ROGERS stated HENRY A. LOGAN, listed above, was a "transit" and only worked at the Dobbs House for two days, which he believed were November 14 - 15, 1963.

Date 7/30/641

Mrs. DOLORES HARRISON, 3219 San Jacinto, Apartment No. 208, Dallas, Texas, advised she has been employed as a waitress at the Dobbs House for approximately six years.

She stated that during the latter months of 1963, specific dates unrecalled, LEE HARVEY OSWALD came into the Dobbs House numerous times. Mrs. HARRISON related that on November 21, 1963, she recalls OSWALD having been in the Dobbs House for breakfast, specific time unrecalled. She stated she recalls this particular occasion, inasmuch as OSWALD had ordered "eggs over light" and, when served, made a complaint that the eggs were "cooked too hard." Mrs. HARRISON advised she prepared OSWALD's eggs and MARY DOWLING, a waitress, served same to him. She related that, although OSWALD complained of the eggs, he accepted them.

Mrs. HARRISON stated that when seeing OSWALD at the Dobbs House she recalls he "did not talk much and was always reading magazines or books."

She related although she saw OSWALD at the Dobbs House a number of times she did not know his identity until seeing his picture in the newspapers as being the accused assassin of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. Mrs. HARRISON advised she has never seen JACK L. RUBY at the Dobbs House or at any other location; she has no knowledge of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, or of any connections between RUBY and OSWALD.

on 7/29/64 at Dallas, Texas 32 File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/30/64

Date 7/30/641

Miss EDITH EVELYN POLIARD, 312 North Bishop, Dallas, Texas, telephone number WH. 3-9842, advised she was formerly employed at the Dobbs House, 1101 North Beckley, Dallas, on a "part-time basis" from August, 1963 to May, 1964. She explained she worked on Fridays and Saturdays as a waitress at the Dobbs House during the above indicated period, during which time she could not recall having seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY at the Dobbs House or at any other location.

She related she could not furnish any information regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, of OSWALD or RUBY, and/or any connection between OSWALD and RUBY.

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on 7/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/eah Date dictated 7/30/64

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Date 7/24/64

ALFRED DAVIDSON, JR. was located at Los Angeles, California, on July 24, 1964, at which time he was telephonically interviewed after he had requested that the interview be conducted telephonically due to a recent heart attack which he had suffered and from which he is presently recovering. He said he is presently residing at 569 North Rossmore, Los Angeles, but expects to move from that address in the immediate future. He said he can always be contacted through his agent, DON FULLER, telephone HO 6-4817, or through his answering service, HO 6-7347. DAVIDSON advised as follows:

He is unable to furnish any additional or more accurate information than he has previously furnished to the FBI. He recalls that he received a telephone call from JACK RUBY on approximately November 20 or 21, 1963, but he does not know where the call originated. He was under the impression that RUBY was calling from his club in Dallas, Texas, since they discussed the club's operation and RUBY told him he was presently using a new "twist board" on which his girls performed on the stage. DAVIDSON said he is not thoroughly familiar with the twist board, but that he got the impression it was a revolving board on which the strip-teasers did the twist at JACK RUBY's night club. He said the call from RUBY was just a friendly call to say hello and see how he, DAVIDSON, was getting along. He said RUBY seemed nappy about his business and did not seem at all upset.

DAVIDSON said he is unable to recall the name of the Credit Manager at Nieman-Marcus, who was RUBY's friend, but that he was in charge of the Credit Department at Nieman Marcus.

DAVIDSON said he never had any political discussions with RUBY and does not recall RUBY having any political literature or any scripts for the "Life-Line" radio program in his possession. He said to the best of his knowledge, RUBY never commented about this program.

DAVIDSON recalled that RUBY was an admirer of President KENNEDY and on one occasion had asked DAVIDSON if he ever met Mrs. KENNEDY since DAVIDSON had been associated with OLEG CASSINI, of New York City.

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On 7/24/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895

by SA A. HAROLD LANDRETH/srb Date dictated 7/24/64

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MCC:vm
DL 44-1639

On July 23, 1964, ROBERT M. JEFFREY, Vice President and Attorney, Neiman-Marcus Store, Dallas, Texas, advised he believes he would have knowledge had any employee of his firm and specifically any employee in the Credit Department had any type of association with Jack L. Ruby. He said, to his knowledge, no employees of the store were acquainted with Ruby. Mr. Jeffrey stated the former Credit Manager, William F. Cofer, died on November 14, 1963. He described Mr. Cofer as having led a "very sedate" life, who had never mentioned acquaintance with Ruby.

On July 23, 1964, Mason B. Dumont, now Credit Manager, advised he had never been acquainted with Ruby and/or Alfred Davidson.

On July 23, 1964, Roy M. Jacobs, Assistant Credit Manager, stated he had never met Ruby or Davidson.

The above-named persons stated they had never known or heard of Ruby or Lee Harvey Oswald prior to the events surrounding the assassination of President Kennedy and the shooting of Oswald.

Date 7/27/64

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Mr. JOHN HENRY BRANCH, residence, 3722 Greenleaf, business address, 1710 Hall Street, telephone number TA. 4-9062, was interviewed at his place of business and advised as follows:

He last saw JACK RUBY Saturday, November 23, 1963, at about 9:05 PM. He stated the band began playing that evening at approximately 9:00 PM and he saw JACK RUBY just a few minutes after the band began playing. He said he was sure it was Saturday, November 23, 1963, because it was the Saturday between the Presidential assassination and the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by RUBY.

BRANCH said this was not a prearranged appointment. RUBY just happened to come by the Empire Room to discuss hiring a new piano player on behalf of his sister, EVA GRANT. RUBY told BRANCH his sister was not satisfied with her pianist. She didn't like this pianist because he did not play what she wanted. BRANCH told RUBY he would get a piano player, but he did not advise RUBY whom he would hire. BRANCH said RUBY and he discussed the hiring of a piano player for approximately thirty minutes and then RUBY left for the Carousel Club.

BRANCH said it is possible he saw HARRY LEE JACKSON that evening, but he could not be certain that he actually saw him.

BRANCH said that when he saw RUBY on November 23, 1963, RUBY had on dark blue or black pants, white shirt, string, western-type tie, grey sport coat, and a black Fedora hat. RUBY did not wear this hat at the bar.

When RUBY left BRANCH accompanied him to the door. The Hall Diner is next door to the Empire Club and he last saw RUBY walk from the diner towards Ross Avenue, where he had parked his car.

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on 7/23/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY/eah Date dictated 7/27/64

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Since RUBY shot OSWALD on the following day, it would have been futile for BRANCH to hire a piano player on RUBY's behalf. BRANCH never contacted a piano player to honor RUBY's request of November 23, 1963. BRANCH stated he never contacted Mrs. GRANT concerning the hiring of this piano player. BRANCH stated that he had, on several previous occasions, discussed the hiring of Negro musicians with Mrs. GRANT, but he did not discuss the hiring of a piano player with her.

BRANCH was unable to recall anyone who might have seen RUBY talking to him at the Empire Club on November 23, 1963. He stated that Patrolman WILLIAM STARKS, Dallas Police Department, may have been present that evening and might be able to verify RUBY's presence at the club on November 23, 1963.

Date 7/27/641

Mr. HARRY LEE JACKSON, 2536 Romine Street, Dallas, Texas, telephone number HA 1-4594, was interviewed at his residence and advised as follows:

The last time he saw JACK RUBY was Sunday, November 17, 1963, the Sunday before RUBY killed OSWALD. JACKSON walked into the Empire Room, 1710 Hall Street, between 8:30 PM and 9:00 PM. He was unable to recall the specific time.

When JACKSON entered the Empire Room, he immediately saw RUBY standing at the bar. RUBY was engaged in a conversation with JOHN HENRY BRANCH. JACKSON was not aware of the conversation between BRANCH and RUBY. RUBY offered JACKSON a beer, which he declined. RUBY then invited JACKSON to drop in at the Carousel Club whenever JACKSON was in the neighborhood and have a drink. JACKSON stated this was the extent of the conversation between himself and RUBY at that time. Following this, JACKSON walked off to mingle with the patrons in the Empire Room.

JACKSON stated that when he arrived at the Empire Room the band was already playing. On Sundays the band begins playing at about 8:30 PM and JACKSON's habit was to arrive at a dance early in the evening. He stated this was why he estimated that the time was between 8:30 PM and 9:00 PM.

JACKSON recalled that when he saw RUBY on November 17, 1963, RUBY was wearing dark colored slacks, a light colored sport shirt, and a dark colored suit jacket. JACKSON was unable to remember the exact color of RUBY's clothing. He thought the suit jacket matched the pants, but he was not certain. When JACKSON saw RUBY, he was not wearing a hat.

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on 7/23/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY/eah Date dictated 7/27/64

Date 7/27/641

Mrs. EVA GRANT, JACK RUBY's sister, 3929 Rawlins, Dallas, Texas, advised as follows:

JOE JOHNSON, band leader and saxophone player, left her employ on or about November 2, 1963. LEONARD WOODS, who was JOHNSON's pianist, elected to remain as pianist at the Vegas Club. However, a few days later, Mrs. GRANT determined that WOODS was unable to read music and deemed his services as unsatisfactory.

On Thursday or Friday of the week prior to the assassination, she telephonically contacted JOHN HENRY BRANCH, Booking Agent, concerning the hiring of a piano player to replace LEONARD WOODS. She was certain that any discussion she had with her brother, JACK RUBY, concerning the hiring of a piano player transpired prior to the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

She does not know her brother spoke to BRANCH at all concerning the piano player, although this is possible. She stated that, if he did speak to BRANCH, it is probable it was at the same time she spoke to BRANCH.

She stated she spoke to her brother, JACK, about midnight, November 23, 1963, and he did not mention he had contacted BRANCH about the piano player. She stated it was probable that if he did speak to BRANCH it occurred on a Sunday, since many Negro musicians gather at the Empire Room on Sunday evenings.

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on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agents EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY & MANNING C. CLEMENTS/eah Date dictated 7/27/64

Date 7/27/641

Patrolman WILLIAM M. STARKS, Shield No. 610, Dallas Police Department, 3202 Carpenter Street, was interviewed at his home and advised as follows:

He is acquainted with and has known JOHN HENRY BRANCH, Manager of the Empire Room, for approximately sixteen years.

He never met RUBY or had any contact whatsoever with him. The only time he heard of RUBY was after LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shot. Following this, he remembered seeing RUBY somewhere before, but could not recall the location.

STARKS worked from 3:30 PM to 11:30 PM, Saturday, November 23, 1963, and, therefore, was not at the Empire Room that night, November 23, 1963.

STARKS is certain he was at the Empire Room on Sunday, November 17, 1963, but does not specifically remember seeing BRANCH at the club that evening. STARKS stated he cannot recall ever seeing RUBY at the Empire Room and has never seen RUBY engaged in conversation with JOHN HENRY BRANCH.

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on 7/24/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY/eah Date dictated 7/27/64

1

Date August 17, 1964

DEROSTUS MC COLLOUGH MILES was interviewed at his residence, 934 South Normandie Avenue, Apartment Number 101, where he manages the apartment house and he furnished the following information:

He met JACK RUBY at the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas, a week before the fair opened on October 5, 1963, which would make the meeting date with RUBY about September 28, 1963. He subsequently met with RUBY three or four times prior to October 6, 1963, when his show, "How Hollywood Makes Movies" opened at the fair. These visits occurred at the Carousel Club, were usually between 12:00 PM midnight and 2:00 AM in the morning, and would vary in duration from one to two hours. He usually had someone with him when he visited RUBY, and it was always someone affiliated with his show. His show personnel included BOB CRAVEN, HARRY LOVEJOY, SAM DOUGHERTY, JOE RANDULLA, and MARVIN GARDNER, and one or two of these persons would accompany him when he visited RUBY at the Carousel Club.

The topic of conversation during the above mentioned meetings included show business, dogs, RUBY's bar, and his twist board. Politics were never discussed at these meetings, to the best of his recollection. He took a personal liking to RUBY and enjoyed talking to him.

He has no recollection of seeing RUBY at any time, either in Dallas or at the fair grounds prior to the opening of the show on October 6, 1963, other than the above mentioned contacts. Subsequent to the opening of the show, RUBY visited his show site three to five times. RUBY was alone upon the occasion of these visits which occurred in the morning or the afternoon, and lasted from one to two hours. During the period October 6 through October 19, he and some of his show people visited RUBY at the Carousel Club approximately seven to ten times, usually in the late evening hours. On one occasion, the entire personnel of his show visited the Carousel Club.

On 8/14/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA CHARLES I. CARTER and
SA PHILLIP B. DEILY:dmz Date dictated 8/17/64

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LA 44-895

Sometime between October 1, 1963, and October 6, 1963, he visited RUBY at the Carousel Club and borrowed several items used as props for his show. One item was a three foot square mirror taken from RUBY's office and a large cooler unit about three feet square and eighteen inches in depth. Both items were obtained from RUBY at the same time and were brought to his show site by RUBY who was assisted by one of his Negro workers.

He does not recall RUBY obtaining any political radio script called "Life Line" or that RUBY ever commented on any Right Wing literature. Politics were never a topic of conversation at any of the meetings with RUBY, as best he can recall.

An itinerant worker, LARRY CRAFARD, had been working at a show located next to his show at the fair grounds but was fired from his job. He felt sorry for CRAFARD and hired him since CRAFARD appeared to need money for living expenses. One night CRAFARD and another individual also employed at the fair grounds engaged in a fight and CRAFARD had several teeth knocked out. He does not know what prompted the fight and was not present at the time the fight took place. CRAFARD appeared to be an illiterate individual and an ordinary itinerant worker. He lost contact with CRAFARD when the show closed on October 19, 1963.

During his contacts with RUBY he became aware of the fact that RUBY carried a gun in a shoulder holster. RUBY also carried large amounts of money on his person, believed to be about \$1000 or more. He is of the opinion that RUBY tried to impress people with the idea that he was a successful business man and night club operator.

1Date 7/24/64

Mr. ROBERT CRAVEN, 5805 Bucknell Street, North Hollywood, California, who operates a business known both as Mr. "C" Fashions and as Superior Contracting Company, located at 407 East Pico Street, Los Angeles, California, telephone RI 9-9500, residence phone 877-7443, was interviewed, at which time he advised as follows:

He met JACK RUBY approximately one year prior to the time his show, "How Hollywood Makes Movies," opened in Dallas, Texas, on October 5, 1963. He does not recall, however, having any contact telephonically or otherwise with RUBY on September 26, 27, 28, or 29, 1963. He saw RUBY in Dallas, Texas, two or three days prior to the opening of the show on October 5, 1963. The place of their meeting was the Dallas fairgrounds and RUBY continued to visit the Dallas fairgrounds practically every day during the fair and usually visited CRAVEN's show. He cannot remember the exact days or times of RUBY's visits but remembers that on the days he was at the fair it was usually during the afternoon.

CRAVEN visited RUBY's night club in Dallas on several occasions while there but cannot remember the exact dates. He does not recall RUBY ever having any radio scripts called "Life-Line" or any political literature in his possession. He said RUBY did not comment on any right-wing literature being distributed at the Dallas fair by H. L. Hunt or other conservative groups.

CRAVEN recalled that they hired "LARRY" CRAFTARD when he came to their show requesting a job. He said RUBY did not know CRAFTARD prior to the time he was hired by CRAVEN, but that he met CRAFTARD during the fair. He said he had no reason to question CRAFTARD's activities in any way while he was employed by them.

CRAVEN stated that RUBY did not invest any money in their show, "How Hollywood Makes Movies."

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On 7/24/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895

by SA A. HAROLD LANDRETH/srb Date dictated 7/24/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 7/23/64

Mrs. LAURA A. BYRUM, 6039 Singing Hills Drive, employed as the manager of the Pogo Club, 2822 McKinney Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised she is a casual acquaintance of JACK RUBY.

Mrs. BYRUM stated that on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, JACK RUBY entered the Pogo Club alone. Mrs. BYRUM stated RUBY was seated at a table near the front of the club by waitress VIRGINIA THOMPSON/HUMPHRIES, who is now employed as a waitress at the Capri Lounge, 3913 Cedar Springs, Dallas, Texas. Mrs. BYRUM advised RUBY sat alone at the table and spoke to no one. RUBY ordered a plain Coke and sipped on this Coke for about thirty minutes. At this time, BOB NORTON, owner of the Pogo Club, approached RUBY, and Mrs. BYRUM stated RUBY and NORTON exchanged greetings.

Mrs. BYRUM stated that during the time RUBY was seated alone at the table, she (Mrs. BYRUM) passed by RUBY's table and said, "Hi, JACK." RUBY exchanged the greeting and commented that the Pogo Club had a "nice crowd."

Mrs. BYRUM stated that RUBY has never mentioned the name LEE HARVEY OSWALD and she knows of no association between OSWALD and RUBY.

on 7/23/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ROBERT J. ANDERSON/ds Date dictated 7/23/64

Date 7/29/64

1
Mrs. VIRGINIA THOMPSON HUMPHRIES, 3600 Gillespie, Apartment No. 5, presently employed as a waitress at the Capri Lounge, 3913 Cedar Springs, Dallas, Texas, advised she is a casual acquaintance of JACK RUBY.

Mrs. HUMPHRIES stated she was formerly employed as a waitress at the Pogo Club, 2822 McKinney Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. HUMPHRIES recalled that on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at approximately midnight, JACK RUBY entered the Pogo Club alone. She seated RUBY at a table near the middle of the club. RUBY ordered a plain Coke. Upon being served the Coke, RUBY asked, "Why are you open?" According to Mrs. HUMPHRIES, RUBY asked this question as though it were a sacrilege to be open. Mrs. HUMPHRIES stated she said, "Ask my employer," in answer to RUBY's question and she then walked away from RUBY's table, having no further conversation with him.

Mrs. HUMPHRIES related that a few minutes had passed by when she observed BCB NORTON, owner of the Pogo Club, sit down and join RUBY at RUBY's table. NORTON called Mrs. HUMPHRIES over to the table and he also ordered a plain Coke. Mrs. HUMPHRIES served NORTON the Coke. She had no further conversation with either of the men and has no knowledge as to the nature of the conversation between them.

Mrs. HUMPHRIES further advised at approximately 1:00 AM, on November 24, 1963, she was getting her "tabs" ready for her customers to pay, as 1:00 AM was the club's closing time. She observed RUBY was not at his table and had apparently left without paying his tab. Mrs. HUMPHRIES did not see RUBY leave the club and does not know how long he remained in the club after she served NORTON at RUBY's table. She looked around the club for RUBY, but could not find him. NORTON was still in the club, but RUBY was not. Mrs. HUMPHRIES stated she then gave RUBY's tab to the Club Manager, Mrs. LAURA BYRUM, stating she was not going to pay for another club owner's tab. The tab amounted to

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on 7/28/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK/eah Date dictated 7/28/64

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either 50¢ or 20¢, exact amount unrecalled.

Mrs. HUMPHRIES stated RUBY never mentioned the name
LEE HARVEY OSWALD and she knows of no association between OSWALD
and RUBY.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 24, 1964

1

ROBERT L. NORTON, 3414 Manana Street, Dallas, Texas, owner of the Pago Pago Club (formerly known as the Pago Club), 2822 McKinney Avenue, Dallas, was interviewed at his place of residence.

NORTON stated that on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, he had given \$50.00 in cash to JACK L. RUBY at the Pago Club prior to RUBY leaving the club that night.

Concerning this \$50.00, NORTON gave the following explanation regarding his giving RUBY this money:

NORTON stated that some months earlier in 1963, approximately fifteen owners of different commercial night clubs in the Dallas area had formed a group known as the "Dallas Association of Clubs and Lounges" with the purpose of accumulating a small treasury to enable the owners to have a fund to conduct credit checks, locate bad check passers, and, in general to perform different acts to improve the operations of the clubs and lounges and create a better impression of the club owners in the minds of the local citizens.

NORTON stated that he was elected the first President of this group, which did not have any office space as such.

While the organization had good intentions at first, the few members lost interest and the group decided to fold. However, during the short time the association was in existence, it had accumulated around \$400.00 in its treasury.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/21/64

NORTON stated that JACK RUBY was not an official member of the Association, but at one time he had been given some tickets to sell for a special party given by the Association. The money from the sale of all tickets by the group was to go to the Association's treasury. As NORTON recalls, RUBY was not at the party and did not turn in his money for the tickets or return any tickets.

At that time, the new President and Vice President of the group went to RUBY to get the money for these tickets and RUBY apparently became displeased with their approach and told them he would not give them any money for the tickets. The President then went to see NORTON to tell him about RUBY's refusal to give them any money, but prior to his arrival, RUBY called NORTON and explained to him about the visit of the new Association President; that he had been rude to him as he, RUBY, was tied up with other business matters at the time of the President's visit, and that he (RUBY) was sorry and would give NORTON the money in a few days.

NORTON stated that about two weeks later, RUBY gave him \$50.00 for the party tickets. NORTON told RUBY that the group had decided to dissolve, and that he would probably get his \$50.00 back.

The Association subsequently held a meeting of the membership, which was advertised in the paper, at which meeting it was decided to disband the organization and split up the some \$400.00 which was still in the treasury. NORTON did not attend the meeting, but he learned that the group had voted not to give RUBY a share of the money to be divided as the members did not consider RUBY to be officially a member of the Association.

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NORTON stated that he received \$48.00 as his part of the division of the treasury. He felt personally that RUBY should also have been given a share of the group's division of money as RUBY had just recently given the organization the \$50.00 for tickets to the last party; but inasmuch as the organization had voted who were and were not eligible for the treasury split, RUBY was not entitled to any funds from the group.

NORTON stated that since he had told RUBY that he would probably get his \$50.00 back, he felt morally responsible to see that RUBY did receive his \$50.00 back from the organization.

NORTON stated that it was this \$50.00 that he gave RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at the Pago Club. He stated that the sum was actually \$50.00 and not \$25.00 or any other sum. NORTON does not recall just what type of bills he used in paying RUBY, but he believes it was in fives, tens and possibly twenties.

NORTON stated that he does not believe that RUBY had come to the Pago Club the night of November 23, 1963, to obtain this money from him, but NORTON felt that inasmuch as RUBY was in the club, it was a good time to pay him what he, NORTON, felt was justly owed to RUBY by the Association.

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7/24/64

Date

ROY WILLIAM PIKE, also known as Mickey Ryan, Mike Pike, was located at Stockton Quincy Ford, Inc., 1522 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, California, telephone BR 04108, where he is employed as a car salesman under the name of MIKE PIKE. PIKE stated he presently lives at 1138 Euclid Avenue, Apartment 2, Santa Monica, California, and his residence phone is 395-5116. PIKE advised as follows:

He first met JACK RUBY approximately one year prior to November 22, 1963, when he was standing outside RUBY's night club in Dallas, Texas, looking at the poster photographs of the strip-teasers who were then appearing at RUBY's club. He was approached by RUBY, who asked him if he would like to see the show as his guest. He accepted RUBY's invitation and was later that day offered a job as RUBY's bookkeeper. He worked for RUBY for approximately two months until he left Dallas to take a job in Fort Worth, Texas, as a car salesman. During the two months he was employed by RUBY he attended a few parties with RUBY.

He is of the opinion that RUBY was conducting a strictly legitimate business, had no association with the underworld or the Communist Party. He said RUBY liked to give people the impression he was a "tough customer" and liked to surround himself with well-dressed, clean-cut men because it made him feel important.

After leaving Dallas to work in Fort Worth, he occasionally visited RUBY's club in Dallas, where he had dates with some of the girls working for RUBY. The girls he dated most were his present wife and another stripper, whose name he cannot recall but who is presently living with CULLEN BRIGGS, a retired District Judge in Corpus Christi, Texas.

He was watching television with RAMONA WAGNER, also known as Tuesday Ryan (his wife from whom he is presently seeking a divorce), on November 22, 1963, when he heard a news flash that President KENNEDY had been shot. He does not recall exactly what his activities were on November 23, 1963, but does remember that he was watching television with his wife on November 24, 1963, when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was shot. He

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On 7/23/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA A. HAROLD LANDRETH/srb Date dictated 7/24/64

Miss. Wright
8/15/20

4-8/15

T. . .

He never made any long-distance telephone calls from the Carousel Club and he is positive that RUBY never made any long-distance calls from his, PIKE's, phone.

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Date 8/6/641

RICHARD D. WALKER, Attorney, Room 1707, First National Bank Building, was exhibited a list of names which was purportedly in the possession at one time of JACK RUBY and which included the name of DICK WALKER, telephone No. PE 7-5553.

Mr. WALKER stated he did not recognize any of the names on the list other than his own and that of BOB KAPLAN from Fort Worth, Texas. Mr. WALKER stated he became acquainted with BOB KAPLAN through a client of his, Dr. DANIEL GEVINSON, from Dallas. He stated he had no information in his possession concerning any of the other people on the list.

In addition, Mr. WALKER stated he did not know anything about RALPH PAUL of Arlington, Texas, nor did he knew KAREN BENNETT CARLIN, also known as "Little Lynn." Mr. WALKER stated he had no dealings with any of these people.

Mr. WALKER added that he had no information concerning a relationship of any sort between JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD.,

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on 8/5/64 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS:vm Date dictated 8/6/64

Date 7/31/64

1
Records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect no telephone service has ever been listed in the name of Mr. HARRY OLSEN or to a Mrs. HARRY OLSEN. *T. J. J.*

There was found a listing to a KAY COLEMAN, residence 325 N. Ewing Street, Apartment 111. This service was installed on December 14, 1962, and disconnected on February 1, 1964.

KAY COLEMAN had a deposit of \$30 with the telephone company and a refund check of \$21.48 was mailed upon the discontinuance of the service to a Mrs. HALL, Apartment 115, 325 N. Ewing Street, Dallas, on February 5, 1964. This check was returned unclaimed and has never been claimed to date having been sent to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company headquarters, St. Louis, Missouri.

The above information is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which should be directed to R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas.

on 7/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH:vm Date dictated 7/30/64

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Date 7/31/64

Records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect the following information concerning subscriber KAY COLEMAN, residence 325 North Ewing, Apartment 111, telephone number WH 2-3268:

DATE	TIME CALL PLACED	DURATION OF CALL	PERSON PLACING CALL	PERSON CALLED	NUMBER AND CITY
11/14/63		9 min.		Mrs. TAMMY TRUE	TE 4-0847, Fort Worth (State not shown)
11/27/63		7 min.		TAMMY TRUE, Room 6, Siesta Motel	GA 4-4646, Oklahoma City, Okla.
12/1/63		3 min.		"	"
12/1/63		6 min.	KAY COLEMAN (Collect call)		WH 2-3268, Dallas (State not shown)
12/22/63		6 min.		HARRY D. OLSON	538-4682, Henrietta (State not shown)
12/26/63	1:33 p.m.	2 min.			GA 7-6531, Oklahoma City, Okla.

The above are the only long distance calls available on bills rendered KAY COLEMAN and no long distance calls appeared on the final bill, which was rendered February 5, 1964.

The records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect telephone number 538-4682 is listed to HARRY L. OLSEN, residence 415 West Ikard, Henrietta, Texas. This person is part owner of the Olsen

on 7/30/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/eah/pm Date dictated 7/30/64

DL 44-1639

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Stelzer Boot Company.

The above is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date August 27, 1964

Sergeant H. M. STRINGER, Personnel Office, Dallas Police Department, said the records of that office reflect HARRY NEAL OLSEN, former patrolman, discharged December 29, 1963, was born February 16, 1934, at Wichita Falls, Texas.

The file further showed HARRY LEE OLSEN to be the father of HARRY NEAL OLSEN.

HARRY LEE OLSEN, part owner of Olsen Stelzer Boot Company, Henrietta, Texas, is shown only as having an address of Post Office Box 45, Henrietta, Texas.

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on 8/26/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/pm Date dictated 8/26/64

Date 8/13/64

1

The following information was obtained from ROBERT H. WARNER, Chief Special Agent, General Telephone Company, 2020 Santa Monica Boulevard, Santa Monica, California. This information is confidential and obtainable only by a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. WARNER.

HARRY W. OLSEN, 315 Obispo, Apartment 12, Long Beach 14, California has a non-published telephone number 433-6289, which was installed April 30, 1964. There were no toll calls from this telephone subsequent to installation, except the following:

June 25, 1964, to Riverside, California, telephone number 688-0291; duration 14 minutes; cost \$3.00.

July 17, 1964, to Las Vegas, Nevada, telephone number 735-9111; duration 3 minutes; cost 85 cents.

The Doctor's Business Bureau, Hartwell Building, 19 Pine Avenue, Room 1006, Long Beach, California, has telephone number HE 5-6315. The following toll calls were made from this telephone during the period December 1963 through July 13, 1964:

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On 8/12/64 at Santa Monica, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA EDWARD L. OLSEN/AY Date dictated 8/13/64

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
12/12	Newport Beach	646-7443	1	.25
12/12	Anaheim	828-8394	3	.25
12/20	Anaheim	774-1450	4	.30
1/3	Anaheim	827-0290	5	.35
1/7	Garden Grove	534-4545	2	.20
1/8	Buena Park	521-3169	1	.20
1/9	Westminster	TW3-4521	9	.45
1/13	Santa Ana	547-4893	1	.25
12/12	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	4	.30
1/10	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
12/12	Anaheim	776-7111	2	.25
12/16	Buena Park	521-5405	1	.20
12/18	Santa Ana	549-1448	2	.25
12/20	Santa Ana	549-1448	1	.25
12/27	Green Camp, Ohio	LA8-7445	1	2.10
12/30	Buena Park	521-7040	2	.20
12/30	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
1/3	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
1/6	Garden Grove	534-6040	4	.25
1/7	Anaheim	828-6974	1	.25
1/7	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
1/7	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Huntington Beach	VI7-6031	2	.20
1/13	Newport Beach	646-7443	2	.25
12/12	Anaheim	828-8394	1	.25
12/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
12/18	Anaheim	828-7383	2	.25
12/20	Anaheim	774-3818	5	.35
12/27	Buena Park	521-7040	1	.20
12/27	Anaheim	828-1559	3	.25
1/4	Santa Ana	545-5057	1	.25
1/8	Anaheim	527-8849	3	.25

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Buena Park	521-5405	1	.20
1/10	Brea	529-3016	1	.25
12/16	Fullerton	871-1078	1	.25
12/18	Anaheim	722-7130	1	.25
12/19	Buena Park	521-9795	1	.20
12/20	Santa Ana	544-6333	1	.25
12/20	Westminster	TW7-4817	2	.15
12/20	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
12/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
12/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
12/27	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
12/30	Buena Park	521-7742	2	.20
12/30	Buena Park	521-7742	1	.20
12/31	Garden Grove	537-8420	2	.20
12/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
1/2	Anaheim	828-7797	2	.25
1/2	Anaheim	828-7797	2	.25
1/2	Anaheim	828-7797	3	.25
1/3	Buena Park	521-7742	1	.20
1/3	Buena Park	522-1928	3	.20
1/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
1/6	Placentia	528-6661	1	.30
1/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
1/7	Santa Ana	542-3809	1	.25
1/7	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
1/8	Garden Grove	537-5160	1	.20
1/8	Fullerton	525-7043	1	.25
1/8	Santa Ana	545-0416	2	.25
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Westminster	TW7-6963	1	.15
1/13	Anaheim	828-8307	1	.25
1/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
1/8	Anaheim (collect from)	527-8849	8	.70

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/7	Gardena (Collect From)	534-(?)	3	.30
1/7	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
1/9	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3621	3	.30
1/9	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3621	5	.50
1/20	Westminster	TW7-6580	3	.15
1/21	Newport Beach	646-3246	1	.25
1/21	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
1/21	Buena Park	522-8471	6	.35
1/22	Fullerton	525-1153	1	.25
1/28	Westminster	TW3-3633	2	.15
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
1/30	Morongo Valley	342-2831	1	.75
1/30	Santa Ana	542-0681	1	.25
1/30	Santa Ana	545-8151	1	.25
1/30	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
2/4	Santa Ana	547-3333	2	.25
2/6	Santa Ana	542-4705	1	.25
2/7	Newport Beach	646-2431	2	.25
2/11	Santa Ana	531-5700	1	.25
2/12	Buena Park	522-1131	1	.20
1/16	Santa Ana	545-4900	1	.25
1/20	Santa Ana	547-7251	5	.35
1/20	Anaheim	722-1111	5	.35
1/21	Anaheim	772-2267	7	.45
1/23	Santa Ana	549-1167	2	.25
1/23	Anaheim	527-4600	3	.25
1/28	Santa Ana	545-5180	1	.25
1/28	Santa Ana	541-3663	2	.25
1/29	Santa Ana	543-0518	1	.25
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Huntington Beach	VI7-6287	3	.20
1/30	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/30	Newport Beach	548-3471	6	.40
1/31	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20

LA 44-695

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
2/4	Huntington Beach	VI7-1090	1	.20
2/5	Newport Beach	548-3471	2	.25
2/5	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
2/5	Garden Grove	539-1425	6	.35
2/11	Westminster	TW3-7931	1	.15
2/11	Redlands	PY7-4406	3	.55
1/15	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
1/28	Anaheim	527-9370	4	.30
1/30	Santa Ana	531-9487	2	.25
1/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
2/7	Santa Ana	546-0683	1	.25
2/7	Garden Grove	537-8269	1	.20
2/7	Garden Grove	537-3379	1	.20
2/7	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
2/10	Anaheim	774-6845	3	.25
2/12	Westminster	TW7-7991	1	.15
2/12	Westminster	TW3-1101	3	.15
1/13	Gardena (Collect from)	534-3681	3	.30
1/23	Gardena (Collect from)	534-3681	3	.30
1/30	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
2/3	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	12	.90
1/29	Los Angeles (Collect From)	624-8054	3	.30
1/14	Anaheim	774-1450	3	.25
1/17	Anaheim	527-6517	1	.25
1/17	Placenta	528-6240	1	.30
1/21	Anaheim	772-4410	2	.25
1/21	Garden Grove	534-6040	2	.20
1/28	Santa Ana	544-6068	4	.30
1/30	Santa Ana	542-2381	3	.25
1/31	Buena Park	521-2000	1	.20
1/31	Buena Park	522-3114	2	.20
2/7	Garden Grove	537-3141	1	.20
2/10	Buena Park	521-0253	4	.25
2/11	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/14	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
1/17	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	13	.75

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/28	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
1/14	Orange	633-2037	1	.25
1/14	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20
1/14	Huntington Beach	VI7-2327	9	.50
1/14	Garden Grove	530-4950	4	.25
1/15	Anaheim	772-9643	1	.25
2/22	Thousand Oaks	495-4979	2	.50
2/24	Garden Grove	534-6454	1	.20
2/24	Santa Ana	546-0683	2	.25
2/24	Newport Beach	646-9347	3	.25
2/25	Fullerton	879-8444	1	.25
2/25	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
2/25	Buena Park	522-5142	1	.20
2/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
2/28	Anaheim	535-2826	9	.55
3/4	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/4	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
3/5	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
3/6	Anaheim	535-2826	2	.25
3/6	Anaheim	535-2826	3	.25
3/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
2/18	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
3/3	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
2/14	Buena Park	522-5142	3	.20
2/17	Newport Beach	646-3246	1	.25
2/19	Buena Park	522-6138	3	.20
2/21	Laguna Beach	HY4-9057	3	.35
2/21	Newport Beach	543-3700	7	.45
2/25	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
2/27	Anaheim	772-5151	2	.25
2/28	Anaheim	527-4600	3	.25
2/28	Santa Ana	547-8251	5	.35
2/24	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
2/28	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	5	.35
3/11	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	2	.25
2/17	Buena Park	521-3512	1	.20
2/20	Westminster	TW7-2833	1	.15

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
2/20	Santa Ana	531-8214	3	.25
2/21	Santa Ana	542-4642	2	.25
2/21	Westminster	TW7-4234	2	.15
2/24	Fullerton	525-7714	9	.55
2/25	Anaheim	827-5515	6	.40
2/27	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
2/27	Brea	529-3049	3	.25
2/28	Buena Park	521-4045	1	.20
2/28	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
2/28	Anaheim	527-4600	6	.40
3/2	Anaheim	527-4600	1	.25
3/2	Huntington Beach	VI7-8209	1	.20
3/3	Santa Ana	544-6068	1	.25
3/4	Santa Ana	546-3090	1	.25
2/13	Westminster	TW3-3616	1	.15
2/13	Westminster	892-2819	1	.15
2/20	Santa Ana	531-6853	1	.25
2/21	Buena Park	522-6908	2	.20
2/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	5	.30
2/27	Anaheim	527-4900	1	.25
2/28	Rialto	875-3030	1	.55
2/28	Santa Ana	531-8214	2	.25
3/2	Buena Park	521-4688	2	.20
3/3	Santa Ana	544-6068	1	.25
3/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
2/13	Westminster	TW3-1423	1	.15
2/14	Anaheim	827-3733	2	.25
2/17	Anaheim	828-2408	2	.25
2/17	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
2/18	Huntington Beach	LE6-9872	1	.20
2/18	Garden Grove	537-6414	2	.20
2/18	Garden Grove	530-1000	4	.25
2/20	Orange	538-6024	2	.25
2/22	Anaheim	527-8003	2	.25
2/22	Westminster	TW3-3633	2	.15

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DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
3/12	Anaheim	535-1143	3	.25
3/16	Anaheim	776-0110	2	.25
3/16	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
3/17	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/17	Anaheim	533-4585	1	.25
3/17	Buena Park	521-9991	1	.20
3/18	Huntington Beach	VI7-4590	1	.20
3/18	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
3/18	Buena Park	521-1033	7	.40
3/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
3/20	Anaheim	772-8111	3	.25
3/23	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-3488	3	.20
3/26	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	3	.20
4/2	Garden Grove	537-6895	2	.20
4/3	Anaheim	772-0584	4	.30
4/9	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	1	.20
3/18	Los Angeles	FA1-0786	3	.20
3/27	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	9	.55
4/2	Los Angeles	MA2-8748	7	.45
3/9	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/12	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/13	Anaheim	827-4267	1	.25
3/16	Santa Ana	531-8214	1	.25
3/16	Santa Ana	549-1167	3	.25
3/17	Anaheim	828-1096	5	.35
3/18	Brea	529-2505	1	.25
3/20	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
3/23	Orange	633-3521	2	.25
3/24	Anaheim	827-2130	1	.25
3/24	Orange	633-3407	4	.30
3/24	Buena Park	522-2807	5	.30
3/25	Fullerton	526-3465	1	.25
3/26	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/26	Fullerton	525-0237	1	.25
4/8	Westminster	TW7-1948	2	.15
3/9	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20

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DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
3/9	Orange	633-6406	3	.25
3/10	Anaheim	828-9257	1	.25
3/10	Santa Ana	545-9815	2	.25
3/11	Anaheim	527-8003	2	.25
3/17	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
3/18	Santa Ana	545-6711	1	.25
3/19	Orange	633-3407	11	.65
3/20	Buena Park	521-9991	1	.20
3/23	Santa Ana	549-1167	3	.25
3/24	Orange	633-4300	3	.25
3/24	Orange	633-4300	4	.30
4/8	Anaheim	827-4447	1	.25
4/9	Garden Grove	539-1425	4	.24
3/9	Anaheim	535-2826	1	.25
3/9	Santa Ana	547-5526	2	.25
3/10	Anaheim	772-0584	2	.25
3/11	Santa Ana	531-8214	2	.25
3/11	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/16	Anaheim	535-2826	2	.25
3/17	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/17	Brea	529-2505	1	.25
3/17	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
3/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/20	Anaheim	774-5683	6	.40
3/24	Orange	532-2511	1	.25
3/24	Anaheim	535-2826	4	.30
3/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
3/24	Orange	633-4300	5	.35
3/26	Santa Ana	541-3303	1	.25
3/26	Buena Park	522-7706	2	.20
3/26	Santa Ana	541-3303	6	.40
3/27	Santa Ana	547-3333	9	.55
3/30	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
3/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
4/2	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
4/3	Anaheim	772-0584	1	.25
4/3	Anaheim	828-7770	3	.25

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
4/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
4/7	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/8	Anaheim	527-7707	1	.25
4/9	Garden Grove	534-2131	2	.20
3/20	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-2488	5	.50
3/18	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	1	.30
3/18	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	6	.60
3/23	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	4	.40
3/19	Fullerton (Collect From)	871-0998	1	.30
4/27	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/27	Placenta	528-6661	3	.30
5/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/7	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
5/7	Anaheim	535-8532	2	.25
5/7	Newport Beach	646-4886	2	.25
5/7	Anaheim	828-3320	12	.70
5/12	Santa Ana	541-3325	1	.25
5/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	8	.45
5/5	Gardena	HE5-6318	3	.30
4/16	Anaheim	772-9222	6	.40
4/17	Newport Beach	548-5533	2	.25
4/28	Santa Ana	547-6184	3	.25
4/28	Santa Ana	547-8351	5	.35
5/1	Anaheim	772-5151	3	.25
5/8	Garden Grove	534-1150	4	.25
4/29	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	4	.30
5/5	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
5/6	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
5/7	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
4/10	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25
4/10	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
4/13	Santa Ana	547-6256	1	.25
4/15	Fullerton	525-5241	1	.25
4/16	Garden Grove	537-3253	1	.20
4/22	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
4/22	Buena Park	521-3512	1	.20
4/23	Santa Ana	547-3333	4	.30

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DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
4/28	Westminster	TW3-7121	1	.15
5/1	Santa Ana	531-5162	1	.25
5/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/1	Santa Ana	542-1101	9	.55
5/4	Huntington Beach	VI7-6018	1	.20
5/11	Fullerton	526-5581	3	.25
4/10	Garden Grove	539-0926	2	.20
4/13	Santa Ana	542-1101	6	.40
4/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-7689	9	.50
4/13	Fullerton	525-1079	2	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	1	.20
4/14	Anaheim	527-2584	1	.25
4/14	Santa Ana	545-1171	2	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	3	.20
4/15	Fullerton	525-8241	7	.45
4/17	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
4/17	Fullerton	525-8473	1	.25
4/24	Anaheim	828-5425	1	.25
4/24	Placenta	528-5677	5	.50
4/29	Garden Grove	539-1822	1	.20
4/30	Anaheim	527-2233	1	.25
5/1	Buena Park	522-5142	1	.20
5/9	North Hollywood	765-6325	14	1.45
5/12	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-6018	4	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	4	.25
4/20	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/20	Anaheim	828-3977	2	.25
4/22	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
5/28	Buena Park	521-2264	1	.20
5/29	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	2	.50
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	4	.65
5/15	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/5	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
5/19	Fullerton	525-8714	3	.25

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DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
5/19	Anaheim	533-4376	3	.25
5/19	Anaheim	533-4376	3	.25
5/20	Anaheim	828-8098	1	.25
5/21	Garden Grove	539-2724	3	.20
5/21	Oxnard	436-2641	4	1.45
5/21	Buena Park	521-1235	2	.20
5/22	Anaheim	722-8111	1	.25
5/22	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
6/1	Huntington	VI7-6524	1	.20
6/1	Westminster	TW7-6963	7	.35
6/5	Anaheim	828-2694	1	.25
6/5	Anaheim	527-2314	2	.25
6/8	Anaheim	535-2891	5	.35
6/10	Anaheim	827-5806	1	.25
5/25	Beverly Hills	CR6-2403	4	.40
5/27	Pomona	NA2-2937	3	.40
5/27	Lomita	DA6-2533	3	.15
6/12	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
5/15	Fullerton	525-8473	1	.25
5/19	Buena Park	521-8121	4	.25
5/19	Fullerton	871-1441	1	.25
5/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/21	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
5/22	Garden Grove	537-3158	3	.20
5/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-6524	1	.20
5/27	Santa Ana	531-8580	3	.25
5/28	Anaheim	776-7780	3	.25
5/28	Anaheim	535-2891	4	.30
5/28	Anaheim	774-4192	5	.35
6/5	Newport Beach	548-5882	2	.25
6/5	Huntington Beach	LE6-8891	4	.25
6/10	Anaheim	776-5485	1	.25
5/18	Garden Grove	530-5750	8	.45
5/19	Newport Beach	548-2266	6	.40
5/27	Santa Ana	546-0683	7	.45
5/28	Anaheim	535-2891	1	.25

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DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
6/5	Anaheim	772-8111	3	.25
6/9	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	4	.65
6/11	Anaheim	828-8080	3	.25
5/14	Garden Grove	534-2331	1	.20
5/18	Newport Beach	548-2266	2	.25
5/21	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
6/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	7	.40
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	1	.25
6/22	Newport Beach	646-5492	1	.25
6/22	Westminster	TW3-2463	3	.15
6/22	Newport Beach	646-6492	10	.60
6/23	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/23	Newport Beach	646-2491	14	.80
6/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/25	Anaheim	828-7383	2	.25
6/29	Orange	538-6089	7	.45
7/1	Placentia	528-6661	2	.30
7/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
7/1	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	3	.20
7/2	Orange	538-6089	8	.50
7/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
7/6	Orange	538-6089	5	.35
7/7	Orange	538-9528	5	.35
7/8	Orange	538-8892	12	.70
7/13	Buena Park	521-1266	1	.20
7/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	1	.20
7/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/9	Los Angeles	HO4-1890	14	1.50
6/29	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/30	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
7/3	Westminster	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/10	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
6/15	Pomona	NA9-4171	3	.40
6/16	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
6/18	Fullerton	871-9132	1	.25
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	2	.25
6/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.15
6/22	Garden Grove	534-6712	29	1.50
7/6	Westminster	TW3-3536	1	.15
7/8	Anaheim	828-5425	3	.25
6/11	Santa Ana	545-5581	1	.25
6/16	Santa Ana	547-2511	1	.25
6/16	Laguna Beach	HY4-1131	1	.35
6/17	Santa Ana	547-6184	2	.25
6/18	Santa Ana	545-3298	20	1.10
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	4	.30
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	4	.30
6/22	Anaheim	776-8080	3	.25
6/22	Anaheim	828-7726	4	.30
6/23	Newport Beach	646-8986	1	.25
6/24	Anaheim	776-2430	7	.45
6/24	Westminster	TW7-3058	2	.15
6/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/29	Huntington Beach	VI7-1211	1	.20
7/1	Anaheim	776-7780	1	.25
7/1	Buena Park	521-0517	1	.20
7/1	Anaheim	527-1493	1	.25
7/2	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25
7/6	Anaheim	776-1361	1	.25
7/7	Anaheim	774-0330	6	.40
7/10	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
7/13	Newport Beach	646-2672	2	.25
6/12	Riverside	685-4315	1	.50
6/16	Huntington Beach	VI7-2196	4	.25
6/19	Anaheim	828-5425	1	.25
6/23	Westminster	TW3-7576	4	.20
6/24	Huntington Beach	VI7-0184	2	.20
6/25	Westminster	TW7-7641	1	.15
6/25	Buena Park	522-3161	6	.35
6/29	Anaheim	827-1531	1	.25
6/29	Buena Park	522-5344	1	.20

LA 44-895

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
7/1	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	1	.20
7/1	Westminster	TW3-5086	4	.20
7/2	Anaheim	776-2430	4	.30
7/6	Anaheim	776-7652	3	.25
7/9	Orange	538-8892	7	.45
6/11	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
6/15	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/16	Riverside	685-4315	1	.50
6/16	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/17	Garden Grove	534-3681		.20

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Date 8/11/64

Records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect the following information concerning long distance telephone calls placed from public or official telephones, at the Dallas Police and Courts Building insofar as they show calls to Fort Worth and Arlington, Texas, during the period from 10:00 P.M., Saturday, November 23, 1963, through Sunday, November 24, 1963. The following long distance calls were made from RI 8-9711:

Date	Time Call Placed	Duration of Call	Person Placing Call	Person Called	Number and City
11/23/63	--	3 min.	--	Lt. HOPKINS Ext. 488	ED 2-7241 Fort Worth
11/23/63	--	3 min.	--	Missing Persons	ED 2-7241 Fort Worth
11/24/63	--	3 min.	--	JOE Mc____ Attorney	ED 2-0606 Fort Worth

In addition to the above, records of long distance calls were found charged to the following telephone numbers: RI 2-2431; RI 8-2393; and, RI 8-4128. No calls were made to Fort Worth or Arlington, Texas, on the above telephones.

By letter dated August 5, 1964, [redacted] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, advised he enclosed all toll tickets and statements of toll calls charged to the telephone numbers listed above. (This is for the months of November and December 1963.)

The following is a list of all telephones, public and official, located in the Dallas Police and Courts Building, and, with the exception of the numbers listed above, no records were located of any toll calls charged during November 1963:

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on 8/6/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/ds Date dictated 8/6/64

DL 44-1639

RI 7-4317 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2431 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2432 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2433 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2434 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2435 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2436 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2437 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2438 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2439 - Third floor, Radio Room
RI 2-2430 - Third floor, Radio Room

RI 7-7342 - Second floor, North Hall
RI 8-4128 - Second floor, North Hall
RI 8-2054 - Fourth floor, Crime Lab

RI 7-2966 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 8-2393 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-7888 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-7200 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-3905 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-1152 - Third floor, South Hall
RI 7-3485 - Third floor, South Hall

RI 8-3243 - Third floor, North Hall
RI 2-6503 - Third floor, North Hall

RI 7-3426 - Second floor, South Hall

RI 1-0139 - First floor, South End Hall
RI 1-0249 - First floor, South End Hall

RI 1-0439 - Basement, South End
RI 1-0379 - Basement, South End
RI 8-6879 - Basement, South End

RI 7-4388 - Third floor, South East
RI 2-5275 - Third floor, South East

DL 44-1639

RI 7-2745 - Second floor, South East

RI 7-3865 - First floor, South East

RI 8-3998 - Fifth floor, South West

RI 7-3954 - Second floor, South West

RI 7-8520 - In front of Tax office, first floor

RI 7-4564 - In front of Tax office, first floor

RI 2-7036 - In front of Tax office, first floor

Old building of City Hall, PBX Trunks

RI 8-M503 ("hot line") - works from third floor

Radio Room, Old City Hall

RI 8-9784 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9785 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9786 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9787 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9773 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9774 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9775 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9776 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9777 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9778 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9779 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9770 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9772 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9755 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9781 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9782 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9751 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9752 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9753 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9756 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9754 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9757 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

RI 8-9758 - Third Floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

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DL 44-1639

Old building of City Hall, PBX Trunks

RI 8-7947 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall
RI 8-7948 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall
RI 8-7949 - Third floor Radio Room - Old City Hall

The above is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas.

Date 8/4/641

RAY LUNDAY, Deputy Chief of Police, Dallas Police Department, advised that Captain GLEN KING of the Dallas Police Department never consulted him for permission for television cameramen or other news media to enter the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963.

Deputy Chief LUNDAY stated that the administrative offices in which LUNDAY's office is situated are located at the end of the third floor corridor. On the afternoon of November 22, 1963, LUNDAY related that Captain GLEN KING came to him and asked if it would be all right for the television cameramen to run cables from their truck to their large cameras in the corridor bringing such cables through the window of his office running them across out through his door to his office and into the hallway. LUNDAY stated this was the only conversation he had with KING and this was not for permission to permit the television and news media on the third floor corridor, but merely for the purpose of running the cables through his office. LUNDAY stated as far as he knew KING did not have to have the permission of anyone to permit news media representatives on the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building. He stated that as far as he knew KING acted on his own in permitting the news media representatives on the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building.

Deputy Chief LUNDAY stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas

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File # DL 44-1639by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vmDate dictated 8/3/64

Date 8/4/641

Deputy Chief of Police GEORGE L. LUMPKIN, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised he was never consulted by Captain GLEN KING concerning television cameramen at the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 22, 1963. He stated that KING asked him no questions concerning whether the television or press men could enter the third floor corridor of this building. LUMPKIN related that as a matter of fact KING, as far as he knew, was operating on his own and was directly responsible to Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY since KING more or less handled the press relations for the Chief of Police. LUMPKIN stated that as far as he knew Captain KING dealt solely with the television and press people and he never heard of KING soliciting permission for these people to enter the third floor corridor of the Police and Courts Building.

Deputy Chief LUMPKIN stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

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on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

Date 8/4/641

Lieutenant T. L. BAKER, Homicide Bureau, Dallas Police Department, stated he was one of the detectives in Captain WILL FRITZ' office on the third floor of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas Police Department, on November 24, 1963. Lieutenant BAKER stated that at approximately 11:15 a.m., November 24, 1963, he telephoned to the basement jail office and talked with Lieutenant WOODROW WIGGINS in the basement jail office to make sure that all security measures were in effect. He stated he asked WIGGINS if everything was all set and WIGGINS replied that it was and he relayed this information to Captain WILL FRITZ. He stated this was as near to actually what was said as he could remember. He stated he reported to Captain FRITZ that "Everything is all set." He stated that his call to Lieutenant WIGGINS took approximately 30 seconds and that he immediately reported the results of this conversation with Lieutenant WIGGINS to Captain FRITZ. Lieutenant BAKER advised he was not aware of any similar telephone calls that were made to the basement immediately before the transfer party left FRITZ' office on Sunday morning, November 24, 1963.

Lieutenant BAKER stated he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges that might have been found lying in the basement of the Police and Courts Building, Dallas, Texas, on November 24, 1963.

on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas 73 File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

Date 7/31/64

1

Mr. JOSEPH A. GLOWACKI, 2811 Binkley Avenue, Apartment 210 (EM 3-6794), employed at The Old Warsaw Restaurant, 3914 Cedar Springs, Dallas, Texas, was reinterviewed and furnished the following information:

On November 22, 1963, he was in the downtown area of Dallas with Mr. KRYSZTOF BARCZ, a Polish National, who was visiting the United States on a State Department study grant. They watched the Presidential parade from the corner of Main and Harwood Streets. The parade passed their station shortly after noon at which time they walked to Hoffman's Men's Wear, 1403 Commerce Street, where they learned from Mr. HOFFMAN that the President had been shot.

Mr. GLOWACKI advised he and Mr. BARCZ left Hoffman's shortly after 1:00 p.m. and went to a brokerage house located next to Hoffman's where they watched the news coming in concerning the assassination. They remained at this place for approximately 30 minutes then went back to Hoffman's where they again spoke with Mr. HOFFMAN for a few minutes.

He recalled BARCZ wanted to make a telephone call to his employer, a television station in Warsaw, Poland, to report the news of the assassination. They left Hoffman's and walked to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company Building, 308 S. Akard, where BARCZ placed his call to Warsaw. GLOWACKI estimated they were in the telephone building for about 30 minutes. From the telephone building they walked to Television Station WFAA, Young and Houston Streets, where BARCZ asked to see the Station Manager, MIKE SHAPIRO. GLOWACKI related parenthetically that BARCZ was a guest of this station. SHAPIRO spoke briefly with them and they left the television station and walked to the Ritz Delicatessen, 205 Browder, for lunch. He estimated their arrival at the delicatessen at approximately 3:30 p.m. or possibly a little later. While at the delicatessen, he observed JACK RUBY standing near the front of the delicatessen listening to the broadcast coming in on the radio. He called RUBY over to his table and introduced him to BARCZ. GLOWACKI invited RUBY to sit at their table, but RUBY declined.

on 7/30/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK:vm Date dictated 7/30/64

GLOWACKI advised that at that time RUBY did not appear to him to be any more agitated or upset than the average citizen. In fact, RUBY asked Mr. GLOWACKI, "Joe, what is this going to do to our business? We're going to loose all of the conventions." It appeared to GLOWACKI that RUBY was more concerned with the result on business than he was by the actual assassination of the President. GLOWACKI now recalls RUBY may have commented, "Do they have that son-of-a-bitch that did it?" and "Joe, whether you think they should do to the bastard -- they should shoot him right away!"

GLOWACKI indicated he and BARCZ continued with their lunch after the brief conversation with RUBY and estimated they left the delicatessen at approximately 4:00 p.m. RUBY was still at the delicatessen when they left.

GLOWACKI further advised his friend BARCZ has since returned to Poland.

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Date July 31, 1964

GLADYS BEALL IVEY, nee CPADDOCK, Route 1, Gloster, Mississippi, advised that on November 22, 1964, she was employed in a clerical capacity in the Classified Advertising Department of "The Dallas Morning News" newspaper, Dallas, Texas. She advised that the Classified Advertising Department is located on the ground floor on the newspaper building.

Mrs. IVEY stated that to the best of her recollection it was about 11 A.M., on November 22, 1963, when she observed JACK RUBY in the Classified Advertising Department. She stated she affixes the time as approximately 11 A.M., because prior to this time she had temporarily left the building to conduct some personal business in the area and was hurrying to return to the building by 11 A.M., as her supervisor, Mrs. CLAIRE CONLON, had indicated that she wanted to go to lunch on time so that she, Mrs. CONLON, could return to the building to watch the Presidential Motorcade. Mrs. IVEY stated that it was Mrs. CONLON'S normal custom to go to lunch at 11 A.M.

Mrs. IVEY stated that upon returning to the newspaper building she walked through the lobby on the ground floor and walked around behind the counter to the area where she normally waits on the customers. As she was walking behind the counter she glanced toward the lobby and observed JACK RUBY walking across the lobby in the direction of the elevator. At approximately the same instant she observed RUBY, RUBY also observed her and at this instant turned towards her and raised his voice and said "Hi, the President is going to be here today." RUBY also during the conversation waved his hand in her direction. She stated that it was necessary for RUBY to raise his voice because he was quite a distance from her and that she then lost sight of RUBY and does not know whether he went to the elevator or left the building.

Mrs. IVEY stated that she had no other conversation with JACK RUBY and in these few moments that she observed RUBY on the morning of November 22, 1963, there was nothing in his conduct or actions which she considered unusual.

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On 7/30/64 at Gloster, Mississippi File # New Orleans 44-2064
by SA BILLY BOB WILLIAMS/jsm Date dictated 7/31/64

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ND 44-2064

Mrs. IVEY stated that in her contacts with RUBY prior to November 22, 1963, it always seemed to her that RUBY was in a hurry to complete whatever he might be doing and that RUBY'S contacts with her were always friendly.

Date 7/31/641

Mrs. VIRGINIA TOWERY, 122 N. Beckley Street, owner of Lorene's Beauty Shop, 205 N. Beckley Street, advised that a few days after President KENNEDY was assassinated in Dallas, Mrs. J. E. (IRENE) HALL, a customer of hers, who was manager of apartments at 321-325 N. Ewing, made a comment at the beauty shop that she had received a call from an unidentified man inquiring as to whether she had a bedroom for rent. She told him no room was available. Mrs. HALL commented that it might possibly have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD since he was said to have rented a room in the Oak Cliff section.

Mrs. TOWERY stated she considered it to be "beauty shop talk," and placed no importance in the comment.

on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JOE B. ABERNATHY:vm Date dictated 7/27/64

Date 7/30/641

Mrs. J. E. (IRENE) HALL, 325 N. Ewing, Apartment 3, former manager of apartments at 321 and 325 N. Ewing, advised as follows:

She became manager of the apartments in December, 1962, when they were new. One of her first renters was Mrs. KATHY KAY COLEMAN with her two young daughters, who occupied Apartment 111, 321 N. Ewing.

A few months later, Mrs. COLEMAN told her she had married HARRY OLSEN, and he moved in with her. They resided together in the same apartment until about January, 1964, when they moved out. They caused no trouble of any kind while living there, and were regarded as satisfactory tenants.

Mrs. HALL recalled that a few days before President KENNEDY was assassinated in Dallas she received a telephone call from an unidentified man asking if she had a sleeping room for rent. She replied that she did not, and there was no further contact with him.

A few days after the assassination, she recalled being at Lorene's Beauty Shop, 205 N. Beckley, and discussing the assassination with the owner, Mrs. VIRGINIA TOWERY, when it was mentioned that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was living in a room on North Beckley. Just to make conversation, and without any foundation, Mrs. HALL commented she had received a call from a man a few days earlier, inquiring about a sleeping room, and that it might possibly have been OSWALD. She meant it as a joke and just "beauty shop talk," since there was no reason to believe it was OSWALD.

on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JOE B. ABERNATHY:vm Date dictated 7/27/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 5, 1964

Mr. BILLY DON WILLIAMS, 205 Ocean Spray Avenue, Satellite Beach, Florida, is currently employed as a salesman by Kirby Vacuum Cleaner Service, 406 Harbor City Boulevard, Eau Gallie, Florida. He previously resided at the Hidden Village Apartments in Dallas, Texas.

Mr. WILLIAMS reported that at this late date he will have to rely on his previous statement given to the FBI in Dallas, Texas a few days following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY as to the exact time of his telephone conversation with JACK RUBY in that city.

He knows that he last saw RUBY in person a day or two before the assassination of President KENNEDY. It is his present recollection that on the date of the assassination, he and his wife, KAREN GREEN WILLIAMS, argued as to whether she would have to work at the Carousel Club that evening. Sometime about 3:00 or 4:00 p.m. on the day of the assassination, he telephoned the club and talked with a Negro (name not recalled) who was a part-time assistant manager or bartender. This Negro told him the club was closed and would remain closed the rest of the weekend. This man also told him during the conversation that Mr. RUBY was "pretty upset."

Mr. WILLIAMS has no recollection of talking with RUBY on that date (Friday, November 22, 1963) and is quite certain he was not in contact with him.

He did telephone RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, perhaps between 9:00 and 10:00 p.m. The above mentioned Negro had telephoned his wife earlier that evening and asked WILLIAMS and his wife to come to the club. Mr. WILLIAMS called back to inquire as to why they were wanted at the club and talked with JACK RUBY at that time. RUBY asked if he had four or five dollars and asked what they planned to do that evening. When WILLIAMS replied that he did have some money, and that he had planned to take his wife to dinner, RUBY requested him to have dinner at the Colony Club in Dallas, Texas and asked WILLIAMS to see how the Colony Club was operated and to obtain, if he could, the names of the

On 8/5/64 at Eau Gallie, Florida File # TP 44-187

SA JOHN R. PALMER:mb

8/5/64

by _____ Date dictated _____

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TP 44-187

amateur strippers performing there. RUBY added that he might want to use WILLIAMS as a witness against the Colony Club. WILLIAMS agreed and RUBY said that he would reimburse him for the cost of the dinner.

Mr. WILLIAMS understood that RUBY was going to try to cause the closing of the Colony Club because of their use of amateur strippers.

During the above Saturday night conversation, he asked RUBY if the Carousel Club would remain closed until Monday. RUBY replied that it would and asked WILLIAMS if he did not agree that the assassination of President KENNEDY was a tragic enough affair to cause everything to be closed. Mr. WILLIAMS agreed.

Mr. WILLIAMS stated that to the best of his present knowledge and recollection, he learned that the Carousel Club was closed on November 22, 1963 from the above mentioned Negro, and that he had no contact with JACK RUBY following the assassination of President KENNEDY until Saturday night, November 23, 1963.

1Date 8/6/64

Lieutenant JAMES R. GILMORE, Platoon Supervisor, Vice Section, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised he first saw JACK L. RUBY on Friday night, November 22, 1963, after the assassination of President KENNEDY, inside the Police Department assembly room during the press conference held by District Attorney HENRY WADE at midnight.

GILMORE related that he recalls seeing RUBY at the press conference inasmuch as during this press conference District Attorney WADE was speaking about the organization OSWALD was a member of; however, he was not able to recall the name of this organization, and RUBY "spoke up and remarked, 'the Fair Play for Cuba.'"

GILMORE stated he did not converse with RUBY at this press conference; however, approximately one hour after the press conference he saw RUBY in one of the passageways of the Dallas Police Department, at which time he, GILMORE, asked RUBY what he was doing and RUBY related he was distributing sandwiches to the officers of the Homicide and Robbery Section. GILMORE stated RUBY also commented he was going to "check with KLIF to see if they wanted any sandwiches." Thereafter, he terminated their conversation, departed, and headed for the exit; however, GILMORE did not actually see RUBY leave the building.

on 8/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent JAMES W. SWINFORD/ds Date dictated 8/5/64

Date August 7, 19641

FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper, advised on August 3, 1964, that information furnished to his newspaper concerning the questions and answers of a polygraph examination of JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, was given to the newspaper in confidence and he could not, therefore, divulge the source.

Mr. MC KNIGHT stated he could say the information did not come from anyone in an official Federal or State agency. He said he would contact his source on August 4, 1964, in an effort to ascertain if the source would agree either to MC KNIGHT furnishing source's identity or else having the source contact the FBI and furnish the information.

On August 6, 1964, Mr. MC KNIGHT stated he had contacted the source who had furnished the information in question. He stated the source did not wish his identity divulged and he felt he could not, therefore, reveal the name of the source.

Mr. MC KNIGHT was asked again if what he had previously advised, that the source was not anyone in a Federal or State agency, was true. He stated he wished to correct this statement by saying that he could positively state the information did not come from anyone in the FBI or the President's Commission, but that he would not go further as to elimination of anyone else.

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on 8/3/64 and 8/6/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1369
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN :jtf Date dictated 8/6/64

Date 8/4/64

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Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER on interview at his office was asked whether or not he furnished information to any news facility, newspaper, or reported concerning information as to the questions propounded to JACK RUBY or the answers given by him when RUBY was questioned through the use of a polygraph machine.

Mr. FOWLER stated he did not furnish any information concerning the interview of RUBY with the polygraph machine to anyone or any organization that could have been responsible for the publication of such information.

Mr. FOWLER was then asked if he knew who had furnished such information. He replied that he did not know who furnished the information, however, he is certain in his mind that it was not anyone connected with either the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the President's Commission, or the Dallas Sheriff's Department. He further stated he is certain information was not furnished by Dr. BEAVERS or by the stenographer who recorded the interview. He stated he does not believe that Mr. TONAHILL furnished any such information although he cannot be positive of this.

It was called to Mr. FOWLER's attention at this time that he had excluded everyone except Mr. BILL ALEXANDER of the Dallas District Attorney's Office.

Mr. FOWLER stated he was aware of this and added that he does not know that Mr. ALEXANDER furnished the information but he feels that everyone else who had access to the information can be eliminated.

Mr. FOWLER stated it was agreed in advance of the interview that the information would not be disclosed and it was at the request of JACK RUBY that Mr. ALEXANDER and Mr. TONAHILL were requested not to be present during the polygraph examination. He added, however, that the questions to be propounded to RUBY were prepared in advance and it was agreed that these questions would be read to RUBY prior to the time that the polygraph machine was brought into use. RUBY was not to answer the questions at this time. However, when these questions were

on 8/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent NAT A. PINKSTON:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

read to RUBY, and some of them were read two or three times, RUBY would answer most of them and both ALEXANDER and TONAHILL were present at the time and ALEXANDER was making notes as to the questions and answers. He does not recall whether or not Mr. TONAHILL was making notes as to these questions and answers. It was, therefore, possible for Mr. ALEXANDER to have detailed notes as to the questions and as to the answers given by RUBY while the polygraph machine was not in operation.

Date 8/10/641

Mr. JOE TONAHILL, Attorney, was interviewed and he advised he wanted to categorically state that he had nothing to do with releasing the text of a polygraph test given to JACK RUBY by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on July 18, 1964, at the request of the President's Commission. Mr. TONAHILL related that he was upset by the release of this test to the press because certain questions were asked of JACK RUBY which were inclined to reflect on the surface that there was premeditation involved in RUBY's shooting LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mr. TONAHILL stated that prior to the time of the test and during the formulation of the questions which were to be asked of RUBY, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER of Dallas, Texas, was highly interested in questions being phrased that would be asked RUBY whereby premeditation would be shown. Mr. TONAHILL stated that Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER knows very well that there are many reversible errors in the record of the trial of JACK RUBY and that it is highly likely that RUBY will have to be tried over at a later date. He stated that it is his opinion that ALEXANDER caused the transcript of the test to be released to the press.

Mr. TONAHILL stated he did not take notes during the course of this test but that he personally observed ALEXANDER writing down the questions and then writing down the answers RUBY gave, which answers RUBY gave prior to being placed on the polygraph machine.

Mr. TONAHILL stated he would be willing to be questioned under oath or any other way relative to the leaks of the polygraph test to "The Dallas Times Herald."

TONAHILL stated that although it was his personal opinion that WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER may have caused the results of the polygraph test to be leaked he had no proof that ALEXANDER did this or caused this information to be leaked to "The Dallas Times Herald."

TONAHILL stated he did not know of his own knowledge nor had he heard how the results of this polygraph test were given to "The Dallas Times Herald."

on 8/7/64 at Jasper, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/8/64

Date 8/11/641

HENRY M. WADE, Dallas County District Attorney, was interviewed in his office at Dallas, Texas. Mr. WADE stated he had compared the transcript, furnished by Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, with notes he had taken during the preliminary questions that were asked of JACK RUBY by the President's Commission on July 18, 1964, dealing with the polygraph test and the article appearing in "The Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, which article allegedly contained the results of this test.

Mr. WADE advised that it was his opinion that ALEXANDER could not have given this information to "The Dallas Times Herald" since it appeared to him that it was a verbatim transcript and that the memorandum which ALEXANDER had submitted to him was more or less summarizing the questions and answers that were asked of RUBY on July 18, 1964, prior to the actual giving of the polygraph test. Mr. WADE stated he had no idea as to who might have released this information to "The Dallas Times Herald."

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN and
ROBERT J. BURNETT:vm Date dictated 8/10/64

Date 8/11/64

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Mr. WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas, advised that he represented the District Attorney's office in Dallas County at the time the representative of the President's Commission came to Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, for the purpose of giving a polygraph test to JACK RUBY. ALEXANDER related that this test was given by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Prior to the actual test, the questions were formulated and were read to RUBY whereby, as best as ALEXANDER remembers, RUBY answered the questions. ALEXANDER stated he did not take down the questions verbatim nor did he take down the answers verbatim but summarized same.

Mr. ALEXANDER advised that when the tests were actually given to RUBY, defense counsel, JOE TONAHILL, and he, ALEXANDER, left the room and, as best as he could remember, the President's Commission representative, two Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents, a court reporter, Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, and the Dallas County jailer, as well as CLAYTON FOWLER, counsel for RUBY, stayed in the room where these tests were being given. On Monday morning, July 20, 1964, he directed a memorandum to District Attorney HENRY M. WADE setting forth a summary of the events that transpired from his notes and his memory and discussed this with Mr. WADE.

Mr. ALEXANDER related that he compared his notes with the transcript of the questions and answers of "The Dallas Times Herald" which appeared to him to be the verbatim transcript of the questions asked of RUBY and the answers RUBY gave. In addition, in "The Dallas Times Herald," RUBY, in answering some of the questions, had attempted to explain his answers. ALEXANDER stated this was not done in his presence. ALEXANDER stated he could categorically state that he did not know how "The Dallas Times Herald" obtained the transcript of RUBY's polygraph test and that he did not give this to "The Dallas Times Herald" nor did he have any knowledge as to how "The Dallas Times Herald" obtained this transcript. ALEXANDER stated it was his personal opinion that the transcript came from someone who either had a recorder on his person or took shorthand notes. ALEXANDER stated he wanted to reiterate that he did not give or cause the results of this

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on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent ROBERT J. BURNETT and
VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/10/64

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polygraph test to be given to the news media or to anyone else. He advised he had no knowledge as to who did release this information.

Date 8/7/641

Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, Psychiatrist, Parkland Memorial Hospital, advised that recently he was present when RUBY was given a polygraph test by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Dr. BEAVERS stated he deliberately took no notes during any of the time that he was present during the course of preliminary tests and actual tests of JACK RUBY on the polygraph.

Dr. BEAVERS stated he could categorically state that he did not relay any information or discuss any information concerning this polygraph test with anyone and certainly did not release it or cause it to be released to any news media. Dr. BEAVERS stated he did not know the identity of the individual who may have released same to the news media. Dr. BEAVERS pointed out that as far as he could recall the only people who took notes during the course of the polygraph test were a member of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, a court reporter, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, and Defense Counsel CLINTON FOWLER. He stated he did not observe anyone else taking notes and believed if they had been taking notes he would have noticed it.

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on 8/6/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/7/64

1

Date 8/11/64

Mr. ERNEST L. HOLMAN, also known as E. L. HOLMAN, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Jail, advised he was instructed by Sheriff J. E. "BILL" DECKER to make JACK RUBY available on July 18, 1964, for a polygraph test in Judge FRANK WILSON's jury quarters, located on the seventh floor of the Dallas County Court House.

He stated that he brought RUBY to this jury room about 1:00 P.M. and remained with him at all times except during a recess of about thirty minutes at approximately 7:30 P.M. when he, HOLMAN, went to the jail kitchen to get ice water and coffee. He was gone for approximately ten minutes during this recess. JOE TONAHILL took RUBY into another room in the jury quarters for a conference and HOLMAN asked Deputy Sheriff SMITH, a patrolman for the Dallas County Sheriff's Office, to stand guard while he was gone.

Mr. HOLMAN stated that the first set of questions was presumed to have been written out by the Commission's attorney, ARLEN SPECTER, and the FBI polygraph operator prior to the time he arrived in the room with RUBY. The second set of questions was prepared during the recess at 7:30 P.M. by Mr. SPECTER and the polygraph operator.

HOLMAN stated present in the room on his arrival were Mr. SPECTER, FBI polygraph operator HERNDON, FBI Agent W. JAMES WOOD, Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER, Mr. JOE TONAHILL, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BEAVERS, and Court Reporter ODELL OLIVER.

HOLMAN advised that these questions which had been prepared were agreed upon by Mr. ALEXANDER and Mr. CLAYTON FOWLER after FOWLER went on record as being opposed to the polygraph examination and after also advising JACK RUBY.

HOLMAN advised that during the time the questions were being asked RUBY prior to placing him on the polygraph, he, HOLMAN, observed the court reporter, ALEXANDER, FOWLER and Agent WOOD making notations.

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/ds Date dictated 8/10/64

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HOLMAN stated that after the completion of the polygraph test, which was concluded about 9:30 P.M., he returned RUBY to his jail cell and then returned to the jury quarters, and at that time attorneys SPECTER, FOWLER and TONAHILL were questioning Dr. BEAVERS concerning RUBY's reactions to the questions.

Mr. HOLMAN stated he did not furnish this information to "The Dallas Times Herald" and, further, he could furnish no information as to the identity of the person furnishing "The Dallas Times Herald" the questions and answers used in the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 24, 19641

Miss ODELL OLIVER, office in the U.S. Post Office and Courthouse, Dallas, Texas, who is a Court Reporter, was interviewed on August 22, 1964.

Miss OLIVER stated that she took notes on the polygraph test given to JACK L. RUBY on July 18, 1964, at the request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. She related that the transcription was not completely typed up until Friday, July 24, 1964. This transcription was then mailed by registered mail to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, Washington, D. C., with a return receipt requested.

Miss OLIVER stated at no time did she divulge or discuss the contents of this transcription with anyone and does not know how such transcription got into "The Dallas Times Herald", which was printed July 22, 1964. She stated she read the article in "The Dallas Times Herald" allegedly reflecting the questions and answers in the polygraph test; however, she noted some discrepancies in the questions and answers, and it appeared to her that "The Dallas Times Herald" in reporting the questions and answers had paraphrased in some instances. Miss OLIVER stated that she has no idea as to how this transcription reached "The Dallas Times Herald", but definitely wants to state that she at no time divulged any information to anyone.

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on 8/22/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 21, 1964

1

KENNETH E. GRIFFITH, Apartment 1, 3817 Hawthorne, Dallas, Texas, advised that he is employed in the Composing Room at "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper in Dallas, Texas, and was so employed during the early morning of November 23, 1963.

Mr. GRIFFITH stated that he knows of no employee at the newspaper with the surname of "GRIFFIN", whether it be in the Composing Room or any other department of this newspaper.

Mr. GRIFFITH stated that around 3:00 a.m. on Saturday, November 23, 1963, as he was just getting off work, a person previously unknown to him and whom he thought was another newspaper employee came into the Composing Room with an advertising insert in his hand.

GRIFFITH did not know the name of this man, but heard someone (identity not now recalled) refer to this individual as "JACK".

GRIFFITH stated he was in "JACK's" presence about five or six minutes as he, GRIFFITH, was trying to get out of the building and go home as it had been a hectic night with many of the advertising merchants changing their regular advertisements to ones expressing condolences over the tragic death of President KENNEDY in Dallas on the previous day.

While in "JACK's" presence these few minutes, he recalls that "JACK" appeared to be in a very jovial mood and not at all remorseful, and laughingly had mentioned that he had been hanging around the Dallas City Hall that night although he was not supposed to be there. "JACK" said he

on 8/20/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/21/64

had done favors in the past for unnamed individuals and had been allowed to enter City Hall that night.

"JACK" also mentioned that "we" (not further identified) are trying to find out who the man really is that placed the ad in "The Dallas Morning News" on November 22, 1963, prior to the President's death making strong accusations against the President. "JACK" by all outward indications acted as if he did not know who this advertiser was (BERNARD WEISSMAN). "JACK" said, "It is probably someone posing as a Jew".

GRIFFITH stated he then continued on his way and never thought anything more of "JACK" or his comments.

GRIFFITH stated that he was home on Sunday, November 24, 1963, watching television when the television showed JACK RUBY shooting OSWALD. Even at this time, GRIFFITH stated he had not connected RUBY with the "JACK" he had seen briefly early Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, in the newspaper building.

GRIFFITH stated that it was not until Thanksgiving morning, November 28, 1963, when someone unrecalled, a fellow newspaper employee, mentioned to him that RUBY was the same "JACK" that he, GRIFFITH, had met in "The Dallas Times Herald" Composing Room early Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, that he, GRIFFITH, realized that "JACK" was the same person who shot OSWALD. Up to this time GRIFFITH had not made the connection of "JACK" being the same person as JACK RUBY.

GRIFFITH added that he had never known RUBY previously and did not recall ever having seen RUBY in person prior to or after November 23, 1963.

Date 8/7/641

ROY A. PRYOR, 8544 Foxwood Lane, advised that he is employed as a printer by "The Dallas Times Herald" and that he and a man named GRIFFIN or GRIFFITH, first name unknown, had both worked two hours overtime the morning of November 23, 1963. Both had made up time sheets and were about ready to leave "The Dallas Times Herald" composing room when JACK RUBY came in at approximately 4:10 a.m. PRYOR spoke to RUBY but does not recall if he introduced RUBY to "GRIF." If RUBY and "GRIF" spoke at all, it would have only been to say hello. PRYOR stated that "GRIF" would not have been in RUBY's presence more than five or ten seconds before "GRIF" left. PRYOR stated that "GRIF" is approximately 39 years of age.

on 8/7/64 at Dallas, Texas

I.C.I.

File # DL 44-1639by Special Agent JOHN J. O'DONNELL:vmDate dictated 8/7/64

Date August 19, 1964

1.

On August 18, 1964, the records of the Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas, were examined and revealed the following information concerning the following accounts:

JACK RUBY CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 77 069

The balance of this account brought forward as of July 15, 1964, was \$36.78 and the account was closed on July 17, 1964, with a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, in the amount of \$35.78, dated July 17, 1964, made payable to EVA L. GRANT, signed JACK RUBY and EVA L. GRANT on the face of the check and endorsed EVA L. GRANT on the back of the check. The one dollar difference between the account balance and the check drawn to close the account was a one dollar service charge made by the bank.

VEGAS CLUB CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 18 106 (CARE OF JACK RUBY)

This account reflects a balance brought forward as of October 31, 1963, of \$134.44. The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$50.00		11/6/63	1	\$84.44
25.00		11/8/63	2	59.44
	\$200.00	11/11/63	2	259.44

on 8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK /jtf Date dictated 8/18/64

DL 44-1639

2

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$11.65		11/12/63	3	\$247.79
25.00		11/20/63	4	222.79
12.82		11/22/63	5	210.57
50.00		11/25/63	6	159.97

The balance brought forward as of November 29, 1963, was \$159.97.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$35.23		12/2/63	1	\$124.74
35.23 (error correction)		12/2/63		159.97
.67 (service charge)		12/5/63		159.30
.67 (error correction)		12/5/63		159.97
35.23 and 93.70		12/13/63	2	31.04

The balance brought forward as of December 31, 1963, was \$31.04.

The following activity was noted:

DL 44-1639

3

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$.67 (service charge)		1/3/64		\$30.37
15.50		1/8/64	1	14.87
3.89		1/14/64	2	10.98
10.98		1/28/64	3	.00

This account was closed on a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, made payable to the Vegas Club in the amount of \$10.98, dated January 27, 1964, signed EVA L. GRANT on the front, and endorsed EVA L. GRANT on the back.

CAROUSEL CHECKING ACCOUNT
NUMBER 08 236 3

This account reflects a balance brought forward as of October 31, 1963, of \$203.43.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
	\$33.22	11/11/63		\$236.65
	10.00	11/19/63		246.65
\$15.00		11/20/63	1	231.65
31.87		11/22/63	2	199.78

The balance brought forward as of November 29, 1963, was \$199.78.

DL 44-1639

4

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$86.24		12/3/63	1	\$113.54
	\$ 9.90	12/11/63	1	123.44
9.90		12/13/63	2	113.54
	130.60	12/16/63	2	244.14
87.50		12/19/63	3	156.64
	20.00	12/31/63	3	176.64

The balance brought forward as of December 31, 1963,
was \$176.64.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
\$20.00		1/6/64	1	\$156.64
	\$20.00	1/6/64	1	176.64
.54 (service charge)		1/7/64	1	176.10
20.00		1/13/64	2	156.10
	47.00	1/14/64	2	203.10
	20.00	1/24/64	2	223.10
	20.00	1/29/64	2	243.10

DL 44-1639

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The balance brought forward as of January 31, 1964, was \$243.10.

The following activity was noted:

<u>CHECKS</u>	<u>DEPOSITS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>NO. OF CHECKS PAID</u>	<u>BALANCE</u>
	\$50.00	2/5/64		\$293.10
\$22.00 and 55.00		2/11/64	2	216.10
	13.88	2/20/64	2	229.98

The balance brought forward on February 28, 1964, was \$229.98, and this account was closed on March 6, 1964, with a zero balance on a check drawn on the Merchants State Bank, dated March 6, 1964, in the amount of \$229.98, made payable to EVA L. GRANT and signed on the front "Carousel by Eva L. Grant" and endorsed on the back Eva L. Grant.

The above information is confidential and will be produced only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. V. P. SCHUMACHER, President, Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, Dallas, Texas.

Date August 25, 1964

1

Miss HELEN LAIDRICH, 7847 Northaven Road, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Miss LAIDRICH stated that she was the court reporter who was employed to take the transcription of the interview of Chief Justice EARL WARREN with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Miss LAIDRICH stated this interview started at approximately 11:45 a.m. and ended at approximately 2:50 p.m. She stated during the course of that period, she was very busy and did not have an opportunity to observe the activities of the other people present during that period. She stated she was instructed to type her transcription up and mail it to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER, Staff Counsel of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Miss LAIDRICH stated that she typed up the contents of this interview and, thereafter, took them to the United States Attorney, H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, in the Federal Building, Dallas, Texas, and asked him to mail these to Mr. SPECTER, which he did.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she had no idea as to who may have divulged the contents of this transcript to unauthorized persons. She stated she definitely did not have the remotest idea as to who may have given this information to unauthorized persons and she wanted to state that she definitely did not furnish any information concerning this interview to any unauthorized persons.

Miss LAIDRICH stated that on June 30, 1964, while en route to the World's Fair, she stopped by the office of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY in Washington, D. C., and visited with some of the personnel there whom she knew. She related that she went to the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building and inquired as to the

on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

location of the President's Commission. Miss LAIDRICH related that upon getting off the elevator, on what she believed was the fourth floor of this building, she asked the elevator operator if BURT GRIFFIN was available to talk with. She stated that she had known BURT GRIFFIN previously. Shortly thereafter, Mr. GRIFFIN greeted Miss LAIDRICH. Miss LAIDRICH stated they then went around the corner of the elevator to the first office on the right of the hallway and went into this office, where there was a secretary sitting at a desk. From there, they proceeded through this office into a back office where she observed a man sitting behind a desk, whom she assumed, is another attorney.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she asked Mr. GRIFFIN what he thought of the interview of Chief Justice WARREN with JACK RUBY, and Mr. GRIFFIN stated he thought it was an excellent interview. She said one question Mr. GRIFFIN asked was, "Did Chief Justice WARREN actually hand JACK RUBY his glasses when RUBY was trying to read a note?" Miss LAIDRICH stated she was surprised to see some mimeographed copies of the transcript of the interview of JACK RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN, and she gained the impression that the mimeographed copies had been made up in order for the members of the staff to study them.

Miss LAIDRICH stated she wanted to reiterate she did not have any knowledge whatsoever or any idea as to who may have given the information of this interview to unauthorized people, but she wanted to explicitly state that she did not discuss this with any unauthorized persons.

Date August 24, 19641

Sheriff J. E. DECKER, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, stated that at the time Chief Justice WARREN, Chairman of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was questioning JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964, in the Dallas County Jail, DECKER was present only during part of the questioning. DECKER stated that he took no notes. DECKER stated he had no idea as to how any unauthorized persons came into possession of the contents of the interview of RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN. DECKER stated that he had not discussed what little he knew of the questions and answers between Chief Justice WARREN and JACK L. RUBY with anyone, and could categorically state that he had discussed with no one the contents of this interview.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 24, 19641

ORVILL SMITH, Deputy Sheriff, Dallas County, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. SMITH stated that he was present briefly in the early part of the interview of Chief Justice EARL WARREN with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. SMITH stated that he was not present during the major part of the interview and SMITH stated that he kept no notes and did not try to remember what the questions and answers were. Mr. SMITH stated that he had not been approached by anyone as to what was said during this interview. He had not discussed with anyone the questions and answers that he heard during the brief period he was present. Mr. SMITH stated he had no idea as to how this information got into the hands of unauthorized persons and wanted to state that he did not give such information to anyone.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 21, 19641

R. L. HOLMAN, Chief Jailer, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. HOLMAN stated that he was present in the room for a very short period of time during the time Chief Justice EARL WARREN, Head of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was questioning JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. HOLMAN stated he did not take notes. He stated that he had discussed this matter with no one and actually could not remember very much of what the actual questions and answers were. Mr. HOLMAN stated that he had no idea as how any unauthorized persons came into possession of the contents of the interview of RUBY with Chief Justice WARREN. He stated no one had ever approached him about the contents of this interview, and he wanted to definitely state that he did not give the information concerning the interview of Chief Justice WARREN with JACK L. RUBY to anyone.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 25, 19641

Mr. JAMES BOWIE, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Texas, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. BOWIE stated he was present during the interview of Chief Justice WARREN of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY with JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. Mr. BOWIE stated that he was there for the purpose of representing the District Attorney's Office of Dallas County, Texas. He stated that he paraphrased the questions and answers in note form, but did not have time to take them down verbatim.

Mr. BOWIE stated further that he had no idea as to how this information came into the hands of any unauthorized persons, and he wanted to state he certainly did not divulge this information to anyone except Dallas County District Attorney HENRY WADE, his superior, whom he considered authorized to have such information.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /jtf Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 25, 19641

Mr. HENRY WADE, Dallas County District Attorney, was interviewed on August 21, 1964.

Mr. WADE stated he had discussed this information with Mr. JAMES BOWIE, Assistant District Attorney of Dallas County, Texas, the person who represented him during the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964. Mr. WADE stated he had not discussed this interview with anyone other than Mr. BOWIE and had no idea as to how this information got into the hands of unauthorized persons. He stated it certainly did not come from him.

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on 8/21/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN /ite Date dictated 8/24/64

Date August 27, 19641

Mr. ROBERT G. STORZY, home address 3525 Turtle Creek Drive, Dallas, Texas, currently attending the Democratic National Convention, Atlantic City, New Jersey, advised that subsequent to the shooting and demise of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on November 24, 1963, Texas Governor JOHN P. CONNOLLY appointed a State Court of Inquiry of which he was a member. The other participants were HIGGONER CARR, the Attorney General of the State of Texas, and LEON JAWORSKI, a Houston, Texas, attorney. The purpose of the Court of Inquiry was to conduct an investigation relative to the death of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and to submit a report on the findings to the Governor.

On June 7, 1964, Mr. STORZY was one of several persons who participated in interviewing JACK L. RUBY in the County Jail, Dallas, Texas. Mr. STORZY stated he was in personal contact with JACK L. RUBY for a period of approximately two hours on that date.

Mr. STORZY advised that he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN personally. She was in attendance at the JACK L. RUBY trial in Dallas, Texas, representing a New York newspaper, "The New York Journal American".

Mr. STORZY stated he has never met nor been in the company of DOROTHY KILGALLEN and does not know how she came into possession of testimony given by RUBY before the President's Commission.

On 8/26/64 at Haddon Hall Hotel 113 A
Atlantic City, New Jersey File # Newark 44-443
by SA HOWARD J. WILSON and
SA WALTER J. SLAUGHTER / raz Date dictated 8/27/64

DL 44-1639

RJB:jtf

1

On August 6, 1964, JOSEPH GRAHAM, Apartment 117, 7214 Gaston Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that a friend of his, one LARRY BUCHANAN, a motion picture producer in Dallas, had recently advised him that a friend of his (BUCHANAN's), one RALPH JOHNSON, a free-lance motion picture cameraman, previously employed by Jamieson Film Company, Dallas, had made the statement that he, JOHNSON, had personally seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Carousel Club while JOHNSON was making portions of a motion picture in that club.

GRAHAM noted that JOHNSON is a very serious-minded person and if he had made the aforementioned statement attributed to him, it might possibly be true.

Date August 20, 19641

RALPH KENDALL JOHNSON, Apartment A, 3705 Travis Street, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at his residence.

Mr. JOHNSON advised that he is a free-lance motion picture cameraman and had previously worked for the Jamieson Film Company in Dallas. He stated that he does not recall ever having seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD in person in the past at any place in the Dallas area including the Carousel Club.

JOHNSON added that if someone thought that he, JOHNSON, had seen or had made the statement that he had seen OSWALD at the Carousel Club, such a person had misunderstood him.

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on 8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/19/64

Date August 11, 1964

1

JOHN FRANKLIN ELROD, an inmate of the Shelby County, Tennessee, Jail, as of August 11, 1964, furnished the following information:

ELROD currently lives at Memphis, Tennessee, and has been staying at the Harbor House, Memphis, prior to the time of his arrest for which he was placed in jail on August 11, 1964. The Harbor House, 1369 Court Avenue, Memphis, is a home for alcoholics, and ELROD stated that he, himself, is an alcoholic.

ELROD had come to the Shelby County Sheriff's Office during the early morning hours of August 11, 1964, after having consumed some beer and vodka. He was at that time in possession of a sawed-off 12 gauge shotgun which had a pistol grip. He stated that he had begun to think of the possibilities of killing his wife from whom he is now separated. Inasmuch as he had the sawed-off shotgun and the desire to kill her was known to him, he decided he should come to the Sheriff's Office and talk, which he did.

He further advised that he had been somewhat troubled by events which occurred immediately following the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY at Dallas, Texas, on November 11, 1963.

Shortly after the assassination of the President, ELROD, who had been about two and one half miles from the scene of the assassination at Lemon and Oaklawn Streets in Dallas, was arrested by the Dallas Police Department and placed in the City Jail. His arrest had nothing to do with the assassination of the President, and he knew nothing concerning the assassination of the President. At the City Jail in Dallas, he was placed in Cell 10 on the fifth floor, and at that time his cellmate was a man whose identity he could not recall. An individual, whose face was smashed up, was brought into the hallway of the jail where ELROD and his cellmate could observe him. At that time the unknown cellmate made some mention that he had known this man with the injured face as a result of meeting him at a motel. The cellmate stated that five men had met at a motel, and they had been advanced some money under some type contract. One of these men was reported to have

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On 8/11/64 at Memphis, Tennessee File # DL 44-1639
SA FRANCIS B. COLE and
by SA NORMAN L. CASEY/lh Date dictated 8/11/64
ME 44-1165

DL 44-1639
ME 44-1165

2

received \$5,000. The man with the injured face had received some money, and he was reported to have been driving a Thunderbird automobile with a large quantity of guns contained therein. ELROD advised he was confined in the Dallas City Jail for a period of 72 hours, and he was confused at this time concerning the events which occurred. He stated he could not recall whether JACK RUBY's name had been mentioned prior to the time of the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but that this cellmate at some time had told him that one of the men who had been at the motel referred to above, name and location unknown, had been JACK RUBY. This was all the information which ELROD could recall.

He stated that on several occasions he has had difficulty remembering due to his extreme use of alcohol. He knew nothing concerning the assassination of the President, the involvement of JACK RUBY in the killing of HARVEY LEE OSWALD, or of any information concerning the possibility of the receipt of money by JACK RUBY, except the hearsay information he had received from his unknown cellmate.

ELROD is described as follows:

Race	white
Sex	male
Date of birth	November 12, 1932
Place of birth	Bassett, Arkansas
Height	5'11 $\frac{1}{2}$ "
Weight	180 lbs.
Complexion	medium
Occupation	cook
Wife	JACKIE PAT ELROD nee Richards, 2816 Morris, Dallas, Texas
Father	HOBSON ELROD, Bassett, Arkansas
Scars and marks	one and one-half inch cut scar on forehead; little finger, left hand, off at first joint; left arm is undersized.

DL 44-1639

The identification record of JOHN FRANKLIN ELROD, FBI number [REDACTED] dated August 12, 1964, which follows, does not reflect incarceration of ELROD in the Dallas City Jail as claimed:

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME & NO.	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
--------------------------------	------------	-------------------------	--------	-------------

[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

September 9, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

SEP 9 2 19 PM '64
READING ROOM
B I

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed herewith for your information and assistance
are two copies of the report of Special Agent Manning C.
Clements at Dallas, Texas, dated September 2, 1964.

A copy of this report has also been furnished to
the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

BY COURIER SVC.

8 3 SEP 10

COJMA-EBI

REC-3-11-1011-1996
EX-117
19 SEP 10 1964

Enclosures (2)

JWH/cac
(7)

NOTE: Investigation in attached report was conducted in response to numerous specific requests of the President's Commission and the information has previously been forwarded to the Commission by letter as the specific request was completed. It is now being furnished in report form and a copy of the report is being furnished to the Criminal Division of the Department. This report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Mr. Malley and an appropriate supervisor of the Civil Rights Section.

SEP 11 1964
XEROX
TELETYPE UNIT

E. B. I.
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

11A
9/7/64
FBI WASH DC

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 7 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI DALLAS

7:48 AM CST URGENT 9-7-64 PS

TO - DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM - DALLAS (44-1639) 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM. CR.

REBUREAU AIRTEL SEPTEMBER FOUR LAST ENCLOSING COMMISSION LETTER OF SEPTEMBER THREE IN WHICH COMMISSION FURNISHED SIX PHOTOGRAPHS TO BE DISPLAYED TO SPECIFIED INDIVIDUALS. COMMISSION ALSO REQUESTED ON PAGE TWO THEIR LETTER THAT A PHOTOGRAPH OF LEE OSWALD LOOKING IN DIRECTION JACK RUBY PRINTED ON PAGE QUOTE A DASH TWO FIVE QUOTE OF DALLAS MORNING NEWS OF NOVEMBER TWO FIVE, ONE NINE SIX THREE, BE OBTAINED AND FURNISHED TO COMMISSION.

BUREAU ADVISE COMMISSION THAT SECTIONS OF DALLAS MORNING NEWS ARE NUMBERED ONE, TWO, THREE, ETC. WHILE SECTIONS OF DALLAS TIMES HERALD ARE NUMBERED A, B, C, ETC.

REVIEW OF DALLAS MORNING NEWS OF NOVEMBER TWO FIVE LAST DOES NOT DISCLOSE PAGE OR PHOTOGRAPH REFERRED TO BY COMMISSION. HOWEVER PAGE QUOTE A DASH TWO FIVE QUOTE OF NOVEMBER TWO FIVE ISSUE OF DALLAS TIMES HERALD DOES CONTAIN A PHOTOGRAPH OF OSWALD IN UPPER LEFT HAND CORNER OF PAGE BEING LED BY TWO INDIVIDUALS IN DALLAS POLICE STATION.

BUREAU IMMEDIATELY CONTACT COMMISSION AND ADVISE DALLAS OF THEIR DESIRES INSTANT MATTER.

END.

WA-- LLD

FBI WASH DC

cc: Ruzge
9/16/64
9/16/64
9/16/64

1997

9/8/64

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Hines

TO SAC DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) — 1997

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM. CR.
REURTEL SEPTEMBER SEVEN SIXTYFOUR.

OBTAIN COPY OF PHOTOGRAPH APPEARING PAGE QUOTE A DASH
TWENTY-FIVE QUOTE OF NOVEMBER TWENTY-FIVE ISSUE OF DALLAS
TIMES HERALD AND SUBMIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH COMMISSION'S REQUEST.

COPIES DESTROYED

JWH/pab

21 JAN 3 1973

(3)

NOTE: The Commission by letter 9/3/64 asked that we
obtain a photograph of Jack Ruby which appeared
in the Dallas Morning News, page A-25 of November 25, 1963, issue.
Dallas advised that there was no such photograph appearing in
a section A-25 of Dallas Morning News but that such a picture
appeared under that date on Page A-25 of Dallas Times Herald.
Mr. Eurt Griffin of the President's Commission 9/8/64 states
Times Herald photograph is the one desired.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
SEP 8 3 53 PM '64

79 SEP 11 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 8 1964

TELETYPE

PLAIN TEXT

9/9/64

1 - Mr. Hines

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM, CR.

REURAIRTEL SEPTEMBER FOUR LAST CONCERNING COMMISSION'S
REQUEST FOR INVESTIGATION RE LEAK OF TRANSCRIPT OF COMMISSION'S
INTERVIEW OF RUBY ON JUNE SEVEN SIXTY FOUR. IMMEDIATELY
INTERVIEW MISS ODELL OLIVER FOR FULL DETAILS RE HER KNOWLEDGE OF
HANDLING OF NOTES AND TRANSCRIPT OF RUBY'S INTERVIEW AND ANY
KNOWLEDGE SHE MAY HAVE RE HOW IT CAME INTO POSSESSION OF
DOROTHY KILGALLEN AND QUOTE THE NEW YORK JOURNAL DASH AMERICAN
UNQUOTE. SUBMIT RESULTS OF INTERVIEW BY LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM.
TODAY.

REC-31 44-24016-1998
19 SEP 10 1964

JWH/ras
(3)

NOTE: The Commission has requested investigation to determine
how the transcript of Commission's interview with Ruby
on 6/7/64 came into possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and "The New York
Journal - American." Helen Laidrich, court reporter who recorded the
interview, stated that Odell Oliver, another court reporter who has
done work for the Commission in Dallas, assisted her in proof-reading
her notes. We have previously interviewed Oliver in connection with
the leak of information re Ruby's polygraph examination on 7/18/64.
Oliver is the court reporter who recorded that examination.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 9 1964

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
SEP 8 1964
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI DALLAS

1224 PM CST URGENT 9-8-64 NSP

TO DIRECTOR, (44-24016) AND NEW YORK
FROM DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD AKA - DECEASED -
VICTIM. CR. OO: DALLAS.

RE BUREAU AIRTEL SEPTEMBER FOUR LAST TO DALLAS AND NEW
YORK ENCLOSING PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION LETTER SEPTEMBER THREE
LAST, REQUESTING DISPLAY SIX PHOTOGRAPHS TO DESIGNATED PERSONS,
PLUS ON PAGE TWO REQUEST FOR GLOSSY PHOTOS OF OSWALD APPEARING
PAGE "A - TWO FIVE," NOVEMBER TWENTY FIVE NINETEEN SIXTY
THREE ISSUE OF DALLAS MORNING NEWS.

RE DALLAS TEL TO BUREAU SEPTEMBER SEVEN LAST ADVISING
SUCH SECTION, PAGE AND PHOTO DO NOT APPEAR REFERENCED DALLAS
MORNING NEWS EDITION. HOWEVER ON NOTED PAGE NOVEMBER TWENTY
FIVE SIXTY THREE ISSUE DALLAS TIMES HERALD, SUCH TYPE PHOTO
APPEARS. IN ANTICIPATION OF COMMISSION'S REQUEST RE OBTAINING
LATTER PHOTO, EFFORTS CONDUCTED DALLAS TODAY TO OBTAIN THIS
PHOTOGRAPH. INQUIRY REVEALED PHOTO IS UNITED PRESS INTER-
NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPH. UPI, DALLAS, SEPTEMBER EIGHT INSTANT
CONTACTED UPI, DAILY NEWS BUILDING, NYC, MAKING ARRANGEMENTS
END PI

79 SEP 11 1964

1999

SEP 10 1964

P2

FOR FURNISHING COPIES OF PHOTO AND SAME WILL BE READY FOR
FBI, NYC LATE TUESDAY INSTANT.

NEW YORK OFFICE CONTACT JOE LUPPINO, DAILY NEWS BUILDING
UPI, NEW YORK CITY, WHO WILL HAVE PHOTOS READY FOR NEW YORK
AGENT. NEW YORK SUBMIT SAME TO BUREAU PER REFERENCED
COMMISSION'S REQUEST.

END

AND ACK IN ORDER

WA MTC

FBI WASH DC

NY JLW

FBI NEW YORK

TU DISC

FBI

Date: 9/1/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRMAIL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: Director, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, Knoxville (44-383) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: Dallas)

ReBuairtel to Knoxville 8/27/64 and letter to Bureau from J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy dated 8/25/64.

Submitted herewith are eight copies LHM captioned matter, Knoxville, to the Bureau and three copies submitted to Dallas for information.

The five photographs submitted by referenced communication will be returned to the Bureau by separate communication.

8. ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
2 - Dallas (44-1600) (Enc. 3)
1 - Knoxville

GCT:mlc
(6)

C. C. Wick

REV 6/11 - 2000

18 SEP 3 1964

Approved: H/S

Sent _____

M

Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

79 SEP 11 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Knoxville, Tennessee
September 1, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On September 1, 1964, Mr. HARVEY LAWILL WADE, 818 Donaldson Road, Chattanooga, Tennessee, advised an Agent of the FBI that he telephoned the FBI Office, Knoxville, Tennessee, on the afternoon of November 24, 1963, to report he had information of possible value regarding assassination of JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY. He was interviewed by Agents of the FBI on the night of November 24, 1963, from 9:18 p.m. to 10:16 p.m. Mr. WADE advised he had not received any information prior to his contacting the FBI regarding possibility LEE HARVEY OSWALD had visited in the Carousel Club, Dallas, Texas. He stated he was not aware anyone had reported similar information at the time he reported this matter to the FBI on November 24, 1963.

On September 1, 1964, the five photographs furnished the FBI by Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter dated August 25, 1964, were exhibited to Mr. WADE. Mr. WADE advised none of the persons included in any of the above five photographs resembled the individual whom he believed and previously reported resembled LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He reported he did not recall seeing the individual identified in the photographs as HARRY CRAFTARD at the Carousel Club or the individual indicated by an arrow in two of the above photographs who appeared to be wearing a long-sleeved sport shirt with both sleeves turned up two or three rolls partway exposing the forearms of this individual. Mr. WADE stated he definitely recalled the unidentified patron in white shirt with pants legs rolled up who appeared in the photographs dancing with one of the strippers. He also recalled the unidentified patron assisting one of the strippers with a zipper as shown in one of the

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21 JAN 3 1973

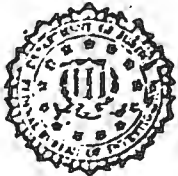
44-38861-
ENCLOSURE

JACK L. RUBY

photographs. He stated that when the above two photographs were taken the three men previously described by him were seated at the extreme end of the bar on the right side facing the stage. He did not see any of the three men described by him previously in any of the five photographs exhibited to him.

He again repeated the description of the individual he believed resembled LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated this man was white male, early 20's, 5'8", 140 lbs., long black hair, very fair pale complexion, slender build. He had no unusual characteristics and wore a dark-colored suit. He resembled OSWALD in appearance.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Knoxville, Tennessee
September 1, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

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FBI

Date: August 22, 1964

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, LAS VEGAS (44-48)(RUC)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
 VICTIM
 CR
 OO: DALLAS

RE Los Angeles teletype to the Director, Las Vegas,
 Cleveland and Dallas dated 8/21/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original
 and three copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the
 subscriber to Las Vegas telephone number 735-9111. It is
 noted that this telephone number is to the switchboard of
 the Sands Hotel and it is impossible to trace the actual
 recipient of this call through any records of the Sands
 Hotel.

Information copies are being furnished to the
 Dallas Division, the Office of Origin in this matter, and
 the Los Angeles Division in view of the investigation
 being conducted by that Division.

③ Bureau (Encls. 4) ENCLOSURE
 2 - Dallas (44-1639)(Encl. 1)(Info.)
 1 - Los Angeles (44-895)(Encl. 1)(Info.)
 1 - Las Vegas
 RJM:alf
 (7)

REC-67

EX-101

14 AUG 24 1964

2001

SEARCHED
 SERIALIZED
 INDEXED
 FILED

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

79 SEP 11 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Las Vegas, Nevada

August 22, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JACK L. RUBY, also known as;
LEE HARVEY OSTEALD, also
known as - Victim

The July, 1964, telephone directory of the Central Telephone Company, Southern Nevada Division, Las Vegas, Nevada, reflects that telephone number 735-9111 is listed to the Sands Hotel, 3317 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, Nevada.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-2111-201
ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 8/11/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel, 7/27/64, which transmitted Commission's letter dated July 23, 1964, with respect to telephone toll charges listed to HARRY OLSEN and Mrs. HARRY OLSEN, also known as KATHY KAY COLEMAN. Reference is also made to Bureau airtel, 7/23/64, and Commission letter, 7/20/64, relative to toll charges for a more restricted period.

Enclosed are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum in the above connection.

Information from telephone company records, Dallas, was furnished to SA ROBERT C. LISH by [REDACTED] Southwestern Bell Telephone Company. Information re identity of subscriber to Oklahoma City telephone was furnished by [REDACTED], Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, to SA WARREN G. LANG.

Enc. (10) ENCLOSURE
MCC/ds
(5)

*Hand carrying
document up for file
pls*

REC-47

EX-109

21 AUG 14 1964

2002

SEX

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

CCC - Wick



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
August 11, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested, in a letter dated July 23, 1964, that examination be made of all existing long distance telephone calls made from telephones listed to Mr. Harry Olsen and Mrs. Harry Olsen (Kathie Kay Coleman), formerly of 325 North Ewing Street, Dallas, Texas.

Attached are the results of such examination of toll charge records now available in Dallas, Texas.

Records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, disclose the subscriber to telephone GA 7-6531, as of December 26, 1963, and at present, is Oklahoma Tire and Supply Company, retail store at 1612 N.E. 23rd Street, Oklahoma City.

In a letter dated July 20, 1964, the Commission made a request for similar toll charge information for the period from 10:00 P.M., Saturday, November 23, 1963, through Sunday, November 24, 1963. It is observed this period was covered in the examination.

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21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE

1Date 7/31/64

Records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect no telephone service has ever been listed in the name of Mr. HARRY OLSEN or to a Mrs. HARRY OLSEN.

There was found a listing to a KAY COLEMAN, residence 325 N. Ewing Street, Apartment 111. This service was installed on December 14, 1962, and disconnected on February 1, 1964.

KAY COLEMAN had a deposit of \$30 with the telephone company and a refund check of \$21.48 was mailed upon the discontinuance of the service to a Mrs. HALL, Apartment 115, 325 N. Ewing Street, Dallas, on February 5, 1964. This check was returned unclaimed and has never been claimed to date having been sent to the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company headquarters, St. Louis, Missouri.

The above information is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum which should be directed to R. A. BURROW, Chief Special Agent, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas.

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21 JAN 2 1973

on 7/29/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH:vm Date dictated 7/30/64

Date 7/31/64

Records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect the following information concerning subscriber KAY COLEMAN, residence 325 North Ewing, Apartment 111, telephone number WH 2-3268:

DATE	TIME CALL PLACED	DURATION OF CALL	PERSON PLACING CALL	PERSON CALLED	NUMBER AND CITY
11/14/63		9 min.		Mrs. TAMMY TRUE	TE 4-0847, Fort Worth (State not shown)
11/27/63		7 min.		TAMMY TRUE, Room 6, Siesta Motel	GA 4-4646, Oklahoma City, Okla.
12/1/63		3 min.		"	"
12/1/63		6 min.	KAY COLEMAN (Collect call)		WH 2-3268, Dallas (State not shown)
12/22/63		6 min.		HARRY D. OLSON	538-4682, Henrietta, (State not shown)
12/26/63	1:33 p.m.	2 min.			GA 7-6531, Oklahoma City, Okla.

The above are the only long distance calls available on bills rendered KAY COLEMAN and no long distance calls appeared on the final bill, which was rendered February 5, 1964.

The records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company reflect telephone number 538-4682 is listed to HARRY L. OLSEN, residence 415 West Ikard, Henrietta, Texas. This person is part owner of the Olsen

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21 JAN 2 1973

on 7/30/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/eah/pm Date dictated 7/30/64

DL 44-1639

2

Stelzer Boot Company.

The above is confidential and is not to be made public except upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to [REDACTED], Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas.

1Date August 27, 1964

Sergeant H. H. STRINGER, Personnel Office, Dallas Police Department, said the records of that office reflect HARRY NEAL OLSEN, former patrolman, discharged December 29, 1963, was born February 16, 1934, at Wichita Falls, Texas.

The file further showed HARRY LEE OLSEN to be the father of HARRY NEAL OLSEN.

HARRY LEE OLSEN, part owner of Olsen Stelzer Boot Company, Henrietta, Texas, is shown only as having an address of Post Office Box 45, Henrietta, Texas.

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2 1 ... 2 1973

on 8/26/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent ROBERT C. LISH/pm Date dictated 8/26/64

FBI

Date: 3/2/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: Director, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, Knoxville (44-383) (RUC)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: Dallas)

Re: airtel 3/1/64.

Submitted herewith are five photographs submitted to Knoxville by Bureau airtel 3/27/64. These photographs being returned per instructions referenced communication.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
2 - Dallas (44-1330)
1 - Knoxville

CCW:mle
(6)

ENCLOSURE

REC 61

EX-131

21 SEP 9 1964

2003

SIX

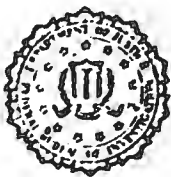
Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

SEP 11 1964 Sent In Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 2, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter dated August 21, 1964, advised that Mrs. Wanda Yvonne Halzick in her deposition before a Commission staff member stated that on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at about 9:00 p.m. or later, she had overheard a telephone call at the Bull Pen Drive-In between Ralph Paul and Jack Ruby in which Paul made a remark about Ruby's possessing a gun and was heard to exclaim "Are you crazy!"

The President's Commission desired that certain employees of the Bull Pen Drive-In be identified and interviewed regarding this specific telephone call.

Attached are the results of the interviews of these employees.

It is noted that upon the original contact on August 27, 1964, at the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, Mr. Ralph Paul presented himself and volunteered to assist in identifying and locating present and former employees of his drive-in and offered to be of any assistance possible to this investigation.

Attachments

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21 JAN 3 1973

4-1
ENCLOSURE

Date September 1, 1964

1

RALPH PAUL, Copeland Road, Arlington, Texas, was interviewed at his restaurant, the Bull Pen Drive-In, East Abrams, Arlington, Texas.

Mr. PAUL advised that on Monday, August 24, 1964, he had been interviewed at Fort Worth, Texas, by a representative of the President's Commission regarding information of value he might have concerning his association with JACK L. RUBY. Mr. PAUL stated that he was questioned regarding the telephone call he reportedly had received on the night of Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at the restaurant from JACK RUBY, in which he had apparently made the remark, "Are you crazy?" over the phone to RUBY.

Mr. PAUL stated this remark was probably true, but pertained to the fact that RUBY had mentioned to him that he was going to close his night club for three days, which he, PAUL, thought was ridiculous.

PAUL stated at no time during any of the telephone conversation he had with RUBY on November 23, 1963, had RUBY mentioned to him anything about having a revolver.

Mr. PAUL stated he has positively not told anyone that RUBY had called him that Saturday night stating he had a gun. He had not told anyone this as it is untrue.

Regarding the identities of former and present employees of the Bull Pen Restaurant, whose nicknames are "ROSE", "TOYO", "BONNIE", "CURLY" and "JOE", Mr. PAUL furnished the following information:

"ROSE" is actually ROSE JACKSON, wife of JOHN W. JACKSON, manager of this drive-in, and ROSE is employed as a cashier.

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

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1 JAN 2 1973

"TOYO" is a Japanese girl, whose last name is unknown to Mr. PAUL, but who is currently working at the Bull Pen Drive-In.

"BONNIE" is VERNA LOU CORNETT, a former waitress, who is currently living at an unknown address in Arlington, Texas.

"CURLY" is unknown by nickname to Mr. PAUL, who advised that he does not recall ever having any employees at the Bull Pen Drive-In by this nickname.

"JOE" is identical to JOYCE ANGELL, who resides at 1017 Craven Road, Arlington, Texas, and who in November, 1963, would have been working as a curb waitress during the daylight hours.

Date September 1, 19641

JOHN W. JACKSON, 1602 Browning, Arlington, Texas, advised he is the manager of the Bull Pen Drive-In, and held such position on November 23, 1963.

Mr. JACKSON advised he does not recall ever having heard RALPH PAUL, the owner of the Bull Pen Drive-In, mention that RUBY had told him he had a gun, or that PAUL thought RUBY was crazy and was going to shoot OSWALD.

JACKSON stated the only person at this restaurant who is known by the nickname of "JOHNNIE" is himself. He stated RALPH PAUL has never, to his knowledge, been referred to by such a nickname.

JACKSON stated he does not recall any telephone call received by RALPH PAUL at the Bull Pen Drive-In on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, from JACK RUBY.

JACKSON stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to him; however, he stated that TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this drive-in restaurant and he believes, but he is not positive, that she might have visited this restaurant on Saturday, November 23, 1963, or Sunday, November 24, 1963.

JACKSON stated that by the time he saw RALPH PAUL on Sunday, November 24, 1963, PAUL had already heard of JACK RUBY's having shot OSWALD. He stated PAUL appeared to be generally upset over this event.

JACKSON advised he is sometimes referred to by a few customers by the nickname of "CURLY; however, this restaurant has not, to his knowledge, in recent years, had any employee, male or female, who used the nickname of "CURLY" commonly.

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

Date September 1, 1964

1

ROSE JACKSON, 1602 Browning, Arlington, Texas, advised she is the wife of JOHN W. JACKSON, the manager of the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas. She stated she is also employed at this restaurant as the cashier and was so employed as of Saturday, November 23, 1963.

Mrs. JACKSON stated she does not recall RALPH PAUL receiving a telephone call from JACK RUBY on the night of November 23, 1963, at the Bull Pen Drive-In. As she now recalls, PAUL had not been feeling well that night, and she and her husband had sent him home earlier in the evening prior to closing time.

Mrs. JACKSON stated she positively did not overhear any telephone conversation between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY on Saturday, November 23, 1963, and has never heard RALPH PAUL make any statement indicating that RUBY had called him that night and had told him he had a gun.

Mrs. JACKSON stated RALPH PAUL has never been known to her to have been referred to by one of the employees by the nickname "JOHNNIE". She stated the only such individual, who has this nickname and who is employed at this restaurant, is her husband.

Mrs. JACKSON stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her; however, TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this restaurant, but she is not in a position to say whether or not TAMMI TRUE was at this drive-in on either Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

She stated that on Sunday, November 24, 1963, when she first saw RALPH PAUL that day, he had already heard of RUBY's shooting OSWALD, and he, PAUL, seemed to be visibly upset.

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24 JAN 2 1964

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

DL 44-1639

2

Mrs. JACKSON said that she knows of no former employees at the Bull Pen Drive-In by the nickname of "CURLY".

Date September 2, 19641

GERALDINE ~~TOYO~~, 415 Northwest 19th Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, advised she is commonly known by her nickname "TOYO".

TOYO advised that she speaks very little English and finds it difficult to understand English spoken to her unless it is spoken quietly and slowly. Accordingly, she stated it is impossible for her to overhear a telephone conversation in all the noise that accompanies the Saturday night business at the Bull Pen Drive-In, and she does not recall Mr. PAUL having spoken to JACK RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963.

TOYO advised that on the busy nights, of which Saturday nights are the busiest, she works outside the drive-in as a curb waitress, and she would have no reason to have been inside near the telephone.

TOYO stated that the only person known to her by the nickname of "JOHNNIE" at this restaurant is JOHN JACKSON, the manager. She has never heard RALPH PAUL referred to by this nickname.

She stated she does not know BRUCE CARLIN, "LITTLE LYNN" or TAMMI TRUE by name.

She stated that by the time she saw RALPH PAUL on Sunday, November 24, 1963, PAUL had already heard of RUBY's shooting OSWALD, and PAUL appeared to be visibly shaken over the news.

COPIES DESTROYED

2-1 JAN 2 1973

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

Date September 2, 19641

VERNA LOU CORNETT, 815 Lakeview, Arlington, Texas, advised she is commonly known by her nickname "BONNIE". Mrs. CORNETT stated that while she is no longer employed as a curb waitress by the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, she was working at that restaurant on the night of November 23, 1963. Mrs. CARLIN stated she did not overhear any telephone conversation between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, nor did RALPH PAUL ever mention to her or anyone else, to her knowledge, that RUBY had told him that he, RUBY, had a gun and was going to shoot OSWALD. Mrs. CORNETT stated the only individual known by the nickname "JOHNNIE", who is employed at the Bull Pen Drive-In, to her knowledge, is the manager, JOHN JACKSON. She stated she has never heard RALPH PAUL referred to by this nickname.

Mrs. CORNETT stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her. She stated TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this restaurant, but she cannot, at this late date, state whether or not TAMMI TRUE had visited the restaurant on either Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

Mrs. CORNETT stated she does not know what RALPH PAUL's reactions were on Sunday, November 24, 1963, upon learning of RUBY's shooting OSWALD.

3
[REDACTED] 8/27/64
CO. [REDACTED]

21 1142 1972

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

Date September 2, 19641

JOYCE ANGELL, 1017 Craven Road, Arlington, Texas, advised she is commonly known by the nickname "JOE".

Mrs. ANGELL advised she is employed as a curb waitress by the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, and was so employed on Saturday night, November 23, 1963. Mrs. ANGELL advised she does not recall overhearing any telephone conversation on the night of November 23, 1963, between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY. She stated neither does she recall ever having heard PAUL mention that RUBY had called him and had said he had a gun. Mrs. ANGELL stated that RALPH PAUL has never been known to her to use the nickname of "JOHNNIE". She noted that the only individual employed by this restaurant, who has such a nickname, is the manager, JOHN JACKSON. She stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her, but she does know TAMMI TRUE who is a regular customer at this restaurant.

However, Mrs. ANGELL stated she cannot say whether or not TAMMI TRUE had visited this drive-in on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

Mrs. ANGELL added that she was not around the drive-in when RALPH PAUL first heard the news concerning RUBY's shooting OSWALD and she does not know his reaction.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

FBI

Date: 9/2/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.,
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, dated 8/24/64, enclosing copies of President's Commission's letter dated 8/21/64, requesting certain specific investigation relating to the testimony of Mrs. WANDA YVONNE HELMICK before the Commission and to a telephone call she reportedly overheard on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, between RALPH PAUL and JACK L. RUBY.

There are enclosed herewith to the Bureau ten copies of letterhead memorandum incorporating the results of Dallas investigation in regard to this particular request.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

ENCLOSURE

REC-21

2004

RJB:jtf
(5)

14 SEP 4 1964

EX-108

Approved: C. E. Wick
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 11 1964

FBI

8/14/64

Date:

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka-
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReBuairtel to Dallas and Los Angeles, dated 7/27/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten (10) copies of a letterhead memo reflecting information concerning long distance telephone calls made from the telephones listed to Mr. and Mrs. OLSEN, Long Beach, California.

Enclosed for Dallas are fifteen (15) copies of an FD 302 reflecting similar information.

The information concerning the toll calls from telephone number 433-6289 listed to HARRY W. OLSEN, 315 Obispo, Apartment 12, Long Beach 14, and telephone number HE 5-6315 listed to the Doctor's Business Bureau, Hartwell Building, 19 Pine Avenue, Room 1006, Long Beach, California, was obtained on August 12, 1964 by SA EDWARD L. OLSEN from [REDACTED], General Telephone Company, 2020 Santa Monica Boulevard, Santa Monica, California.

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 10)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encs. 15)
2 - Los Angeles

PED/AY
(7)

REC-21

44-24016-2005
6 AUG 18 1964

EX-108

Approved: *[Signature]*

Sent _____

M

Per _____

79 SEP 11 1964

Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Los Angeles, California
August 13, 1964

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS MADE FROM
TELEPHONES LISTED TO MR. AND
MRS. HARRY OLSEN, LONG BEACH,
CALIFORNIA

The President's Commission on the assassination of President KENNEDY, by letter to the Director, FBI, dated July 23, 1964, requested a report of all existing long distance telephone calls made from telephones listed to Mr. HARRY OLSEN and Mrs. HARRY OLSEN (KATHIE K. COLEMAN) formerly of 325 North Ewing Street, Dallas, Texas, who presently resides at 315 Obispo Avenue, Apartment 12, Long Beach, California. Mr. and Mrs. OLSEN now conduct a Doctor's Business Bureau, Room 1006 Hartwell Building, 19 Pine Avenue, Long Beach, California.

Investigation by a Special Agent of the FBI disclosed the following:

HARRY W. OLSEN, 315 Obispo, Apartment 12, Long Beach 14, California has a non-published telephone number 433-6289, which was installed April 30, 1964. There were no toll calls from this telephone subsequent to installation, except the following:

June 25, 1964, to Riverside, California, telephone number 688-0291; duration 14 minutes; cost \$3.00.

July 17, 1964, to Las Vegas, Nevada, telephone number 735-9111; duration 3 minutes; cost 85 cents.

The Doctor's Business Bureau, Hartwell Building, 19 Pine Avenue, Room 1006, Long Beach, California, has telephone number HE 5-6315. The following toll calls were made from this telephone during the period December 1963 through July 13, 1964:

ENCLOSURE

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
12/12	Newport Beach	646-7443	1	.25
12/12	Anaheim	828-8394	3	.25
12/20	Anaheim	774-1450	4	.30
1/3	Anaheim	827-0290	5	.35
1/7	Garden Grove	534-4545	2	.20
1/8	Buena Park	521-3169	1	.20
1/9	Westminster	TW3-4521	9	.45
1/13	Santa Ana	547-4898	1	.25
12/12	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	4	.30
1/10	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
12/12	Anaheim	776-7111	2	.25
12/16	Buena Park	521-5405	1	.20
12/18	Santa Ana	549-1448	2	.25
12/20	Santa Ana	549-1448	1	.25
12/27	Green Camp, Ohio	LA8-7445	1	2.10
12/30	Buena Park	521-7040	2	.20
12/30	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
1/3	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
1/6	Garden Grove	534-6040	4	.25
1/7	Anaheim	828-6974	1	.25
1/7	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
1/7	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Huntington Beach	VI7-6031	2	.20
1/13	Newport Beach	646-7443	2	.25
12/12	Anaheim	828-8394	1	.25
12/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
12/18	Anaheim	828-7383	2	.25
12/20	Anaheim	774-3818	5	.35
12/27	Buena Park	521-7040	1	.20
12/27	Anaheim	828-1559	3	.25
1/4	Santa Ana	545-5057	1	.25
1/8	Anaheim	527-8849	3	.25

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Buena Park	521-5405	1	.20
1/10	Brea	529-3016	1	.25
12/16	Fullerton	871-1078	1	.25
12/18	Anaheim	722-7130	1	.25
12/19	Buena Park	521-9795	1	.20
12/20	Santa Ana	544-6333	1	.25
12/20	Westminster	TW7-4817	2	.15
12/20	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
12/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
12/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
12/27	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
12/30	Buena Park	521-7742	2	.20
12/30	Buena Park	521-7742	1	.20
12/31	Garden Grove	537-8420	2	.20
12/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
1/2	Anaheim	828-7797	2	.25
1/2	Anaheim	828-7797	2	.25
1/2	Anaheim	823-7797	3	.25
1/3	Buena Park	521-7742	1	.20
1/3	Buena Park	522-1938	3	.20
1/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
1/6	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
1/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
1/7	Santa Ana	542-3809	1	.25
1/7	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
1/8	Garden Grove	537-5160	1	.20
1/8	Fullerton	525-7043	1	.25
1/8	Santa Ana	545-0416	2	.25
1/9	Anaheim	527-8844	1	.25
1/9	Westminster	TW7-6963	1	.15
1/13	Anaheim	828-8307	1	.25
1/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
1/8	Anaheim (collect from)	527-8849	8	.70

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/7	Gardena (Collect From)	534-(?)	3	.30
1/7	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
1/9	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
1/9	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	5	.50
1/20	Westminster	TW7-6580	3	.15
1/21	Newport Beach	646-3246	1	.25
1/21	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
1/21	Buena Park	522-8471	6	.35
1/22	Fullerton	525-1153	1	.25
1/28	Westminster	TW3-3633	2	.15
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
1/30	Morongo Valley	342-2831	1	.75
1/30	Santa Ana	542-0681	1	.25
1/30	Santa Ana	545-8151	1	.25
1/30	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
2/4	Santa Ana	547-3333	2	.25
2/6	Santa Ana	542-4705	1	.25
2/7	Newport Beach	646-2431	2	.25
2/11	Santa Ana	531-5700	1	.25
2/12	Buena Park	522-1131	1	.20
1/16	Santa Ana	545-4900	1	.25
1/20	Santa Ana	547-7251	5	.35
1/20	Anaheim	722-8111	5	.35
1/21	Anaheim	772-2267	7	.45
1/23	Santa Ana	549-1167	2	.25
1/23	Anaheim	527-4600	3	.25
1/28	Santa Ana	545-5180	1	.25
1/28	Santa Ana	541-3663	2	.25
1/29	Santa Ana	543-0518	1	.25
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/29	Huntington Beach	VI7-6287	3	.20
1/30	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/30	Newport Beach	548-3471	6	.40
1/31	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
2/4	Huntington Beach	VI7-1090	1	.20
2/5	Newport Beach	548-3471	2	.25
2/5	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
2/5	Garden Grove	539-1425	6	.35
2/11	Westminster	TW3-7931	1	.15
2/11	Redlands	PY7-4406	3	.55
1/15	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
1/28	Anaheim	527-9370	4	.30
1/30	Santa Ana	531-9487	2	.25
1/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
2/7	Santa Ana	546-0683	1	.25
2/7	Garden Grove	537-8269	1	.20
2/7	Garden Grove	537-3379	1	.20
2/7	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
2/10	Anaheim	774-6845	3	.25
2/12	Westminster	TW7-7991	1	.15
2/12	Westminster	TW3-1101	3	.15
1/13	Gardena (Collect from)	534-3681	3	.30
1/23	Gardena (Collect from)	534-3681	3	.30
1/30	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
2/3	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	12	.90
1/29	Los Angeles (Collect From)	624-8054	3	.30
1/14	Anaheim	774-1450	3	.25
1/17	Anaheim	527-6517	1	.25
1/17	Placenta	528-6240	1	.30
1/21	Anaheim	772-4410	2	.25
1/21	Garden Grove	534-6040	2	.20
1/28	Santa Ana	544-6068	4	.30
1/30	Santa Ana	542-2381	3	.25
1/31	Buena Park	521-2000	1	.20
1/31	Buena Park	522-3114	2	.20
2/7	Garden Grove	537-3141	1	.20
2/10	Buena Park	521-0253	4	.25
2/11	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
1/14	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
1/17	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	13	.75

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
1/28	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
1/14	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
1/14	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20
1/14	Huntington Beach	VI7-2327	9	.50
1/14	Garden Grove	530-4950	4	.25
1/15	Anaheim	772-9643	1	.25
2/22	Thousand Oaks	495-4979	2	.50
2/24	Garden Grove	534-6454	1	.20
2/24	Santa Ana	546-0683	2	.25
2/24	Newport Beach	646-9347	3	.25
2/25	Fullerton	879-8444	1	.25
2/25	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
2/25	Buena Park	522-5142	1	.20
2/26	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
2/28	Anaheim	535-2826	9	.55
3/4	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/4	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
3/5	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
3/6	Anaheim	535-2826	2	.25
3/6	Anaheim	535-2826	3	.25
3/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
2/18	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
3/3	Gardena (Collect From)	534-3681	3	.30
2/14	Buena Park	522-5142	3	.20
2/17	Newport Beach	646-3246	1	.25
2/19	Buena Park	522-6138	3	.20
2/21	Laguna Beach	HY4-9057	3	.35
2/21	Newport Beach	548-3700	7	.45
2/25	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
2/27	Anaheim	772-5151	2	.25
2/28	Anaheim	527-4600	3	.25
2/28	Santa Ana	547-8251	5	.35
2/24	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
2/28	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	5	.35
3/11	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	2	.25
2/17	Buena Park	521-3512	1	.20
2/20	Westminster	TW7-2833	1	.15

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
2/20	Santa Ana	531-8214	3	.25
2/21	Santa Ana	542-4642	2	.25
2/21	Westminster	TW7-4234	2	.15
2/24	Fullerton	525-7714	9	.55
2/25	Anaheim	827-5515	6	.40
2/27	Newport Beach	548-3471	1	.25
2/27	Brea	529-3049	3	.25
2/28	Buena Park	521-4045	1	.20
2/28	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
2/28	Anaheim	527-4600	6	.40
3/2	Anaheim	527-4600	1	.25
3/2	Huntington Beach	VI7-8209	1	.20
3/3	Santa Ana	544-6068	1	.25
3/4	Santa Ana	546-3090	1	.25
2/13	Westminster	TW3-3616	1	.15
2/13	Westminster	892-2819	1	.15
2/20	Santa Ana	531-6853	1	.25
2/21	Buena Park	522-6908	2	.20
2/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	5	.30
2/27	Anaheim ..	527-4900	1	.25
2/28	Rialto	875-3030	1	.55
2/28	Santa Ana	531-8214	2	.25
3/2	Buena Park	521-4688	2	.20
3/3	Santa Ana	544-6068	1	.25
3/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
2/13	Westminster	TW3-1423	1	.15
2/14	Anaheim	827-3733	2	.25
2/17	Anaheim	828-2408	2	.25
2/17	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
2/18	Huntington Beach	LEG-9872	1	.20
2/18	Garden Grove	537-6414	2	.20
2/18	Garden Grove	530-1000	4	.25
2/20	Orange	538-6024	2	.25
2/22	Anaheim	527-8003	2	.25
2/22	Westminster	TW3-3633	2	.15

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
3/12	Anaheim	535-1143	3	.25
3/16	Anaheim	776-0110	2	.25
3/16	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
3/17	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/17	Anaheim	533-4585	1	.25
3/17	Buena Park	521-9991	1	.20
3/18	Huntington Beach	VI7-4590	1	.20
3/18	Anaheim	533-4585	2	.25
3/18	Buena Park	521-1033	7	.40
3/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
3/20	Anaheim	772-8111	3	.25
3/23	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-3488	3	.20
3/26	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	3	.20
4/2	Garden Grove	537-6895	2	.20
4/3	Anaheim	772-0584	4	.30
4/9	Huntington Beach	VI7-8817	1	.20
3/18	Los Angeles	FA1-0786	3	.20
3/27	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	9	.55
4/2	Los Angeles	MA2-8748	7	.45
3/9	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/12	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/13	Anaheim	827-4267	1	.25
3/16	Santa Ana	531-8214	1	.25
3/16	Santa Ana	549-1167	3	.25
3/17	Anaheim	828-1096	5	.35
3/18	Brea	529-2505	1	.25
3/20	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
3/23	Orange	633-3521	2	.25
3/24	Anaheim	827-2130	1	.25
3/24	Orange	633-3407	4	.30
3/24	Buena Park	522-2807	5	.30
3/25	Fullerton	526-3465	1	.25
3/26	Buena Park	522-2935	1	.20
3/26	Fullerton	525-0237	1	.25
4/8	Westminster	TW7-1948	2	.15
3/9	Buena Park	522-3114	1	.20

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
3/9	Orange	633-6406	3	.25
3/10	Anaheim	828-9257	1	.25
3/10	Santa Ana	545-9815	2	.25
3/11	Anaheim	527-8003	2	.25
3/17	Orange	633-2087	1	.25
3/18	Santa Ana	545-6711	1	.25
3/19	Orange	633-3407	11	.65
3/20	Buena Park	521-9991	1	.20
3/23	Santa Ana	549-1167	3	.25
3/24	Orange	633-4300	3	.25
3/24	Orange	633-4300	4	.30
4/8	Anaheim	827-4447	1	.25
4/9	Garden Grove	539-1425	4	.24
3/9	Anaheim	535-2826	1	.25
3/9	Santa Ana	547-5526	2	.25
3/10	Anaheim	772-0584	2	.25
3/11	Santa Ana	531-8214	2	.25
3/11	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/16	Anaheim	535-2826	2	.25
3/17	Santa Ana	547-5526	1	.25
3/17	Brea	529-2505	1	.25
3/17	Garden Grove	534-3681	1	.20
3/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
3/20	Anaheim	774-5683	6	.40
3/24	Orange	532-2511	1	.25
3/24	Anaheim	535-2826	4	.30
3/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
3/24	Orange	633-4300	5	.35
3/26	Santa Ana	541-3303	1	.25
3/26	Buena Park	522-7706	2	.20
3/26	Santa Ana	541-3303	6	.40
3/27	Santa Ana	547-3333	9	.55
3/30	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
3/31	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
4/2	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
4/3	Anaheim	772-0584	1	.25
4/3	Anaheim	828-7770	3	.25

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
4/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
4/7	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/8	Anaheim	527-7707	1	.25
4/9	Garden Grove	534-2131	2	.20
3/20	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-2488	5	.50
3/18	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	1	.30
3/18	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	6	.60
3/23	Fullerton (Collect From)	526-3465	4	.40
3/19	Fullerton (Collect From)	871-0998	1	.30
4/27	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/27	Placenta	528-6661	3	.30
5/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/7	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
5/7	Anaheim	535-8532	2	.25
5/7	Newport Beach	646-4886	2	.25
5/7	Anaheim	828-3320	12	.70
5/12	Santa Ana	541-3325	1	.25
5/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	8	.45
5/5	Gardena	HE5-6318	3	.30
4/16	Anaheim	772-9222	6	.40
4/17	Newport Beach	548-5533	2	.25
4/28	Santa Ana	547-6184	3	.25
4/28	Santa Ana	547-8251	5	.35
5/1	Anaheim	772-5151	3	.25
5/8	Garden Grove	534-1150	4	.25
4/29	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	4	.30
5/5	Alhambra	AT2-9121	3	.30
5/6	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
5/7	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
4/10	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25
4/10	Anaheim	772-8111	2	.25
4/13	Santa Ana	547-6256	1	.25
4/15	Fullerton	525-5241	1	.25
4/16	Garden Grove	537-3253	1	.20
4/22	Santa Ana	549-1167	1	.25
4/22	Buena Park	521-3512	1	.20
4/23	Santa Ana	547-3333	4	.30

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
4/28	Westminster	TW3-7121	1	.15
5/1	Santa Ana	531-5162	1	.25
5/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/1	Santa Ana	542-1101	9	.55
5/4	Huntington Beach	VI7-6018	1	.20
5/11	Fullerton	526-5581	3	.25
4/10	Garden Grove	539-0926	2	.20
4/13	Santa Ana	542-1101	6	.40
4/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-7689	9	.50
4/13	Fullerton	525-1079	2	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	1	.20
4/14	Anaheim	527-2584	1	.25
4/14	Santa Ana	545-1171	2	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	3	.20
4/15	Fullerton	525-8241	7	.45
4/17	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
4/17	Fullerton	525-8473	1	.25
4/24	Anaheim	828-5425	1	.25
4/24	Placenta	528-5677	5	.50
4/29	Garden Grove	539-1822	1	.20
4/30	Anaheim	527-2233	1	.25
5/1	Buena Park	522-5142	1	.20
5/9	North Hollywood	765-6325	14	1.45
5/12	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-6018	4	.25
4/14	Garden Grove	539-1425	4	.25
4/20	Placenta	528-6661	1	.30
4/20	Anaheim	828-3977	2	.25
4/22	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
5/28	Buena Park	521-2264	1	.20
5/29	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	2	.50
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	4	.65
5/15	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/5	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
5/19	Fullerton	525-8714	3	.25

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
5/19	Anaheim	533-4376	3	.25
5/19	Anaheim	533-4376	3	.25
5/20	Anaheim	828-8090	1	.25
5/21	Garden Grove	539-2724	3	.20
5/21	Oxnard	436-2641	4	1.45
5/21	Buena Park	521-1235	2	.20
5/22	Anaheim	722-8111	1	.25
5/22	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
6/1	Huntington	VI7-6524	1	.20
6/1	Westminster	TW7-6963	7	.35
6/5	Anaheim	828-2694	1	.25
6/5	Anaheim	527-2314	2	.25
6/8	Anaheim	535-2891	5	.35
6/10	Anaheim	827-5806	1	.25
5/25	Beverly Hills	CR6-2403	4	.40
5/27	Pomona	NA2-2937	3	.40
5/27	Lomita	DA6-2533	3	.15
6/12	Los Angeles	MA7-1252	6	.40
5/15	Fullerton	525-8473	1	.25
5/19	Buena Park	521-8121	4	.25
5/19	Fullerton	871-1441	1	.25
5/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
5/21	Anaheim	533-4376	1	.25
5/22	Garden Grove	537-3158	3	.20
5/25	Huntington Beach	VI7-6524	1	.20
5/27	Santa Ana	531-8580	3	.25
5/28	Anaheim	776-7780	3	.25
5/28	Anaheim	535-2891	4	.30
5/28	Anaheim	774-4192	5	.35
6/5	Newport Beach	548-5882	2	.25
6/5	Huntington Beach	LE6-8891	4	.25
6/10	Anaheim	776-5485	1	.25
5/18	Garden Grove	530-5750	8	.45
5/19	Newport Beach	548-2266	6	.40
5/27	Santa Ana	546-0683	7	.45
5/28	Anaheim	535-2891	1	.25

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
6/5	Anaheim	772-8111	3	.25
6/9	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
6/9	Thousand Oaks	495-5741	4	.65
6/11	Anaheim	828-8080	3	.25
5/14	Garden Grove	534-2331	1	.20
5/18	Newport Beach	548-2266	2	.25
5/21	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
6/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/18	Garden Grove	534-3681	7	.40
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	1	.25
6/22	Newport Beach	646-5492	1	.25
6/22	Westminster	Tw3-2468	3	.15
6/22	Newport Beach	646-6492	10	.60
6/23	Garden Grove	534-3681	4	.25
6/23	Newport Beach	646-2491	14	.80
6/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/25	Anaheim	828-7383	2	.25
6/29	Orange	538-6089	7	.45
7/1	Placenta	528-6661	2	.30
7/1	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
7/1	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	3	.20
7/2	Orange	538-6089	8	.50
7/6	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
7/6	Orange	538-6089	5	.35
7/7	Orange	538-9528	5	.35
7/8	Orange	538-8892	12	.70
7/13	Buena Park	521-1266	1	.20
7/13	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	1	.20
7/13	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/9	Los Angeles	HO4-1890	14	1.50
6/29	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/30	Gardena	HE5-6315	3	.30
7/3	Westminster	HE5-6315	3	.30
6/10	Garden Grove	534-3681	2	.20
6/15	Pomona	NA9-4171	3	.40
6/16	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

DATE	PLACE CALLED	NUMBER CALLED	MINUTES	CHARGE
6/18	Fullerton	871-9132	1	.25
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	2	.25
6/19	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.15
6/22	Garden Grove	534-6712	29	1.50
7/6	Westminster	TW3-3536	1	.15
7/8	Anaheim	828-5425	3	.25
6/11	Santa Ana	545-5581	1	.25
6/16	Santa Ana	547-2511	1	.25
6/16	Laguna Beach	HY4-1131	1	.35
6/17	Santa Ana	547-6184	2	.25
6/18	Santa Ana	545-3298	20	1.10
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	4	.30
6/19	Newport Beach	646-6492	4	.30
6/22	Anaheim	776-8080	3	.25
6/22	Anaheim	828-7726	4	.30
6/23	Newport Beach	646-8986	1	.25
6/24	Anaheim	776-2430	7	.45
6/24	Westminster	TW7-3058	2	.15
6/24	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/29	Huntington Beach	VI7-1211	1	.20
7/1	Anaheim	776-7780	1	.25
7/1	Buena Park	521-0517	1	.20
7/1	Anaheim	527-1493	1	.25
7/2	Anaheim	828-1096	1	.25
7/6	Anaheim	776-1361	1	.25
7/7	Anaheim	774-0330	6	.40
7/10	Anaheim	772-8111	4	.30
7/13	Newport Beach	646-2672	2	.25
6/12	Riverside	685-4315	1	.50
6/16	Huntington Beach	VI7-2196	4	.25
6/19	Anaheim	828-5425	1	.25
6/23	Westminster	TW3-7576	4	.20
6/24	Huntington Beach	VI7-0184	2	.20
6/25	Westminster	TW7-7641	1	.15
6/25	Buena Park	522-3161	6	.35
6/29	Anaheim	827-1531	1	.25
6/29	Buena Park	522-5344	1	.20

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>DATE</u>	<u>PLACE CALLED</u>	<u>NUMBER CALLED</u>	<u>MINUTES</u>	<u>CHARGE</u>
7/1	Huntington Beach	VI7-1093	1	.20
7/1	Westminster	TW3-5086	4	.20
7/2	Anaheim	776-2430	4	.30
7/6	Anaheim	776-7652	3	.25
7/9	Orange	538-8892	7	.45
6/11	Garden Grove	534-3681	6	.35
6/15	Garden Grove	534-3681	3	.20
6/16	Riverside	685-4315	1	.50
6/16	Garden Grove	534-3681	5	.30
6/17	Garden Grove	534-3681		.20

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

Page number one of this memorandum shows that on June 25, 1964, a call was made from telephone number 433-6289 listed to Harry W. Olsen, 315 Obispo, Apartment 12, Long Beach, California, to Riverside, California, telephone number 688-0291. This telephone number, 688-0291, is listed to Walter A. Belk, 6585 Rexford Drive, Riverside, California.

Pages two through fifteen of this memorandum show calls made from the Doctor's Business Bureau, Hartwell Building, 19 Pine Avenue, Room 1006, Long Beach, California, telephone number HE 5-6315. The subscribers to these telephone numbers are set forth hereafter, showing the date or dates on which the number was called.

Investigation has disclosed that telephone number LA 8-7445 in Green Camp, Ohio, which was recorded as having been called from telephone number HE 5-6315 on December 27, 1963, is a non-existent number.

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
541-3663	Honda Santa Ana 1320 South Main, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64
542-4642 associated with 542-4713	American Pipe and Construction Company 2501 West 5th Street, Santa Ana, California	2/21/64
546-3090 disconnected 8/26/64	L.M. BACKUS 1141 Mohawk Drive, Santa Ana, California	3/4/64
544-6068 non-published	BOB FORD 12552 Del Rey Drive, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64 3/3/64 (2 times)
545-5057	Laurentide Corpora- tion 1859 Harbor, Costa Mesa, California	1/4/64
545-4900	MARGARET NEWLON 2131 Orange Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/16/64
547-4898	RICHARD E. GAWRYCHOWSKI 306 South Sullivan, Space 66, Santa Ana, California	1/13/64
531-6853	EDWARD J. ROWE 9410 Madison Avenue, Westminster, California	2/20/64
545-9815 Public telephone	3801 South Harbor Boulevard, Agent Voit Rubber Company, Santa Ana, California	3/10/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
542-3809	STANLEY WOOD 1726 West Hall Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/7/64
545-6711	Household Finance Company, 909 East Warner Avenue, Santa Ana, California	3/18/64
542-4705	Wright Transfer and Storage Company, 1101 East 6th, Santa Ana, California	2/6/64
521-4688	Jerry's Barbecue 6050 Manchester, Boulevard, Buena Park, California	3/2/64
521-4045	PAUL A. STROHMAN 15026 Campellos Road, La Mirada, California	2/28/64
521-7040	A & J Manufacturing Co. 6451 Roland Avenue, Buena Park, California	12/27/63 12/30/63
521-1033	GORDON P. SMITH, M.D. 5781 Beach Boulevard, Buena Park, California	3/18/64
521-2000	Cal-Russ Construction Corporation 555 South Harbor, La Habra, California	1/31/64
521-9991	Ayers Secreterial Service 4301 West Commonwealth Avenue, Suite D 4, Fullerton, California	3/17/64 3/20/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
522-1988	PAUL A. STROHMAN 15026 Campellos Road, La Mirada, California	1/3/64
522-2935 disconnected 3/23/64	U.S. Eagle Fertilizer Company, 5582 Orangethorpe Avenue, Buena Park, California	3/26/64
522-2934	Commander DAVID W. BERGER 6327 Morgan Way, Buena Park, California	1/7/64 3/9/64 3/12/64
522-6908 non-published	WILLIAM TRASK 7604 9th Street, Apartment B, Buena Park, California	2/21/64
522-2807	Beach Architectural Products 6880 A Oran Circle, Buena Park, California	3/24/64
521-9795	Tolo Patterns, Inc. 4250 Artesia Avenue, Fullerton, California	12/19/63
530-1000	Metropolitan Life Insurance Company 13163 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	2/18/64
530-4950	Family Finance Company 12111 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	1/14/64
539-0926	W.T. KING 9571 Vons Drive, Garden Grove, California	4/10/64
537-6895	JAMES D. PORTER 12551 Twintree Lane, Garden Grove, California	4/2/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
539-1822 non-published	MERLE R. NEWLAND 10132 Malinda Lane, Garden Grove, California	4/29/64
539-2724	Wells and Sons Wholesale Provisions, 11162 Wasco Road, Garden Grove, California	5/21/64
530-5750	Laurentide Finance Corporation, 12190 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	5/18/64
534-6712 non-published	CLARENCE HARRISON 12132 Bluebell Avenue, Garden Grove, California	6/22/64
534-4545	Grove Rambler Sales, Inc. 12222 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	1/7/64
534-6454	Kerko Cabinet Company 7592 Acacia, Garden Grove, California	2/24/64
539-1425	ALFRED B. DRAIS 12201 Sheridan Lane, Garden Grove, California	2/5/64 4/9/64 4/14/64 (3 times)
537-8420	TOUFIGH, RIAZ 4036 El Rancho Avenue, Apartment B, Orange, California	12/31/63
646-2672	Hyatt Drapery 1670 Superior Avenue Costa Mesa, California	7/13/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
646-8986 disconnected 7/15/64	Cadillac Gage Company 1796 Monrovia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	6/23/64
646-4886	HOWARD D. STERN 508 Redlands Avenue, Newport Beach, California	5/7/64
548-5882	A.W. HOWE 315 East 18th, Apartment A, Costa Mesa, California	6/5/64
548-3700	WILLIAM E. GOLDEN 2345 Elden Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	2/21/64
548-5533	Rosan, Inc. 2901 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	4/17/64
646-6492	ROLAND J. BOUCHARD 796 Joan, Costa Mesa, California	6/19/64 (4 times) 6/22/64 (2 times)
646-2491	Cadillac Gage Company 1866 Whittier Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	6/23/64
548-3471	Theo Robins Ford 3100 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	1/29/64 (3 times) 1/30/64 (2 times) 2/5/64 2/11/64 2/27/64
646-7443	B & H Office Supply and Equipment Company 541 Center, Costa Mesa, California	12/12/63 1/13/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
646-2431	United California Bank Newport Beach Mariners Office, 2712 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	2/7/64
646-9347	Not a working number no records	2/24/64
548-2266	RALPH FRANKLIN, M.D. 2011 Westcliff Drive, Suite 1, Newport Beach, California	5/18/64 5/19/64
646-3246 disconnected April, 1964	Bay Motors, 2054 Harbor Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	1/21/64 2/17/64
527-2584	CLARENCE HARBIN 10732 Knott Avenue, Stanton, California	4/14/64
533-4585	Coast Data Processing, Inc., 2021 West Lincoln Avenue, Suite A 5, Anaheim, California	1/3/64 3/15/64 3/17/64 3/18/64
527-7707	JOSEPH TSEN, M.D. 3321 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	4/8/64
828-7726 non-published	ERNIE MARKLEY 9744 Holder, Buena Park, California	6/22/64
827-3733	CHARLES L. STEVENS 6261 San Lorenzo Drive, Buena Park, California	2/14/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
828-7770	Arrowhead Products of Division of Federal - Mogul - Dower Ball- bearings, Inc., 4411 Katella Avenue, Los Alamitos, California	4/3/64
776-7780	Schaefer's Discount 2138 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64 7/1/64
827-5806	WILBUR M. PRICE 7406 Glenoaks Drive, Stanton, California	6/10/64
828-7797	LEON KRAUS, M.D. 3414 West Ball Road, Suite F, Anaheim, California	1/2/64 (3 times)
774-3818 non-published disconnected 3/16/64	DANIEL COPAFIAN 1807 W. Glen Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/20/63
535-2826	ROBERT L. MARTIN, Ins. 433 West Lincoln Avenue, Suite 1, Anaheim, California	2/28/64 3/6/64 (2 times) 3/9/64 3/16/64 3/24/64
527-8844	ThriftyMart, 8228 La Palma Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/9/64 (3 times)
774-6845	JOHN M. BERTELO 1873 West Elm Place, Anaheim, California	2/10/64
527-8849	WARREN F. DAILEY, Dr. 8310 Knott Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/8/64 (2 times)

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
535-2891	Bank of America, NT&SA, 150 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64(2 times) 6/8/64
527-4900	JOHN CARL KNOTEK, SR. 8507 Harrison Way, Buena Park, California	2/27/64
828-6974	HENRY NANCE 10305 Diane Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/7/64
828-3977 non-published	GUNDA MC GRATH 128 South Bella Vista, Apartment 12, Anaheim, California	4/20/64
527-8003	HENRY RICHMOND 8501 Lola Avenue, Stanton, California	2/22/64 3/11/64
776-8080	Orange County of Anaheim-Fullerton Judicial District, 1170 North Anaheim Boulevard, Anaheim, California	6/22/64
828-8080	Bank of America, Stanton Branch, 10518 Beach Boulevard, Stanton, California	6/11/64
828-1096	Stanton Nurseries, Inc. 3730 West Ball Road, Anaheim, California	3/17/64 4/10/64 6/16/64 7/2/64
828-8098	YNOCENTE RIOS 6501 Christine Circle, Buena Park, California	5/20/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
527-4600	Security Construction Company, 9741 Graham, Cypress, California	1/23/64 2/28/64 (2 times) 3/2/64
774-5683	Luskey Brothers and Company, Main Office, 608 East Broadway, Anaheim, California	3/20/64
776-7652	Dell's Real Estate 413 South Brookhurst, Anaheim, California	7/6/64
772-9643 non-published	JAMES DURON REECE 10651 Hedlund Drive, Anaheim, California	1/15/64
828-2694	LUTHER LINDSEY 10582 Asbury Avenue, Stanton, California	6/5/64
528-5677 non-published	JIM BENAUIDEZ 17251 Regulus Drive, Yorba Linda, California	4/24/64
528-6661	Western Hills Golf and Country Club, Carbon Canyon Road, Chino, California	1/6/64 3/30/64 4/7/64 4/20/64 4/27/64 (2 times) 5/12/64 7/1/64
528-6240 disconnected 7/30/64	DAVID C. ANDERSON 4672 Plumbosa, Yorba Linda, California	1/17/64
529-3049	Esco Rubber Products 130 North Brea Boulevard, Brea, California	2/27/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
529-3016	OLIVER A. TAYLOR 1442 Evergreen, Fullerton, California	1/10/64
529-2505	Brea Frozen Foods and Lockers 241 North Brea Boulevard, Brea, California	3/17/64 3/18/64
534-3681	K.C. DANFORD 1916 Robert Lane, Anaheim, California	12/13/63 12/20/63 12/26/63 (2 times) 12/27/63 12/31/63 1/6/64 (2 times) 1/7/64 (3 times) 1/9/64 (2 times) 1/13/64 (2 times) 1/15/64 1/23/64 1/30/64 1/31/64 2/3/64 2/17/64 2/18/64 2/26/64 2/28/64 3/3/64 3/4/64 (2 times) 3/5/64 3/6/64 (2 times) 3/11/64 3/17/64 3/18/64 3/19/64 3/24/64 3/31/64 4/2/64 4/16/64 4/22/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
534-3681 (continued)	K.C. DANFORD	5/1/64 (2 times) 5/7/64 5/13/64 5/19/64 5/21/64 5/29/64 6/1/64 6/9/64 6/10/64 6/11/64 6/15/64 6/16/64 6/17/64 6/18/64 (2 times) 6/19/64 6/23/64 6/24/64 (2 times) 7/1/64 7/6/64 7/13/64
534-6040	Pacific Finance Corporation 13183 Harbor Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	1/6/64 1/21/64
537-6414	Star Construction Company 12796 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	2/18/64
537-3379	VIRGIL VAN SKYOCK 12502 Twinleaf Lane, Garden Grove, California	2/7/64
534-2331	Swan Pools, Inc. 1269 Harbor Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	5/14/64
537-8269	JAMES O. KRUEGER 12502 Volkwood, Garden Grove, California	2/7/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
537-3253	Belisle's Restaurant 12001 Harbor Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	4/16/64
537-3158	Beneficial Finance Company of Garden Grove, 9654 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	5/22/64
537-5160	Palm Harbor General Hospital, 12360 Palm, Garden Grove, California	1/8/64
534-1150	Randolph Rubber Company 10631 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California	5/8/64
537-3141	U.S. Government Post Office Department, 10542 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	2/7/64
534-2131	First Western Bank and Trust Company 12976 South Euclid, Garden Grove, California	4/9/64
546-0683	HENRY A. ROY 3142 Gibraltar Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	2/7/64 2/24/64 5/27/64
542-0681	JOHN K. HERNANDEZ 1637 West Wisteria Place, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
521-7742 non-published	EVERETT ARCHER 4200 West Franklin, Fullerton, California	12/30/63(2 times) 1/3/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
522-7706	CHARLES H. FOSTER 8344 Philodendron Way, Buena Park, California	3/26/64
521-0517 working with 521-2010	La Mirada Bowling Lanes, 15011 Adelfa Drive, La Mirada, California	7/1/64
521-3512	Stanley Chevrolet, Inc. 11980 East Firestone Boulevard, Norwalk, California	2/17/64 4/22/64
522-8471	Pacific Finance 8431 La Palma, Buena Park, California	1/21/64
521-5405	DON BAXTER 14746 Rayfield Drive, La Mirada, California	12/16/63 1/9/64
522-5344	ROBERT BURNS 7925 La Costa Circle, Buena Park, California	6/29/64
521-1266	B & G Electric 7612 Commonwealth Avenue, Buena Park, California	7/13/64
521-2264	Hartshorn Plumbing, Inc. 7010 Dale Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/28/64
521-0253	Ross-Loos Medical Group 7811 Commonwealth, Buena Park, California	2/10/64
521-1235	H.J. PRZYBYLOWSKI 5943 Western Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/21/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
521-3169 non-published	LYLE H. CAMERON 15346 San Bruno Drive, La Mirada, California	1/8/64
522-3161	VALENTINE BORBON 7975 Lamona Circle, Buena Park, California	6/25/64
522-5142 disconnected 6/12/64	CELESTINO MARTINEZ 7641 Knott, Buena Park, California	2/14/64 2/25/64 5/1/64
522-6138	Ward Concrete Products Company, 5270 East Houston, Buena Park, California	2/19/64
522-1131	Knotts Berry Farm Grand, Buena Park, California	2/12/64
521-8121	JOE FERRIERA 5529 Burlingame Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/19/64
522-3114	Paul Crouch Fence Company, 7122 Orangethorpe, Buena Park, California	1/14/64 1/31/64 (2 times) 3/9/64
871-9132 non-published to 871-5290 non-published	BETTY J. MC CALL 519 South Highland Avenue, Apartment A, Fullerton, California	6/18/64
525-1153	DAVID B. KERR, Atty., 1305 West Valencia Drive, Fullerton, California	1/22/64
525-0237	ROGER C. HOPE, Atty., 246 West Commonwealth, Fullerton	3/26/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
525-5241	ALICE D. MC CARTHY 333 West Whiting Avenue, Fullerton, California	4/15/64(2 times)
871-1441	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation, Inc., 392 West Walnut, Fullerton, California	5/19/64
879-8444 disconnected 7/30/64	Harvey Concrete, 2500 West Orangethorpe, Fullerton, California	2/25/64
531-5700	GILBERT MILLER 10632 Hazard, Garden Grove, California	2/11/64
545-5581	Borg Warner Controls Division of Borg Warner Corporation 3300 Newport Avenue, Santa Ana, California	6/11/64
531-8580	MAROLYN STAFFIERI 14392 Warren, Westminster, California	5/27/64
547-5526	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, 116 B South Broadway, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64 3/9/64 3/17/64(2 times) 3/23/64
543-0518	JEROME MOORE 1202 Linwood Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/29/64
547-2511	General Motors Acceptance Corporation, 1077 West 17th, Santa Ana, California	6/16/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
531-9487	Reverend G.B. CUNNINGHAM 329 South Harbor Boulevard, Space 92, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
549-1448	Pink Garter, 1400 West McFadden, Unit 9, Santa Ana, California	12/18/63 12/20/63
545-0416	Medical-Dental- Hospital Bureau of Orange County, Inc., 1914 Newport Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	1/8/64
542-2381 disconnected 8/5/64	Great Western Leasing Company, 123 East 11th, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
544-6333	GRAHAM H. BELL 1311 Lucinda Way, Tustin, California	12/20/63
547-3333	Title Insurance and Trust Company, 800 North Main, Santa Ana, California	2/4/64 3/27/64 4/23/64
526-3465 disconnected 6/11/64	Parkersburg Sales and Service, 4301 West Commonwealth, Fullerton, California	3/18/64 (2 times) 3/23/64 3/25/64
525-8473	McGuire's Sheet Metal Office, 1213 South State College Boulevard, Fullerton, California	4/17/64 5/15/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
526-2488	Instrumental and Mechanical Service 413 West Amerige, Fullerton, California	3/20/64
526-5581	Astro Electronics 1160 East Ash, Fullerton, California	5/11/64
525-7714	J. PIERCE CONATY, M.D. 1431 North Harbor, Fullerton, California	2/24/64
525-8714	Maan Oil Company 2045 West Commonwealth Avenue, Fullerton, California	5/19/64
871-0998	HOWARD C. KAYLOR 1523 North Highland Avenue, Fullerton, California	3/19/64
525-7043	HELEN L. SMITH 235 South Pacific Drive, Fullerton, California	1/8/64
871-1078 non-published	DANNY J. SILVA 424 West Avenue, Apartment C, Fullerton, California	12/16/63
525-1079 disconnected 6/11/64	Shermans Automatic Transmission 236 South Brookhurst, Fullerton, California	4/13/64
633-6406	CHARLES PALEN 4034 Del Valle Avenue, Orange, California	3/9/64
633-4300	Farmers Insurance Group, 2401 West Chapman, Santa Ana, California	3/24/64 (3 times)

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
772-8111	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation 3311 East La Palma, Anaheim, California	12/30/63 1/20/64 1/29/64 2/5/64 3/20/64 (2 times) 4/10/64 5/22/64 (2 times) 6/5/64 7/10/64
776-7111	City of Anaheim Police Department 425 South Harbor Boulevard, Anaheim, California	12/12/63
776-0110	City of Anaheim City Hall 204 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	3/16/64
772-7130 disconnected 3/25/64	Murray Manar Liquors 911 North Brookhurst, Anaheim, California	12/18/63
535-1143	Cone Brothers Chevrolet 215 North Anaheim; (used car lot) 1044 North Los Angeles Anaheim, California	3/12/64
827-2130	Walker & Lee Inc. 8031 Stanton Avenue, Cypress, California (Real Estate)	3/24/64
772-5151	Laura Scudders 1525 North East Street, Anaheim, California	2/27/64 5/1/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
774-4192	Security First National Bank, 347 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64
772-9222	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation 1001 East Ball Road, Anaheim, California	4/16/64
527-2233	Delco-Remy Division General Motors Corp. 1201 North Magnolia Avenue, Anaheim, California	4/30/64
828-9257	MARY VIDRINE SARGIS 6821 San Alto Way, Buena Park, California	3/10/64
827-4267	JOSEPH G. SMALLEY 6584 Lassen Drive, Buena Park, California	3/13/64
772-2267 non-published	DELMIN LARKIN 10162 Gilbert, Anaheim, California	1/21/64
765-6325	FRANK PAPPALARDO 7633 Whitsett, North Hollywood, California	5/9/64
HO 4-1890	GEORGE W. ELDER 2630 Creston Drive, Los Angeles, California	6/9/64
CR 6-2403	DENIS FABIAN, M.D., 442 South Rexford Apt. 306, Beverly Hills, California	5/25/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
FA 1-0786	Craven Tool and Dye Company 1736 West 130th Street, Gardena, California	3/18/64
MA 2-8748 non-published	Doctor's Business Bureau 617 South Olive 4th Floor, Los Angeles, California	4/2/64
MA 7-1252	Doctor's Business Bureau of Southern California 617 South Olive Street 4th Floor, Los Angeles, Calif- ornia	12/12/63 1/14/64 1/17/64 1/28/64 2/28/64 3/11/64 3/27/64 4/29/64 5/6/64 5/7/64 6/12/64
624-8054	Security Consulators 257 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, California	1/29/64
AT 2-9121	General Business Forms 539 West Main Street, Alhambra, California	1/10/64 2/24/64 5/5/64
DA 6-2533	E. E. Meyer Contractor 23204 Walnut, Torrance, California	5/27/64
HE 5-6318	Doctor's Business Bureau 10 Pine - Room 1210 Hartwell Building, Long Beach, California	5/15/64 6/5/64 6/29/64 6/30/64
HE 5-6315	The Doctor's Business Bureau, Room 1210, Hartwell Building, Long Beach, California	5/15/64 6/5/64 6/29/64 6/30/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
875-3030	JOSEPH PARROS 110 East Morgan Avenue, Rialto, California	2/28/64
685-4315	JOHN SHEFFIELD 7418 Font, Riverside, California	6/12/64 6/16/64
342-2831	PATRICK L. BENSON 19526 Hartland, Reseda, California	1/30/64
827-0290	Dr. CHRISTOPHER J. SMITH 129 A. South Topango Drive, Anaheim, California	1/3/64
828-8307 disconnected 7/23/64	DANIEL CHAMBERS 10571 Court Avenue, Stanton, California	1/13/64
527-2314 non-published	NICKIE DELLACIOPPA 10588 Asberry Avenue, Stanton, California	6/5/64
828-3320	WALTER J. SCHOEPPNER 10201 Beaver Circle, Cypress, California	5/7/64
774-0330	Jewell Tea Company, Inc. 1000 East Ball Road, Anaheim, California	7/7/64
776-1361	First Republic Finance Company 305 South State College Boulevard, Anaheim, California	7/6/64
527-9370	Public Telephone 3450 West Ball Road, Anaheim, California	1/28/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
533-4376	D & L Drive-All 548C Central Park Avenue, Anaheim, California	2/7/64 4/17/64 5/19/64 (2 times) 5/21/64
828-7383	Mobile Holdings Corp. 4656 Lincoln Avenue, Cypress, California	12/18/63 6/25/64
823-8394	C. HERBERT EACHUS 8612 Stanton Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/12/63 (2 times)
828-2408 non-published	R. D. WALKER 10021 Blanchi Circle, Buena Park, California	2/17/64
772-4410	Pacific Finance Branch Office Anaheim 532 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	1/21/64
828-5425	MIKE MC CONIGAL 630 South Knott Avenue, Apt. D, Anaheim, California	4/24/64 6/19/64 7/8/64
776-2430	Weaver, Radzik and Elias - Attorneys 1695 West Crescent, Anaheim, California	6/24/64 7/2/64
827-4447	PAUL F. BONELLA 2673 West Trojan Place, Anaheim, California	4/8/64
774-1450	Anaheim Memorial Hospi- tal 1111 West La Palma Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/20/63 1/14/64
776-5485 non-published	HERMON B. NIELSEN 116 West Stuckle Avenue, Anaheim, California	6/10/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
527-1493 disconnected 8/21/64, moving	MILTON E. RAMEY 10271 Sentry Drive, Stanton, California	7/1/64
827-5515	CECIL D. BELLAMY 3518 Mungall Drive, Apt. 4, Anaheim, California	2/25/64
527-6517	J. L. KELLUM 6215 San Ricardo Way, Buena Park, California	1/17/64
827-1531	WINTON A. BURNETT 8532 Tamarock Way, Buena Park, California	6/29/64
535-8532	Macres Florist 701 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/7/64
828-1559 disconnected 8/8/64	JACK VAN HEEL 6363 San Revaldo Circle, Buena Park, California	12/27/63
772-0584	WALTER C. RALSTON, M.D. 1701 Euclid Avenue, Anaheim, California	3/10/64 4/3/64 (2 times)
541-3325	Damian's Cleopatra Beauty Salon 1525 East 17th Street, Santa Ana, California	5/12/64
541-3303	First Fidelity Mortgage Company 2114 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	3/26/64 (2 times)
545-3298	R. J. RICHARDSON, SR. 2885 Ballow Lane, Costa Mesa, California	6/18/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
547-6256	Prudential Acceptance Corp. 221 East 17th, Santa Ana, California	4/13/64
547-8251	Universal C.I.T. Corp. Suite E, 1104 East 17th Street, Santa Ana, California	2/28/64 4/28/64
547-7251	Security Title Insurance Company 825 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	1/20/64
531-8214	DOUGLAS KENT NIXON 9391 Madison Avenue, Westminster, California	2/20/64 2/28/64 3/11/64 3/16/64
547-6184	Katnik-Katnik Cuvard, Attorneys 1205 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	4/28/64 6/17/64
545-5180 disconnected 5/11/64	Jackson Auto Building 2525 South Birch, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64
545-1171	Seaboard Finance Company 2300 Harbor Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	4/14/64
549-1167	Allied Asphalt Paving Company 1409 East Warner, Santa Ana, California	1/23/64 2/25/64 (2 times) 3/16/64 3/23/64 4/22/64
531-5162	MARSHALL R. KING 5428 Highland, Santa Ana, California	5/1/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
545-8151	Glass-Laminates 849 West 18th, Costa Mesa, California	1/30/64
542-1101	Telephone Company Business Office, 1015 North Main Street, Santa Ana, California	4/13/64 5/1/64
538-6089	W. E. MEYER 11502 East Santiago Boulevard, Orange, California	6/29/64 7/2/64 7/6/64
633-2087	ROBERT I. BUCHHEIDER 16872 Albion Lane, Orange, California	1/7/64 1/14/64 1/21/64 3/17/64
538-6024	JAMES K. SEIRUP 1801 East Witson Avenue, Apt. 3 E, Orange, California	2/20/64
538-8892	Orange Credit Service 550 A East Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	7/8/64 7/9/64
538-9528	Orange Credit Service 550 A East Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	7/7/64
633-3521	Silman Chevrolet Co. 402 West Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	3/23/64
532-2511	Farmers Insurance Group 1137 West Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	3/24/64
633-3407	ART FISHER 334 East Chestnut Avenue, Orange, California	3/19/64 3/24/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
495-5741	N. J. DURANT 706 Combs Road Thousand Oaks, California	6/9/64 (3 times)
495-4979	OSCAR RICHEY 2445 Calle Narciso Thousand Oaks, California	2/22/64
486-2641	Ventura County 242 West 2nd Street Oxnard, California	5/21/64
NA 2-2937	M & M Printing & Plastic Product 432 West Monterey Pomona, California	5/27/64
NA 9-4171	Los Angeles County of Agriculture Commission 350 West 5th Street Pomona, California	6/15/64
TW 3-1432 non-published	JACK L. RISLEY 13652 Monroe Westminster, California	2/13/64
TW 7-4234	KENNETH R. PIETTY 6942 Sowell Avenue Westminster, California	2/21/64
TW 3-1101	JOHN E. MC PHERSON 6002 Calvin Circle Huntington Beach, California	2/12/64
TW 3-7121	RICK LESHER 15841 Topaz Circle Westminster, California	4/28/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
HE 5-6315	Dr Business Bureau #10 Pine Heartwell Building Room 1210 Long Beach, California	7/3/64
TW 3-4521	Bank of America 6951 Westminster Westminster, California	1/9/64
TW 3-7576	Riley Realtor 14341 Beach Westminster, California	6/23/64
TW 3-3536	Michael C. Inc. 8501 East Bolsa Avenue, Midway, California	7/6/64
TW 7-6580 non-published	BETTY ANN ERNA 7322 21st Street, Apt. 24 Westminster, California	1/20/64
TW 7-4817	D. SPRANKLE 6642 Halifax Huntington Beach, California	12/20/63
VI 7-3488	WILLIAM H. RIALE 16132 Warren Huntington Beach, California	3/25/64
VI 7-6524	EDWARD WING 16251 Honolulu Huntington Beach, California	5/25/64 6/1/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
LE 6-9872	HERSHEL ENGLISH 9581 Albacore Drive Huntington Beach, California	2/18/64
VI 7-8817	RONALD CORRIGAN 16251 Fairway Huntington Beach, California	2/25/64 3/26/64 4/9/64
VI 7-4590	RICHARD G. BEGIN 17108 Edgewater Huntington Beach, California	3/18/64
VI 7-1211	La Rue Realty Company 17081 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	6/29/64
VI 7-2327	W. F. CARDINAL 18662 Florida Avenue Huntington Beach, California	1/14/64
LE 6-8891	Marshal of Orange County 520 Magnolia Huntington Beach, California	6/5/64
VI 7-6018	Altadena Escrow Corp. 17847 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	4/13/64 5/4/64
VI 7-6031	Fantastic Fair 16672 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	1/9/64
VI 7-1090	CLYDE A. DAWSON 6911 Clara Huntington Beach, California	2/4/64

REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
VI 7-1093	C. E. WAYMIRE 16231 Fairway Lane Huntington Beach, California	7/1/64 (2 times) 7/13/64
892-2819	D. M. CARTERDING 11550 Western Avenue Stanton, California	2/13/64
TW 7-2833	ROBERT W. OWENS 12851 Taylor Garden Grove, California	2/20/64
TW 3-2468	La Rue Realty Corp. 15541 Beach Westminster, California	6/22/64
TW 3-7931	MARTIN QUIJAS 7702 Yorkshire Avenue Stanton, California	2/11/64
TW 7-1948 non-published	WILLIAM L. ROSE 7972 Lampson Avenue, Apt. 11 Garden Grove, California	4/8/64
TW 7-6963	JOHN ROSS 9172 Glenridge Avenue Westminster, California	1/9/64 6/1/64
TW 7-3058	J. L. SLOAN 7692 Yorkshire Avenue Stanton, California	6/24/64
TW 7-7991	J. C. KALEBAUGH 7201 21st Street Westminster, California	2/12/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
TW 3-5086	Household Finance Corp. 14015 Beach Westminster, California	7/1/64
TW 3-3616	B. M. SIMMONS 13841 Linnert Garden Grove, California	2/13/64
TW 3-3633	Mitchells Retreading Service 12943 South Sycamore Garden Grove, California	1/28/64 2/22/64
TW 7-7641	JAMES A. BLAISDELL 5882 Andy Avenue Garden Grove, California	6/25/64
VI 7-8209	SUDA BROWN 16557 Graham Place Huntington Beach, California	3/2/64
VI 7-2196	P. E. POSKIMS 8572 Glasgow Circle Huntington Beach, California	6/16/64
VI 7-6287	BURYLE C. HEMERICK 17472 Zeider Huntington Beach, California	1/29/64
VI 7-0184	H. W. COTTRELL 17530 Santa Domingo Fountain Valley, California	6/24/64

**REPORT OF LONG DISTANCE
TELEPHONE CALLS**

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
VI 7-7689	Unable to locate; appears to be an off group	4/13/64
HY 4-9057 (Paystation)	Laguna Canyon Club 21162 Laguna Road Laguna Beach, California	2/21/64
HY 4-1131	Tommy Ayres Chevrolet 350 Broadway Laguna Beach, California	6/16/64
PY 7-4406	PAUL A. HARDING 190 East Pine Altadena, California	2/11/64

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHIPMAN COOPER
HALE B. AGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLAN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

SEP 4 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

An examination of the Commission's files does not reveal that a complete check has been made of long distance telephone calls from Fort Worth, Texas, number Jefferson 4-8525 for November 22, 23 and 24, 1963. That number was listed to Mr. Bruce Ray Carlin.

The Commission would appreciate your examining your own files and providing such report if it is available or conducting such further investigation as may be necessary.

Sincerely

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

EXP-PROO
35-SEP-8-1964

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REC 4
EX-108

2006
SEP 8 1964
16

SIN

9/9/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) — 2006

JACK L. RUEY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a letter from the President's Commission dated 9/4/64 requesting that a check be made of long-distance telephone calls from the telephone listed to Bruce Ray Carlin for the period 11/22/63 and 24/63.

You will note that the Commission by letter dated March 2, 1964, requested a check of phone calls from his telephone, Jefferson 4-8525, for the period 9/26/63 to 11/22/63. This check was made and the results furnished to the Commission by report of SA Manning C. Clements at Dallas dated 3/28/64. It is possible that the check for the three days requested has also been made but results of this check cannot readily be located in Bureau files.

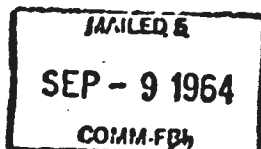
Upon receipt check your files to determine if such a check has been made and, if so, advise identity of communication setting forth the results. If not previously checked, promptly make appropriate check for the period requested and submit results by letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination to the President's Commission.

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras
(4)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____



MAIL ROOM ☐

TYPE UNIT ☐

79 SEP 14 1964

XEROX
SEP 11 1964

080801-29

NOTE:

The Commission by letter 3/2/64 requested a check of toll records for telephones listed to Ruby, all of his relatives, Carlin and a number of other associates of Ruby for the period 9/26/63, which is the date on which President Kennedy's trip to Dallas was publicly announced, and 11/22/63, the date of the assassination. This was done and results submitted. At other times the Commission has requested a telephone check of Ruby and certain associates for the period 11/22/63 and 24/63 and subsequent periods in some instances, however, it does not appear from review of Commission's request that they have made this specific request before re Carlin. Carlin is the common law husband of Karen Eennett, the stripper employed by Ruby to whom he sent the money order on the morning of 11/24/63.

September 10, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - W. A. Branigan
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed for your information are two copies each of two newspaper articles. One article by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the September 3, 1964, issue of the "New York Journal - American" and the other article by Paul Hatheway appeared in the September 3, 1964, issue of the "New York World - Telegram and the Sun."

Both articles are primarily concerned with public assertions made by Mr. Mark Lane concerning his theories on the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy. Considerable information regarding Mr. Lane has been previously furnished to you.

No further action is being taken with regard to these articles unless specifically advised to the contrary by you.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (4)

1 - Dallas 89-43 Enclosures (3)
RDR:pah
(15)
62-109060
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
1 - 100-409763 (Mark Lane)
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
199 SEP 11 1964

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO, FOR SAC, DALLAS.

73 SEP 14 1964

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

ReNYairtel dated 9/3/64 enclosing copies of the above referred to newspaper articles. One copy of New York's airtel and the enclosed articles are furnished for your information. Subsequent reporting of this material is not desired.

NOTE: Lane is the New York attorney who injected himself into the Oswald case through the "National Guardian" newspaper. Lane has been married often, has engaged in [REDACTED] and is known to be associated with communist dominated organizations. He has been making speeches around the country and particularly in New York endeavoring to prove that Oswald was innocent. His material is based on malicious half truths and theories. The article by Kilgallen relates to a thoroughly investigated allegation made by Lane in his testimony before the President's Commission that a meeting took place at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11/14/63 between Bernard Weissman, officer J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed the controversial full page ad in the Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. The Kilgallen article rehashes this allegation and adds a new dimension in that a fourth individual allegedly attended this meeting at the Carousel Club who is identified by Kilgallen as a "rich oil man." The article by Hathaway briefly discusses Lane's continuing lectures on the assassination and their effect on the general public. Hathaway claims Lane speaks with logic and many people come away believing his theories. We have furnished the Commission numerous items relating to Lane's speeches, newspaper articles and the like. It is not felt any additional investigation is warranted.

FBI

Date: 9/7/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas and New York, 9/4/64, enclosing a copy of President's Commission letter, 9/3/64, requesting display of six Commission photographs to designated individuals and the obtaining of a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD as appearing on page A-25 of the 11/25/63, issue of the "Dallas Morning News".

Enclosed herewith are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating the results of the requested investigation.

By routing slip, the six photographs were sent AMSD on 9/5/64, to the New York Office for their use in displaying the photographs to GEORGE SENATOR mentioned in referenced Commission letter, (per Dallas and Bureau teletypes of 9/5/64).

Inquiry at the "Dallas Morning News" on 9/6/64, noted that their newspapers are numbered by numerical sections and not by alphabetical lettering. Review of the 11/25/63, issue of the "Dallas Morning News" fails to disclose a page "A-25" or a page "1-25". However, the 11/25/63, issue of the "Dallas Times Herald" has a page "A-25", which is composed of four photographs, including one in the upper left corner of LEE HARVEY OSWALD being led by two individuals. By teletype dated 9/7/64, the Bureau was requested to contact the President's Commission to determine if the latter is the photograph which they requested.

② - Bureau (Enc. 10) (RM)
2 - Dallas
RJB:pm
(5)

14 SEP 9 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 7, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

By letter dated September 3, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy furnished six photographs believed to show Jack Ruby. The Commission requested that these six photographs be displayed to five designated individuals requesting that each identify Ruby in each picture.

The President's Commission also requested that the police officer in photograph No. 6 be identified and interviewed.

There follow hereafter the results of the requested interviews.

COPIES DESTROYED

4
2007
ENCLOSURE

1Date September 7, 1964

ANDREW ARMSTRONG, JR., Apartment C, 3821 Dixon, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at one of his places of employment, the Connecticut Village Apartments, Connecticut Lane, Dallas, Texas. Mr. ARMSTRONG reviewed all six photographs and stated as follows:

Photograph No. 1 - ARMSTRONG identified JACK L. RUBY as the person wearing glasses appearing in the upper right side of the photograph.

Photograph No. 2 - ARMSTRONG identified JACK L. RUBY as the individual wearing glasses in the upper right corner of the photograph.

Photograph No. 3 - ARMSTRONG pointed out RUBY as the individual whose back portion of the head appears in the center of the picture.

Photograph No. 4 - ARMSTRONG stated that RUBY is the bald man in the foreground with his right hand in his pocket and his back to the camera.

Photograph No. 5 - ARMSTRONG stated that JACK L. RUBY is the individual standing in the foreground in about the center of the photograph.

Photograph No. 6 - ARMSTRONG stated that JACK L. RUBY is identical to the individual standing in the foreground in about the center of the photograph.

There was no doubt whatsoever in ARMSTRONG's mind that JACK RUBY is identical to the person appearing in the aforementioned photographs.

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21 JAN 3 1973

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

ENCLOSURE

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date September 7, 1964

BRUCE W. McLEAN, owner, McLean Hair Experts, Room 1423, Dallas Athletic Club, 1805 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, who resides at 7306 Mimosa Lane, Dallas, was interviewed in his office.

Mr. McLEAN stated that JACK L. RUBY is the person who is depicted in the upper right side of photographs 1 and 2. In these photographs RUBY is wearing dark glasses and is attired in a business suit.

In regard to photographs 3 through 6, McLEAN stated that while the individual is believed by him to be RUBY, he does not feel that he can make a positive identification of RUBY being pictured in any of these photographs. He stated that he is just not positive of this identification of RUBY, and would not want to make the positive statement that RUBY is depicted in any of these photographs.

COPIES DESTROYED

2 1 JAN 2 1973

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date September 7, 1964

CLYDE F. GOODSON, Police Officer, Dallas Police Department, was interviewed at his residence, 6529 Oletz Drive, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. GOODSON viewed the six photographs furnished by the President's Commission and commented that he does not feel that he knew RUBY well enough to make an unqualified identification of RUBY in any of these six photographs.

Officer GOODSON stated that RUBY appears to him to be identical with the individual in the upper right corner of photographs 1 and 2. In regard to photographs 3 through 6, GOODSON stated that he cannot say one way or the other whether the individual believed to be JACK L. RUBY in these photographs is positively RUBY.

COPIES DESTROYED

SEP 2 1973

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

1Date September 7, 1964

VICTOR F. ROBERTSON, JR., employee, Dallas radio station WFAA, was interviewed at his residence, 414 North Willomet, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. ROBERTSON identified, without any qualifications, the individual appearing in the upper right corner of photographs 1 and 2, attired in a business suit and wearing glasses, as JACK L. RUBY.

ROBERTSON stated that the individual believed to be RUBY in photograph No. 3 is "possibly" RUBY; however, he cannot make a positive statement to this effect.

In regard to photographs 4, 5 and 6, ROBERTSON stated he, himself, appears in these photographs, but he does not recall having seen RUBY behind him at the time these photographs were taken. He noted that the individual believed to be RUBY in these photographs is thinner than what he remembers JACK RUBY to be. He added that he personally does not feel that RUBY is the individual depicted in photographs 4, 5 and 6, as the bald-headed man standing in the foreground of these three pictures.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

1Date September 7, 1964

GABRIEL D. MACIAS, Badge No. 1374, Dallas Police Department, a resident of 3005 Klondike, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department.

MACIAS viewed photograph No. 6 and identified himself as the police officer who appears on the right-hand side of the photograph who is moving in the direction of the man believed to be JACK RUBY.

MACIAS stated he was on duty for only a few minutes on the third floor of the Police Department on the night of November 22, 1963, and his assignment was to keep the reporters and cameramen in the hallway moving in order to keep the aisle cleared. MACIAS stated that he only vaguely knows JACK L. RUBY, and he does not recall having seen RUBY on the third floor of the Police Department during the very short time he was on duty at that assignment.

Officer MACIAS viewed photograph No. 6, in which he is shown, and stated that he cannot identify RUBY as being an individual shown in that photograph as he does not feel that he knew RUBY well enough to make an identification from this photograph.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 9/9/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka-VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS
 (OO: DALLAS)

ReBuairtel to NY 9/4/64, enclosing letter of
 President's Commission dated 9/3/64;

New York teletype to the Bureau 9/5/64, and
 Dallas teletype to the Bureau and New York 9/5/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of LHM
 with FD 302 interview of GEORGE SENATOR on 9/8/64 attached.
 Two copies of AP photographs of JACK RUBY which was
 published on page 12 of the New York Times 9/25/63, are
 also enclosed.

These six photographs furnished by the President's
 Commission which are referred to in their letter are
 returned herewith.

Two copies of LHM with FD 302 interview of
 SENATOR are being furnished to Dallas.

In the event Dallas desires additional copies
 of FD 302 interview with GEORGE SENATOR, Dallas should
 advise New York.

3-Bureau (44-24016) (Encls. 18)
 2-Dallas (44-1639) (Encls. 2)
 1-New York (44-974)

JJR:arf
 (7)
 1-25

REC-1

SEP 10 1964

2003

79 SEP 16 1964

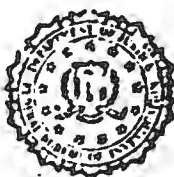
Approved:

TC G. Wick, Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 9, 1964

Interview with George Senator
September 8, 1964
Photograph of Jack Ruby
published page 12 New York Times
November 25, 1963

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter September 3, 1964, requested that George Senator identify Jack Ruby in a group of six photographs. This letter also requested that a photograph of Jack Ruby published on page 12 of the New York Times, November 25, 1963, be obtained.

Mrs. Arlene Wilson, Information Assistant, New York Times, 229 West 43rd Street, New York, New York, on September 8, 1964, exhibited on microfilm, page 12 of the New York Times, November 25, 1963, which depicted a photograph of Jack Ruby in handcuffs.

Mrs. Wilson indicated this photograph was an Associated Press photograph, which would have to be obtained from Associated Press.

F. A. Resch, Executive Newsphoto Editor, Associated Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, on September 9, 1964, furnished a photograph which depicts Jack Ruby in handcuffs standing along side a police officer. This is believed to be the photograph published on page 12, New York Times, November 25, 1963.

The interview with George Senator, September 8, 1964, New York, New York, follows.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

411 1111 2108
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 9, 1964

Interview with George Senator
September 8, 1964
Photograph of Jack Ruby
published page 12 New York Times
November 25, 1963

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by letter September 3, 1964, requested that George Senator identify Jack Ruby in a group of six photographs. This letter also requested that a photograph of Jack Ruby published on page 12 of the New York Times, November 25, 1963, be obtained.

Mrs. Arlene Wilson, Information Assistant, New York Times, 229 West 43rd Street, New York, New York, on September 8, 1964, exhibited on microfilm, page 12 of the New York Times, November 25, 1963, which depicted a photograph of Jack Ruby in handcuffs.

Mrs. Wilson indicated this photograph was an Associated Press photograph, which would have to be obtained from Associated Press.

F. A. Resch, Executive Newsphoto Editor, Associated Press, 50 Rockefeller Plaza, on September 9, 1964, furnished a photograph which depicts Jack Ruby in handcuffs standing along side a police officer. This is believed to be the photograph published on page 12, New York Times, November 25, 1963.

The interview with George Senator, September 8, 1964, New York, New York, follows.

Date

9/9/64

GEORGE SENATOR who resides at the Bristol Hotel, 129 West 48th Street, room 1211 and is employed as a cashier at the Mr. Kishka Restaurant, 150 West 49th Street, Manhattan, New York, was interviewed on September 8, 1964.

The six photographs furnished by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY were exhibited to GEORGE SENATOR.

He identified JACK RUBY in photographs one and two as the man standing in the last row, right hand side, dressed in a dark suit, wearing a tie and carrying a handkerchief in his breast pocket.

On observing photographs three and four, SENATOR said he believed RUBY in photograph three was the slightly bald man in the center of the picture shown walking out of the door and in photograph four he believed that RUBY was the slightly bald man in the foreground with his right hand in his pocket and his back to the camera. SENATOR believed that JACK RUBY was the man shown in photograph five and six who is depicted standing in the foreground in about the center of the photographs.

SENATOR was unable to identify the police officer who appears on the right hand side of photograph six.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

On 9/8/64 at New York, New York File # NY 44-974
by SA JAMES J. ROGERS/dmb Date dictated 9/9/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

PERIODICALLY

FBI

Date: 9/9/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

To AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

Rebuairtel to Los Angeles 9/1/64, entitled "STEPHEN COLT, aka, Deke Miles, INFORMATION CONCERNING," a copy of which is enclosed for Dallas.

Review of Los Angeles files disclosed that DE ROSTUS MC COLLOUGH MILES, aka Deke Miles, Stephen Colt, was initially interviewed by SA JAY E. BAILEY on 11/29/63 in captioned matter. On the occasion of this interview, MILES indicated he was director of a show "How Hollywood Makes Movies" which appeared at the State Fairgrounds, Dallas, Texas, during the latter part of 1963, and furnished information regarding his acquaintanceship and knowledge of RUBY.

On 6/26/64, MILES called the Los Angeles Office and identified himself as having known RUBY quite well, indicating he was previously interviewed in this matter by Special Agents of the Los Angeles Office. He said he was calling from a bar; that he had lost a ring valued at \$450 in the bar and that the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) refused to come to the bar to take a stolen report or take any other action. MILES requested that the FBI contact the LAPD to seek their cooperation in going to the bar to obtain his ring. MILES was emphatically advised that no action in this regard could or would be taken by the FBI.

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas (44-1639)(Info)(Encl 1) REC-1
2 - Los Angeles
JEB/bjk
(6)

SEP 10 1964

Approved: WSS
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

SEP 16 1964

LA 44-895

On 8/14/64, MILES was re-interviewed by SAS CHARLES I. CARTER and PHILLIP B. DEILY for additional information pertaining to his previous acquaintanceship with RUBY.

On 8/25/64, MILES called the Los Angeles Office to request that SA JIM BAILEY be advised that he had been picked up by the LAPD for carrying a concealed weapon but that he was not booked. He subsequently called the Los Angeles Office and stated that what he previously told the FBI concerning RUBY was true, but that he felt "someone" might try to make him change his story.

On 9/2/64, MILES, who presently resides at 984 South Normandie Avenue, Apartment 101, Los Angeles, California, telephone DU 9-1731, telephonically advised SA JAY E. BAILEY that he had become intoxicated a couple nights ago and in order to impress a girl friend with the fact that he was acquainted with JACK RUBY, he had called the Dallas Jail and made inquiry about talking to RUBY. MILES stated he wanted the FBI to be aware of this call and indicated that no significance should be attached thereto.

Based on the foregoing, it would appear that when MILES becomes intoxicated, he is inclined to impress others with his knowledge and acquaintanceship with RUBY.

The foregoing is submitted for the information of the Bureau and Dallas.

FBI WASH D. C. 24

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 5 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI DALLAS

1250 PM CST URGENT 9-5-64 FLL

TO DIRECTOR \44-24016\ AND NEW YORK \44-974\

FROM DALLAS \44-1639\ 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA\ LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM.

REBUAIRTEL TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK DATED SEPTEMBER FOUR LAST
ENCLOSING COPY OF COMMISSIONS LETTER OF SEPTEMBER THREE REQUESTING
DALLAS OFFICE TO DISPLAY SIX ENCLOSED PHOTOGRAPHS FURNISHED BY
COMMISSION TO SPECIFIED INDIVIDUALS.

ON DESIGNATED PERSON IS GEORGE SEANTOR WHO LAST KNOWN BY
DALLAS OFFICE TO BE RESIDING IN CARE OF CHESTERFIELD HOTEL, ONE
THREE ZERO WEST FOUR NINE STREET, NEW YORK CITY, OR IN CARE OF
SISTER MRS. A. J. WEISBERG, TWO TWO FIVE FIVE GRAND CONCOURSE,
BRONX, NEW YORK.

DALLAS BELIEVES NEW YORK OFFICE RECENTLY INTERVIEWED SENATOR
IN NEW YORK AUGUST LAST IN REGARDS MATTER IN NEW YORK FILE EIGHT
NINE DASH SEVEN FIVE.

IN VIEW OF SHORT DEADLINE INSTANT MATTER BUREAU REQUESTED TO
IMMEDIATELY FURNISH NEW YORK OFFICE WITH SET OF SIX PHOTOGRAPHS
FURNISHED IN REFERENCED COMMISSION LETTER IN ORDER FOR NEW YORK
TO HANDLE REQUESTED INTERVIEW WITH GEORGE SENATOR.

EN CORR LINE 6 WORD 1—"ONE"

LINE 9 LAST WORD "CONCOURSE"

WA FOR RELAY TO NY

WA LLD FOR RELAY

FBI WASH DC

RELAYED TO

REC-1
2010
SEP 11 1964
Rel to New York
9/5/64
6-7

9/5/64

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - Mr. Green

TO SACS DALLAS AND NEW YORK (44-1639) (44- 974)
FROM DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016) — 2010

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM.
CIVIL RIGHTS.

RE DL TEL THIS DATE.

NO COPIES OF PHOTOGRAPHS AVAILABLE AT BUREAU.

DALLAS COMPLETE INTERVIEWS ON EXPEDITE BASIS AND
IMMEDIATELY THEREAFTER FORWARD PHOTOGRAPHS TO NEW
YORK AMSD.

DJG/pab

(3)

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 5 1964

TELETYPE

U. S. DEPT OF JUSTICE
F. B. I.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

21 10 00 AM '64

RECEIVED
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE
DIVISION

SEP 16 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☒

FBI

Date: 9/9/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

At approximately 9:00 a.m., 9/9/64, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of deceased victim, telephonically contacted SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN and advised that Attorney JERRY MURAD, whose name has been mentioned in the newspapers the last several days as being considered by RUBY "kin", had been involved with her (Mrs. OSWALD) from the beginning. Mrs. OSWALD stated that Deputy Sheriff BILL BROWN of Fort Worth, Texas, came to her house on 11/28/63 and stayed at her house for 24 hours a day. He immediately wanted to become her business manager and wanted her to write a book. He suggested Attorney JERRY MURAD and had MURAD draw up a contract, which she refused to sign. She stated BROWN became indignant and took all the newspaper clippings out of her house and left at 12:00 midnight. She stated she could not understand why he stayed 24 hours a day when he was only supposed to work 8 hours.

Mrs. OSWALD inquired as to who suggested that JERRY MURAD act as attorney for RUBY. She stated there must be some connection between RUBY, BROWN and MURAD.

It should be noted that "The Fort Worth Press", Fort Worth, Texas, on 9/8/64 carried an article wherein Mrs. EVA GRANT, sister of RUBY, denied reports that the RUBY family was seeking to hire Fort Worth attorney JERRY MURAD as an addition to the RUBY defense staff.

③ Bureau
2 - Dallas

RPG/jtf
(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 16 1964

105-82555-

DL 44-1639

Mrs. OSWALD had telephonically contacted the Fort Worth Resident Agency at 8:40 a.m., 9/9/64, at which time she mentioned her suspicions concerning JERRY MURAD, and she again telephonically contacted the Fort Worth Resident Agency at 9:45 a.m., 9/9/64, after she had talked with SAC SHANKLIN, again mentioning her suspicions concerning JERRY MURAD.

The above is being furnished the Bureau for its information, and no action is contemplated UACB.

September 10, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of September 3, 1964, enclosing six photographs of Jack L. Ruby and requesting that we have certain named persons identify Ruby in these photographs. It was also requested that we obtain a photograph of Jack L. Ruby published on page 12 of the "New York Times" on November 25, 1963, and a photograph of Lee Oswald printed on page A-25 of the "Dallas Morning News" on November 25, 1963.

Enclosed herewith are two copies each of a memorandum dated September 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, and a memorandum dated September 9, 1964, at New York, New York, setting forth investigation in response to your request. Also enclosed are the six pictures which were furnished by you to be exhibited. One copy of the requested photograph which appeared in the "New York Times," page 12 on November 25, 1963, is enclosed herewith. One copy of this photograph has been furnished to the Exhibits Section of the FBI for their use in preparation of an exhibit of which you are aware.

With regard to the photograph appearing on page A-25 of the "Dallas Morning News" on November 25, 1963, Mr. Griffin of the President's Commission was previously advised on September 8, 1964, that such a picture does not appear in the "Dallas Morning News" of that date but rather it appeared on page A-25 of the "Dallas Times Herald." Mr. Griffin advised that the photograph in the "Dallas Times Herald" was the one desired.

JWH/ras
(7)
SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

6 SEP 17 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

SEP 15 1964

SEP 10 4 34 PM '64

FBI

060601-29

COPY FILED IN

REC-12

SEP 15 1964

SEP 15 1964

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Contact with the "Dallas Times Herald" disclosed that the photograph desired was a United Press International (UPI) photograph and would have to be obtained from UPI Headquarters, New York, New York. Mr. Frank Tremaine, Vice-president in Charge of Photographs, UPI, New York City, upon contact September 9, 1964, advised that he would not release the photograph in the absence of a stipulation from the President's Commission that neither the picture nor any copies thereof would be made available to any media for reproduction or use in any way and that the picture would be published only in the President's Commission's report with a credit to UPI and that the picture would be protected against copying by any one from the report by proper notice to that effect printed in the report. Mr. Griffin was telephonically advised of this by Special Agent J. William Hines of this Bureau on September 10, 1964, at which time Mr. Griffin stated that the matter of obtaining the UPI picture would be handled by the President's Commission directly with Mr. Tremaine of UPI. No further efforts will be made by the FBI to obtain this picture in the absence of a further request from the President's Commission.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of September 3, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (11)

NOTE:

The Commission's request as set forth above was received 9/4/64 and investigation immediately initiated on that date. The Commission requested that we obtain the results by 9/10/64.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 9-10-64

FROM : L. J. GAUTHIER *[Signature]*

SUBJECT: PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
REQUESTS FOR VISUAL AIDS

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

Jack [unclear]
[Handwritten initials and signatures]
62-109090-192

During the past several weeks the Bureau completed 23 visual aids which were requested by Mr. Rankin to be used by the Commission to assist report writers in clarifying obscure, technical points which will appear in the text of the finished report estimated to consist of 30 volumes upon completion. On 9-3-64, Staff members Redlich, Willens, Slawson and Griffin requested fifteen (15) additional visual aids dealing with Oswald's life in the USSR, Ruby's killing of Oswald and the assassination site. No deadline date was set at that time, however, their requests were given expeditious attention by the Exhibits Section and within two working days plus several hours overtime, preliminary rough draft sketches were completed and discussed with these attorneys on 9-9-64.

Mr. Willens, Administrative Assistant to Mr. Rankin, advised me on 9-9-64 that he had been instructed to have the completed text and visual aids in the hands of the Government Printing Office by noon Friday, 9-11-64. He instructed his staff to get me all the information necessary to complete new exhibits and to approve all rough sketches already submitted to the Commission. The 15 rough drafts were approved by 4:00 p.m., on 9-9-64. Two additional visual aids were requested making a total of 17 to be completed in a matter of one working day, an assignment which normally would be handled in four working days. Material for two visual aids is still to be obtained by the Commission from the Defense Department and made available to the Exhibits Section early on 9-10-64.

Mr. Willens was advised that the visual aids would be completed and delivered to him by noon on Friday, 9-11-64.

ACTION:

Extra hours have been ordered for experienced Exhibits Specialists to work beyond the normal working day to the extent necessary to get this job done on time.

b7c b7d
(7)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Sent Direct)

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Sent Direct)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent Direct)

SEP 14 1964

THREE

4 SEP 21 1964

Mr. Belmont

9-11-64

A. Rosen

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malloy
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

PURPOSE

To advise the Bureau received a President's Commission request which requires interviews with members of the President's Commission and staff, Sol A. Dann of Detroit and Melvin Belli of San Francisco, the latter two, are former Ruby attorneys. The interviews are to relate to the leak of information to news media of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren.

BACKGROUND

At the request of the Commission we have conducted extensive investigation concerning the leak of information to news media regarding Oswald's diary, Jack Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren. The results of the investigations have been furnished to the President's Commission.

Congressman Gerald R. Ford was the only member of the Commission interviewed as it was alleged he leaked information regarding Oswald's diary. This allegation was completely erroneous. The Commission was advised other members and staff would not be interviewed in the absence of a specific request.

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the Commission requested that members and staff be interviewed; also that Mr. Sol A. Dann and Melvin Belli, former Ruby attorneys, be interviewed.

Enclosure
KMR:las
(10)

111-21016-
NOT RECORDED
199 SEP 17 1964

CONTINUED - OVER

9 SEP 18 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

Consideration was given as to whether these interviews should be conducted by members of Mr. DeLoach's Office since some of the Commission employees are members of Congress. It is felt that in view of the investigative nature of the requests it would be preferable to utilize experienced personnel of WFO.

ACTION

If approved, the attached airtel is to be forwarded to WFO with instructions to interview Commission members and staff, who were present during Ruby's interview and his polygraph examination, and conduct further investigation to fully explore and pin down any such leaks of information pertaining to Oswald's diary, Ruby's interview and polygraph examination within the Commission.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

SEP 10 1964

J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Confirming a telephone conversation to the Federal Bureau of Investigation more than a week ago, the Commission asks that in making your investigation concerning the alleged leaks of the Oswald Diary, the Ruby polygraph, and the Ruby testimony, you interview Mr. Sol A. Dann of Detroit and Mr. Marvin Belli of San Francisco, the members of the Commission staff and the Commission, and report to us the results of those inquiries.

The Commission greatly appreciates your continuing cooperation.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

NOT RECORDED
199 SEP 17 1964

SEP 16 1964

*Mr. J. Lee Rankin
shl let
will who fly her
Folk*

105-82555-4845

9-14-64

1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W.
1 - Mr. Raupach (Hines)

Airtel

44-24016 -

To: SAC, WFO

From: Director, FBI (105-82555) (44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the President's Commission requested that in conducting the investigation concerning the leaks of the Leo Harvey Oswald diary, the Jack L. Ruby polygraph examination and the Jack L. Ruby testimony before Chief Justice Warren, that Mr. Sol A. Dann of Detroit and Mr. Melvin Belli of San Francisco, the members of the Commission staff and the Commission be interviewed and report the results of those inquiries.

Enclosures comprising reports and memoranda are being furnished to WFO only as WFO will be handling the bulk of this investigation. In this respect WFO is to assign mature, experienced personnel to this matter. The fact that the Commission has requested the investigation must not lend itself to any reluctance on the part of the investigative Agents to fully explore and pin down any and every possibility that the questioned leaks might have occurred within the Commission. The results of the investigation must meet the highest Bureau standards. All interviews are to be thorough, business like and conducted with circumspection.

Enclosures (14) **DUPLICATE YELLOW**

- 1 - Detroit
- 1 - San Francisco
- 1 - Dallas

① - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

KMR:las (9)

NOTE: See memo Rosen to Belmont, 9-11-64, captioned as above, KMR:las. This matter is being coordinated between Civil Rights Section and the Criminal Section, Division 6.

79 SEP 18 1964

105-82555-4845

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Personnel assigned are to thoroughly review the enclosed memoranda and reports which reveal previous investigation conducted in this matter before instituting investigation.

For the information of all offices, results of investigation for each phase must be submitted separately by a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination as follows:

Pertaining to the leak of Oswald's diary, this information is to be contained in a letterhead memorandum under the caption "Lee Harvey Oswald, Internal Security - Russia - Cuba."

Pertaining to the Ruby interview and polygraph examination, results of this investigation are to be reported under "Jack L. Ruby, Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim, Civil Rights."

For the information of Detroit and San Francisco following is a summary of investigation previously conducted concerning the leaks:

By letters dated June 30, 1964, and July 10, 1964, the President's Commission requested the Bureau to conduct investigation of the publication of Lee Harvey Oswald's diary by "The Dallas Morning News" and "Life" magazine.

On June 27, 1964, "The Dallas Morning News," Dallas, Texas, carried an article by Carl Freund concerning information furnished by Jack Ruby at the time of his interview by Chief Justice Earl Warren at Dallas, Texas, on 6-7-64. A copyrighted article by Hugh Aynesworth concerning Oswald's diary together with a photograph of a page of this diary also appeared. On June 28, 1964, the same paper carried the second article by Hugh Aynesworth concerning the diary, also a photograph of a CP U. S. A. letter dated 7-31-63, addressed to Oswald, a photograph of Oswald's undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marines dated 9-13-60 and a photograph of an International Certificate of Vaccination in the name of Oswald bearing the signature "A. J. Hideoel" bearing date stamp 6-8-63. These items were among materials seized by

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

the Dallas Police Department on 11/22 - 23/63, in a search of Oswald's room at 1020 North Beckley Street, Dallas, Texas, and his effects at the residence of Ruth Paine, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas.

The investigation indicated Assistant District Attorney William F. Alexander, Dallas, Texas, was the possible source of material published. It was determined Alexander obtained film of the above-mentioned documents from Dallas Police Department on June 1, 1964, and had copies of the film and hard copy photographs made at the Dallas Recordak Corporation in Dallas, Texas. Officials at "The Dallas Morning News" refused to divulge the source of the material for their articles. Interviews with officials of the Dallas Police Department failed to establish the source of material published, although Chief of Police, Jesse E. Curry, had the immediate reaction the information was made available by Alexander. Also Mr. Henry Wade, District Attorney, Dallas, Texas, indicated he suspected Alexander but could furnish no specific proof.

When Alexander was interviewed by Agents of the Dallas Office, he denied being the source of the material published. However, Alexander alleged that Representative Gerald R. Ford, a member of the President's Commission, leaked the information to "Life" magazine. Alexander made other allegations which he stated he obtained from a source that he would not identify.

Mr. Henry Wade, District Attorney, made available for examination a folder containing hard copy prints of the evidence, which folder he stated was obtained from the office of William F. Alexander during late June of 1964.

On July 17, 1964, Mr. Holland McCombs, Dallas correspondent for "Life" magazine advised he contacted Hugh Aynesworth, reporter for "The Dallas Morning News" on June 25 or 26, 1964, concerning the purchase of a copy of Oswald's diary, at which time he was referred to Aynesworth's wife Paula. Mr. McCombs purchased from

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

Paula Aynesworth the copy of Oswald's diary for \$2500. Neither Aynesworth nor his wife revealed the source of the diary. Thereafter "Life" magazine obtained permission from Marina Oswald for the publication of the diary for \$20,000 plus one-half share of all foreign sales of the issue containing the diary.

Disposition of the film and prints in possession of the Dallas Police Department were accounted for. The FBI Laboratory conducted an examination of the material obtained from the office of Mr. Henry Wade, Dallas, Texas, and a copy of Oswald's diary obtained from "Life" magazine. The examination established that "Life" magazine's copy which was published, was made from the film obtained from the Dallas District Attorney's Office.

On August 17, 1964, Congressman Gerald R. Ford was interviewed by a representative of this Bureau. He said he desired to unequivocally state, and to furnish a signed statement if necessary, that he did not leak the information in question. He also stated that he did talk to "Life" magazine previously, but under no circumstances had he given "Life" magazine any information concerning Oswald's diary.

Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination at the Dallas County Jail on 7-18-64 by Special Agents Doll Herndon and W. James Wood at the specific request of the President's Commission. Present during various phases of the examination were E. L. Holman of the Dallas Sheriff's Office, Clayton, Fowler and Joe H. Tonahill, Ruby's attorney, Assistant District Attorney William Alexander, Dr. William Robert Beavers, Court Reporter Odell Oliver and Jack Ruby. On 7-22-64, the "Dallas Times Herald" printed an article purporting to be the complete questions and answers from the polygraph examination and on 7-30-64, the Commission requested that we conduct investigation to determine how this information came into the hands of the "Dallas Times Herald."

Enclosed are letterhead memoranda setting forth results of this investigation with the exception of an interview with Arlin Spector of the President's Commission, who has not been interviewed.

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

On June 7, 1964, Chief Justice Warren and members of the President's Commission interviewed Jack Ruby at the Dallas County Jail. On 8-18-64, a copyright story by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the "New York Journal-American" which set forth verbatim the transcript of Ruby's testimony. On 8-20-64, the Commission requested that we conduct investigation to determine how this transcript came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen, and the Journal-American. Enclosed are letterhead memoranda setting forth results of investigation conducted with the exception of investigation within the President's Commission itself. It will be noted that in addition to persons interviewed who were present, Chief Justice Earl Warren, Congressman Gerald Ford of the Commission, Commission Counsel J. Leo Rankin, Commission Staff Counsel Joseph H. Ball and Arlin Specter and Elmer W. Moore, Special Agent, U. S. Secret Service assigned to the Commission were also present during this interview.

All persons who were present at the interview of Ruby and during the conduct of the polygraph examination who have not been interviewed must be thoroughly interviewed for all information they may have concerning the leaks. Any other indicated investigation within the Commission itself must also be conducted; particularly in connection with the transcript of the Ruby interview, it must be determined how many copies were reproduced by the Commission, what was done with them and all persons having access to them within the Commission must also be interviewed. Every effort must be made to pin down the specific handling and disposition of each and every copy known to exist. It is noted that one copy of this transcript was furnished by the Commission to the Bureau and the Commission has been advised of the security of this copy.

With respect to the interview of Melvin Belli, it was noted that he was the attorney who defended Ruby during his trial in Dallas, Texas, however, he was discharged prior to the Commission's interview of Ruby and the polygraph examination and was not present on either occasion. He should be thoroughly interviewed for any knowledge he might have concerning the leaks of the Oswald diary, interview of Ruby and polygraph examination.

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

With respect to Mr. Sol A. Dann, he is a Detroit attorney who was hired by Ruby's family subsequent to Ruby's trial. There has been animosity between Dann and Ruby's Dallas attorneys, Fowler and Tonahill. Dann hired a psychiatrist to examine Ruby prior to the polygraph examination and on the basis of his recommendation was strongly opposed to allowing Ruby to take the examination. This should be considered in the interview of Dann at Detroit and any information he has concerning any of the three leaks in question should be obtained. Leads arising from either of these interviews should, of course, be set out by teletype and promptly pursued to their logical conclusion.

The Bureau has received indications the President's Commission is concluding its investigation. Therefore, this matter is to be handled immediately.

Detroit and San Francisco are to submit the results of their investigation to reach the Bureau on or before September 18, 1964. WFO is to submit results of investigation to reach the Bureau by 9 a.m. September 21, 1964.

All offices are to submit one copy revealing results of investigation to Dallas for their information as office of origin. The Bureau will handle dissemination to the President's Commission.

Persons contacted should be initially and specifically advised that these interviews are being conducted upon the specific request of the President's Commission. In addition, receiving offices are instructed this is a limited investigation restricted to Commission members, Commission staff and the two former Ruby attorneys.

Upon completion of interviews with Commission members and staff, WFO is instructed to advise the Bureau and do not interview Chief Justice Warren pending further instructions.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: 9-14-64

FROM : MR. I. W. CONRAD

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evers	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

It is noted that, as set forth by earlier memoranda, Court reporters' copies of testimony by Laboratory representatives before the President's Commission were obtained and reviewed for accuracy and suggested corrections and changes were furnished to the Commission in the form of corrections in the manuscript itself. In some instances these changes were required by inaccurate reporting on the part of the Court reporter and in other instances they were considered desirable to supply details and clarification for those reading the transcript and not having the benefit of the atmosphere and conditions of the actual testimony, such as reference to specific exhibits used in illustrating the testimony. Where the attorney handling the examination was available, these changes were discussed directly with the attorney; in the majority of cases, however, the attorneys were not available and, therefore, the corrected manuscripts were left with Mr. Willens of the Commission in order that he might forward them to the appropriate attorney for concurrence in the proposed corrections. Mr. Eisenberg handled the bulk of the testimony for the Commission and we were advised that, in the event any of the suggested changes were questioned, we would be further advised.

However, as set forth in Mr. Malley's memorandum of July 27, 1964, Mr. Willens subsequently advised that some of the changes were acceptable and some were not, without specifying which were accepted and which were not. Accordingly, immediate efforts were undertaken to determine which of the suggested changes were disapproved. We have been successful to date in obtaining testimony transcripts of only two of the Laboratory witnesses and a review of these indicates that uncorrected errors in reporting still existed in both transcripts. These uncorrected errors have again been called to the Commission's attention.

Where we have suggested changes for the purpose of clarity, it is purely a matter of the Commission's decision whether to make such changes. The testimony as given is correct. Where the suggested changes were due to typographical errors and errors in court reporter transcription, the responsibility rests with the Commission to make the changes. We have called the errors to the attention of the Commission, and in the event any question arises at a later date, we can so state.

ACTION:

None--for information and record.

NOT RECORDED

SEP 22 1964

199 SEP 22 1964

Mr. Belmont

Mrs. Rosen

Mr. Conrad

1964-7

REVENUE

BIA

100-080601-29

September 14, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

REC'D-READING ROOM

SEP 14 1 37 PM '64

B I

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter to you dated September 2, 1964, enclosing results of a portion of this Bureau's investigation to determine how the transcript of Jack L. Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American." This investigation was initially requested by you on August 20, 1964.

Enclosed herewith are two copies each of a memorandum dated September 4, 1964, and a memorandum dated September 9, 1964, both at Dallas, Texas, setting forth the results of additional investigation regarding this matter. Further investigation is being conducted pursuant to the supplemental request in your letter of September 10, 1964.

REC 14 44-24016-2073
Sincerely yours,

BY COURIER SVC.

EX-108

Enclosures (4)

JWH/cac/ras

(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

XEROX
SEP 15 1964
EP 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-20601-29

NOTE:

A copyright story by Dorothy Kilgallen appeared in the "New York Journal- American" on 8/18/64 which set forth verbatim Ruby's testimony before the President's Commission on 6/7/64. On 8/20/64 Mr. Rankin telephonically requested investigation to determine how this transcript came into possession of Kilgallen and the "Journal-American." By letter 8/26/64 we confirmed Rankin's request, and furnished results of interviews of the publisher of the "Journal-American" and Dorothy Kilgallen, both of whom refused to identify their source. We also advised the Commission that we would not interview any personnel of the Commission in absence of a specific request. We have previously interviewed all others present except Commission members who deny any knowledge of how the transcript came to be printed and forwarded results by letter 9/2/64. The Commission by letter 9/10/64 requested that Commission personnel be interviewed. This investigation is being ordered.

September 11, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

REC 12 44-24016-2014
EX-103

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of September 8, 1964, requesting the preparation of various visual aids involving photographs of Jack Ruby at the Dallas Police Department, photographs of Jack Ruby's apartment and nightclub, Western Union records, and copies of newspaper advertisements and articles.

Enclosed, per your request, are four glossy prints each of the following visual aids which were prepared from information selected by the Commission from documented records:

1. BEDROOM OF JACK RUBY'S APARTMENT
2. NO TITLE (five photographs of Little Lynn and Western Union receipts)
3. JACK RUBY MOVING TOWARD OSWALD IN FRONT OF NEWSMAN IKE PAPPAS
4. NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT AND BILLBOARD DISPLAY WHICH ATTRACTED RUBY'S INTEREST ON NOVEMBER 22 AND 23, 1963

XEROX

SEP 15 1964

LJG:bdb
(8)

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Shaneyfelt) (Enclosures) 7
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. DeLoach

9 SEP 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

See Note, Page 2

REC'D-READING ROOM

FBI

SEP 11 11 56 AM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
The President's Commission

5. "CLOSED" SIGN POSTED IN THE WINDOW OF THE CAROUSEL CLUB AND RUBY'S NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT ANNOUNCING THAT THE VEGAS AND CAROUSEL CLUBS WILL BE CLOSED
6. LOCATION OF EYEWITNESSES TO THE MOVEMENTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN THE VICINITY OF THE TIPPIT KILLING
7. JACK RUBY AT DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT ON THE NIGHT OF NOVEMBER 22-23, 1963

These visual aids were previously approved by Mr. Duitt W. Griffin of the Commission's staff, and this complies with the request contained in referenced letter.

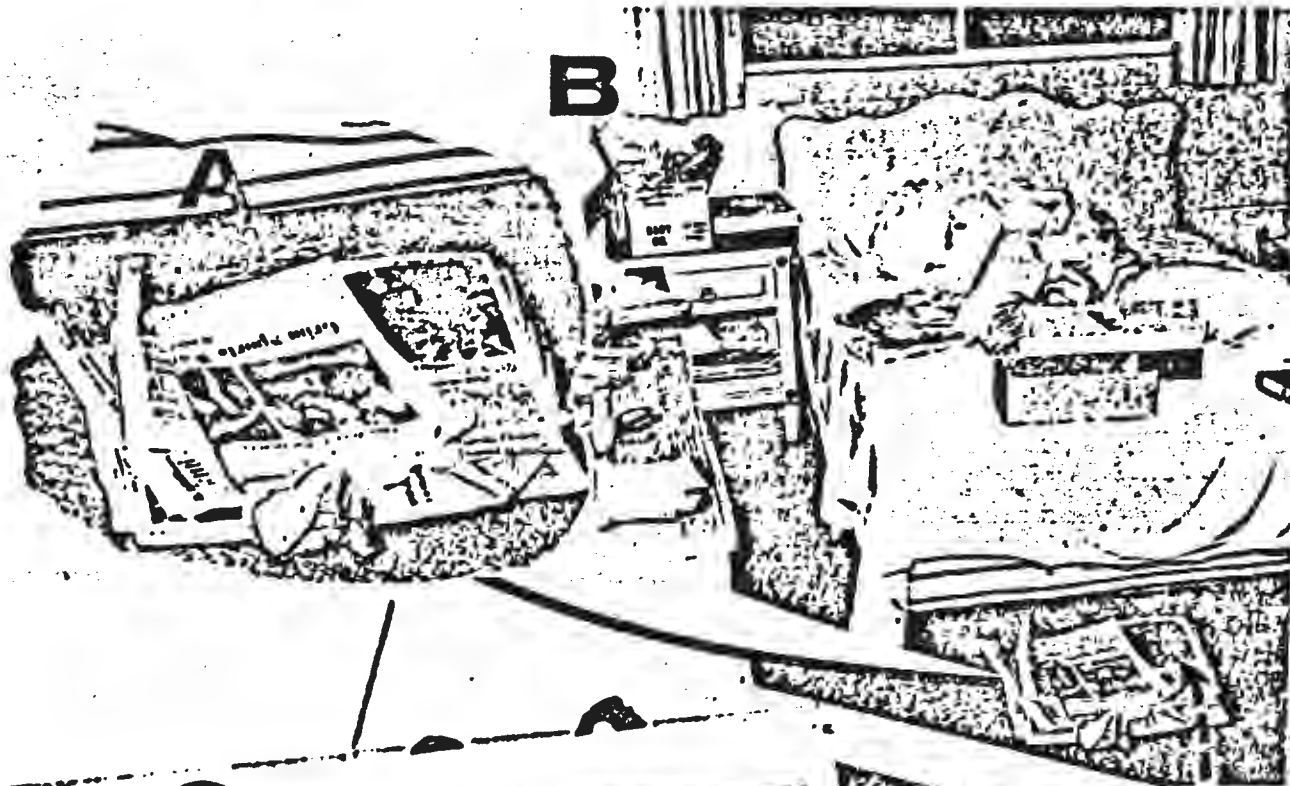
Sincerely yours,

Enclosures (2)

OTE: The material for these visual aids was furnished by Griffin on 9-3-64. Preliminary diagrams, furnished to him on 9-9-64, were approved at 4:00 p.m. same date, with a request that finished copies be made available to the Commission by noon 9-11-64.

BEDROOM OF JACK RUBY'S APARTMENT

(COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2426)



ON SUNDAY AFTERNOON NOVEMBER 24, 1963, A COPY OF THAT MORNING'S DALLAS TIMES HERALD WAS FOUND AT THE FOOT OF JACK RUBY'S BED (B). AS REVEALED IN THE BLOW-UP (A), THE PAPER WAS OPEN TO PAGE A-3 (A AND D). THE FACING PAGE, 2-A, BORE A LETTER TO CAROLINE KENNEDY (C) WHICH JACK RUBY TESTIFIED THAT HE READ THAT MORNING BEFORE SHOOTING LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Route Symbols
For your Ruby.
\$500
Received By
Little Lynn
 REPUBLIC CARLOADING

COPY OF RECEIPT GIVEN BY LITTLE LYNN TO JACK RUBY AT 10:30 P.M. NOVEMBER 23, 1963 (COMMISSION EXHIBIT 140W)

NOV 24 1963 5:18

TO: *Mr. Mal JTW*

PAY AMOUNT: *TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS AND 00 CENTS*

TO: *KAREN BECKETT*

FROM: *WILLIAMS FIDELITY TRUST CO.*

ORDER NO. *1000000000*

DELIVER THE FOLLOWING AMOUNT WITH THE MONEY

DATE: *NOV 24 1963*

TIME: *5:18*

PLACE: *LANE, D.E. Dallas 3-31-64*

COPY OF TELEGRAM ORDER FOR MONEY SENT TO LITTLE LYNN ON NOVEMBER 24, 1963, STAMPED 11:17 A.M. (DOYLE LANE DEPOSITION 5118)

Duplicate of original money order receipt given to Jack Ruby

Nov 24 1963 11:17 AM

Jack Ruby
313 1/2 Commerce
Dallas, Texas

Karen Beckett
W
JTW

55
120
12
187

DALLAS CO. TEXAS
 RECEIVED IN 1973
 SOURCE: DALLAS
 1

COPY OF WESTERN UNION OFFICE COPY OF RECEIPT GIVEN TO JACK RUBY ON NOVEMBER 24, 1963, STAMPED 11:17 A.M. (DOYLE LANE DEPOSITION 5119)

RECEIPT OF DALLAS, TEXAS

Jack Ruby
313 1/2 Commerce
Dallas, Texas

Karen Beckett
W
JTW

DATE: *NOV 24 1963*

TIME: *11:17*

PLACE: *Dallas*

COPY OF BACK OF WESTERN UNION RECEIPT GIVEN TO JACK RUBY ON NOVEMBER 24, 1963, STAMPED 11:16 A.M. (COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2421)

COPY OF FACE OF WESTERN UNION RECEIPT GIVEN TO JACK RUBY ON NOVEMBER 24, 1963 (COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2420)

JACK RUBY AT DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT ON THE NIGHT OF NOVEMBER 22-23, 1963



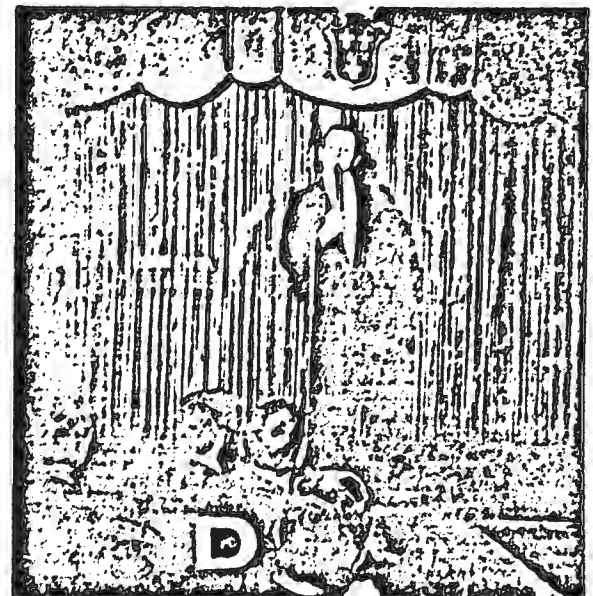
COMPARISON
PHOTOGRAPH



RUBY IN THIRD FLOOR CORRIDOR NEAR
HOMICIDE OFFICE ABOUT 11:30 P.M.



RUBY AT NIGHT CONFERENCE IN BASEMENT
POLICE ASSEMBLY ROOM ABOUT MIDNIGHT

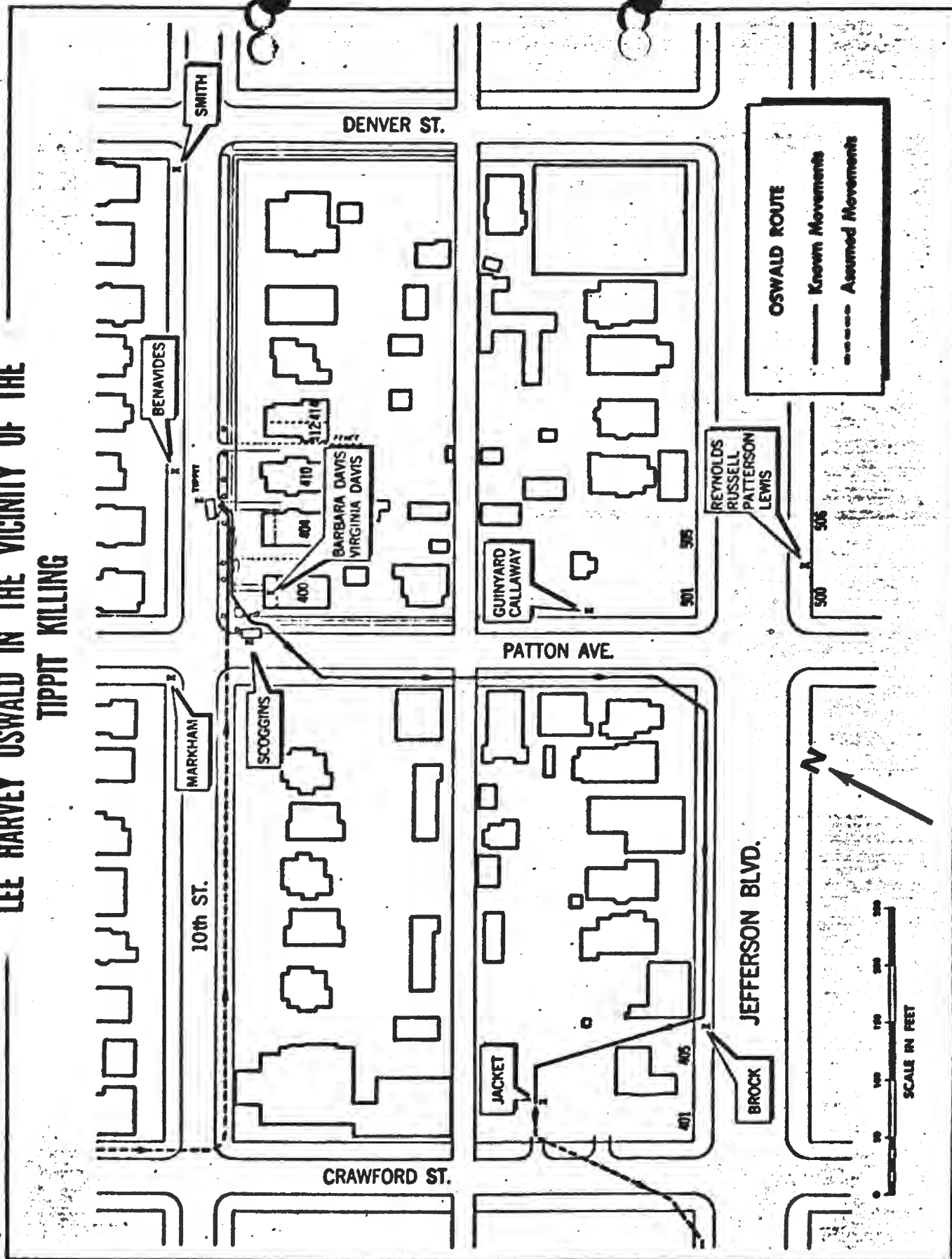


COMPARISON
PHOTOGRAPH

"A"- KNOWN PHOTOGRAPH OF JACK RUBY APPEARING IN NEW YORK TIMES, NOVEMBER 25, 1963, PAGE 12 (COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2422); "B"- COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2423; "C"- COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2424; "D"- KNOWN PHOTOGRAPH OF JACK RUBY AT CAROUSEL CLUB TAKEN BY FREE-LANCE PHOTOGRAPHER (COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2425).

LOCATION OF EYEWITNESSES TO THE MOVEMENTS OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN THE VICINITY OF THE

TIPPIT KILLING



NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT AND BILLBOARD DISPLAY WHICH ATTRACTED RUBY'S INTEREST ON NOVEMBER 22 AND 23, 1963

WELCOME MR. KENNEDY TO DALLAS...

- ... A CITY ...
- ... A CITY ...
- ... A CITY ...
- ... A CITY ...

MR. KENNEDY despite contention on the part of your administration, the State Department, the Mayor of Dallas, the Dallas City Council, and members of your party, we have standing and America's standing where of Dallas will have through a Commission largely ignored by you, the right to address our grievances, to question you to the degree with you, and to address you.

In asserting this constitutional right, we wish to ask you publicly the following questions—without questions of personal importance and interest to all free people everywhere—much as that you will answer ... in public, without apology. These questions are:

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

WHY ...

THE AMERICAN FACT-FINDING COMMITTEE

"An unaffiliated and non-partisan group of citizens who wish truth"

BERNARD WEISSMAN
Chairman

P.O. Box 1792 - Dallas 17, Texas

COMMISSION EXHIBIT 1031



SAVE OUR
REPUBLIC

**IMPEACH
EARL WARREN**

BOX 1792

COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2507

JACK RUBY MOVING TOWARD OSWALD IN FRONT OF NEWSMAN IKE PAPPAS

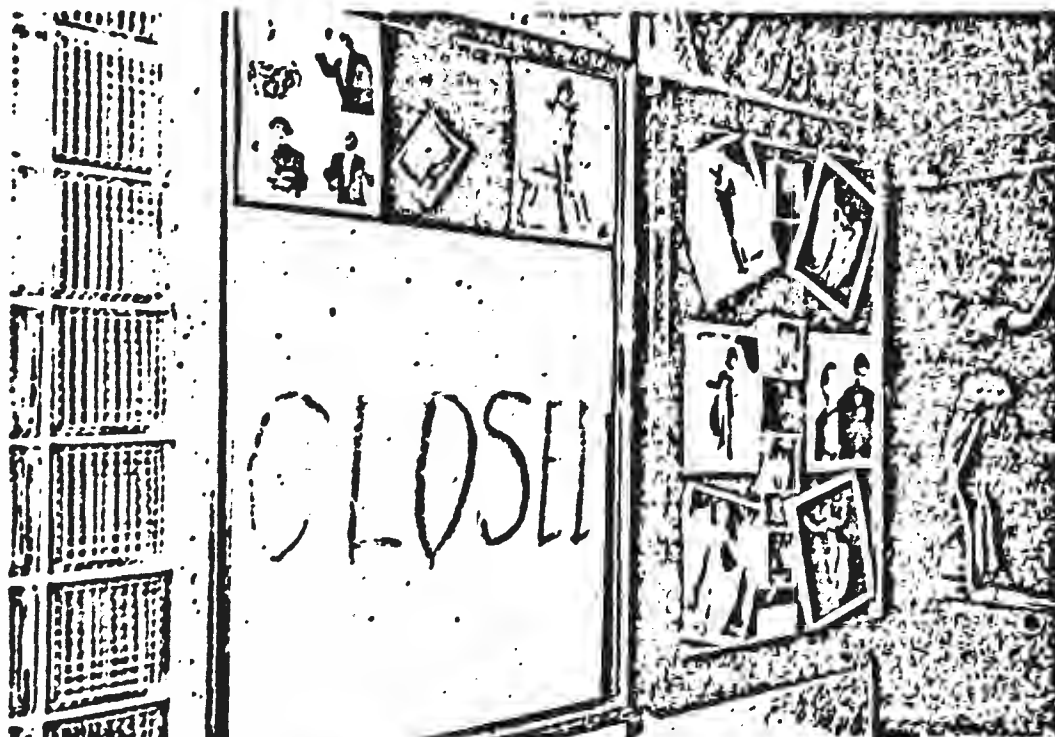
PAPPAS DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 1



◀ PAPPAS DEPOSITION EXHIBIT 2

**"CLOSED" SIGN POSTED IN THE WINDOW OF THE
CAROUSEL CLUB AND RUBY'S NEWSPAPER ADVER-
TISEMENT ANNOUNCING THAT THE VEGAS AND
CAROUSEL CLUBS WILL BE CLOSED**

(COMMISSION EXHIBIT 2427)



the stock market
stabilizing action when
next week after the
president of the Unit-

Chicago, San Fran-
cisco, St. Louis,
Portland, Minne-
apolis, New Orleans witnessed
major meetings of
leading financiers and
trying to assess what
chief executive and
a new president
of the nation and
community.
The nation's financial
New York Stock Ex-
change trading shortly after

Listing a notable group of bank

Closed

tonight & Sunday

CAROUSEL

Closed

Vegas Club

FUN! COMBO! PRIZES!

SEAFOOD

A small marine plat-
fish, bolls, french

ZU

OYSTER BAR
6427 DENTON

**EVERYONE
ABO**

**DALLAS TIMES HERALD
SATURDAY, NOV. 23, 1963
PAGE A-13**

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
MALE BOOGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

September 8, 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C., 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover,

Please accept this letter as confirmation of request by Mr. Burt W. Griffin of the Commission staff to Inspector Leo Gauthier of the Bureau to prepare various visual aids involving photographs of Jack Ruby at the Dallas Police Department, photographs of Jack Ruby's apartment and nightclub, Western Union records, and copies of newspaper advertisements and articles.

Sincerely yours,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

XEROX
SEP 15 1964

B-105

REC 14
16 SEP 9 1964

2014

THREE
SEP 11 1964

EXP. PROC.
SEP 9 1964

030301-29

1cc Sent to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
9-11-64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 9 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI NEW YORK

830 PM URGENT 9-9-64 JLV

TO DIRECTOR 7 44-24016

FROM NEW YORK 44-974&3XXXX

JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD AKA, CIVIL RIGHTS

~~REBU AIRTEL TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK-NINE FOUR LAST~~

~~ENCLOSING LETTER OF~~

~~PRESIDENTS COMMISSION DATED NINE THREE LAST., AND DALLAS TEL TO THE~~

~~BUREAU AND NEW YORK-NINE EIGHT LAST.~~

AT UP-INTERNATIONAL, NYC, AGENT WAS REFERRED TO FRANK TREMAINE,

VICE PRESIDENT IN CHARGE OF PHOTOGRAPHS, UPI, WHO WAS REQUESTED TO

FURNISH PHOTOGRAPH OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD PUBLISHED IN THE DALLAS TIMES

HERALD ELEVEN TWENTYFIVE-SIXTYTHREE. TREMAINE ASKED IF THE PHOTOGRAPH

WOULD BE PUBLISHED AND HE WAS INFORMED THAT IT WOULD BE PUBLISHED AS

A PART OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT.

TREMAINE SAID THAT UPI HAD HAD SOME DIFFICULTY WITH
PHOTOGRAPHS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION WHICH WERE
SUBSEQUENTLY GIVEN BY THE COMMISSION TO OUTSIDE MEDIA AND UPI HAD
TO CONTACT ALL THESE MEDIA TO INSURE THAT THE PHOTOGRAPHS WOULD NOT BE
USED WITHOUT PERMISSION AND PROPER CREDIT TO UPI.

END PAGE ONE

XEROX

SEP 15 1964

79 SEP 17 1964

MR. BELMONT FOR THE DIRECTOR

SEP 15 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

105-82555-
94-8-95

62-109090

PAGE TWO

TREMAINE SUGGESTED THAT J. LEE RANKIN, GENERAL COUNSEL TO THE COMMISSION MIGHT DESIRE TO CONTACT ATTORNEY JOHN NOVATNEY OF THE LAW FIRM OF BAKER, HOSTETLER AND PATTERSON, CLEVELAND, OHIO, WHICH FIRM REPRESENTS UPI. HE SAID THAT RANKIN AND NOVATNEY HAD PREVIOUSLY DISCUSSED THIS SAME PROBLEM.

TREMAINE THEN REQUESTED AGENT TO SIGN THE FOLLOWING STIPULATION BEFORE HE WOULD FURNISH THE PHOTOGRAPH "PURSUANT TO OUR CONVERSATION TODAY, THE ATTACHED UPI PICTURE OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD WALKING FROM THE DALLAS POLICE STATION MOMENTS BEFORE HE WAS SHOT IS MADE AVAILABLE TO YOU FOR PUBLICATION IN THE WARREN COMMISSION-S REPORT WITH THE PROTECTIONS STIPULATED IN OUR CONVERSATION. THAT IS, NEITHER THE ^{PICTURE} PICTURE NOR ANY COPIES THEREOF ARE TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO ANY MEDIA FOR REPRODUCTION OR USE IN ANY WAY AND THE PICTURE WILL BE PUBLISHED ONLY IN THE WARREN COMMISSION-S REPORT WITH A CREDIT TO UPI AND THAT THIS AND ANY OTHER UPI PICTURES USED IN THE REPORT WILL BE PROTECTED AGAINST COPYING BY ANYONE FROM THE REPORT BY A PROPER NOTICE TO THAT EFFECT PRINTED IN THE REPORT.

SINCERELY,

FRANK TREMAINE"

THE PHOTOGRAPH WAS NOT FURNISHED BY TREMAINE SINCE AGENT DID NOT SIGN THE STIPULATION.

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THE BUREAU CONTACT PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REGARDING THE DESIRES OF THE COMMISSION ON THE ABOVE STIPULATION.

MAIL COPY BEING DESIGNATED TO DALLAS FOR INFO.

END

CHANGE-NO-OF-PGS-TO-2

EDXXX END ACK FOR 5-6-7 CC-MR. ROSEN

OMS FBI WASH DC

9/10/64

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

The President's Commission specifically requested we obtain a photograph of Lee Harvey Oswald published in the "Dallas Times Herald" 11/25/64.

The attached information will be furnished the President's Commission.

HGR:pah

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

PLAIN TEXT

9/15/64

1 - Mr. Hines

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM; CR.

REBUAIRTEL SEPTEMBER NINE LAST REQUESTING CHECK OF TOLL CALLS
FROM THE TELEPHONE OF BRUCE RAY CARLIN FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER
TWENTY TWO, TWENTY THREE AND TWENTY FOUR, SIXTY THREE. SUBMIT
RESULTS TODAY.

JWH/ras

(3)

NOTE:

By letter 9/4/64 received 9/8/64 the Commission requested
a check of toll calls on the phone of Bruce Ray Carlin.
Carlin is the common-law husband of Karen Bennett, the stripper
employed by Ruby to whom he sent the \$25 money order on the morning
of 11/24/63. Mr. Griffin of the Commission telephonically advised
this date that results of this check are desired by Commission as
early as possible and before 9/18/64.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 15 1964

TELETYPE

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21 JAN 3 1973

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Rm. _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

SEP 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

EX-105

REC 14

44-24016-2016

2016

SEP 15 1964

FBI

Date: 9/9/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Dallas airtel 9/4/64 and Butel 9/9/64 relative
to investigation requested by Commission concerning leak of
information to DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum
incorporating interview with Miss ODELL OLIVER, court
reporter.

ENCLOSURE
3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf
(5)

REC 14 44-24016-2017
10 SEP 11 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 9, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached is a report of interview with Miss Odell Oliver, court reporter.

Attachment

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21 JAN 3 1973

44-1461-2017

ENCLOSURE



**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION**

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

**Dallas, Texas
September 9, 1964**

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached is a report of interview with Miss Odell Oliver, court reporter.

Attachment

Date September 9, 1964

1

Miss GDELL OLIVER, court reporter, Federal Building, advised her office has been used as a focal point for court reporters in connection with work for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. She said Mrs. HELEN LAIDRICH has performed some of the stenographic work.

She stated she recalls Mrs. LAIDRICH took the interview of JACK L. RUBY by the Commission at the Dallas County Jail on June 7, 1964. She stated Mrs. LAIDRICH had, following her transcription of her stenotype notes, brought her notes and the carbon paper she had used to Miss OLIVER for safekeeping. She said these notes, along with others, were kept in a locked cabinet in her office at all times when she, Miss OLIVER, was absent from her desk.

She recalled that some few days after Mrs. LAIDRICH brought her notes on the RUBY interview, Mrs. LAIDRICH returned and advised her there was a possibility of an error in the transcription of a name. She said she accompanied Mrs. LAIDRICH to the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD, where comparison was made of the copy of the transcript of the interview with Mrs. LAIDRICH's notes. Following the examination for any necessary corrections, the notes were returned to Miss OLIVER's office where they are at present.

Miss OLIVER stated Mrs. LAIDRICH was a self-trained stenotype operator and she doubts any other stenographer could read her stenotype notes. She said Mrs. LAIDRICH has been most discreet in giving full security to all of the work performed by her for the Commission. She stated it would have been virtually impossible for anyone to have access to the notes while they were in Miss OLIVER's possession. She noted on this date the notes were intermingled with notes of many other stenographers and that any person, even having access to her locked cabinet, would necessarily have had to sift through

1 JAN 3 1973

on 9/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS /jtf Date dictated 9/9/64

DL 100-10461

2

a great deal of material in order to locate notes on a particular interview.

Miss OLIVER volunteered that she had taken notes on the polygraph examination of RUBY on July 18, 1964, at the Dallas County Jail. She stated she was extremely shocked when she found, even before she had completely transcribed her notes on that interview, that a transcript had appeared in newspapers. She stated in her opinion all of the court reporters used by the Commission in Dallas have been most discreet even to the point of not caring to discuss with other reporters the details of various depositions taken by the Commission. She stated she has no information whatsoever as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or the "New York Journal-American" newspaper came into possession of a transcript of the RUBY interview on June 7, 1964.

FBI

Date: 9/4/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReButels 8/20/64 and 9/1/64 concerning request of Commission for investigation as to the manner by which a transcript of the interview of RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN on 6/7/64, came into possession of DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Letterhead memorandum was submitted by Dallas airtel 8/25/64.

Enclosed are the results of additional investigation.

③ - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf
(5)

10 ENCLOSURES

REC 14

17 SEP 7 1964

2018

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

79 SEP 17 1964

Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 4, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached are the results of interviews with the following persons:

H. Barefoot Sanders, United States Attorney,
Dallas, Texas

Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant United States
Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Ivojeane Alexander, Secretary, Office of the
United States Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Thelma Ables, Secretary, Office of the United
States Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Helen Laidrich, Court Reporter, Dallas, Texas

Attachments

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21 JAN 3 1973

44 100 2-11
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 4, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached are the results of interviews with the following persons:

H. Barefoot Sanders, United States Attorney,
Dallas, Texas

Martha Joe Stroud, Assistant United States
Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Ivojeane Alexander, Secretary, Office of the
United States Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Thelma Ables, Secretary, Office of the United
States Attorney, Dallas, Texas

Helen Laidrich, Court Reporter, Dallas, Texas

Attachments

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date September 3, 1964

1

H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, United States Attorney, Northern District of Texas, advised that on the morning of June 12, 1964, HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, delivered to him, at his office, the original and a copy of the transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he, on the afternoon of the same date, dictated a letter to Mr. ARIEN SPECTER, 1510 Philadelphia Savings Fund Building, 12 South 12th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by which he transmitted the original of the transcript. The secretary, to whom he dictated, sealed the envelope addressed to Mr. SPECTER in his, SANDERS', presence and, thereafter, sent it by registered mail, return receipt requested.

Mr. SANDERS said his copy of his letter to Mr. SPECTER does not show the initials of the secretary to whom he dictated. He said his first impression was he dictated to THELMA ABLES of his staff, but has been told by Mrs. IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, also of his staff, that it was she to whom he dictated. He stated he advised Mr. SPECTER, in his letter, that a copy of the transcript was being retained in his office pending any instructions as to other disposition. He said copies of numerous transcripts of depositions of various persons interviewed by the Commission had been retained in his office for possible future reference. He said he placed the copy in this instance at the rear of the center drawer of his desk where it remained several weeks. He said his desk is normally locked when he is not at the desk and, in any event, he has no knowledge that any employee of his office or other person was aware of its location in his desk. He said employees of his office do not enter his desk except on instructions to do so.

~~COPIES DESTROYED~~

on 21 JAN 3 1973 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agents MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jtf Date dictated 9/2/64

ENCLOSURE

DL 44-1639

2

Mr. SANDERS, continuing, stated in recent weeks he had the copy of the RUBY transcript removed from his desk and placed in a safe in the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD with other documents concerned with the Commission. He said to the best of his knowledge only the secretary to whom he dictated, Miss STROUD, and he knew of the existence of the document in his office.

Mr. SANDERS stated he has no recollection that court reporter HELEN LAIDRICH furnished to him her notes from which the transcript was made. In some instances court reporters working for the Commission have furnished their notes along with various transcripts.

Mr. SANDERS stated he had no information as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of the transcript of RUBY's deposition. He said he had, at the request of the Commission, obtained the services of several court reporters, including HELEN LAIDRICH, to take notes in connection with various depositions. He said HELEN LAIDRICH has a good reputation. He noted that it has been reported in the press that LAIDRICH was a one-time employee of MELVIN BELLI, former RUBY defense counsel, in San Francisco. He said LAIDRICH had informed him of this previous employment some fifteen years ago, that the employment had been brief and that she had not seen Mr. BELLI in recent years. He said this information was made known to Commission representatives prior to her use.

Date September 3, 19641

H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, United States Attorney, Northern District of Texas, made available for examination a copy of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY on June 7, 1964. The document was observed to be intact and maintained at this time in the office of MARTHA JOE STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney. It was observed the name "HARRY CARLSON" appears on page 32, rather than the name "HARRY OLSEN".

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21 JAN 1973

on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

Date September 3, 1964

1

MARTHA JOE STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney, advised that at about 10:30 or 11:00 a.m., June 12, 1964, HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, came to her office and brought a typed transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. LAIDRICH stated to Miss STROUD she thought perhaps she should hand the document to Mr. H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, the United States Attorney, personally. LAIDRICH delivered the document to Mr. SANDERS.

It is Miss STROUD's understanding the original transcript was mailed to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER of the Commission by Mrs. IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, a secretary in the United States Attorney's Office, without opening the sealed envelope in which it was contained.

Miss STROUD continued, stating that some days later HELEN LAIDRICH returned to the United States Attorney's Office in connection with a query from the Commission as to the proper transcription of a name in the RUBY deposition, whether the name was HARRY CARLSON, as shown, or should be HARRY OLSEN. LAIDRICH requested to see a copy of the transcript which she had left with Mr. SANDERS. The copy, which was being kept in Mr. SANDERS' desk, was obtained by Miss STROUD and his secretary, THELMA ABLES, and was given to LAIDRICH. The latter had her notes with her and took same, with the copy of the transcript, to the office of ODELL OLIVER, court reporter, in the same building, where she remained perhaps fifteen minutes. On her return, LAIDRICH prepared a letter to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, Counsel to the Commission, advising that upon checking her notes against the transcript, she found the name in question should be HARRY OLSEN. LAIDRICH's letter was dated June 26, 1964.

9/1/64

at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

MANNING C. CLEMENTS and

Special Agents ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jtf

Date dictated 9/2/64

Miss STROUD said the copy of the transcript was returned to Mr. SANDERS' desk where it remained for some time thereafter. She said she received a call from Mr. SANDERS recently, at a time when he was out of Dallas. He said he had read in the press of the publication of the transcript of RUBY's deposition under DOROTHY KILGALLEN's name. Mr. SANDERS inquired if she had any information as to the "leak". She replied in the negative. Mr. SANDERS instructed her to obtain the copy from his desk and lock it in her safe, which she did.

Miss STROUD said she has no knowledge as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or any other person obtained a copy of the RUBY deposition. She related HELEN LAIDRICH has told her she observed mimeographed copies of the transcript of the RUBY deposition in the offices of the Commission when LAIDRICH was in Washington some weeks ago.

Date September 3, 1964

1
IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, secretary, office of the United States Attorney, H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, Northern District of Texas, advised that on an unrecalled date some two months ago, she was given dictation by Mr. SANDERS of a letter directed to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Mr. SANDERS handed her a sealed envelope purported to contain the original of a transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY. This envelope was sent as an enclosure to the letter to Mr. SPECTER. She typed the letter to Mr. SPECTER and after Mr. SANDERS had signed same, she took the envelope to the United States Post Office and arranged for its transmission by registered mail.

Mrs. ALEXANDER said she was aware there was a copy of the transcript which was retained by Mr. SANDERS, inasmuch as the letter to Mr. SPECTER stated a copy was being retained. She said she did not see the original, as it was in a sealed envelope and did not see the copy then or at any other time. She said she was not aware as to how Mr. SANDERS came into possession of the transcription.

Mrs. ALEXANDER stated she has no information as to who furnished a copy of the document to DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

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21 JAN 3 1973

on 9/1/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jtf Date dictated 9/2/64

Date September 3, 19641

THELMA ABLES, secretary to United States Attorney H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, Northern District of Texas, residence address - Box 184, Terrell, Texas, telephone JO 3-2408, was contacted by telephone in Terrell for an appointment for interview, she being on annual leave. When she asked as to the purpose of interview and was informed, she advised personal interview was inconvenient but she would talk by telephone.

Miss ABLES stated she recalls on numerous occasions various court reporters have brought transcripts of depositions to the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD and that HELEN LAIDRICH was among such reporters. She said on occasions copies of depositions were known to be in Mr. SANDERS' desk. She said, however, she has no personal recollection of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY or any circumstances surrounding same. She said she has no recollection of seeing the deposition and has no information or knowledge as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or any other person may have come into possession of a copy of same.

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21 JAN 3 1973

on 9/2/64 at Terrell, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

Date September 3, 1964

1

HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, residence - 7847 Northaven, advised she was called on Sunday, June 7, 1964, by Mr. SORRELS, United States Secret Service, to the Dallas County Jail to record the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. She said she understood Miss ODELL OLIVER, court reporter, was to have been used but was not immediately available at the time the interview was to begin. She said she recorded the interview with a stenotype machine. The interview was concluded in mid-afternoon.

She stated she had, on returning to her home on the same date, dictated from her stenotype notes to a tape recorder, completing the dictation on the same day, June 7, 1964. She said she had intended transcribing the deposition of RUBY the following day but had to go to Waco, Texas, in connection with a court trial, which demanded her attention until about noon Wednesday, June 10, 1964. She typed the document, consisting of 103 pages, on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday, June 10 and 11, 1964, at her home where she maintains her office. She said she then received permission of United States Attorney H. BAREFOOT SANDERS to have Miss ODELL OLIVER assist her in proofreading the transcript. She took the typed document, original and one copy, along with her notes, to Miss OLIVER's office in the Federal Building, Bryan and Ervay Streets, where Miss OLIVER assisted with the proofreading. She said she felt this procedure desirable as Miss OLIVER was known to be familiar with the spellings of many of the names appearing in the document. She said she, thereafter, on Thursday night and Friday morning, June 11 and 12, 1964, made any necessary corrections. She then erased the tape recording previously made by her from the stenotype notes.

Mrs. LAIDRICH stated that at about 11:00 a.m., Friday, June 12, 1964, she took the original of the deposition, in a sealed envelope, and the copy to Mr. SANDERS, the United States Attorney. She took her notes and carbon paper used in the transcription to Miss OLIVER for her retention.

on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agents MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

She said a letter was subsequently received from J. LEE RANKIN, Counsel to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, asking that she determine whether she had erred in typing the name "HARRY CARLSON" on page 32 on the RUBY deposition, rather than "HARRY OLSEN", which was believed to be correct. She said she went to Miss OLIVER's office and obtained her notes, and she and Miss OLIVER went to the United States Attorney's office where they checked the notes and copy of the deposition, which was made available to them by Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD. She said Miss STROUD has advised her that STROUD told FBI Agents, who interviewed STROUD on September 1, 1964, that LAIDRICH had taken the copy of the deposition to Miss OLIVER's office to make the check. She said she reminded Miss STROUD that this was incorrect, that she and Miss OLIVER made the examination in Miss STROUD's office. She said the copy was immediately returned to Miss STROUD, and Miss OLIVER retained the notes. She said it was found she had indeed erred, that the name "HARRY OLSEN" should have appeared on page 32 of the deposition rather than "HARRY CARLSON". She said Mr. RANKIN was informed by letter the same day. She said she did not make the correction on the copy which Mr. SANDERS, the United States Attorney, had retained.

Mrs. LAIDRICH stated she travelled to New York City a few days later and when passing through Washington on June 30, 1964, she stopped by offices of the Commission to pay a courtesy call on personnel she had previously met in Dallas. She said she saw reproduced copies of the RUBY deposition at the Commission offices. She said she told Mr. BURT GRIFFIN of the Commission staff about the correction which should be made, that is changing the name "HARRY CARLSON" to "HARRY OLSEN". She observed Mr. GRIFFIN make the correction in pencil on a copy of the deposition.

DL 44-1639

2

Mrs. LAIDRICH repeated that she made only the original and one copy of the RUBY deposition, retained no copy herself, erased the tape recording from which she made the transcription, gave her notes and carbon paper to Miss OLIVER, who still has them to the best of her knowledge. She said she uses a "condensed" system on her stenotype machine and feels certain no other stenographer could satisfactorily read her notes. She said she had the tape recording during its existence and the typed document in her possession at all times, until turning same over to Mr. SANDERS, and no other person had access to these items. She said she has no information as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of a copy of the deposition.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BIGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

SEP 8 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed are six pictures believed to show Jack Ruby. The Commission would appreciate your asking the following persons to identify Ruby in those pictures:

George Senator
Andrew Armstrong
Dr. Bruce McLean, Dallas, Texas
Officer Clyde F. Goodson (Clements Report June 26, 1964, p.164.)
Victor Robertson Jr., Dallas, Texas (Clements Report June 26, 1964, p.160.)

In photographs 1 and 2 Ruby is believed to be the man standing in the last row, right-hand side, dressed in a dark suit and tie and carrying a handkerchief in his breast pocket. In photograph 3, Ruby is believed to be the slightly bald man in the center of picture shown walking out of the door. In photograph 4, Ruby is believed to be the bald man in the foreground with his right hand in his pocket and back to the camera. Photographs 5 and 6 show what is believed to be a profile view of Ruby who is standing in the foreground in about the center of the photographs.

In photograph 6, please also identify the police officer who appears on the right-hand side of the picture and is moving in the direction of the man believed to be Ruby. Please interview that officer to determine whether or not he remembers seeing Ruby on the third floor of the Dallas Police Department on Friday evening, November 22, and obtain from him any further details he can offer.

The Commission would also appreciate your obtaining glossy photographs of the following newspaper pictures:

6 ENCLOSURE
XEROX
SEP 20 1964

REC 20

SEP 15 1964

SEP 4 1964

EXP. PROC.

080601-29

RECEIVED COPY FILED IN

1. Photograph of Jack Ruby published on page 12 of the New York Times, November 25, 1963.
2. Photograph of Lee Oswald looking in direction of Jack Ruby printed on page A-25 of the Dallas Morning News on November 25, 1963.

Inasmuch as it is our intention to publish all of the photographs mentioned in this letter as a part of the Commission's report, we would appreciate your completing this investigation by September 10, 1964.

Your cooperation in the work of the Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

Attach.

9/4/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SACs, Dallas (44-1639) (Enclosures 8)
New York (44-974) (Enclosures 2)
REC 20
From: Director, FBI (44-24016) - 2019

JACK L. RUEY, AKA; NY 110
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

Enclosed herewith for Dallas and New York are two copies of a self-explanatory memorandum from the President's Commission requesting that we have certain photographs of Ruby identified and that we obtain certain additional photographs as specified. Also enclosed for Dallas are the six pictures furnished by the Commission. They are to be returned along with the results of your investigation.

Dallas exhibit the pictures to those persons named and obtain the photograph printed on page A-25 of the "Dallas Morning News" on 11/25/63.

New York will obtain the photograph of Ruby published on page 12 of the "New York Times," November 25, 1963.

You will note that the Commission desires receipt of the results of this investigation by September 10, 1964. Both offices must, therefore, submit results by appropriate letterhead memorandum to reach the Bureau no later than 9/8/64.

JWH/ras
(6)

NOTE: The Commission states that in connection with the publication of their report they desire that Ruby be identified in 5 photographs which they furnished by 5 persons who are known to be personally acquainted with Ruby. They also request that we obtain 2 additional photographs that appeared (1) in the "Dallas Morning News" and (2) in the "New York Times" for use in connection with publication of their report.

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

SEP 16 1964

62-109090

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 15 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

10-37 AM CST URGENT 9-15-64 SCW

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639) (1P)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA-VICTIM, CR.

REBUTEL TODAY, REFERRING TO TOLL CHARGES OF BRUCE RAY CARLIN.

LETTERHEAD MEMO SENT BY AIRTEL , SEPTEMBER FOURTEEN, LAST.

ENDSNL

REC-47:14-24016-2020

FBI WASH DC

68 SEP 18 1964

EX-103

SEP 16 1964

6-27

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOOGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

September 7, 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In examining our files we are unable to find any reports of allegations that Eva Grant, Ralph Paul, George Senstor, Brock Wall, Karen Bennett Carlin, Bruce Ray Carlin, Harry N. Olsen and Kay Helen Coleman (Mrs. Harry N. Olsen) were members of the Communist Party or engaged in other subversive activities.

We would appreciate your examining your files and informing us no later than September 14, 1964 concerning reports in your possession on the above matters.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

REC-18

EX 110

16 SEP 6 1964

XEROX
SEP 6 1964

EXP-PROC

060101-29

REC-18

EX 110

44-24016-2021

September 11, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of September 7, 1964, requesting that the files of the FBI be examined with respect to Eva Grant, Ralph Paul, George Senator, Breck Wall, Karen Bennett Carlin, Bruce Ray Carlin, Harry N. Olsen and Kay Helen Coleman (Mrs. Harry N. Olsen) for any information therein indicating that these persons were possible members of the Communist Party or engaged in other subversive activities.

By letter dated June 1, 1964, the President's Commission previously requested a similar check of our files with respect to Ralph Paul, George Senator and Breck Wall and you were advised by my letter of June 15, 1964, that the files of this Bureau do not contain any information of a subversive nature or otherwise concerning these individuals other than information which has been furnished to the President's Commission in connection with the investigation regarding Jack L. Ruby.

With respect to Eva Grant, Karen Bennett Carlin, Bruce Ray Carlin, Harry N. Olsen and Kay Helen Coleman, a check of the files of this Bureau does not reveal any information identifiable with these persons which would indicate they have ever been members of the Communist Party or engaged in other subversive activities.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

JWH/ras
(79) 24016

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

SEP 18 1964

XEROX

SEP 16 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

SEP 11 3 19 PM '64

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED

11/11

NOTE:

Above request was made by the Commission by letter of September 7, 1964, and they requested that they be advised of the results of our file check by 9/14/64. Eva Grant is Ruby's sister, Ralph Paul, George Senator and Breck Wall are associates of Ruby. Karen Bennett Carlin is the stripper Little Lynn to whom Ruby sent the money order on the morning of 11/24/63. She is living in a common-law state with Carlin. Kay Helen Coleman was also a former stripper at Ruby's nightclub who is now married to Olsen who was a former Dallas PD Officer. We have conducted extensive investigation of these persons and their association with Ruby and developed no information indicating CP or subversive activity. A search of our files does not develop any information identifiable with them which would indicate any CP or subversive activity on their part.

FBI

Date: 9/10/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

ReButel, 7/9/64, concerning the request of the Commission that additional items of RUBY's property be photographed.

On 9/10/64, certain of the property which had been previously inventoried in RUBY's automobile at Dallas Police Auto Pound on 11/28/63, was found in possession of SAM RUBY. Certain of the items were photographed with Speed Graphic camera, some with Photorecord.

One roll of Photorecord film with some six exposures and one pack of Kodak Tri-X-Pan, including six exposures, are enclosed.

Laboratory is requested to make two prints of each exposure for Civil Rights Section to be transmitted to the Commission with letterhead memorandum now in preparation, and one print of each exposure for Dallas Office.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2) (RM)
2 - Dallas
MCC:rmb
(5)

REC-31
EX-108

RECEIVED
DEVELOPED
UNITED

25 SEP 1 1964

79 SEP 21 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

Per _____

September 15, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - I. W. Conrad (W. D. Griffith)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This will confirm a telephonic request received by Mr. George H. Scatterday of this Bureau from Mr. Howard P. Willens of your staff on September 12, 1964, concerning up-to-date statistical data on the scope of our investigative efforts.

As of September 11, 1964, we had submitted over 2,300 investigative reports comprising over 25,400 pages. In addition, over 3,700 items of physical evidence were received in the FBI Laboratory for technical examination.

Mr. Scatterday furnished the above information telephonically to Mr. Willens on September 14, 1964, pursuant to Mr. Willens' request.

62-109090

- 1 - 62-109060 (Assassination) Sincerely yours,
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RDR:las (13)

NOTE: The Commission by letter dated 8-7-64, stated they wanted to incorporate in its final report the extent of the "excellent" investigative effort undertaken by the Bureau since the assassination. By letter dated 8-12-64, we furnished the Commission with the information it requested. Mr. Willens in his call to Mr. Scatterday on 9-12-64, desired that the above figures be brought up-to-date. These figures are obtained by consulting Bureau supervisors who keep track of such data.

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED
170 SEP 16 1964

66 SEP 18 1964

September 17, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Roggo

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated August 31, 1964, requesting verification of the employment of Mr. Bernard Weissman on November 14, 1963.

Enclosed are two copies each of three communications from our Dallas Office dated September 4, 1964, September 10, 1964, and September 14, 1964, respectively, with self-explanatory attachments.

No further action is being taken in this matter.

62-109060

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission) Sincerely yours,

1 - 105-82555 (Leo Harvey Oswald)

1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)

RDR:las (11)

Enclosures (6)

NOTE: During testimony before the Commission, alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63 between Bernard Weissman, J. D. Tippit and Ruby. Weissman placed controversial full-page ad in DL newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and no proof of such meeting was developed. During interview on 8-10-64, Weissman indicated he possibly was employed on 11-14-63, by carpet firm in Dallas. The enclosed communications tend to support Weissman's story in that carpet firm's records disclose Weissman had interview on evening of 11-14-63 and prospective buyers recall being contacted by carpet salesman who spent over two hours during evening at home. Two of people have furnished positive proof that Weissman was there on 11-14-63 & they have also identified his photograph. This concludes our inquiries int

67 SEP

62-109060-376

9/17/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)
From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE H. RVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Reurairtel 9/10/64.

Enclosed herewith is one set of prints made from negatives submitted by referenced airtel. One set of prints has been forwarded to the President's Commission. The negatives will be retained at the Bureau.

Enclosure

JWH/ras
(4)

MAILED 12
SEP 17 1964
COMM-FBI

REC-109

ST-103

11 SEP 18 1964

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____

67 SEP 23 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

9/17/64

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Hines

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM; CR.

REURAI TEL SEPTEMBER FIFTEEN LAST. SUTEL SOURCE OF LETTER
ENCLOSED WITH REFERENCED AIRTEL AND ADVISE WHETHER OR NOT SOURCE
IS CONFIDENTIAL AS IT IS ANTICIPATED THE LETTER WILL BE
DISSEMINATED TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION.

JWH/ras
(3)

NOTE: Dallas forwarded copy of letter to Ruby from Seth Kantor,
Scripps Howard, Washington, reporter, in which Kantor
discusses a meeting with Ruby at Parkland Hospital on afternoon
of 11/22/63. Ruby has denied there was such a meeting and
extensive investigation tends to establish that Ruby could not
reasonably have been at the hospital. Dallas forwarded letter
but did not indicate source.

REC-109

COPIES DESTROYED

21 MAR 3 1973

11 SEP 18 1964

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☒

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 17 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 17 1964

TELETYPE

FBI DALLAS

4-19 PM CST URGENT 9-17-64 LVD

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1539) 1 P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA-VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

REBUTEL TODAY CONCERNING SETH KANTOR LETTER TRANSMITTED BY DALLAS
AIRTEL SEPT. FIFTEEN LAST.

SOURCE WAS J. H. KITCHING, DEPUTY SHERIFF, DALLAS COUNTY, WHO
ON INSTRUCTIONS OF SHERIFF J. E. BILL DECKER HAS FURNISHED COPIES
OF ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO RUBY. SOURCE IS NOT CONSIDERED CONFIDENTIAL
AND NO REASON KNOWN WHY LETTER SHOULD NOT BE DISSEMINATED TO
COMMISSION.

END

ACK FOR 2 MSGS PLS OMS

FBI WASH DC

FOR 2 MP RITE

REC-31

114 2111 2025
SEP 21 1964

56 SEP 23 1964

FBI

Date: 9/11/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

ReButel, 7/9/64, and other communications concerning the request of the Commission that certain additional items of RUBY's property be obtained and/or photographed.

Attached are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum incorporating results of efforts to locate and photograph all property not heretofore photographed. It will be noted that the specific items mentioned by the Commission as having been observed by Bureau Agents in the automobile of RUBY; namely, "Dallas Morning News" and "Fort Worth Star Telegram", issues of 11/20/63; "Wall Street Journal", issue of 11/18/63; an advertisement for "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts were not located, it being stated by SAMUEL D. RUBY that he had these items in his possession after he purchased the automobile previously owned by JACK L. RUBY, but that they were inadvertently disposed of by a maid at his home.

A copy of the "Wall Street Journal", issue of 11/18/63, was obtained from the Dallas office of this publication and is enclosed.

A representative of "Fort Worth Star Telegram" advised that no complete copies of the 11/20/63, issue of that paper were available except on microfilm. However, a clipping from the paper believed to be the pertinent item was obtained and is enclosed.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 17)
2 - Dallas
MCC:pm
(5)

REC-38

2026

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

56 SEP 24 1964

Agent in Charge

DL 44-1639

A representative of the "Dallas Morning News" furnished a copy of the 11/20/63, Four-Star Edition of the "Dallas Morning News", which is enclosed.

It will be noted further that certain items of RUBY property now in possession of District Attorney HENRY WADE, Dallas County, Texas, were found not to have photographed successfully on 6/1/64. Four pages of such reproductions are enclosed.

It is believed further efforts to locate any additional RUBY property will be unavailing.

Re-examination of material in District Attorney HENRY WADE's office, examination and photographing of material in possession of SAMUEL DAVID RUBY, was conducted by SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS and IC ROBERT G. RENFRO. Interviews with Dallas Police Auto Pound, Merchants State Bank, and Jimmie Wilson Motor Company personnel, were conducted by SA RAYMOND P. YELCHAK. Other investigation of current phases by SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS.

Exposed films concerned with property in possession of SAMUEL DAVID RUBY were forwarded to FBI Laboratory by airtel, 9/10/64, with the request two copies of each print be furnished to Civil Rights Section for transmittal to Commission, one copy of each to Dallas.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 11, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has heretofore been furnished copies of photographs of certain property of Jack L. Ruby found in the possession of the Dallas, Texas, Police Department and Dallas County District Attorney. The Commission has noted that at the time of his arrest, the back seat of Ruby's car contained partial copies of the "Dallas Morning News" and "Fort Worth Star Telegram" newspapers, issues for November 20, 1963; a partial copy of the "Wall Street Journal", issue of November 18, 1963; an advertisement for "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts. It is observed that photographs of Ruby property made on June 1 and 2, 1964, above, do not appear to include these items.

The Commission requested investigation to locate and forward, if possible, accurate copies of these papers as they were found in Ruby's car, and advice if all property found in Ruby's car has been located and photographed.

Files of the Dallas FBI Office concerned with this investigation disclose property of Ruby known to have been in the possession of Dallas Police Department was reported to have come from three sources; namely, Ruby's person, his automobile, and his apartment.

On November 24, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI made an inventory at the Dallas City Jail of items said to have been removed from the person of Ruby when he was searched by officers of the Dallas Police Department Jail on the same date. The listing of this property (pages 725-731, report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements, November 30, 1963, Dallas) will be referred to herein as Inventory A.

On November 24, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI were advised by Detective Richard E. Swain, Jr., Dallas Police Department, that he and fellow officers had searched a 1960

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

44-2448-2024

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

Oldsmobile belonging to Jack L. Ruby at the parking lot where Ruby's car was found and had removed certain items from the car. On the same date, Special Agents made an inventory in offices of Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, of the items reportedly taken from Ruby's car, (pages 733-751, Special Agent Clements' report, above). Property from this source will be referred to herein as Inventory B.

On November 25, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI made an inventory of certain items observed by them in the automobile of Ruby at the Dallas Police Department Automobile Pound (pages 757-759, Special Agent Clements' report, above). This inventory will be referred to herein as Inventory C.

On November 28, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI made further examination of the contents of Ruby's automobile at the Dallas City Pound and prepared a list of such items (pages 752-756, Special Agent Clements' report, above). It is observed the items specifically mentioned by the Commission (paragraph 1 of this memorandum) were included in this inventory, which will be referred to herein as Inventory D.

On November 24, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI observed certain items of Ruby property in the office of the Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, said property having been reported to have been removed by officers of Dallas Police Department on the same date in connection with execution of a search warrant at Ruby's apartment, 223 South Ewing Street, Dallas. The items were listed (pages 762-773, Special Agent Clements' report, above), and the list will be referred to herein as Inventory E.

Previous investigation has established that the Property Room of Dallas Police Department maintains invoices concerning Ruby property which has come into possession of the Property Room, said invoices being designated as numbers 14580G, 11474G, 11105G, 11107G, and 11109G.

On December 3, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI photographed certain items in office of Captain Will Fritz, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, such items having been stated by Captain Fritz to have been obtained from Ruby's

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

person, automobile and residence. At the time these items were being photographed, Captain Fritz was simultaneously exhibiting same to Assistant District Attorney of Dallas County, William F. Alexander. These photographs will be referred to herein as Photographs A.

On June 1, 1964, Special Agents of the FBI photographed certain items in possession of Dallas County District Attorney Henry Wade. It was represented by Mr. Wade that such items, in addition to Ruby's gun and clothing, were the only items of Ruby property which had been furnished to his office by the Dallas Police Department. Mr. Wade stated, however, he was certain all of Ruby's property had not been turned over to his office. He explained that members of his staff had observed some of the property of Ruby at Dallas Police Department shortly after Ruby's arrest and had observed photographs of the "Impeach Earl Warren" sign; a receipt issued by Western Union to Ruby dated November 24, 1963; and certain "Life Line" radio transcripts. Photographs made in Mr. Wade's office will be referred to herein as Photographs B.

On June 2, 1964, Herman Hill, Property Room, Dallas Police Department, although having previously on contact insisted all property of Ruby which had ever been in his possession, except a watch and ring, had been turned over to District Attorney Wade, was able to locate additional property which had not, in fact, been turned over to the District Attorney. Photographs were made of the items exhibited to Special Agents on June 2, 1964, by Mr. Hill and will be referred to herein as Photographs C.

Examination of Inventory A and comparison with Photographs C disclosed all documents, with the exception of money and American Express travelers checks, are included in the photographs. Investigation has previously indicated such money and travelers checks have been turned over to Internal Revenue Service.

Examination of Inventory B and comparison with Photographs A and B disclosed items listed in the inventory compare substantially with the two sets of photographs. Exceptions are noted below:

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

The inventory reflects a notation in a small pocket secretary "#235, W. F. Bill Alexander, District Attorney". One of the "Permanent Pass Cards" to Ruby's Carousel Club was No. 235 in the name of W. F. Alexander. These items are not found in Photographs A and B.

The business card of "W. E. Naylor, Department of Public Safety, Chief, Narcotics Division, P. O. Box 4087, Austin", listed in the inventory, does not appear in the photographs.

A "Courtesy Card" of Glenn W. Byrd, Justice of the Peace, listed in the inventory, does not appear in the photographs. (Mr. Byrd, later Dallas County Clerk, has died since November 24, 1963.)

A "Permanent Pass Card" to the Carousel Club, No. 114 in the name of Daniel Hurley, listed in the inventory, does not appear in photographs. Investigation failed to identify Daniel Hurley. Photographs, however, do disclose the name Daniel Aureli, No. 114, this apparently being the name of the proper holder who has been identified.

On September 8, 1964, Special Agents of the FBI re-examined Ruby property in possession of District Attorney Henry Wade to determine whether all items had been satisfactorily photographed on June 1, 1964, (Photographs B, above). It was found the following items from a billfold listed in Inventory B, had not reproduced satisfactorily:

Membership card No. 2552 issued to Jack Ruby by The Music Box, 2538 Cedar Springs, Dallas.

Carousel Club card with name "Faye Neeper" on reverse side.

Merchants State Bank blank draft with name "Norma Wharton" on reverse side.

Merchants State Bank blank draft with name "Burney Lane" on reverse side.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

Other items from the inventory which had not photographed satisfactorily are as follows:

One page from a notebook, bearing name "Kunkel" and other notations.

Merchants State Bank blank draft, notation "PA9 90891", etc., on reverse side.

Merchants State Bank blank draft with number "JE 2-2561" on reverse side.

One item which does not appear in Inventory B or Photographs B was located. This is a receipt dated November 5, 1963, acknowledging payment on behalf of Vegas Club in the sum of \$30.00, signed "Sam Smith, Times Herald Adv."

All of the above items were reproduced on September 8, 1964.

Included among Ruby's possessions in the District Attorney's office were two Polaroid picture negatives, as indicated in Inventory B. The subject matter of one is not discernible. Examination of the other discloses same is apparently the negative from which one of the "Impeach Earl Warren" pictures was made. (Inventory A and Photographs C.) These items do not reproduce satisfactorily when photographed.

On September 8, 1964, it was noted one of the brown paper bags containing Ruby property at the District Attorney's office bears the numbers "11474G" and "11105G", the notation "Safe 9", and the date stamp of November 25, 1963.

Another brown paper bag bears the number "1110- (remainder torn and illegible)".

A loose tag of Dallas Police Department among the papers bears the writing "11107G", the date November 25, 1963, the notation "N18", and purports to have been "evidence" obtained by Lieutenant Smart and Lieutenant Swain on November 24, 1963. The name of "Jack Leon Ruby, 3929 Rawlins" appears thereon.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

A small paper sack bears the notation "In Ruby car".

An envelope bears the notation "Found in car" with the names of Lieutenant Smart and Lieutenant Swain.

An envelope bears the notation "11107G, November 25, 1963, found in glove compartment by Lieutenant Smart and Lieutenant Swain".

Examination was made on September 8, 1964, of two copies of the "Dallas Morning News", issue of November 23, 1963, and one copy of the "Dallas Times Herald", Final Edition, same date, such newspapers having been reportedly removed from Ruby's automobile on November 24, 1963. These newspapers appeared to be complete and intact, no pages missing, no clippings made therefrom or articles marked. The newspapers were not photographed.

Other items included in Inventory B, such as razor blades, postage stamps, aluminum knuckles, holster, and money bags, not susceptible to photographing with Photorecord camera, were found among Ruby's possessions in the District Attorney's office. Clothing removed from Ruby at Dallas City Jail following his arrest on November 24, 1963, was likewise found to be in the District Attorney's office, but was not photographed.

Reference is made to Photographs A and B, both of which include numerous photographs of typewritten and handwritten names on cards maintained in a loose-leaf notebook. Some of the names included were recognized as those of former entertainers at Ruby's Carousel Club. It has been noted, however, a tag dated November 24, 1963, attached to the notebook reflects this book was found by Loid Arostegi, 710 McDowell, (presumably Dallas), "behind bus station" at 1500 Jackson Street. The names of Officers E. A. Wilkerson, No. 1716, and A. C. Bliss, No. 1620, appeared on this card as the officers concerned. Information in the book suggests the names of persons therein are entertainers and frequent references are made to "AGVA" on various cards. It is observed that American Guild of Variety Artists (AGVA) maintains an office at 1500 Jackson Street, Dallas, the Interurban Building, the lower floor of which is a bus station. District Attorney Henry Wade advised he has no information as to the basis for the inclusion of this notebook among property of Ruby by Dallas Police Department. The notebook does not appear in Inventory B.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

As noted above, previous contacts with Herman Hill, Property Supervisor, Dallas Police Department, and Captain Will Fritz, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, Dallas Police Department, resulted in their repeated statements that all property which had been in their possession had been turned over to the Dallas County District Attorney. On September 8, 1964, Charles Batchelor, Assistant Chief of Police, Dallas Police Department, was advised of negative efforts to locate certain property of Ruby, listed in Inventories C, D, and E.

On September 9, 1964, Chief Batchelor informed he had caused a search to be made of the Identification Bureau and Crime Laboratory and had been advised by Captain George Doughty no Ruby property was found therein. Chief Batchelor stated he had been informed by Patrolman William F. Woodworth, Supervisor, Dallas Police Auto Pound, that no Ruby property was found in the Property Room at the Pound. Chief Batchelor stated he had caused a search to be made by Herman Hill, Supervisor, Property Room, Dallas Police Department, for additional invoices which might be identifiable with Ruby property, and had likewise asked Mr. Hill to cause a search to be made for property which may have not been inventoried. He stated Mr. Hill had informed him he had located no additional invoices or property.

Chief Batchelor stated he had been informed by Captain Will Fritz, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, that an additional search of the offices of that bureau was negative and that officers under Captain Fritz' supervision could shed no light on the whereabouts of additional Ruby property.

On September 10, 1964, Herman Hill, Property Room Supervisor, Dallas Police Department, advised a Special Agent he had examined property invoices for the period November 24, 1963, through January 31, 1964, in effort to locate additional Ruby invoices, with negative results.

On September 10, 1964, Captain Will Fritz, Homicide and Robbery Bureau, advised a Special Agent he had located no additional Ruby property and is still convinced that all property ever in possession of his bureau was furnished to the Dallas County District Attorney.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

On August 10, 1964, Sergeant T. C. Sewell, Dallas Police Department Automobile Pound, advised his records under number 102653 reflect a 1960 Oldsmobile owned by Jack Ruby was released to Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963. Sewell stated no reason for the release of the car is shown on papers in his office, and he had no information concerning contents of the vehicle when released to the bank.

On August 18, 1964, Roland Bratton, Vice President, Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, advised he and Mr. Jack Etheridge, Assistant Cashier, had taken possession of a 1960 Oldsmobile previously owned by Jack Ruby at the Dallas Police Department Automobile Pound on December 3, 1963. Bratton stated he recalls seeing certain items, perhaps an old picture frame, an old pillow, and possibly a jacket, on the back seat of the vehicle. He said he did not examine the trunk or glove compartment and had no other information concerning contents of the vehicle.

On August 18, 1964, Jack Etheridge, Assistant Cashier, Merchants State Bank, confirmed he accompanied Mr. Bratton when the Oldsmobile previously owned by Ruby was repossessed. He stated same was locked and stored at the Jimmie Wilson Motor Company, Dallas, until its release to S. D. Ruby, 11616 Jamestown, Dallas, on January 27, 1964. He explained the bank had repossessed the vehicle because of Jack Ruby's failure to meet current payments. He said the automobile was sold to S. D. Ruby for the balance of the note, \$604.00. Mr. Etheridge stated neither he nor Mr. Bratton removed any items from the vehicle and to the best of his knowledge the only items in the vehicle were numerous business cards strewn about the floor and a small piece of chrome on the back seat of the car. He said he did not check the trunk or glove compartment and had no other information concerning contents of the vehicle.

On August 18, 1964, Jimmie Wilson, Jimmie Wilson Motor Company, Dallas, advised the automobile previously owned by Jack Ruby had been stored on his lot by officials of Merchants State Bank on or about December 3, 1963. He stated the vehicle was kept locked, and he had no information concerning the possible contents of the vehicle. He said the car was removed by bank personnel in late January, 1964.

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

On September 10, 1964, Samuel David Ruby, 11616 Jamestown, Dallas, brother of Jack L. Ruby, advised he had made arrangements in late 1963 to purchase a 1960 Oldsmobile previously repossessed by Merchants State Bank, same having formerly been the property of Jack Ruby. He said he did not recall the exact date of his purchase, but noted his first payment was made on February 28, 1964. He said the bank had maintained the car on a parking lot on Ross Avenue, Dallas, prior to his taking possession.

Mr. Ruby stated he removed numerous items from the automobile on assuming possession of the car. He said he specifically recalled a partial issue of the November 20, 1963, issues of the "Fort Worth Star Telegram" and "Dallas Morning News". He said he also recalled observing a copy of the "Wall Street Journal"; an advertisement of "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts. He said these papers were kept in his home for some weeks following which he discovered that a maid, seeking to assist Mrs. Ruby, had thrown these items, and perhaps other papers removed from the car, away to be collected as garbage.

Mr. Ruby, with the assistance of his wife, examined Inventories C and D and produced such articles as he had removed from the automobile for photographing. Photographs made of this property will be referred to as Photographs D. When it was pointed out to Mr. Ruby that certain of the items photographed are not identifiable from Inventories C and D, he stated he had obtained some few items, specific identities not recalled, at the Carousel Club during the period it was being operated by Ralph Paul, following Jack Ruby's arrest. As to certain papers appearing in Inventories C and D but not located by him on this date, Mr. Ruby stated he can only assume the items were not in the car when he came into possession of same, or else had been thrown away by the maid mentioned above. He specifically stated no clothing of Jack Ruby was found in the car by him and speculated same and possibly other articles may have been removed by personnel of the Dallas Police Auto Pound or employees of the parking lot on which the automobile had been stored following repossession. He noted, however, that certain other items of value, for example, a radio and adding machine, were in the car.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

On September 9, 1964, Mrs. Hettie Arleth, Reference Room, "Fort Worth Star Telegram", Fort Worth, Texas, advised she had no complete copy of the November 20, 1963, morning edition of that newspaper. She stated the entire issue had been reduced to microfilm. Mrs. Arleth permitted the clipping of an article from an incomplete copy, which article was concerned with the forthcoming appearance of President Kennedy in Fort Worth.

On September 10, 1964, Harry Bowman, Reference Department, "Dallas Morning News", Dallas, Texas, furnished a copy of the November 20, 1963, Four-Star Edition of the "Dallas Morning News".

On September 10, 1964, Mrs. Betty Newman, Circulation Sales, "Wall Street Journal", Dallas, furnished a copy of the November 18, 1963, issue of the "Wall Street Journal". She stated the "Southwest Edition" furnished is identical with the copy which had been mailed to subscriber J. E. Bradshaw, Dallas.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 11, 1964.

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has heretofore been furnished copies of photographs of certain property of Jack L. Ruby found in the possession of the Dallas, Texas, Police Department and Dallas County District Attorney. The Commission has noted that at the time of his arrest, the back seat of Ruby's car contained partial copies of the "Dallas Morning News" and "Fort Worth Star Telegram" newspapers, issues for November 20, 1963; a partial copy of the "Wall Street Journal", issue of November 18, 1963; an advertisement for "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts. It is observed that photographs of Ruby property made on June 1 and 2, 1964, above, do not appear to include these items.

The Commission requested investigation to locate and forward, if possible, accurate copies of these papers as they were found in Ruby's car, and advice if all property found in Ruby's car has been located and photographed.

Files of the Dallas FBI Office concerned with this investigation disclose property of Ruby known to have been in the possession of Dallas Police Department was reported to have come from three sources; namely, Ruby's person, his automobile, and his apartment.

On November 24, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI made an inventory at the Dallas City Jail of items said to have been removed from the person of Ruby when he was searched by officers of the Dallas Police Department Jail on the same date. The listing of this property (pages 725-731, report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements, November 30, 1963, Dallas) will be referred to herein as Inventory A.

On November 24, 1963, Special Agents of the FBI were advised by Detective Richard E. Swain, Jr., Dallas Police Department, that he and fellow officers had searched a 1960

September 17, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 6, 1964 requesting investigation to locate and photograph certain property in Ruby's possession at the time of his arrest which had not previously been photographed. By letter dated August 20, 1964, you were forwarded Xerox prints of certain items of Ruby's which were furnished by Ruby's sister, Eva Grant.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a letterhead memorandum dated September 11, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, which sets forth the results of this Bureau's efforts to locate and photograph the property as requested. Also enclosed are the following items which are mentioned in the memorandum.

One set of photographs of items photographed in the office of Captain Will Fritz, Dallas Police Department, on December 3, 1963, and referred to in enclosed memorandum as photographs A.

One set of photographs of items produced for photographing by Samuel Ruby on September 10, 1964, which are referred to in enclosed memorandum as photographs D.

BY COURIER SVC.

01 SEP 17

COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE ON PAGE THREE

SEP 18 1964

SEP 18 1964 ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D - ADM. ROOM

SEP 17 3 13 PM '64

RECORDED COPY 62-10901-29

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Four Xerox reproductions which include the eight items referred to on pages 4 and 5 of enclosed memorandum.

One clipping from the "Fort Worth Star Telegram" of November 20, 1963, one copy of the "Dallas Morning News" of November 20, 1963, and one copy of the "Wall Street Journal" of November 18, 1963, as referred to on page 10 of enclosed memorandum.

As you are aware, the FBI did not seize any of Ruby's property nor has this Bureau ever had custody, control or responsibility for the maintenance of any such property seized by local authorities in connection with their investigation. In compliance with your request this Bureau has made every reasonable effort to locate the property in possession of Ruby at the time of his arrest for photographing. No further investigation will be conducted in the absence of a further specific request from the President's Commission.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (11)

NOTE:

Commission by letter dated 7/6/64 advised our previous reports reveal certain items were in possession of Ruby at the time of his arrest. They advised that photographs of property in Ruby's possession which were previously furnished to them did not contain some of these items. It was requested that we make an effort to locate and photograph the items which were missing between the time they were inventoried in November, 1963, and photographed in June, 1964, and, if they could not be located, that we obtain copies of same where possible.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 18 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI DALLAS

604 PM CST URGENT 9-18-64 FLL

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016), DETROIT (44-563), HOUSTON
FROM DALLAS (44-1639) 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA; CR.

RE DETROIT TEL TODAY, INFO FROM JAMES J. KNEIDING

NONE OF NAMES MENTIONED IN RETEL IDENTIFIABLE IN DALLAS
INDICES. "THE PURPLE ONION" NOT KNOWN TO SPECIAL SERVICE
BUREAU, DALLAS PD, AS PRESENT OR PAST HOMOSEXUAL HANGOUT OR
OTHERWISE.

DETROIT CHECK PRISON RECORDS CONCERNING MENTAL CONDITION
OF KNEIDING.

END

WA JRL

FBI WASH DC

DE JFD

FBI DETROIT

HO VBR

FBI-HOUSTON

MN

SEP 23 1964

REC-64

EX 110

14 SEP 21 1964

202846
6-46

CC, file

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 19 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

McGowan

H.H.

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

8-41 PM DEFERRED 9/19/64 PJK

TO DIRECTOR /44-24015/ 12

FROM NEW YORK /44-974/ 1P

JACK L. RUBY,

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

CR

REWFO AIRTEL TO BUREAU SEPTEMBER SEVENTEEN LAST.

RESULTS OF INTERVIEW WITH MELVIN A. EISENBERG, QUEENS, NEW YORK, BEING SUBMITTED THIS DATE BY AIRTEL.

ATTEMPTS TO CONTACT FRANCIS W. H. ADAMS UNSUCCESSFUL AND IT APPEARS HE IS OUT OF TOWN.. INVESTIGATION TO LOCATE ADAMS IS CONTINUING.

END.

REC-64

EX 110

14 SEP 21 1964

79 SEP 23 1964

cc H.H.

FBI

Date: 9/14/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel, 9/9/64, by which the Commission
requested examination of toll charges to JE 4-8525, BRUCE RAY
CARLIN, 11/22 - 24/63. TEXAS

Enclosed are ten copies of LHM incorporating the
requested investigation.

Request had not been made heretofore for this information.

Information from records of Southwestern Bell Telephone
Company was furnished by CAROL DAVIS, to SA JOSEPH M. MYERS.

3-Bureau
2-Dallas
MCC:nc (5)

ENCLOSURE

E. C. Wick

REC-21

EX-131

SEP 16 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 14, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter dated September 4, 1964, requested examination of toll charges to telephone JEfferson 4-8525, Fort Worth, Texas, for the period November 22, 23, 24, 1963. The Commission had previously, by letter dated March 2, 1964, requested examination of such toll charges for the period September 26 - November 22, 1963, and by letter dated April 14, 1964, for the period November 26 - December 1, 1963.

Attached are the results of investigation requested. It has been established previously that Dallas telephone WH 1-5601 was formerly listed to Jack L. Ruby at 223 South Ewing Street, Apartment 207.

ATTACHMENT

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 14, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter dated September 4, 1964, requested examination of toll charges to telephone JEfferson 4-8525, Fort Worth, Texas, for the period November 22, 23, 24, 1963. The Commission had previously, by letter dated March 2, 1964, requested examination of such toll charges for the period September 26 - November 22, 1963, and by letter dated April 14, 1964, for the period November 26 - December 1, 1963.

Attached are the results of investigation requested. It has been established previously that Dallas telephone WH 1-5601 was formerly listed to Jack L. Ruby at 223 South Ewing Street, Apartment 207.

ATTACHMENT

1Date September 14, 1964

The records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company were examined for Fort Worth telephone number JE 4-8525, for any long distance telephone calls, from November 22 through 25, 1963.

DATE	TIME CALL PLACED	DURATION OF CALL	PERSON CALLING	PERSON CALLED	NUMBER CALLED AND LOCATION
11/24/63	Not Shown	3 minutes	Not Shown	Not Shown	WH 1-5601 Dallas, Texas
11/25/64	Not Shown	3 minutes	Not Shown	Not Shown	Number not shown, Dallas, Texas

It was determined from CAROL DAVIS that the above calls were not person-to-person calls and the above information is the only information contained in the records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

The above records may be obtained through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, directed to Mr. CAROL DAVIS, Legal Department, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 73

on 9/11/64 at Fort Worth, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS/nc Date dictated 9/14/64

ENCLOSURE

September 17, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

REC-21-11 1016-2030

EX-131

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

SEP 17 2 50 PM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of September 4, 1964,
requesting examination of toll charges to the telephone
of Bruce Ray Carlin for the period November 22, 23 and
24, 1963, there are enclosed herewith two copies of a
memorandum dated September 14, 1964, at Dallas, Texas,
setting forth the desired information.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

JWH/ras
(7)

NOTE:

Bruce Ray Carlin is the common-law husband of
Margaret Bennett, also known as Little Lynn, the
stripper employed by Ruby to whom he sent the money order
on the morning of 11/24/63 just prior to the shooting of
Oswald. E.S.I.

VED/D W/VIT HOD/CEAIED U/HEC10V

XEROX

SEP 22 1964

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-10801-29

FBI

Date: 9/19/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

TELETYPE

URGENT

PLAIN TEXT

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI AND SAC, OMAHA

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS R CUBA ATTENTION CRIMINAL SECTION

BUNK 105-37111
JACK L. RUBY LEE HARVEY OSWALD VICTIM, CIVIL RIGHTS. BUNK 24016

REWFOAIRTEL NINE SEVENTEEN LAST.

DAVID W. BELIN INTERVIEWED BY WFO THIS DATE. OMAHA
DISCONTINUE.

REC-21

44-24016-2031

SEP 22 1964

EX-131

2-Bureau
2-Teletype Unit
2-WFO
(1- 44-520)
ASB/daf
(6)

6-File

79 SEP 23 1964

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

F B I

Date: 9/18/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION P.
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-37111)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS P.
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFO 44-520)

Re WFO airtel 9/17/64.

[RUTH DAVID SHIRLEY] Clerk with the President's
Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy,
presently at 61 Rockledge Road North, Bronxville, New
York, telephone SW 3-5990. Expected to remain New York
City until Wednesday, 9/23/64, and will not return to
employment at Warren Commission.

LEAD

NEW YORK

AT BRONXVILLE, NEW YORK

Will interview [RUTH SHIRLEY] in accordance
with instructions in WFO airtel 9/17/64.

4 - Bureau
3 - New York (RM)
2 - WFO
DEV/pcn
(9)

REC-21
EX-131

2032

A I R T E L

25 SEP 22 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

C. C. Wick

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 23 1964

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *ps*

DATE: 9-11-64

FROM : L. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R CUBA

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

PURPOSE

To advise the Bureau received a President's Commission request which requires interviews with members of the President's Commission and staff, Sol A. Dann of Detroit and Melvin Belli of San Francisco, the latter two, are former Ruby attorneys. The interviews are to relate to the leak of information to news media of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren.

BACKGROUND

At the request of the Commission we have conducted extensive investigation concerning the leak of information to news media regarding Oswald's diary, Jack Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren. The results of the investigations have been furnished to the President's Commission.

Congressman Gerald R. Ford was the only member of the Commission interviewed as it was alleged he leaked information regarding Oswald's diary. This allegation was completely erroneous. The Commission was advised other members and staff would not be interviewed in the absence of a specific request.

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the Commission requested that members and staff be interviewed; also that Mr. Sol A. Dann and Melvin Belli, former Ruby attorneys, be interviewed.

Enclosure *sent*
LRR:las
(10)

NOT RECORDED

199 SEP 18 1964

11 SEP 17

64 SEP 24 1964

CONTINUED - OVER

SOVIET SECTION

SIX

105-12555-4866

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

Consideration was given as to whether these interviews should be conducted by members of Mr. DeLoach's Office since some of the Commission employees are members of Congress. It is felt that in view of the investigative nature of the requests it would be preferable to utilize experienced personnel of WFO.

ACTION

If approved, the attached airtel is to be forwarded to WFO with instructions to interview Commission members and staff, who were present during Ruby's interview and his polygraph examination, and conduct further investigation to fully explore and pin down any such leaks of information pertaining to Oswald's diary, Ruby's interview and polygraph examination within the Commission.

Receiving offices are being instructed this is a limited investigation restricted to Commission members, Commission staff and the two former Ruby attorneys. When personnel of the Commission have been interviewed, WFO has been instructed to advise the Bureau prior to conducting an interview with Chief Justice Warren, for further instructions.

✓ R [initials] [signature] [initials]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enc.
- 2 - Mr. Griffith - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enc.

DATE: 1 - Office, Rm. 7135
9-15-64

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO : Mr. Conrad *JWC*

FROM : R. H. Jevons *RHJ*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS 11-22-63

Reference memorandum dated 2-26-64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 9-14-64, Miss Jane Vida, Commission employee, sent by courier to SA Robert A. Frazier Commission Exhibits 2422, 2425, 2427 and 2441. A complete description of these exhibits is attached.

Miss Vida requested the Bureau furnish the Commission as soon as possible with one 8" by 10" black and white photographic print of each.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner of the Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION: The Exhibits will be reproduced as requested and one 8" by 10" black and white print of each will be furnished to the Commission. The original exhibits and copies will be returned to the Commission.

62-109060

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Tavel - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attn: Mr. C. G. Smith) - Enc.

RAF:nlb (13)

*Handled.
Sent to Commission
9/17/64 JWC*

NOT RECORDED
199 SEP 23 1964

~~ENCLOSURE~~ / ENCLOSURE

79 SEP 24 1964

SEP 24 1964

62-109060-3783

9-15-64

COMMISSION EXHIBIT NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

2422

7" X 9" photograph
of Jack Ruby
wearing hand cuffs,
left profile view

2425

8" X 10" photograph
of Jack Ruby holding
microphone, marked on
back "Obtained from
Time Incorporated
NYC 3/26/64"

2427

8" X 10" photograph
of "closed" sign on
billboard bearing
numerous photographs,
marked on back
"Dallas Times Herald
Jul 17 1964 Photo
Dept."

2441

8" by 10" photograph
showing back of
heads of several
men (probably
photograph of
television picture
tube image).

1 XEROX
SEP 23 1964

A I R T E

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, WFO

DATE: 9/18/64

RE: HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
(ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-37111) P.

JACK L. RUBY
JRE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFO 44-520) P.

ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

ReBuairtel to WFO 9/14/64.

Investigation at President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy on 9/18 and 17/64 was initiated through interview of J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, and expanded to members of his immediate staff and staff attorneys available. It will be noted that instead of the 31 personnel, in addition to Commission members, originally indicated as employed by the Commission in the list furnished by Bureau, inquiry has disclosed a total of 62 personnel members aside from Commission members have been involved in work during the pertinent period and, in addition, there are 8 personnel presently assigned by Government Printing Office (GPO) to work regularly at Commission Headquarters under supervision of a GPO printing supervisor.

- ① - Bureau (Encls 6)
 - 3 - Boston (Encls 9)(RM)
 - 3 - Dallas (AM-RM)
 - 3 - Los Angeles (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
 - 3 - New Orleans (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
 - 3 - New York (Encls 9)(RM)
 - 3 - Omaha (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
 - 3 - Philadelphia (Encls 9)(RM)
 - 3 - San Francisco (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
 - 2 - WFO
- CRJ/HRH:pon
(31)

REC-21

EX-135 SEP 22 1964

2cc Teller

Mr 5730 G-RM

44-24016-2033

MAR 29 1972

RECEIVED ORIGINAL RETAIN

A I R T E
COPIES DESTROYED

1964-21 JAN 3 1973

cc. John W. ...

62-109090-1

Investigation thus far has disclosed a complete lack of organization insofar as records are concerned, and a system instituted for handling documents as "TOP SECRET" was discontinued early in the operation of the Commission and subsequent documents have borne classification of "CONFIDENTIAL" on occasion, particularly when they are relating to depositions or testimony. There was found to be no document control whatsoever and no accountability for such documents, classified or not. In addition, there are two Xerox machines located in the basement of the building which are used constantly by any member of the staff or any employee if the need arises for extra copy or copies of any given paper.

It will also be noted that on the list of employees of the Commission now available to WFO, 32 of those out of 62 are now no longer employed or living out of Washington, D. C. Effort is being made to locate these persons; however, their exact whereabouts is unknown to the Commission and WFO may not be able to have them interviewed by the deadline set by referenced District. Every effort is being made by WFO to complete this investigation in conformance with Eudex.

Enclosed for offices receiving leads to interview persons now or formerly associated with the Presidential Commission are memoranda containing background information re this matter. Also enclosed for all offices, except Dallas and San Francisco, is one copy of reBualrtel containing additional information and Bureau instructions pertaining to this investigation. It is noted Dallas and San Francisco have previously received copy of reairtel.

Investigation at the Commission disclosed original typewritten transcript of interview of JACK L. KUBY by Chief Justice WARREN on 6/7/64 at Dallas, Texas, received in office of Chief Counsel of the Commission on 6/17/64 or 6/18/64. This original sent to Ward and Paul, Court Reporters, 917 O Street, N. W., on 6/18/64 for duplication. Ward and Paul returned the original transcript, along with five Xerox copies thereof, to the Commission on 6/18/64.

Inquiry of Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HECKMAN, Secretary to General Counsel, discloses following distribution made of these five Xerox copies:

Copy 1 of 5: furnished to NORMAN REDLICH,
Legal Consultant

Copy 2 of 5: furnished to Senator RICHARD
B. RUSSELL, Commission member

Copy 3 of 5: furnished to BURT W. GRIFFIN,
Legal Consultant

Copy 4 of 5: retained for general use of
Commission staff

Copy 5 of 5: furnished to Congressman
GERALD R. FORD, Commission
member

The above distribution was made on 6/18 or 19/61.

It is noted the five Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul bear classification "CONFIDENTIAL" on top and bottom of each page of the transcript as well as on the cover to this transcript. The original typed transcription, prepared by court reporter in Dallas, bears no classification on any page or on the cover.

Inquiry has also determined additional Xerox copies of this transcript were made by Commission employees. These copies apparently made from the original typed transcript, since none located to date have classification. These copies were made for purpose of distributing same to Commission members and for providing material to GPO representatives. The exact number of Xerox copies made by Commission employees is not known; however, Mrs. HECKMAN said she normally had ten copies of material of this type duplicated.

Mrs. HECKMAN advised JOE H. TONAHILL, Attorney, Jasper, Texas, directed a letter 6/28/61 to Mr. BARKIN requesting a copy of a transcript of the Ruby testimony 6/7/61, advising it was for the use of Dr. JOYCE WEST in connection with his diagnosis and recommended treatment for RUBY. By letter 6/27/61, over BARKIN's signature, handled by BURT GRIFFIN, Staff Attorney, a letter was directed to TONAHILL enclosing a copy of the transcript requested. Mrs. HECKMAN does not know whether or not a Ward and Paul transcript was Xeroxed or whether a Xerox copy of the original transcript not bearing a classification was forwarded to TONAHILL.

WFO 105-37111
44-820

An examination of page one of the 8/16/64 edition of the "New York Journal American", in which columnist DOROTHY KJLOALLEN wrote a story publishing what she reports to be the transcript of the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview, disclosed her article is headed:

Confidential
President's Commission
on the
Assassination of President Kennedy

Dallas, Texas
Sunday, June 7, 1964
11:45 A.M. - 2:50 P.M.

A comparison of the heading appearing in the news article with the heading appearing on page two of Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul determined the news article is in conformity with the transcript, with the exception of the horizontal spacing of the classification.

Page seven of this newspaper carries a reproduction of page 103 of the transcript of this interview. Page 103 contains of the certificate prepared by EILEEN LAFORCE, the court reporter who recorded the interview between Chief Justice WARREN and JACK L. RUBY.

This reproduction of page 103 bears the word "CONFIDENTIAL" at the bottom of the page, between lines 24 and 25.

A comparison of page 103, as it appears in the five Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul, with the reproduction appearing in the "New York Journal American", discloses margins on the top, bottom, and left side were reduced in size at the time it was printed in the news article.

It is noted the classification "CONFIDENTIAL" appears some distance above line one, and below line twenty-five, on the Xerox copies made by Ward and Paul. It is further noted this portion of the top and bottom margins appears to have been deleted in the newspaper reproduction; however, as stated above, the newspaper reproduction does bear the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification, which is located between lines 24 and 25.

WFO 105-37111
44-520

All five of the Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul have been located as result of investigation at the Commission and through contact with persons to whom these copies furnished. None of these copies have the classification stamp above line twenty-five on page 103.

In view of the above, it appears possibility exists KILGALLEN prepared her article after having available for her review a copy of the transcript prepared by Ward and Paul, or a reproduction of such a copy. This is based on the fact the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification appears only on Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul.

It is realized the person who made this material available to KILGALLEN could have told her of the classification; however, it is noted the classification appearing in the newspaper reproduction of page 103 is horizontally spaced the same as the Xerox copies made by Ward and Paul, and the vertical spacing and lack of classification on top of pages appear to be the only differences.

The possibility that page 103 of this transcript reproduced in the "New York Journal American" was altered in the printing process should not be overlooked. It is believed the possibility exists the newspaper, through a photographic or some other process, raised the classification stamp appearing on page 103 from its original position to one higher and space considerations and balance were the reason for such change.

A review of the original typewritten transcript, the Xerox copies made by Commission employees, and the Ward and Paul Xerox copies disclosed only copy 3 of 5 of Ward and Paul copies (obtained from office of BIRT W. GRIFFIN, Legal Consultant) has name of HARRY CARLSON corrected to HARRY OLSEN on pages 32 and 33. It is noted the article written by KILGALLEN carries name of CARLSON.

REQUEST OF DUPEAU

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original transcript and five copies of transcript that were reproduced by Ward and Paul. The FBI Laboratory is requested to conduct the following examinations of this material:

- (1) Examine knots tied in binding of copies to determine, if possible, whether any evidence present indicating one of these transcripts has been taken apart.

o know (2) original?

Examine the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification appearing on page 103 of each transcript copy to determine if this classification appears to be handstamped or machine stamped, and whether or not the same stamp was used for all copies.

- (3) Compare each page 103 classification stamp on transcript copies with that appearing in newspaper reproduction of page 103. Information received Bureau in possession of 8/18/62 issue of "New York Journal American". Appropriate examination should be done to determine if the same stamp was used to classify the Ward and Paul copies as was used in the newspaper reproduction.

- (4) Compare the printing on page 103 of Ward and Paul transcripts with each other to determine if any characteristics appear that would make one copy identifiable to another. Thereafter, compare printing of newspaper reproduction of page 103 in effort to isolate copy from which newspaper reproduction made. Also compare with original transcript.

Proceeding on the theory KILGALLAN obtained a transcript from the Commission, specifically one of the Ward and Paul Xerox copies, the Bureau is requested to consider having the following inquiry conducted:

- (1) Recontact KILGALLAN in effort to obtain at least one of the copies of the transcript she had made from the copy given to her, and which she claims to have since returned to her source. In event KILGALLAN refuses to furnish such a copy, an effort should be made to review one she has available to determine whether or not the pages are classified.

WFO 105-37111
44-520

(2) Recontact officials at the "New York Journal American" and attempt to obtain photograph used to reproduce page 108 of this transcript. If this photograph obtained, it should be forwarded to FBI Laboratory for examination and comparison with material enclosed herewith.

(3) Inquiry should be conducted at the "New York Journal American" to determine if the newspaper has a copy of the transcript used by KILGALLIN in preparing her article, and if so, obtain the copy or review same for information regarding classification appearing thereon.

The Bureau should also consider authorizing Dallas to re-interview Attorney JOE TOMMILL for the purpose of determining whether or not the copy of the transcript provided him reflecting interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN, bears any type of classification stamp.

For information of Bureau, interviews of Commission personnel being conducted. Leads being set out for interviews of Commission personnel who are not currently in Washington.

LEADS

BOSTON

AT WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS

Will locate and interview RAY SHURTLEFF, 20 Quincy Street. It is noted SHURTLEFF worked as a file clerk at the Commission until 7/31/62, intending to return to college.

DALLAS

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

Will, upon receipt of Bureau authorization, attempt to interview JOE TOMMILL and Dr. JOYCE WEST to determine if their copy of transcript bears any classification.

LOS ANGELES

AT LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Will interview JOSEPH A. BALE, 4431 Central

WFO 105-37111
44-520

It is noted DALL was one of the Commission's legal consultants.

✓ NEW ORLEANS

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Will locate and interview LEON D. HUBERT, Jr., 1915 South Dupre (home) or 1100 Tulane Avenue, 3000 Oil and Gas Building (office). It is noted HUBERT was also a legal consultant to the Commission.

✓ NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK CITY

- (1) Will locate and interview FRANCIS W. H. ADAMS, 14 East 90th Street (home) or 460 Park Avenue (office). ADAMS was a legal consultant to the Commission.
- (2) Will locate and interview MELVIN A. EISENBERG, 147-28 Charter Road, Jamaica, New York (home) or c/o Kaye, Scholer, etc., 425 Park Avenue (office).
- (3) Will, if Bureau authority requires, re-interview DOROTHY WILGALLER and re-contact "New York Journal American" and conduct inquiry along lines set forth above.

✓ OHARA

AT DES MOINES, IOWA

Will locate and interview DAVID W. BELIN, 7704 College Drive (home) or c/o Herrick, Langdon, etc., 501 Iowa - Des Moines Bank Building (office). BELIN was a legal consultant to the Commission.

✓ PHILADELPHIA

AT PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

- (1) Will locate and interview W. T. COLEMAN, 612 West Chester Street (home) or 511 North Pine St., etc., 123 South Second Street (office). COLEMAN was a legal consultant to the Commission.

(5) Will locate and interview ARLEN SPECTER, 3417 Gordon Drive (home) or c/o Specter, and wife, 12 South 12th Street (office). SPECTER was employed as a legal consultant to the Commission. In this interview Philadelphia should note SPECTER was the person who received the original transcript from the court reporter in Dallas at his Philadelphia address and who thereafter arranged for the transcript to be forwarded to the Commission in Washington.

(5) Will locate and interview PHILIP PARSON, 1130 East Eleventh Street (home) or c/o Internal Revenue Service, Philadelphia. It is noted PARSON was a staff member of the Commission.

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Will locate and interview RICHARD M. MOSK, 66 Cleary Court, Apartment #708 (home) or c/o Justice MATTHEW TOBRINER, California Supreme Court, State Building (office). It is noted MOSK was a law clerk who was employed by the Commission.

All offices should note the exact number of copies of the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview transcript that were made is not known. Therefore, all offices should include in their interview an inquiry directed toward locating any transcripts of this interview that might not be at Commission Headquarters in Washington, D. C. In this regard any transcript located that bears a "CONFIDENTIAL" classification is considered to be of the utmost importance and interest to this inquiry. Any such transcript located should be immediately forwarded to the FBI Laboratory with the request appropriate comparisons be made with the reproduction of page 102 of this transcript as it appears in the 5/10/68 edition of the "New York Journal American".

All offices note Bureau deadline.

Investigation continuing at WFO and Bureau will be advised of pertinent developments as they occur.

PLAINTEXT

9/21/64

TELETYPE

URGENT

1 - I. W. Conrad
1 - Mr. Hines
1 - Mr. Raupach

TO SACS DALLAS
NEW YORK

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)
(44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM CIVIL RIGHTS
ATTENTION CRIMINAL SECTION.

RENYFOAIRTEL TO BUREAU NINE SEVENTEEN SIXTYFOUR CAPTIONED
AS ABOVE.

NEW YORK AND DALLAS IMMEDIATELY HANDLE LEADS SET FORTH IN
REFERENCED NYO AIRTEL NINE SEVENTEEN SIXTYFOUR CONCERNING CONTACT
WITH DOROTHY KILGALLEN. AND THE NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN IN NEW
YORK AND MR. JOE TONAHILL AT DALLAS. MAIL COPY SENT NYO.

1 - NYO

KMR:cad
(7)

NOTE: See memorandum Mr. Rosen to Mr. Belmont 9/18/64, KMR:cad.

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF
WIRE TRANSMITTED

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 21 1964

TELETYPE

SEP 23 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-490

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 18 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

FBI DETROIT

525 PM URGENT 9-18-64 NEH

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016), DALLAS (44-1639) AND

HOUSTON

FROM DETROIT (44-563) AP

FBI # 382 407 A

JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM; CIVIL RIGHTS.

JAMES J. ~~KNEIDING~~, INMATE, STATE PRISON OF SOUTHERN
MICH., JACKSON, MICH., FURNISHED FOLLOWING INFO:

KNEIDING HAS BEEN IN PRISON SINCE SEPTEMBER TWENTY FIVE
SIXTY-ONE. HE WAS IN HOUSTON, TEXAS, FROM ABOUT MARCH ONE
FIFTY-EIGHT TO MAY SIXTY EMPLOYED FOR FULTON SNOW ROOFING
CO., HOUSTON, AND AS A CANVASSER FOR SALESMEN SELLING HOME
IMPROVEMENTS. ADMITS ARREST IN JANUARY SIXTY BY HOUSTON
POLICE FOR SPEEDING IN CAR FOUND TO HAVE BEEN STOLEN IN
KANSAS CITY, KANSAS, AND WAS INTERVIEWED BY FBI CONCERNING
THIS.

AFTER ARRIVING IN HOUSTON HE FELL IN WITH A GROUP OF
HOMOSEXUALS AND FREQUENTED CLUBS WHERE THIS GROUP HUNG
OUT. ASSOCIATES IN GROUP NAMED AS [REDACTED] AKA. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] STREET, HOUSTON, WHO WAS WELL KNOWN AT DESERT

END PAGE ONE

REC-15

2034

XEROX

SEP 22 1964

64 SEP 24 1964

EX-108 SEP 21 1964

CC

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-34074-12-75

PAGE TWO

DE 44-563

ROOM, MC GOWAN AVENUE, HOUSTON, A HOMOSEXUAL HANGOUT; [REDACTED]

(LNU), WHO WORKED AS LIAISON MAN [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (LNU), CLOSE

FRIEND OF [REDACTED] AND WAS WELL KNOWN AT DESERT ROOM, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (PHONETIC) FROM ALABAMA WHO WORKED AT THE [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] KNEIDING IN COMPANY OF [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] AT DESERT ROOM, HOUSTON, DATE UNRECALLED, AND WAS INTRODUCED TO JACK RUBY AFTER IT WAS LEARNED KNEIDING WAS FROM DETROIT AND RUBY MENTIONED HE HAD A BROTHER IN DETROIT. DURING CONVERSATION, LEE OSWALD'S NAME WAS MENTIONED BECAUSE OF PUBLICITY IN THE PAPERS AT THAT TIME CONCERNING OSWALD TRYING TO GET PERMISSION EITHER TO GO TO RUSSIA OR TO RETURN TO TEXAS FROM RUSSIA. KNEIDING SAID ALL IN THE GROUP SEEMED TO KNOW OSWALD AND TALK GOT AROUND TO FACT THAT RUBY HAD SEDUCED OSWALD AND STARTED HIM INTO HOMOSEXUAL WAYS AND ACTIVITIES.

KNEIDING LATER LEARNED FROM HIS FRIENDS THAT RUBY WAS AN ACTIVE HOMOSEXUAL BUT PREFERRED MEN HIS OWN AGE RATHER THAN

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

DE 44-563

YOUNG MEN. HE SAID RUBY WAS KNOWN AS A HOMOSEXUAL BY ALL PERSONS NAMED ABOVE. HE SAID HE HAD ONCE OBSERVED RUBY IN THE PURPLE ONION IN DALLAS, A HANGOUT FOR HOMOSEXUALS, AND IN OTHER HOMOSEXUAL HANGOUTS.

UACB OR OO, HOUSTON ATTEMPT TO VERIFY OR REFUTE ALLEGATION OF ASSOCIATION OF RUBY AND OSWALD.

HOUSTON IDENTIFY AND INTERVIEW [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] (LNU) FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING CONVERSATION HELD ABOUT RUBY AND OSWALD AT DESERT ROOM, HOUSTON, AT TIME OF NEWSPAPER PUBLICITY CONCERNING OSWALD.

HOUSTON IDENTIFY AND INTERVIEW [REDACTED] (LNU) AND [REDACTED] [REDACTED] FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING ASSOCIATION BETWEEN RUBY AND OSWALD.

KNEIDING HAS FBI NO. THREE EIGHT TWO FOUR ZERO SEVEN-A, AND WAS KNOWN AS JIM OR BUTCH TO ASSOCIATES. PHOTOGRAPH OF KNEIDING BEING FORWARDED TO HOUSTON.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

DE 44-563

TWENTYFIVE COPIES OF FD DASH THREE ZERO TWO BEING
SENT DALLAS.

END

WA VBS

FBI WASH DC

DL NSP

FBI DALLAS

HO CRO

FBI-HOUSTON

ALL DISC

F B I

Date: 9/15/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka -
 VICTIM (Deceased)
 CR

Bureau will recall SETH KANTOR, Scripps-Howard reporter, Washington, D.C., has advised Special Agents and the Commission he saw RUBY at Parkland Hospital, Dallas, on afternoon of 11/22/63, which RUBY has denied. Investigation tends to establish RUBY was not at the hospital. *TEX*

Enclosed for information is a copy of a letter KANTOR has recently written to RUBY at Dallas County Jail. It will be noted KANTOR mentions his alleged meeting with RUBY at the hospital. *L*

REC-15

EX-108

SEP 22 1964

1- ENCLOSURE

3- Bureau (Enc. 1)
 2 - Dallas
 MCC:pm
 (5)

C. C. Vick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

64 SEP 24 1964 Agent in Charge

SCRIPPS-HOWARD NEWSPAPER ALLIANCE



3015 THIRTEENTH ST. NW.
WASHINGTON 2, D. C.

Aug. 31, 1964

Mr. Jack Ruby
505 Main St.
Dallas, Texas

Dear Jack:

How are you feeling? I hope you are well. It has been since the end of January-start of February that we have corresponded and, it goes without saying, I think about you a lot and hope that you are bucking up.

Since Melvin Belli was your lawyer in the early part of the year, and he wanted you to turn over all mail to him, I thought it best not to bother him with any questions. He was not anxious for me to ask you any questions at that time, you may recall, Jack. But I thank you very much for the letter you wrote in return.

A lot has happened since our last exchange of letters-- the trial and all. But I am confident that the one trial will not be all there is, and I believe you are in good hands.

Jack, there has been something bothering me for quite some time now and I hope you understand why I bring it up.

You and I talked to each other at Parkland Hospital, the afternoon that President Kennedy was assassinated. You stopped me, as I was hurrying by. We shook hands. You told me you were thinking of closing your places for three nights because of the terrible thing which had happened, and you asked me what I thought about your idea. I said I thought it was a good idea.

I have been told by the FBI and by the Warren Commission that you have told them that you did not talk to me at Parkland Hospital after the President was shot. I can't help wondering, Jack, whether this was something you just can't remember or have you said that for a reason? What would the reason be?

If the idea occurred to you on Sunday to revange the death of the President, couldn't it have occurred to you on Friday, the day the President was shot? Is it possible that you went to the hospital with the idea of finding the killer of the President? How did you enter the hospital?

I am asking these things because I want to help you, and I want to help because I knew you as a good friend in Dallas. I also want you to know, Jack, that the-Jews are not being persecuted. We are all safe and sound.

With kindest regards,


Seth Kantor.

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 9/14/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM (Deceased)
CIVIL RIGHTS

On 9/14/64, EVA GRANT, RUBY's sister, advised SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS that one JOHN KAPLAN has been in Dallas on behalf of Northwestern University, working under a \$15,000 grant to the university. She stated she understood a study would be made of "all the things wrong with the trial" of RUBY. Asked as to the source of the grant, she said she understood it was from MEYERS, no further information known to her.

For information only.

3 - Bureau
1 - Chicago (44-647) (Info)
2 - Dallas
MCC:tll
(6)

REC-15

EX-108

4 SEP 16 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

Per _____

REC-15/4-24016-2036

September 21, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a letter from
Both Kantor to Jack Ruby dated August 31, 1964, which may
be of interest to you. This letter was furnished to the
FBI by the Sheriff's Office, Dallas County, Texas.

You may also be interested to know that Mrs. Eva
Grant, Jack Ruby's sister, advised our Dallas Office on
September 14, 1964, that one John Kaplan has been in Dallas
on behalf of Northwestern University working under a
\$15,000 grant to the University. She stated that she
understood the grant was from one Meyers, first name unknown,
and was for the purpose of making a study of "all the things
wrong with the trial" of Jack Ruby.

No investigation will be conducted on the basis
of the above matters in the absence of a specific request
from the President's Commission.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SERVICE
05 SEP 21
COMM-FBI

Enclosure

JWH/ras
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

XEROX 1 B I

SEP 21 1964

4 SEP 21 1964

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090

SEP 21 1 32 PM '64
REC'D READING ROOM
FBI

NOTE:

Seth Kantor is a Scripps Howard reporter, Washington, D. C., who filed a story after the assassination that he had seen Jack Ruby at the Parkland Hospital on the afternoon of 11/22/63. Upon interview by Agents and in his testimony before the Commission he has consistently stuck to his story. Ruby denies that he was at the Hospital and extensive investigation on this point tends to establish that he could not reasonably have been there. The source of the letter was J. H. Kitching, Deputy Sheriff, Dallas County, who on instructions of Sheriff J. E. Bill Decker has furnished copies of all correspondence to Ruby. Source is not considered confidential.

FBI

Date: 9/18/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, WFO
 SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
 IS- R- CUBA
 (OO:DL)
 (Bufile 105-82555)
 (WFOfile 105-37111) (P)

JACK L. RUBY
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD- VICTIM
 CR
 (OO:DL)
 (Bufile 44-24016)
 (WFOfile 44-520) (P)

ReBuairtel to WFO dated 9/14/64 captioned as above.

On 9/18/64, Miss JENNIFER KRIEGH, 5000 Dixon Street, S.E., Washington, D.C., Telephone Number 567-7156, telephonically advised SA ANDREW J. CALDWELL that LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON no longer resided at that address. Miss KRIEGH stated that ROBINSON moved on 8/29/64, leaving a forwarding address of Friends Bible College, Haviland, Kansas, Zip Code #67059.

WFO records reflect that LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON was a stenographer for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, dates of employment unknown. Prior to that she was employed by the Agriculture Department.

4- Bureau
 2- WFO

AJC:pkg
 (6)

AIRTEL

C. C. Wick

1cc
 Tucker
 10/23/64
 6-11-64
 11:3

Approved: Thomas J. Butcher

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 SEP 28 1964

Special Agent in Charge

WFO 105-37111

In view of the fact that ROBINSON is presently attending a religious college, WFO does not consider an interview with her at this time desirable. If subsequent information is developed during this investigation indicating ROBINSON should be interviewed, leads will be forwarded to the Kansas City Office with pertinent case background information to have such interview completed.

September 23, 1964
BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

- 1 - Mr. I. W. Conrad
(J. M. English)
- 1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines
(J. W. Hines)

Reference is made to your letter dated September 10, 1964. In this communication you requested that members of The President's Commission, Commission Staff, and Mr. Sol A. Dann and Mr. Melvin M. Bolli, former attorneys for Jack L. Ruby, be interviewed concerning the alleged leaks of the Oswald diary, the Ruby polygraph examination, and Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Earl Warren.

Enclosed are two copies each of seven memoranda revealing results of interviews pertaining to this matter. These memoranda are captioned and dated as follows:

"Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 21, 1964
Washington, D. C.

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 21, 1964
Washington, D. C.

"Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim"
September 17, 1964
Detroit, Michigan

"Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 17, 1964
Detroit, Michigan

"Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 19, 1964
New York, New York

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights"
September 17, 1964
San Francisco, California

"Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security -
Russia - Cuba"
September 17, 1964
San Francisco, California

KMR:vev

(14) SEP 24 1964

- (1) - (44-24016)
- 1 - (105-82555)

SEP 28 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

SEP 23 4 05 PM '64
REC'D - READING ROOM

080611-29

09 SEP 23
COMM-FBI

24 53

RECEIVED

ADD TO
K...
N...

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Our investigation is continuing in this matter, the results of which will be promptly furnished to you when received.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (14)

NOTE:

As a result of a letter dated 9/10/64, immediate investigation was initiated concerning this matter. This is an intensive investigation requiring numerous interviews regarding the various leaks. WFO's investigation to date discloses a complete lack of organization within the Commission concerning handling of records, and there was found to be no document control and no accountability for documents whether classified or not. It has been determined there were 62 people employed by the Commission, the majority of whom have now been interviewed. Copies of Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Warren has been obtained from the Commission. This was the document which appeared in the "New York Journal American" under the by-line of Dorothy Kilgallen. We are currently endeavoring to obtain from the "New York Journal American" and Dorothy Kilgallen any copies of the transcript of Ruby's testimony so that these documents can be compared with the transcripts now in the possession of the Laboratory obtained from The President's Commission. The results of this examination will be furnished to the President's Commission. It is noted that the memoranda enclosed comprise 248 pages. The two memoranda dated 9/21/64, Washington, D. C. captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald" and "Jack L. Ruby - Lee Harvey Oswald" have been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Mr. Malley and appropriate supervisors. Additional memoranda attached have been reviewed by supervisor only.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 21 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI DETROIT

645 PM URGENT 9-21-64 JFD

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016) DALLAS (44-1639) AND HOUSTON
FROM DETROIT (44-563) (P) 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.; CR

m. g. f. w.

H. J. K.

RETEL DALLAS DATED SEPTEMBER EIGHTEEN LAST.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] STATE PRISON OF SOUTHERN MICHIGAN, JACKSON, MICHIGAN, ADVISED TODAY KNEIDING DEFINITELY NOT PSYCHOTIC NOR A PATHOLOGICAL LIAR. KNEIDING HAS EPILEPTIC CONDITION, IS INFANTILE, IMMATURE AND UNSTABLE AND EMOTIONAL. KNEIDING ON MEDICATION OF DILANTIN FOR EPILEPTIC CONDITION. KNEIDING POSSIBLY HAS CONJECTURED FANTASIES POSSIBLY BASED ON SOME THREAD OF TRUTH BUT POSSIBLY AMPLIFIED AND DRAWN OUT OF REALITY. CURRENT AND UP TO DATE PSYCHIATRIC EVALUATION REPORT WILL BE AVAILABLE SEPTEMBER TWENTYTWO NEXT AND WILL BE FORWARDED.

X

END

WA..JRL

FBI WASH DC

DL..LJH

FBI DALLAS

HO..VBR

FBI HOUSTON

TU DISC

REC-43

114 24016 2039

18 SEP 24 1964

[Signature]

cc Nine.

79 SEP 28 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office DALLAS	Office of Origin DALLAS	Date 9/21/64	Investigative Period 7/27 - 9/16/64
TITLE OF CASE JACK L. RUBY aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka (Deceased) - VICTIM		Report made by MANNING C. CLEMENTS	Typed By pm
		CHARACTER OF CASE CR	

REFERENCES

Reports of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated
11/30; 12/6, 11, 14, 18, 19, 21, 31/63; 1/8, 17, 31;
2/18; 3/28; 4/3, 20, 30; 6/9, 26; 7/17; 8/3; 9/2/64.

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ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

Overlap with period of last report is occasioned by inclusion herein of investigation received from auxiliary officers subsequent to date of last report and completion of other investigation then pending.

Information from records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, was furnished by [redacted] Legal Department.

Approved _____ Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made: 5 - Bureau (44-24016) 5 - Dallas (44-1639)	<div style="text-align: right; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">2040</div> <div style="text-align: right; font-size: 1.5em;">103</div> <div style="text-align: center;"> SEP 23 1964 REL 13 ST-110 </div>

56 OCT 21 1964

DL 44-1639

This report is concerned with a number of requests from the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Communications on which investigation was based are:

<u>Bureau Communications</u>	<u>Commission Communications</u>	<u>Subject Matter</u>
Butel, 7/9/64		Photographs of RUBY property
Buairtel, 7/27/64	7/23/64	Property invoices, Dallas Police Department
Buairtel, 7/27/64	7/23/64	HARRY OLSEN, Mrs. HARRY OLSEN aka Kathy Kay Coleman, toll charges
Butel, 8/20/64		DOROTHY KILGALLEN; interview of RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN
Buairtel, 8/24/64	8/21/64	WANDA YVONNE HELMICK; RALPH PAUL
Buairtel, 8/26/64	8/25/64	GEORGE SENATOR
Buairtel, 8/26/64	8/25/64	HARRY OLSEN; JOHN J. SIMPSON, JR.
Buairtel, 9/4/64	9/3/64	Exhibition of photographs including RUBY
Buairtel, 9/9/64	9/4/64	BRUCE RAY CARLIN, toll charges

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:
Date:MANNING C. CLEMENTS
September 21, 1964

Office: Dallas, Texas

Field Office File No.:

44-1639

Bureau File No.:

44-24016

Title:

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Deceased) - VICTIM

Character:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis:

This report includes results of investigation requested by President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY.

- P -

DETAILS:

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DL 44-1639

MCC:pm

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY has heretofore been furnished copies of photographs of certain property of JACK L. RUBY found in the possession of the Dallas, Texas, Police Department and Dallas County District Attorney. The Commission has noted that at the time of his arrest, the back seat of RUBY's car contained partial copies of the "Dallas Morning News" and "Fort Worth Star Telegram" newspapers, issues for November 20, 1963; a partial copy of the "Wall Street Journal", issue of November 18, 1963; an advertisement for "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts. It is observed that photographs of RUBY property made on June 1 and 2, 1964, above, do not appear to include these items.

The Commission requested investigation to locate and forward, if possible, accurate copies of these papers as they were found in RUBY's car, and advice if all property found in RUBY's car has been located and photographed.

Files of the Dallas FBI Office concerned with this investigation disclose property of RUBY known to have been in the possession of Dallas Police Department was reported to have come from three sources; namely, RUBY's person, his automobile, and his apartment.

Special Agents of the FBI inventoried certain of the RUBY property in possession of Dallas Police Department as follows:

A. Items said to have been removed from RUBY's person at Dallas City Jail, inventoried November 24, 1963.

B. Items said to have been removed from RUBY's car by Dallas Police Department, inventoried November 24, 1963.

C. Items observed by Special Agents in RUBY's car at Dallas Police Auto Pound, inventoried November 25, 1963.

D. Items observed by Special Agents in RUBY's car at Dallas Police Auto Pound, inventoried November 28, 1963.

E. Items said to have been removed from RUBY's apartment under search warrant, inventoried November 24, 1963.

DL 44-1639

By communication September 11, 1964, the Bureau was advised that comparison of items said to have been removed from RUBY's person, A above, were found to be substantially identical with items found at the Property Room, Dallas Police Department, on June 2, 1964. The Bureau was informed that examination of items said to have been removed from RUBY's car by Dallas Police Department, B above, were found to be substantially identical with items observed by Special Agents and photographed at the Dallas Police Department, December 3, 1963, and again observed and photographed in the office of the Dallas County District Attorney on June 1, 1964. It is observed the items specifically mentioned by the Commission were listed among items observed in RUBY's car at the Dallas Police Auto Pound on November 28, 1963, D above. The Bureau was informed of negative results to locate any additional RUBY property in possession of the Dallas Police Department and/or the Dallas County District Attorney.

There follow the results of investigation elsewhere.

Date 7/29/64

1
EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins Street, telephone LA 6-6258, advised she did not go to the apartment previously occupied by JACK L. RUBY on November 24, 1963, but did go a few days later. She obtained some of his clothing and other personal effects.

She said GEORGE SENATOR's property had already been removed for the most part. She is of the opinion SENATOR may have taken some of RUBY's clothing, specifically mentioning RUBY had several hats and suits which she did not find when she went to the apartment. She said she was told by JIM MARTIN, Dallas attorney and friend of SENATOR, that SENATOR had brought a substantial amount of clothing to MARTIN's apartment and wanted \$200 or \$300 for the clothing. She said MARTIN had told her she could come to his apartment and look at the clothing but she had not done so as she considers MARTIN a "wolf" and her brother, SAMUEL RUBY, had declined to go with her. She said a diamond engagement ring which was originally the property of SAM RUBY, but which JACK used in connection with his former engagement to ALICE NICHOLS, is missing.

Mrs. GRANT was asked if she had retrieved any of the property taken by Dallas Police Department from RUBY's person, automobile, or apartment. She said she had not, although she had asked the police for such property. She said she does not know where the property can now be located.

Mrs. GRANT was asked if she has in her possession any papers of RUBY of any nature. She produced two cardboard boxes of assorted papers, stating she does not know where they came from, whether from the Carousel Club, Vegas Club, or RUBY's apartment. She said these papers would be made available for examination and photographing if desired by Agents.

She hastily thumbed through the papers and took out a letter addressed to her which she said was purely personal. She also took from the papers and retained a stub showing RUBY had purchased a \$50 Cashier's Check No. 16750 from Bank of Services and Trusts, Dallas, payable to "Sam Bloom Trustee." She said she does not know what the check was for but was convinced it was for some sort of charity. She noted that SAM BLOOM is a Dallas advertising and public relations man

on 7/27/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
EDWARD DENNIS KENNEY:vm Date dictated 7/27/64

2
DL 44-1639

who was adviser to Judge JOE B. BROWN during RUBY's trial. She also desired to retain an invoice dated September 12, 1963, from the "Dallas Cowboys Football Club" showing RUBY had paid \$12.50 for 25 tickets to football games on "Kid's Day."

Date 7/30/641

Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS examined the contents of two boxes of papers made available by Mrs. EVA GRANT, sister of JACK L. RUBY, on July 27, 1964.

The contents of one box appear to be primarily concerned with operation of Vegas Club. Numerous invoices for merchandise and services were noted, along with bank statements, records of payments for payroll, etc.

Papers in the second box appear to concern the Carousel Club and its predecessor, Sovereign Club. Among the papers are records of receipts and payments, papers concerning taxes, and applications for membership in Sovereign Club.

The various papers were photographed under SA CLEMENTS' supervision.

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on 7/28/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS:vm Date dictated 7/29/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 18, 19641

Sergeant T.C. SEWELL, Dallas Police Department Pound, Dallas, Texas, advised his records, under number 102653, reflect that a 1960 Oldsmobile, Vehicle Identification Number 607T07749, 1963 Texas license PD-768, owner - JACK RUBY, was released to the Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963.

According to SEWELL, no reason is given on the invoice for the release of this automobile, and he has no information concerning the contents of this vehicle.

SEWELL stated all information concerning the contents of this vehicle would be at the disposal of HERMAN HILL, Dallas Police Property Supervisor.

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHIAK /jtf Date dictated 8/14/64

Date August 20, 19641

Mr. ROLAND BRATTON, Vice President, Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, advised he accompanied Mr. JACK ETHERIDGE, who is an Assistant Cashier at this bank, on December 3, 1963, at which time they took possession of a 1960 Oldsmobile previously owned by JACK RUBY from the Dallas Police Department Pound at Dallas, Texas.

BRATTON stated he recalls observing an old picture frame, an old pillow, and possibly an old jacket in the back seat of this vehicle. He did not examine the trunk or glove compartment, and he has no other information concerning the contents of this vehicle.

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on 8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YELCHAK /itf Date dictated 8/18/64

Date August 20, 19641

Mr. JACK ETHERIDGE, Assistant Cashier, Merchants State Bank, 5217 Ross Avenue, advised he and Mr. ROLAND BRATTON, Vice President, Merchants State Bank, picked up the 1960 Oldsmobile previously owned by JACK RUBY at the Dallas Police Department Pound, Dallas, Texas, on December 3, 1963.

ETHERIDGE stated this vehicle was locked and stored at the Jimmie Wilson Motor Company, 4540 Ross Avenue, Dallas, until its release to S. D. RUBY of 11616 Jamestown, Dallas, Texas, on January 27, 1964.

ETHERIDGE explained the bank repossessed this vehicle because of RUBY's failure to keep his payments current and the automobile was sold to S. D. RUBY for the balance of the note, \$604.00.

ETHERIDGE further advised neither he nor Mr. BRATTON removed any items from the vehicle and to the best of his knowledge, the only items remaining in the vehicle were numerous business cards strewn about the floor of the vehicle and a small piece of chrome which was laying in the back seat of the car. ETHERIDGE stated he did not check the trunk or glove compartment, and he has no other information concerning the contents of this vehicle.

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on 8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YEICHAK /jtf Date dictated 8/18/64

Date August 20, 19641

Mr. JIMMIE WILSON, owner, Jimmie Wilson Motor Company, 4540 Ross Avenue, Dallas, advised a 1960 Oldsmobile, previously owned by JACK RUBY, was stored on his lot by officials of the Merchants State Bank, Dallas, Texas, on or about December 3, 1963. WILSON stated the vehicle was kept locked and he has no information concerning the possible contents of this vehicle.

WILSON stated the vehicle was stored on his lot until around the end of January, 1964, when it was removed by officials of the Merchants State Bank.

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on 8/18/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YEICHAK /jtf Date dictated 8/18/64

Date August 18, 1964**1**

HERMAN HILL, Dallas Police Property Supervisor, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised according to his records, the only items still in his possession that were taken from JACK RUBY's person or from RUBY's automobile are a watch and ring that were taken from RUBY's person.

According to HILL, RUBY's money, some of which was found on RUBY's person and some of which was found in RUBY's automobile, was turned over to the Internal Revenue Service.

HILL stated all remaining items were subpoenaed by the Dallas Police Department Homicide Squad for use at the RUBY trial.

HILL related that none of this property has been returned to him and he believes it to be split-up between and in possession of the following:

Captain WILL FRITZ,
Homicide Squad,
Dallas Police Department

HENRY WADE,
District Attorney's Office,
Dallas, Texas

Judge JOE B. BROWN's Court,
Dallas, Texas

11

on 8/11/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RAYMOND P. YEICHAK /itf Date dictated 8/14/64

1

Date September 16, 1964

SAMUEL DAVID RUBY, 11616 Jamestown, brother of JACK L. RUBY, advised he had made arrangements in late 1963 to purchase a 1960 Oldsmobile previously repossessed by Merchants State Bank, same having formerly been the property of JACK RUBY. He said he did not recall the exact date of his purchase, but noted his first payment was made on February 28, 1964. He said the bank had maintained the car on a parking lot on Ross Avenue, Dallas, prior to his taking possession.

Mr. RUBY stated he removed numerous items from the automobile on assuming possession of the car. He said he specifically recalled a partial issue of the November 20, 1963, issues of the "Fort Worth Star Telegram" and "Dallas Morning News". He said he also recalled observing a copy of the "Wall Street Journal"; an advertisement of "HLH Products"; and several "Life Line" radio transcripts. He said these papers were kept in his home for some weeks following which he discovered that a maid, seeking to assist Mrs. RUBY, had thrown these items, and perhaps other papers removed from the car, away to be collected as garbage.

Mr. RUBY, with the assistance of his wife, produced such articles as he had removed from the automobile and permitted same to be photographed. When it was pointed out to Mr. RUBY that certain of the items photographed were not identifiable as RUBY property observed in the automobile by Special Agents on November 25 and 28, 1963, Mr. RUBY stated he had obtained some items, specific identities not recalled, at the Carousel Club during the period it was being operated by RALPH PAUL following JACK RUBY's arrest.

As to certain papers observed by Special Agents in RUBY's car on November 25 and 28, 1963, but not located by Mr. RUBY on this date for photographing, he stated he can only assume the items were not in the car when he came into possession of same or else had been thrown away by the maid previously mentioned. He specifically stated no clothing of JACK RUBY was found in the car by him, and speculated same and possibly other articles may have been removed by personnel of Dallas Police Auto Pound or employees of the parking lot on which the automobile had been stored following repossession. He noted, however, that certain other items of value, for example, a radio and adding machine, were in the car.

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on 9/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
IC ROBERT G. RENFRO/pm Date dictated 9/11/64

Date 8/4/64

WILLIE MILLS DICKEY, 4807 Skillman, advised he was employed as a property clerk for the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, on November 25, 1963, in the property bureau of the Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas. Mr. DICKEY stated he was a retired captain in the regular United States Navy. Mr. DICKEY observed Dallas Police Department Property Clerk's Invoice No. 11105G which was an invoice reflecting property received by Mr. DICKEY and B. J. SMITH, a property clerk, on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY related that this property was property received from Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN and Lieutenant VERNON SMART of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY advised that he checked this property and filled out Invoice No. 11105G and placed it in the property room of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY affixed his initials on a copy of this invoice. This property was received from Lieutenant SWAIN and Lieutenant SMART, according to Mr. DICKEY, and tagged with the date of November 24, 1963.

Mr. DICKEY viewed a photostat of Dallas Police Department Property Invoice No. 11107G which contained a listing of property taken from JACK RUBY on November 24, 1963. Mr. DICKEY stated this property was taken from JACK RUBY by Lieutenant VERNON SMART and Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN on November 24, 1963, tagged, and brought to the property room of the Dallas Police Department on November 25, 1963, where this invoice was made up by him and property clerk B. J. SMITH, and, thereafter, this property was placed in the files of the property department of the Dallas Police Department on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY initialed this photostat reflecting receipt of property contained on Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11107G.

Mr. DICKEY observed Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11109G which contained the property of JACK RUBY. This invoice reflected that this property had been received from the jail on November 25, 1963. Mr. DICKEY stated that it was the policy of the Dallas Police Department that when property was removed from prisoners it was to be tagged and placed inside a vault similar to a night safety depository of a bank. Mr. DICKEY related that the property contained on Invoice No. 11109G of the Dallas Police Department was taken from JACK RUBY on November 24, 1963, by Patrolman KENNETH H. HAAKE of the Dallas Police Department, tagged, and placed

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on 7/31/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vm Date dictated 8/3/64

in the jail safe. Mr. DICKEY related that no persons have a key to this safe except authorized property clerks and that once dropped into the slot in the top of this safe this property cannot be tampered with until removed by authorized clerks of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. DICKEY placed his initials on the photostat of Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 11109G reflecting that the property contained on this invoice was received by him on November 25, 1963, and thereafter placed in the vault in the property room of the Dallas Police Department.

Mr. DICKEY stated that he was not aware of any property not listed in these invoices that was taken from RUBY at the time of his arrest and, as far as he knew, all such property normally would be listed in a property invoice. He stated he was not aware of any other property invoices that were completed upon RUBY's arrest which had not been exhibited to him. Mr. DICKEY also stated that he was not aware of any loose press cards or badges having been found lying in the basement after RUBY's apprehension on November 24, 1963.

Date 8/5/641

Assistant Chief of Police CHARLES BATCHELOR, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised that the only additional invoice of property of the Dallas Police Department that he could find in the property room reflecting property of JACK RUBY taken from him at the time he was arrested was Dallas Police Department Invoice No. 14580G which was property reflecting a .38 caliber revolver, five live rounds of .38 caliber Special ammunition, one .38 caliber cartridge case, and one .38 caliber slug. Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated this property was used in the trial of JACK RUBY. This invoice reflected that this property was received by property clerk B. J. SMITH from Captain WILL FRITZ, Detectives L. C. GRAVES, M. JOHNSON, and L. D. MONTGOMERY. Assistant Chief BATCHELOR stated that B. J. SMITH was no longer with the Dallas Police Department and was presently working for the Texas Instrument Company at Metairie, Louisiana, which is a suburb of New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that Mr. SMITH's full name was BILLIE JOE SMITH and that his headquarters was in the Ingram Building, 2848 Veterans Highway, New Orleans, Louisiana.

8/1/64 at Dallas, Texas

15

File # DL 44-1639Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN:vmDate dictated 8/4/64

Date 8/11/641

B. W. REUBEN, Property Clerk, Dallas Police Department, advised that Dallas Police Department Property Invoice No. 11474G was made out by him and witnessed by B. J. SMITH. He stated that the money listed on this invoice was previously furnished to the property room of the Dallas Police Department by Lieutenant RICHARD SWAIN and Lieutenant VERNON SMART of the Dallas Police Department. Mr. REUBEN stated this was a supplement to invoice No. 11105G. Mr. REUBEN placed his initials on this invoice certifying that it was a copy of the original invoice of the property room of the Dallas Police Department and was prepared by him.

on 8/10/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent VINCENT E. DRAIN and
ROBERT J. BURNETT:vm Date dictated 8/10/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 8/14/64

BILLIE JOE SMITH, 2848 Veterans Highway, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that he was employed by the Dallas Police Department on February 18, 1964, and prepared Invoice No. 14580G. Mr. SMITH stated he was a property clerk, and to the best of his knowledge received the items on invoice from Dallas Police Officers GROVES, JOHNSON, and MONTGOMERY. The items listed on this invoice were listed by him and are the only property he recalls seeing that belonged to RUBY; however, he believes an unknown amount of money was accepted by Mr. HILL, the property room supervisor.

8/12/64

of Metairie, Louisiana

17

DL 44-1639

File # NO 44-2064

SA ALEXANDER JAMIESON: EAM

Date dictated 8/14/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1

Date September 1, 1964

On August 12, 1964, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] General Telephone Company, 2020 Santa Monica Boulevard,
Santa Monica, California, furnished a list of toll calls made
from telephone number HE 5-6315, which is listed to "The Doctor's
Bureau, Hartwell Bldg., 19 Pine Ave., Room 1006, Long Beach,
California". *The Doctor's Bureau*

[REDACTED] General
Telephone Company, furnished the identity of the subscribers
to the telephone numbers within the General Telephone Company
territory to which toll calls were made from telephone number
HE 5-6315. This list is set forth showing the date or dates
on which the particular number was called.

This information is confidential and obtainable only
by a subpoena duces tecum directed to [REDACTED]

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On 8/28/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA EDWARD L. OLSEN:scs Date dictated 8/31/64

2
LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
495-5741	N. J. DURANT 706 Combs Road Thousand Oaks, California	6/9/64 (3 times)
495-4979	OSCAR RICHEY 2445 Calle Narciso Thousand Oaks, California	2/22/64
486-2641	Ventura County 242 West 2nd Street Oxnard, California	5/21/64
NA 2-2937	M & M Printing & Plastic Product 432 West Monterey Pomona, California	5/27/64
NA 9-4171	Los Angeles County of Agriculture Commission 350 West 5th Street Pomona, California	6/15/64
TH 3-1432 non-published	JACK L. RISLEY 13652 Monroe Westminster, California	2/13/64
TH 7-4234	KENNETH R. PIETTY 6942 Sowell Avenue Westminster, California	2/21/64
TH 3-1101	JOHN E. MC PHERSON 6002 Calvin Circle Huntington Beach, California	2/12/64
TH 3-7121	RICK LESHNER 15841 Topaz Circle Westminster, California	4/28/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
HE 5-6315	Dr Business Bureau #10 Pine Heartwell Building Room 1210 Long Beach, California	7/3/64
TW 3-4521	Bank of America 6951 Westminster Westminster, California	1/9/64
TW 3-7576	Riley Realtor 14341 Beach Westminster, California	6/23/64
TW 3-3536	Michael C. Inc. 8501 East Bolsa Avenue, Midway, California	7/6/64
TW 7-6530 non-published	BETTY ANN ERNA 7322 21st Street, Apt. 24 Westminster, California	1/20/64
TW 7-4817	D. SPRANKLE 6642 Halifax Huntington Beach, California	12/20/63
VI 7-3488	WILLIAM H. RIALE 16132 Warren Huntington Beach, California	3/25/64
VI 7-6524	EDWARD WING 16251 Honolulu Huntington Beach, California	5/25/64 6/1/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
LE 6-9872	HERSHEL ENGLISH 9581 Albacore Drive Huntington Beach, California	2/18/64
VI 7-8817	RONALD CORRIGAN 16251 Fairway Huntington Beach, California	2/25/64 3/26/64 4/9/64
VI 7-4590	RICHARD G. BEGIN 17108 Edgewater Huntington Beach, California	3/18/64
VI 7-1211	La Rue Realty Company 17031 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	6/29/64
VI 7-2327	W. F. CARDINAL 18662 Florida Avenue Huntington Beach, California	1/14/64
LE 6-8891	Marshal of Orange County 520 Magnolia Huntington Beach, California	6/5/64
VI 7-6018	Altadena Escrow Corp. 17847 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	4/13/64 5/4/64
VI 7-6031	Fantastic Fair 16672 Beach Boulevard Huntington Beach, California	1/9/64
VI 7-1090	CLYDE A. DAWSON 6911 Clara Huntington Beach, California	2/4/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
VI 7-1093	C. E. WAYMIRE 16231 Fairway Lane Huntington Beach, California	7/1/64 (2 times) 7/13/64
892-2819	D. M. CARTERING 11550 Western Avenue Stanton, California	2/13/64
TW 7-2833	ROBERT W. OWENS 12851 Taylor Garden Grove, California	2/20/64
TW 3-2468	La Rue Realty Corp. 15541 Beach Westminster, California	6/22/64
TW 3-7931	MARTIN QUIJAS 7702 Yorkchire Avenue Stanton, California	2/11/64
TW 7-1948 non-published	WILLIAM L. ROSE 7972 Lampson Avenue, Apt. 11 Garden Grove, California	4/8/64
TW 7-6963	JOHN ROSS 9172 Glenridge Avenue Westminster, California	1/9/64 6/1/64
TW 7-3058	J. L. SLOAN 7692 Yorkshire Avenue Stanton, California	6/24/64
TW 7-7991	J. C. KALEBAUGH 7201 21st Street Westminster, California	2/12/64

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LA 44-895

<u>Telephone Number</u>	<u>Subscriber</u>	<u>Dates Called</u>
TW 3-5086	Household Finance Corp. 14015 Beach Westminster, California	7/1/64
TW 3-3616	B. M. SIMMONS 13341 Linnert Garden Grove, California	2/13/64
TW 3-3633	Mitchells Retreading Service 12943 South Sycamore Garden Grove, California	1/28/64 2/22/64
TW 7-7641	JAMES A. BLAISDELL 5882 Andy Avenue Garden Grove, California	6/25/64
VI 7-8209	SUDA BROWN 16557 Graham Place Huntington Beach, California	3/2/64
VI 7-2196	P. E. POSKIMS 8572 Glasgow Circle Huntington Beach, California	6/16/64
VI 7-6287	BURYLE C. HEMERICK 17472 Zeider Huntington Beach, California	1/29/64
VI 7-0184	H. W. COTTRELL 17530 Santa Domingo Fountain Valley, California	6/24/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number

Subscriber

Dates Called

VI 7-7689

Unable to locate;
appears to be an
off group

4/13/64

HY 4-9057
(Paystation)

Laguna Canyon Club
21162 Laguna Road
Laguna Beach,
California

2/21/64

HY 4-1131

Tommy Ayres Chevrolet
350 Broadway
Laguna Beach,
California

6/16/64

PY 7-4406

PAUL A. HARDING
190 East Pine
Altadena, California

2/11/64

1

Date September 1, 1964

On August 12, 1964, [redacted] General Telephone Company, 2020 Santa Monica Boulevard, Santa Monica, California, furnished a list of toll calls made from telephone number HE 5-6315, which is listed to "The Doctor's Business Bureau, Hartwell Bldg., 19 Pine Ave., Room 1006, Long Beach, Calif."

[redacted] Pacific Telephone Company, Room [redacted] 520 West 7th, Los Angeles, California, furnished the identity of the subscribers to the aforementioned numbers within Pacific Telephone Company territory, to which toll calls were made. This information is confidential and obtainable only by a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted]. This list is set forth showing the date or dates on which the particular number was called from telephone number HE 5-6315.

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On 8/28/64 at Los Angeles, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA EDWARD L. OLSEN:scs Date dictated 8/31/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
541-3663	Honda Santa Ana 1320 South Main, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64
542-4642 associated with 542-4713	American Pipe and Construction Company 2501 West 5th Street, Santa Ana, California	2/21/64
546-3090 disconnected 8/26/64	L.M. BACKUS 1141 Mohawk Drive, Santa Ana, California	3/4/64
544-6068 non-published	BOB FORD 2552 Del Rey Drive, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64 3/3/64 (2 times)
545-5057	Laurentide Corpora- tion 1859 Harbor, Costa Mesa, California	1/4/64
545-4900	MARGARET NEWLON 2131 Orange Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/16/64
547-4898	RICHARD E. GAWRYCHOWSKI 306 South Sullivan, Space 66, Santa Ana, California	1/13/64
531-6853	EDWARD J. ROWE 9410 Madison Avenue, Westminster, California	2/20/64
545-9815 Public telephone	3801 South Harbor Boulevard, Agent Voit Rubber Company, Santa Ana, California	3/10/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
542-3809	STANLEY WOOD 1726 West Hall Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/7/64
545-6711	Household Finance Company, 909 East Warner Avenue, Santa Ana, California	3/18/64
542-4705	Wright Transfer and Storage Company, 1101 East 6th, Santa Ana, California	2/6/64
521-4688	Jerry's Barbecue 6050 Manchester, Boulevard, Buena Park, California	3/2/64
521-4045	PAUL A. STROHMAN 15026 Campellos Road, La Mirada, California	2/28/64
521-7040	A & J Manufacturing Co. 6461 Roland Avenue, Buena Park, California	12/27/63 12/30/63
521-1033	GORDON P. SMITH, M.D. 5781 Beach Boulevard, Buena Park, California	3/18/64
521-2000	Cal-Russ Construction Corporation 555 South Harbor, La Habra, California	1/31/64
521-9991	Ayers Secreterial Service 4301 West Commonwealth Avenue, Suite D 4, Fullerton, California	3/17/64 3/20/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
522-1988	PAUL A. STROMAN 15026 Campellos Road, La Mirada, California	1/3/64
522-2935 disconnected 3/23/64	U.S. Eagle Fertilizer Company, 5582 Orangethorpe Avenue, Buena Park, California	3/26/64
522-2934	Commander DAVID W. BERGER 6327 Morgan Way, Buena Park, California	1/7/64 3/9/64 3/12/64
522-6908 non-published	WILLIAM TRASK 7604 9th Street, Apartment B, Buena Park, California	2/21/64
522-2807	Beach Architectural Products 6880 A Oran Circle, Buena Park, California	3/24/64
521-9795	Tolo Patterns, Inc. 4250 Artesia Avenue, Fullerton, California	12/19/63
530-1000	Metropolitan Life Insurance Company 13163 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	2/18/64
530-4950	Family Finance Company 12111 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	1/14/64
539-0926	W.T. KING 9571 Vons Drive, Garden Grove, California	4/10/64
537-6895	JAMES D. PORTER 12551 Twintree Lane, Garden Grove, California	4/2/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
539-1822 non-published	MERLE R. NEWLAND 10132 Malinda Lane, Garden Grove, California	4/29/64
539-2724	Wells and Sons Wholesale Provisions, 11162 Wasco Road, Garden Grove, California	5/21/64
530-5750	Laurentide Finance Corporation, 12190 Brookhurst, Garden Grove, California	5/18/64
534-6712 non-published	CLARENCE HARRISON 12132 Bluebell Avenue, Garden Grove, California	6/22/64
534-4545	Grove Rambler Sales, Inc. 12222 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	1/7/64
534-6454	Kerko Cabinet Company 7592 Acacia, Garden Grove, California	2/24/64
539-1425	ALFRED B. DRAIS 12201 Sheridan Lane, Garden Grove, California	2/5/64 4/9/64 4/14/64 (3 times)
537-8420	TOUFFIGH, RIAZ 4036 El Rancho Avenue, Apartment B, Orange, California	12/31/63
646-2672	Hyatt Drapery 1670 Superior Avenue Costa Mesa, California	7/13/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
646-8986 disconnected 7/15/64	Cadillac Gage Company 1796 Monrovia Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	6/23/64
646-4886	HOWARD D. STERN 508 Redlands Avenue, Newport Beach, California	5/7/64
548-5882	A.W. HOWE 315 East 18th, Apartment A, Costa Mesa, California	6/5/64
548-3700	WILLIAM E. GOLDEN 2345 Elden Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	2/21/64
548-5533	Rosan, Inc. 2901 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	4/17/64
646-6492	ROLAND J. BOUCHARD 796 Joan, Costa Mesa, California	6/19/64 {4 times} 6/22/64 {2 times}
646-2491	Cadillac Gage Company 1866 Whittier Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	6/23/64
548-3471	Theo Robins Ford 3100 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	1/29/64 {3 times} 1/30/64 {2 times} 2/5/64 2/11/64 2/27/64
646-7443	B & H Office Supply and Equipment Company 541 Center, Costa Mesa, California	12/12/63 1/13/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
646-2431	United California Bank Newport Beach Mariners Office, 2712 West Coast Highway, Newport Beach, California	2/7/64
646-9347	Not a working number no records	2/24/64
548-2266	RALPH FRANKLIN, M.D. 2011 Westcliff Drive, Suite 1, Newport Beach, California	5/18/64 5/19/64
646-3246 disconnected April, 1964	Bay Motors, 2054 Harbor Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	1/21/64 2/17/64
527-2584	CLARENCE HARBIN 10732 Knott Avenue, Stanton, California	4/14/64
533-4585	Coast Data Processing, Inc., 2021 West Lincoln Avenue, Suite A 5, Anaheim, California	1/3/64 3/16/64 3/17/64 3/18/64
527-7707	JOSEPH TSEN, M.D. 3321 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	4/8/64
828-7726 non-published	ERNIE MARKLEY 9744 Holder, Buena Park, California	6/22/64
827-3733	CHARLES L. STEVENS 6261 San Lorenzo Drive, Buena Park, California	2/14/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
828-7770	Arrowhead Products of Division of Federal - Mogul - Dower Ball- bearings, Inc., 4411 Katella Avenue, Los Alamitos, California	4/3/64
776-7780	Schaefer's Discount 2138 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64 7/1/64
827-5806	WILBUR M. PRICE 7406 Glenoaks Drive, Stanton, California	6/10/64
828-7797	LEON KRAUS, M.D. 3414 West Ball Road, Suite F, Anaheim, California	1/2/64 (3 times)
774-3818 non-published disconnected 3/16/64	DANIEL COPAFIAN 1807 W. Glen Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/20/63
535-2826	ROBERT L. MARTIN, Ins. 433 West Lincoln Avenue, Suite 1, Anaheim, California	2/28/64 3/6/64 (2 times) 3/9/64 3/16/64 3/24/64
527-8844	Thrifty Mart, 8228 La Palma Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/9/64 (3 times)
774-6845	JOHN M. BERTELO 1873 West Elm Place, Anaheim, California	2/10/64
527-8849	WARREN F. DAILEY, Dr. 8310 Knott Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/8/64 (2 times)

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
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535-2891	Bank of America, NT&SA, 150 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64 (2 times) 6/8/64
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527-4900	JOHN CARL KNOTEK, SR. 8607 Harrison Way, Buena Park, California	2/27/64
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828-6974	HENRY NANCE 10305 Diane Avenue, Buena Park, California	1/7/64
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828-3977 non-published	GUINDA MC GRATH 128 South Bella Vista, Apartment 12, Anaheim, California	4/20/64
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527-8003	HENRY RICHMOND 8601 Lola Avenue, Stanton, California	2/22/64 3/11/64
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776-8080	Orange County of Anaheim-Fullerton Judicial District, 1170 North Anaheim Boulevard, Anaheim, California	6/22/64
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828-8080	Bank of America, Stanton Branch, 10518 Beach Boulevard, Stanton, California	6/11/64
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828-1096	Stanton Nurseries, Inc. 3730 West Ball Road, Anaheim, California	3/17/64 4/10/64 6/16/64 7/2/64
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828-8098	YINOCENTE RIOS 6501 Christine Circle, Buena Park, California	5/20/64
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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
527-4600	Security Construction Company, 9741 Graham, Cypress, California	1/23/64 2/28/64 (2 times) 3/2/64
774-5683	Luskey Brothers and Company, Main Office, 608 East Broadway, Anaheim, California	3/20/64
776-7652	Dell's Real Estate 413 South Brookhurst, Anaheim, California	7/6/64
772-9543 non-published	JAMES DURON REECE 10651 Hedlund Drive, Anaheim, California	1/15/64
828-2694	LUTHER LINDSEY 10582 Asbury Avenue, Stanton, California	6/5/64
528-5677 non-published	JIM BENAUIDEZ 17251 Regulus Drive, Yorba Linda, California	4/24/64
528-6661	Western Hills Golf and Country Club, Carbon Canyon Road, Chino, California	1/6/64 3/30/64 4/7/64 4/20/64 4/27/64 (2 times) 5/12/64 7/1/64
528-6240 disconnected 7/30/64	DAVID C. ANDERSON 4672 Plumbosa, Yorba Linda, California	1/17/64
529-3049	Eeco Rubber Products 130 North Brea Boulevard, Brea, California	2/27/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
529-3016	OLIVER A. TAYLOR 1442 Evergreen, Fullerton, California	1/10/64
529-2505	Brea Frozen Foods and Lockers 241 North Brea Boulevard, Brea, California	3/17/64 3/18/64
534-3681	K.C. DANFORD 1916 Robert Lane, Anaheim, California	12/13/63 12/20/63 12/26/63 (2 times) 12/27/63 12/31/63 1/6/64 (2 times) 1/7/64 (3 times) 1/9/64 (2 times) 1/13/64 (2 times) 1/15/64 1/23/64 1/30/64 1/31/64 2/3/64 2/17/64 2/18/64 2/25/64 2/28/64 3/3/64 3/4/64 (2 times) 3/5/64 3/6/64 (2 times) 3/11/64 3/17/64 3/18/64 3/19/64 3/24/64 3/31/64 4/2/64 4/16/64 4/22/64

LA 44-895

Telephone NumberSubscriberDates Called

534-3581 (continued)

K.C. DANFORD

5/1/64 (2 times)

5/7/64

5/13/64

5/19/64

5/21/64

5/29/64

6/1/64

6/9/64

6/10/64

6/11/64

6/15/64

6/16/64

6/17/64

6/18/64 (2 times)

6/19/64

6/23/64

6/24/64 (2 times)

7/1/64

7/6/64

7/13/64

534-6040

Pacific Finance
Corporation
13183 Harbor Boulevard,
Garden Grove, California

1/6/64

1/21/64

537-6414

Star Construction
Company
12796 Brookhurst,
Garden Grove, California

2/18/64

537-3379

VIRGIL VAN SKYOCK
12502 Twinleaf Lane,
Garden Grove, California

2/7/64

534-2331

Swan Pools, Inc.
1269 Harbor Boulevard,
Garden Grove, California

5/14/64

537-8269

JAMES O. KRUEGER
12502 Volkwood,
Garden Grove, California

2/7/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
537-3253	Belisle's Restaurant 12001 Harbor Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	4/16/64
537-3158	Beneficial Finance Company of Garden Grove, 9654 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	5/22/64
537-5160	Palm Harbor General Hospital, 12860 Palm, Garden Grove, California	1/8/64
534-1150	Randolph Rubber Company 10631 Stanford Avenue, Garden Grove, California	5/8/64
537-3141	U.S. Government Post Office Department, 10642 Garden Grove Boulevard, Garden Grove, California	2/7/64
534-2131	First Western Bank and Trust Company 12976 South Euclid, Garden Grove, California	4/9/64
546-0683	HENRY A. ROY 3142 Gibraltar Avenue, Costa Mesa, California	2/7/64 2/24/64 5/27/64
542-0681	JOHN K. HERNANDEZ 1637 West Wisteria Place, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
521-7742 non-published	EVERETT ARCHER 4200 West Franklin, Fullerton, California	12/30/63(2 times) 1/3/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
522-7706 :	CHARLES H. FOSTER 8344 Philodendron Way, Buena Park, California	3/26/64
521-0517 working with 521-2010	La Mirada Bowling Lanes, 15011 Adelfa Drive, La Mirada, California	7/1/64
521-3512	Stanley Chevrolet, Inc. 11980 East Firestone Boulevard, Norwalk, California	2/17/64 4/22/64
522-8471	Pacific Finance 8431 La Palma, Buena Park, California	1/21/64
521-5405	DON BAXTER 14745 Rayfield Drive, La Mirada, California	12/16/63 1/9/64
522-5344	ROBERT BURNS 7925 La Costa Circle, Buena Park, California	6/29/64
521-1266	B & G Electric 7612 Commonwealth Avenue, Buena Park, California	7/13/64
521-2264	Hartshorn Plumbing, Inc. 7010 Dale Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/28/64
521-0253	Ross-Loos Medical Group 7811 Commonwealth, Buena Park, California	2/10/64
521-1235	H.J. PRZYBYLOWSKI 5943 Western Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/21/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
521-3169 non-published	LYLE H. CAMERON 15346 San Bruno Drive, La Mirada, California	1/8/64
522-3161	VALENTINE BORBON 7975 Lamona Circle, Buena Park, California	6/25/64
522-5142 disconnected 6/12/64	CELESTINO MARTINEZ 7641 Knott, Buena Park, California	2/14/64 2/25/64 5/1/64
522-6138	Ward Concrete Products Company, 5270 East Houston, Buena Park, California	2/19/64
522-1131	Knotts Berry Farm Grand, Buena Park, California	2/12/64
521-8121	JOE FERRIERA 5529 Burlingame Avenue, Buena Park, California	5/19/64
522-3114	Paul Crouch Fence Company, 7122 Orangethorpe, Buena Park, California	1/14/64 1/31/64 (2 times) 3/9/64
871-9132 non-published to 871-5290 non-published	BETTY J. MC CALL 519 South Highland Avenue, Apartment A, Fullerton, California	6/18/64
525-1153	DAVID B. KERR, Atty., 1305 West Valencia Drive, Fullerton, California	1/22/64
525-0237	ROGER C. HOPE, Atty., 246 West Commonwealth, Fullerton	3/26/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
525-5241	ALICE D. MC CARTHY 333 West Whiting Avenue, Fullerton, California	4/15/64 (2 times)
871-1441	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation, Inc., 392 West Walnut, Fullerton, California	5/19/64
879-8444 disconnected 7/30/64	Harvey Concrete, 2500 West Orangethorpe, Fullerton, California	2/25/64
531-5700	GILBERT MILLER 10632 Hazard, Garden Grove, California	2/11/64
545-5581	Borg Warner Controls Division of Borg Warner Corporation 3300 Newport Avenue, Santa Ana, California	6/11/64
531-8580	MAROLYN STAFFIERI 14392 Warren, Westminster, California	5/27/64
547-5526	Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, 116 B South Broadway, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64 3/9/64 3/17/64 (2 times) 3/23/64
543-0518	JEROME MOORE 1202 Linwood Avenue, Santa Ana, California	1/29/64
547-2511	General Motors Acceptance Corporation, 1077 West 17th, Santa Ana, California	6/16/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
531-9487	Reverend G.B. CUNNINGHAM 329 South Harbor Boulevard, Space 92, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
549-1448	Pink Garter, 1400 West McFadden, Unit 9, Santa Ana, California	12/18/63 12/20/63
545-0416	Medical-Dental- Hospital Bureau of Orange County, Inc., 1914 Newport Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	1/8/64
542-2381 disconnected 8/5/64	Great Western Leasing Company, 123 East 11th, Santa Ana, California	1/30/64
544-6333	GRAHAM H. BELL 1311 Lucinda Way, Tustin, California	12/20/63
547-3333	Title Insurance and Trust Company, 800 North Main, Santa Ana, California	2/4/64 3/27/64 4/23/64
526-3465 disconnected 6/11/64	Parkersburg Sales and Service, 4301 West Commonwealth, Fullerton, California	3/18/64 (2 times) 3/23/64 3/25/64
525-8473	McGuire's Sheet Metal Office, 1213 South State College Boulevard, Fullerton, California	4/17/64 5/15/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
526-2488	Instrumental and Mechanical Service 413 West Amerige, Fullerton, California	3/20/64
526-5581	Astro Electronics 1160 East Ash, Fullerton, California	5/11/64
525-7714	J. PIERCE CONATY, M.D. 1431 North Harbor, Fullerton, California	2/24/64
525-8714	Maan Oil Company 2045 West Commonwealth Avenue, Fullerton, California	5/19/64
871-0998	HOWARD C. KAYLOR 1523 North Highland Avenue, Fullerton, California	3/19/64
525-7043	HELEN L. SMITH 235 South Pacific Drive, Fullerton, California	1/8/64
871-1078 non-published	DANNY J. SILVA 424 West Avenue, Apartment C, Fullerton, California	12/16/63
525-1079 disconnected 6/11/64	Shermans Automatic Transmission 236 South Brookhurst, Fullerton, California	4/13/64
633-6406	CHARLES PALEN 4034 Del Valle Avenue, Orange, California	3/9/64
633-4300	Farmers Insurance Group, 2401 West Chapman, Santa Ana, California	3/24/64 (3 times)

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
772-8111	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation 3311 East La Palma, Anaheim, California	12/30/63 1/20/64 1/29/64 2/5/64 3/20/64 (2 times) 4/10/64 5/22/64 (2 times) 6/5/64 7/10/64
776-7111	City of Anaheim Police Department 425 South Harbor Boulevard, Anaheim, California	12/12/63
776-0110	City of Anaheim City Hall 204 East Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	3/16/64
772-7130 disconnected 3/25/64	Murray Manar Liquors 911 North Brookhurst, Anaheim, California	12/18/63
535-1143	Cone Brothers Chevrolet 215 North Anaheim; (used car lot) 1044 North Los Angeles Anaheim, California	3/12/64
827-2130	Walker & Lee Inc. 8031 Stanton Avenue, Cypress, California (Real Estate)	3/24/64
772-5151	Laura Scudders 1525 North East Street, Anaheim, California	2/27/64 5/1/64

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Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
774-4192	Security First National Bank, 347 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/28/64
772-9222	Autonetics Division of North American Aviation 1001 East Ball Road, Anaheim, California	4/16/64
527-2233	Delco-Remy Division General Motors Corp. 1201 North Magnolia Avenue, Anaheim, California	4/30/64
828-9257	MARY VIDRINE SARGIS 6881 San Alto Way, Buena Park, California	3/10/64
827-4267	JOSEPH G. SWALLEY 6584 Lassen Drive, Buena Park, California	3/13/64
772-2267 non-published	DELMON LARKIN 10162 Gilbert Anaheim, California	1/21/64
765-6325	FRANK PAPPALARDO 7633 Whitsett North Hollywood, California	5/9/64
4-1890	GEORGE W. ELDER 2630 Creston Drive, Los Angeles, California	6/9/64
'03	DENIS FABIAN, M.D., 442 South Rexford Apt. 306, Beverly Hills, California	5/25/64

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Telephone NumberSubscriberDates Called

FA 1-0786

Craven Tool and Dye
Company
1736 West 130th Street,
Gardena, California

3/18/64

MA 2-8748
non-published

Doctor's Business
Bureau
617 South Olive
4th Floor,
Los Angeles, California

4/2/64

MA 7-1252

Doctor's Business
Bureau of Southern
California
617 South Olive Street
4th Floor,
Los Angeles, Calif-
ornia

12/12/63

1/14/64

1/17/64

1/28/64

2/28/64

3/11/64

3/27/64

4/29/64

5/6/64

5/7/64

6/12/64

624-8054

Security Consulators
257 South Spring
Street,
Los Angeles, California

1/29/64

AT 2-9121

General Business Forms
539 West Main Street,
Alhambra, California

1/10/64

2/24/64

5/5/64

DA 6-2533

E. E. Meyer Contractor
23204 Walnut,
Torrance, California

5/27/64

HE 5-6318

Doctor's Business
Bureau
10 Pine - Room 1210
Hartwell Building,
Long Beach, California

5/15/64

6/5/64

6/29/64

6/30/64

HE 5-6315

The Doctor's Business
Bureau, Room 1210,
Hartwell Building,
Long Beach, California

5/15/64

6/5/64

6/29/64

6/30/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
875-3030	JOSEPH PARROS 110 East Morgan Avenue, Rialto, California	2/28/64
685-4315	JOHN SHEFFIELD 7418 Font, Riverside, California	6/12/64 6/16/64
342-2831	PATRICK L. BENSON 19526 Hartland, Reseda, California	1/30/64
827-0290	Dr. CHRISTOPHER J. SMITH 129 A. South Topanga Drive, Anaheim, California	1/3/64
828-8307 disconnected 7/23/64	DANIEL CHAMBERS 10571 Court Avenue, Stanton, California	1/13/64
527-2314 non-published	NICKIE DELLACIOPPA 10588 Asberry Avenue, Stanton, California	6/5/64
828-3320	WALTER J. SCHOEPPIER 10201 Beaver Circle, Cypress, California	5/7/64
774-0330	Jewell Tea Company, Inc. 1000 East Ball Road, Anaheim, California	7/7/64
776-1361	First Republic Finance Company 305 South State College Boulevard, Anaheim, California	7/6/64
527-9370	Public Telephone 3450 West Ball Road, Anaheim, California	1/28/64

LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
533-4376	D & L Drive-All 548C Central Park Avenue, Anaheim, California	2/7/64 4/17/64 5/19/64 (2 times) 5/21/64
828-7383	Mobile Holdings Corp. 4656 Lincoln Avenue, Cypress, California	12/18/63 6/25/64
828-8394	C. HERBERT EACHUS 8612 Stanton Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/12/63 (2 times)
828-2408 non-published	R. D. WALKER 10021 Blanchi Circle, Buena Park, California	2/17/64
772-4410	Pacific Finance Branch Office Anaheim 532 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	1/21/64
828-5425	MIKE MC CONIGAL 630 South Knott Avenue, Apt. D, Anaheim, California	4/24/64 6/19/64 7/8/64
776-2430	Heaver, Radzik and Elias - Attorneys 1695 West Crescent, Anaheim, California	6/24/64 7/2/64
827-4447	PAUL F. BONELLA 2673 West Trojan Place, Anaheim, California	4/8/64
774-1450	Anaheim Memorial Hospi- tal 1111 West La Palma Avenue, Anaheim, California	12/20/63 1/14/64
776-5485 non-published	HERMON B. NIELSEN 116 West Stueckle Avenue, Anaheim, California	6/10/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
527-1493 disconnected 8/21/64, moving	MILTON E. RAMEY 10271 Sentry Drive, Stanton, California	7/1/64
827-5515	CECIL D. BELLAMY 3518 Mungall Drive, Apt. 4, Anaheim, California	2/25/64
527-6517	J. L. KELLUM 6215 San Ricardo Way, Buena Park, California	1/17/64
827-1531	WINTON A. BURNETT 8532 Tamarock Way, Buena Park, California	6/29/64
535-8532	Macres Florist 701 West Lincoln Avenue, Anaheim, California	5/7/64
828-1559 disconnected 8/8/64	JACK VAN HEEL 6363 San Revaldo Circle, Buena Park, California	12/27/63
772-0534	WALTER C. RALSTON, M.D. 1701 Euclid Avenue, Anaheim, California	3/10/64 4/3/64 (2 times)
541-3325	-Damian's Cleopatra Beauty Salon 1525 East 17th Street, Santa Ana, California	5/12/64
541-3303	-First Fidelity Mortgage Company 2114 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	3/26/64 (2 times)
545-3298	R. J. RICHARDSON, SR. 2885 Ballow Lane, Costa Mesa, California	6/18/64

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LA 44-895

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
547-6256	Prudential Acceptance Corp. 221 East 17th, Santa Ana, California	4/13/64
547-8251	Universal C.I.T. Corp. Suite E, 1104 East 17th Street, Santa Ana, California	2/28/64 4/28/64
547-7251	Security Title Insurance Company 825 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	1/20/64
531-8214	DOUGLAS KENT NIXON 9391 Madison Avenue, Westminster, California	2/20/64 2/28/64 3/11/64 3/16/64
547-6184	Katnik-Katnik Cuvard, Attorneys 1205 North Broadway, Santa Ana, California	4/28/64 6/17/64
545-5180 disconnected 5/11/64	Jackson Auto Building 2525 South Birch, Santa Ana, California	1/28/64
545-1171	Seaboard Finance Company 2300 Harbor Boulevard, Costa Mesa, California	4/14/64
549-1167	Allied Asphalt Paving Company 1409 East Warner, Santa Ana, California	1/23/64 2/25/64 (2 times) 3/16/64 3/23/64 4/22/64
531-5162	MARSHALL R. KING 5428 Highland, Santa Ana, California	5/1/64

Telephone Number	Subscriber	Dates Called
545-8151	Glass-Laminates 849 West 18th, Costa Mesa, California	1/30/64
542-1101	Telephone Company Business Office, 1015 North Main Street, Santa Ana, California	4/13/64 5/1/64
538-6089	W. E. MEYER 11502 East Santiago Boulevard, Orange, California	6/29/64 7/2/64 7/6/64
633-2037	ROBERT T. BUCHBINDER 16372 Albion Lane, Orange, California	1/7/64 1/14/64 1/21/64 3/17/64
538-6024	JAMES K. SEIRUP 1801 East Witson Avenue, Apt. 3 E, Orange, California	2/20/64
538-8292	Orange Credit Service 550 A East Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	7/8/64 7/9/64
538-9528	Orange Credit Service 550 A East Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	7/7/64
633-3521	Silman Chevrolet Co. 402 West Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	3/23/64
532-2511	Farmers Insurance Group 1137 West Chapman Avenue, Orange, California	3/24/64
633-3407	ART FISHER 334 East Chestnut Avenue, Orange, California	3/19/64 3/24/64

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

1

The Cleveland FBI Office has advised there is no such number as LA 8-7445 at Green Camp, Ohio, and no such number existed as of December 27, 1963. Mr. JOHN GURAK, Special Agent, General Telephone Company, Santa Monica, California, rechecked charges to telephone HE 5-6315, Long Beach, California, (HARRY OLSEN), and found the number at Green Camp, Ohio, was LA 8-7445, as furnished previously. He informed this was apparently a billing machine error.

The Las Vegas Office has advised that telephone number 735-9111, Las Vegas, Nevada, reportedly called from 433-6289, Long Beach, California, (HARRY OLSEN), is listed to the Sands Hotel, 3317 Las Vegas Boulevard South.

Date September 3, 1964

1

H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, United States Attorney, Northern District of Texas, advised that on the morning of June 12, 1964, HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, delivered to him, at his office, the original and a copy of the transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he, on the afternoon of the same date, dictated a letter to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER, 1510 Philadelphia Savings Fund Building, 12 South 12th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by which he transmitted the original of the transcript. The secretary, to whom he dictated, sealed the envelope addressed to Mr. SPECTER in his, SANDERS', presence and, thereafter, sent it by registered mail, return receipt requested.

Mr. SANDERS said his copy of his letter to Mr. SPECTER does not show the initials of the secretary to whom he dictated. He said his first impression was he dictated to THELMA ABLES of his staff, but has been told by Mrs. IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, also of his staff, that it was she to whom he dictated. He stated he advised Mr. SPECTER, in his letter, that a copy of the transcript was being retained in his office pending any instructions as to other disposition. He said copies of numerous transcripts of depositions of various persons interviewed by the Commission had been retained in his office for possible future reference. He said he placed the copy in this instance at the rear of the center drawer of his desk where it remained several weeks. He said his desk is normally locked when he is not at the desk and, in any event, he has no knowledge that any employee of his office or other person was aware of its location in his desk. He said employees of his office do not enter his desk except on instructions to do so.

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on 9/1/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agents MAIRNING C. CLEMENTS and
ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jtf Date dictated 9/2/64

DL 44-1639

2

Mr. SANDERS, continuing, stated in recent weeks he had the copy of the RUBY transcript removed from his desk and placed in a safe in the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD with other documents concerned with the Commission. He said to the best of his knowledge only the secretary to whom he dictated, Miss STROUD, and he knew of the existence of the document in his office.

Mr. SANDERS stated he has no recollection that court reporter HELEN LAIDRICH furnished to him her notes from which the transcript was made. In some instances court reporters working for the Commission have furnished their notes along with various transcripts.

Mr. SANDERS stated he had no information as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of the transcript of RUBY's deposition. He said he had, at the request of the Commission, obtained the services of several court reporters, including HELEN LAIDRICH, to take notes in connection with various depositions. He said HELEN LAIDRICH has a good reputation. He noted that it has been reported in the press that LAIDRICH was a one-time employee of MELVIN BELLI, former RUBY defense counsel, in San Francisco. He said LAIDRICH had informed him of this previous employment some fifteen years ago, that the employment had been brief and that she had not seen Mr. BELLI in recent years. He said this information was made known to Commission representatives prior to her use.

Date September 3, 1964

1

II. BAREFOOT SANDERS, United States Attorney, Northern District of Texas, made available for examination a copy of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY on June 7, 1964. The document was observed to be intact and maintained at this time in the office of MARTHA JOE STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney. It was observed the name "HARRY CARLSON" appears on page 32, rather than the name "HARRY OLSEN".

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on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agents MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

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Date September 3, 1964

IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, secretary, office of the United States Attorney, H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, Northern District of Texas, advised that on an unrecalled date some two months ago, she was given dictation by Mr. SANDERS of a letter directed to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Mr. SANDERS handed her a sealed envelope purported to contain the original of a transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY. This envelope was sent as an enclosure to the letter to Mr. SPECTER. She typed the letter to Mr. SPECTER and after Mr. SANDERS had signed same, she took the envelope to the United States Post Office and arranged for its transmission by registered mail.

Mrs. ALEXANDER said she was aware there was a copy of the transcript which was retained by Mr. SANDERS, inasmuch as the letter to Mr. SPECTER stated a copy was being retained. She said she did not see the original, as it was in a sealed envelope and did not see the copy then or at any other time. She said she was not aware as to how Mr. SANDERS came into possession of the transcription.

Mrs. ALEXANDER stated she has no information as to who furnished a copy of the document to DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

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on 9/1/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent S. MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jef Date dictated 9/2/64

Date September 3, 1964

1

THELMA ABLES, secretary to United States Attorney H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, Northern District of Texas, residence address - Box 184, Terrell, Texas, telephone JO 3-2408, was contacted by telephone in Terrell for an appointment for interview, she being on annual leave. When she asked as to the purpose of interview and was informed, she advised personal interview was inconvenient but she would talk by telephone.

Miss ABLES stated she recalls on numerous occasions various court reporters have brought transcripts of depositions to the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD and that HELEN LAIDRICH was among such reporters. She said on occasions copies of depositions were known to be in Mr. SANDERS' desk. She said, however, she has no personal recollection of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY or any circumstances surrounding same. She said she has no recollection of seeing the deposition and has no information or knowledge as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or any other person may have come into possession of a copy of same.

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on 9/2/64 at Terrell, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

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Date September 3, 1964

1

MARTHA JOE STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney, advised that at about 10:30 or 11:00 a.m., June 12, 1964, HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, came to her office and brought a typed transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. LAIDRICH stated to Miss STROUD she thought perhaps she should hand the document to Mr. H. BAREFOOT SANDERS, the United States Attorney, personally. LAIDRICH delivered the document to Mr. SANDERS.

It is Miss STROUD's understanding the original transcript was mailed to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER of the Commission by Mrs. IVOJEANE ALEXANDER, a secretary in the United States Attorney's Office, without opening the sealed envelope in which it was contained.

Miss STROUD continued, stating that some days later HELEN LAIDRICH returned to the United States Attorney's Office in connection with a query from the Commission as to the proper transcription of a name in the RUBY deposition, whether the name was HARRY CARLSON, as shown, or should be HARRY OLSEN. LAIDRICH requested to see a copy of the transcript which she had left with Mr. SANDERS. The copy, which was being kept in Mr. SANDERS' desk, was obtained by Miss STROUD and his secretary, THELMA ABIES, and was given to LAIDRICH. The latter had her notes with her and took care, with the copy of the transcript, to the office of ODELL CLIVER, court reporter, in the same building, where she remained perhaps fifteen minutes. On her return, LAIDRICH prepared a letter to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, Counsel to the Commission, advising that upon checking her notes against the transcript, she found the name in question should be HARRY OLSEN. LAIDRICH's letter was dated June 26, 1964.

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on 9/1/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1633
by MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
by Special Agent ALFRED C. ELLINGTON /jcf Date dictated 9/2/64

Miss STROUD said the copy of the transcript was returned to Mr. SANDERS' desk where it remained for some time thereafter. She said she received a call from Mr. SANDERS recently, at a time when he was out of Dallas. He said he had read in the press of the publication of the transcript of RUBY's deposition under DOROTHY KILGALLEN's name. Mr. SANDERS inquired if she had any information as to the "leak". She replied in the negative. Mr. SANDERS instructed her to obtain the copy from his desk and lock it in her safe, which she did.

Miss STROUD said she has no knowledge as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or any other person obtained a copy of the RUBY deposition. She related HELEN LAIDRICH has told her she observed mimeographed copies of the transcript of the RUBY deposition in the offices of the Commission when LAIDRICH was in Washington some weeks ago.

Date September 3, 1964

1

HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter, residence - 7847 Northaven, advised she was called on Sunday, June 7, 1964, by Mr. SORRELS, United States Secret Service, to the Dallas County Jail to record the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. She said she understood Miss ODELL OLIVER, court reporter, was to have been used but was not immediately available at the time the interview was to begin. She said she recorded the interview with a stenotype machine. The interview was concluded in mid-afternoon.

She stated she had, on returning to her home on the same date, dictated from her stenotype notes to a tape recorder, completing the dictation on the same day, June 7, 1964. She said she had intended transcribing the deposition of RUBY the following day but had to go to Waco, Texas, in connection with a court trial, which demanded her attention until about noon Wednesday, June 10, 1964. She typed the document, consisting of 103 pages, on Wednesday afternoon and Thursday, June 10 and 11, 1964, at her home where she maintains her office. She said she then received permission of United States Attorney H. BAREFOOT SANDERS to have Miss ODELL OLIVER assist her in proofreading the transcript. She took the typed document, original and one copy, along with her notes, to Miss OLIVER's office in the Federal Building, Bryan and Ervay Streets, where Miss OLIVER assisted with the proofreading. She said she felt this procedure desirable as Miss OLIVER was known to be familiar with the spellings of many of the names appearing in the document. She said she, thereafter, on Thursday night and Friday morning, June 11 and 12, 1964, made any necessary corrections. She then erased the tape recording previously made by her from the stenotype notes.

Mrs. LAIDRICH stated that at about 11:00 a.m., Friday, June 12, 1964, she took the original of the deposition, in a sealed envelope, and the copy to Mr. SANDERS, the United States Attorney. She took her notes and carbon paper used in the transcription to Miss OLIVER for her retention.

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on 9/3/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by MAJNING C. CLEMENTS andSpecial Agents RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtfDate dictated 9/3/64

She said a letter was subsequently received from J. LEE RANKIN, Counsel to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, asking that she determine whether she had erred in typing the name "HARRY CARLSON" on page 32 on the RUBY deposition, rather than "HARRY OLSEN", which was believed to be correct. She said she went to Miss OLIVER's office and obtained her notes, and she and Miss OLIVER went to the United States Attorney's office where they checked the notes and copy of the deposition, which was made available to them by Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD. She said Miss STROUD has advised her that STROUD told FBI Agents, who interviewed STROUD on September 1, 1964, that LAIDRICH had taken the copy of the deposition to Miss OLIVER's office to make the check. She said she reminded Miss STROUD that this was incorrect, that she and Miss OLIVER made the examination in Miss STROUD's office. She said the copy was immediately returned to Miss STROUD, and Miss OLIVER retained the notes. She said it was found she had indeed erred, that the name "HARRY OLSEN" should have appeared on page 32 of the deposition rather than "HARRY CARLSON". She said Mr. RANKIN was informed by letter the same day. She said she did not make the correction on the copy which Mr. SANDERS, the United States Attorney, had retained.

Mrs. LAIDRICH stated she travelled to New York City a few days later and when passing through Washington on June 30, 1964, she stopped by offices of the Commission to pay a courtesy call on personnel she had previously met in Dallas. She said she saw reproduced copies of the RUBY deposition at the Commission offices. She said she told Mr. BURT GRIFFIN of the Commission staff about the correction which should be made, that is changing the name "HARRY CARLSON" to "HARRY OLSEN". She observed Mr. GRIFFIN make the correction in pencil on a copy of the deposition.

Mrs. LAIDRICH repeated that she made only the original and one copy of the RUBY deposition, retained no copy herself, erased the tape recording from which she made the transcription, gave her notes and carbon paper to Miss OLIVER, who still has them to the best of her knowledge. She said she uses a "condensed" system on her stenotype machine and feels certain no other stenographer could satisfactorily read her notes. She said she had the tape recording during its existence and the typed document in her possession at all times, until turning same over to Mr. SANDERS, and no other person had access to these items. She said she has no information as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of a copy of the deposition.

Date September 9, 1964

1

Miss GDELL OLIVER, court reporter, Federal Building, advised her office has been used as a focal point for court reporters in connection with work for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. She said Mrs. HELEN LAIDRICH has performed some of the stenographic work.

She stated she recalls Mrs. LAIDRICH took the interview of JACK L. RUBY by the Commission at the Dallas County Jail on June 7, 1964. She stated Mrs. LAIDRICH had, following her transcription of her stenotype notes, brought her notes and the carbon paper she had used to Miss OLIVER for safekeeping. She said these notes, along with others, were kept in a locked cabinet in her office at all times when she, Miss OLIVER, was absent from her desk.

She recalled that some few days after Mrs. LAIDRICH brought her notes on the RUBY interview, Mrs. LAIDRICH returned and advised her there was a possibility of an error in the transcription of a name. She said she accompanied Mrs. LAIDRICH to the office of Assistant United States Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD, where comparison was made of the copy of the transcript of the interview with Mrs. LAIDRICH's notes. Following the examination for any necessary corrections, the notes were returned to Miss OLIVER's office where they are at present.

Miss OLIVER stated Mrs. LAIDRICH was a self-trained stenotype operator and she doubts any other stenographer could read her stenotype notes. She said Mrs. LAIDRICH has been most discreet in giving full security to all of the work performed by her for the Commission. She stated it would have been virtually impossible for anyone to have access to the notes while they were in Miss OLIVER's possession. She noted on this date the notes were intermingled with notes of many other stenographers and that any person, even having access to her locked cabinet, would necessarily have had to sift through

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on 9/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS /jtf Date dictated 9/9/64

DL 100-10461

2

a great deal of material in order to locate notes on a particular interview.

Miss OLIVER volunteered that she had taken notes on the polygraph examination of RUBY on July 18, 1964, at the Dallas County Jail. She stated she was extremely shocked when she found, even before she had completely transcribed her notes on that interview, that a transcript had appeared in newspapers. She stated in her opinion all of the court reporters used by the Commission in Dallas have been most discreet even to the point of not caring to discuss with other reporters the details of various depositions taken by the Commission. She stated she has no information whatsoever as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or the "New York Journal-American" newspaper came into possession of a transcript of the RUBY interview on June 7, 1964.

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

1

The following investigation was conducted by Assistant Director JOHN F. MALONE at New York, New York:

JOSEPH KINGSBURY-SMITH, Publisher of the "New York Journal-American", on August 21, 1964, advised that previous to that date, he asked DOROTHY KILGALLEN to identify the source who furnished her the transcript of JACK RUBY's interview by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Mr. SMITH stated that Miss KILGALLEN refused to reveal her source, but did indicate to him that the source was someone inside the Commission who was a friend of hers of long standing.

Mr. SMITH stated that he questioned Miss KILGALLEN thoroughly and she told him that she would stake her reputation on the fact the transcript of RUBY's interview definitely was not stolen, not bought and nothing illegal was done in obtaining it. Miss KILGALLEN told Mr. SMITH that she would give her word of honor on this point. Mr. SMITH stated that on the basis of the above facts, the Journal-American's attorneys decided that publication of the RUBY transcript did not violate the law since the President's Commission was not conducting a trial and was not trying RUBY. According to Mr. SMITH, the attorneys for the newspaper said the transcript could be regarded as a journalistic matter.

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agents FRANCIS P. HENRY and JOE C. HESTER at New York, New York:

DOROTHY KILGALLEN was interviewed on August 21, 1964, at her Town House located at 45 East 68th Street, New York, New York.

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

2

Miss KILGALLEN stated that she refused to reveal the source who gave her the transcript of the JACK RUBY interview by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY.

Miss KILGALLEN stated that she would identify the source only as a "responsible person who had a legal right to the transcript." She stated that she was the only person who knew the identity of the source and that she "would die" rather than reveal his identity. Miss KILGALLEN said that she based her refusal to identify her source on the right of a newspaper reporter to protect his sources of information.

Miss KILGALLEN specifically was asked whether or not the source was a member of the President's Commission itself or a staff member or employee. She refused to answer.

Miss KILGALLEN specifically was asked if the source was someone not on the Commission, such as RUBY's defense counsel or someone else who was present during the interview or who might legally have received a copy of the transcript. She refused to answer.

Miss KILGALLEN also said that she would refuse to give the date on which she received the RUBY transcript and would refuse to identify the city in which she obtained it.

Miss KILGALLEN did state that her source was a man and not a woman. She said her source is a friend of hers of long standing. She stated that the source gave her the transcript as a "friendly gesture."

Miss KILGALLEN stated that she would swear that the transcript was not stolen and nothing illegal was done in obtaining it. She stated that she did not pay money for the transcript and did not give or promise her source anything else of value in exchange for the transcript.

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtf

2

Miss KILGALLEN refused to say if she first approached the source or if the source first approached her about the transcript.

She stated this source gave her a typed transcript of the RUBY interview. She kept the transcript several days and had copies made including Photostats. Miss KILGALLEN then gave the transcript back to her source.

Miss KILGALLEN recalled from memory that the transcript she received was numbered from Page 1 to Page 103. She said that one page was missing. She believes the missing page was numbered 59, otherwise the transcript appeared to be complete. Page 103 of the transcript was a notarized statement from the stenographer who was present during the interview.

Miss KILGALLEN stated the "New York Journal-American" does not know the identity of her source and in fact, she told the newspaper less than she told the interviewing Agents.

Miss KILGALLEN did not furnish any other information of value. She stated that she is the only person who knows the identity of her source and she will never reveal it.

Miss KILGALLEN volunteered to go to Washington, D. C., to testify on this matter before the President's Commission. She emphasized, however, that she also will refuse to identify her source to the Commission or anyone else. She stated that regardless of the consequences, she will never identify the source to anyone.

Date September 1, 1964

1

RALPH PAUL, Copeland Road, Arlington, Texas, was interviewed at his restaurant, the Bull Pen Drive-In, East Abrams, Arlington, Texas.

Mr. PAUL advised that on Monday, August 24, 1964, he had been interviewed at Fort Worth, Texas, by a representative of the President's Commission regarding information of value he might have concerning his association with JACK L. RUBY. Mr. PAUL stated that he was questioned regarding the telephone call he reportedly had received on the night of Saturday night, November 23, 1963, at the restaurant from JACK RUBY, in which he had apparently made the remark, "Are you crazy?" over the phone to RUBY.

Mr. PAUL stated this remark was probably true, but pertained to the fact that RUBY had mentioned to him that he was going to close his night club for three days, which he, PAUL, thought was ridiculous.

PAUL stated at no time during any of the telephone conversation he had with RUBY on November 23, 1963, had RUBY mentioned to him anything about having a revolver.

Mr. PAUL stated he has positively not told anyone that RUBY had called him that Saturday night stating he had a gun. He had not told anyone this as it is untrue.

Regarding the identities of former and present employees of the Bull Pen Restaurant, whose nicknames are "ROSE", "TOYO", "BONNIE", "CURLY" and "JOE", Mr. PAUL furnished the following information:

"ROSE" is actually ROSE JACKSON, wife of JOHN W. JACKSON, manager of this drive-in, and ROSE is employed as a cashier.

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8/27/64 at Arlington, TexasFile # DL 44-1639Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtfDate dictated 8/31/64

DL 44-1639

2

"TOYO" is a Japanese girl, whose last name is unknown to Mr. PAUL, but who is currently working at the Bull Pen Drive-In.

"BONNIE" is VERNA LOU CORNETT, a former waitress, who is currently living at an unknown address in Arlington, Texas.

"CURLY" is unknown by nickname to Mr. PAUL, who advised that he does not recall ever having any employees at the Bull Pen Drive-In by this nickname.

"JOE" is identical to JOYCE ANGELL, who resides at 1017 Craven Road, Arlington, Texas, and who in November, 1963, would have been working as a curb waitress during the daylight hours.

Date September 1, 19641

JOHN W. JACKSON, 1602 Browning, Arlington, Texas, advised he is the manager of the Bull Pen Drive-In, and held such position on November 23, 1963.

Mr. JACKSON advised he does not recall ever having heard RALPH PAUL, the owner of the Bull Pen Drive-In, mention that RUBY had told him he had a gun, or that PAUL thought RUBY was crazy and was going to shoot OSWALD.

JACKSON stated the only person at this restaurant who is known by the nickname of "JOHNNIE" is himself. He stated RALPH PAUL has never, to his knowledge, been referred to by such a nickname.

JACKSON stated he does not recall any telephone call received by RALPH PAUL at the Bull Pen Drive-In on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, from JACK RUBY.

JACKSON stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to him; however, he stated that TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this drive-in restaurant and he believes, but he is not positive, that she might have visited this restaurant on Saturday, November 23, 1963, or Sunday, November 24, 1963.

JACKSON stated that by the time he saw RALPH PAUL on Sunday, November 24, 1963, PAUL had already heard of JACK RUBY's having shot OSWALD. He stated PAUL appeared to be generally upset over this event.

JACKSON advised he is sometimes referred to by a few customers by the nickname of "CURLY; however, this restaurant has not, to his knowledge, in recent years, had any employee, male or female, who used the nickname of "CURLY" commonly.

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on 8/27/64 at Arlington, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtfDate dictated 8/31/64

Date September 1, 1964

1

ROSE JACKSON, 1602 Browning, Arlington, Texas, advised she is the wife of JOHN W. JACKSON, the manager of the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas. She stated she is also employed at this restaurant as the cashier and was so employed as of Saturday, November 23, 1963.

Mrs. JACKSON stated she does not recall RALPH PAUL receiving a telephone call from JACK RUBY on the night of November 23, 1963, at the Bull Pen Drive-In. As she now recalls, PAUL had not been feeling well that night, and she and her husband had sent him home earlier in the evening prior to closing time.

Mrs. JACKSON stated she positively did not overhear any telephone conversation between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY on Saturday, November 23, 1963, and has never heard RALPH PAUL make any statement indicating that RUBY had called him that night and had told him he had a gun.

Mrs. JACKSON stated RALPH PAUL has never been known to her to have been referred to by one of the employees by the nickname "JOHNNIE". She stated the only such individual, who has this nickname and who is employed at this restaurant, is her husband.

Mrs. JACKSON stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her; however, TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this restaurant, but she is not in a position to say whether or not TAMMI TRUE was at this drive-in on either Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

She stated that on Sunday, November 24, 1963, when she first saw RALPH PAUL that day, he had already heard of RUBY's shooting OSWALD, and he, PAUL, seemed to be visibly upset.

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on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

DL 44-1639

2

Mrs. JACKSON said that she knows of no former employees at the Bull Pen Drive-In by the nickname of "CURLY".

Date September 2, 1964

1

JOYCE ANGELL, 1017 Craven Road, Arlington, Texas, advised she is commonly known by the nickname "JOE".

Mrs. ANGELL advised she is employed as a curb waitress by the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, and was so employed on Saturday night, November 23, 1963. Mrs. ANGELL advised she does not recall overhearing any telephone conversation on the night of November 23, 1963, between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY. She stated neither does she recall ever having heard PAUL mention that RUBY had called him and had said he had a gun. Mrs. ANGELL stated that RALPH PAUL has never been known to her to use the nickname of "JOHNIE". She noted that the only individual employed by this restaurant, who has such a nickname, is the manager, JOHN JACKSON. She stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her, but she does know TAMMI TRUE who is a regular customer at this restaurant.

However, Mrs. ANGELL stated she cannot say whether or not TAMMI TRUE had visited this drive-in on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

Mrs. ANGELL added that she was not around the drive-in when RALPH PAUL first heard the news concerning RUBY's shooting OSWALD and she does not know his reaction.

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on 8/27/64 at Arlington, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /itfDate dictated 8/31/64

Date September 2, 1964

1

VERNA LOU CORNETT, 815 Lakeview, Arlington, Texas, advised she is commonly known by her nickname "BONNIE". Mrs. CORNETT stated that while she is no longer employed as a curb waitress by the Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, she was working at that restaurant on the night of November 23, 1963. Mrs. CARLIN stated she did not overhear any telephone conversation between RALPH PAUL and JACK RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963, nor did RALPH PAUL ever mention to her or anyone else, to her knowledge, that RUBY had told him that he, RUBY, had a gun and was going to shoot OSWALD. Mrs. CORNETT stated the only individual known by the nickname "JOHNNIE", who is employed at the Bull Pen Drive-In, to her knowledge, is the manager, JOHN JACKSON. She stated she has never heard RALPH PAUL referred to by this nickname.

Mrs. CORNETT stated that BRUCE CARLIN and "LITTLE LYNN" are unknown to her. She stated TAMMI TRUE is a frequent customer at this restaurant, but she cannot, at this late date, state whether or not TAMMI TRUE had visited the restaurant on either Saturday night, November 23, 1963, or the following day.

Mrs. CORNETT stated she does not know what RALPH PAUL's reactions were on Sunday, November 24, 1963, upon learning of RUBY's shooting OSWALD.

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURKEZT/jtf Date dictated 8/31/64

Date September 2, 1964

1.3
GERALDINE TOYO, 415 Northwest 19th Street, Grand Prairie, Texas, advised she is commonly known by her nickname "TOYO".

TOYO advised that she speaks very little English and finds it difficult to understand English spoken to her unless it is spoken quietly and slowly. Accordingly, she stated it is impossible for her to overhear a telephone conversation in all the noise that accompanies the Saturday night business at the Bull Pen Drive-In, and she does not recall Mr. PAUL having spoken to JACK RUBY on Saturday night, November 23, 1963.

TOYO advised that on the busy nights, of which Saturday nights are the busiest, she works outside the drive-in as a curb waitress, and she would have no reason to have been inside near the telephone.

TOYO stated that the only person known to her by the nickname of "JOHNNIE" at this restaurant is JOHN JACKSON, the manager. She has never heard RALPH PAUL referred to by this nickname.

She stated she does not know BRUCE CARLIN, "LITTLE LYNN" or TAMMI TRUE by name.

She stated that by the time she saw RALPH PAUL on Sunday, November 24, 1963, PAUL had already heard of RUBY's shooting OSWALD, and PAUL appeared to be visibly shaken over the news.

on 8/27/64 at Arlington, Texas 74

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf

File # DL 44-1639

Date dictated 8/31/64

Date 8/23/64

GEORGE SENATOR advised that he presently resides at the Bristol Hotel, Room 1211, 129 West 48th Street, New York, New York. He also advised that he is employed as a cashier at the Mr. Kiska Delicatessen, 150 West 49th Street, New York, New York.

SENATOR gave the following account of his activities during the morning of November 24, 1963:

I arose around 8:00 a.m. and made myself a cup of coffee. RUBY got up later and made himself two eggs and coffee, however, I did not eat.

RUBY left the apartment around 10:30 a.m. alone. RUBY, while in the apartment, was mumbling to himself, and when I asked him what he was saying he replied nothing. RUBY never mentioned anything about killing OSWALD.

I did not make a phone call to WILLIAM DOWNEY on this day and I never recall ever offering to make breakfast for DOWNEY or his wife at their apartment. DOWNEY is a traveling salesman and a very heavy drinker, and when drinking he does a lot of talking and exaggerates a great deal.

When I left Dallas, Texas, DOWNEY and I were not on speaking terms.

On the morning of November 24, 1964, I left the apartment around 11:00 or 11:30 a.m. and went to the "Eat Well Restaurant" on Main Street for breakfast. While I was in the restaurant one of the waitresses told me that she had just heard on the radio that OSWALD had been shot by an unknown man. I immediately called my friend JIM MARTIN, who is an attorney, to tell him the news. JIM's daughter answered the phone and told me he was at church and would be home soon.

Shortly thereafter the radio announced that RUBY had shot OSWALD. I immediately went to JIM MARTIN's home, and when I arrived there he told me he had just seen the shooting on television. At this time both MARTIN and myself went to the court-house where I remained all day.

On 8/27/64 at 1215 Third Avenue, New York, New York File # NY 44-974
by SA EUGENE W. O'NEILL/lac Date dictated 8/28/64

Date September 1, 1964

JOHN J. SIMPSON, JR., advised he resides with his sister, Mrs. GRADY AILES, at 731 Norwood Drive, Hurst, Texas, and is currently employed as a service station attendant at the Gulf Service Station located at the corner of Pipe Line Road and Harrison Lane, Hurst, Texas.

SIMPSON advised that he is commonly known by the nickname of "JOHNNY". He stated that from late Friday night, November 22, 1963, until 6:00 a.m., Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, he was employed as the night parking attendant at Simon's Garage, 1300 Jackson, Dallas, Texas.

He recalls that around 1:00 a.m., Saturday morning, November 23, 1963, a Dallas police officer named OLSEN (whom SIMPSON believes is no longer employed as a Dallas police officer) came to Simon's Garage and got his car. OLSEN then pulled up to the garage exit to wait for his girl friend, name unknown, who was working as a dancer at JACK RUBY's night club, located just one block away on Commerce Street. When the girl friend came and got into OLSEN's car, they started to drive off, but the girl apparently saw JACK RUBY walking down the street and she yelled a greeting to him. RUBY called back, and OLSEN stopped his car when RUBY came up to the car to talk to OLSEN and the girl.

SIMPSON stated that RUBY, the girl, and OLSEN must have conversed at least an hour, and possibly longer at this time by the garage.

SIMPSON stated he did not take part in any of the conversation and does not know what the three talked about. He does recall having overheard RUBY remark that he had been to police headquarters that same night and had taken coffee and eats to the police officers. SIMPSON stated he knows JACK RUBY

8/29/64

at Hurst, Texas

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File # DL 44-1639

Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf

Date dictated 8/31/64

DL 44-1639

2

by sight but is not a personal friend of RUBY's. He knew OLSEN as a member of the Dallas Police Department, and he recognized the girl with OLSEN as one of the dancers at RUBY's night club, but SIMPSON stated he was not a close friend of any of the three individuals. He would have had no reason to listen to or to partake in their private conversations.

1Date September 7, 1964

ANDREW ARMSTRONG, JR., Apartment C, 3821 Dixon, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at one of his places of employment, the Connecticut Village Apartments, Connecticut Lane, Dallas, Texas. Mr. ARMSTRONG reviewed all six photographs and stated as follows:

Photograph No. 1 - ARMSTRONG identified JACK L. RUBY as the person wearing glasses appearing in the upper right side of the photograph.

Photograph No. 2 - ARMSTRONG identified JACK L. RUBY as the individual wearing glasses in the upper right corner of the photograph.

Photograph No. 3 - ARMSTRONG pointed out RUBY as the individual whose back portion of the head appears in the center of the picture.

Photograph No. 4 - ARMSTRONG stated that RUBY is the bald man in the foreground with his right hand in his pocket and his back to the camera.

Photograph No. 5 - ARMSTRONG stated that JACK L. RUBY is the individual standing in the foreground in about the center of the photograph.

Photograph No. 6 - ARMSTRONG stated that JACK L. RUBY is identical to the individual standing in the foreground in about the center of the photograph.

There was no doubt whatsoever in ARMSTRONG's mind that JACK RUBY is identical to the person appearing in the aforementioned photographs.

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on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

1Date September 7, 1964

BRUCE W. McLEAN, owner, McLean Hair Exports, Room 1423, Dallas Athletic Club, 1805 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, who resides at 7306 Mimosa Lane, Dallas, was interviewed in his office.

Mr. McLEAN stated that JACK L. RUBY is the person who is depicted in the upper right side of photographs 1 and 2. In these photographs RUBY is wearing dark glasses and is attired in a business suit.

In regard to photographs 3 through 6, McLEAN stated that while the individual is believed by him to be RUBY, he does not feel that he can make a positive identification of RUBY being pictured in any of these photographs. He stated that he is just not positive of this identification of RUBY, and would not want to make the positive statement that RUBY is depicted in any of these photographs.

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on 9/5/64 at Dallas, TexasFile # DL 44-1639by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/paDate dictated 9/7/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1Date September 7, 1964

CLYDE F. GOODSON, Police Officer, Dallas Police Department, was interviewed at his residence, 6529 Oleta Drive, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. GOODSON viewed the six photographs furnished by the President's Commission and commented that he does not feel that he knew RUBY well enough to make an unqualified identification of RUBY in any of these six photographs.

Officer GOODSON stated that RUBY appears to him to be identical with the individual in the upper right corner of photographs 1 and 2. In regard to photographs 3 through 6, GOODSON stated that he cannot say one way or the other whether the individual believed to be JACK L. RUBY in these photographs is positively RUBY.

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

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1Date September 7, 1964

VICTOR F. ROBERTSON, JR., employee, Dallas radio station WFAA, was interviewed at his residence, 414 South Willomet, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. ROBERTSON identified, without any qualifications, the individual appearing in the upper right corner of photographs 1 and 2, attired in a business suit and wearing glasses, as JACK L. RUBY.

ROBERTSON stated that the individual believed to be RUBY in photograph No. 3 is "possibly" RUBY; however, he cannot make a positive statement to this effect.

In regard to photographs 4, 5 and 6, ROBERTSON stated he, himself, appears in these photographs, but he does not recall having seen RUBY behind him at the time these photographs were taken. He noted that the individual believed to be RUBY in these photographs is thinner than what he remembers JACK RUBY to be. He added that he personally does not feel that RUBY is the individual depicted in photographs 4, 5 and 6, as the bald-headed man standing in the foreground of these three pictures.

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on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date September 7, 1964

GABRIEL D. MACIAS, Badge No. 1374, Dallas Police Department, a resident of 3005 Klondike, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at the Dallas Police Department.

MACIAS viewed photograph No. 6 and identified himself as the police officer who appears on the right-hand side of the photograph who is moving in the direction of the man believed to be JACK RUBY.

MACIAS stated he was on duty for only a few minutes on the third floor of the Police Department on the night of November 22, 1963, and his assignment was to keep the reporters and cameramen in the hallway moving in order to keep the aisle cleared. MACIAS stated that he only vaguely knows JACK L. RUBY, and he does not recall having seen RUBY on the third floor of the Police Department during the very short time he was on duty at that assignment.

Officer MACIAS viewed photograph No. 6, in which he is shown, and stated that he cannot identify RUBY as being an individual shown in that photograph as he does not feel that he knew RUBY well enough to make an identification from this photograph.

on 9/5/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/7/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date September 9, 1964

GEORGE SENATOR, who resides at the Bristol Hotel, 129 West 48th Street, Room 1211, and is employed as a cashier at the Mr. Kishka Restaurant, 150 West 49th Street, Manhattan, New York, was interviewed on September 8, 1964.

The six photographs furnished by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY were exhibited to GEORGE SENATOR.

He identified JACK RUBY in photographs one and two as the man standing in the last row, right-hand side, dressed in a dark suit, wearing a tie and carrying a handkerchief in his breast pocket.

On observing photographs three and four, SENATOR said he believed RUBY in photograph three was the slightly bald man in the center of the picture shown walking out of the door and in photograph four, he believed that RUBY was the slightly bald man in the foreground with his right hand in his pocket and his back to the camera. SENATOR believed that JACK RUBY was the man shown in photographs five and six, who is depicted standing in the foreground in about the center of the photographs.

SENATOR was unable to identify the police officer who appears on the right-hand side of photograph six.

on 9/8/64 at New York, New York

File # NY 44-974

by Special Agent JAMES J. ROGERS/dmb/jtf

Date dictated 9/9/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date: September 14, 1964

The records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company were examined for Fort Worth telephone number JE 4-8525, for any long distance telephone calls, from November 22 through 25, 1963.

DATE	TIME CALL PLACED	DURATION OF CALL	PERSON CALLING	PERSON CALLED	NUMBER CALLED AND LOCATION
11/24/63	Not Shown	3 minutes	Not Shown	Not Shown	WH 1-5601 Dallas, Texas
11/25/64	Not Shown	3 minutes	Not Shown	Not Shown	Number not shown, Dallas, Texas

It was determined from CAROL DAVIS that the above calls were not person-to-person calls and the above information is the only information contained in the records of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

The above records may be obtained through issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, directed to Mr. CAROL DAVIS, Legal Department, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas.

9/11/64 at Fort Worth, Texas

File # DL 44-1639

Special Agent JOSEPH M. MYERS/nc

Date dictated 9/14/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 9/22/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel to WFO 9/14/64 and WFO airtel to Bureau 9/17/64, copies of which are enclosed for the Houston Office.

Attention of Houston Office is directed to instructions in referenced Bureau airtel and to Pages 2, 3, and 7, of referenced WFO airtel, relative to reinterview of JOE H. TONAHILL, attorney, Jasper, Texas. Jasper is within the Houston Division.

Mr. TONAHILL was determined, through telephone call to his residence at Jasper, Texas, to be at the Marriott Motel, Dallas. He was located on the morning of 9/22/64 and advised of the desirability for interview. He stated he was in Dallas on business, would return to Jasper later on 9/22/64, and would be tied up in Federal Court at Beaumont, Texas, until Friday, 9/25/64. He requested that Agents contact him at Jasper on Friday next. Mr. TONAHILL stated he would be very agreeable to making his copy of the

- ③ - Bureau
- 2 - Houston (44-939) (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Washington Field (44-520)
- 2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf
(8)

REC 30. 11/1/2/116 B 2041

10 SEP 23 1964

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

DL 44-1639

transcript of RUBY's testimony available for transmittal by Houston to the FBI Laboratory. He stated the transcript is in a safe in his office at Jasper; otherwise, he would be willing to instruct his secretary by telephone to transmit the document directly to the FBI Laboratory.

Bureau teletype 9/21/64 approved reinterview of TONAHILL.

LEADS:

HOUSTON

AT JASPER, TEXAS

Interview TONAHILL, without fail, on Friday 9/25/64, obtain and transmit by Registered Mail to the FBI Laboratory his copy of the pertinent transcript. Submit letterhead memorandum bearing RUBY caption, 10 copies to Bureau, one to Dallas, one to WFO, immediately.

September 24, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Swanson

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Jack Ruby

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed herewith for your information and assistance are two copies of the report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements at Dallas, Texas, dated September 21, 1964.

A copy of this report has also been furnished to the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

HCS/ras
(7)
SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

SEP 25 1964

79 SEP 28 1964

TELETYPE UNIT

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BY COURIER SVC.
11 SEP 24
COMM-FBI

NOTE:

Investigation in attached report was conducted in response to numerous specific requests of the President's Commission and the information has previously been forwarded to the Commission by letter as the specific request was completed. It is now being furnished in report form and a copy of the report is being furnished to the Criminal Division of the Department. This report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Mr. Malley and an appropriate supervisor of the Civil Rights Section.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 9/21/64

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA

INTERNAL SECURITY - R

JACK L. RUBY --
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

1 - I. W. Conrad
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - W. C. Sullivan
- (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

Tolson ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Felt ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

PURPOSE:

To advise status of investigation requested by the President's Commission letter September 10, 1964, for Commission members and staff and Sol A. Dann and Melvin Belli, former Ruby attorneys, to be interviewed regarding leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren and the Commission.

BACKGROUND:

We have previously conducted extensive investigation regarding the three leaks with exception of investigation within the Commission itself. Results were furnished to the Commission with the advice that investigation at Commission itself would not be conducted in the absence of a specific request. The Commission has now requested investigation within the Commission regarding the three leaks by letter dated September 10, 1964. Washington Field Office (WFO) was instructed to conduct requested inquiries.

WFO has advised investigation to date discloses a complete lack of organization within the Commission concerning handling of records. There was found to be no document control whatever and no accountability for documents whether classified or not. It was also determined out of 62 persons employed by the Commission 32 are no longer employed or living in the Washington, D. C. area. Efforts are being made to locate these individuals for interviews by field offices covering their present location.

With respect to the leak to Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal American" of the transcript of Ruby's interview, it has been determined an unknown number of copies of this document were made from the original upon receipt at the Commission. Only five copies are known to have a confidential stamp on page 103, which is the stenographer's

KMR:cad

(10)

2 XEROX

SEP 25 1964

Encl.

REC-1

CONTINUED

- OVER

SEP 25 1964

70 SEP 29 1964

44-24016-2043
7-108

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

certification. The published transcript in Kilgallen's column also contains a confidential stamp indicating the possibility that one of these five copies was the source of the leak. The five copies bearing the "confidential" notation were distributed within the Commission to:

1. Norman Redlich, Legal Consultant
2. Senator Richard B. Russell, Commission member
3. Burt W. Griffin, Legal Consultant
4. Retained for use of Commission staff
5. Congressman Gerald R. Ford, Commission member

Kilgallen, during a previous interview, advised she would not reveal the source from whom she received copies of the transcript. However, she did not indicate she would not be of assistance. She mentioned she made copies of the Ruby transcript and also had Photostat copies made. She also mentioned she did not tell the newspaper the source of her information. It is recommended efforts be made to obtain from Kilgallen the copy of the transcript she has in her possession. Also, that the "New York Journal American" be contacted and attempt to obtain the photograph used to reproduce page 103 of the transcript and to determine if the newspaper has a copy of the transcript Kilgallen used in preparing her article. If these documents are obtained, they will be compared with the questioned five copies.

The Commission also furnished one copy of the transcript to Ruby's attorney, Joe Tonahill. An effort will be made to obtain his copy to determine if it bears the confidential stamp and merits comparison.

ACTION:

By teletype attached, New York and Dallas are being instructed to obtain the material from Dorothy Kilgallen, "New York Journal American" and Joe Tonahill.

The five confidential transcripts and original transcript obtained from the President's Commission have been furnished to the Laboratory for examination.

✓ *Griffin* *TRIS* *Kilgallen*
Q *TJ*

9/20/64

109870

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R-CULA
(Attention: Criminal Section)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-3711) (P)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFO 44-520) (P)

ReBuairtel to WFO, 9/14/64, and WFOairtel to
Bureau, 9/17/64.

Enclosed for Bureau are twelve copies, and for
Dallas two copies, of LHM containing results of investigation
and interviews by Special Agents of WFO during period of
8/18-20/64.

The Bureau will note the list of employees,
committees, and members of the Commission furnished WFO
at the outset of this investigation contained thirty-one
names of personnel. However, after investigation initiated,
it was ascertained there were sixty-two persons engaged in
various phases of the Commission work. WFO has interviewed

- 4 - Bureau (Enc.12)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc.2) (LM-RM)
- 2 - Washington Field

HTH:mtr
(9)

AIRTEL

REC-41

ST-11

EX-108

REC-1 11-24016-2044

Clarall/P

79 OCT 8 - 1964

REC-1 1024

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-4975

109871

WFO 105-37111
WFO 44-520

sixty-one persons, including several employees of Government Printing Office, who are temporarily assigned to the Commission and were found to have had some contact with material in question.

The enclosed material does not reflect results of interviews with all members and employees of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy. No interview of Chief Justice EARL WARREN was conducted, pursuant to instructions contained in reWFOairtel. WFO investigation identified some twenty-eight staff members and employees of the Commission, who were employed between 6/7/64 and 8/16/64, who were not currently in the Washington, D. C., area or no longer employed by the Commission. reWFOairtel 8/17/64, set out leads to have these persons interviewed. In addition, SHARON KILGARISE, a former steno at the Commission, was determined to be away from Washington, D. C., for the weekend of 8/19-20/64. She is expected to return 8/21/64, at which time she will be interviewed and results thereof will be promptly submitted. It is noted WILLIAM T. COLEMAN, who resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and DAVID E. ELLIN, who resides in Des Moines, Iowa, were located and interviewed in Washington, D. C., subsequent to dispatch of reWFOairtel 8/17/64. Both COLEMAN and ELLIN are Legal Consultants to the Commission.

A review of the enclosed material will disclose investigation conducted to date has not located all copies of the transcript reflecting interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN, which transcript was published in the 8/18/64 edition of the "New York Journal-American" newspaper in an article authored by DOROTHY KILGALLIN. In this regard, it is noted the exact number of copies made of this transcript is in doubt; however, investigation determined five copies were reproduced by Ward and Paul, Washington, D. C., court reporters, and possibly thirteen other copies were reproduced by Commission employees.

The Ward and Paul copies of this transcript are distinguishable from the copies reproduced by the Commission in two ways. The Ward and Paul copies are bound in yellow cardboard covers and bear "Confidential" classification at the top and bottom of each page of the transcript. The Commission reproductions of this transcript located to date are neither bound nor bear any classification; however, it is not known if this is true for the transcripts not yet located.

WFO 105-37111

WFO 44-320

Details and importance of the classification appearing on the Ward and Paul copies set forth reWFOairtel dated 8/17/64. Based on information contained in enclosures hereto, and set forth in reWFOairtel, it appears likely a Ward and Paul reproduction was used by DOROTHY KILGALLEN in preparing her article. Based on this information, the FBI Laboratory is currently conducting examinations and comparisons of the five Ward and Paul copies in an effort to identify one of these copies as the source of KILGALLEN's information.

It is also noted WFO has received information to the effect the article published in the "New York Journal-American" does not contain that portion of the transcript appearing on page fifty-nine and the first five lines of page sixty. This information received from the Bureau. It is believed this deletion in the news article has significance; however, it is not apparent at this time.

It is realized the enclosed material does not reflect results of all investigation that could be conducted in this matter; however, it is believed results of FBI Laboratory examinations should be available prior to making further inquiry regarding the reproductions made by Commission employees. It is noted such inquiry will not be necessary if the Laboratory identifies one of the Ward and Paul copies as KILGALLEN's source. Also, results of recontacts with "New York Journal-American" and DOROTHY KILGALLEN, which were submitted for consideration of Bureau in reWFOairtel 8/17/64, would also be helpful prior to conducting further inquiry at the Commission.

In the event the FBI Laboratory is unable to isolate KILGALLEN's source as being one of the Ward and Paul reproductions, then WFO feels following inquiries should be made:

1. Obtain any and all classification stamps used by the Commission and submit same to Laboratory for examination and comparison with that appearing in newspaper reproduction of page 103 of this transcript.
2. Consider contacting Ward and Paul in effort to obtain stamps used by them for classifying documents reproduced for the Commission, and submit such stamps to the Laboratory for examination and comparison.

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3. Recontact logical members and employees of the Commission for the specific purpose of attempting to locate all reproductions of this transcript made by Commission employees with specific reference as to whether or not classification stamps were affixed to these reproductions; and the circumstances under which the Commission staff utilized classification stamps on any reproductions.
4. Conduct such inquiry as may be indicated as result of interviews recorded in enclosures hereto.

As stated above, WFO considers additional inquiries should await results of previously requested investigation; therefore, WFO anticipates conducting no further investigation until such information received, UACB.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

September 21, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested that investigation be conducted with regard to the unauthorized disclosures to news media of the Jack L. Ruby polygraph examination and the testimony of Ruby before Chief Justice Earl Warren. The Commission requested interviews with members of the Commission and interviews with the staff of the Commission.

Attention is directed to news reports relating to the testimony of Jack L. Ruby on June 7, 1964, before Chief Justice Warren at Dallas, Texas. The June 27, 1964, issue of "The Dallas Morning News" carried an article by Carl Freund relating to this testimony. In addition, the "New York Journal-American" newspaper featured a series of articles by Dorothy Kilgallen beginning in the August 18, 1964, issue, setting forth a verbatim transcript of the testimony taken during the examination of Ruby by Chief Justice Warren. Also, the July 22, 1964, issue of "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper contained an article purporting to be the complete transcript of the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby which took place July 18, 1964, at the Dallas County Jail.

Set out hereinafter are the results of interviews conducted with members of the Commission and the Commission's staff, who were located in the Washington, D. C., area during the period of September 16 through September 20, 1964, as well as investigation concerning certain copies of the transcription of the "Report of Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Sunday, June 7, 1964":

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/18/64D. C.

Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel to President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., advised he more or less had responsibility for arranging the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964. Mr. RANKIN stated many of these arrangements were handled telephonically and he did not personally handle each and every facet in making these arrangements. Mr. RANKIN said he was present at the interview of RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN, as were several other individuals. He said the other persons present included various members of his staff, as well as persons representing the State of Texas and RUBY.

Mr. RANKIN advised he recalls HELEN LAIDRICH was contacted by Mr. SORRELLS (phonetic), United States Secret Service, Dallas, and arrangements made for her to record the interview between Chief Justice WARREN and JACK L. RUBY. He recalled this interview had originally been scheduled for 2:00 p.m. but was changed at Chief Justice WARREN's direction, and it was as a result of this change the court reporter was contacted and arrangements made for her to record this interview. As he remembers someone else had originally been contacted to record this interview. Mr. RANKIN informed he does not know who instructed the original transcript of this interview be forwarded to ARLEN SPECTER in Philadelphia. He did not know who had instructed a copy of this transcript be left with the United States Attorney in Dallas. He likewise did not know by what means or when this transcript was subsequently transferred to the Commission in Washington, D.C., nor did he know what control or physical handling was involved with this transcript after its arrival at the Commission.

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On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SAs CARL E. GRAHAM and HOMER R. HAUER HRH:mal/nln Date dictated 9/18/64

Mr. RANKIN advised WARD and PAUL, Court Reporters, Washington, D.C., have been retained by the Commission to handle recording of testimony and other interviews conducted by the Commission. He said he believes WARD and PAUL usually prepared whatever number of copies of such material were required by the Commission. He stated his Secretary, Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN, and/or Mrs. FARRAR, File Room Supervisor, would be in a position to advise what control was exercised over the material received at the Commission. Mr. RANKIN also said Mrs. HECKMAN or Mrs. FARRAR would probably know the number of copies that were made of various materials received. He believed Mrs. HECKMAN and Mrs. FARRAR would also have information as to the identity of persons who had reviewed material in possession of the Commission. Mr. RANKIN informed he is certain a copy of the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview transcript was made available to all members of the Commission and was available to all of the Commission's Staff.

Mr. RANKIN informed all transcripts were originally classified "Top Secret," during the early stages of the Commission inquiry but were later changed to a "Confidential" classification when the procedure of handling "Top Secret" material became too burdensome and unworkable.

With regard to the transcript of the JACK RUBY testimony in Dallas on June 7, 1964, Mr. RANKIN advised he was aware of the leak of the transcript to DOROTHY KILGALLEN who published it in a series in the "New York Journal-American" newspaper. Mr. RANKIN stated he had no information as to how this leak occurred or how KILGALLEN obtained what appeared to be a verbatim copy of the transcription. He stated it was his "guess" that someone close to the defense attorneys for JACK RUBY wanted to get the transcript "out." In furtherance, Mr. RANKIN stated he had heard from sources, now unrecalled, that MELVIN BELLI, Attorney, was a friend of long standing of DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Mr. RANKIN stated another point he considered with regard to the leak was the fact that SOL DANN, Detroit lawyer obtained by EARL RUBY, had been fighting with the attorneys in Texas who were defending JACK RUBY, and RANKIN stated DANN had asked that JOE TONAHILL be put out of some legal association for reason of his behavior. JOE H. TONAHILL

Texas attorney

WFO 44-520

is identified as one of JACK RUBY's defense attorneys in Texas. In addition with regard to the transcript of the June 7, 1964, testimony, Mr. RANKIN stated he had heard from some unrecalled source that the Court Stenographer, HELEN LAIDRICH, formerly was a "girl friend" of MELVIN BELLI.

Mr. RANKIN also advised that in retrospect with regard to the JACK RUBY testimony, he was of the opinion there was a good possibility the room in which the testimony took place had been "bugged." He explained the room used for this interview was located within the Dallas County Jail Building and was a room usually used by petit juries when they were locked up for deliberation. He expressed the belief this room easily could have been "bugged" by local authorities, although he had no specific information or indication that such was the case.

Mr. RANKIN stated he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and was not responsible for her obtaining a copy of the transcript recording the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview. He said he had not read a copy of this transcript. Mr. RANKIN stated he has no knowledge how any of the various leaks to the news media have occurred. Mr. RANKIN further stated he does not know anyone on the Commission Staff or any of the Commission members who are acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

With regard to the "leak" relating to the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY in Dallas, Mr. RANKIN stated he had no knowledge of how this leak might have occurred although he volunteered he had reviewed the results of FBI investigation in this matter and he said it appears the source of this leak has been identified as being in Dallas.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/17/64D.C. Texas

Senator JOHN SHERMAN COOPER of Kentucky, a member of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, furnished the following information when he was interviewed at his office, Room 125 of the Old Senate Office Building:

With regard to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN and staff at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, the full account of which subsequently appeared in the "New York Journal American" newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN on August 18, 1964, he stated he was not present when the interview was conducted. He said he did not furnish the transcript of testimony to Miss KILGALLEN, or to anyone else, nor does he have any information as to the means by which she obtained possession of it. Senator COOPER said he may have met Miss KILGALLEN but he has not seen her or been in contact with her within the past year.

Concerning the matter of the publication of the complete transcript of the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, which appeared in the July 22, 1964, issue of the Dallas "Times-Herald" newspaper, Senator COOPER said he was not present when the examination was conducted. Senator COOPER stated that he did not furnish the transcript of this examination or any information concerning it to any representative of the "Times-Herald," or to anyone else. He said further, he has no knowledge as to the means by which the newspaper obtained it.

Senator COOPER stated emphatically that he had never disclosed any information relating to the findings of the President's Commission to any unauthorized person.

Senator COOPER was asked if he had any knowledge about the control of documents in the possession of the President's Commission. He said he is not familiar with the

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On 2 1 9/18/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520

SAs ALBERT H. SOLOMON, JR. and
by DONALD E. WALTER AHS:knn Date dictated 9/16/64

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detailed handling of such materials, but as a Commission member he has received documents necessary to the deliberation of that body. Such items have been either handed to him personally at the Commission, or were delivered to his office by courier. He has studied these documents at his office and at home. They have been retained in his office in a locked safe and he is certain these documents in his custody have been secure. The only other person in his office who has had access to these documents is his secretary, Miss RUTH MIDTHUN, in whom he has complete confidence. D.C.

Senator COOPER said he is unable to furnish any information which would be of assistance in identifying the person or persons who made the disclosures of documents in this matter, which resulted in their publication in the press.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Senator JOHN SHERMAN COOPER of Kentucky, upon recontact at his office, Room 125, Old Senate Office Building, on September 17, 1964, advised that he had had a further opportunity to consider the matter of the handling of those documents of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY which had been furnished to him as a member of the Commission.

Senator COOPER said that upon their arrival at his office, either by courier from the Commission, or his having brought them personally from the Commission, these Commission documents were handled with particular attention to their security and to avoid unauthorized disclosure. He said that prior to the last week in August, 1964, such documents were maintained in a locked cabinet in his office, to which only his personal secretary, Miss RUTH MIDTHUN, had the key. In late August, 1964, these documents were moved into Senator COOPER's private office and placed in a combination-locked safe-type cabinet, the combination to which is known only to Miss MIDTHUN and to Senator COOPER's Administrative Assistant, to Mr. BAILEY GUARD. *John Sherman* D.C.

Senator COOPER said that he is satisfied that there has been no unauthorized disclosure of information from the Commission by means of the documents in his possession. He advised that there was one occasion only on which anyone other than the individuals identified above had access to any of the Commission documents. D.C.

The Senator stated that he had made available, in his private office only, to Mr. WILLIAM HALEY, an attorney on his staff, one Commission document, which was unclassified, and had to do with State Department action in regard to LEE HARVEY OSWALD's attempt to renounce his citizenship in Russia; his application for return to this country from Russia; his application for a passport at that time, and OSWALD's application for and State Department approval of his passport applied for at New Orleans, Louisiana. Senator COOPER said

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He had asked HALEY to prepare a resume of these matters for him, to satisfy himself as to whether the Department had observed all regulations and applicable law in the handling of these matters.

The Senator said that there was no other occasion on which Commission documents in his possession were made available to any other person.

Senator COOPER was asked if he would obtain from his files the copy of the JACK RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, which Commission records indicate was sent to him by the Commission on July 1, 1964. He located this document, and at the time it was removed from his safe-type cabinet, it was still sealed in the manila envelope in which it had been delivered to him by the Commission. Examination of the envelope indicated that it had not been opened since originally sealed with "Scotch" tape. Senator COOPER loaned this document to the FBI for use in the course of instant investigation.

Senator COOPER again stated that he was not involved in any way with the unauthorized disclosures of Commission information and documents which resulted in the appearance of these matters in the press; that he does not recall ever having been acquainted with any representative of the "Dallas Times Herald" or "The Dallas Morning News." He added that he has had no contact with DOROTHY KILGALLEN during the past year, and can not recall having met or become acquainted with anyone else connected with the "New York Journal American."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/16/64D.C. TEXAS

~~X~~
 Senator RICHARD B. RUSSELL of Georgia, a member of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, furnished the following information when he was interviewed at his office, Room 205 of the Old Senate Office Building:

With regard to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN and staff, at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, the full account of which subsequently appeared in the "New York Journal American" newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN on August 18, 1964, Senator RUSSELL said he did not furnish the transcript of the testimony to Miss KILGALLEN. He added that so far as he knows he is not acquainted with her. Senator RUSSELL said he was not present during the RUBY interview. He stated he did not disclose the results of the RUBY interview to any person, nor does he have any information as to the means by which Miss KILGALLEN may have come into possession of the transcript.

Concerning the matter involving publication of the complete transcript of the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, which appeared in the July 22, 1964, issue of the "Dallas Times-Herald" newspaper, Senator RUSSELL said he was not present when the examination was conducted. Senator RUSSELL said he did not furnish the transcript of this examination or any information concerning it to any representative of the "Times-Herald," or to anyone else. He said further he has no knowledge as to the means by which the newspaper obtained it.

Senator RUSSELL stated emphatically that he had never disclosed any information relating to the findings of the President's Commission to any unauthorized person. He said he has no knowledge or information which would be of assistance in identifying the person or persons who made the disclosures of documents relating to this matter, which resulted in their appearance in the press.

On 9/16/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520

by SAs ALBERT H. SOLOMON, JR. and DONALD E. WALTER AHS:kmm Date dictated 9/16/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Senator RICHARD B. RUSSELL of Georgia, contacted at his office, Room 205, Old Senate Office Building, made available his copy of the transcript of the testimony of JACK RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN, at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, for the use of the FBI in the course of this investigation. The copy turned over by Senator RUSSELL was a Xerox copy, unbound, and held together by a binder clip in the upper right corner. There were no marks on this copy to specifically identify it, and Senator RUSSELL placed identifying marks thereon at the time it was turned over. He stated that he desired to have this copy returned to him upon the completion of this investigation. A receipt therefor was executed.

On 9/17/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520
by SA ALBERT H. SOLOMON, JR.:kmn Date dictated 9/18/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/16/64

United States Congressman HALE BOGGS was interviewed in his office at the United States Capitol, Room H109 and furnished the following information: D.C.
15563

Congressman BOGGS stated that he was not in Dallas, Texas, during the time that a polygraph interview was conducted with JACK RUBY. He was not aware in advance that a polygraph interview was to be conducted and first learned of the results of the interview when he read an article in the July 22, 1964, issue of the newspaper, "Dallas Times Herald."

It was only after reading the article in the "Dallas Times Herald" that he received an official transcript of the polygraph interview from the Commission staff.

Congressman BOGGS does not specifically recall receiving the polygraph interview transcript and explained that he was continually receiving transcripts of different interviews from the Commission. It would be impossible to separate one transcript from another in his recollection.

He continued that they were all received and handled in the same way, that is they were delivered to him either at his office in the House Office Building or at his residence by a member of the Commission staff. They would be delivered in a sealed envelope and would be handed to him in that condition by his own staff. If he had time he would read the transcript and then place it in his office safe. If he did not have time he would place the transcript in his safe to be read at a later date.

At no time did any member of his staff or family have any opportunity to read any of the transcripts.

Congressman BOGGS stated that when Chief Justice EARL WARREN and members of the Commission staff interviewed JACK RUBY in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, he was not

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present at the interview. He has no recollection as to when he first saw a transcript of that interview. He could not state what type of copy of the transcript he did see, noting that the many methods of reproducing copies in use at the present time makes this difficult. He does know that it, as well as all transcripts received by him, had a yellowish cover page and was not an original copy. He only received one copy of any transcript. He never had additional copies of any transcript made by his staff or anyone else. No one on his staff or any member of his family had access to any of the transcripts including the one of the interview of RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN.

Congressman BOGGS stated that he cannot recall ever having met DOROTHY KILGALLEN, however, he has been advised by his staff that he did meet her on one occasion. No member of his staff is a personal acquaintance of Miss KILGALLEN. No member of his staff is intimately acquainted with anyone affiliated with the "New York Journal-American."

Congressman BOGGS stated that he has never furnished a copy of any Commission transcript to anyone. He has no idea of anyone who may have furnished a copy of a Commission transcript to any newspaper reporter. He stated that he felt the only value that could come out of leaking the official Commission transcript of the interview of RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN would be as a newspaper's "scoop."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

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Mrs. BARBARA RATHA, Executive Secretary, United States Congressman HALE BOGGS, Room 1711, New House Office Building, New Jersey and Independence Avenues, S.E., after checking the Congressman's Office safe, made available Congressman BOGGS' copy of "President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy -- Report of Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Sunday, June 7, 1964, which includes Pages 1 through 103." D.C.

A receipt was signed by SA JAMES LEO ELDER at 3:55 p.m. on September 17, 1964, and the original of this receipt was returned to Mrs. RATHA, with the carbon copy being retained by the Agent.

Mrs. RATHA stated that she checked the safe of the Congressman and to her knowledge Congressman BOGGS received only one copy of the above-mentioned report.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

1.

Representative ~~GERALD R. FORD~~ advised he was a member of the President's Commission and had been present in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, when Chief Justice WARREN interrogated JACK RUBY. He advised that during the interrogation he did not make any notes. He stated he did not observe anyone else present making any detailed notes with, of course, the exception of the official court reporter. He stated that he had no mechanical or electrical recording device in the room. He did not observe any such devices in the room and has no knowledge that any such devices had been brought into the room by anyone.

Later that evening he made a few notations in his diary concerning his general impressions of the general atmosphere in the room and concerning the attire worn by RUBY. He stated he did not attempt to record, even in substance, the results of the interrogation.

Congressman FORD advised that on or about June 9, 1964, he inquired of the Commission staff as to when a transcript of the interrogation would be available. He received his copy of RUBY's testimony from the Commission about one week later. He added that his copy, Number five of five, was not logged in or blocked stamped by any member of his office, since such a system is not utilized in his office. This document has been, for the most part, maintained since that time in his inner office in a locked file cabinet.

Congressman FORD stated that he did not see the transcript of this interview prior to receiving his copy and, in addition, he has not seen any other copy of this testimony. Congressman FORD advised he had never reproduced any additional copies of this testimony. He stated he had never loaned his copy of the testimony to any unauthorized person.

Congressman FORD advised Mr. JOHN RAY, a former United States Representative from Staten Island, New York, in January of 1964, volunteered to assist him in connection with his, Congressman FORD's, work on the Commission. Since

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On 9/16/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SAs JOHN R. TIERNEY and
GEORGE J. LEX, JR. /jsw Date dictated 9/17/64

that time Mr. RAY has had the primary responsibility of maintaining all of the material in Congressman FORD's office concerning activities of the Commission. In this connection Mr. RAY would have read the transcript of the testimony given by RUBY on June 7, 1964.

In addition to Mr. RAY, Mr. JOHN STILES, a businessman from Grand Rapids, Michigan, has been assisting him and Mr. RAY in connection with the activities of the Commission. Mr. STILES has volunteered his services and has only worked on this material on an irregular basis.

Congressman FORD categorically denied that he had furnished any information to any unauthorized person from the transcript of RUBY's testimony. He specifically denied having furnished a copy of the transcript or any excerpts from the transcript to any representative of any news media. He further specifically denied that he had furnished a copy of the transcript to DOROTHY KILGALLEN. With reference to DOROTHY KILGALLEN, he stated he had never met her and had never seen her except, of course, on television. He added to his knowledge neither Mr. STILES nor Mr. RAY were acquainted with Miss KILGALLEN.

Congressman FORD stated he does not know of his own personal knowledge and has not heard any rumors as to who was the source of newspaper publicity concerning the testimony of JACK RUBY on June 7, 1964.

Congressman FORD stated Mr. RAY and Mr. STILES are men of the highest integrity and he is certain that neither of them disclosed any information from the Commission files to any unauthorized person.

With reference to the newspaper articles of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, which claimed to be a verbatim transcript of RUBY's June 7, 1964, interview, Congressman FORD recalled that after the articles appeared in the newspaper during August, 1964, he had the articles compared with the official Commission transcript in his possession, and it is his recollection that with a few very minor exceptions, they were identical.

Congressman FORD also stated that he is aware that Mr. RUBY was given a Polygraph examination by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on July 18, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, and that on July 22, 1964, an article appeared in a Dallas newspaper purporting to be questions and answers of this interview. He said that he has no personal knowledge

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as to the newspaper's source of information for this article. He added that he has no suspicions and has heard no rumors as to the paper's source of information concerning this matter.

Congressman FORD concluded by stating he is not aware of what security precautions are in effect by the Commission regarding various documents or papers nor is he aware of the dissemination of such items.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Representative GERALD R. FORD, a member of the Commission, was advised that in connection with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's inquiry into this matter, the files of the Commission reflect Mr. MEYER of his office had signed the receipt for delivery to his office of the bound transcript of the testimony of JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964.

He was informed the records further indicated that by memorandum dated July 1, 1964, an additional copy of this transcript had been forwarded to his office. He was advised further, according to the Commission's office, that this copy was unbound and did not have the stamp "Confidential."

Congressman FORD positively stated he had never seen this second copy and no one in his office had informed him that a second copy had been received. Mr. FORD, after conferring with Mr. JOHN RAY, a former United States Representative from Staten Island, New York, who has been assisting him in the Commission's work, stated that no second copy had been received. Congressman FORD requested Mr. RAY to search the files of his office, and, upon completion of the search, advised that no second copy of the RUBY testimony of June 7, 1964, is contained in the office.

Congressman FORD informed there is an extremely remote possibility that if a second copy had been received in his office Mr. JOHN STILES, a businessman from Grand Rapids, Michigan, who, from time to time, assisted him in the Commission's work, may have taken this document to Michigan in connection with reviewing the various Commission documents. Congressman FORD stated he would telephonically contact STILES to determine whether STILES had this second copy or had ever seen the second copy in the Congressman's office.

Congressman FORD, after discussion with Mr. RAY, recalled that at the time the KILGALLEN articles appeared in the newspapers in August, 1964, Mr. RAY was away from the office for approximately a two-weeks' period, the specific dates of which he could not recall. He recalled that he had

On 9/17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

SAS JOHN R. TIERNEY and
by GEORGE J. LEX, JR. /jsw Date dictated 9/17/64

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requested Mr. STILES, who was in the office at that time, to compare the newspaper articles with the official transcript of the RUBY testimony. Mr. STILES reported to him upon conclusion of this comparison that the KILGALLEN newspaper articles and the transcript were substantially verbatim.

Congressman FORD stated that when RAY returned after the above two-weeks' absence, he, RAY, found a note attached to the transcript in the office from STILES indicating the transcript had been reviewed. Congressman FORD further advised that when extra copies of any Commission document are received in his office, the first copy received has placed upon it the words, "extra copies" to indicate that more than one copy of this particular document is in his files. He examined his copy of the RUBY testimony transcript and no such notation was found thereon.

While the Congressman was discussing the possible existence of a second copy of this transcript with Mr. RAY, Congressman FORD commented that he had been informed by Mr. RAY that he, RAY, is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

Congressman FORD turned over to Agents his bound copy of the transcript of RUBY's testimony, authorizing the Federal Bureau of Investigation to utilize it in any examination desired, but requested that, because of its historical significance, it be returned to him when it was no longer needed.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/17/64

ALLEN W. DULLES, 2723 Q Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., a member of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY advised as follows concerning the leak of information which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News", on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of CARL FREUND, pertaining to information furnished by JACK RUBY at the time of his interview by Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court, on June 7, 1964:

He is not personally acquainted with CARL FREUND or any other employees or reporters at "The Dallas Morning News." However, it is conceivable he may have met FREUND or other employees of this newspaper but their identities were not known to him at that time or now. He mentioned having been in Dallas, Texas, with JOHN J. MC CLOY and Senator JOHN SHERMAN COOPER, Commission members, about May, 1964, but was not present for the interview of RUBY by the Chief Justice.

Mr. DULLES advised he first learned of the results of the interview of RUBY at an informal meeting of the Commission almost immediately upon the Chief Justice's return to Washington, D. C. At this time the Commission members were briefed in general terms by the Chief Justice. Subsequently, he could not recall just when, he was furnished with and read a transcript of the RUBY interview provided to him by the Commission staff. His normal practice is to retain the documents for a period of several days. He reads them at the Commission or at home and then returns them to the Commission staff. The transcript of the RUBY interview was returned to the Commission staff. With regard to the security of the documents, Mr. DULLES mentioned that they are locked up at the Commission office.

With regard to who has access to the documents within the Commission, he advised that Mr. J. LEE RANKIN knows the staff procedure, however, he presumes that all the staff would have access to the documents of the Commission. He cited an example revealing if he desires to read some testimony he would request a staff clerk to obtain a specific document, the document would be charged out by the clerk, delivered and subsequently returned by the clerk.

On 9/16/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SAs JOHN G. GOEDTEL and WILFRED R. SCHLARMAN JGG:lkc Date dictated 9/17/64

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Mr. DULLES is not aware of the number of documents generally prepared or duplicated. This as well as the handling of the documents within the Commission is supervised by Mr. RANKIN.

With respect to the article which appeared in the "New York Journal-American", on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN which set forth Chief Justice EARL WARREN's interview of RUBY, verbatim, Mr. DULLES advised as follows:

He believes he has met KILGALLEN in the past when he was Director of the Central Intelligence Agency but definitely not within the past three years. He did not furnish KILGALLEN or any representative of a news media any data concerning the Chief Justice's interview of RUBY or any other information or reports of the Commission.

He has no suspicions concerning any member of the Commission or staff as being the source of the leaks of information which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" under the by-line of CARL FREUND or the "New York Journal-American" under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

With respect to the article which appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald", on July 22, 1964, pertaining to the July 18, 1964, polygraph examination of RUBY, Mr. DULLES advised as follows:

He does not know any reporters or employees of the "Dallas Times Herald" although it is possible he may have met someone associated with the publication but their identities were not known to him at that time or now.

He was not in Dallas, Texas, at the time of the polygraph examination of RUBY and has no knowledge or any information concerning the preparation and dissemination of the results of the polygraph examination.

He first became aware of the results of the polygraph examination of RUBY when, shortly after it was administered, Mr. RANKIN gave a general report at a Commission meeting in

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Washington, D. C. He presumes this general report was given at the very next Commission meeting following the staff's return to Washington, D. C. It is the general practice at each meeting to review the important events which occurred since the last meeting of the Commission.

He was not aware of the questions to be asked RUBY in advance of the polygraph examination. He has no idea when the final results of the polygraph examination were transcribed or received at the Commission but recalls reading the transcript of the results and thereafter returning the document to the Commission staff.

Mr. DULLES said he did not make the results of this examination available to anyone connected with a news media or anyone else outside the Commission or staff. He added that he has no suspicions as to how the results of the examination came to the attention of the press.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/18/64D.C. TEXAS NY

JOHN J. MC CLOY, member of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy (the Commission) was interviewed at the Commission offices. He advised he was not present on June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, at the taking of a deposition from JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. He stated he did not have the faintest idea who was responsible for the leak of information concerning the deposition, making possible "The Dallas Morning News" article by CARL FREUND on June 27, 1964, and the copyright story by DOROTHY KILCALLEN appearing in the "New York Journal-American" beginning August 18, 1964, purporting to set forth the transcript of the RUBY June 7, 1964, deposition. Mr. MC CLOY commented the Commission did not have complete control over the dissemination of certain transcripts as he thought it was necessary in certain instances for the Commission to furnish copies to defense counsel and the District Attorney's office.

Mr. MC CLOY stated he did not release the transcript of the RUBY deposition or information from the deposition to anyone and was never asked to do so. He stated he does not know and so far as he can recall, never met reporter CARL FREUND or any other employee or representative of "The Dallas Morning News." He stated he does not know any member of the Commission or employee of the Commission staff who is acquainted or associated with any person attached to "The Dallas Morning News."

Mr. MC CLOY advised he recalled he had read a copy of the deposition transcript. This copy was the type of copy reproduced by the Ward and Paul Reporting Company, was contained in a yellow cover and bound with a red ribbon. After checking with the Commission staff, Mr. MC CLOY stated he is certain he read this copy in the Commission offices and at no time did he remove the copy from these offices. He recalls there was some delay in the receipt of the original transcript in Washington, following the taking of the deposition, and that he inquired of the staff the reason for the delay. His recollection that he read the transcript

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SAs MAURICE A. TAYLOR and

by KENNETH T. DELAVIGNE KTD:nln Date dictated 9/18/64

in Washington and had it nowhere else is assisted by his remembering that Chief Justice WARREN remarked to him concerning the dramatic nature of certain portions of the RUBY deposition, which remarks aroused his interest in reading the deposition. Mr. MC CLOY felt he had completed reading the deposition by a couple of weeks after June 7, 1964. He was positive that when he completed reading the deposition he returned it to the staff offices and that he had made no copies of the deposition for any purpose whatever.

Concerning his possible receipt of an additional copy of the deposition (a Xerox copy prepared in the Commission staff offices), Mr. MC CLOY explained that from time to time material is delivered by the Commission staff to his New York office and he returns this material after reading it. After telephonically checking with his New York office secretary, Mr. MC CLOY advised he does not now have such a copy and if he ever did have such a copy he has returned it to the Commission offices.

Mr. MC CLOY stated he has no idea whatever as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN obtained access to the RUBY deposition so as to make the August 18, 1964, publication in the "New York Journal-American" possible. He stated he did not furnish the deposition, that he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and has never met her so far as he can recall. He stated that if he ever has met DOROTHY KILGALLEN, she is certainly not a friend or contact in any manner whatsoever. He stated he knows of no Commission member or staff employee who is in any way associated with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or with the "New York Journal-American." He stated he never at any time had contact with anyone at the "New York Journal-American" or with "Time" magazine concerning the RUBY deposition. Mr. MC CLOY commented he was certain the leak of the deposition had not come from any member of the Commission.

Mr. MC CLOY stated he was not present at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, when a polygraph examination was afforded JACK L. RUBY. As in the case of the RUBY deposition, he stated he did not have the faintest idea who was responsible for the leak of information which made possible the publication on July 22, 1964, in "The Dallas Times Herald" of an article purporting to be a complete report of the questions and answers given during this polygraph examination. Mr. MC CLOY

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stated he personally had not furnished this information to anyone and had never been asked to do so by anyone, specifically including any representatives or employees of "The Dallas Times Herald."

Mr. MC CLOY recalled that at some unrecalled date after July 18, 1964, he read a transcript of the RUBY polygraph test but has no copy of this transcript.

Mr. MC CLOY stated he felt certain this leak of information had not come from any member of the Commission.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/18/64

Mrs. JULIA T. EIDE, Administrative Assistant to J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel to President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E., was requested to furnish a list of persons who were working for the Commission between June 7, 1964, and August 18, 1964.

The following names were furnished:

LEGAL CONSULTANTS

<u>Name</u>	<u>Addresses</u>	<u>Phone Numbers</u>
*ADAMS, FRANCIS W. H.	(Res.) 14 E. 90 Street, New York	Atwater 9-5244
	(Off.) 460 Park Avenue, New York	Plaza 1-0815
*BALL, JOSEPH A.	(res.) 4281 Country Club Drive, Long Beach, California	Garfield 4-7120
	(Off.) 120 Linden Avenue Long Beach, California	Hemlock 5-5631
*BELIN, DAVID W.	(res.) 7704 College Drive, Des Moines, Iowa	277-3383
	(off.) Herrick, Langdon, Sandblom, & Belin 501 Iowa-Des Moines Bank Building, Des Moines, Iowa	243-0561

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On 9/17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by HOMER R. HAUER: pacDate dictated 9/17/64

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<u>Name</u>		<u>Addresses</u>	<u>Phone Numbers</u>
*COLEMAN, WILLIAM T.	(Res.)	612 West Hottter Street Mt. Airy, Philadel- phia, Pennsylvania	VI 8-2304
	(Off.)	Dilworth, Paxson, etc. 123 So. Shore Street Philadelphia, Pennsy- lvania	Kingsley 6-3000
X EISENBERG, MELVIN A.	(Res.)	147 - 28 Charter Road Jamaica 35, New York	Axtel 1-6308
	(Off.)	Kaye, Scholer, Fierman etc. 425 Park Avenue, New York	Plaza 9-8400
		D.C.	
GRIFFIN, BURT W.	(res.)	18318 Lomond Boulevard Shaker Heights 22, Ohio	SK 10899
	(Off.)	Macdonald, Hopkins & Hardy, 1105 E. Ohio Building, Cleveland, Ohio	621-3480
X HUBERT, LEON D. JR.	(res.)	1915 South Dupre New Orleans, Louisiana	UN 6-9762
	(Off.)	Hubert, Baldwin & Zibilich, 300 Oil & Gas Building, 1100 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans	JA 5-2156
		D.C.	
JENNER, ALBERT E., JR.	(Res.)	119 Tudor Place Kenilworth, Illinois	Alpine 1-4077
	(Off.)	135 So. LaSalle Chicago 3, Illinois	Randolph 6-0220
LIEBELER, WESLEY J.	(Res.)	Newfane, Vermont Gramercy Motel, Washington	

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<u>Name</u>		<u>Addresses</u>	<u>Phone Numbers</u>
REDLICH, NORMAN	(Res.)	29 Washington Square, New York	Algonquin 4-5691
	(Off.)	University School of Law, New York	Spring 7-2000
SCOBEY, Miss ALFREDDA	(Res.)	1283 Cumbrind Road, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia	
	(Off.)	Court of Appeals of State of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia	
SLAYSON, W. DAVID	(Res.)	1129 Pearl, Apartment 4, Denver, Colorado	255-9690
	(Off.)	Davis, Graham & Stubbs, Denver, Colorado	255-5475
*SPECTER, ARLEN	(Res.)	3417 Warden Drive -- Philadelphia, Pennsy- lvania	GE 8-1588
	(Off.)	Specter & Katz 12 S. 12th Street, 1510 Philadelphia Savings Fund Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	WA 3-1050
STERN, SAMUEL A.	(Res.)	3110 Newark Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.	WO 6-0903
	(Off.)	900 17th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.	296-8800
WILLENS, HOWARD P.	(Res.)	5002 Hurst Terrace, N. W., Washington, D.C.	EM 2-1787
Executive Assistant to General Counsel and Liaison with Department of Justice	(Off.)	2nd Assistant to Assist- ant Attorney General, Criminal Division, Justice	

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<u>Name</u>		<u>Addresses</u>	<u>Phone Numbers</u>
*SHAFFER, CHARLES NORMAN Staff Member - Lawyer	(Res.)	8510 - 16th Street, N. W., Silver Spring, Maryland	365-4870
	(Off.)	Department of Justice Criminal Division	
WEINREB, LLOYD L.	(Res.)	16-5th Street, S. E., Washington, D. C. 20003	547-6271
	(Off.)	Department of Justice	
*O'BRIEN, JOHN J. Staff Member		Internal Revenue Service, Inspection Service	WO 4-4076 or 4715
*CONROY, EDWARD A. Staff Member		" "	WO 4-3868
*BARSON, PHILIP Staff Member	(Res.)	1138 E. Slocum Street, Philadelphia, Pennsy- lvania, 19150	Livingston 9-3626
	(Off.)	Internal Revenue Service, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania	597-2252
GOLDBERG, Dr. ALFRED Historian	(Res.)	3433 N. Edison Street, Arlington 7, Virginia Department of Defense	538-2794
POLLAK, STUART R. Staff Member	(Res.)	3603 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.	338-8685
	(Off.)	Department of Justice	
ELY, JOHN H. Staff Member (Law Clerk)	(Res.)	1310 - 34th Street, N. W.	965-2548
	(Off.)	Supreme Court (Clerk for Chief Justice)	
LAULICHT, MURRAY J. (Law Clerk)	(Res.)	6040 - 14th Street, N. E., Washington, D. C.	LI 3-5727

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Name	Addresses	Phone Numbers
MOSK, RICHARD M. (Law Clerk)	(Res.) 66 Cleary Court, Apartment 708, San Francisco, California (Off.) c/o Justice MATHEW TOBRINER, California Supreme Court, State Building, San Francisco	567-8182 UN 1-8700

CLERICAL

*ADAMS, Mrs. SHEILA B. (Typist)
3749 Jay Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.
(Post Office Department)

399-7088

DAVIS, M. FRANCINE (Stenographer)
149 Richard Avenue,
Fairfax, Virginia
(Air Force)

CR 3-0230

*DUKE, CHARLEE DIANNE (Typist)
1334 Fort Stevens, Drive, N. W.,
Washington, D. C. 20011
(Internal Revenue Service)

TU 2-0063

*CLARK, ANNE M. (Stenographer)
8027 Eastern Avenue
Silver Spring, Maryland
(Agriculture)

Juniper 9-5098

COMPTON, BETTY JEAN (Stenographer)
6007 North Dakota Avenue,
Washington, D. C.
(Commerce-Weather Bureau)

RA 6-5760

EIDE, JULIA T. (Secretary)
4550 MacArthur Boulevard,
Washington, D. C.

333-6525

FARRAR, M. JOSEPHINE (Chief-Records)
204 East Capitol Street
(Archives)

L1 4-0383

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HAUER, JEANNE C. (Stenographer)
13 Accotink Road,
Alexandria, Virginia
(Post Office Department)

765-0523

HECKMAN, BEVERLY ANN (Secretary)
4410 Hallet Street,
Rockville, Maryland
(Employed by Commission)

Whitehall 6-7550

HENNIGAN, SADIE M.
2967 South Columbus Street,
Arlington, Virginia
(Agriculture)

Wellington 1-1784

JOHNSON, ELAINE
4201 S. 31st Street, Apartment 713
Arlington, Virginia
(Justice Department)

931-4918

JOHNSON, VIVIAN (Records Clerk)
(Archives)

529-7746

KAMBER, PEARL G.
2818 S. Abingdon Street, Apartment C-1
Arlington, Virginia
(Commerce-Public Roads)

931-3896

*KEGARISE, SHARON (Stenographer)
5550 Columbia Pike
Arlington, Virginia
(Defense Department)

671-2175

LIPPARD, ADELE (Secretary to Mr. WILLIAMS)
2608 Arlington Boulevard,
Arlington, Virginia
(Justice)

JA 8-5727

*LUIH, DAVID (Clerk-Records)
4331 Harrison Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20015
(Immigration and Naturalization
Service)

244-7386

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McCALL, ELLA M. (File Clerk)
1933 2nd Street, N. W., Apartment 2
Washington, D. C. 20002
(Justice)

387-5277

*McKENZIE, LOUISE S. (Typist)
5623 - 3rd Street, N. W.
(Internal Revenue Service)

Taylor 9-6344

*MILLARD, JEAN H. (Stenographer)
4808 Fort Totten Drive, N. E.
(Defense Department)

LA 9-4358

*MOORE, MAURICE (File Clerk)

583-2378

(Federal Records Center,
Alexandria, Virginia)

*NORTON, MARY L. (Stenographer)
2-A Auburn Court, Alexandria
(Defense)

King 8-2693

PIERPOINT, EDWARD R. (Messenger)
111 West Nelson Avenue, Alexandria
(Employed by Commission)

Overlook 3-0999

PRATHER, DOUGLAS (Messenger and Driver)
1010 Columbia Road, N. W.
(Employed by Commission thru
General Services Administration)

667-6653

*ROBINSON, LUCILLE ANN (Stenographer)
5000 Dixon Street, S. E., Washington D. C.
(Agriculture - since resigned and
was here about three weeks prior to
August 25, 1964)

507-7156

*SHIRLEY, RUTH D. (Records Clerk)
4201 So. 31st, Apartment 713,
Arlington, Virginia
(Defense Department)

931-4918

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*SHURTLEFF, RAY (File Clerk)
29 Quimby Street,
Watertown, Massachusetts
(Left July 31, 1964, to return
to college)

D.C

SCHWEINSBERG, CAROLYN A. (Typist and
Phone Operator)
2001 Columbia Road, N. W.
(Navy Department)

DE 2-9611

TARKO, HELEN (Secretary)
2801 Quebec Street, N. W.
(Agriculture)

EM 2-8952

VIDA, JANE M. (Secretary)
333 S. Glebe Road,
Arlington, Virginia
(Defense)

Jackson 5-7395

*WELSH, ANNE V. (Secretary)
857 So. Frederick Street
Arlington, Virginia
(Defense)

671-6811

PETER, JANE W. (Stenographer)
660 Northampton Drive,
Silver Spring, Maryland
(Justice)

434-1843

YAGER, MARGARET
3850 Tunlaw Road, N. W.
Washington
(Defense)

FE 7-6828

*CARDWELL, CHARLENE
1360 Adams Street, N. E.
(General Services Administration)

529-8698

*MINTOR, SERESA
909 Everts Street, N. E.
(General Services Administration)

832-5982

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*WILDER, BEATRICE
4507 So. 34th Street
Arlington
(Defense)

TE 6-4889

*PIPKIN, JAMES H., JR.
6409 Shadow Road
Chevy Chase, Maryland
(Law Clerk)
Volunteer from United States
Supreme Court

Mrs. EIDE states those names preceded by an asterisk are persons who are currently away from the Washington, D. C., area, or are no longer employed at the Commission.

It will be noted the names and occupational titles as obtained from Mrs. EIDE are set out as they were copied by her from her records of personnel. However, upon interview of these persons, it was determined some discrepancies had occurred in spellings of names as well as their titles as to duties with the Commission.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/18/64

Mrs. BEVERLY A. HECKMAN, residence 4410 Hallett Street, Rockville, Maryland, employed as a secretary to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was interviewed at her office on June 16 and 17, 1964.

With regard to the testimony of JACK L. RUBY, who testified June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, before Chief Justice WARREN, Mrs. HECKMAN stated this testimony transcript had been typed by a court reporter at Dallas, Texas, and forwarded to Mr. ARLEN SPECTER, one of the legal consultants of the Commission. Mrs. HECKMAN recalled that she received this original transcript either from Mr. SPECTER personally, or from his secretary, MARY NORTON, and it is her recollection she received it on June 18, 1964, although she added the date could have been June 17, 1964. Mrs. HECKMAN stated, after receiving same, she forwarded it by messenger to Ward and Paul, a commercial reporting agency at 917 G Street, N.W., Washington, D. C., in order that the transcript could be reproduced. She requested five copies be made and that the copies be classified "Confidential."

According to a duplicate receipt, Number 3359, from Ward and Paul, dated June 18, 1964, the five copies of the transcript, along with the original, were returned to Mrs. HECKMAN at 3:35 p.m., that date.

At this point, Mrs. HECKMAN advised that the transcript was known as Deposition Number 130 and later the document, when being prepared for the printers, was changed to "Testimony Number 48-A."

Mrs. HECKMAN produced for examination "Copy Number One of five copies of the original Xerox copies, which were returned along with the original transcript to her on June 18, 1964. The transcript consists of 103 pages, each page double spaced on numbered lines and the pages are punched with three holes along the left margin and are tied

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On 9/16 & 17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SAS CARL E. GRAHAM and
HOWARD R. HAUER CEG/jaw/jgm Date dictated 9/18/64

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together with a red binding tape with the knot placed inside the center hole. The outer cover is of yellow-colored lightweight cardboard and bears the classification "Confidential" in large block capital letters both at the top and the bottom of the outside cover. Immediately under the top classification is noted Copy Number (blank) of 5. The title appearing thereon is:

**"PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY"**

Testimony of Mr. JACK L. RUBY

Pages 1 through 103

**Dallas, Texas
Sunday, June 7, 1964**

CONFIDENTIAL

It will be noted Mrs. HECKMAN walso produced for examination the original stonographic transcript of the hearing and this is bound with three rivets, which are readily disassembled. It is covered with a clear plastic front cover. The original transcript does not boar any classification stamp whatsoever, while all five Xeroxed copies prepared by Ward and Paul have the classification stamp "Confidential" at the top and bottom of each and every page of the transcript, as well as the front and back cover. The classification stampson all of the covers and pages are red in color.

Mrs. HECKMAN stated that in the early stages of the existence of the Commission, all testimony and depositions were classified "Top Secret" but that the system of document control rapidly broke down and became unworkable, so that later a classification of "Confidential" was adopted in order to ease the flow of paper. She stated she attempted to exercise some control over the dissemination of such documents but that the material was continually passing from one to another of the personnel working with the Commission and it became an impossible task to attempt to keep records on the whereabouts of any specific document.

With regard to the five Xeroxed copies prepared by Ward and Paul containing the JACK RUBY testimony on June 7, 1964, Mrs. HECKMAN stated her records reflected that copy number five went to Congressman GERALD R. FORD, a Member of the Commission, and her receipt for that copy was signed on June 19, 1964, by Mr. MEYER in Congressman FORD's office. The receipt described this document as Copy Number 5 of Deposition Number 130. Mrs. HECKMAN stated copy number two was given to Miss ALFREDDA SCOBAY, an attorney who has an office on the fifth floor of this same building, and who reviews material for Senator RICHARD RUSSELL, a Commission Member. Mrs. HECKMAN stated no receipt was obtained for Copy Number 2.

She advised copy number one of the Ward and Paul reproductions was given to Mr. NORMAN REDLICH, a legal consultant and member of the Commission staff. She stated the other two copies, copy number three and four, along with the original transcript, she retained in her safe immediately adjoining Mr. RANKIN's office. Mrs. HECKMAN explained the extra copies in her safe, along with the original transcript, were for the free and ready use of any member of the Commission staff having a need for the material. She stated that by the time this particular material was ready to go to the Government Printing Office to be printed, the document was changed from "Deposition Number 130" to "Testimony Number 48-A". She recalled the testimony was ready to be given to Mr. EDWARD GEBB, a Government Printing Office employee, who is assigned to the Commission staff to handle printing matters. She said the material was given to GEBB for printing on June 23, 1964. She further advised this testimony has been printed but she does not know the date the printing was completed nor the dates when the printer's proof copies were submitted back to the Commission staff for

proofreading. Mrs. HECKMAN advised that any person on the staff could have his copy of the transcript in his possession for any length of time necessary and no accountability was made.

Again referring to her notes, Mrs. HECKMAN stated that by letter dated June 23, 1964, JOE H. TONAHILL, Attorney, Jasper, Texas, requested Mr. RANKIN furnish him a copy of the transcript of the RUBY interrogation on June 7, 1964, explaining it was for the use of Dr. JOYLYN WEST in connection with his diagnosis and recommended treatment for JACK RUBY. By letter of June 27, 1964, over the signature of RANKIN, a copy of the transcript was sent to TONAHILL, and this specific dictation was handled by Mr. BURT GRIFFIN, Staff Attorney. TEXAS

Mrs. HECKMAN stated she did not know whether one of the original Ward and Paul Xeroxed copies was sent to TONAHILL or whether a separate Xeroxed copy had been prepared in the immediate office of the Commission.

Concerning copying of material, Mrs. HECKMAN explained the Commission had two Xerox machines located in the basement of the building and that they were freely used by any staff member to prepare copies of any document. She stated frequently various clerical members or secretaries would personally take material to the Xerox machine and have copies of documents "run off" and also they utilized the services of two messengers, who also performed such tasks when assigned. Mrs. HECKMAN stated that to her knowledge there is no record maintained of copies of material that is reproduced by Commission personnel.

Mrs. HECKMAN stated that on July 1, 1964, a memorandum was directed to Members of the Commission by Mr. RANKIN, General Counsel, and this memorandum was typed by Mrs. HECKMAN. It was addressed to Chief Justice WARREN, Senators RUSSELL and COOPER, Congressmen BOGGS and FORD, and Mr. JOHN J. MC CLOY and ALLEN W. DULLES. Mrs. HECKMAN stated this July 1, 1964, memorandum to the Members of the Commission forwarded them a copy of the JACK RUBY testimony given in Dallas on June 7, 1964, and also attached to the memorandum was a draft of the proposed chapter of the report entitled "The Murder of LEE HARVEY OSWALD." Mrs. HECKMAN stated that in order to furnish each member of the Commission with a copy of the JACK RUBY testimony, she had a number of

copies run off on the Xerox machines in the basement of the building and for this purpose used the original typed transcript because it would make the clearest copies and because that particular original was easiest to take apart in order to reproduce it. It is her recollection that she probably requested ten such Xeroxed copies as it is the ordinary practice to reproduce ten copies of any testimony or deposition when forwarding copies to Commission members in preparation of a meeting in which the matter will be discussed. She stated she has no records or specific recollection that she did, in fact, order ten Xerox copies prepared but she stated it would be her usual practice. She stated that the extra copies would then be put in her safe for the use of staff personnel.

With reference to the five Ward and Paul original Xeroxed copies made from the original transcript, Mrs. HECKMAN stated copies three and four probably were used by Mr. ARLEN SPECTER, Mr. BURT W. GRIFFIN, Mr. LEON D. HUBERT, JR., and Mr. JOSEPH A. BALL, staff legal consultants. She stated she does not know for certain which copy they may have used and is not sure whether or not they utilized Xeroxed copies which had actually been prepared in the Office of the Commission. She advised that at least one copy, probably an original from the Ward and Paul reproductions, would have been utilized in preparation of the document for printing by the Government Printing Office.

With regard to the "leak" of the JACK RUBY testimony which appeared in the "New York Journal American" newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mrs. HECKMAN stated she did not know KILGALLEN and did not know anyone who does know Miss KILGALLEN, specifically of no members of the Commission or staff employees who were acquainted with KILGALLEN. She stated she had no knowledge how the leak to KILGALLEN occurred nor has she heard any rumors or gossip indicating how this leak may have occurred.

Mrs. HECKMAN stated that as secretary to Mr. RANKIN she has access to all desks and safes in the area occupied by the Commission. She stated that she would conduct a thorough search and endeavor to locate as many copies of the RUBY transcript as she could find and then produce them for examination.

On September 17, 1964, Mrs. HECKMAN, after obtaining telephonic approval from Mr. RANKIN, General Counsel, produced the following copies of the Ward and Paul transcript:

Copy One of 5
Copy Two of 5
Copy Three of 5
Copy Four of 5

Mrs. HECKMAN informed she obtained Copy One from the office of NORMAN REDLICH, a legal consultant to the Commission; Copy Two from ALFREDDA SCOBAY, who is representing Senator RUSSELL, Commission Member; and Copy Three was located in the office of BURT GRIFFIN, legal consultant to the Commission; and Copy Four was from her safe. She commented Copy Five would be available through contact with Congressman FORD, Member of the Commission.

Mrs. HECKMAN also provided copies reproduced by Commission employees that she located in the following areas:

One copy in the office of Mr. NORMAN REDLICH, one copy from the office of Mr. HOWARD P. WILLENS, Executive Assistant to Mr. RANKIN, and one copy from Mr. GEBO, Government Printing Office representative.

The above copies, both those reproduced by Ward and Paul and those reproduced by Commission employees, were obtained from Mrs. HECKMAN for purposes of examination.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64M. Josephine ~~FARRAR~~

JOSEPHINE M. FARRAR, 204 East Capitol Street, Washington, D. C., Chief of the Records Unit, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, advised as follows concerning the leaks of information which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of CARL FREUND, pertaining to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court and the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, which set forth verbatim this interview:

Miss FARRAR reported to the Commission on December 23, 1963, from the National Archives for the purpose of setting up a filing system. While she has been concerned with the bulk of the Commission's papers, at no time did her records include the original transcript or any of the Xerox copies of RUBY's testimony before Chief Justice WARREN. These documents were retained in the office of Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN.

She has never been to Dallas, Texas, and has never met CARL FREUND or any other reporter or employee of "The Dallas Morning News." She has never met DOROTHY KILGALLEN or any reporter or employee of the "New York Journal-American."

With respect to the leak of information in the "Dallas Times Herald," on July 22, 1964, pertaining to the polygraph examination of RUBY, Miss FARRAR advised as follows:

Her records have not included the transcript of the polygraph examination or the Xerox copies, as this information was also retained in Mrs. HECKMAN's office.

Miss FARRAR does not know any reporter or employee of the "Dallas Times Herald." She did not furnish any Commission documents to anyone outside the Commission staff.

Miss FARRAR recalled that on one occasion Mr. MOSK, a law clerk on the Commission staff had requested her to leave her file cabinets unlooked at the end of the

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by SAs JOHN G. GOEDTEL and WILFRED R. SCHLADMAN/jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

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normal business hour. Normally these cabinets are locked and if the staff planned to work after hours arrangements were made for someone in her unit to remain in the file room until their services were no longer required. On this occasion Mr. MOSK had not made any advance arrangements, accordingly the files were left open and later locked by the Commission night guard. She could not remember when this occurred.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/18/64

A visual examination of the original typewritten transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN in Dallas, Texas on June 7, 1964 disclosed this transcript consists of 103 pages. The transcript is held together in a binder consisting of a clear plastic front cover and a red-colored lightweight cardboard bottom cover. The 103 pages of the transcript are held in the binder by three rivets that are spaced along the left margin of the binder.

Examination disclosed page 103 of this transcript consists of the certificate prepared by HELEN LAIDRICH, the court reporter who recorded this interview of RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN.

It was noted neither the cover of the binder, nor any of the pages of this transcript, bear any kind of a security classification.

It was also noted this transcript is typed on paper having numbers one thru twenty-five, spaced vertically along the left margin, which numbers serve to identify the lines on each page.

Examination of the five xerox copies of this transcript, which were reproduced by WARD and PAUL, Court Reporters, 917 G Street, N.W., Washington, D. C., disclosed each of these copies consists of 103 pages. Each of these copies is in a lightweight yellow-colored cardboard binder. Each is held in the binder by being tied with red binding tape. This binding tape goes through three holes that have been punched along the left margin of the transcript copy, and knotted in the center hole.

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by SAs HOMER R. HAUSER and
CARL E. GRAHAM HRH/jgm Date dictated 9/18/64

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Each page of the five xerox copies of this transcript, that were reproduced by WARD and PAUL, is stamped "Confidential." This stamp appears at the top and bottom of each page, as well as at the top and bottom of the front and back binder cover. The "Confidential" stamp appears in approximately the same position, horizontally and vertically, on each page of each of the five reproductions made by WARD and PAUL. On all pages of these five copies the "Confidential" stamp is affixed above line one and below line twenty-five.

Examination of page seven of the August 18, 1964 edition of the "New York Journal-American" newspaper discloses a reproduction of what is reported to be page 103 of the transcript recording the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN.

Examination of the reproduction of page 103, as it appears in the newspaper, discloses the top, bottom, and left margins of this page appear to have been reduced in size. It is noted the top margin does not disclose a "Confidential" classification; however, the bottom portion of this page does bear the classification.

The page 103 classification appearing in the newspaper is raised to a position between line twenty-four and twenty-five; however, the horizontal spacing of this classification appears to be the same as the classification appearing on the five copies reproduced by WARD and PAUL.

Examination of page one of the August 18, 1964 edition of the "New York Journal-American" newspaper disclosed the heading of the article publishing the transcript of the Chief Justice WARREN interview with JACK L. RUBY is in exact conformity with the heading appearing on page two of each of the WARD and PAUL reproductions of this transcript, with the exception of the horizontal spacing of the "Confidential" classification.

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Examination of four xerox copies of this transcript, which were reproduced by employees of the Commission, disclosed that none bore the "Confidential" classification on any of the pages.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/20/64

DAVID W. ~~BELIN~~, home address 7704 College Drive, Des Moines, Iowa, telephone 277-3383, who is a member of the law firm of Horrick, Langdon, Sandblom and Belin, was interviewed at the headquarters of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E., Washington, D. C. D.C.

Mr. BELIN advised he has been employed as a Legal Consultant by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy since approximately January 20, 1964. He said he had been employed on a relatively full time basis until Memorial Day, 1964, and from then until mid July, 1964, was in Washington, D. C., nearly every weekend in connection with his duties as a Legal Consultant. Mr. BELIN said the weekend of September 19-20, 1964, is the first occasion he has had to be in Washington, D. C., since mid July.

Mr. BELIN said his duties as a Legal Consultant have been in relation to the events immediately prior to and after the assassination as they pertain to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated he has never seen a transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice EARL WARREN, or a transcript of the interview of RUBY wherein the polygraph was used. Mr. BELIN commented the reason for his not having observed either of these transcripts is the fact they are generally outside his area of interest.

Mr. BELIN stated he does not know how many copies of the transcripts of either of these interviews that were made; however, he said he believed ten such copies were generally made of this type material. He said he is also unaware as to what distribution was made of these transcripts but assumed one had been made available to each Commission member, one had been furnished to the office of Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel to the Commission, and one had been furnished to NORMAN REDLICH, administrative assistant to Mr. RANKIN. He said he is certain any of the staff attorneys would have had access to this material.

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by SA HOMER R. HAUER:nln Date dictated 9/20/64

Mr. BELIN informed he is unaware of any documents that have been lost or misplaced and has received no indication any material in possession of the Commission had been stolen. He said he does know that some of the Commission members have had people reviewing material for them. Mr. BELIN related he had obtained this information after receiving a letter from an attorney in New York City who related he had been in contact with another New York attorney, who in turn mentioned he had been reviewing "galley proofs" of material for Mr. MC CLOY. Mr. BELIN said Senator RUSSELL had a woman attorney reviewing material for him at one time. He said he feels a possibility exists the leak of information regarding material obtained by the Commission could have come from some such person.

Mr. BELIN said he believes the Texas Attorney General's Office also had certain material available to them regarding the Commission's inquiry and he felt this was another possibility where a leak of information could occur.

Mr. BELIN said he has no information as to who is responsible for making material available to news media representatives and suggested the above only because he feels these are possibilities that should be considered.

Mr. BELIN said he certainly was not responsible for the leak of any information; nor does he know anyone who is. He said he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and is not aware that any of the staff employees know KILGALLEN. Mr. BELIN said he would be very much surprised and shocked if any of the staff attorneys with whom he had closely worked were responsible for any leaks of information. He said he feels certain in his own mind that Attorneys SPECTER, BALL, JENNER, LIEBELER, COLEMAN, SLAWSON, HUBERT, GRIFFIN, STERN, WILLENS, EISENBERG, or REDLICH were not responsible for any leak of information. It was noted Mr. BELIN did not include Staff Attorney FRANCIS W. H. ADAMS in this list of attorneys. Mr. BELIN stated he had not worked closely enough with ADAMS to form an opinion since ADAMS had only worked at the Commission one or two days a month during the time he, BELIN, was at the Commission on a relatively full time basis. Mr. BELIN related ADAMS is believed to live in New York City and he recalled that about the time ADAMS became associated with the Commission

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a news article appeared in a New York paper regarding ADAMS accepting a position with the Commission. Mr. BELIN said he considered this article, which was written in the vein ADAMS was to be the "star of the show" but would not admit to such, to be somewhat hypocritical since ADAMS had not actually spent much time working at the Commission and had only taken one deposition to his knowledge. Mr. BELIN said he does not remember what newspaper had published this article regarding ADAMS, but thought it was possibly the "New York Journal-American." Mr. BELIN said based on the newspaper article, he gathered ADAMS possibly had some relationship with some news media representative.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/20/64

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WILLIAM T. COLEMAN, JR., home address 612 West
Hortter Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Telephone
Number VI 8-2304, a member of the law firm of Dilworth,
Paxson, Kalish, Kohn and Dilks, 123 South Broad Street,
Philadelphia, was interviewed at the headquarters of the
President's Commission on the Assassination of President
KENNEDY, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E.

D.C.
Texas

Mr. COLEMAN stated he has been employed as a
 Legal Consultant with the President's Commission on the
 Assassination of President KENNEDY since approximately
 January 22, 1964. Mr. COLEMAN stated his primary area
 of interest in the inquiry being conducted by the Commission
 pertains to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He said that in connection
 with his duties he had reviewed some of the material
 collected by the Commission pertaining to JACK L. RUBY.

Mr. COLEMAN advised he had not been present in
 Dallas, Texas, during any of the interviews of RUBY. He
 said he had not been in Dallas, Texas, in connection with
 his duties with the Commission except on one occasion when
 a plane on which he was returning to Washington, D. C.
 had stopped in Dallas for a very short time. Mr. COLEMAN
 recalled it was during April or May of 1964 when he had
 occasion to be in Dallas. He said that during that time
 he had had no contact with any news media representatives and,
 in fact, has had no contact with any news media representatives
 regarding the Commission's inquiry at any time.

Mr. COLEMAN informed he has read a transcript of
 the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN.
 He said he recalls reading both the DOROTHY KILGALLEN
 account of this interview as well as the official Commission
 transcript. Mr. COLEMAN said he does not now remember
 whether or not the Commission transcript he read was one
 prepared by Ward and Paul; however, he said he believes he
 recalls that it was. Mr. COLEMAN advised he is under the

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impression the Commission transcript of the Chief Justice WARREN--JACK L. RUBY interview observed by him was in a yellow binder and bore "a "Confidential" classification. He said he is unable to remember from whom he obtained this transcript, but thought it had been obtained from DAVE SLAWSON, a Legal Consultant of the Commission. He said that if he did not obtain this transcript from SLAWSON, then he could have obtained it from any other staff member of the Commission.

Mr. COLEMAN informed he has also read a copy of the Commission transcript recording the interview of JACK L. RUBY, which was conducted with the aid of a polygraph. He said he remembers reading the newspaper account of this same interview. Mr. COLEMAN recalled there were obvious discrepancies between the official transcript and the newspaper account. He said he did not recall any such discrepancies between the official transcript of the Chief Justice--WARREN--JACK L. RUBY interview and the newspaper account of this interview.

Mr. COLEMAN informed he does not know how many copies of the transcript of Chief Justice WARREN--JACK L. RUBY interview would have been prepared; however, he said he believes 11 is the usual number of transcripts that were made of such testimony. He said he does not know the exact distribution that would have been made of this transcript but he believed one copy would have been furnished to the attorney who took the testimony; one to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel to the Commission; one or two to the Legal Consultants who would have been interested in the RUBY area of the Commission inquiry; one would have been furnished to Chief Justice WARREN; one would have been furnished to Mr. WILLENS, an Administrative Assistant to Mr. RANKIN; one to Mr. NORMAN REDLICH, Administrative Assistant to Mr. RANKIN; and one copy would have been placed in the file. Mr. COLEMAN reiterated he does not know if such distribution was made regarding the transcript of the Chief Justice WARREN--JACK L. RUBY interview, but said this is the general distribution of material that was made in his area of interest of the Commission inquiry.

Mr. COLEMAN advised any of the attorneys working on the staff of the Commission could have had access to the RUBY testimony. He said he bases this statement on the fact that there have been no instances where any of the material obtained by the Commission was not made available to him if he requested such material.

Mr. COLEMAN advised he is unaware of any security problems that have arisen during the Commission's inquiry. He said a possible exception to this is that witnesses furnishing information to the Commission are permitted to review the record of their testimony. Mr. COLEMAN said such a review might give the witnesses an opportunity to have exact knowledge of the form of the record of their testimony. He said it is his understanding that in those instances where the witnesses are not available to review the record of their testimony at Commission Headquarters, the practice of the Commission is to send the transcript to the United States Attorney in the district where the witness resides and have the United States Attorney make this record available to the witness for review.

Mr. COLEMAN said he has no knowledge as to how any of the leaks pertaining to interviews of JACK L. RUBY have occurred. He said that he had theorized that someone representing RUBY might have made this information available to the news media. Mr. COLEMAN said the basis for his theory was the fact that such transcripts would be available to RUBY or persons representing him. Mr. COLEMAN said he has no information whatsoever indicating RUBY or someone representing him is responsible for these leaks.

Mr. COLEMAN advised he did not make any information available to the news media; that he does not know who did; that he does not know any news reporters in Dallas, Texas; that he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN; and that he does not know anyone who is acquainted with KILGALLEN.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/18/64

BURT W. GRIFFIN, residing Continental Hotel, Washington, D. C., permanent residence 18318 Lomond Boulevard, Shaker Heights, Cleveland, Ohio, telephone Skyline 1-0899, upon interview advised he occupies position of an assistant counsel of the Commission and entered on duty January 13, 1964. GRIFFIN is permanently employed as an attorney with the firm McDonald, Hopkins, and Hardy, 1105 East Ohio Building, Cleveland, Ohio, phone 621-3480. He was formerly an Assistant United States Attorney at Cleveland.

GRIFFIN advised he was not present on July 18, 1964, when the polygraph examination was afforded JACK L. RUBY. GRIFFIN stated from the staff of the Commission, only Attorney ARLEN SPECTER attended. GRIFFIN mentioned he was in Washington, D. C., on that day. GRIFFIN advised SPECTER was actively involved in the polygraph examination and had worked several weeks in the formulation of questions for the examination. He stated SPECTER participated in the preparation of RUBY for the polygraph test up to the point of the starting of the machine, which was operated by Special Agent BELL HERNDON of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

GRIFFIN advised SPECTER returned to Washington, D.C., from Dallas on Monday, July 20, 1964, and GRIFFIN recalled an item of interest related to him by SPECTER at that time. GRIFFIN said SPECTER advised that RUBY had stated he made the decision to shoot LEE HARVEY OSWALD at 9:15 a.m. on Sunday, November 24, 1963. GRIFFIN mentioned that some discussion arose concerning whether any further action would be required from this development, and it was decided to await arrival of the transcript of the examination. GRIFFIN said he did not recall when the transcript arrived but saw a copy several days after the original transcript arrived at the Commission. GRIFFIN related he departed Washington, D. C., at 8:30 p.m., July 22, 1964, and proceeded to Chicago, Illinois, to take some depositions. On July 24, 1964, he went to Dallas, Texas, where he remained July 24 - 25, 1964, and returned to

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On 9/17-18/64 atWashington, D.C.File # WFO 44-520

SAs KENNETH T. DELAVIGNE and

by MAURICE A. TAYLOR MAT:cjl/nln Date dictated 9/18/64

Washington, D. C., after 11 p.m., July 25, 1964, GRIFFIN said while in Chicago, he saw an article in the "Chicago Tribune" purporting to set forth the results of the polygraph examination given RUBY and noted it did not contain the statement attributed to RUBY by SPECTER as to when RUBY made up his mind to kill OSWALD. GRIFFIN stated he was not certain whether he had read the article in the "Dallas Times Herald," originally reporting the polygraph examination. GRIFFIN stated while in Dallas, he had talked with Mrs. MARTHA JO STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney, who indicated from her deductions WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas, Texas, was the logical suspect for the news leak concerning the polygraph examination of RUBY. Texas

GRIFFIN advised the official transcript of the polygraph examination discloses that ALEXANDER and JOE TONAHILL, an attorney of RUBY, were in and out of the room during the polygraph examination and that ALEXANDER returned to the room on more than one occasion. GRIFFIN advised the transcript indicated immediately prior to the questions asked concerning when RUBY decided to shoot OSWALD, ALEXANDER endeavored to ask RUBY a question involving telling someone something by telephone. GRIFFIN stated the transcript indicated ARLEN SPECTER asked ALEXANDER to leave the room, and ALEXANDER did so. GRIFFIN stated this occurred sometime after 3:27 p.m., which time was noted in the transcript. GRIFFIN stated in the absence of ALEXANDER, RUBY was questioned concerning his state of mind and his intentions to kill OSWALD and whether he had told anyone of his intentions. Upon conclusion of this line of questioning, SPECTER announced ALEXANDER could return to the room, and the record indicated he did return, and this was prior to a time recorded as 3:59 p.m.

GRIFFIN recalled ARLEN SPECTER had mentioned that during the polygraph hearing, E. L. HOLMAN of the Dallas Sheriff's Office had exhibited no interest in the polygraph examination of RUBY and slept during the entire hearing. T

GRIFFIN stated he knew nothing concerning the origin of the news article which appeared in the July 22, 1964 issue of the "Dallas Times Herald" concerning the polygraph test of RUBY, and as indicated, was not certain he had read it. GRIFFIN advised he did not know any reporter

or other employee of this newspaper nor did he know any member of the Commission or its staff who was acquainted or associated with any employee of the "Times Herald." GRIFFIN also stated he was not acquainted with WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER. In conclusion, GRIFFIN stated he had never furnished any information to any reporter or other unauthorized individual from the records of the Commission.

GRIFFIN further advised he was not present in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, when a deposition was taken from JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. GRIFFIN stated he saw a copy of the "New York Journal-American" of August 18, 1964, which carried a copyright article under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN which set forth verbatim the questions and answers in the deposition taken from JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964, and read sufficiently from this article to state it appeared to be an authentic version. GRIFFIN said he discussed this article with Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN, secretary at the Commission, who noted the security classification shown in the newspaper article. GRIFFIN stated at first that the document quoted in the news article was secret but subsequently recalled it was confidential. He stated Mrs. HECKMAN had observed in view of the confidential classification, the article must have been taken from one of the Xerox copies made by Ward and Paul Reporters, which bore this classification. GRIFFIN stated he had received a Xerox copy shortly after they were prepared from the original by Ward and Paul, and he ascertained from Mrs. HECKMAN that copy number 3 was charged to him on June 23, 1964. GRIFFIN stated he had worked with this copy for a long time and maintained it in his office. He did not know whether he still had the copy; however, it was located in one of GRIFFIN's file drawers by Mrs. HECKMAN on the date of the interview and was identified further as copy 3 of 5 copies, made by Ward and Paul. GRIFFIN stated he and his associate MURRAY J. LAULIGHT had used the above copy often and utilized it as needed. He stated it was possible that other attorneys of the Commission, such as HOWARD WILLENS, ARLEN SPECTER, and NORMAN REDLICH had examined his copy, but he could not specifically recall other men using it and remarked he believed REDLICH had a copy charged to him. GRIFFIN

could not state how many copies of the transcript of the RUBY deposition were made. He was aware that Ward and Paul had made Xerox copies but did not know whether additional Xerox copies were made at the Commission.

GRIFFIN located copy of cover letter dated June 27, 1964, reflecting he had transmitted a copy of the deposition to JOE TONAHILL, Attorney for JACK L. RUBY. GRIFFIN could not recall where this copy came from. He said he did not believe it was a copy made from his copy number 3 of the Ward and Paul copy. He also did not remember any duplicate copies being made from the Ward and Paul material. The copy transmitted to TONAHILL was in response to a letter from TONAHILL dated June 23, 1964, Jasper, Texas, requesting it and advising that TONAHILL wanted to place it in the hands of JOYLOON WEST, who had wanted it in connection with his diagnosis and recommended treatment of RUBY. TONAHILL indicated Doctor WEST wanted all data with reference to statements RUBY was then making.

With further reference to the copy of deposition sent to TONAHILL, mentioned above, GRIFFIN advised he did not know the disposition of other copies and could not state that the copy furnished to TONAHILL was not a copy made at the Commission from the original deposition on file there.

GRIFFIN recalled that he and his associate MURRAY LAULICHT had discovered an error on pages 32 and 33 of the transcript of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY. He stated that the name of a policeman appeared as HARRY CARLSON, whereas it should have been HARRY OLSEN. GRIFFIN stated he made handwritten correction on page 33 of his copy number 3 and also made the correction in the proofs for final printing of the Commission report. However, he did not believe any of the other copies of the deposition were changed. He advised he made this change after correspondence with the Office of the United States Attorney at Dallas, Texas, which office confirmed the error with the court reporter Miss HELEN LAIDRICH, and so advised by letter dated June 26, 1964. GRIFFIN stated he may have telephoned MARTHA JO STROUD, Assistant United States Attorney, in addition to his correspondence concerning this error.

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GRIFFIN advised Miss HELEN LAIDRICH, court reporter who transcribed the RUBY deposition, had visited the Commission Office possibly around July 4, 1964, en route to New York to visit the World's Fair. He stated she was driving and was accompanied by her elderly mother. He stated she spent the entire time visiting with him, and he showed her around the office, estimating the visit of Miss LAIDRICH consumed about one half hour.

GRIFFIN advised he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and knows of no one on the Commission or its staff who is acquainted with or associated in any way with Miss KILGALLEN. He stated he possessed no information that DOROTHY KILGALLEN had been in Washington, D. C., around August 18, 1964, or prior to this time. GRIFFIN stated he knew of no one connected with "The Dallas Morning News" and specifically stated he was not acquainted with CARL FREUND, HUGH AYNESWORTH, or PAULA AYNESWORTH. GRIFFIN stated he could offer no tangible lead to identify individual responsible for this leak of information. He said he had a very vague recollection of some luncheon conversation in which it was mentioned or suggested some congressional member of the President's Commission had a staff employee who knew DOROTHY KILGALLEN and was in some way associated with her. GRIFFIN said his recollection of this was so vague and obscure it may even be the product of his own speculations or deductions.

GRIFFIN also speculated upon the possibility that the Xerox copy transmitted to Defense Attorney JOE TONAHILL was possibly made from a Ward and Paul copy and could be the basis for the KILGALLEN articles. GRIFFIN stated TONAHILL was an associate of MELVIN M. BELLI, also former counsel of RUBY, and had handled accident cases in Texas for BELLI. GRIFFIN learned this from Commission Attorney LEON HUBERT. GRIFFIN suggested an analysis of long-distance calls of TONAHILL and KILGALLEN might be productive. GRIFFIN also mentioned that another of the attorneys of RUBY was PHILL BURLESON, who had the reputation of being a straight shooter and might be of some assistance.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/20/64

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Mr. ALBERT E. JENNER, JR., Senior Staff Attorney was interviewed in the offices of the President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. He has been with the Commission since January, 1964. He is concerned with the entire background of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his family with the exception of periods in foreign countries. b6 b7C

He was aware that Chief Justice EARL WARREN was going to Dallas, Texas, to interview JACK RUBY on June 7, 1964. He had been invited to participate but declined since he only has a collateral interest in the RUBY phase of the investigation.

Likewise he is aware that RUBY was to have been afforded a polygraph interview on July 18, 1964. He argued, to no avail, against the advisability of this and took no part in the preliminaries.

He has never read the Commission transcript of either interview, but has read them from galley proofs. He has been to Dallas, Texas, on two or three occasions on Commission business. He has never met any representatives of the press there, or given any interviews. He felt this was the prerogative of the General Counsel.

Mr. JENNER is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone affiliated with the "Dallas Times Herald" or the "New York Journal-American."

He stated he has never furnished any Commission document or information to anyone not entitled to receive it.

Mr. JENNER knows nothing that would excite his suspicions that any member of the Commission staff may have been the source of the disclosures.

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On 9/19/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520

by SA WILLIAM J. LANDER/jgm:jsw Date dictated 9/19/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

WESLEY J. ~~LIEBELER~~ of Newfane, Vermont, presently residing at the Gramercy Motel, Washington, D. C., who is an attorney on the staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY advised as follows concerning the leaks of information appearing in "The Dallas Morning News," on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of CARL FREUND, pertaining to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court, on June 7, 1964, and the "New York Journal - American," on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN which set forth the results of this interview in verbatim:

His area of assignment pertaining to Commission's work concerns LEE HARVEY OSWALD's background and activities in the United States. Admittedly he had no reason to review the transcripts of Chief Justice WARREN's interview with RUBY or RUBY's polygraph examination. Accordingly, he stated he has never seen or read these transcripts. He could, however, have obtained these transcripts from Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN had he so desired.

He does not know CARL FREUND of "The Dallas Morning News" or any other reporter or employee of that newspaper. He does not personally know DOROTHY KILGALLEN. He has not furnished transcripts of the RUBY interview or RUBY polygraph examination to any news media, newspaper, reporter or anyone outside the Commission.

He was in Dallas, Texas, having arrived from New Orleans, on July 22, 1964. He was there for the purpose of taking depositions from two reporters of the "Dallas Times Herald" in connection with OSWALD's purchase of a rifle from a sporting goods store.

While in Dallas, on July 22, 1964, an article appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald" pertaining to RUBY's polygraph examination. He was in the company of ODELL OLIVER, a court reporter, at the time and she remarked that the newspaper account was not accurate but close to what transpired.

On 9/17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SAs WILFRED R. SCHLARMAN and
JOHN G. GOEDTEL/ jmm Date dictated 9/17/64

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She commented that she had the notes of the polygraph examination which were not yet transcribed.

From the sequence of events, Mr. LIEBELER concluded that the leak of this information could not have occurred in the Commission and must have taken place in Dallas, possibly by someone in attendance at the examination who took down questions and answers, noting that the newspaper account was not verbatim.

He was not aware of any polygraph questions prepared in advance of the examination. He is aware that ARLEN SPECTER did ask the questions. He has no suspicions concerning any members of the staff having leaked this information to the press.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/642

Mr. ARTHUR MARMOR, Editor and Historian, was interviewed in the offices of the Presidential Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., and advised that he is principally concerned with editing and sight checking the report of the Presidential Commission. In this connection he has very little necessity for viewing original transcripts of depositions of testimony.

Concerning the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY, which was held on July 18, 1964, Mr. MARMOR stated that he had no prior knowledge that the test was to be given. To the best of his recollection he has never seen a transcript of the examination. He knows no one who is affiliated with the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper and never furnished any Commission information to anyone not entitled to receive it.

Concerning the June 7, 1964, testimony of JACK RUBY taken before Chief Justice EARL WARREN, Mr. MARMOR stated that to the best of his recollection he has never seen a transcript of this testimony. He is not acquainted with DOROTEY KILGALLER or anyone affiliated with the "New York Journal American" newspaper.

Mr. MARMOR explained that in his position he deals principally with page proofs and printed pages and only has occasional need to check originals for editing and accuracy. He stated that the most logical people at the Commission to have any necessity to utilize copies of transcripts are the attorneys who conduct the interviews and the authors who write the particular chapters in the Commission report. He continued that most of the editors try to avoid reading transcripts, since the numbering of the pages in the transcripts is different than the numbering of the pages in the page proofs and printed pages of the Commission report.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

Mr. NORMAN REDLICH, 523 Constitution Avenue, N.E., Apartment Number Four, Washington, D. C., advised his permanent residence is 29 Washington Square, New York 11, New York. Mr. REDLICH advised he is Assistant Counsel to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. He entered on duty with the Commission December 20, 1963. Mr. REDLICH advised he is one of the Special Assistants to J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel to the Commission. Mr. REDLICH said it is his job to have full knowledge of all facets to the assassination. He does not have any one specific field of interest as do some of the other assistant counsels.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY in the "Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, Mr. REDLICH advised he personally did not divulge the contents of the polygraph examination of RUBY nor does he know who may have done so. Mr. REDLICH said he was in Dallas, Texas, in connection with the Commission's work on only one occasion. That was on the weekend prior to Memorial Day, 1964, when a re-enactment of the assassination took place. Mr. REDLICH said he was not in Dallas at the time the polygraph examination was given to RUBY. He said he does not know FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of the "Dallas Times Herald" nor does he know anyone else connected with that paper. Mr. REDLICH said he has seen the transcript of the polygraph examination and it would have been available to him in connection with his duties within a short time after it was sent to the Commission in Washington. In the ordinary course of events all transcripts were forwarded to him within a day or two after a transcript was received. Mr. REDLICH had a continuing interest in the contents of all documents and because of his interest in all facets of the assassination he would have had the polygraph examination available to him.

On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

SAs DONALD E. WALTER and
by AUBREY S. BRENT DEW/eeb/jgm Date dictated 9/16/64

21 JAN 2 1973

Concerning the unauthorized publication of the complete testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. REDLICH advised he did not disclose the information, or make a copy of the transcript available to her. Furthermore, he has no idea who may have done so. He said he is not personally acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN nor does he know anyone employed by the "Journal-American" including JOSEPH KINGSBURY SMITH, Publisher of the "New York Journal-American." Mr. REDLICH said he had read the RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN as this came to him in connection with his normal duties of being informed on all phases of the assassination. He said he knows of no one on the Commission staff who is personally acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN. He has no idea how she may have come into possession of a transcript. NY

Mr. REDLICH advised that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, he has no knowledge as to the source of the information for the newspaper. He said he did not personally disclose such information nor does he know who did. He does not know CARL FREUND, a reporter, nor anyone else connected with the "Dallas Morning News."

Mr. REDLICH said he has no specific knowledge on the number of copies made of transcripts sent to the Commission nor does he know how they are distributed internally. It is a normal procedure for him personally to receive a copy of all transcripts on important documents within a day or two after arrival in the office. He has no knowledge concerning the internal control of the documents nor whether he has been

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charged specifically with each item. He has made no effort to return any of the documents as he has continuing use for many of the items. Some of the drafts he would take to his home to read but they were secure in his possession. He knows of no receipt system for documents and explained attorneys on the Commission have felt free to use copies of testimony in which they were interested which had been sent to other attorneys. Mr. REDLICH said he has made no effort to become knowledgeable on the administrative detail on handling Commission documents.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 9/18/64

Miss ~~ALFREDDA~~ SCOEY, Attorney, and legal consultant on the staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, was interviewed at the office of the Commission on September 17, 1964. Miss SCOEY advised she represents Senator RICHARD RUSSELL, member of the Commission, and reads material directed for his attention in order that Senator RUSSELL might be kept fully and currently informed of all proceedings. Miss SCOEY maintains permanent residence at 1283 Cumbrind Road, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia. Miss SCOEY's legal office address is at the Court of Appeals, State of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia. G.A.
D.C.

Miss SCOEY advised she was cognizant of the "leak" of the JACK L. RUBY testimony which was published under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN in the "New York Journal-American" newspaper. Referring to the transcript of the JACK RUBY testimony on June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, before Chief Justice EARL WARREN, Miss SCOEY stated that she received copy number two of five of the reproductions which were bound in yellow cover (Ward and Paul copies) and in addition, had received a Xerox copy furnished to Senator RUSSELL when such copies were directed to all Commission members by a memo from J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel. Miss SCOEY stated she had turned her copy number two (Ward and Paul copy) over to Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN on this date and in Agents' presence, Miss SCOEY initialed this copy which previously had been furnished by Miss HECKMAN.

Miss SCOEY advised she was not personally acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN; did not know any Commission member or employee who was acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN and she stated she had no suggestion as to how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of the testimony which appeared in the newspaper.

Miss SCOEY stated she has not been responsible for any information pertaining to interviews of JACK RUBY being "leaked" to any news media.

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On 9/17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SAs HOMER R. HAUER and
CARL E. GRAHAM CEG:nlm Date dictated 9/18/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Mr. W. DAVID SLAWSON, 1838 Connecticut Avenue, N.W., Apartment 404, and 1129 Pearl Street, Apartment 4, Denver, Colorado, advised he is Assistant Counsel with the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. He entered on duty with the Commission January 21, 1964. His field of interest in the Commission's work has been foreign connections of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, principally Cuba and Russia.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY in "The Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, Mr. SLAWSON advised he did not personally divulge the information, nor does he know who did. He said he has never been in Dallas, Texas. He stated he is not acquainted with FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of "The Dallas Times Herald" nor, so far as he knows, anyone else on that paper or living in the city of Dallas, Texas. Mr. SLAWSON said he believes he has never seen a copy of the polygraph examination of RUBY. He explained the work he handles is voluminous and his specialization in the foreign area would limit his interest in such testimony as given by RUBY on the polygraph.

Concerning the unauthorized publication of the complete testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. SLAWSON said he did not furnish a copy of the testimony to DOROTHY KILGALLEN, nor does he know who may have done so. He said he is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN, nor does he know anyone who knows her personally. He said he does not know JOSEPH KINGSBURY-SMITH, publisher of the "New York Journal-American" nor anyone else on that newspaper. He added he has never read the transcript of RUBY which was printed in the "New York Journal-American" explaining that it too was far removed from his special field in the Commission's work.

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On 9/17/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520By SAS AUBREY S. BRENT and
DONALD E. WALTER DEW:nln/jaw Date dictated 9/17/64

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Mr. SLAWSON advised that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, he has no knowledge as to the source of the information for the newspaper. He said he personally did not disclose such information, nor does he know who did. He advised he is not acquainted with CARL FREUND, a reporter, nor anyone else connected with "The Dallas Morning News."

As noted above, Mr. SLAWSON stated that he has never seen the transcript of JACK L. RUBY's testimony taken on June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, and he has no idea how many copies of this transcript were reproduced and has no information whatsoever concerning the dissemination of such copies. He knows of no charge-out system and it is his observation that documents in possession of the Commission freely move from person to person.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

SAMUEL A. STERN, 3110 Newark Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., a member of the staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President **KENNEDY**, advised as follows concerning the leaks of information which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News," on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of **CARL FREUND** pertaining to the interview of **JACK RUBY** by Chief Justice **KARL WARREN** of the United States Supreme Court and the "New York Journal-American," on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of **DOROTHY KILGALLEN** which set forth this information verbatim:

His area of assignment as a staff member of the Commission concerned the adequacy of Presidential protection. In this connection, he made only one trip to Dallas, Texas, during April or May, 1964, for approximately four days duration. While in Dallas, he had no contact with the press. He does not know **CARL FREUND** or any other reporters or employees of "The Dallas Morning News."

He does not personally know **DOROTHY KILGALLEN** or any other reporters and employees of the "New York Journal-American."

In light of the nature of his assignment, he had no occasion to use the transcript of Chief Justice **WARREN**'s interview of **RUBY** on June 7, 1964. Admittedly, he has never seen the **RUBY** testimony.

He has never furnished to any news media, newspaper, reporter or to anyone else outside the Commission or staff for deliverance to the press, any information pertaining to Commission documents.

With respect to an article which appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald," on July 22, 1964, pertaining to the polygraph examination of **RUBY**, Mr. **STERN** advised as follows:

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by SAs WILFRED R. SCHLARMAN and
JOHN G. GOEDTEL/ jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

He has never seen the transcript of the polygraph examination and as a matter of fact was unaware that this examination had taken place until he read about it in the press. He was aware that the possibility of such an examination had been discussed within the Commission but had never learned of the decision to proceed.

He stated about the time the examination was made he had substantially returned to his private law practice and had little contact thereafter with Commission work.

He neither knows any reporters nor employees of the "Dallas Times Herald." He never furnished any Commission documents or other information to the press or anyone else outside the Commission or its staff for deliverance to the press.

He only has a general knowledge of the administrative procedure in handling transcripts of witnesses. He believes that when a witness testifies before the Commission, ten copies of the results are prepared by Ward and Paul, a legal publishing firm, in Washington, D. C. Of the ten copies one each goes to six Commission members, Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, the staff lawyer involved and the witness. He does not know what procedure was followed in making the RUBY transcript available to the Dallas, Texas, authorities or to RUBY's attorney. However, he believes that a copy of testimony regarding RUBY matters is furnished to RUBY's attorney. He does not know if the firm of Ward and Paul retains any copies but believes this may be possible.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Mr. HOWARD P. WILLENS, Executive Assistant to General Counsel J. LEE RANKIN, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was interviewed at the offices of the Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. He advised that he is an attorney, and has been attached to the Commission since its inception, specifically since December 17, 1963. He added that he has handled liaison matters between the Commission and the Department of Justice, and is responsible to Mr. RANKIN for administrative direction of the Commission's activities.

In regard to the interview of JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, by Chief Justice EARL WARREN and staff, information concerning the results of which appeared in the June 27, 1964, issue of "The Dallas Morning News," in an article under the by-line of CARL FREUND, and the full transcript of which appeared in the August 18, 1964, issue of the "New York Journal American," under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. WILLENS advised as follows:

He stated that he was not present at this interview of RUBY in Dallas, on June 7, 1964. He said also that in his assignment at the Commission, he receives documents and materials shortly after their arrival at the Commission offices, and therefore saw and read the transcript of this interview a few days after the interview took place. Mr. WILLENS recalled that after having read this transcript, he had made arrangements to have copies made by the firm of Ward and Paul, in Washington, for use of the Commission and staff. Sometime later, additional copies of this transcript were prepared in the offices of the Commission for the use of Commission members and the staff. Mr. WILLENS maintained one of these copies in his desk in his office at the Commission until the time of the KILGALLEN story in the "Journal American." He had had no occasion to refer to this document for some time, and made a point of checking to see whether his copy was still in his possession. He said that he did locate the copy in his desk drawer, and on September 17, 1964, had turned it over to Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN, Mr. RANKIN's secretary, in connection with instant inquiry.

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On 9/17/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520by SAs ALBERT H. SOLOMON, JR. and WILLIAM J. LANDER AHS:knn Date dictated 9/17/64

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Mr. WILLENS stated that on a trip to Dallas in March, 1964, on Commission business, he had granted interviews to two reporters, one from each of the Dallas newspapers. It is his recollection that neither of these men was CARL FREUND. He added that he can not recall having met anyone else connected with the Dallas papers. Mr. WILLENS stated that he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN, and that he can not recall ever having met anyone connected with the "New York Journal American."

Mr. WILLENS stated emphatically that he had not furnished documents or information which resulted in the disclosures in the press on this matter, to anyone.

Mr. WILLENS commented, when asked whether he had any information which might assist in determining the possible source of this unauthorized disclosure, that during the Democratic National Convention at Atlantic City, in late August, 1964, he had been told by a reporter for "Newsweek" magazine, whom he stated he considered young but reliable, that a rumor was prevalent among the newsmen that DOROTHY KILGALLEN had been seen on the West Coast in the company of MELVIN BELLI shortly before the appearance of the KILGALLEN articles on the June 7, 1964, interview of RUBY. Mr. WILLENS stated that this was strictly rumor, according to his source, and that he could not offer any additional information concerning the matter.

With regard to the polygraph examination afforded JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, the complete transcript of which appeared in the July 22, 1964, issue of the "Dallas Times-Herald" newspaper, Mr. WILLENS advised that he was not present at this polygraph examination of RUBY. He stated, however, that prior to the examination, he had seen and discussed with Commission staff members proposed questions to be used in the examination. According to Mr. WILLENS these were questions on specific subjects, and was not in any sense, the complete list of questions to be asked of RUBY.

Mr. WILLENS said that his first knowledge of the results of the polygraph examination was obtained by means of a telephone call made to him by ARLEN SPECTER, staff attorney, who was present at the examination. SPECTER, according to Mr. WILLENS, had given him a summary of what had transpired at this examination, including RUBY's reactions during the

examination. It was Mr. WILLENS' recollection that he had received this call from SPECTER two or three days after the examination, and before the transcript thereof had reached the Commission. Mr. WILLENS stated specifically that SPECTER had not furnished him information concerning specific questions and answers in the examination, and that SPECTER certainly had not made available to him anything that could be considered the complete testimony of RUBY on this occasion.

Mr. WILLENS said that, as with almost all documents coming in to the Commission, he had seen the transcript of this examination virtually at the moment it arrived at the Commission. He believed this to have been within several days after the examination took place.

Mr. WILLENS stated that except as explained earlier, he can not recall having met any representative of the Dallas newspapers. He commented that he can not recall ever having known anyone connected with the "Dallas Times Herald."

Mr. WILLENS stated emphatically that he had not furnished documents or information which resulted in the disclosure in the press on this matter to anyone.

Mr. WILLENS commented that in the administrative procedures of the Commission, there is no problem in the reproducing of Commission documents by any member of the staff, for staff use.

Mr. WILLENS said that he has read the FBI reports of investigation into the unauthorized disclosures of Commission information and documents in the press. He said that he has formed the conclusion that these disclosures occurred in Dallas. He added that he has implicit faith in the members of the Commission staff, and is satisfied that no Commission employee was the source of any of these disclosures.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Mr. EDWARD A. CONROY, Planning and Program Branch, Inspection Service, Internal Revenue Service, Washington, D. C., advised he worked for the President's Commission looking into the assassination of President KENNEDY from January 16, 1964, until May 18, 1964. He said since his employment with the Commission terminated prior to June 7, 1964, that he had no knowledge concerning the transcript of the interview Chief Justice WARREN and members of the President's Commission had with JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964. He said DOROTHY KILGALLEN is not known to him personally.

Mr. CONROY also advised he has never seen the results of the polygraph examination afforded JACK RUBY at the Dallas County Jail, Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

D.C.

Dr. ALFRED GOLDBERG, Editor, was interviewed in the offices of the Presidential Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., and advised that he has never seen a transcript of the polygraph examination afforded to JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, in Dallas, Texas. He has only been to Dallas, Texas, on Commission business on one occasion, that being in early April, 1964. He had nothing to do with prior preparation of polygraph questions and is not acquainted with anyone affiliated with the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper. Dr. GOLDBERG stated that he has read some of the Federal Bureau of Investigation reports on the investigation conducted in Dallas, Texas, concerning the leak of information concerning the polygraph examination and has always felt that the leak took place in Dallas, rather than at the Commission.

Dr. GOLDBERG continued that he very probably saw the Commission transcript of the June 7, 1964, interview between JACK RUBY and Chief Justice EARL WARREN within a week after it was received at the Commission offices. As he recalls, the transcript was bound in a jacket that was probably yellow in color, but may have been blue. He stated that he read this transcript and then returned it to the front office of the Commission. He cannot recall having seen it since and added that in his work he would have no occasion to refer back to the original transcript.

Dr. GOLDBERG explained that his editorial responsibility is spread over the entire Commission report and his individual writing is only indirectly concerned with JACK RUBY.

He stated that he is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALIEN or anyone affiliated with the "New York Journal American" newspaper. He stated he has never made any Commission information available to anyone not entitled to receive it.

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Dr. GOLDBERG stated that he recalls reading somewhere to the effect that during the time that RUBY was being interviewed by Chief Justice WARREN, DOROTHY KILGALLIEN was in Dallas, Texas, and had been seen talking to RUBY and his attorneys.

He added that frequently copies are made of Commission documents by people in the Commission who have need for them. He added that this is not normally done in the case of transcripts and that additional copies of these are usually made commercially.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

John H. Ely

Date 9/19/64

Mr. JOHN HART ELY, Law Clerk to Chief Justice EARL WARREN, was interviewed in the offices of the President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. He stated that from approximately February 15 to June 15, 1964, he was on loan to the President's Commission. From approximately June 15 to July 15, 1964, he was on vacation, during which time he was studying for and took a bar examination. From approximately July 15 to August 15, 1964, he was employed as Law Clerk in the office of Chief Justice WARREN. Effective August 15, 1964, he returned to the President's Commission, where he has been exclusively engaged working on the LEE HARVEY OSWALD biography up to the night before the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

He stated that he has been to Dallas, Texas, on one occasion in either March or April, 1964, on Commission business. During that period he met no reporters and is not acquainted with any reporters on either of the Dallas newspapers. He does not know anyone affiliated with "The Dallas Morning News" or the "Dallas Times Herald." Mr. ELY stated that he knows nothing concerning the June 7, 1964, interview between JACK RUBY and Chief Justice WARREN and has never seen a transcript of that interview. He is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN and knows no one affiliated with the "New York Journal American." He never made any Commission information available to anyone not entitled to receive it.

Mr. ELY stated that he has never seen a transcript of the polygraph examination afforded to JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, in Dallas, Texas, and had no prior knowledge that the interview was to be conducted. He did not make any information available concerning this examination to anyone.

Mr. ELY stated that during the period he was on vacation and working as Law Clerk for Chief Justice WARREN he had no access to Commission documents and had no occasion to be cognizant of them.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/19/64

JOHN J. O'BRIEN, Assistant Chief, Investigative Branch, Inspection Service, Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Headquarters, Washington, D. C., furnished the following information:

O'BRIEN was detailed to the President's Commission by the IRS from January to May, 1964, along with EDWARD A. CONROY, also of IRS. During Commission assignment, O'BRIEN worked in the Commission Office located in the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, where he and CONROY had been furnished a private office and a personal secretary.

O'BRIEN and CONROY had been assigned the specific project of the "Preparation of Chronological History of the Principal Characters of the Assassination." These "Principal Characters" consisted of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY. In addition, O'BRIEN and CONROY were requested to submit recommendations for additional coverage of possible value to the investigation. When these specific assignments were completed, O'BRIEN and CONROY were released from detail with the Commission and returned to direct IRS employment.

O'BRIEN and CONROY were detailed to the Commission during the early phases of the Commission's work, and in the completion of their assignment they personally reviewed all Federal Bureau of Investigation and Secret Service reports from which they extracted material needed to compile their chronological history.

O'BRIEN had all Commission records and documents available to him during the entire duration of his detail to the Commission. All other Commission staff members and employees also had free and unlimited access to the Commission

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records and documents. General distribution of documents among Committee employees was necessary to effect efficient operations.

The Commission staff was divided into six groups, each of which consisted of a Senior Attorney, a Junior Attorney and other staff members. The Commission also employed an abundance of secretarial and clerical employees.

The American Bar Association also had been provided space within the Commission Offices where Commission documents would have been available to them.

Security from outside penetration of Commission space by the press or other unauthorized personnel was maintained in an effective manner by the General Services Administration guard force in the building. All pertinent documents and papers of the Commission were maintained in safes and other security devices when not in use during evening hours.

O'BRIEN does not consider the leak of information from Commission files to have been resultant from unauthorized penetration of Commission space. He does consider that the information could have been leaked by members of the Committee's staff or by members of some other governmental agency or business concern which had authorized access to the pertinent information during some phase of the Commission's investigation.

O'BRIEN was unable to furnish any specific information revealing or indicating the sources of leakage of Commission material. He could provide no suspects in this regard.

O'BRIEN noted that he was no longer with the Commission at the time of JACK RUBY's testimony on June 7, 1964 before the Commission nor at the time of RUBY's polygraph examination on July 18, 1964 at the Dallas County, Texas, Jail.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Mr. STUART R. POLLAK, 3603 E Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., an attorney on the staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, advised as follows concerning the leaks of information appearing in "The Dallas Morning News," on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of CARL FREUND, pertaining to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court, on June 7, 1964, and the "New York Journal-American," on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN which set forth the results of this interview verbatim:

Concerning his area of work, Mr. POLLAK stated that he frequently used one of the bound copies of RUBY's testimony before Chief Justice WARREN until approximately four weeks ago when the galley proofs of this testimony were obtained from the Government Printing Office. Since that time he has worked solely from the galley proofs. Generally he obtained the bound copy of the testimony from the Office of Mr. BURT GRIFFIN and did not have to charge it out. On other occasions he obtained the document from Mrs. JULIA EIDE or Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN and it was charged to him.

Mr. POLLAK said that while it was in his office overnight it was locked in his file cabinet. He has no specific recollection of taking it home with him although he did take home other material relating to his work.

Mr. POLLAK does not know CARL FREUND of "The Dallas Morning News," nor any other employee or reporter of that paper. He does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN nor any other employee or reporter of the "New York Journal - American."

Mr. POLLAK said he did not make a copy of RUBY's testimony available to anyone connected with any news media nor anyone else outside the Commission.

Concerning the article appearing in the "Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, pertaining to the polygraph examination of RUBY on July 18, 1964, Mr. POLLAK advised as follows:

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He had occasion to utilize the polygraph transcript to a somewhat lesser degree than the copy of RUBY's testimony. He obtained this transcript in the same manner as the testimony and provided the same degree of security.

Mr. POLLAK does not know any reporter or employee of the "Dallas Times Herald" and did not make the polygraph transcript available to any news media or anyone else outside the Commission.

Mr. POLLAK said he could not conceive of any member of the Commission or staff leaking this information outside the Commission. He noted that copies of this material are available to RUBY or his attorneys and in view of the attitude of RUBY's sister, EVA GRANT, feels that she may be the source of these leaks. Mr. POLLAK added that he has no basis in fact for this opinion.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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CHARLES NORMAN SHAFER, 8510 16th Street, N. W.,
Silver Spring, Maryland, furnished the following information:

Mr. SHAFER advised that he is presently employed as a Special Attorney, Criminal Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., and was so employed just prior to December 25, 1963, when he was assigned to the legal staff of Commission Counsel J. LEE RANKIN, of the President's Commission handling the investigation of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He continued in this capacity until the early part of April, 1964, at which time he returned to the Department of Justice to handle several cases involving court trials. He said that because of the pressure of his own work he did not return to the Commission legal staff.

He indicated that his work on the legal staff of the Commission entailed reviewing reports, suggesting courses of investigation, and assisting at conferences concerning legal phases of the investigation. He said that inasmuch as he left the Commission in April, 1964, he had not seen or handled the testimony of JACK RUBY which was taken by Chief Justice EARL WARREN at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964. He said he was not aware of how many copies were made of this testimony nor who would have the copies nor who would have access to them.

He said that at no time was he ever approached by anyone to reveal the results of the investigation by the Commission, nor did he know of anyone who had been approached in this manner. He said he was aware that DOROTHY KILGALLAN had published part of the JACK RUBY testimony, but he did not know how this testimony was obtained by her or who might have been responsible for the leak. He said he could furnish the names of no suspects who might have been responsible for leaking results of the Commission investigation to the press.

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Mr. LLOYD L. WEINREB, Attorney, was interviewed in the offices of the Presidential Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., and advised that he has only been assigned to the Commission staff since August 3, 1964. Prior to that he was a clerk at the Supreme Court.

He has never read a transcript of the polygraph examination which was afforded to JACK RUBY on July 18, 1964, in Dallas, Texas, and was not aware that a purported copy of the transcript appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald" until he was so advised during the interview. He is not acquainted with anyone affiliated with the "Dallas Times Herald."

Mr. WEINREB continued that he has never read a copy of the transcript of the interview conducted with JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. He has read bits of the transcript which appeared in newspapers in the Washington, D.C., area. He is not acquainted with DOROTY KIIGALLEN or anyone affiliated with the "New York Journal American" newspaper. He has never made any Commission information available to anyone not entitled to receive it.

Mr. WEINREB stated that his duties at the Commission are concerned solely with the biography of LEE HARVEY OSWALD up to the night before the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

He stated that while at the Commission he heard some gossip at lunch to the effect that DOROTHY KIIGALLEN had been seen in Dallas with RUBY's attorneys during the time Chief Justice WARREN was interviewing RUBY.

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MURRAY J. LAULICHT advised he is presently residing at 6040 14th Street, N.W., Washington, D. C., Apartment 119, telephone 882-1736. His permanent address is at 67-30 Clyde Street, Forest Hills, New York, telephone number BO 3-8924. He stated he graduated from the Columbia Law School on June 2, 1964, and the following date entered on duty with the Staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy (The Commission), at Washington, D. C., as a Legal Clerk.

Mr. LAULICHT stated that when initially employed, he applied his time to the reading of various Commission reports for the purpose of acquiring background and also read trial transcripts, did some editing and read newspapers to denote articles of interest to the Commission. In late June or early July, 1964, it was decided to prepare a biography on JACK L. RUEY and he was assigned this task. LAULICHT stated that since this assignment, his work has been principally concerned with matters relating to RUEY, substantially excluding other individuals and aspects of interest to the Commission. During this time, he has worked under the supervision of Staff Attorney BURT W. GRIFFIN and has had considerable contact with two other staff personnel who are associated with GRIFFIN, LEON HUBERT and STUART POLLAK.

LAULICHT stated that since joining the Commission Staff on June 3, 1964, he has never been on any official out of town travel. On weekends, holidays and religious holy days, he visits at his home in New York or at the home of his fiancée in Elizabeth, New Jersey.

LAULICHT stated that some time in advance of July 18, 1964, possibly a week or ten days, he became aware that the Commission was making efforts to afford a polygraph examination to JACK L. RUEY. These efforts were being supervised by Staff Member ARLEN SPECTER. He recalled that BURT W. GRIFFIN had prepared a list of suggested questions for use at the planned polygraph examination. At the request

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of Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, LAULICHT also prepared a set of proposed questions which he felt would develop the Commission's interest in RUBY. During the preparation of these questions, the exact date the polygraph test was to be held was uncertain, this being due to the many legal and ethical questions which were raised in connection with the giving of the examination. LAULICHT stated he did not attend the polygraph examination at Dallas on July 18, 1964. It is his understanding that the only representative of the Commission was SPECTER. LAULICHT recalled that he, LAULICHT, was in Washington, D. C., on July 18 and 19, 1964. On Sunday, July 19, 1964, he dropped by the Commission Offices for a short while and at this time was told by one of the employees present that the polygraph test had been given to RUBY at Dallas, July 18, 1964. LAULICHT recalled that probably on July 23, 1964, he read in "The Washington Post" a reprint of "The Dallas Times Herald" article of July 22, 1964, purporting to contain the complete questions and answers of the polygraph examination. He recalls that when he later read the actual transcript of the polygraph examination, and compared it with his recollection of the article contained in "The Washington Post," that the "Post" article had consisted of a substantially verbatim account of the proceedings.

LAULICHT believes he did not see a transcript of the questions and answers of the polygraph examination until about ten days following the examination, possibly on July 27, 1964. He was positive he did not first read the transcript until some days after his reading of "The Washington Post" article on about July 23, 1964. He stated he does not know when the transcript was received at the Commission Offices but presumes official records will indicate this. He explained that in the normal course of business at the Commission, when original transcripts of depositions or testimony are received, the original copy is immediately sent to the Ward and Paul Reporting Company for duplicating in order that sufficient copies will be available for contemporaneous review by the interested Commission personnel. In this connection, LAULICHT pointed out that this procedure necessarily makes the deposition unavailable for a day to several days during the duplicating process at Ward and Paul. It is his recollection that he first read the original transcript of the polygraph proceedings which, he explained, indicates that the copies

had been made by Ward and Paul and returned to the Commission. LAULICHT stated he does not know the location of the offices of Ward and Paul and had never had contact with any representative of that company.

When questioned concerning additional duplication of the polygraph transcript beyond the initial duplication shortly following its arrival by Ward and Paul, LAULICHT stated he had no information whatever concerning this and did not know whether there had been any additional duplication. He was positive the transcript had not been duplicated by anyone on his instructions.

LAULICHT advised that on Monday, July 20, 1964, he was present during the conversation between BURT W. GRIFFIN and ARLEN SPECTER, SPECTER having just returned from the RUBY polygraph examination. LAULICHT was not certain of his recollection but believes that SPECTER told GRIFFIN that during the polygraph examination, RUBY had stated he had initially conceived the idea of shooting OSWALD at 9:30 a.m. on Sunday, November 24, 1963. SPECTER also told GRIFFIN that RUBY stated he had told his roommate, GEORGE SENATOR, he was going to kill OSWALD. LAULICHT stated he considered this to be extremely important information at the time received, because he felt it had direct relevance to premeditation and conspiracy on the part of RUBY. LAULICHT added he was relieved when he subsequently read the news item in "The Washington Post" referred to above, and realized the newspaper had not reported the two items just mentioned above. LAULICHT advised when he subsequently reviewed the transcript of the polygraph test of RUBY, he found that ARLEN SPECTER had not been quite accurate and that the transcript did not specifically state RUBY said he planned to kill OSWALD nor did RUBY say he told GEORGE SENATOR that he was going to kill OSWALD, but rather stated if someone killed OSWALD, Mrs. KENNEDY would not have to return to Dallas.

LAULICHT advised he had no idea who furnished the information which was the basis for the news article published July 22, 1964, in "The Dallas Times Herald," and could furnish no suspects. He stated he had not furnished

any information to anyone concerning the polygraph test afforded JACK RUBY. He stated there had been some speculations made in his presence and recalled his associates, BURT GRIFFIN and Dr. ALFRED GOLDBERG in this connection. LAULICHT stated as he recalled, remarks had been made that this leak could have been caused by WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas, Texas, or JOE TONAHILL, a member of the RUBY defense counsel. In connection with the above, LAULICHT stated he does not know ALEXANDER or TONAHILL, and knew no one connected with any of the Dallas newspapers. He specifically stated he had no reason to suspect any member or employee of the Commission as being involved in the leak of information.

LAULICHT was also questioned concerning his knowledge of the deposition taken from JACK L. RUBY, June 7, 1964, at the Dallas County Jail by Chief Justice EARL WARREN and two news articles purporting to disclose the results of the contents of this deposition, one of which appeared June 27, 1964, in "The Dallas Morning News" under byline of CARL FREUND and the other, a copyrighted story by DOROTHY KILGALLEN, which appeared August 18, 1964, in the "New York Journal American" and quoted the transcript of the RUBY deposition.

LAULICHT stated he was not present in Dallas at the taking of the deposition and observed he did not begin his employment with the Commission Staff until June 3, 1964. He stated that he cannot fix the exact date, but recalls some days following June 7, 1964, he read a copy of the RUBY deposition and is confident this copy was one prepared by the Ward and Paul Reporting Company, the copy then being in the possession of BURT W. GRIFFIN. He said he is confident he never saw or read the original typed copy prepared by Court Reporter HELEN LAIDRICH. He recalled that at various times when GRIFFIN was utilizing his copy of the deposition, that from time to time he may have borrowed another Ward and Paul copy which was then in the possession of Commission employee, NORMAN REDLICH.

LAULICHT stated that in addition to the Ward and Paul copies of the transcript in possession of GRIFFIN and REDLICH, that probably Commission employees LEON HUBERT,

STUART POLLAK and ALFRED GOLDBERG either had copies of the transcript in their possession or from time to time read from the copies in the possession of GRIFFIN or REDLICH. LAULICHT stated that in normal practice, five copies are made of depositions by Ward and Paul. He was positive he had never seen any copies of the RUBY deposition other than Ward and Paul copy. He said he has no information indicating that any other duplications were made, particularly in the Commission Offices. He was positive in his assertion that he made no copies of the transcript and did not furnish or cause to be furnished a copy of the transcript to anyone.

LAULICHT recalled that he read the June 27, 1964, issue of "The Dallas Morning News" following its receipt at the Commission Offices. As he recalled, he probably read it as a part of his newspaper review assignment. He was positive that prior to reading this newspaper article, he had already reviewed a copy of the RUEY deposition. Concerning the newspaper article, it was his recollection that it did not quote the deposition and appeared to consist of a reporter's analysis of the deposition with some quotations added. He further recalled that a large part of the article was concerned with the state of mind of JACK L. RUBY as developed in the deposition.

LAULICHT denied he had ever taken the RUBY transcript out of the Commission Offices, although he did state he had taken depositions of witnesses GEORGE SENATOR and LARRY CRAFT to New York or Elizabeth, New Jersey, on weekends for purpose of review during his leisure time.

LAULICHT repeated that he knew no one on any of the Dallas newspapers and specifically had never met Reporter CARL FREUND.

Concerning the publication in the "New York Journal American" appearing on August 18, 1964, LAULICHT stated he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone associated with her or with the named newspaper. He said he does not know of anyone on the Commission Staff who has any association with Miss KILGALLEN or any representative of the "New York Journal American." He stated he has heard

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no gossip or speculation concerning the identity of the person responsible for the leak to Miss KILGALLEN. He stated he had no information concerning any missing page from any copy of the RUBY deposition nor had he heard of any query made of the Commission Staff in connection with any missing page. He specifically denied he had furnished or permitted the furnishing of the transcript to anyone.

LAULICHT's attention was directed to the visit to Washington, D. C., by Court Reporter HELEN LAIDRICH. He recalled this incident and fixed the date as having been in early July, 1964. He recalled that when she arrived at the Commission Offices, LAIDRICH inquired for BURT GRIFFIN and he chatted with her for a few minutes while she was waiting for GRIFFIN to arrive. The conversation concerned RUBY. He stated he does not recall where GRIFFIN's copy of the RUBY deposition was during the time Miss LAIDRICH was in GRIFFIN's Office, but he speculated it could have been on GRIFFIN's desk or on his own. He was quite positive in his belief that only one copy of the RUBY deposition could have been in the office and visible to Miss LAIDRICH during the fifteen or twenty minutes she was in GRIFFIN's Office.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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D.C. Date 9/18/64

Mrs. JULIA T. EIDE, administrative assistant to J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, was interviewed at her office on September 17, 1964. Mrs. EIDE stated she presently resides at 4550 MacArthur Boulevard, Washington, D. C., and she has been employed by the Commission since December 15, 1963.

Mrs. EIDE advised that as administrative assistant to Mr. RANKIN, her duties ordinarily do not include the overseeing of documents, as such, as such work generally is handled by Mrs. BEVELLY HECKMAN, secretary; however, on occasion when Mrs. HECKMAN has been absent Mrs. EIDE has handled such matters.

With regard to the testimony of JACK L. RUBY, who was interviewed June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, by Chief Justice EARL WARREN, Mrs. EIDE has no certain recollection of how that testimony physically was brought to the premises of the Commission headquarters, although it was her belief this particular transcript originally was considered as a deposition rather than testimony. She said it was her recollection that because the RUBY hearing on June 7, 1964, was considered a deposition there were only five copies requested to be made of the original transcript. Mrs. EIDE stated she did not handle this matter, although she was aware that later on when the transcription of the hearing was considered as "testimony" additional copies were made of the transcript at the office of the Commission. Mrs. EIDE stated she was not certain how many instances in which hearing proceedings initially had been labeled depositions and later were considered "testimony" but she said she thought this procedure may also have occurred with regard to the hearing of MARINA OSWALD.

Mrs. EIDE stated she did not have the responsibility for recording or the responsibility of the distribution of any documents either within the staff of the Commission or

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to Commission members. She also stated she was not aware that a copy of the RUBY testimony had been furnished to Attorney JOE TONAHILL at Jasper, Texas. Mrs. EIDE related she was cognizant that a "leak" of the JACK L. RUBY testimony had occurred by its having been published in a newspaper column by DOROTHY KILGALLEN in the "New York Journal-American" newspaper. She stated that she does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN personally; does not know any Commission member or staff member who might possibly be acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN; and Mrs. EIDE stated she had no information or suggestion as to how this "leak" to DOROTHY KILGALLEN could have occurred.

In response to specific question, Mrs. EIDE stated she was cognizant of a "leak" or "leaks" which occurred with regard to the interrogation of JACK L. RUBY when he was questioned with the use of a polygraph. Again, Mrs. EIDE stated she had no knowledge of how such "leak" or "leaks" might have occurred and no information as to the identity of any person or persons responsible for such "leaks."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64*Jeanne C. Hauer*

Mrs. JEANNE HAUER, Secretary, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was interviewed at the offices of the Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. She said that she first came to work for the Commission on April 28, 1964, and that she has served as secretary during the ensuing period for WESLEY J. LIEBELER, Staff Attorney. Mrs. HAUER said that Mr. LIEBELER's area of interest in the Commission's investigation has been the background and possible motive of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He has been concerned with the life of OSWALD from his birth to the morning of the day on which President KENNEDY was assassinated. D.C.

Mrs. HAUER advised that during her employment with the Commission she has never worked on the phases of the investigation dealing with JACK RUBY. She stated that she has never visited Dallas, Texas. She said specifically that she cannot recall ever having seen or read the transcript of the June 7, 1964, interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN and staff at Dallas, Texas, and that she is satisfied that she has never seen nor read the transcript of the polygraph examination afforded RUBY on July 18, 1964, at Dallas, Texas. Mrs. HAUER said that she is not acquainted with anyone whom she knows to be connected with any Dallas, Texas, newspaper. She said also that she is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone else connected with the "New York Journal American" newspaper. Mrs. HAUER stated specifically that she has never made available to anyone not authorized to receive same, information or documents coming into her possession through her employment with the Commission. In regard to DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mrs. HAUER said that there was a rumor in the Commission that JOHN J. MC CLOY, member of the Commission, is reportedly a close friend of DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

Mrs. HAUER advised that she has worked in other agencies where strict security of documents was enforced but that her experience indicated this is not the case with the Commission. She said that any member of the Commission staff

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I can make Xerox copies of virtually any Commission document at any time with no problems. She explained that the two Xerox machines of the Commission are located on the fourth floor at 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., adjacent to the mail room of the Commission and that these machines are in virtually constant use. She added that stamps used for placing security classifications on documents are available to any staff member in the mail room or in the front office of the Commission.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

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Mrs. ADELE LIPPARD, 2808 Arlington Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia, was interviewed at the office of the Commission. She stated she is Secretary for HOWARD P. WILLENS, Executive Assistant to the General Counsel and Liaison with the Department of Justice.

Mrs. LIPPARD advised she has been an employee of the Department of Justice since 1941, but she has worked with the Commission since December, 1963. One of her duties as Secretary to Mr. WILLENS is to have copies of various documents, but not transcripts, reproduced on Xerox equipment maintained by the Commission. When Xerox copies are needed, she gives the document to be reproduced to Mr. EDWARD PIERPOINT with instructions as to the number of copies needed. She added that she has maintained records of the dates on which various documents were reproduced, as well as the distribution of these copies. Mrs. LIPPARD stated, however, she can state positively that at no time during her employment with the Commission did she request Mr. PIERPOINT, or anyone else, to make additional copies of transcripts, such as that of the interview of Mr. JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964. She said that any request for additional copies of transcripts would be handled by Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HECKMAN, Secretary to the General Counsel, or by someone else in that office.

Mrs. LIPPARD stated she cannot recall the first instance when she saw a copy of RUBY's testimony of June 7, 1964, but she thinks it was during the latter part of June, 1964, when Mr. WILLENS obtained a bound copy. She said he kept this copy for one or two days and returned it to the General Counsel's Office. She added that a few days later Mr. WILLENS received a Xerox copy of this testimony and he has maintained this copy in his desk since that time. Although Mr. WILLENS' desk is not locked, Mrs. LIPPARD feels this material has been secure since she is in the office during working hours and the building is locked at other times.

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Mrs. LIPPARD stated she is aware that a Dallas -- newspaper, the "Life" magazine, and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper published articles recently disclosing information regarding the Commission's work. She advised, however, that she is not aware of the identity of the source or sources of this information to the various news media. She added that she has never revealed any information of the Commission's activities to any unauthorized person and she knows of no one who has.

Mrs. LIPPARD added she is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN, but she is aware Miss KILGALLEN is a well-known writer and television personality.

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Date 9/19/64

Mrs. JANE W. PETER, 660 Northampton Drive, Silver Spring, Maryland, was interviewed at the Commission Offices.

She advised she is employed as Secretary to Mr. ALBERT JENNER, JR., Staff Attorney. She denied ever having disclosed any information from the Commission's files to any unauthorized person. She has no idea how various news media obtained information concerning RUBY's testimony on June 7, 1964, or the results of the polygraph examination afforded him. DC

She stated she has never seen or had a transcript of RUBY's testimony or his polygraph examination. She read DOROTHY KILGALLEN's articles in copies of a New York paper at the Commission's Offices which, the paper said, was a transcript of RUBY's testimony. She does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN except for having seen her on television.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/18/64

Miss **HELEN TARCO**, 2801 Quebec Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. advised she has been employed with the President's Commission on the Assassination of President **KENNEDY** since June 15, 1964. She is one of the secretaries to Mr. **J. LEE RANKIN**, General Counsel to the President's Commission. She said she is on loan to the Commission from her regular employment with the Department of Agriculture where she is an Industrialist Analyst with the Agriculture Stabilization and Conservation Service.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of **JACK L. RUBY** in "The Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, Miss **TARCO** advised that she personally did not disclose the information to the newspaper and does not know who did. She said she has never been in Dallas, Texas, and is not acquainted with **FELIX R. MC KNIGHT**, Executive Vice President and Editor of "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper. She said she is not acquainted with any person employed with "The Dallas Times Herald" nor any other person in Dallas, Texas. She said she has no idea how the newspaper may have obtained information relating to this matter.

Concerning the unauthorized publication of the complete transcript of the interview of **JACK L. RUBY** by Chief Justice **EARL WARREN** on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of **DOROTEY KILGALLEN**, Miss **TARCO** stated she personally is not acquainted with **DOROTEY KILGALLEN** and can state categorically she did not divulge the transcript to **DOROTEY KILGALLEN**. She does not know who may have furnished it to **DOROTEY KILGALLEN**. Miss **TARCO** said she is not acquainted with **JOSEPH KINGSEURY-SMITH**, publisher of the "New York Journal-American" nor does she know any other employee of the "New York Journal-American" newspaper. Miss **TARCO** said to the best of her knowledge she has not even seen the transcript of the testimony relating to the interview of **RUBY** by Chief Justice **WARREN**. She said that

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On 9/17/64 at Washington, D.C. File # WFO 44-520by SAs AUBREY S. BRENT andDONALD E. WALTER

DEN:nlm/mal

Date dictated 9/17/64

she is certain if she has seen the transcript she can state definitely that she has not read it. So far as she knows, no one on the staff of the Commission is acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Miss TARKO said she has no idea as to the means by which the "New York Journal-American" came into possession of RUBY's complete testimony.

Miss TARKO advised that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, she has no knowledge as to the source of the information for the newspaper. She asserted she did not personally disclose such information, nor does she know who did. She said she is unacquainted with CARL FREUND, a Dallas reporter, nor does she know anyone connected with "The Dallas Morning News" or any other person in Dallas, Texas.

Miss TARKO advised she cannot state definitely the number of copies made by the Commission of the RUBY transcript and she is unable to say from her own knowledge what distribution was made of it. She explained she was told by Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN, secretary to General Counsel RANKIN, that ten copies are normally made of testimony. So far as she knows, there is no log or control of internal distribution of documents after they are reproduced. It has been her observation that such copied documents are readily available to members of the Commission staff if requested.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Name Jane M. VidaDate 9/18/64

Miss JANE VIDA advised she resides in Apartment 528 at 333 South Glebe Road, Arlington, Virginia, telephone number JA 5-7395. She is regularly employed as a secretary in the Office of the Secretary of Defense and since January 6, 1964, has been loaned to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy (the Commission) where she also works as a secretary. Since about April, 1964, she has functioned as secretary to BURT GRIFFIN, staff attorney.

Miss VIDA stated she was not present at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, during the obtaining of a deposition from JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. As a matter of fact, she stated, she did not know the deposition had been taken until some time following June 7, 1964.

Miss VIDA stated she never had the transcript of the RUBY deposition or any of the copies and did not read the transcript. She stated that as a matter of fact, she did not know until a few days preceding September 18, 1964, that her superior BURT GRIFFIN had a copy of the transcript in his possession.

Miss VIDA was asked concerning a copy of the RUBY deposition of June 7, 1964, which was furnished by letter to Attorney JOE TOMAHILL. Miss VIDA produced a yellow copy of a letter of transmittal dated June 27, 1964, and stated that the letter was typewritten by her for Attorney BURT GRIFFIN, however, she could not recall having seen the enclosure and was unable to describe the deposition. Miss VIDA stated she was unable to advise further concerning this matter and could not state who attached the enclosure for mailing.

Miss VIDA stated that she is not acquainted with anyone employed by or representing "The Dallas Morning News", specifically including CARL FREUND. When questioned concerning the appearance of the deposition transcript in the

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KENNETH T. DELAYGNE

KTD:nln

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"New York Journal-American" beginning August 18, 1964, she advised she is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone representing her or the "New York Journal-American." She stated she has no idea how the transcript got into DOROTHY KILGALLEN's hands, but was positive in her assertion that she did not furnish it. Miss VIDA stated she knows of no member of the Commission or staff employee who has any contact or association with DOROTHY KILGALLEN, the "New York Journal-American" or "The Dallas Morning News."

Miss VIDA stated she has never met court reporter HELEN LAIDRICH or defense attorney JOE TONAHILL. She also stated she was unable to furnish any investigative leads and could supply no data from speculation or gossip among the personnel of the Commission staff.

Miss VIDA was also questioned concerning any knowledge she might have as to the identity of the person responsible for the release to "The Dallas Times Herald" of the results of the polygraph test afforded JACK L. RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964.

Miss VIDA stated she has no information whatever concerning this leak. She stated she was not present in Dallas, Texas, when the test was given and, in fact, has not been in Dallas for a number of years. She knew in advance that the polygraph was to be given, but did not know that it actually had been given until a day or two following July 18, 1964. She recalled that on at least two occasions she prepared for BURT W. GRIFFIN and staff attorney LEON D. HUBERT proposed questions to be used in the polygraph test to be afforded RUBY. She stated she has never furnished these proposed questions to anyone and has never been asked by anyone to do so.

Miss VIDA advised she does not know anyone who is in any way associated with "The Dallas Times Herald." Miss VIDA advised the only person she knows who attended the polygraph examination was Attorney ARLEN SPECTER. She stated specifically she did not know the court reporter Mrs. ODELL OLIVER.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Miss ANNE V. WELSH, employed as a Secretary, Task Force, Office of the Secretary of Defense, Pentagon, and residing at 857 South Frederick Street, Arlington, Virginia, home telephone number 671-6811, advised that she served as a Secretary on the President's Commission for six months from December 18, 1963 to about June 18, 1964. With the Commission, she assisted in the over-all operation of the Office of the Commission and was a secretary to Mr. SAMUEL STERN, an attorney. He was principally concerned with the reporting on the operation of the Secret Service in connection with the assassination of former President KENNEDY. D.C.

She advised that she knew that JACK RUBY had been given a polygraph examination in Dallas but at no time had she seen the results in finished form. She also advised that the first time she had seen anything regarding the testimony of RUBY at Dallas, Texas, by the Commission, was in a Dallas newspaper. She had not seen the typed results of the interview at the Commission and did not know who may be responsible for furnishing this to unauthorized persons.

She stated she had never seen a bound copy or the completed copy of the Commission report and that she had left in June, 1964, when the draft of the report was being made and the report was not complete.

She advised that she does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN personally and is not personally acquainted with any member of the press and she does not know the source of the information concerning the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY and RUBY's testimony before the President's Commission at Dallas.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64*VIVIAN N. JOHNSON*

VIVIAN N. JOHNSON, 32 Hawaii Avenue, N. E., Washington, D. C., a clerk in the Records Section, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, advised as follows concerning the leaks of information which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, under the by-line of CARL FREUND pertaining to the interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN of the United States Supreme Court and the "New York Journal-American," on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN which set forth this interview verbatim:

She came to the Commission about April 13, 1964, from the National Archives. She remained at the Commission Office about two weeks and then returned to the National Archives where she worked on Commission papers sorting and indexing the papers following which the papers were returned to the Commission and filed. She returned from National Archives about six weeks ago. She now works in the Records Unit at the Commission and has the responsibility for the records. At no time, to her knowledge, did the records, both at the Commission and National Archives, include the original transcript or Xerox copies of RUBY's testimony before Chief Justice WARREN. These documents were retained in the office of Mrs. BEVERLY HECKMAN.

She has never been to Dallas, Texas, and does not know CARL FREUND or any other reporter or employee of "The Dallas Morning News." She has never met DOROTHY KILGALLEN. She does not know any other reporters or employees of the "New York Journal-American."

Concerning the leak of information appearing in the "Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, pertaining to the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY, Mrs. JOHNSON advised as follows:

Records of her unit have not included the transcript or Xerox copies of the polygraph examination. She has no knowledge of the results of the polygraph examination appearing at the National Archives while she was there.

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2 by SAs JOHN G. GOEDTEL and
 WILFRED R. SCHLARMAN/jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

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Mrs. JOHNSON does not know any reporter or employee of the "Dallas Times Herald."

She did not furnish any Commission papers to anyone outside the Commission staff.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

1
Mrs. LAWRENCE (SHEILA B.) ADAMS, 3749 Jay Street, N.E., Apartment 5, Washington, D. C., who is presently on maternity leave from the United States Post Office Department, where she was employed as a clerk-typist in the Construction Engineering Division, Washington, D. C., furnished the following information:

Mrs. ADAMS was detailed to the President's Commission by the United States Post Office Department, during the latter part of May, 1964, and she terminated Commission employment on July 3, 1964 to go on maternity leave.

While employed by the Commission, Mrs. ADAMS engaged in general clerical activity which included occasional operation of the office switchboard. She worked under the supervision of HOWARD (?) WILLENS who was an Attorney on the Commission's staff on loan from the United States Department of Justice.

Mrs. ADAMS was not aware that she had access to any of the documents or transcripts leaked to unauthorized personnel during the course of the Commission investigation. She was also not aware of ever having seen nor handled any of the items from which information was leaked.

Mrs. ADAMS noted that although she was employed by the Commission at the time the information concerning JACK RUBY was leaked to the press, she had no knowledge of this activity and could furnish no information of value to this investigation.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

4 Mrs. M. FRANCINE DAVIS, Secretary, President's Commission on the Assassination of President ~~KENNEDY~~, was interviewed at the offices of the Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. She advised that she has been in the employ of the Commission since January 22, 1964. Prior to June, 1964, she worked primarily for the attorneys responsible for the investigation in regard to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and since June, 1964, she has worked for Dr. ALFRED GOLDBERG, whose responsibility is the writing and editing of much of the Commission's report.

Concerning the July 18, 1964, polygraph examination afforded JACK RUBY in Dallas, Texas, Mrs. DAVIS advised as follows:

She believes she may have typed questions which were being considered for use in this polygraph examination before it took place. She recalled that there were discussions at the Commission on such questions prior to the examination and that she had typed a few pages of proposed questions for consideration. Mrs. DAVIS does not ever recall having seen a transcript of this polygraph examination. She said she has never been to Dallas, Texas, and knows no one connected with any Dallas newspaper.

In connection with the interview of JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, by Chief Justice EARL WARREN and staff, Mrs. DAVIS stated that she was not aware that this interview was to take place beforehand. She advised that she cannot recall having done any typing connected with this matter and was positive in her statements that she had never seen a transcript of this interview. Mrs. DAVIS was aware that what purported to be a full transcript of the June 7, 1964, interview had appeared in the August 18, 1964, issue of the "New York Journal American" newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN. She said that she does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone connected with the "New York Journal American."

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Mrs. DAVIS stated specifically that she had never made Commission documents available to anyone outside the Commission and had never discussed information coming to her attention at the Commission with anyone not authorized to receive same.

WFO 1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

On September 18, 1964, Miss CHARLEE DIANNE DUKE, 1334 Fort Stevens Drive, N. W., Washington, D. C., Apartment 201, a typist for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, furnished the following information regarding her employment:

Miss DUKE stated that she worked from March 5, 1964, to May 28, 1964, for a Mr. EDWARD A. CONROY and Mr. JOHN J. O'BRIEN. Her place of employment was located in Room 506 of the Veterans of Foreign Wars (VFW) Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E., Washington, D. C.

CONROY and O'BRIEN were assigned to writing a chronology of all aspects of the OSWALD case beginning around 1957. The chronology included OSWALD's relatives, as well as information concerning JACK RUBY.

Reports of the investigative data for the Commission were forwarded to CONROY and O'BRIEN, who read them and extracted pertinent information for their chronology report.

CONROY would dictate his material to Miss DUKE, who would then type it on notebook sheets. The chronology, as far as Miss DUKE knew, ran to the latter part of November, 1963,

The chronology consisted of six volumes and was bound with a blue cover, which was fastened with metal clips. Each volume was approximately two inches thick.

Approximately ten copies of the chronology were made, with copies being furnished to both the defense and prosecution involved in the OSWALD case. The chronology was not classified, as far as Miss DUKE knew.

CONROY and O'BRIEN, as far as Miss DUKE knew, had copies of all investigative data for use in the chronology; however, Miss DUKE did not observe personally any volumes of the JACK RUBY testimony before Chief Justice EARL WARREN.

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The documents used in the chronology were locked in a combination safe at night, the combination being known only to CONROY, O'BRIEN, and a couple of other men working with that group.

All trash and carbons of typed material were placed in a burn bag, which was destroyed on the fourth floor of the building.

The chronology group had three rooms in the aforementioned VFW Building, and for security purposes someone was always left to watch the three rooms during the working hours of 8:15 a.m. to 4:45 p.m.

Miss DUKE did not recall taking dictation involving the testimony of JACK RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN.

Miss DUKE stated she had no knowledge that DOROTHY EILGALLEN had written a copyrighted column for the "New York Journal-American" newspaper on August 18, 1964, covering the testimony of JACK RUBY by the Chief Justice on June 7, 1964.

Miss DUKE also advised she had no knowledge of information regarding the JACK RUBY polygraph examination being released by the news media.

Miss DUKE advised that she had no reason to believe that her superiors CONROY and O'BRIEN would have leaked any information regarding their knowledge of the RUBY case to any news media or to anyone not entitled to the receipt of such information, as they seemed to her to be very security conscious.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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ANNE E. CLARK, 8027 Eastern Avenue, Silver Spring, Maryland, furnished the following information:

She stated that she is presently employed as Secretary to Mr. WINGATE UNDERHILL, Assistant to the Under-Secretary, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. She indicated that she was employed in this capacity on or about May 30, 1964, when she was assigned to the President's Commission handling investigation of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She indicated that she served as a secretary for Mr. SLAWSON, a member of the legal staff of the Commission, for approximately two weeks, and then returned to her job at the Department of Agriculture. She said that since that time she did work two or three days more for the Commission approximately one week ago.

With regard to her work with the Commission, Miss CLARK said that her work did not entail handling the testimony of JACK RUBY on June 7, 1964, before Chief Justice EARL WARREN at Dallas, Texas. She said that she never saw or handled copies of this testimony and could furnish no information concerning by whom or how it was leaked to the press. She said she did recall that DOROTHY KILGALLEN's newspaper column had printed portions of RUBY's testimony, but she, Miss CLARK, had no way of knowing whether it was the actual testimony. She said that she had never been approached by anyone to reveal the results of the Commission's investigation. She said also that she did not know of anyone who had been approached in this manner.

Miss CLARK said that she had no idea of how this information had come into DOROTHY KILGALLEN's possession, nor did she have any suspects in this matter. She said that she was not personally acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN and knew of no one who might have furnished any information to her concerning the Commission investigation. Miss CLARK said that all of her work for the Commission had been done here in Washington, D. C.

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by EDWARD W. PENNYPACKER:jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

Miss BETTY JEAN COMPTON, Secretary-Stenographer, President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was interviewed at the offices of the Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. Miss COMPTON said that she has worked for the Commission since May 8, 1964, and in that period has worked with virtually all of the attorneys on the Commission on specific jobs. D.C.

Concerning the June 7, 1964, interview of JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, by Chief Justice EARL WARREN and staff, Miss COMPTON said that she was not aware beforehand that this interview was to take place. She stated that she cannot recall ever having seen or read the official transcript of this hearing. She added that she has never been to Dallas, Texas, on business of the Commission or otherwise. Miss COMPTON advised that she is not acquainted with anyone connected with any Dallas, Texas, newspaper and specifically not with CARL FREUND. Miss COMPTON was aware that what purported to be a complete transcript of this interview had appeared in the "New York Journal American" newspaper beginning August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALIEN. Miss COMPTON said that she does not know DOROTY KILGALIEN and cannot recall ever having met anyone connected with the "Journal American."

Concerning the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964, Miss COMPTON said that she was not aware that this examination was to take place beforehand and does not recall having done any work in preparation for the examination at the Commission offices in Washington. She said that she cannot recall ever having seen the transcript of this polygraph examination. Miss COMPTON reiterated that she is acquainted with no one whom she knows to be connected with any Dallas, Texas, newspaper. She said specifically that she had never made available to any unauthorized person any Commission information or documents. Miss COMPTON commented that she had no information as to how the above unauthorized disclosures had been accomplished.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

Sally H. Hennigan
HENNIGAN
 Mrs. SALLY HENNIGAN, Secretary, was interviewed in the offices of the President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., and furnished the following information:

She commenced employment at the Commission on May 29, 1964, and since June 15, 1964, has been acting as the secretary for Mr. SAMUEL A. STERN and Mr. W. DAVID SLAWSON, Commission Attorneys.

She stated that she knew nothing concerning the June 7, 1964, interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN, was not aware in advance that the trip would be made, and was not involved in any preparations for the trip. She has never seen or read the transcript of the interview. She is not acquainted with CARL FREUND, a reporter for "The Dallas Morning News" or anyone else affiliated with that newspaper or the "Dallas Times Herald."

She recalls seeing an article in the "New York Journal American" by DOROTHY KILGALLEN which purported to be a transcript of this RUBY interview but never read it. She is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone else affiliated with the "New York Journal American." She never discussed this interview with anyone.

Concerning the polygraph examination which was afforded to JACK RUBY on July 17, 1964, in Dallas, Texas, Mrs. HENNIGAN stated that she was not aware in advance that the examination was to be given. She stated that she did not know it had taken place until after Mr. ARLEN SPECTER returned to Washington, D.C., from Dallas, Texas. She explained that on Mr. SPECTER's return he dictated a memo to her concerning the examination. This memo was to be sent to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, Chief Counsel of the Commission. She never saw a copy of the transcript.

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Mrs. HENNIGAN stated that she has never made any Commission information available to anyone not entitled to receive it. She also stated that there has never been any problem at the Commission in reproducing documents on either of the two Xerox machines.

Mrs. HENNIGAN stated that prior to approximately six weeks ago when the Commission staff left for the night the last person leaving the room was delegated the responsibility of making sure that the door to the corridor was locked. She stated on the occasions when she was the last one out she distinctly remembers locking the door. Whenever she came in in the morning, however, she found all the doors unlocked but closed.

About six weeks ago when she was working at night she observed one of the cleaning force in the space occupied by a United States Air Force Task Force on the fifth floor of 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. This would be in the area of Rooms 500 and 501. The man opened a desk drawer, and when he saw her he immediately closed it. She reported this information to personnel of this Task Force.

In the past six weeks she understands that prowlers have been observed walking the corridors in the building early in the morning. As a result, the management of the building has instructed that no member of the cleaning force should enter a room to clean it if it is occupied. The doors are all locked at night and are locked in the morning when personnel arrive. She stated that, as a result, the rooms of the Commission very rarely are cleaned.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date

9/19/64

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Mrs. ROSLYN ELAINE JOHNSON, 4201 South 31st Street, Arlington, Virginia, advised she entered on duty as a secretary (GS-3) in February, 1964, with the President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., and was assigned to work for JOHN HART ELY, law clerk of Chief Justice EARL WARREN. She said she also has done work for RICHARD MOSK, who is no longer with the Commission.

Mrs. JOHNSON stated she has not typed, nor has she seen anything regarding the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY. She has not seen a copy of the transcript of the testimony given by JACK RUBY to Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964. She stated she does not know the number of copies made of the above-mentioned report nor who requested the copies be made.

Mrs. JOHNSON advised she is not acquainted with reporters CARL FREUND and HUGH AYNESWORTH of the "Dallas Morning News" and to her knowledge she does not know anyone who may be associated with any newspapers. She stated she is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone connected with the New York Journal-American. //

Mrs. JOHNSON stated she did not furnish a copy of the testimony of JACK RUBY taken by Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, in Dallas, Texas, and has no idea who may have furnished the copy to DOROTHY KILGALLEN which appeared in the New York Journal-American. //

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/20/64

Mrs. PEARL G. KAMBER, Secretary, was interviewed in the offices of the President's Commission, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E. She has been employed at the Commission since May 6, 1964, having been previously an employee of the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Public Roads. While at the Commission she has been assigned to attorneys covering all areas of the investigation. DC

Mrs. KAMBER stated she was aware that JACK RUBY was to be interviewed in Dallas, Texas, by Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964, as she was engaged in making some of the preparations for the interview. She has never seen a copy of the transcript of that interview, however. She has never been to Dallas, Texas, and is not acquainted with CARL FREUND or anyone else affiliated with the "Dallas Morning News."

She is not acquainted with DOROTY KILGALLAN or anyone affiliated with the "New York Journal-American."

Concerning the polygraph examination afforded to RUBY on July 18, 1964, in Dallas, Texas, Mrs. KAMBER cannot recall having had anything to do with it. She does recall having seen a copy of a newspaper containing the transcript, but has never seen a copy of the Commission transcript. She is not acquainted with anyone affiliated with the "Dallas Times Herald." She stated she has never furnished any Commission information or documents to anyone not entitled to receive them.

Mrs. KAMBER had no opinion as to the source of the leaks of Commission information. She stated the leaks gave the staff a feeling of frustration since these premature releases make the issuance of the Commission report anticlimactic.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64David L. Luhn

Mr. DAVID P. LUHM, Administrative Index Section, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D. C., advised he was detailed to the President's Commission looking into the assassination of President KENNEDY, from April 29, 1964, to August 14, 1964. During the first three weeks he worked at the National Archives under the direction of Mr. MAURICE MOORE classifying reports received as to topic matter. After the third week he worked in the Commission's Office located at the Veterans of Foreign Wars (VFW) building under the supervision of Miss JOSEPHINE FARRAR.

At the VFW building, Mr. LUHM said he was responsible for making sure the proper copies needed for the Commission's files were zeroxed and routed to the appropriate section as to topic matter. He said the Commission's office had two zerox machines at their disposal and that one of the machines was operated by an individual whose first name was DOUGLAS (last name not recalled). He said DOUGLAS did the zeroxing of copies for the Attorneys, stenographers and Commission members. The other machine was used by most anyone that knew how to operate same. Also that when the chauffeur for Mr. RANKIN was not busy that he would operate the second machine. He said the chauffeur's first name was NED but did not recall his last name.

Mr. LUHM said during his official tour with the Commission that he does not recall ever seeing the transcript of JACK RUBY's testimony before Chief Justice WARREN and Commission members taken in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964. Also he does not recall seeing the results of the polygraph examination afforded to JACK RUBY in Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964.

LUHM said he is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN personally or any members of the press or reportorial staffs of national magazines.

He had no idea how the items appeared in the Dallas, Texas, newspaper as well as "New York Journal-American," or "Life" magazine. He recalled that in August, 1964, he over-

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heard Miss JOSEPHINE FARRAR, an employee of the Commission, talking to someone whose name he did not recall, that the previous night she had been told by someone to not lock the files and that the guard on duty that night would be responsible for the security of same.

Mr. LUHM said he never gave anyone, not authorized to receive same, any of the material pertaining to reports or memoranda received by the President's Commission.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

ella mc call

Mrs. ELLA MARIE MC CALL, 1933 Second Street, N.E., Apartment 2, advised she entered on duty with the United States Department of Justice in November of 1961 as a file clerk and was loaned to the President's Commission on March 5, 1964. Her duties at the Commission consist of indexing the mail and other general duties as a file clerk. *no other DC*

Mrs. MC CALL stated she has seen several copies of Federal Bureau of Investigation reports and office memoranda pertaining to the polygraph examination and interview of JACK RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN in the course of her duties as a file clerk. She stated, however, that she has not seen a transcript of the testimony taken from JACK RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN. She stated she does not know how many copies were made of the transcript entitled "President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY---Report of Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Sunday, June 7, 1964," which consisted of 103 pages, nor does she know who requested copies of this transcript.

Mrs. MC CALL stated she is not acquainted with anyone who is employed or associated with newspapers and that DOROTHY KILGALLEN is definitely not an acquaintance of hers.

She stated she does not know Mr. CARL FREUND and HUGH AYNESWORTH of the "Dallas Morning News."

Mrs. MC CALL advised she did not furnish the information regarding the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY nor does she know who may have furnished this information to the "Dallas Times Herald" or the "Dallas Morning News" in Dallas, Texas. She said she does not know who could have furnished a copy of the "President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY---Report of Proceedings Held at Dallas, Texas, Sunday, June 7, 1964," which contains questions answered by JACK RUBY in regard to the assassination of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, which appeared in the "New York Journal American."

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On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SA JAMES LEO ELDER:cjl Date dictated 9/18/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Mrs. LOUISE S. McKENZIE, 5623 3rd Street, N.W.,
Washington, D. C., furnished the following information:

Mrs. McKENZIE advised that she is presently unemployed but was formerly employed on a part-time basis as a clerk-typist for the Audit Division, Internal Revenue Service, Washington, D.C. She said that she resigned from this job about June 21, 1964, because of illness, but intends to return to the job when her health permits.

She said that during the period of her employment, she was assigned to work as a clerk-typist for the President's Commission handling the investigation of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She said that in this capacity she worked for the Commission from March 3, 1964, until approximately May 30, 1964. During this time she worked for Mr. EDWARD CONROY and Inspector JOHN J. O'BRIEN, both of the Internal Revenue Service assigned to the Commission.

Mrs. McKENZIE said that during her employment for the Commission she handled typing, filing and research matters. She said that she had no knowledge of how the testimony of JACK RUEY was handled at the Commission. She said that inasmuch as she had departed the Commission prior to June 7, 1964, the date the testimony was taken at Dallas, she was not in a position to have seen it or know anything about it.

She said that she was aware that DOROTHY KILGALLEN had published material in her newspaper column concerning the investigation of the Commission. However, she said that she, herself, had never been approached by anyone to reveal results of the Commission investigation, nor did she know of anyone else who might have been approached for this purpose. She said that she had no information as to who might have leaked information to the press, nor did she know how the press might have obtained information concerning the Commission's investigation.

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On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # KFO 44-520
by SAS PHILIP C. LEWIS and
EDWARD W. PENNYPACKER/jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

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Mrs. EDMUND L. (JEAN H.) MILLARD, Secretary to the Assistant for Administrative Management, Office of Administrative Services, Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Administration), Pentagon, Arlington, Virginia, furnished the following information: D.C.

Mrs. MILLARD was detailed to the President's Commission by the Department of Defense from January 6, 1964 to April 13, 1964, when she returned of her own volition to the Department of Defense to fill a permanent employment position which had opened and which she now holds. She had previously been floating in the Defense Department's personnel pool. She has been cleared to have access to top secret information.

Mrs. MILLARD had left Commission employment shortly after testimony had been initially furnished by MARIA OSWALD and the other members of the LEE HARVEY OSWALD family.

While attached to the Commission Mrs. MILLARD was employed as Secretary to JOSEPH BALL, Senior Attorney, and DAVID BELIN, Junior Attorney, in the group which reviewed the entire facts of the actual assassination up to where OSWALD had entered the taxicab in his departure from the crime scene.

During Mrs. MILLARD's employment with the Commission transcripts of testimony, some of which were classified "Top Secret," were closely guarded at the Commission's Offices. These items were always kept under close control in the office of J. LEE RANKIN. When a transcript or other classified document was needed for review it was personally obtained from RANKIN's office by the interested staff member, rather than by his secretary or other auxiliary employees.

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The secretarial and clerical employees of the Commission who were the female employees, were greatly restricted as to the availability of Commission documents to them, but the staff members, who were the male employees, had far greater latitude in this regard and could secure these documents with a minimum of effort.

Protection from trespass upon Commission space from without was effectively afforded by the security guard force of the building.

Mrs. MILLARD was unable to furnish any specific information revealing or indicating the sources of leakage of Commission material. She considered that any leakage through Commission employees could have been more easily facilitated through the men employees than through the women employees. She further considered, however, that the leaks must have been from sources outside of Commission employment.

Mrs. MILLARD noted that all leakage of documents relating to JACK RUBY occurred long after her termination of Commission employment. She noted that the RUBY testimony before the Commission and the polygraph examination of RUBY did not take place until long after her employment termination.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/18/64

Mr. MAURICE MOORE, Management Analyst, General Services Administration, Regional Office, Washington, D. C., advised he worked for the President's Commission looking into the assassination of President KENNEDY from April 13, 1964, until June 19, 1964. His responsibility was to read and classify FBI reports by topic matter and set up and designate an alphabetical listing of organizations and individuals mentioned therein concerning aspects of the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mr. MOORE was responsible to Miss JOSEPHINE FARRAR, an employee of the file room of the Commission at the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building. He said a team of individuals were assigned to him for the purpose of reading and classifying the incoming FBI reports and correspondence only. Mr. MOORE said none of the material was in the form of a transcript. He identified the team working with him as HAROLD RYAN, Mrs. LA RHUE BRUBAKER, RAY SHUETLEFF and Mrs. VIVIAN JOHNSON of the National Archives. Also, Mrs. OLGA HILL, Mrs. VONNIE PERRY and Mr. DAVID LUHM of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D. C. During part of the time a Mr. RANDALL ROOTS of the General Services Administration and STEVEN PINTER, 2633 South Wayne Street, Arlington, Virginia, were working with his team classifying FBI reports as to topic matter.

Mr. MOORE said neither he nor the persons responsible to him that were named in the previous paragraph to his knowledge ever saw the testimony of JACK RUBY taken in Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, before Chief Justice WARREN and members of the President's Commission.

He said numerous copies of excerpts were Xeroxed from the FBI reports submitted in order that they could be broken down and filed in the appropriate file concerning the topic matter in question and that he had this material Xeroxed himself at either the Department of Justice Building, National Archives, or on one of the two machines that were available at the Commission Office in the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building.

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Deleted Copy, Sent RAY F. SHUETLEFF
by Letter 8/29/75 lsh

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Mr. MOORE said DOROTHY KILGALLEN was not known to him personally and that he did not have any knowledge how the verbatim transcript of JACK RUBY's testimony taken on June 7, 1964, found its way into her possession.

Mr. MOORE advised he worked for the President's Commission looking into the assassination of President KENNEDY from April 13, 1964, until June 19, 1964. He said therefore that he has never seen the results of the polygraph examination afforded JACK RUBY at the Dallas County Jail, Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

Miss MARY L. ~~NORTON~~, employed as a Secretary, Task Force, Office of The Secretary of Defense, Pentagon, and who resides at 2A Auburn Court, Alexandria, Virginia, with home telephone number KI 8-2693, advised she had previously worked on the President's Commission from January, 1964, to about July 13, 1964. D.C.

She explained she had returned to the Commission from the Defense Department for several days after July 13, 1964, but during that week, to complete some work and on an overtime basis. While with the Commission, she worked as a Secretary for Mr. ARLEN SPECTER and Mr. FRANCIS ADAMS, Attorneys for the Commission. The area of their work was concerned principally with the actual assassination of former President KENNEDY and his tour from Washington, D. C., to Dallas, Texas, and up to the autopsy.

She advised that she and other members of the Commission were told of the type of work they were doing and were told of the need to keep the work done in confidence. Even if the papers handled bore no classification, they were told to treat them as confidential. She said she had followed these instructions religiously.

She stated that Mr. SPECTER had been the Commission representative at Dallas for the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY; however, she was not certain whether he was actually present during the examination. She said that the actual finished copy of the polygraph examination had not been received by her office in Washington, D. C., until after information concerning the test had appeared in a Dallas newspaper. In fact, according to Miss NORTON, the typing of the examination had not been completed at the time it appeared in the Dallas newspaper. She did not know the source of the article appearing in the Dallas newspaper.

She also advised that Mr. SPECTER was present in Dallas at the interview of JACK RUBY, which Mr. WARREN

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by SA MALCOLM P. CARR: mbb/jmm Date dictated 9/18/64

conducted. She stated she had never seen the completed copies of this interview of RUBY. She stated, however, that information concerning the interview had been published in the newspapers but she did not know the source of the articles.

She does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN personally and does not know any members of the press personally. She has never seen a bound copy of the Commission's report and does not know the source of KILGALLEN's article appearing in "The New York Journal-American." She stated she has never furnished any information concerning the Commission's work or work done by her for the Commission and she did not know of anyone who may have furnished information to unauthorized persons regarding the Commission's investigation.

Call *De Earl* She added that she has been thinking but has no basis for the assumption that possibly JOHN DALY, who is married to Chief Justice WARREN's daughter and who is the moderator of the program, "What's My Line" on which KILGALLEN appears as a panelist, may be a source of information to KILGALLEN. She also noted that in clipping newspapers for the benefit of the Commission, she had noted that KILGALLEN had visited Dallas frequently during the trial of RUBY.

Dorothy

Report

NY Journal

NY Times

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/18/64

EDWARD R. PIERPOINT, 111 West Nelson Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia, was interviewed at the Commission offices, and advised that he was hired by the Commission as a messenger, but that his principal duty has been to operate Xerox machines for the reproduction of various documents. D.C.

Mr. PIERPOINT stated that he specifically recalls that either **ADELE LIPPAED** or **JULIA T. EIDE** instructed him to run off ten copies of the testimony of **JACK RUBY** on an unrecalled date in June, 1964. He said that he completed this assignment in about three and one-half hours and finished about 2:00 or 3:00 in the afternoon. Upon completing this work he turned the original and the copies over to Mrs. **JULIE T. EIDE**. He does not know what she did with them, but presumes that they were sent to the various members of the Commission. He said that he may have delivered the copies of this testimony to the members, with the exception of Mr. **ALLEN W. DULLES**; however, it is his opinion that these copies were delivered by **DOUGLAS PRATEER**, who generally makes deliveries of various documents for the Commission.

Mr. PIERPOINT stated that he has no record regarding when this material was reproduced. He stated he did not keep a copy of this document for himself and he has no knowledge that any other copy was given to an unauthorized person. He also stated that no copy of this document, to the best of his knowledge, was loaned to any unauthorized person.

Mr. PIERPOINT advised that about one week after he reproduced the ten copies, he was instructed to reproduce either two or three additional copies. He cannot recall who instructed him to make these additional copies. All copies which he reproduced were made from the original transcript of **RUBY's** testimony. He was not informed as to why these additional copies were necessary. After reproducing these additional copies, he gave them to Mrs. **EIDE** as he had done in the past.

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SAs **JOHN R. TIERNEY** and
by GEORGE J. LEX, JR. :jsw/uln Date dictated 9/17/64

Mr. PIERPOINT also stated that he has no independent knowledge of reproducing any documents pertaining to a Polygraph examination given to Mr. RUBY in Dallas, Texas, by representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He stated that he is of the opinion that he did reproduce copies of documents pertaining to this.

In conclusion, Mr. PIERPOINT stated he had never disclosed any information from the Commission files to anyone and he has no knowledge concerning the identity of anyone, whether a Commission member or employee, having disclosed any information to any unauthorized individual. He stated he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and has never seen her in person. He commented, of course, he has seen her on television.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/18/64

DOUGLAS PRATHER, 1010 Columbia Road, N. W., Washington, D. C. advised that he is employed by the Commission as a Messenger. He delivers sealed envelopes containing various documents to members of the Commission as well as to other officials or offices of the United States Government. He stated that since the envelopes are sealed, he is not aware of their contents or the nature of the documents contained therein except they pertain to the work of the Commission.

Mr. PRATHER advised he has never disclosed any information from files of the Commission to any unauthorized individual nor is he aware of anyone who has. Mr. PRATHER added that he is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN although he is aware she appears on TV.

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/dab

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Carolyn A. Schweinsberg Date 9/18/64

Miss CAROLYN SCHWEINSBERG, 2001 Columbia Road, N.W., advised she is a telephone operator and a clerk-typist with the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy. She has been so employed since January 29, 1964.

Washington, DC.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY in "The Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, Miss SCHWEINSBERG said she has not ever read the testimony, did not divulge it to any unauthorized person and does not know who may have furnished it to a newspaper reporter. She said she has never been in Dallas, Texas, and is not acquainted with FELIX R. MC KNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of "The Dallas Times Herald," nor anyone else on that paper.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the complete testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Miss SCHWEINSBERG advised she has not read the testimony of RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN and she certainly did not make it available to DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Furthermore, she has no idea who may have disclosed the information or made a copy of the testimony available to KILGALLEN. She said she is not personally acquainted with KILGALLEN, JOSEPH KINGSBURY-SMITH, Publisher of the "New York Journal-American," or any other person on that newspaper.

Miss SCHWEINSBERG advised that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, she has no knowledge as to the source of the information for the newspaper. She said she did not personally disclose such information nor does she know who did. She is not acquainted with CARL FREUND, a reporter, or anyone else connected with "The Dallas Morning News".

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SAs DONALD E. WALTER and

AUBREY S. BRENT

DEW:eeb/nln

Date dictated 9/18/64

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Miss SCHWEINSBERG said she has no knowledge concerning the duplication of copies of testimony received by the Commission nor does she have knowledge concerning the internal distribution of them.

In connection with her duties as a phone operator she explained it is possible to make outgoing local phone calls without going through the switchboard, so many made by staff members do not come to her attention. She can recall no incoming calls from DOROTHY KILGALLEN, nor does she know of any staff or Commission member ever attempting to phone DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/641

Margaret C. Yager
Mrs. MARGARET C. YAGER, 3850 Tunlaw Road, N.W.,
Apartment 107, Washington, D. C., was interviewed at the
Commission Offices.

She stated she is employed as a Staff Secretary for
the Commission. She takes dictation from various staff members
of the Commission and performs any other duties of a clerical
nature assigned to her.

She denied ever having disclosed any information
from the Commission files to any unauthorized person. She
has no idea how various news media obtained information concerning
RUBY's testimony on June 7, 1964, or the results of the
polygraph examination afforded him.

She advised she has never seen or had a transcript
of RUBY's testimony or his polygraph examination. She has
never read DOROTHY KILGALLEN's articles concerning RUBY's
testimony in a New York newspaper. She does not know
DOROTHY KILGALLEN except for having seen her on television.

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Miss CHARLENE CARDWELL, 1360 Adams Street, N.E., Washington, D. C., a former typist for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, furnished the following information regarding her employment:

Miss CARDWELL advised that she worked for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY from August 13, 1964, to August 25, 1964. Her place of employment was located in Room 440 of the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, D. C.

Miss CARDWELL typed rough drafts for two attorneys whose names she could not recall. She typed testimony regarding RUBY's appearance before Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964. The typing was from handwritten notes and paragraphs of Xeroxed copies of the testimony.

There were four other women in the room with Miss CARDWELL. After the typing was completed Miss CARDWELL would furnish her typewritten pages to a Mr. LIEDLER (phonetic).

Miss CARDWELL never observed a complete copy of RUBY's testimony. She recalled making copies of an unknown report on a Xerox machine; however, she did not observe what the copies related to, other than the fact they were from the State Department and classified "Secret."

Miss CARDWELL also typed notices of newspaper clippings regarding the OSWALD case and recalled observing an article by DOROTHY KILGALLEN referring to the JACK RUBY testimony. However, she could not recall the newspaper nor the date that she read the article.

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Miss CARDWELL advised she did not have any reason to suspect anyone with whom she worked of furnishing any information to DOROTHY KILGALLAN.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/19/64Serresa of

On September 18, 1964, Miss SERRESA MINTER, 909 Evarts Street, N.E., Washington, D. C., a former typist for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, furnished the following information regarding her employment:

Miss MINTER worked for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy from August 13, 1964, to August 24, 1964, as a typist for a lawyer, LIEDLER (phonetic). Her place of employment was located in Room 404 of the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., Washington, D. C.

Miss MINTER's work consisted of typing rough draft copies of the testimony of JACK RUBY before Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964.

Miss MINTER typed from Xerox copies which had been corrected, such as paragraphs added and deleted, the added paragraphs having been written in longhand by someone unknown to her. The Xeroxed copies of the RUBY testimony consisted of loose pages taken from the complete testimony. At no time did Miss MINTER observe the completed volume of the testimony. The testimony was being condensed and she observed approximately sixty pages reduced to twenty-five pages by the time she terminated her employment there. Miss MINTER did not know why part of the testimony was being deleted.

Miss MINTER worked until approximately 7:00 to 8:00 p.m. each evening and was generally alone in the room prior to leaving at night. Other employees working the night shift were generally out to dinner at the time she left,

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thereby leaving no one in the room at that time. The night shift generally returned approximately ten to fifteen minutes after her departure. Miss MINTER would take the papers she was working on, place them in a manila folder and leave them on the corner of her desk.

The night personnel had passes in order to gain entrance to the building and a guard was on duty at the front door to the building, however, the room in which Miss MINTER worked was vacant for a period of time and the Xeroxed copies of the RUBY testimony were left unguarded during this time.

There were four other typists in the room with Miss MINTER, most of whom brought their lunch. This, therefore, did not necessitate the room being unoccupied during lunch time, at which time anyone would have access to the building.

The Xeroxed copies of the RUBY testimony did not have a classification affixed to them, however, they were maintained loosely in a folder classified "Confidential."

An unknown male brought the Xeroxed copies to her to be typed in rough draft form and when finished Miss MINTER returned them to Mr. LIEDLER's Office, Room 503.

Miss MINTER observed a New York newspaper on Thursday, August 20, 1964, which reflected RUBY's testimony before the Commission. Miss MINTER and the four other women thought that it was funny that it appeared in the newspaper while they were typing it and all of the girls laughed. The newspaper account appeared to be verbatim to the testimony.

Miss MINTER also typed Mrs. OSWALD's testimony which Mrs. OSWALD had given before the Commission. The copy of this testimony had been Xeroxed. The pages were loose and it was in a brown manila folder. Miss MINTER retyped the whole transcript.

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Miss MINTER advised she was not acquainted with anyone in the news media and did not furnish any information regarding her work with the Commission to any unauthorized person.

Miss MINTER did not have any reason to suspect anyone with whom she worked as having furnished any information to individuals not entitled to receive such information.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 9/20/64

1 Miss BEATRICE ^VWILDER was interviewed at her residence, 4507 South 34th Street, Arlington, Virginia. Miss WILDER advised that she is a secretary in the Office of the Chief of Communications-Electronics, Department of the Army, Arlington, Virginia. She explained that about June 22, 1964, she was designated on loan to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, and had worked in the offices of the Commission as a secretary for one week only before returning to her regular position with the Department of the Army.

Miss WILDER said that during the period she was attached to the Commission, she had worked in Room 506 at the Commission offices, 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E. she said that the area of the investigation to which she was assigned was the biography and activities of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She said that her main duties were the typing of drafts and memoranda concerned with the proposed final report of the Commission. She said that she had little if any occasion to see and work with the transcripts of testimony or other Commission documents.

Miss WILDER said that she cannot recall ever having seen any Commission documents or having received any information from Commission sources concerning JACK RUBY, while she was in the employ of the Commission.

She said that she has never visited Dallas, Texas, and that she has never been acquainted with any person known to her to be connected with any Dallas, Texas, newspaper. She said further that she is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLAN or anyone else affiliated with the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

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Miss WILDER said specifically that she has never made available, to anyone not authorized to receive same, any information or documents which had come into her possession through her connection with the Commission. She said that she could offer no information as to how these unauthorized disclosures may have taken place, which resulted in Commission information appearing in the press.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/19/64

JAMES H. PIPKIN, JR., 6409 Shadow Road, Chevy Chase, Maryland, advised he was employed on a volunteer (without pay) basis by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy at Washington, D. C., from July 16, 1964, to August 3, 1964. He stated he had completed work at the United States Supreme Court and was in a terminal leave status when he volunteered to assist the Commission. He stated he is a recent graduate of Harvard Law School. He advised that during the brief period he assisted the Commission his duties consisted in checking the accuracy of footnotes and supplying footnotes where they were lacking. During his employment he was exclusively in Washington, D. C., and did not have occasion to go to Dallas, Texas.

Mr. PIPKIN advised that during the brief period of his association with the Commission he did not see or read the deposition obtained on June 7, 1964, from JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN. He was, of course, not present at the taking of the deposition and during his employment had no official interest in the deposition. He stated he has no idea whatever as to how the deposition came into the possession of "The Dallas Morning News," DOROTHY KILGALLEN, or the "New York Journal-American." He stated he is not acquainted with anyone associated with "The Dallas Morning News," including CARL FREUND; he is not acquainted with anyone associated with the "New York Journal-American" and, specifically, does not know and has never had any contact with DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

Mr. PIPKIN was questioned concerning his knowledge as to the publication in the July 22, 1964, issue of "The Dallas Times Herald" of an account of the polygraph test afforded JACK L. RUBY at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964. He advised he never saw the polygraph examination, never read it, and has no information whatever as to who may have furnished it to "The Dallas Times Herald." He pointed out

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that during the brief period of his association with the Commission he had no official interest in or contact with the polygraph test.

Mr. PIPKIN stated he was unable to offer any suggestions whatever as to the identity of the persons responsible for any of the leaks of information mentioned herein above.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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1Date 9/19/64

Mr. EDWARD G. GEBO, 12615 Beechfern Lane, Bowie, Maryland, advised he is an employee of the Government Printing Office (GPO) on loan to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. He said his job is to assist in the preparation of Commission documents for printing by the GPO. He began duty with the Commission on May 1, 1964.

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY in the "Dallas Times Herald" on July 22, 1964, Mr. GEBO advised he did not personally divulge the contents of the transcript of the polygraph examination to any newspaperman or any other person. He said he has no idea who may have disclosed the contents to the newspaper. Mr. GEBO said he has never been in Dallas, Texas, and is not acquainted with anyone living in that city. He said he knows no one employed on the "Dallas Times Herald" nor is he acquainted with FELIX R. McKNIGHT, Executive Vice President and Editor of the "Dallas Times Herald." GEBO said he believes he has seen the transcript of the polygraph examination in connection with preparing the copy for printing but he certainly had no time to read it. He said he has no idea who may have furnished the information to the newspaper.

Concerning the unauthorized publication of the complete testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. GEBO advised he did not furnish the information to Miss KILGALLEN nor does he know who did. He is not personally acquainted with her nor anyone else on the payroll of the "New York Journal American." He does not know JOSEPH KINGSEURY-SMITH, Publisher of the "New York Journal American." Mr. GEBO said he undoubtedly had handled the copy of the RUBY interview by Chief Justice WARREN in connection with his duties, but he did not read it in its entirety. Mr. GEBO does not know anyone on the staff of the President's Commission who knows DOROTHY KILGALLEN. He has no idea how KILGALLEN may have come into possession of a transcript.

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AUBREY S. BRENT:DEW/eeb Date dictated 9/18/64

GEBO advised that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, he has no knowledge as to the source of information for the newspaper. He said he did not personally disclose such information nor does he know who did. He does not know the reporter CARL FREUND nor any other employee of the "Dallas Morning News."

Mr. GEBO said he has no information concerning the number of copies which are made of testimony before the Commission nor does he have any understanding or knowledge of the internal distribution of those copies. He said such a matter was outside his province as a GPO liaison employee. He said his job is to prepare Commission documents for printing. This involves some correction of copy by him or members of his staff to be certain the Commission copy is prepared in accordance with GPO instructions. Thereafter, he forwards this material to the GPO. When a galley proof has been returned he must see that the galley proof is available for staff members to review and correct. Final corrections are once again forwarded by him to the GPO. GEBO said he started with a staff of three employees in May, 1964, but now has five men engaged in this type of work for the Commission.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/641

DONALD WAYNE CRAVER, 1907 Camp Alger Avenue,
Falls Church, Virginia, was interviewed at the Commission's
Office. DC

Mr. CRAVER advised he is a Government Printing Office (GPO) proofreader assigned to the Commission. Although his job title is proofreader, while assigned to the Commission he does not proofread copy. His duties consist of cutting, pasting, and numbering various documents for transmittal to the GPO for printing. When the material is returned from GPO, he peruses the material for indexing.

Mr. CRAVER stated he has never disclosed to any unauthorized person any information coming to his attention at the Commission and knows of no one else who has divulged any such information.

Mr. CRAVER stated he has never met DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

COPIES DESTROYED

2 - MAR 2 1973

9/18/64

at

Washington, D. C.

File # WFO 44-520

N. R. TIERNEY /jsv

Date dictated 9/18/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date 9/19/64

Mr. WILLARD C. FLAUGH, 3006 Fairchild Drive, Alexandria, Virginia, telephone South 5-3017, advised that he is employed by the United States Government Printing Office (GPO), Washington, D. C. He was on loan as a proof reader to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy from May 1 to July 13, 1964. DC

With regard to the unauthorized publication of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY in "The Dallas Times Herald" July 22, 1964, Mr. FLAUGH advised that he had returned to the GPO July 13, 1964, and had no information concerning the polygraph transcript. He said that he personally did not have the information to divulge and suspected no one on the Commission staff or elsewhere. He said that he had never been in Dallas, Texas, and did not know anyone affiliated with "The Dallas Times Herald."

Concerning the unauthorized publication of the complete testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice EARL WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in the "New York Journal-American" on August 18, 1964, under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. FLAUGH stated that he did not see RUBY's testimony until after he, Mr. FLAUGH, returned to the GPO. He advised that he had to proofread the transcript of RUBY's testimony at GPO for accuracy and GPO publication style. This was his only connection with RUBY's testimony.

Mr. FLAUGH stated that he certainly did not divulge any information concerning this testimony to anyone and he has no idea who may have. He remarked that he does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN or anyone associated with the "New York Journal-American."

Mr. FLAUGH advised that he had no idea how many copies of JACK L. RUBY's testimony were made by the President's Commission. He remarked that the Commission did have a Xerox

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21 JAN 2 1973

9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File# WFO 44-520

BERRY S. BRENT:eeb/nln

Date dictated 9/18/64

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WFO 44-520

2

machine on the fifth floor of its headquarters and therefore was in a position to make reproductions of the transcript if desired. He had no information whatsoever regarding intro-Commission distribution of RUBY's transcript.

Mr. FLAUGH stated that with regard to the unauthorized publication of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN on June 7, 1964, which appeared in "The Dallas Morning News" on June 27, 1964, he had no knowledge as to the source of the information for the newspaper. He advised he did not disclose such information and does not know who did. He stated that he did not know CARL FREUND or anyone affiliated with "The Dallas Morning News."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

1
ALTON M. HOWARD, 1503 Cottage Street, Vienna, Virginia, was interviewed at the Commission's Office. D.C.

Mr. HOWARD advised he is a Government Printing Office (GPO) proofreader assigned to the Commission. Although his job title is proofreader, while assigned to the Commission he does not proofread copy. His duties consist of cutting, pasting, and numbering various documents for transmittal to the GPO for printing. When the material is returned from GPO, he peruses the material for indexing.

Mr. HOWARD stated he has never disclosed to any unauthorized person any information coming to his attention in the Commission and knows of no one else who has divulged any such information.

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21 JAN 2 1973On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 105-37111by SA GEORGE J. LEX, JR. /jsw Date dictated 9/18/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

540

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/19/64

1
BRUCE E. NISSLEY, 11709 Church Lane, Wheaton, Maryland, was interviewed at the Commission's Office.

Mr. NISSLEY advised he is a Government Printing Office (GPO) proofreader assigned to the Commission. Although his job title is proofreader, while assigned to the Commission he does not proofread copy. His duties consist of cutting, pasting, and numbering various documents for transmittal to the GPO for printing. When the material is returned from GPO, he perused the material for indexing.

Mr. NISSLEY stated he has never disclosed to any unauthorized person any information coming to his attention in the Commission and knows of no one else who has divulged any such information.

Mr. NISSLEY stated he has never met DOROTHY KILGALLAN.

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21 JAN 2 1973

On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SA GEORGE J. LEX, JR. /jsw Date dictated 9/18/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date 9/19/64

1
EARL SAYE, 3102 N. Hilton Street, Baltimore, Maryland
was interviewed at the Commission's Office.

Mr. SAYE advised he is a Government Printing Office (GPO) proofreader assigned to the Commission. Although his job title is proofreader while assigned to the Commission he does not proofread copy. His duties consist of cutting, pasting and numbering various documents for transmittal to the GPO for printing. When the material is returned from GPO, he peruses the material for indexing. DC

Mr. SAYE stated he has never disclosed to any unauthorized person any information coming to his attention at the Commission and knows of no one else who has divulged any such information.

Mr. SAYE stated he has never met DOROTHY KILGALLAN.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

On 9/18/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SA JOHN R. TIERNEY/jgm Date dictated 9/18/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

11:42

FBI

Date: 9/19/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReWFO airtel to Bureau 9/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum in the above captioned matter, dated as above, suitable for dissemination.

One copy each is enclosed for Dallas and WFO.

3-Bureau (Encls. 10)
1-Dallas (Encl. 1) (44-1369)
1-Washington Field (Encl. 1) (44-5285C-1)
1-New York
JCH:mkp
(7)

*let to Penhouse
9/23/64 with
2 cc 1011*

*1 cc 1011
1 cc 1011
1 cc 1011*

EX-108

17 SEP 24 1964

2045

C. G. Wick.

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 19, 1964

Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached are the results of an interview with Melvin A. Eisenberg, Assistant Counsel to the President's Commission.

COPIES DESTROYED

2 7 1973

ENCLOSURE

1.

Mr. Melvin A. Eisenberg, 147-28 Charter Road, Queens, New York, Assistant Counsel to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, advised that he was on the staff of Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, and was concerned primarily with developing expert testimony regarding firearms, fingerprints, questioned documents, hairs and fibers, and photographs.

Mr. Eisenberg said he has never seen either the original or a copy of the deposition of Jack L. Ruby to the President's Commission and that he has no idea who might have furnished a copy of this deposition to Miss Dorothy Kilgallen.

Mr. Eisenberg said that he was in Washington, D.C., from about February 1, 1964, until about May 30, 1964, and since that time has been residing at Queens, New York. He said he still does work for the Commission and occasionally travels to Washington, D.C., on the week-end.

Mr. Eisenberg said that he was not present at the interview of Jack L. Ruby on June 7, 1964, and that he is not acquainted with Miss Dorothy Kilgallen.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

On 9/19/64 at Queens, New York File # 44-974
by SAS JOE C. NESTER and EUGENE W. O'NEILL/mkp Date dictated 9/19/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

END OF FILE

FBI

Date: 9/17/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (44-494) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
OO: DALLAS

ReEuairtel 9/14/64 captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka, IS-R-CUBA" and as above.

ENCLOSURES:

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original
and six (6) copies of a Letterhead Memorandum setting
forth results of interview with MELVIN M. BELLI, at San
Francisco, California, on September 17, 1964.

One copy of this airtel and LHM are designated
to the Dallas Office for information.

The interview with Mr. BELLI was conducted by
Special Agents WILLIAM N. KIDWELL, JR. and FRANKLIN S.

PURROUGHS

ENCLOSURE

- (3) - Bureau (Encl. 7) (AMSD)
1 - Dallas (Encl. 1) (Info)
2 - San Francisco
(1-89-58)

WNK:sah #2
(6)

*let to P...
with 2 cc of info of 6 div
9/23/64
100-20-10000
REC-11
2046*

WICK-108 SEP 24 1964

58 SEP 29 1964

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

SECRET



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California

September 17, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On September 17, 1964, MELVIN M. BELLI, Attorney at Law, 722 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Mr. BELLI's Offices. Mr. BELLI stated that he has no positive information concerning so-called "leaks" to the press or other news media, of information pertaining to the JACK L. RUBY case. He stated that while he was acting as attorney for RUBY in Dallas, Texas, he was sure that certain information concerning this case was made available to the press and other news media. He advised that he cannot furnish any positive information as to the identity of the person or persons responsible for this leak of information. He pointed out that some time prior to the start of the RUBY trial in Dallas, JACK L. RUBY was afforded a medical examination, which included the taking of an electroencephalogram. He stated that this examination was performed with the full agreement of both the defense and the prosecution. The electroencephalogram was obtained through an examination performed in a private clinic in Dallas. Other than the medical staff of this clinic, the only persons present on this occasion were JOE H. TONAHILL, an attorney for RUBY, Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM A. ALEXANDER of Dallas, and RUBY. The results of this examination were supposed to be maintained in confidence, however, a day or two following the examination, an article appeared in "The Dallas Morning News", a daily newspaper, setting forth the results of the electroencephalogram.

Mr. BELLI stated that he does not suspect Attorney TONAHILL or the medical staff of the private clinic in this matter. He advised that he does suspect Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM A. ALEXANDER of having been responsible for revealing the circumstances and results of this confidential examination.

Mr. BELLI advised that he has no information concerning the public disclosure of the results of the interview between RUBY and Chief Justice WARREN of the President's Commission. He stated he has no information concerning any

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21 JAN 4 1973

44-24016-777
ENCLOSURE

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

public disclosure of the results of a polygraph examination afforded RUBY during July of 1964. He stated that his suspicions would rest with Mr. ALEXANDER if, in fact, Mr. ALEXANDER had first-hand knowledge of this information. He pointed out that Mr. ALEXANDER is desirous of becoming District Attorney at Dallas, Texas, to succeed present District Attorney HENRY WADE. He explained that it is his understanding that WADE will be appointed as a judge in the Federal Courts.

Texas



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

September 17, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

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Mr. BELLI stated that he does not suspect Attorney TONAHILL or the medical staff of the private clinic in this matter. He advised that he does suspect Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM ALEXANDER of having been responsible for revealing the circumstances and results of this confidential examination.

Mr. BELLI advised that he has no information concerning the public disclosure of the results of the interview between RUBY and Chief Justice WARREN of the President's Commission. He stated he has no information concerning any

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21 JAN 4 1973

44 24016 - 7110
ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 9/17/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DETROIT (44-563)

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten (10) copies and
for Dallas one (1) copy of a LHM containing information
furnished by Mr. SOL A. DANN.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 1)
1 - Detroit
LMC:sal
(5)

ENCLOSURE

21 to Penkin
9/23/64 with
2 cc 1114
6-12-64

EX-108

24
24
SEP 18 1964

2047

79 SEP 29 1964

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

C C. YICK



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Detroit, Michigan
September 17, 1964

Re: Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim

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21 JAN 4 1973

44

ENCLOSURE

Mr. SOL A. DANN, Attorney, 1820 David Stott Building, Detroit, Michigan, was advised that he was being interviewed at the specific request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy concerning the leak of the JACK L. RUBY testimony before Chief Justice EARL WARREN and the leak of the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY.

Mr. DANN advised that he was extremely concerned about these same leaks because he feels that the publication of the material concerning these two matters is prejudicial to the handling of the appeal of RUBY's conviction and that it also constitutes a violation of the property rights of JACK RUBY and other members of the RUBY family. Mr. DANN advised that he had recently written a letter to MELVIN M. BELLI, RUBY's former defense attorney, advising him that the RUBY family intends to hold everyone responsible in damages on account of these violations of property rights.

Mr. DANN made available a Xerox copy of this letter dated September 4, 1964, to Mr. BELLI.

Mr. DANN advised that he has been retained by the RUBY family to handle the appeal of the conviction of JACK L. RUBY and that he has discharged from the case the former defense attorneys, CLAYTON FOWLER and JOE TONAHILL. He said that since he has taken over this case he has heard rumors in Dallas, Texas, that various persons connected with the case have profited by selling to news media information concerning the RUBY trial and concerning other aspects of the case. He said he had sent a letter to Mr. PHIL BURLESON, an attorney in Dallas, who was assisting in preparing the RUBY appeal, concerning these rumors but had not received substantial information from BURLESON about the matter.

Mr. DANN furnished a Xerox copy of this letter to Mr. BURLESON dated August 25, 1964.

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2 1 100 2 1973

On 9/17/64 at Detroit, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563

by SA LAWRENCE M. COOPER, Jr./sal Date dictated 9/17/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Mr. DANN advised that he had no concrete or substantial information concerning the identity of any person who might have leaked information concerning the RUBY interview by Chief Justice WARREN or the polygraph examination of RUBY. He said, however, that based on his unconfirmed suspicions, he believes that the information may have been leaked by the former defense attorneys, CLAYTON FOWLER and/or JOE TONAHILL. He emphasized that his suspicions were unconfirmed and he had no concrete evidence to support them.

Mr. DANN advised that he suspected the leaks could be from either FOWLER or TONAHILL because of the aforementioned rumors that persons connected with the case have profited by selling information to news media and also because of the fact that both FOWLER and TONAHILL continued to associate themselves with the case after they had been discharged by him and against his wishes.

Mr. DANN said that although he more strongly suspected either FOWLER or TONAHILL as the leaks, he assumed it would be possible that anyone connected with the case, such as the defense attorneys, the Dallas Prosecutor's Office or the Dallas Sheriff's Office could have been the source of the leaks.

Mr. DANN stated that he wished to emphasize that he had no concrete evidence concerning the source of the leaks and that if he does obtain any such evidence he will consider instituting action for violation of the property rights of his clients.

Re: Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim

Attached hereto are copies of the letters dated
August 25, 1964, and September 4, 1964, furnished by Mr.
Dann.

August 25, 1964

Mr. Phil Burleson
2420 LTV Tower
Dallas, Texas

Re: Jack Ruby

Dear Phil:

Confirming my telephone conversations with you of yesterday, I informed you that I discussed the above matter with John Cofer of Austin, Texas because I deem it necessary that a lawyer of his ability take full charge of and carry on with the appeal.

Even though you claim you do not need assistance, the Ruby family and myself would prefer having 'too much and beforehand' than to later hold postmortems after losing on appeal, because we had 'too little and too late.'

It may be that I resented your remarks concerning his age and health because of my own comparable age and health. Be that as it may, I have learned over the years to have a decent respect for the ability of my elders. Therefore, although you thought his age, health and involvement in the Billie Sol Estes case would not permit him to give the Ruby matter the required attention, I am satisfied, after discussing this matter with him, that there is, as I informed you, no substitute for experience such as his and that I hoped he, or an experienced lawyer like him, would undertake the full responsibility of this appeal.

I have been very much concerned over the failure to file amendments to the Motion for New Trial, that should have contained all of the errors committed by the Court Below, including: (1) the pre-trial insanity of Jack Ruby, (2) his inability to assist counsel, (3) the newly discovered evidence in reference to the false testimony of Officer Paul, (4) the District Attorney's concealment of material evidence concerning Ruby's unsound mind since the age of 10, (5) former counsels' carelessness or negligence in failing to discover the mental incompetency and unsound mind and psychiatric background

of Jack Ruby that would have created a reasonable doubt concerning the mental incapacity of Jack Ruby not only to be able to distinguish between right and wrong but, what is even more important, a reasonable doubt of his ability to plan or be guilty of premeditation and vicious malice necessary to support a verdict of murder in the 1st degree.

In my letters to both you and Emmett Colvin dated July 20th & 21st, 1964, I referred to many of the foregoing items with references to the decisions of your Texas Court of Appeals that specifically emphasized the need to file affidavits to support a claim of newly discovered evidence.

Perhaps it is too late to now file such affidavits because they were not previously filed as amendments to the Motion for New Trial. But I am calling this to your attention to emphasize the need to prevent any similar mistakes in the future. I cannot understand why, in important matters such as this, a simple affidavit could not be prepared in a matter of minutes either the night or morning before the hearing on the Motion for New Trial, in compliance with the law of Texas.

Since you indicated that neither Mr. Tonchill nor Mr. Fowler have been giving you any assistance on the appeal, there was no need to include their names on any of the papers filed since they were previously discharged. The mere fact that their names appeared in the file did not require their names to be placed on any appeal papers, especially since your recognizing them as remaining in the case may present many complications and disruptions.

You did not find it necessary to include the names of Tonchill & Fowler on the standby affidavits you claim you filed on August 21st and it was equally unnecessary to include them on the Formal Bill of Exceptions. Incidentally, I have not as yet received copies of those standby affidavits. Please send me copies immediately.

You seemed surprised when I told you of the newspaper account of Justice Warren's interview with Ruby that referred to an argument when Mr. Tonchill attempted to persuade Jack Ruby to say that he had planned the murder of Oswald for 2 days prior to the shooting. Jack Ruby claimed that Tonchill was a "liar" and was attempting to get him to practically admit that he was guilty of a planned and "premeditated" murder. Jack then said to Tonchill and Justice Warren that this was false and was something that Tonchill attempted to persuade him to say by putting this idea in his mind but which he, Jack, refused to say because it was untrue.

Mr. Rosen

R. I. Shroder

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS-N-CUBA

September 24, 1964

- 1 - W. S. Tavel
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lonihan)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
(J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Enclosed are the original charge-out records for the 40 copies of the reports initially prepared by the Bureau primarily for dissemination to the President. Also enclosed is copy five of the above report which is described as follows:

Investigation of Assassination
of President John F. Kennedy
November 22, 1963

consisting of an 23 page blue-bound folder relating to the actual assassination investigation.

Three blue-bound volumes for the above report bearing the notation on each volume

"Exhibits, Volume 1" etc.

Investigation of Killing
of Lee Harvey Oswald
Dallas, Texas
November 24, 1963

consisting of a 39 page blue-bound report of Jack L. Ruby's murder of Oswald.

Supplemental Report
Investigation of Killing
of Lee Harvey Oswald
Dallas, Texas
November 24, 1963

consisting of a 26 page blue-bound supplemental report of Ruby's murder of Oswald.

Enclosures

RDR:rab
(11)

- 1 - 62-109999 (President's Commission)
 - 1 - 62-109969 (Assassination)
 - 1 - 44-240164 (Jack L. Ruby)
- 60 SEP 29 1964

44-240164 UNREC.
100-1-100000
100-1-100000

44-240164-501

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Can you explain why Tonchill wanted Jack to say that he had planned this murder after talking to Kathy Koy shortly after the President's assassination? since planning and premeditation would be tantamount to pleading guilty to 1st degree murder.

I would also like to know:

- 1) How much money or what benefits any of the lawyers who have been in this case received or were promised from any source, aside from the \$11,000 paid to Mr. Belli.
- 2) What information do you have concerning any monies or promises of monies or benefits made to any of the lawyers in this case, or which they received or expected to receive from the use of the proceedings in this trial in newspapers, magazines, radio, television, movies or other news media, more especially including the recent article in the Saturday Evening Post entitled "The Untold Story of Jack Ruby;" the recent syndicated copyrighted articles in the New York Journal American by Dorothy Kilgallen exposing what was said during the interview between Justice Warren and Jack Ruby; the movie that was being made during the trial; the B & T Company and the alleged downpayment of \$65,000.00.
- 3) What information you have concerning any offers, promises, or payments of money by H. L. Hunt to any of the lawyers in this case? (Mr. Belli told me that at one time Mr. Hunt offered him \$100,000.00).
- 4) Who was responsible for not asking a timely demand for a separate trial in reference to Jack Ruby's insanity and his inability to assist counsel before the actual trial on the main case was begun?
- 5) Who was responsible for not challenging the entire voir dire because they were improperly selected from an area of Districts which did not represent a jury of Ruby's peers.
- 6) Who was responsible for not using public opinion polls to show the need for a change of venue? as permitted by U.S. -v- Hootch, in 313 Fed. 2d.

Recommended to Mr. Rosen
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

RECOMMENDATIONS:

That the enclosed material be made an integral part of the Lee Harvey Oswald investigative file and that the names on the charge-out be indexed as well as the above titles of the reports. No indexing of the material within the reports is desired.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Lenthien
1 - Mr. Rogge
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Frazier
1 - Mr. Griffith
1 - Mr. Davies

September 17, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to separate informal requests on September 14, 1964, by Miss Jane Vida and Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employees, to representatives of this Bureau concerning the reproduction of certain Commission exhibits. The exhibits were furnished to Special Agents of this Bureau on the same date as the requests.

In accordance with these requests, there are enclosed herewith three sets of photocopies each of Oliver Exhibits numbered 1, 2, 4 and 5, along with the originals of these exhibits, and the originals of Commission Exhibits numbered 2422, 2425, 2427 and 2441. Three sets of photographs of the latter mentioned Commission exhibits were delivered to the Commission by a Special Agent of this Bureau on September 15, 1964.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover.

RY COURIER SVC.

01 SEP 17
COMM-FBI

ENCLOSURE

SEP 24 1964
UNREC.

Enclosures (11)

1 - Dallas (100-10461) Enclosures (2) 199 SEP 25 1964

62-109030

NOTE TO DALLAS

Enclosed for Dallas are one set of photocopies of the above-mentioned exhibits and descriptive listing of same. 26 15 15 50 PM '64

XEROSEE NOTE PAGE 2

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

SEP 25 1964 RECEIVED DIRECTOR

62-109060-3799

SEP 17 12 13 PM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

NOTE: The requests of 9/14/64 mentioned above were made by Miss Vida and Miss Rowcotsky, respectively, to SA Robert A. Frazier and SA Roy H. Jevons, Laboratory Division. Commission Exhibits numbered 2422, 2425, 2427 and 2441 were sent by courier to SA Frazier and Oliver Exhibits numbered 1, 2, 4 and 5 were received at the Commission by SA Robert E. Neill on the same date as the requests.

The three sets of photographs of Commission Exhibits, mentioned above, which were furnished to the Commission on 9/15/64, were personally delivered by SA Neill.

All of the exhibits mentioned above originated from sources other than the Bureau and are therefore being returned to the Commission.

It is noted that several of the exhibits reproduced consist of multiple pages or multiple portions and in order to avoid confusion the three sets of photocopies are being considered as three enclosures.

9/17/64

Oliver Exhibit Number

Description

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 | March, 1964, issue of "American Opinion" |
| 2 | February, 1964, issue of "American Opinion" |
| 4 | December 20, 1963, issue of "The Councillor" |
| 5 | May 17, 1964, issue of "National Enquirer" |

Commission Exhibit Number

- | | |
|------|---|
| 2422 | 7" x 9" photograph of Jack Ruby wearing handcuffs, left profile view |
| 2425 | 8" x 10" photograph of Jack Ruby holding microphone |
| 2427 | 8" x 10" photograph of "closed" sign on billboard bearing numerous photographs |
| 2441 | 8" x 10" photograph showing back of heads of several men (probably photograph of television picture tube image) |

1 XEROX
SEP 20 1964

PLAINTEXT

0/25/64

1 - I.W. Conrad
1 - J.M. Fogli
1 - T.C. Sullivan
1 - (R.E. Lenih
1 - C.L. McGowan
(J.W. Hine)
1 - Mr. Raupach

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC NEW YORK

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)
(44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS DASH R DASH CURA.

JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM, CIVIL RIGHTS.
ATTENTION CRIMINAL SECTION.

REBUTELETYPE TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK NINE TWENTYONE SIXTYFOUR
NEW YORK BY RETURN TELETYPE ADVISE STATUS OF INVESTIGATION
RE CONTACT WITH THE NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN AND DOROTHY
KILGALLEN CONCERNING LEAK OF RUBY'S TESTIMONY BEFORE CHIEF
JUSTICE WARREN. INVESTIGATION REQUESTED OF NEW YORK IS AN
IMPORTANT PHASE OF THE INVESTIGATION AND IS TO BE HANDLED
IMMEDIATELY TO FACILITATE LABORATORY EXAMINATIONS IF PERTINENT
DOCUMENTS OBTAINED. AS THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION HAS ALREADY
FURNISHED THE INITIAL REPORT TO PRESIDENT JOHNSON REGARDING THE
ASSASSINATION, ALL PHASES OF INVESTIGATION PENDING MUST BE
HANDLED IMMEDIATELY. SUTEL.

KMR:cad
(8)

44-24016-UNREC,
NOT RECORDED
198 SEP 29 1964

NOTE: This matter pertains to the leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's
testimony before Chief Justice Warren and the leak of Ruby's
polygraph examination. We are attempting to obtain copies from the
New York Journal American and Dorothy Kilgallen the transcript.

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

60 SEP 29 1964

published under Dorothy Kilgallen's by-line so that appropriate examinations can be conducted with these copies and compared against those which have been obtained from the President's Commission. This matter is being closely followed as the Commission requested the interviews of Commission members and staff regarding these particular leaks.

September 25, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Leo Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. M. English)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated September 23, 1964, which enclosed copies of seven memoranda revealing results of interviews with Commission members and others.

Enclosed are two copies each of five memoranda also pertaining to this matter, which are captioned and dated as follows:

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 19, 1964
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

"Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 19, 1964
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 21, 1964
New York, New York

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 22, 1964
Washington, D. C.

"Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 22, 1964
Washington, D. C.

As results of this investigation are received, you will be promptly advised.

44-24016

- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:las
(13)

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (10)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

SEP 28 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

105-82555-
62-109090

SEP 25 1964
FBI

REC-22 1016-2048

SEP 28 1964

NOTE:

As a result of a letter received from the President's Commission dated 9-10-64, immediate investigation was initiated to interview Commission members, Commission staff and former attorneys of Jack L. Ruby relating to the leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Earl Warren to news media. At this time we are awaiting results from New York concerning the possibility of obtaining copies of Ruby's transcript with Warren which was published in the "New York Journal American." If received from New York, these documents will be compared in the Laboratory with those obtained from the President's Commission.

Efforts are currently being made to locate and interview additional members of the Commission and staff. The enclosed letterhead memoranda concern interviews with Mr. Arlen Specter, Assistant Counsel, President's Commission; Mr. Philip Barson of Internal Revenue Service and President's Commission staff member; Mr. Francis W. H. Adams, Legal Consultant to the President's Commission; and Miss Sharon Kegarise, former stenographer for the Commission. As additional results are received, they will be promptly furnished to the Commission.

- 7) Who was responsible for not objecting to the statement 1 of Officer Dunn that regardless of the res gestae rule the officer's testimony was incompetent under the case of *Eccobedo -v- Ill.* decided by the Supreme Court of the U.S. about a year ago.
- 8) Who was responsible for not calling Jack Ruby as a witness or any of his sisters or brothers to establish the entire psychiatric history of Jack Ruby in order to at least establish his unsound mind and mental incapacity since childhood? And don't you think that this would have been material evidence to defeat the District Attorney's claim of planning, premeditation and premeditation? Or at least to create a reasonable doubt in the jury's mind in reference thereto?
- 8a) Who was responsible for the epilepsy theory?
- 9) Who was responsible for advising Belli to open the doors to testimony otherwise not admissible under Texas law.
- 10) In what respect do you agree or disagree with the statements set forth in the recent Saturday Evening Post article entitled: "The Untold Story of Jack Ruby" that points out the many mistakes that were made during the trial and traps that Belli & Tenshill fell into?
- 11) Do you still believe that the Court of Appeals will consider, and that you have the right to bring up for their consideration, the matters of newly discovered evidence with reference to Officer Dunn's false testimony or Jack Ruby's unsound mind since childhood, without having previously made the same a part of your Amended Motion for New Trial supported by a proper affidavit?

I look forward to your complete answers to all of the foregoing questions as well as those set forth in my telegram of August 13, 1964.

Sincerely,

Blind copies sent to:
Mr. Phil Burleson
C/o Dr. Winston Hubert Smith's
Law Science Academy
Crested Butte, Colorado

Sol A. Dunn

Mr. John Cofer
C/o Grand Union Motel
So. Broadway St.
Saratoga Springs, N.Y.

Mr. Earl Ruby

1200

21-100

Sept. 4, 1964

AIRMAIL

Melvin M. Belli, Esq.
Attorney-at-law
The Belli Building
722 Montgomery St.
San Francisco, California

Re: Jack Ruby

Dear Mel:

The Ruby family has requested me to formally notify you that the story of Jack Ruby and the members of his family is private property.

They have been very much concerned over several recent violations and invasion of these rights by "The Untold Story of Jack Ruby" in the Saturday Evening Post and the "copyrighted" Dorothy Kilgallen stories in the New York Journal American concerning Jack Ruby's private, confidential interviews with the Warren Commission.

The Ruby family intend to hold everyone responsible in damages on account of the foregoing because such publications jeopardized Jack Ruby's rights on the present appeal as well as invaded his property rights.

No person has any authority or right to publicize or use anything beyond the written record in the case itself. Any attempt to enlarge thereon by way of newspaper or magazine articles, books, radio, television or motion pictures is unauthorized and would jeopardize Jack Ruby's rights before the Court and violate and be an invasion of his property rights and that of his family.

Therefore, for these and many other reasons, the Ruby family is compelled to request you to respect these rights and will hold you and any publisher or producer responsible for any invasion or violations thereof.

I deeply regret the need to call this to your attention.

Sincerely yours,

Sol A. Dana
Attorney for and in behalf of Jack Ruby
and other members of the Ruby family.

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21 JAN 2 1973

(RECORDED)

Mr. Melvin M. Belli
San Francisco, Calif.

Page 2
9-4-64

P.S.

The Ruby family would also appreciate if you would address any communications to them thru me.

Both Mr. Tonahill & Mr. Fowler have a copy of the transcript. Since they have been discharged and no longer have any need for same they should return these copies to me. As soon as they do so, I will be happy to loan the same to you but would like to see a copy of the Brief you propose submitting to the Court before you file the same.

S.D.

Certified mail
Return receipt requested

cc:

Mr. Earl Ruby
Mr. Hy Rubenstein
Mrs. Eva Grant

FBI

Date: 9/25/64.

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)(P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, Aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka. -
VICTIM
CR
(OO: DALLAS)

Re: Houston airtel to Bureau dated 9/24/64.

Enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies each of the following items:

FD-302 re interview of [REDACTED]
Desert Room Lounge, Houston, Texas;
FD-302 re interview of PETE FLORES
FD-302 re interview of PAUL POLO GUERRERO;
FD-302 re interview of MARTIN RIZO, Aka., MARTY RIZO, RACHAEL RIZO;
Insert reporting miscellaneous investigation at Houston conducted 9/21,22/64.

It is to be noted that [REDACTED] (Protect Identity), [REDACTED] Desert Room Lounge, Houston, from 1958 to 1961, advised on 9/21/64 he never knew of JACK RUBY ever having been in the Desert Room Lounge nor had he ever heard of RUBY's having been there. He did not recall JAMES J. KNEIDING or WAYNE CRAVEN. He informed that MARTY RUIZ, Aka., RACHAEL RUIZ, is probably identical with MARTY RIZO, Aka., RACHAEL RIZO. He further noted that PAUL is probably identical with PAUL GUERRERO and that PETE is probably identical with PETE FLORES. CI stated these three were

3 - Bureau (AM)
2 - Dallas (44-1639)(Encls. 125)(AM)
2 - Houston

REC-52

44-24016-2049

6 - WDF/jh
(7)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

60 SEP 30 1964

frequently in the Desert Room Lounge together. On 9/22/64, [REDACTED] furnished the whereabouts of [RIZO] and [FLORES] in Houston, Texas.

On 9/21/64, [PCI [REDACTED]] (Protect Identity), advised that [PAUL GUERRERO] resides at [310 Crosstimbers] Houston, Texas, and is a hairdresser at [Gulfgate Beauty Salon] Houston.

9/19/64

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

TO : DIRECTOR
FROM : SAC, PHILADELPHIA
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
BUFILE: 105-82555
PH FILE: 105-2958

JACK L. RUBY; --
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
BUFILE: 44-24016
PH FILE: 44-767

Re Bureau Airtel to Washington Field 9/14/64
and Washington Field Airtel to Director 9/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies each of
letterhead memos covering investigation in Philadelphia
regarding both captioned matters. Information copies for-
warded Dallas.

- (4 - Bureau (ENCL. 20) (REGISTERED MAIL)
2 - 105-82555
2 - 44-24016
2 - Dallas (ENCL. 2) (REGISTERED MAIL)
2 - Philadelphia
1 - 105-2958
1 - 44-767

JRU:rdc
(8)

REC-52

105-82555-4984
2050
RECORDED
139 SEP 28 1964

EX-110

79 OCT 8 - 1964

9/19/64

AIRTEL

PH 105-9958
PH 44-767

Efforts to locate Warren Commission Staff Member W. T. COLLIAN, 612 West Porter Street, Philadelphia, on 9/18/64 elicited information that Mr. COLLIAN would be in Washington, D.C., doing Commission work over this weekend; likely not to return until Sunday, 9/20/64, and that while in Washington, D.C., he could be contacted for interview, care of Warren Commission or at the Madison Hotel. This information telephonically relayed to Night Supervisor SA CHARLES SHUTE, Washington Field, to arrange for Washington Field to interview COLLIAN over weekend.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

September 19, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter July 30, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby.

The President's Commission has also requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached hereto are reports of interviews with Arlen Specter, Attorney, 1510 Philadelphia Saving Fund Society Building, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Assistant Counsel, Warren Commission, and Philip Barson, 1138 East Slocum Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Group Supervisor, Intelligence Division, Internal Revenue Service, and Warren Commission Staff Member.

Attachments: (2)

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21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

(1)

Mr. ARLEN SPECTER was interviewed in his law office, 1510 Philadelphia Saving Fund Society Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Mr. SPECTER served as Assistant Counsel of the Warren Commission. He stated he does not know the complete details of the handling of documents within the Warren Commission, except as they affected his own operation. He assumed that there was a charge-out system for documents. Certain documents, when needed, were obtained by calling the File Room, and the people of the File Room apparently knew which documents were in his possession. Other documents of a more highly restricted nature were maintained by the secretary to Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel. Mr. SPECTER said that he was conscious that there must have been a control system since when these documents were in his possession, other staff members, who needed to refer to them temporarily, came to SPECTER, knowing that he had them. He said the general security of documents was controlled by the use of safes, locked cabinets, and desks, and that he knows he himself cleaned his desk every night.

Mr. SPECTER said he had no information as to how many copies were made of each document; however, he assumed that this was made on the basis of the number of copies needed for the individuals working on each phase of the Commission's work. This would be determined by the General Counsel. He did not know whether extra copies were numbered, whether or not receipts or charge-out slips were kept, and whether or not any type of permanent charge-out record was maintained. There were two classes of documents - one which was of a high security nature, "Top Secret," and the other of a less critical security nature, "Confidential."

The first type of document, such as transcripts of testimony of witnesses before the Commission, would normally have ten copies made and were kept in Mr. RANKIN's office. These were obtained directly from Mr. RANKIN's secretary and returned to her. The second class of documents was more

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21 JAN 4 1973

On 9/19/64 at Philadelphia, Pa. File # Philadelphia 44-767
by SA'S NORRIS S. HARZENSTEIN
and JOHN R. WINEBERG:rac/bsp Date dictated 9/19/64

widely used by Commission people in the phases of work which they were doing. These documents were investigative reports which the individual reviewed and consolidated. SPECTER said that the number of copies Xeroxed or made of a document made by the Commission was determined by the General Counsel. Generally speaking, documents were reproduced or Xeroxed within the Commission space. Notes of testimony or the depositions taken were frequently sent for reproduction to the Court Reporting Firm of WARD and PAUL. These were, to his recollection, Xeroxed by Ward and Paul on paper, which was pre-printed "Top Secret" in red at the top and bottom of each sheet. Subsequently, the "Top Secret" classification was downgraded to "Confidential," but he could not remember when this took place.

Mr. SPECTER was part of the group that accompanied Chief Justice WARREN to Dallas for the interview of JACK RUBY on June 7, 1964. He received this assignment because he had just completed one of the primary jobs assigned to him by General Counsel RANKIN, which involved a review of President KENNEDY's trip to Texas, commencing with the plan for the trip to Dallas through the assassination and the autopsy; and Chief Justice WARREN wanted a comprehensive picture of the situation in Dallas. SPECTER was there to help explain this to him.

Mr. SPECTER was present during the Warren Commission interview of JACK L. RUBY on June 7, 1964. He was not originally in the group interviewing RUBY because Chief Justice WARREN was concerned with RUBY's reaction to a large number of people. These included Chief Justice WARREN; J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel; Congressman FORD, Commission Member; JOSEPH BALL, Assistant Commission Counsel; DEAN STOREY (who was late), Assistant Attorney General of Texas; JAMES BOWIE, Assistant District Attorney of Dallas, Tex.; JOSEPH A. TONAHILL, RUBY's attorney; the court stenographer; ELMER HOLMAN, Jailer; Sheriff J. E. DECKER; and Dr. BEAVERS, Psychiatrist. As the interview progressed, Chief Justice WARREN wanted Mr. SPECTER present, and JACK RUBY had no objection. When SPECTER came into the room, RUBY had already requested the Commission to give him a polygraph examination.

During the interview of RUBY on June 7, 1964, most of the persons present were in SPECTER's line of vision, although a few sat either directly behind or to the rear and side of him. The only person he noticed who appeared to be taking notes was Congressman FORD. He could not see what Mr. FORD was writing, except that he appeared to be making short jottings and no copious notes or recordings.

On the return trip to Washington, D. C., the Chief Justice told SPECTER he wanted him to undertake the task of setting up a polygraph examination of RUBY. This was the reason the original transcript of the June 7, 1964, interview was sent to SPECTER at Philadelphia. SPECTER pointed out that he has received correspondence from the Commission on a daily basis, and has no detailed recollection regarding the packaging of the transcript. If he remembers it, he received it from H. EAREFOOT SANDERS, United States Attorney at Dallas. It was double wrapped in two sealed envelopes, which was the usual way of transmitting classified Commission documents. As he remembers it, the inner envelope was not only sealed in the usual way, but the flaps were double sealed, probably with masking tape, possibly with scotch tape. He does not remember whether a letter of transmittal was included. The material was put into his hands unopened, and he personally opened the inner envelope. After he opened it, he examined it to make sure it had not been tampered with. This is a constant practice in handling mail received from the Commission. He received only the original, and assumes that a single copy remained with Mr. SANDERS since this had been the practice in the handling of transcripts of other depositions taken at Dallas. To his best recollection, the transcript was not classified, as the fixing of the classification was not the function of the stenographer but would have to be done by the Commission itself.

SPECTER was to use the transcript to work up questions for use in the planned polygraph examination of RUBY. At that time, he did not review the transcript in great detail since he was generally familiar with the questions and answers; but scanned it to fix in his mind the lines of questioning. At no time did he proofread the transcript for typographical or other errors. Within a few days at the most, he either sent or carried the transcript to the Commission at Washington. He could not, at this point, remember whether it was mailed or carried since he traveled back and forth to Washington on Commission business frequently during that period. He is positive that

while the transcript was in his office at Philadelphia, it did not leave the office and was maintained securely and locked.

For the next several weeks, there was some uncertainty as to what questions were to be asked of RUBY during a polygraph examination, and, in fact, whether it was desirable to run the polygraph examination at all. SPECTER submitted his views on the matter, but the basic discussions and the decision took place at the top Commission level. The decision to make the polygraph examination took place only shortly before the actual examination, and it was not until then that SPECTER received a Xeroxed copy of the transcript.

It is his recollection that the Xerox copy he had was not prepared by Ward and Paul because Ward and Paul used a specially-printed yellow cover for Commission work, in which the pages were bound together with a red tape. The copy SPECTER had was not in the yellow Ward and Paul cover, and he assumes that Ward and Paul was not used to make the copy of the transcript. He cannot now remember whether his copy of the transcript had classification marks on each page nor whether these classification marks, if they did appear, were the red pre-printings normally used by Ward and Paul.

The final decision as to the date of the polygraph test gave SPECTER extremely short notice. It is SPECTER's recollection that the notice was so short that he spoke by telephone to Special Agent DELL HERNDON of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who was to administer the polygraph test; arrange to fly from Philadelphia to Baltimore, where he would be met by Special Agent HERNDON at Friendship Airport; and then fly together to Dallas. Prior to departure, SPECTER wrote out supposed questions on yellow foolscap paper. He reviewed the questions on the plane with Special Agent HERNDON, who suggested, in many instances, a briefer format to fit the needs of the polygraph examination.

When they actually were in RUBY's presence at Dallas, additional questions were prepared, some as a result of RUBY's own suggestions. All of the questions used in the polygraph examination on July 18, 1964, were written out in long hand, and there were no copies at the time of the July 18th interview.

Prior to the actual use of the polygraph, RUBY was made familiar with the questions to insure that he understood them. Among the people present in the room at that time were Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM ALEXANDER and RUBY's attorney, JOSEPH TONAHILL.

ALEXANDER took rather extensive notes, which presumably included the information regarding questions and the answers given by RUBY to some of the questions. SPECTER felt that it would have been impossible, or at least most unlikely, that ALEXANDER could have copied down all the questions and answers verbatim. Furthermore, it is SPECTER's recollection that the material that appeared in the press corresponded with the verbatim questions and answers during the actual polygraph examination when ALEXANDER was not in the room. During the actual polygraph examination, people present were CLAYTON FOWLER, RUBY's attorney; ODELL OLIVER, Court Reporter; Special Agent ELL HERNDON; a second Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation whose name SPECTER could not remember independently; E. L. HOLMAN, of the Dallas County Sheriff's Office; and Dr. WILLIAM BEAVERS.

The situation surrounding the polygraph examination was highly controversial; and SPECTER recorded the events and his discussions and arguments with RUBY's counsels and local officials in very comprehensive memoranda, which are on file with the Commission.

SPECTER received a transcript of the polygraph examination in Washington about a week and a half later. This was after the transcript already appeared in the press. He used the transcript in taking a deposition from Special Agent HERNDON as to his conclusions from the polygraph readings.

Mr. SPECTER was questioned specifically and in detail with regard to the transcripts of both the June 7, 1964, and July 18, 1964, interviews. With regard to each, he stated and reiterated that he had not provided any information, either oral or written, to the Dallas newspapers, DOROTHY KILGALLEN, or to anyone who was not entitled to the information in connection with the work of the Warren Commission. He specified that he has no information as to anyone who furnished such material to unauthorized people, nor has he any suspicion

as to who might have done so. He does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN, and has never heard anyone connected with the Warren Commission or anyone whom he dealt with at Dallas mention that he knew DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

While the interviews of June 7, 1964, and July 18, 1964, were in progress, he had no knowledge and saw nothing which would indicate that there was present in the room, other than the devices used by the court stenographers, any individually-carried or physically-installed recording devices, microphones, broadcasting units, etc., which might have permitted an unauthorized recording of the interviews. He pointed out that the jury conference room in the Dallas Court House was used for both examinations, and that it was known in advance that this room would be used for the polygraph examination.

At the time of the interview of Mr. SPECTER on September 19, 1964, he did not have at Philadelphia any transcript of either interview nor the letter or letters of transmittal if there were any.

Date September 19, 1964

1

Mr. PHILIP BARSON, 1138 East Slocum Street, Philadelphia, Pa., was interviewed at his residence.

Mr. BARSON advised he is a Group Supervisor in the Intelligence Section of the Internal Revenue Service in Philadelphia. He stated that he had been assigned to work for the Warren Commission and reported to Washington, D. C., February 27, 1964, and worked continuously until April 24, 1964. He had returned to Philadelphia on weekends. He had been called back to Washington and worked, with the exception of weekends, the following periods:

May 11, 1964, through May 22, 1964.

July 1, 2, and 8, 9, 1964.

August 3, 1964, through September 11, 1964.

Mr. BARSON stated that from February to April, he was reviewing reports to prepare information to be published by the Warren Commission with regard to LEE HARVEY OSWALD's financial activities.

Mr. BARSON explained that he completed his review of the FBI material relating to OSWALD's finances in the February through April period, and requested supplemental investigation. This was completed and forwarded to the Commission within the next two weeks, and he returned to Washington to work on this supplemental information during the May period. At that point, he assumed that his job with the Commission had been completed. The July, August, and September assignments, however, related to proofreading and checking the accuracy of citations and correct copying of source material in galley proofs of the Commission's ultimate report. Part of this related to his own work, but he was also assigned to work on Chapter 5, which incorporated the RUBY interviews. Accordingly, he had possession of galley proofs of both RUBY interviews. He used them, however, only for the purpose of checking

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21 JAN 4 1973
On 9/19/64 at Philadelphia, Pa. File # Philadelphia 44-767
by SA'S NORRIS S. HARZENSTEIN
and JOHN R. WIEBERG:rdc/bsp Date dictated 9/19/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-767-1010

footnotes and citations in the galley proofs, Chapter 5, against the galley proofs of the interviews.

His work with the galley proofs of the interviews was in August 1964. At no time did he have possession of an original or a Xerox copy of the transcripts of either interview and has never seen them.

It is Mr. BARSON's understanding that each document received by the Commission was assigned a Commission document number, and that the documents were controlled through these numbers. It is his understanding, also, that when Xerox copies were made, the document number would appear on the Xerox copies. He has no information as to the number of copies made or disseminated within the Commission since he had no part in making this type of decision or issuing this sort of instruction. He has no information that any Xerox copies made were individually numbered or identified for control purposes. It is his belief, from his experience with the Commission, that a staff member could have had copies duplicated by the clerk handling a Xerox machine, although he personally had no occasion to make any such request and did not make such a request.

Mr. BARSON was questioned specifically and stated without qualification that he himself did not give to anyone outside the Commission any information regarding or copies of documents relating to the interviews of JACK RUBY on June 7, 1964, and July 18, 1964, or any other Commission property or information. He has no information as to who might have done this, and he knows of no one who might be considered a suspect. He does not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN, and he has never heard anyone at the Commission indicate acquaintanceship with DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

FBI

Date:

9/21/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re WFO airtel to Bureau, 9/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a
letterhead memorandum in the above captioned matter,
dated as above, suitable for dissemination.

One copy each is enclosed for Dallas and WFO.

3 - Bureau (Encls. 10)
1 - Dallas (Enc. 1) (44-1369)
1 - Washington Field (Enc. 1) (44-520)
1 - New York

JCH:vmd
(7)

ENCLOSURE
C. C. Wick

REC-52

17 SEP 22 1964

EX 115

Approved: *SPM*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

60 SEP 30 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 21, 1964

Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached are the results of an interview with Mr. Francis W. H. Adams, a legal consultant to the President's Commission.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

44-38861-1

ENCLOSURE

9/21/64

Date _____

1

Mr. FRANCIS W. H. ADAMS, 460 Park Avenue, New York, New York, a legal consultant to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, advised that he was on the staff of Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, and was concerned primarily with the actual physical events of the assassination of President KENNEDY. He said he was concerned with the period of time from President KENNEDY's arrival at the Dallas, Texas airport until he was pronounced dead.

Mr. ADAMS said he has never seen either the original or a copy of the deposition of JACK L. RUBY to the President's Commission, and that he has no idea who might have furnished a copy of this deposition to Miss DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

He said he has no evidence to indicate that anyone on the Commission has or would furnish confidential information to any unauthorized person. He said it was his observation that confidential documents were afforded a reasonable amount of security, however, he recognized that the document control was not perfect.

COPIES DESTROYED

1 JAN 4 1973

On 9/21/64 at New York, New York File # NY 44-974
by SA EUGENE W. O'NEILL
SA JOE C. HESTER :vmc Date dictated 9/21/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 9/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R-CUBA
(Attention: Criminal Section)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-37111) (P)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFO 44-520) (P)

ReWFOairtel to Bureau, 9/20/64, with enclosed LHM.

Enclosed for the Bureau are twelve copies and for Dallas two copies of LHM containing the results of an interview of Miss SHARON KEGARISE, formerly stenographer on the staff of the President's Commission, who was not available for interview until 9/21/64.

ENCLOSURE

- 4 - Bureau (Enc.12)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc.2) (RM) (AM)
- 2 - Washington Field

CEG:nlm
(8)

AIRTEL C. C. Wick

REC-52

44-37111-2052

SEP 29 1964

79 OCT 6 - 1964

Approved: Thomas J. Jones
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

105-82555-4985



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

September 22, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested that investigation be conducted with regard to the unauthorized disclosures to news media of the Jack L. Ruby polygraph examination and the testimony of Ruby before Chief Justice Earl Warren. The Commission requested interviews with members of the Commission and interviews with the staff of the Commission.

It will be noted by memorandum dated September 21, 1964, information was reported as obtained from the results of interviews with members of the Commission and the Commission's staff located in the Washington, D. C., area during the period September 16 through September 20, 1964.

Set out hereinafter is the result of an interview with Miss Sharon Kegarise, employed as a stenographer by the President's Commission during June-August, 1964. She was interviewed by a representative of this Bureau on September 21, 1964, for her possible knowledge regarding the information relating to the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby and his interview at Dallas, Texas, by Chief Justice Earl Warren.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

1Date 9/21/64

Miss SHARON KEGARISE, residing at 5550 Columbia Pike, Arlington, Virginia, home telephone 671-2175, and employed as a secretary for the Technical Director of Research, Army Medical Research, Defense Department, advised she had served as a stenographer for the President's Commission from some time in June to August 12, 1964.

She said she had gone to the Commission from the Defense Department for three days in June and was recalled to the Defense Department. After about three days, possibly in the middle of June, 1964, she returned to the Commission where she worked continuously until August 12, 1964. At the Commission, she worked principally for Mr. W. DAVID SLAWSON, an attorney, who was concerned with the investigation of foreign conspiracy in connection with the assassination, OSWALD's trip and life in Russia and OSWALD's trip to Mexico. Aside from this, she had done a number of memoranda for other members of the Commission, which she had received in rough draft form.

She said she knew of the polygraph examination of JACK RUBY and of his interview at Dallas by Chief Justice WARREN, however, she had never seen either of these in typed form. She said she does not know the source of the newspaper articles concerning the polygraph examination and the interview.

She said she had not seen the finished report of the Commission and that when she left to return to the Defense Department on August 12, 1964, the report was only in draft stage. She is not personally acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN and does not know the source of KILGALLEN's newspaper article and does not know of anyone who could have furnished her information from the Commission's investigation.

She said she had not furnished any information to any member of the press or to any unauthorized person.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

On 9/21/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SA MALCOLM P. CARR:mbb Date dictated 9/21/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 9/25/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

459547

RE: Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 9/22/64;
WFO airtel to Bureau, attention FBI
Laboratory, dated 9/17/64.

Enclosed is a copy of the transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice EARL WARREN on 6/7/64 at Dallas, Texas, which transcript was made available on 9/25/64 by Attorney JOE H. TONAHILL, Jasper, Texas. Mr. TONAHILL placed his initials, JHT, on the cover page of this document.

It will be noted that TONAHILL advised that after he had received the enclosed transcript from J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel for the President's Commission, he did not like the way it was bound. Accordingly, he had Stamps Commercial Press, Jasper, Texas, cut it down to its present size and bind the pages with three staples. He stated the staples did not work satisfactorily and he placed Scotch tape over the staples.

- (4) - Bureau (Enc. 1) (AM) (RM)
1 - Dallas (44-1639) (AM) (RM)
1 - WFO (44-520) (AM) (RM)
2 - Houston

REC-33

14 SEP 28 1964

DWF:jk
(8)

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

OCT 23 1964

HO 44-939

A detailed description of the enclosed transcript was set forth in letterhead memorandum dated 9/25/64 which was forwarded to the Bureau by Houston the same date.

The Laboratory is requested to conduct appropriate examination of the enclosed transcript as outlined in referenced airtel of WFO to the Bureau dated 9/17/64.

Pursuant to the request of Attorney JOE H. TONAHILL, the enclosed transcript should be returned to him promptly when its usefulness has been completed.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

30 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 540-1400

PHILIP D. BUNNELL
JOHN SHAWMAN CARTER
HALL B. B. B.
GARLAND B. B. B.
PAUL J. M. CLOUT
ALLEN W. BATES

Mr. Bloch
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

SEP 22 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In confirmation of a telephone conversation Monday, September 21, 1964, between Mr. Burt W. Griffin of our staff and Mr. Swenson of your offices, I would appreciate your forwarding as quickly as possible a letter stating whether or not prior to November 24, 1963 there was any information in your files concerning subversive activities of Jack Ruby.

Your cooperation in the work of the Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

EXP. PROC.
REC-44
62-109080-1

REC-44

1-103

23 SEP 23 1964

2054

XEROX

SEP 23 1964

September 24, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Swanson

EX-108
Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated September 22, 1964, wherein you requested a letter advising whether or not, prior to November 24, 1963, there was any information in the files of this Bureau concerning any subversive activities of Jack L. Ruby.

Please refer to my letter dated April 7, 1964, wherein you were advised that a thorough search had been made of all FBI records prior to November 23, 1963, wherein any mention was made of Ruby. As a result of this search, all records relating to Jack L. Ruby prior to November 23, 1963, were furnished to you at that time.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

HCS/ras/cac:
(7)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

BY COURIER SVC
11 SEP 24 1964
COMM-FBI

RECEIVED DIRECTOR
SEP 24 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

SEP 24 1 37 PM '64

1060801-29

NOTE:

By letter dated 9/22/64 the Commission requested a letter stating whether or not Bureau files contain any information concerning subversive activities of Ruby prior to 11/24/63. The Commission previously made a similar request for information concerning Ruby which was in our files prior to the shooting of Oswald. By letter dated 4/7/64 we very clearly and specifically advised the Commission that a thorough search was made of "all FBI records" and copies of these records were furnished to the Commission at that time. No information regarding subversive activities concerning Ruby was included therein.

8/22/64

AIRTEL

1 - Mr. Raupach

TO: SAC, New Orleans

FROM: Director, FBI

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.,
IS - R - CUBA
Bureau file: 105-32555

JACK L. RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
Bureau file: 44-24016

ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION

ReWFOairtel 8/17/64 captioned as above.

New Orleans is instructed to immediately submit results of interview with Mr. Leon D. Hubert, Jr., as set out in re airtel.

The President's Commission has furnished the report concerning the assassination to President Johnson, and all phases of investigation pending must be handled immediately and all investigation reported.

If results of your investigation have already been furnished to the Bureau, advise date submitted. Expedite.

HRM/rnp
(5)

44-37012 - UNREC.

NOTE: This matter pertains to the leaks of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren. Numerous individuals formerly associated with the President's Commission were located outside the Washington, D. C., area. Commission members and staff have now been interviewed with the exception of Hubert and Chief Justice Warren. Laboratory examinations are pending and awaiting results of New York inquiry with Dorothy Kilgallen in which we are attempting to obtain her photostat copy of Ruby's interview with Warren to compare against copies received from the Commission and in possession of the Laboratory.

60 SEP 30 1964

URGENT YELLOW

44-37012-501

FBI

Date: 9/21/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, WFO (P)

459680

10
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
Bufile 105-82555
WFOfile 105-37111

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
Bufile 44-24016
WFOfile 44-520

95
8-8-64
ReWFOairtels to Bureau 9/17 and 20/64.

Enclosed for FBI Laboratory are 3 Xerox copies of original transcript of testimony of JACK L. RUBY, given before Chief Justice WARREN in Dallas, Texas on 6/7/64. These Xerox copies were obtained from President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Investigation discloses these copies reproduced by Commission employees on Xerox machines located in Commission headquarters.

Also enclosed for Laboratory is 1 copy of the 8/18/64 edition of the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

4- Bureau (Enc. 4)
2- Dallas (AM)
2- WFO

HRH/jgm
(8)

AIRTEL

REC-43

SEP 30 1964

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent [Signature] M Per [Signature]

WFO 105-37111

It is noted page seven of this paper pictures a reproduction of page 103 of the testimony transcript. This copy of the "New York Journal-American" was also obtained from the Commission.

This material is forwarded to the Laboratory to assist in examinations and comparisons previously requested.

It is requested that this material, as well as the original stenographic transcript along with the Ward and Paul Xerox copies, be returned to WFO as soon as the Laboratory has finished its examination, inasmuch as all of this material is to be returned to the President's Commission as soon as possible.

October 15, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - I.W. Conrad (J.M. English)
1 - W.C. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J.W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated October 6, 1964, which enclosed copies of two memoranda revealing results of an interview with Mr. Leon D. Hubert, Jr., former staff member on the President's Commission.

Enclosed are two copies each of three memoranda which also pertain to this matter captioned and dated as follows:

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
October 7, 1964,
Washington, D. C.

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights"
October 10, 1964,
Kansas City, Missouri

"Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security -
Russia - Cuba"
October 10, 1964,
Kansas City, Missouri

BY COURIER SVC.

41 OCT 16

COMM-FBI

I would like to point out that attempts were made to obtain from Dorothy Kilgallen a copy of the transcript of Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Warren

- 1 - 44-24016
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:jh
(12)

See Note Page 2

21 OCT 1964 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

OCT 15 4 42 PM '64
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-105-82555-

FBI

Date: 9/19/64

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, OMAHA (44-209) (RUC)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Omaha airtel 9/17/64 and accompanying letterhead memo.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four copies of a LHM dated 9/19/64, captioned "Unknown Subject, aka JAMES BOND". Two copies are enclosed for Dallas. One copy is being furnished U. S. Secret Service, Omaha, Nebraska.

Sheriff GERALD D. ALLEN, Mason City, Iowa, advised he had discussed this matter with Mr. RICHARD ROTH, Special Agent in Charge, United States Secret Service, Omaha, Nebraska, who stated the protection of Senator BARRY GOLDWATER is a local problem and that the Secret Service has no jurisdiction. Sheriff ALLEN stated he telephonically communicated with a Mr. LIND, or LINN, Assistant Chief of Security for the Goldwater Campaign, in Washington, D. C., and that Mr. LIND had advised him the Goldwater forces are sending a man to Mason City, Iowa, in advance of Senator GOLDWATER's visit and that appropriate security measures would be taken.

In view of the content of the letter quoted in the attached LHM, no investigation being conducted by Omaha.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
- 2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Omaha

LEG:erb

(6)

EX-103

25 SEP 28 1964

C. C. Wick

79 OCT 1 - 1964

XEROX Special Agent in Charge

SEP 29 1964

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-98961-1



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Omaha, Nebraska
September 19, 1964

UNKNOWN SUBJECT, aka James Bond

On September 18, 1964, Sheriff Gerald D. Allen, Cerro Gordo County, Mason City, Iowa, advised that Mr. Robert Spiegel, Editor, Mason City Globe-Gazette, Mason City, Iowa, received the following letter on September 18, 1964:

"Sirs:

"Please be advised that the real name of Jack Ruby, the assassin of Harvey Lee Oswald, is William Wolfe. This man, William Wolfe or Wolf, is son of Meyer Wolfe of the Wolfe Department Store or Wolfe Furniture Store in Mason City, Iowa. William Wolfe (Wolf) alias 'Jack Ruby' is one of four sons of Meyer Wolf of Mason City, Iowa--one of the sons is now known as Anastas Mikoyan of Russia--In view of this fact it may be noted that some possibility of danger exists in the forthcoming visit of Barry Goldwater to Mason City, Iowa. Therefore, it would be imperative for authorities and officials of Mason City, Iowa, to practise resonable pre-cautions for the safety of the presdt. candidate, in-as-much as the above-mentioned family was or is connected with Soviet sources? Also the person William Wolf alias 'Jack Ruby' was member of the John Dillinger gang of 1934.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

"/s/ James Bond
James Bond M-I-5 Dept.
Scotland Yard
London, England"

Sheriff Allen advised the above letter was addressed to the Editor, Globe-Gazette, Mason City, Iowa, and the envelope was postmarked at Davenport, Iowa, September 17, 1964.

Sheriff Allen advised he has determined that Mier Wolf, the former owner of Mier Wolf and Sons Furniture Store in Mason City, Iowa, is deceased. He has three sons, William Wolf of Austin, Minnesota; Abbott Wolf of Albert Lea, Minnesota; and Louis Wolf of Mason City, Iowa.

44-24016-2
ENCLOSURE

Sheriff Allen also stated that attached to the above letter was an undated newspaper clipping with the heading "Waterloo, Iowa (AP)" which announced the visit of Barry Goldwater to Mason City, Iowa, on September 24, 1964.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any kind. It is the property of the FBI, and is a loan to your agency, it and/or its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Omaha, Nebraska

September 17, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, aka
James Bond

On September 15, 1964, Sheriff GERALD D. ALLEN,
Cerro Gordo County, Mason City, Iowa, advised the following
letter was received at his office on September 14, 1964:

"The real name of JACK RUBY is WILLIAM WOLFE
who is son of MEYER WOLFE of Mason City, Iowa. WILLIAM
WOLFE alias JACK RUBY is the assassin of HARVEY LEE
OSWALD. The father of WILLIAM WOLFE or JACK RUBY is
MEYER WOLFE who operates a Mason City, Iowa Furniture
Store. JACK RUBY or WILLIAM WOLFE was member of the
JOHN DILLINGER gang. It is possible that this WOLFE
family is planning an attempt to assassinate BARRY
GOLDWATER during the GOLDWATER visit to Mason City,
Ia. Thier are four brothers in the WOLFE family one
being ANASTAS MIKOYON of Russia and one brother is
WILLIAM WOLFE or JACK RUBY as he is known. JACK RUBY
killed OSWALD in Dallas, Texas recently.

"Sinc. yrs.,

/s/ JAMES BOND
James Bond
Scotland Yard
M-I-5. Dept.
London, England."

Sheriff ALLEN stated the above letter was received
in an envelope postmarked at Rock Island, Illinois, September 14,
1964, addressed as follows:

"Sheriff
Sheriff's Dept.
Cerro Gordo County
Mason City,
Iowa - U.S.A."

FBI

Date: 9/17/64

Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, OMAHA (44-209) (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and four copies of a letterhead memo dated 9/17/64 and captioned, "UNKNOWN SUBJECT, aka James Bond." Two copies are enclosed for Dallas and one copy enclosed for the information of Springfield inasmuch as the one letter quoted in this memo was mailed at Rock Island, Ill.

One copy is being furnished to United States Secret Service, Omaha, Nebraska. Sheriff GERALD D. ALLEN, Mason City, Iowa, stated he telephonically advised the office of the U. S. Secret Service in Omaha, Nebraska, of the receipt of the letter quoted in the enclosed letterhead memo; therefore, this letterhead memo is being disseminated locally to Secret Service.

In view of the content of the letters, no investigation being conducted by Omaha.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (44-1639)
- 1 - Springfield (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 1 - Omaha

LEG:fh

(7)

C. C. Wick

REC 5 44-24016-2057

25 SEP 28 1964

Approved: C. C. Wick Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 OCT 1-1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Omaha, Nebraska

September 17, 1964

RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, aka
James Bond

On September 15, 1964, Sheriff GERALD D. ALLEN,
Cerro Gordo County, Mason City, Iowa, advised the following
letter was received at his office on September 14, 1964:

"The real name of JACK RUBY is WILLIAM WOLFE
who is son of MEYER WOLFE of Mason City, Iowa. WILLIAM
WOLFE alias JACK RUBY is the assassin of HARVEY LEE
OSWALD. The father of WILLIAM WOLFE or JACK RUBY is
MEYER WOLFE who operates a Mason City, Iowa Furniture
Store. JACK RUBY or WILLIAM WOLFE was member of the
JOHN DILLINGER gang. It is possible that this WOLFE
family is planning an attempt to assassinate BARRY -
GOLDWATER during the GOLDWATER visit to Mason City,
Ia. Thier are four brothers in the WOLFE family one
being ANASTAS MIKOYON of Russia and one brother is
WILLIAM WOLFE or JACK RUBY as he is known. JACK RUBY
killed OSWALD in Dallas, Texas recently.

"Sinc. yrs.,

/s/ JAMES BOND
James Bond
Scotland Yard
M-I-5. Dept.
London, England."

Sheriff ALLEN stated the above letter was received
in an envelope postmarked at Rock Island, Illinois, September 14,
1964, addressed as follows:

"Sheriff
Sheriff's Dept.
Cerro Gordo County
Mason City,
Iowa - U.S.A."

44-24016-2057

ENCLOSURE

Re: UNKNOWN SUBJECT, aka
James Bond

On September 13, 1964, Acting Chief of Police STANLEY A. MC CLINTOCK, Mason City Police Department, Mason City, Iowa, advised the following letter was received at the Police Department on September 14, 1964:

"The real name of JACK RUBY the assassin of HARVEY LEE OSWALD is WILLIAM WOLFE. WILLIAM WOLFE alias JACK RUBY is son of MEYER WOLFE of Mason City, Iowa who is operator of Wolfe Furniture Store in Mason City, Iowa. JACK RUBY or WILLIAM WOLFE is one of four brother - one of the brothers is now known as ANASTAS MIKOYON the Russian Communist. It is possible that an attempt of assassination by one of the WOLFE Bros. will be made against BARRY GOLDWATER during GOLDWATER's visit to Mason City, Iowa. WILLIAM WOLFE the assassin of HARVEY LEE OSWALD and also known as JACK RUBY, was once member of the JOHN DILLINGER gang.

/s/ "JAMES BOND
James Bond - Scotland Yard
M-1-5 Dept. London, England"

Mr. MC CLINTOCK stated the above letter was received in an envelope, the postmark of which is illegible except the date is September 12, 1964. It also contains the initials, "R.P.O." which might indicate a railway post office. The envelope is addressed to the Chief of Police, Police Dept., Mason City, Iowa.

Sheriff ALLEN advised that Senator BARRY GOLDWATER is scheduled to deliver a speech in Mason City the morning of September 24, 1964. He also advised there is a furniture store in Mason City, Iowa, known as Mier Wolf & Sons Furniture Store, 311 South Federal, Mason City, Iowa.

This document is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 9/18/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DETROIT (44-563)

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR

Re Detroit tel to Bureau, Houston and Dallas dated 9/18/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Houston is one copy and for Dallas 25 copies of an FD-302 containing information furnished by JAMES J. KNEIDING, an inmate at the State Prison of Southern Michigan, Jackson, Mich.

Also enclosed for Houston is one copy of a photograph of JAMES J. KNEIDING taken 8/29/60.

Detroit indices are negative concerning KNEIDING.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1) *ENCLOSURE*
1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 25)
1 - Houston (Enc. 2)
1 - Detroit
LMC:sal
(6)

REC 5

44-24016-2158
3 SEP 21 1964

EX-103

Approved: 79 OCT 1 1964
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

Date 9/18/64

1

Inmate JAMES J. KNEIDING, State Prison of Southern Michigan, Jackson, Michigan, number E-86325, furnished the following information:

He is presently serving his fifth prison term in the State of Michigan. He was first sentenced in 1950 from Detroit, Michigan, for auto theft. He then escaped from the Michigan Reformatory, Ionia County, Michigan, and was sentenced in 1950 in Ionia County for this offense. In 1954 he was again sentenced to prison for attempted breaking and entering in the nighttime in Oakland County, Michigan. After his release from prison on this sentence, he went to Texas, arriving in Houston, Texas, about March 1, 1958. He resided in and around Houston until he left there to return to Michigan about the first week of May, 1960. After he returned to Michigan, he was again arrested and sentenced to prison from Oakland County for gross indecency. He was paroled in 1961 and was arrested and sentenced in Recorder's Court, Detroit, on September 25, 1961, to a term of four and one-half to five years for attempted robbery armed, which sentence he is now serving. He said this last sentence was a result of possible morals action on his part.

KNEIDING continued that during his stay in Houston, he worked for Fulton or Foulton Snow Roofing, putting on roofs as an applicator. From this, he worked into becoming a canvasser for salesmen, selling home improvements, such as aluminum siding, under the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) home improvement plan. His job was to line up prospects and the salesmen would then call on the prospects and attempt to sell them. He said the salesmen worked for various contracting firms but the main one was Kraft Construction, Houston. He also advised the main salesman he worked for was one LEONARD LYONS who resided at that time at 7522 Kernel, Pecan Park, Houston. During the period of 1958 to 1960, KNEIDING said he resided at various motels in Texas, Arkansas and Oklahoma while traveling in this work. During the spring and early summer of 1959, he resided at the Rainbow Inn Motel, Highway 90, Houston, and next at the South Main Hotel.

9/17/64 at Jackson, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563

Dallas 44-1839

by SA CHARLES G. FEHR/sal

Date dictated 9/17/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

for Men, 4500 block of South Main, Houston. He said these were the two main residences he had during his stay in Texas.

KNEIDING advised in January, 1960, he was arrested by the Houston Police Department when they caught him speeding and the car in which he was driving was found to have been stolen in Kansas City, Kansas. He said he had borrowed the car from another party in Oklahoma and the FBI had interviewed him in Houston at that time and he was later released and he never heard anything further about the matter.

After arriving in Houston, he advised that he fell into going with a group of homosexuals and visited and frequented various clubs where this crowd hung out. He named the main clubs which he frequented as the Desert Room on Mc Gowen Avenue; the Encore Club on Westheimer Street, a private club; the Whiffenpoof, the Surf Club, and others in Houston. He also frequented the Alley Theatre in Houston which was a hang-out for homosexuals and would-be actors and actresses. In Dallas, Texas, he visited the Purple Onion, located in the Old Cliff section, which was also a hang-out for homosexuals.

KNEIDING advised his closest acquaintance and the person he associated with the most was a Castillian Spaniard named [REDACTED] also known as [REDACTED] who resided on [REDACTED] Street in Houston on the part of the street which was the highway out of Houston. He described this person as of Spanish descent, early twenties, black hair, very fair skin and complexion, and small build. This person was well known at the Desert Room where they spent most of their time. Another person known to him was named [REDACTED] (LNU), who was a good friend of [REDACTED] and also well known at the Desert Room. Another was named [REDACTED] (phonetic), a young fellow from Alabama who worked at the [REDACTED] newspaper. Still another was [REDACTED] (LNU), who worked as the [REDACTED] Huntsville, Texas.

[REDACTED] KNEIDING said that he was known to these persons as JIM and/or BUTCH.

One evening at the Desert Room in Houston, he said he was with [REDACTED] and some of his other Spanish friends, he believed the above-mentioned [REDACTED] (LNU) and others whose names he could not recall. He was introduced to JACK RUBY, who was in the group with some other men about the same age as RUBY, after it was learned he, KNEIDING, was from Detroit, and RUBY mentioned he had a brother there. During the conversation, LEE OSWALD's name was mentioned because his name was, at that time, in the local newspapers because he was either trying to get permission to go to Russia or permission to return to Texas from Russia, he could not recall which.

There was conversation about OSWALD among the group who all seemed to know of him. The talk got around to the fact that RUBY had "brought OSWALD out", which means among homosexuals that RUBY had seduced OSWALD and started him into homosexual ways and activities. He continued that he later learned from his friends and from listening that JACK RUBY was well known among the homosexuals as an active homosexual although not preferring young men but rather preferring people in his own age bracket.

KNEIDING said that there had been a mock wedding at the Desert Room the night that he first met RUBY (the date of which he could not recall), and the "bride and groom" had been toasted by all of them, including RUBY. He said that he had met and seen RUBY after that at the Desert Room in Houston and also one time at the Purple Onion in Dallas. He said he is almost sure that he also met and observed RUBY another time at the Encore Club, Houston. He also said that he had heard RUBY's name mentioned at the Alley Theatre as a well known homosexual among the "gay crowd" when he had visited that establishment. He said that he had also observed RUBY at another place or two in both Houston and Dallas, but he could no longer remember the names of the places.

He continued that he did not know anything about RUBY's background or personal life and was not aware at that time that he was interested in clubs or possibly show business. He said he did not know anything about RUBY's business at that time and has only learned what he has read and heard on the news since he had shot

OSWALD in Dallas. He reiterated that RUBY was well known as a homosexual among such persons in both Dallas and Houston, and the persons he previously named all were more aware of this fact than he had been, as he had learned it from them and others, whose names he could not recall.

KNEIDING said that he had thought about this matter ever since he first learned about the shooting of OSWALD, whom he had never met or known, but knew only by name as RUBY's protege. He continued that because he was in prison, he had first taken the attitude that he was not going to tell anything he knew about this matter. However, it has been preying on his mind and now he is due for release in a few months and he wanted to get this matter off of his mind. He added that he wished he could better remember names and places but the above is the best he can recall.

FBI

Date: 9/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)(P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR
(OO: Dallas)

RE: Detroit airtel to Bureau dated 9/18/64.

Enclosed for Birmingham are two duplicated copies of FD-302 setting forth results of interview with JAMES J. KNEIDING on 9/17/64 at Jackson, Michigan, and one photograph of [REDACTED] L

Investigation at Houston, Texas, has disclosed that [REDACTED] (LNU) is identical with [REDACTED] (LNU) is identical with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] aka, is identical with [REDACTED] aka [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] interviewed, and each denied ever having met JACK RUBY or having had any conversation regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD or having heard that RUBY was a homosexual, as alleged by KNEIDING.

- ③ - Bureau (AM)
- 2 - Birmingham (Enc. 3)(AM)
- 2 - Dallas (44-1639)(AM)
- 1 - Detroit (44-563)(Info)(AM)
- 2 - Houston

REC 5

44-24016-2059

1 SEP 25 1964

DWF:yk
(10)

C C Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

79 OCT 1-1964 7

HO 44-939

Investigation at Houston further reflects that [redacted] white male, born 7/6/39 at [redacted] Alabama, graduated from [redacted] Alabama, High School in 1958, is the son of [redacted] Birmingham, Alabama. [redacted] was determined to have last been in Houston, Texas, in July, 1960. He was employed as [redacted] from February, 1960, until some time in July, 1960, and when he terminated on latter date stated his father was ill and he had to return to his home at [redacted] Birmingham, Alabama. While in Houston, Texas, [redacted] resided for a time at [redacted] Street with his brother and wife, [redacted] along with two other males, was arrested [redacted] by Houston Police Department after using stolen credit card to purchase tires. He was interviewed by FBI, but was not charged. Records, Houston Police Department, reflect he has a sister, [redacted] Birmingham, Alabama, and a sister, [redacted] Georgia.

For further information of Birmingham, Detroit by teletype dated 9/21/64 advised that according to Psychiatric Clinic, State Prison of Southern Michigan, KNEIDING, while not psychotic nor a pathological liar, has epileptic condition, is infantile, immature, unstable, and emotional; and possibly has conjectured fantasies possibly based on some thread of truth but possibly amplified and drawn out of reality.

For information of Dallas, FD-302's reporting results of interviews with [redacted] are in dictation, and 25 copies of each will be forwarded Dallas when transcription completed.

LEADS

BIRMINGHAM:

AT BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA:

Will ascertain present whereabouts of [redacted] through his parents, whose last known Birmingham

HO 44-939

address was [REDACTED] and take appropriate steps to effect his interview concerning the association between RUBY and OSWALD as alleged by KNEIDING.

September 29, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

K9
Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - I. W. Conrad (J. W. English)
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter of September 25, 1964, which enclosed copies of five memoranda revealing results of interviews with Commission staff and others.

Enclosed are two copies each of five memoranda also pertaining to this matter, which are captioned and dated as follows:

"Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security -
Russia - Cuba"
September 22, 1964
San Francisco, California

"Jack L. Ruby,
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights"
September 22, 1964
San Francisco, California

"Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 23, 1964
Los Angeles, California

"Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 25, 1964
Washington, D. C.

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald"
September 25, 1964
Washington, D. C.

As results of this investigation are received, you will be promptly advised.

(44-24016)

1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KMR:lās

(11)

REC 5
Sincerely yours,

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Enclosures (10)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

79 OCT 1 - 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555

62-109090

NOTE:

As a result of the Commission's letter dated 9-10-64, investigation was initiated to interview Commission members, Commission staff and former attorneys of Jack L. Ruby relating to the leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph and Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Earl Warren to news media. In connection with Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren printed in the "New York Journal American" under the by-line of Dorothy Kilgallen, we have obtained copies from the Commission and New York is expeditiously attempting to obtain copy from Dorothy Kilgallen so that appropriate laboratory examinations can be conducted to ascertain if the leak occurred within the President's Commission.

The enclosed letterhead memorandum contained interviews with Mr. Richard M. Mosk, former staff member of the President's Commission; Mr. Joseph A. Ball, former staff counsel of the President's Commission; and Miss Ruth D. Shirley, former staff member in the records section of the President's Commission.

In lieu of any instructions from the President's Commission, we are continuing to furnish results of this investigation until it is logically concluded or we receive instructions to discontinue.

9/29/64

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-37111)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-54016)
(WFO 44-520)

On the morning of 9/29/64 Mr. RUSS ROURKE, identifying himself as Administrative Assistant to Congressman JOHN R. PILLION, New York, telephonically contacted SA HERBERT J. MORGAN, Jr., and referred to prior interview of PILLION by WFO agents. ROURKE stated Congressman PILLION in receipt of Bureau recording of his interview and Congressman desired to know whether releasing same to newsmen would raise any problems.

ROURKE advised FBI maintains interview in confidence; however, could not advise Congressman PILLION whether he should release data concerning interview. ROURKE stated that the release would be

5 - Bureau
(1 - Assistant Director DE LOACH)
2 - WFO
HJM/pom
(7)

A I R T E L

44-14016-
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 5 1964

79 OCT 6 - 1964, 7

105-82555-5923

WFO 105-97111

44-520

made at a "newsworthy time" and would merely be repetition of data concerning Warren Commission Report. ROURKE stated the Congressman was perturbed prior to release of report and upon reading same was very upset, particularly with reference to attacks on FBI and Secret Service, which he considered wholly unjustified. ROURKE stated this convinced Congressman PILLION he should make his feelings known to newsmen and would merely mention as side issue that he had been interviewed by the FBI.

SEP 29 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. Belmont _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

10-08 PM

URGENT 9-29-64

DAE

TO DIRECTOR -8-

/ATT.. CRIMINAL SECTION/ 44-24016

FROM NEW YORK 44-974

JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD- VICTIM, CR.

RENYTEL TO BUREAU NINE TWENTY FIVE LAST.

MISS DOROTHY KILGALLEN, CONTACTED ON NINE TWENTY EIGHT AND NINE TWENTY NINE SIXTY FOUR RE HER PHOTOSTAT OF PAGE ONE ZERO THREE OF RUBY- S TESTIMONY GIVEN TO CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN.

MISS KILGALLEN ADVISED ON BOTH OCCASIONS THAT SHE WAS STILL ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE THE PHOTOSTAT.

CONTACT BEING MAINTAINED WITH MISS KILGALLEN.

DL AND WFO ADVISED BY AM.

END AND PLS HOLD.....

REC-5

44-24016

2061

10 SEP 30 1964

EX-103

79 OCT 1-1964

cc Roysa

FBI

Date: 9/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AMSD
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
Attn: Criminal Section
Bufile No. 105-82555
SF File No. 89-58 (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
Bufile No. 44-24016
SF File No. 44-494 (RUC)

Re Buairtel to WFO dated 9/14/64, and WFO airtel
to Bureau dated 9/17/64.

Enclosed herewith are the original and six copies
of two letterhead memoranda, one entitled "JACK L. RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, CIVIL RIGHTS," the other entitled
"LEE HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA."

These letterhead memoranda set forth results of
interview of RICHARD M. MOSK at San Francisco on 9/21/64.

Two copies of this airtel and one copy of each
letterhead memo have been designated for Dallas as Office
of origin.

ENCLOSURE
6 - Bureau (Encs. 14)
2 - Dallas (Encs. 2)
2 - San Francisco
(1 - 89-58)
(1 - 44-494)

WNK:sab
(10)

C. F. Wick

Let to Perkins 9/29 1 cc cc returned
with 2 cc of 2 cc 7/11/64
EX 10 REC-6 44-21016-6 2062

18 OCT 2 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

September 22, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY has requested investigation of leaks of information concerning the JACK L. RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN, and the JACK L. RUBY polygraph examination.

Attached is a report of interview with RICHARD M. MOSK, Commission Staff Member.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

1

Mr. RICHARD M. MOSK, Legal Assistant, California State Supreme Court, Room 4080, California State Building, was interviewed in his offices on September 21, 1964. Mr. MOSK stated he resides in Apartment 708, 66 Cleary Court, San Francisco.

MOSK advised that he was employed as a member of the Staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY at Washington, D. C. from the first week of February, 1964, until August 8, 1964. He advised that he returned to Washington on September 8, 1964, and again worked with the Commission until September 11, 1964. He advised that he may still appear on the list of Commission Staff Members; however, his duties with this organization have been completed and he is no longer on the payroll.

Mr. MOSK pointed out that the Commission offices are maintained in the 4th and 5th floors of the VFW Building, 200 Maryland Avenue N. E., Washington, D. C.

He stated that he is completely aware of the rumor and speculation concerning the so-called leaks of information to the press and other news media regarding the JACK L. RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN, and the JACK L. RUBY polygraph examination. He advised that he has no specific information regarding the unauthorized revelation of this information. He reported that while he was working in Washington there was considerable rumor and speculation with respect to these leaks and all of the rumors that he recalls pointed to the leaks occurring in the Dallas, Texas, area rather than through Commission offices in Washington, D. C. He pointed out that the original Commission Staff Members had a Top Secret clearance and the reports and other information received by the Commission usually bore a security classification. He stated that he recalls seeing a copy of the JACK L. RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN. He advised it is his recollection that this document was contained in a yellow folder and was tied with string. He advised that he has no definite information concerning the number of copies of this testimony on file with the Commission, but would guess that

On 9/21/64 at San Francisco, California File # SF 44-494

by SA WILLIAM N. KIDWELL, JR./sab Date dictated 9/22/64

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2
SF 44-494
WNK:sab

there were probably ten such copies. He advised he selected this figure since it was the number of copies made of other documents while he was working with the Commission.

Mr. MOSK stated in any event he would be unable to furnish the names of any suspects involved in this situation and he certainly does not suspect any of his fellow Commission Staff Members as being a party to the unauthorized release of this classified material.

He was unable to furnish any additional information concerning these matters.

FBI

Date: 9/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (REGISTERED)
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO: Dallas

Re WFO airtel to the Bureau dated 9/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the results of the interview with JOSEPH A. BALL, Commission Staff Counsel. One copy of this letterhead memorandum is enclosed for the information of Dallas.

During the course of the interview with JOSEPH A. BALL who requested that he not be quoted in connection with this particular information, he advised that he suspected someone, in all probability WILLIAM F. ALEXANDER, Assistant District Attorney, Dallas County, Texas, sold the RUBY deposition transcript since ALEXANDER was very hostile to the Commission and on one occasion when interviewed by the FBI regarding the lack of OSWALD's diary, commented that the Commission, President JOHNSON, and the FBI could "go to hell."

*Let to Louisa 9/22/64
with 2 cc LHM*

- 3-Bureau (Enc-10)(RM)(AM)
1-Dallas (44-1639)(Enc-1)(Info)(AM)(RM)
1-Los Angeles

PBD:slh
(5)

10-

LOSANGELES

*1 cc to
Tishler
FBI EX 109*

2063
10.2
SEP 21 1964

Approved: _____

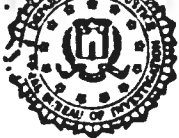
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

6.20.17 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California

September 23, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

Attached is a report of the interview with Joseph A. Ball, Commission Staff Counsel.

Attachment

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

2063

September 22, 1954
Date

JOSEPH A. BALL, an attorney with offices at 120 Linden Avenue, furnished the following information:

He acted in the capacity of Staff Counsel for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, and was present on June 7, 1964, when Chief Justice WARREN and members of the President's Commission interviewed JACK L. RUBY at the Dallas County Jail.

He does not know how DOROTHY KILGALLEN or the "New York Journal-American" newspaper came into possession of a transcript of the RUBY interview on June 7, 1964. He is of the opinion that no member or affiliate of the Commission had anything to do with KILGALLEN obtaining a copy of the document, and it appears that she is attempting to discredit the Commission by failing to identify her source of the document.

He never saw the original copy of the RUBY deposition. Certain distribution of copies of the document were made by the Commission, upon orders of Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, to various sources, including the District Attorney of Dallas County, Texas, and to the doctor responsible for recommending treatment for RUBY. The RUBY deposition and other Commission papers were maintained in a safe in the Commission offices, which were guarded by law enforcement officers. He has no knowledge of the existence of any copies of the RUBY interview transcript other than those duly authorized to be prepared by Mr. RANKIN.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

On 9/22/64 at Long Beach, California File # Los Angeles 44-895
by SA's GERALD F. LONERGAN and PHILLIP B. DEILY:slh Date dictated 9/22/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

9/21/64

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, WFO (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
(Bureau #105-82353)
(WFO #105-37111)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bureau #44-24016)
(WFO #44-520)

ReBairtel 9/14/64 and WFO airtel 9/21/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 12 copies and for Dallas two copies of two separate LHM's setting forth details of an interview conducted by SA CARL E. GRAHAM, at Washington, D. C., 9/23/64, with RUTH D. SHIRLEY, former employee of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY.

Miss SHIRLEY was interviewed immediately following her return from New York City.

6-Bureau (Enc. 12)
2-Dallas (Enc. 2)
2-WFO

CEC/jew
(10)

3 ENCLOSURE

REC-6

EX-109

44-24016-2064
199 OCT 2 1964

AIRTEL

61 OCT 6 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON ~~EX~~ D.C. 20535

September 25, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

By letter dated September 10, 1964, the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requested that investigation be conducted with regard to the unauthorized disclosures to news media of the Jack L. Ruby polygraph examination and the testimony of Ruby before Chief Justice Earl Warren. The Commission requested interviews with members of the Commission and with the staff of the Commission.

Set out hereinafter is the result of an interview conducted by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation with Miss Ruth D. Shirley on September 23, 1964.

COPIES DESTROYED

-2 1 JAN 4 1973'

44-2064
ENCLOSURE

Date 9/25/64

Miss RUTH D. SHIRLEY, Apartment 713, Shirlington House, 4201 South 31st Street, Arlington, Virginia, advised as follows:

Following her discharge from active duty as a member of the enlisted personnel of the United States Marine Corps, she began employment with the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY on January 9, 1964. She remained on duty, on loan from the Office of Secretary of Defense, until September 17, 1964, leaving the Commission on that date. She is scheduled to return to employment with the Advanced Research Projects Agency, Office of Secretary of Defense.

While employed at the President's Commission, she worked under the supervision of JOSEPHINE FARRAR in the Records Section and her duties involved the handling of incoming and outgoing mail.

Miss SHIRLEY advised that she was aware that there had been unauthorized disclosures to the news media of information relating to the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY as well as testimony given by RUBY before Chief Justice EARL WARREN at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964. Miss SHIRLEY stated she did not know how these unauthorized disclosures occurred; was not acquainted with any persons employed in the news media; and she stated she had never made any disclosures of information to any unauthorized persons.

In answer to specific questions, Miss SHIRLEY stated she had never seen a transcript of RUBY's testimony before Chief Justice WARREN in Dallas; also, she had never seen copies made of it. She stated in her employment with the Commission, she had done Xerox copy work for various attorneys on occasion, but did not recall ever having done such work on any material which bore a security classification.

COPIES DESTROYED

2:1 JAN 2 1973

On 9/23/64 at Arlington, Virginia File # WFO 44-520

by SA CARL E. GRAHAM/jaw Date dictated 9/25/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

WFO 44-520

2

Miss SHIRLEY stated she did not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and did not know of anyone who was acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN. She stated she had no idea how DOROTHY KILGALLEN came into possession of a copy of the RUBY transcript.

OCT 1 2 05 PM '64

REC'D-READING ROOM
F B I

October 1, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1- Mr. Conrad
(J.M. English)
- 1- Mr. Sullivan
(R.E. Lenihan)
- 1- Mr. Belmont
- 1- Mr. Rosen
- 1- Mr. Malley
- 1- Mr. Shroder
- 1- Mr. McGowan
(J.W. Hines)
- 1- Mr. Raupach

7/1
Jack Ruby
Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankins:

Reference is made to my letter dated September 29, 1964, which enclosed copies of five memoranda revealing results of interviews with Commission Staff members.

Enclosed are two copies each of four memoranda containing results of additional investigation conducted in this matter which are captioned and dated as follows:

BY COURIER SVC.
21 OCT - 2
COMM-FBI

"Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security -
Russia - Cuba"
September 23, 1964,
Boston, Massachusetts

"Jack L. Ruby
Lee Harvey Oswald -
Victim, Civil Rights"
September 23, 1964
Boston, Massachusetts

Rec'd
"Jack L. Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald
(deceased) - Victim
Civil Rights"
September 25, 1964
Houston, Texas

"Joseph Kingsbury Smith;
Dorothy Kilgallen"
September 25, 1964
New York, New York

19 OCT 2 1964

As results of our continuing investigation are received, you will be promptly advised.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

Enclosures (8)

KMR:mmmb (12)

SEE NOTE PAGE 2.

1- 44-24016

1- 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)

1- 62-109090 (President's Commission)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

62-109090
105-82555
REC'D-RECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE: Based on Commission's request to interview Commission Staff members and Ruby's attorneys regarding various leaks to news media, to date we have conducted 79 interviews. We have obtained copies of Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren from the President's Commission which are in possession of the Laboratory. We are attempting to obtain a photostat copy of page 103 of this transcript from Dorothy Kilgallen which was published in the "New York Journal American." New York is following this matter closely and has had several contacts with Kilgallen, the last contacts were on 9/28-29/64. However, she has advised on both occasions she was still attempting to locate the photostats.

The enclosed letterhead memoranda contain interviews with Mr. Ray Fernald Shurtleff, former employee in the File Section of the Warren Commission, Mr. Joe H. Tonahill, attorney for Ruby and Mr. Joseph Kingsbury Smith, publisher of the "New York Journal American" and Mr. Paul Schoenstein of the "New York Journal American" who was liaison between the paper and Kilgallen at the time the article was published.

AUG 21 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

FBI NEW YORK

10-17 PM

8-21-64

DAE

TO DIRECTOR - -16-

44-24016 AND DALLAS 44-1639

FROM NEW YORK 44-974

JACK L. RUBY ^{also known as} AKA., LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ^{also known as} AKA- VICTIM, ^{Civil Rights} OR.

REBUTEL EIGHT TWENTY LAST.

JOE KINGSBURY SMITH, PUBLISHER OF THE "NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN" ADVISED TODAY THAT PREVIOUSLY HE HAD ASKED DOROTHY KILGALLEN TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCE THAT FURNISHED HER THE TRANSCRIPT OF JACK RUBY- S INTERVIEW BY THE PRESIDENT- S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. KILGALLEN REFUSED TO REVEAL HER SOURCE BUT DID INDICATE TO SMITH THAT IT WAS FROM SOMEONE INSIDE THE COMMISSION AND A FRIEND OF HERS OF LONG STANDING.

SMITH STATED THAT HE QUESTIONED KILGALLEN THOROUGHLY AND SHE STATED THAT SHE WOULD STAKE HER REPUTATION ON THE FACT THE TRANSCRIPTION WAS DEFINITELY NOT STOLEN, NOT BOUGHT AND NOTHING ILLEGAL WAS DONE IN OBTAINING IT. SHE TOLD SMITH THAT SHE WOULD GIVE HER WORD OF HONOR

ON IT.
END PAGE ONE.....

CORR. LINE EIGHT WORD S SHD BE QUESTIONED LBI

XEROX

OCT 5 1964 - 1964

NOV 5 5 35 PM '64

RECEIVED 1146 010W 114

62-109090-
94-8-113-

PAGE TWO.....

SMITH STATED THAT ON THE BASIS OF THE ABOVE FACTS THE NEWSPAPER LAWYER- S DECIDED THAT PUBLICATION OF THIS TYPE OF TRANSCRIPT DID NOT VIOLATE THE LAW SINCE THE COMMISSION WAS NOT TRYING RUBY. THE LAWYERS SAID THE TRANSCRIPT COULD BE ^(E)RGARDED AS A JOURNALISTIC MATTER.

~~DOROTHY KILGALLEN~~ WAS INTERVIEWED TODAY AT HER TOWN HOUSE LOCATED AT FORTY FIVE EAST SIXTY EIGHTH STREET, NYC. NY

MISS KILGALLEN STATED SHE REFUSED TO REVEAL THE SOURCE WHICH GAVE HER THE RUBY TRANSCRIPT. SHE STATED THE SOURCE WAS A " RESPONSIBLE PERSON WHO HAD A LEGAL RIGHT TO THE TRANSCRIPT" SHE STATED SHE WAS THE ONLY PERSON WHO KNEW THE IDENTITY OF THE SOURCE AND THAT SHE " WOULD DIE" RATHER THAN REVEAL HIS IDENTITY.

MISS KILGALLEN SPECIFICALLY WAS ASKED WHETHER OR NOT THE SOURCE WAS A MEMBER OF THE PRESIDENT- S COMMISSION ITSELF OR A STAFF MEMBER OR EMPLOYEE. SHE REFUSED TO ANSWER.

END PAGE TWO.....

~~CORR LINE 4 WORD SIX SHD BE REGARDED~~

(2)

PAGE THREE.....

SHE WAS SPECIFICALLY ASKED IF THE SOURCE WAS SOMEONE NOT ON THE COMMISSION SUCH AS RUBY- S DEFENSE COUNSEL OR SOMEONE ELSE WHO WAS PRESENT DURING THE INTERVIEW OR WHO MIGHT HAVE LEGALLY RECEIVED A COPY OF THE TRANSCRIPT. SHE REFUSED TO ANSWER.

MISS KILGALLEN DID STATED THAT THE SOURCE WAS A MAN AND NOT A FEMALE. SHE STATED HE IS A FRIEND OF LONG STANDING. SHE STATED THIS SOURCE GAVE HER A TYPED TRANSCRIPT OF THE RUBY INTERVIEW. SHE KEPT THE TRANSCRIPT SEVERAL DAYS AND HAD COPIES MADE INCLUDING PHOTOSTATS. KILLGALLEN THEN GAVE THE TRANSCRIPT BACK TO HER SOURCE.

MISS KILGALLEN RECALLED FROM MEMORY THAT THE TRANSCRIPT SHE RECEIVED WAS NUMBERED FROM PAGE ONE TO PAGE ONE ZERO THREE. SHE STATED THAT ONE PAGE WAS MISSING . SHE BELIEVES PAGE NUMBER FIFTY NINE WAS MISSING.

OTHERWISE THE TRANSCRIPT APPEARED TO BE COMPLETE. ACCOMPANYING THE TRANSCRIPT WAS A NOTARIZED STATEMENT FROM THE STENOGRAPHER WHO WAS PRESENT DURING THE INTERVIEW.

END PAGE THRE.....

MISS KILGALLEN REFUSED TO SAY IF SHE FIRST APPROACHED THE SOURCE OF IF THE SOURCE FIRST APPROACHED HER ABOUT THE TRANSCRIPT. SHE DID STATE THAT THE SOURCE GAVE HER THE TRANSCRIPT AS A " FRIENDLY GESTURE". SHE STATED SHE WOULD SWEAR THAT THE TRANSCRIPT WAS NOT STOLEN AND NOTHING ILLEGAL WAS DONE IN OBTAINING IT. SHE STATED SHE DID NOT PAY MONEY FOR THE TRANSCRIPT AND DID NOT GIVE OR PROMISE HER SOURCE ANYTHING ELSE OF VALUE IN EXCHANGE FOR THE TRANSCRIPT.

MISS KILGALLEN STATED THE " NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN " DOES NOT KNOW THE IDENTITY OF HER SOURCE AND IN FACT SHE TOLD THE NEWSPAPER LESS THAN SHE TOLD THE INTERVIEWING AGENTS.

MISS KILGALLEN FURNISHED NO OTHER INFO OF VALUE. SHE STATED THAT SHE IS THE ONLY PERSON WHO KNOWS THE IDENTITY OF THE SOURCE AND SHE WILL NEVER REVEAL IT.

SHE VOLUNTARILY TOLD THE INTERVIEWING AGENTS THAT SHE IS WILLING TO GO TO WASHINGTON DC, AND TESTIFY ON THIS MATTER BEFORE THE PRESIDENT COMMISSION. SHE EMPHASIZED , HOWEVER, THAT SHE ALSO WILL REFUSE TO IDENTIFY HER SOURCE TO THE COMMISSION OR ANYONE ELSE. SHE STATED THAT REGARDLESS OF THE CONSEQUENCES SHE WILL NEVER IDENTIFY THE SOURCE TO ANYONE

LHM FOLOWS...

ENDS

~~CORR LINE 18 - LAST WORD SHD BE ANYONE.~~

END

VBS

FBI WASHDC

ENC 1 10 11 11

8/22/64

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

The "New York Journal American" on August 18, 1964, printed a copyright article by Dorothy Kilgallen on what was reported to be a verbatim copy of the transcript of Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Warren and the President's Commission at the Dallas County Jail on June 7, 1964. Mr. Rankin at the specific request of the seven members of the President's Commission on August 18, 1964, has requested that we conduct investigation to determine how the transcript came into possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal American."

Investigation continuing.

JWH:jh

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

FBI NEW YORK

11:40 PM

URGENT 9-25-64

TELETYPE

DAE

TO DIRECTOR -11-

ATTENTION CRIMINAL SECTION.

FROM NEW YORK

Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA IS - R - CUBA, BUFILE ONE ZERO FIVE - TWO FIVE FIVE FIVE NY FILE ONE ZERO FIVE THREE EIGHT FOUR THREE ONE.
JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, CR., BUFILE FOUR FOUR - TWO FOUR ZERO ONE SIX, NY FILE FOUR FOUR - NINE SEVEN FOUR.

REBUTEL TO NY SEPTEMBER TWENTY FIVE SIXTY FOUR.

MR. JOSEPH ~~KINGSBURY~~ SMITH, PUBLISHER OF THE NEW YORK JOURNAL AMERICAN, ADVISED THAT HE DID NOT KNOW IF THE JOURNAL AMERICAN HAS A PHOTO COPY OF PAGE ONE ZERO THREE OF THE RUBY TESTIMONY GIVEN TO CHIEF JUSTICE EARL WARREN ON JUNE SEVEN, SIXTY FOUR, AT DALLAS, TEXAS. HE ALSO STATED THAT HIS PAPER DOES NOT HAVE A PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF THE ENTIRE TESTIMONY. HE SUGGESTED THAT MR. PAUL ~~SCHOENSTEIN~~ OF THIS PAPER CAN BE CONTACTED AS HE WAS LIAISON WITH DOROTHY KILGALLEN AT THE TIME THE ARTICLE WAS PUBLISHED.

MR. SCHOENSTEIN ADVISED THAT DOROTHY KILGALLEN GAVE HIM A PHOTOSTAT COPY OF RUBY - S TESTIMONY WHICH HE HAD FOR ONLY A SHORT TIME AND RETURNED TO HER. MR. SCHOENSTEIN ADVISED THAT HE DOES NOT RECALL THE APPEARANCE OF THE TRANSCRIPT. HE STATED THAT KILGALLEN ALLOWED HIM TO MAKE A COPY OF PAGE ONE ZERO THREE OF HER PHOTOSTAT AND THIS WAS PLACED ON PAGE SEVEN OF THE AUGUST EIGHTEEN, NINETEEN SIXTY FOUR ISSUE. HE STATED THAT HE DID NOT HAVE A PHOTO COPY OF PAGE ONE ZERO THREE AND THE ONLY RECORD THE JOURNAL AMERICAN HAS IS A PHOTOSTAT OF PAGE SEVEN OF THE AUGUST EIGHTEEN ISSUE. HE ALSO ADVISED THAT HE DOES NOT HAVE THE TESTIMONY OF RUBY WHICH WAS FURNISHED HIM BY DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

94-8-113

2067

OCT 2 1964

FBI

PAGE TWO.....

MISS KILGALLEN WAS RECONTACTED AND ADVISED THAT SHE DID NOT MAKE ANY PHOTOSTATS OF THE RUBY TRANSCRIPT. SHE STATED, HOWEVER, SHE DID PHOTOSTAT PAGE ONE ZERO THREE OF THE TRANSCRIPT WHICH APPEARED IN THE NY JOURNAL AMERICAN.

MISS KILGALLEN STATED THAT SHE BELIEVES SHE HAS A PHOTOSTAT OF THIS PAGE, AND SHE AND HER SECRETARY, MISS VERNE, WILL ATTEMPT TO LOCATE IT. MISS KILGALLEN ADVISED THAT SHE WOULD CONTACT THIS OFFICE RE THE PHOTOSTAT.

DALLAS WASHINGTON FIELD
DL AND WFO ADVISED BY MAIL.

END

~~CORR PAGE ONE LINE 8 WORD LAST SHD BE "077" PUBLISHED~~
~~AND LINE NINE 8N8X8X8X8X WORD 5 SHD BE "DOROTHY"~~

END

BFL

FBI WASH DC

15 15 15 15 15

9-26-64

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

This matter concerns a request from President's Commission to interview Commission members and staff re the leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's polygraph examination and Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren. Ruby's testimony before Warren was published in the "New York Journal American" under the by-line of Dorothy Kilgallen. Copies of the transcript of this interview obtained from the Commission and we are attempting to obtain copies from Dorothy Kilgallen and "New York Journal American" to make laboratory comparisons to establish if the leak of Oswald's testimony with Warren occurred within the Commission. This matter is being followed closely.

RT-11

Memorandum

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 9/25/64

FROM :

SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)

SUBJECT:

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum in the above-captioned matter suitable for dissemination.

One copy each is enclosed for Dallas and WFO.

A letterhead memorandum reflecting the interview of DOROTHY KILGALLEN will be submitted following recontact of her on 9/28/64.

CONFIDENTIAL

REC 8

44-24016-2088

17 SEP 29 1964

- (2) - Bureau (44-24016) (Encls. 10)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1369) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - Washington Field (44-520) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - New York (44-974)

EWO:lac
(5)

1-cc teletype sent

[Handwritten signature]

ENCLOSURE

60 OCT 21 1964
67 OCT 26 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
September 25, 1964

Joseph Kingsbury Smith;
Dorothy Kilgallen

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested that an investigation be conducted to determine how a transcript of the Commission's interview with Jack L. Ruby came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal American".

On September 22, 1964, Mr. Joseph Kingsbury Smith, Publisher of the "New York Journal American", was asked if he had a photo copy of page 103 of the transcript reflecting the interview of Jack L. Ruby by Chief Justice Earl Warren, which appeared on page seven of the August 18, 1964 edition of the "New York Journal American".

Mr. Smith advised that he did not know, however, he had contacted Mr. Paul Schoenstein of this paper, who was liaison between the paper and Miss Dorothy Kilgallen during the time this article was published in the paper. He stated that Mr. Schoenstein told him that Miss Kilgallen had given him a Photostat of Ruby's testimony which he was allowed to keep for a very short period. Mr. Schoenstein stated that he was only allowed to make a photo copy of page 103 of the testimony, which was later reproduced in the paper. Mr. Smith also advised that they are not in possession of a copy of this transcript.

On September 23, 1964, Mr. Paul Schoenstein of the "New York Journal American" advised that he did not have a photo copy of page 103 of the Ruby testimony which appeared in the August 18, 1964 edition. He stated that the only record he has is a Photostat of page seven of the August 18, 1964 edition of the "New York Journal American". Mr. Schoenstein also advised that he does not have any copies of the Ruby transcript.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Handwritten initials and stamps:
Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Malley
Rosen
Sullivan
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy
✓
[Signature]

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: September 20, 1964

FROM : MR. BELMONT

cc Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Malley
Mr. Brennan
Mr. Branigan
Mr. Lenihan

Mr. Trotter
Mr. Gale

SUBJECT: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S
COMMISSION REGARDING THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

The report of the President's Commission has been reviewed by the Administrative Division, the Domestic Intelligence Division, the General Investigative Division, the Identification Division, and the Laboratory.

COMMISSION'S FINDINGS:

The Commission's report sets forth the official facts of the assassination of President Kennedy as we knew and reported them in substance to the Commission on 12-9-63. Namely, Oswald was the assassin, he acted alone, his actions the product of a disturbed mind, showing an urge to find a place in history, a capacity for violence, a commitment to communism and a resentment of authority. Of events immediately following the assassination, it found no evidence of any association with or conspiracy between Ruby and Oswald or among any outside factors, foreign or domestic. *Jack*

In criticism it finds the Secret Service vastly inadequate to its assigned task in November, 1963. It castigates the Dallas Police Department for its handling of the person of Oswald subsequent to his arrest and for its dealings with news media. It recognizes the failure of the Secret Service to define the criteria they needed to properly protect the President and to make proper requests of Government agencies.

Concerning the FBI, the report states the FBI could have provided more to the Secret Service than prompt referral of specific threats to Presidential safety, as was our policy prior to the assassination. While not detailed on this point, it reports that the Bureau "took an unduly restrictive view of its role in protective intelligence work prior to the assassination."

JRM:td (12)

67 OCT 22 1964

44 J...
OCT 13 1964
196 OCT 13 1964

PERS. REC.

72-109090-287

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

In recommendation of procedures to improve protection of the President, it proposes the formation of a committee at cabinet level to oversee the problems of protecting the President; the possible relocation of the duties of the Secret Service to another agency, or in the alternative the appointment of a responsible position in the Treasury Department to supervise the Secret Service and to keep the Secretary of the Treasury informed as to its performance; that the facilities of Secret Service be completely overhauled, including the establishment of criteria of information it needs to properly protect the President; that there be perfected a closer association and liaison between the Secret Service and all Federal agencies; and, finally, that the President's physician accompany him on his travels; that Congress make the assassination of the President and Vice President a federal crime; that State Department refine procedures for dissemination of information concerning defectors to Soviet-bloc countries, and that representatives of the bar, law enforcement and news media work more closely to establish ethical standards concerning collection and presentation to the public of information so there will be no interference with pending criminal investigations or rights of individuals to a fair trial. Here the Commission is not clear but the implications point to the Dallas Police Department, killing of Oswald, conduct of news media representatives, Mark Lane, et cetera.

The report states that both the Secret Service and the FBI have professed to the Commission that the liaison between them was close and fully sufficient. The Commission does not believe that the liaison between the FBI and the Secret Service prior to the assassination was as effective as it should have been. With regard to this comment, it is noted that prior to the assassination of President Kennedy the FBI disseminated to the Secret Service all information which came into its possession which it believed would be of value to the Secret Service in carrying out its responsibilities. It is noted that at no time did Secret Service express discontent nor did it furnish a written criteria regarding its needs.

Since the assassination of the President there was a complete re-evaluation of our dissemination policy with regard to information that might be of interest to Secret Service. New criteria were established and following the establishment of the new criteria we have been following the new procedures which were adopted. These criteria are the subject of a separate memorandum that was prepared on 9-29-64.

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

In addition, we have determined that an Interagency Committee and program are being established by the Treasury Department to develop more effective criteria for dissemination of data to Secret Service. The Committee will include representatives of the President's Office of Science and Technology, Department of Defense, Central Intelligence Agency, FBI, and Secret Service. This Interagency Committee has not reached the stage of development to extend invitations to the FBI and others, but is expected to do so soon. It is noted that since the adoption of the Bureau's new criteria for dissemination, Secret Service has made available in writing to the Bureau the criteria upon which they desire to receive information. It is noted that the Bureau's criteria is broader in scope than the written criteria furnished by Secret Service.

The report of the Commission gives the Bureau credit for the amount of investigative effort since the assassination and mentions that 80 additional FBI personnel were sent to Dallas to assist in the investigation, that we had conducted more than 25,000 interviews and as of 9-11-64 submitted more than 2300 reports comprising some 25,400 pages.

In referring to the identification of 20 latent fingerprints and 8 latent palmprints, the Commission discussed the identities other than Oswald that were identified with the latent prints. The Commission in their wording stated "most of the prints were found to have been placed on the cartons by an FBI clerk and a Dallas police officer." The true facts are that it was determined that a clerk in the Dallas Office was identified with five latent fingerprints and one latent palmprint and the remaining latent fingerprints and four of the palmprints were determined to be those of a Dallas police officer. In connection with the clerk in the Dallas Office, he was responsible for the wrapping of the cartons for transmittal to the Bureau.

In discussing the shooting of Dallas police officer J. D. Tippit, the Commission states that certain witnesses to this shooting were interviewed by the FBI "two months after the shooting." It is noted the shooting of the Dallas police officer by Oswald was completely a local matter within the jurisdiction of the Dallas Police Department and the Bureau did not attempt to conduct any investigation concerning this shooting. The Bureau did offer its

*Another instance
of our "unduly
restrictive policy"*
H J

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

Laboratory facilities to the Dallas Police Department in this matter. No interviews were conducted relative to the Tippit shooting until requests were received from the President's Commission to do so.

Concerning the various interrogations of Lee Harvey Oswald, the Commission comments on the small size of the interview room in the Dallas Police Department and states that up to 25 different persons participated in these interviews. There is no clear cut statement as to the number of individuals that participated in these interviews at any given time. In this regard it is noted that 1 Agent participated in an interview on 11-22-63 and 1 Agent participated in two interviews on 11-23-63.

Comment is also made that Oswald was not represented with counsel. The entire interviewing of Oswald was under the jurisdiction of the Dallas Police Department, not the FBI, and the Bureau had no control over the conditions under which the interviews were taking place.

The report states an FBI Agent is quoted as stating the conditions at the Dallas Police Department were like Grand Central Station or the Yankee Stadium. The Agent in the footnote is identified as Special Agent James P. Hosty. In this regard Agent Hosty's testimony does reflect that he made such a comment when testifying before the President's Commission. *Hosty is a first class - J.P.*

The report states that the Director sent a message to Dallas Chief of Police Curry on 11-22-63, urging the Chief to afford Oswald utmost security. The report states Chief Curry did not recall receiving this message. SAC Shanklin assures that an oral message was delivered by Special Agent Manning C. Clements immediately after receiving instructions from the Bureau to so advise Chief Curry. (See SA Clements Dallas report 11/30/63, page 29, paragraph 5). *SA Clements has been*

The report in discussing Chief Curry's periodic press releases on the developments in the assassination during the initial stages quotes the Director as being extremely concerned over these press releases and quotes from the Director's testimony in this regard.

In referring to interviews of Ruth Paine by Special Agent Hosty, the report states she was questioned concerning Oswald's whereabouts and promised to advise the FBI where he was residing and also to furnish the FBI any pertinent information concerning him. A comment is made

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

that Ruth Paine was not asked to furnish Oswald's telephone number in Dallas and that she did not volunteer this information although she had such information in her possession.

The Commission has relied very heavily upon the technical findings of the FBI Laboratory to support their conclusions as to the identity of the assassin and our Laboratory findings are not presented in an unfavorable light. In some instances, reportedly in the interests of impartiality, because of deep involvement of the FBI in the investigation of the case, the Commission had other experts examine evidence upon which we had submitted reports. Upon being challenged by the Bureau at the time on the basis of a lack of confidence, the Commission denied any such lack of confidence. There were no important or significant differences between our findings and those of the other experts. This was particularly true of all crucial examinations such as the identification of the assassination bullets as having been fired in Oswald's rifle and the identification of Oswald's handwriting on documents establishing his ownership of the assassination rifle.

As a matter of interest, in a few instances, there was a difference of degree noted in certain of the findings. These instances are discussed in detail below.

On pages 577 and 578 the report sets forth that FBI Laboratory experts identified all writing on a vaccination certificate found among Oswald's belongings as being Oswald's handwriting except the signature "A.J. Hideel" which was too distorted to identify or nonidentify. Alwyn Cole, Treasury Department document expert identified all writing including "A.J. Hideel" signature as being Oswald's. On the other hand, Cole was unable to identify or nonidentify a rubber stamp kit which belonged to Oswald with rubber stamp impressions on this vaccination certificate. The FBI Laboratory expert was able to identify certain of the stamped words as having been made by Oswald's stamp kit. These minor variances are not contradictory and are overshadowed by the conclusive agreement of both experts that Oswald prepared most of the writing appearing on the certificate.

not very complimentary to our Laboratory.

On page 186 of the report, relative to the bullet that had been fired into the home of Major General Edwin A. Walker on April 10, 1963, the Commission relates that Joseph D. Nicol conducted an independent examination of the bullet and concluded "that there is a fair probability" that the bullet was fired from the rifle used in the assassination.

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

The Nicol referred to hereinbefore is Joseph Nicol, Superintendent of the Illinois State Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation, called in by the Commission as an independent firearms examiner.

An examination of this bullet in the FBI Laboratory by three top firearms specialists conducting separate and independent examinations revealed it to be so extremely mutilated that there was not sufficient evidence remaining on which to base a conclusion as to whether or not the bullet recovered from Walker's house had been fired from the assassination weapon. One of the experts correctly testified before the Commission that the FBI does not use a category of "probable" identifications, and that unless a missile or cartridge case can be identified as coming from a particular weapon to the exclusion of all others, the FBI does not report an identification.

Another instance of ... restrictive policy.
In explaining the difference between his policy and that of the FBI on the matter of probable identification before the Commission, Nicol admitted that he could not identify the gun "to the exclusion of all other guns."

The Commission took due cognizance of this in its evaluation of this matter, and the Commission states in its summation that it recognizes that neither expert was able to state the bullet which missed General Walker was fired from Oswald's rifle.

Relative to the firearms examinations of the four bullets removed from the body of Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit, and the four cartridge cases found near the scene of the murder of Tippit, the Commission notes that both the FBI experts and Nicol identified all four cartridge cases as having been fired in Oswald's revolver, thus establishing Oswald's revolver as the murder weapon. In the case of the bullets the Commission notes that Nicol differed with the FBI experts on one of these bullets, Nicol identifying one of these bullets as having been fired from Oswald's revolver. The findings of three top FBI examiners concerning the bullets were to the effect that, because of mutilation and the inconsistent nature of the individual markings on the bullets there was not sufficient evidence remaining on which to base a definite determination.

Another "dodge" by ...
Since the findings of the FBI Laboratory were arrived at independently by three of our top firearms identification specialists and there definitely was no foundation for Nicol's conclusion, it is obvious

MR. BELMONT - MR. TOLSON
RE: REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT'S Commission

that he was influenced by circumstances surrounding the case in arriving at his decision.

You are merely assuming this.

In evaluating the evidence concerning Tippit's murder on page 176 of the report, the Commission completely ignored the identification made by Nicol. This illustrates how heavily the Commission relied upon the findings of our Laboratory experts.

And whenever possible they took a crack at the Laboratory.

ACTION

The foregoing is submitted for information concerning the report submitted by the President's Commission.

Rel
Sam
W.C.S.
Q
JWC
BB

FBI

Date: 9/25/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

RE: Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 9/22/64;
WFO airtel to Bureau, attention FBI
Laboratory, dated 9/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letter-
head memorandum setting forth results of an interview on
9/25/64 of Attorney JOE H. TONAHILL, Jasper, Texas.

One copy of the letterhead memorandum is enclosed
for each, Dallas and WFO.

Mr. TONAHILL made available his copy of the tran-
script of the interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice
EARL WARREN at Dallas, Texas, on 6/7/64, which is being
forwarded to the FBI Laboratory by separate communication
this date.

Mr. TONAHILL was most cordial during the course
of the interview.

Pursuant to his request, a receipt for the tran-
script was given Attorney TONAHILL, who desires the tran-
script returned to him as soon as its usefulness has been
completed.

- ③ - Bureau (Enc. 10) (AM) (RM)
1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 1) (AM) (RM)
1 - WFO (44-520) (Enc. 1) (AM) (RM)
2 - Houston

1cc la tieker 1cc LHM
6-Kuf 8-23-64
44-24016-7356
21 SEP 28 1964

79 0078-1964 ENCLOSURE

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

10-1-64

HO 44-939

From the information in this matter available to the Houston Division it would appear that contact with the Stamps Commercial Press, Jasper, Texas, should not be undertaken until the FBI Laboratory examination of this transcript has been completed and results made available.

Since Dr. JOYLON WEST has not received possession of the transcript furnished Mr. TONAHILL, no lead is being set forth for his interview.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Houston, Texas

September 25, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
(deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On September 25, 1964, Attorney Joe H. Tonahill, Jasper, Texas, made available to Special Agents Graham W. Kitchel and Daniel W. Fults, Jr., a copy of the transcript of the interview of Jack L. Ruby conducted by Chief Justice Earl Warren on June 7, 1964, at Dallas, Texas. Mr. Tonahill advised he obtained this copy of the transcript from J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

The transcript made available by Attorney Tonahill has the following characteristics:

It consists of pages 1 through 103, except pages 49 and 59 are missing. Page 1, the cover page, is not numbered. Each page measures approximately 8" by 10½".

The word "Confidential" appears in entirety or in part at the top of each page. However, at the top of pages 21, 22, 28, 31, 32, 33, and 103, only a portion of the word "Confidential" is evident, and it appears that on those pages a portion of the word "Confidential" was deleted when the top margin was trimmed.

The word "Confidential" appears in entirety or in part at the bottom of only the following pages: 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, and 103. Only a portion of the word "Confidential" is evident at the bottom of pages 9, 15, 19, 23, and 27, and it appears on these pages a portion of the word "Confidential" was deleted when the bottom margin was trimmed.

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12 1 JAN 4 1973

44-2106-
ENCLOSURE

RE: JACK L. RUBY

It is noted that while the bottom margin of all pages appeared to have been trimmed rather close to line 25, line 25 is evident on all pages.

On pages 32 and 33 of the transcript furnished by Mr. Tonahill, the name "Harry Carlson" appears and no correction in that name is apparent.

At the bottom of page 103 the word "Confidential" appears definitely below line 25 and not between lines 24 and 25.

Mr. Tonahill advised that the above described transcript was not in the exact form in which he received it. He stated that when he received the transcript it was bound together through two punched holes in all pages, which he did not like. He stated shortly after receiving the transcript he turned it over to the Stamps Commercial Press, Jasper, Texas, and this company at his request trimmed the document off into its present form and bound it together with three staples. He stated the staples were not completely satisfactory and it was necessary for him to add Scotch tape over the staples.

Mr. Tonahill advised that he did not recall how long the transcript was in the possession of the Stamps Commercial Press Company but stated they had it presumably for a few days. He noted further that Mr. Bob Stamps is the owner of Stamps Commercial Press.

Mr. Tonahill advised that he did not make this transcript or any copy of it available to Dorothy Kilgallen. He stated he met Dorothy Kilgallen in Dallas, Texas, during the trial of Jack Ruby in February and March, 1964. At that time, Dorothy Kilgallen, as did various other members of the press, requested permission to interview Jack Ruby, but at no time has she ever requested to see or obtain possession of the above transcript from him. He stated further that since the trial of Jack Ruby he has had no further communication with Dorothy Kilgallen.

Mr. Tonahill stated that he requested a copy of this transcript from J. Lee Rankin in order that he could have it studied by Dr. Joylon West, a prominent psychiatrist.

RE: JACK L. RUBY

from Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. He stated it was his intention to hold a sanity hearing concerning Jack Ruby and he felt that a study of this transcript would aid Dr. West in coming to a conclusion in regard to Ruby's sanity.

Mr. Tonahill further stated that he did not make this transcript or a copy thereof available to Dr. West inasmuch as a sanity hearing has not yet occurred.

Mr. Tonahill related that he has never made or caused to be made copies of this transcript. Further, he has not furnished this transcript to Attorney Melvin Belli who was formerly an attorney representing Ruby.

Mr. Tonahill indicated he does not know how a copy of the transcript of the interview came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen.

DIRECTOR, FBI

9/23/64

SAC, BOSTON

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
(ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(BSfile 105-10911) (c)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(BSfile 44-337) (c)

Rebuairtel to WFO dated 9/14/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies each of letterhead memoranda dated and captioned as above. One copy each is also enclosed for Dallas in accordance with instructions contained in referenced airtel.

The interview of RAY FERNALD SHURTLEFF was conducted at Boston, Mass., on 9/22/64 by SAs JAMES T. SULLIVAN and DARREL B. CURRIE.

7 ENCLOSURE

EX-103

REC 8

44-24016-2070

- (4) - Bureau (Encs. 20) (RM)
 - (2 - 105-82555) (Encs. 10) (RM)
 - (2 - 44-24016) (Encs. 10) (RM)
- 2 - Dallas (Encs. 2) (RM)
- 2 - Boston (105-10911)
(44-337)

DBC:maj
(8)

Deleted Copy Sent RAY F SHURTLEFF
by Letter 9/29/75 JH
Per FOIA Request

79 OCT 8 - 1964

105-82555-5052

ORIGINAL FILED IN



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Boston, Massachusetts
September 23, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
- VICTIM, CIVIL RIGHTS

Ray Fernald Shurtleff, born January 14, 1943, a student at Northeastern University, Boston, Massachusetts, residing in Apartment #16 at 111 Jersey Street, Boston, Massachusetts, furnished the following information on September 22, 1964:

In connection with the Northeastern University Cooperative Plan, he was employed in the File Section of the National Archives, Washington, D. C., from November 18, 1963 - January 25, 1964, when he returned to Northeastern University. On April 6, 1964, he was again employed at the National Archives, Washington, D. C., working in the Office of Presidential Libraries. On or about April 29, 1964, he was detailed by National Archives to work at the Warren Commission offices and was employed there in the File Section until July 31, 1964, when he left voluntarily to return to college in Boston.

His supervisor at the Warren Commission was Josephine Farrar. His duties were filing, placing documents in chronological order, indexing and in some cases source checking footnotes of various testimony.

Shurtleff recalled that on July 23, 1964, the "Washington Post" newspaper published an article containing the questions and answers resulting from a polygraph test of Jack L. Ruby at Dallas, Texas, on July 18, 1964. In reading this article, Shurtleff recalled that about one week prior to July 18, 1964 he had filed a yellow copy of the proposed questions prepared by the Commission and sent to Dallas for the test.

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21 JAN 4 1973

Deleted Copy Sent RAY F. SHURTLEFF
by letter 8/21/73
Per FOIA Request

44-24016 - 1

ENCLOSURE

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

After reading the newspaper article, and probably on the same day, he went to the File Section and pulled out the yellow File Section copy of the proposed questions and compared them with those appearing in the newspaper article. He did this out of general curiosity and for no other reason as, in his opinion, there must have been some leak to the press.

Shurtleff's recollection is that the questions set forth in the newspaper article were similar to those appearing in the yellow File Section copy, in that the order of questions and the wording of the questions was substantially the same.

Shurtleff advised that he had no knowledge as to whether any unauthorized distribution had been made of the proposed questions, that nobody had ever requested him for a copy of this document and that he never copied it or caused it to be copied. He stated that any member of the staff or employee could have made copies of this document, as everyone had access to Xerox machines in the basement at the Commission. He stated as there was no control system for number of copies made or distributed, he could not say how many copies of this document may have been prepared.

In connection with the interview of Jack L. Ruby by Chief Justice Earl Warren at Dallas, Texas, on June 7, 1964, Shurtleff recalled that he first heard of this through reading the local newspaper account of the interview after it took place.

He recalled that following the publication of the interview in the local press, there was some discussion of this in the File Section where he worked, as no one could understand how the newspaper got its information.

Shurtleff recalled that sometime after the interview took place, date not recalled, he saw a copy of the stenographer's transcript of the Ruby interview. He said this may have been only one of three or four copies made by the stenographer, which would have been normal procedure depending on the number of staff members who may want copies of that particular document.

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

He first saw this transcript in the Xerox Room where it had apparently been left by one of the secretaries for copying. The Xerox operator was Edward (Ned) Pierpoint and the Xerox Room was adjacent to Shurtleff's work area. He believed this was a blue ink copy of the original stenographer's transcript. He does not recall whether it was classified or whether it bore any other identifying marks. He did not observe Pierpoint make any copies of this transcript and has no knowledge of how many copies, if any, were made.

He never discussed this matter further with Pierpoint or anyone else.

Sometime later, possibly two or three weeks later, a page proof copy of the Ruby interview came to the File Section for indexing. He believes this came from Mr. Norman Redlich's office and was returned there after it was indexed. He does not recall whether this document was classified.

These were the only two occasions when he saw the Ruby interview. This document was never filed in the File Section as stenographers' transcripts and page proof copies of interview were not placed in the File Section.

After returning to Boston, Shurtleff read Dorothy Kilgallen's account of the interview of Ruby in a Boston newspaper and again wondered how this had reached the press. He had no information as to how Dorothy Kilgallen had obtained this information. He was unable to say whether this article appeared to be a copy of either the stenographer's transcript or the page proof copy of the interview which he had previously observed.

Shurtleff had no information concerning the number of copies made or distribution of the Ruby interview. He stated that as there was no adequate control system for documents, any staff member or employee could have had access to the Xerox machines and could have made any number of copies of this document.

Deleted Copy Sent RAY F. SHURTLEFF
by Letter 8/21/75 JH
Per FOIA Request

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

He stated that it is his recollection that when he first went to work at the Warren Commission, all documents bore a classification of "Top Secret" and that possibly one month later the classification was changed to "Confidential."

Shurtleff advised that he had no other information on this matter.

Deleted
1-1-75
1-1-75
RAY F. SHURTLEFF
- 4 -

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 DeLoach _____
 Evans _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

THE VOICE OF BROADWAY

A Personal Reaction

to the Warren Report

By DOROTHY KILGALLEN
 Maybe You Don't Know
 NUMEROUS READERS have written to ask about this column's reaction to the Warren Commission report. My only possible answer:

I have not read the entire Warren Commission volume—I have seen only what appeared in the newspapers, and that seemed fragmentary—so I do not consider myself qualified to evaluate the tragic picture. However, from what I have read, I would be inclined to believe that the Federal Bureau of Investigation might have been more profitably employed in probing the facts of the case, rather than how I got them — which does seem a waste of time to me.



At any rate the whole thing smells a bit fishy. It's a mite too simple that a chap kills the President of the United States, escapes from that bother, kills a policeman, eventually is apprehended in a movie theatre under circumstances that defy every law of police procedure, and subsequently is murdered under extraordinary circumstances.

The Warren Report made a great effort to note that the FBI and the Secret Service were delinquent in their duty, and that the press media—TV, radio and newspaper—also were responsible for the confusion that made Oswald's murder possible.

Balance.
 Oswald was not killed by a newspaperman. He was

The Washington Post and Times Herald _____
 The Washington Daily News _____
 The Evening Star _____
 New York Herald Tribune _____
 New York Journal-American 32 _____
 New York Mirror _____
 New York Daily News _____
 New York Post _____
 The New York Times _____
 The Worker _____
 The New Leader _____
 The Wall Street Journal _____
 The National Observer _____
 People's World _____
 Date _____

44-24016-
 ENCLOSURE
 ENCLOSURE

SEP 30 1964

by a nightclub owner well known to the police—
Jack Ruby.

How can the Warren Commission pretend to forget
that?

★
CHRISTINE NORDEN, who appears as Darren McGavin's love interest in "Destry Rides Again" at the Meadowbrook, doesn't adore him offstage and that's for sure. It's a mystery, too, because he's such a darling . . . The final editing of "Zorba the Greek" is being rushed by 20th Century-Fox to get it in under the wire as a contender for the Film Critics' Award and the Hollywood Oscar race. The cinema executives think it is Anthony Quinn's finest film performance since his contribution to "Last For Life"—and lots of luck to them, because he was really pretty bad in that, let's face it.

Another anti-Castro invasion army is being organized in Central America, which explains the exodus of so many

Cubans from Manhattan . . . Jacqueline Kennedy was the rage of Shepheard's discotheque the other night when she appeared at a party given by Mr. and Mrs. Earl E. T. Smith. She was wearing a simple black dress, but it could have been draped of neon judging from all the attention she caused.

★
BARBARA STANWICK is close to signing on the dotted line for her own TV series . . . Debbie Reynolds and Harry Karl are planning a vacation in Spain because Debbie worked so hard promoting "The Unsinkable Molly Brown" that she's exhausted. Harry apparently becomes tired when Debbie does—he certainly isn't exhausted from selling all those shoes . . . Picture if you can a man without a theatre. Producer Sid Bernstein is walking around with \$16,000 in advance ticket sales for his scheduled Oct. 24 and 31st concerts with the Rolling Stones and the Dave Clark Five, but so far he has no place for either performance. They were supposed to be held at the Para-

mount Theatre, but the real estate firm that was scheduled to take over the Paramount can't be found—so gid is checking out everything from stadiums to gymnasiums.

The new artist to make a big noise in Greenwich Village is Harry McCormack, whose paintings at the Martin Gallery drew a flock of celebrities. Half his show sold out opening night . . . The execs at El Morocco would like it known that the "LBJ Discotheque" will swing only in the John Perona Room, so Republicans can enter the main dancing place without fear of contributing to the Johnson campaign.



JAZZ GREAT LIONEL HAMPTON, packaging his first TV show for his own production company, is taking no chances on the material. He has Mel Torme doing a "New York Suite" assisted by arranger Thad Jones and Buddy Rich's brother, Mickey. Hamp has three companies begging to distribute his product to the world market.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: September 30, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Malley
Rosen
Sullivan
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Supervisor Jack Danahy, New York Office, telephonically advised that Dorothy Kilgallen has come out with an article mentioning the FBI which appears in the 9-30-64, issue of the New York Journal-American.

According to Danahy, the article indicates Kilgallen has been asked what her reaction is to the Commission report. She acknowledged not having read it completely as of yet but was aware the FBI and Secret Service has been criticized.

In connection with our current inquiry regarding Kilgallen specifically requested by the President's Commission to determine where she obtained the verbatim testimony of Jack Ruby's interview in Dallas, Kilgallen stated in part, "I'm inclined to believe that the FBI might have been more profitably employed in probing the facts of the case rather than how I got them which does seem a waste of time to me." Kilgallen in her article also stated she did not feel the press should have been so severely criticized by the Commission inasmuch as Ruby killed Oswald and not the press.

Danahy stated Kilgallen is fully aware that our inquiry is based on a specific Commission request.

Jack Ruby

It is pointed out Kilgallen has promised to furnish our Agents a photostat of a page of the Ruby testimony which was published under her by-line so the markings on the photostat can be examined by our Laboratory. She has given all sorts of excuses for not furnishing the photostat.

ACTION:

Danahy was instructed to promptly submit the article and to be alert to further articles. He was told to take no further action in this matter.

RDR:hw

56 OCT 8 1964

11 OCT 5 1964

SLX

FBI

Date: 10/1/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) (105-82555)
ATTN: CRIMINAL SECTION

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA
(Bufile 105-82555)
(NO file 100-16601)

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(NO file 44-2064)

ReBuairtel 9/29/64 captioned as above.

Results of interview with Mr. LEON D. HUBERT, JR.
set out in two letterhead memoranda transmitted to Bureau by
separate airtels marked to attention of the Criminal Section,
both of which dated 9/29/64.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - Dallas (44-1639) (RM)
- 2 - New Orleans

HGM:jam
(7)

44-24016-6-100
NOT RECORDED
193 OCT 6 1964

OCT 5 1964

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

105-82555-5041

Airtel to SAC, WFO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Immediately set out appropriate leads and background to interview Miss Lucille Ann Robinson, former Commission stenographer. You are instructed this phase of the investigation must be handled immediately.

Enclosed for WFO assistance are additional letterhead memoranda concerning this investigation not previously furnished to you by auxiliary offices.

NOTE: Continued

"New York Journal American" under the by-line of Dorothy Kilgallen, and is necessary to make an appropriate examination of the confidential stamps which appeared in the Kilgallen article and on the Commission's transcript. One known individual who was formerly employed by the Commission has yet to be interviewed. This matter is being closely followed.

10-3-64

1- Mr. Conrad
(J.M. English)
1- Mr. Raupach

Airtel

To: SAC, Washington Field (105-3711)
(44-520)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)
(44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS-R-CUBA

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReWFOairtels 9/18/64 and 9/20/64.

WFO is instructed to immediately conduct the following investigation and submit results expeditiously.

To further facilitate the Laboratory examination regarding Ruby's transcripts, WFO is instructed to contact Ward and Paul, 917 G Street, Northwest, who reproduced the Ruby transcript for the Commission. Obtain the stamps, plates or negatives used to reproduce the "confidential" classification on the Ward and Paul copies. Identify and interview individuals responsible for the reproduction of the transcript and ascertain the date it was received and the date returned to the Commission. Determine number of copies reproduced for the Commission and whether Ward and Paul retained any copies for their record and if there was any further dissemination.

Contact personnel of the President's Commission to determine if "confidential" stamps used by the Commission are available. Obtain these stamps and furnish along with those obtained from Ward and Paul to the Laboratory expeditiously.

Enclosures (11)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

KMR:nnb (7)

NOTE: This matter concerns various leaks which have occurred regarding the testimony of Ruby and the Oswald evidence. We have interviewed 80 individuals since we initiated investigation at the Commission's request for members of the Commission and Staff to be interviewed. We are attempting to identify copies of Ruby's transcript furnished by the Commission with the one published in the
7900
SEE NOTE PAGE 2.

105-82555-5039

FBI

Date: 10/1/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) (105-82555)
ATTN: CRIMINAL SECTION

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA
(Bufile 105-82555)
(NO file 100-16601)

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(NO file 44-2064)

ReBuairtel 9/29/64 captioned as above.

Results of interview with Mr. LEON D. HUBERT, JR.
set out in two letterhead memoranda transmitted to Bureau by
separate airtels marked to attention of the Criminal Section,
both of which dated 9/29/64.

- ③ - Bureau (RM)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (RM)
2 - New Orleans
EGM:jam
(7)

44-24016-cc trailer
6-100
NOT RECORDED
193 OCT 6 1964

6 OCT 3 1964

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

105-82555-5041

IN CRIMINAL SECTION

Date: 9/29/64

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRMAIL

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CR
OO: DALLAS

For the information of the Bureau, on 9/23/64, inquiry at HUBERT's law office and residence in New Orleans determined that he was on a vacation in Mexico and would be returning to New Orleans, 9/28/64.

- 3-Bureau (RM) (Enc 10)
2-Dallas (44-1639) (RM)(Enc 1)(Info)
2-WFO (44-520) (RM)(Enc 1)(Info)
2-New Orleans (1-44-2064)
1-100-16601

SMC/cay

REC- 62

DECEMBER

OCT. 9 1964

Approved:

Sent

Per

Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
September 29, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview with Jack L. Ruby by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of Dorothy Kilgallen and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy has also requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby.

Attached is a report of interview with Mr. Leon D. Hubert, Jr., attorney, on September 28, 1964, New Orleans, Louisiana. Mr. Hubert was formerly a legal consultant to the Commission.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1971

44-24016-2071
ENCLOSURE

Date 9/29/64

New Orleans, La.

D.C.

LEON D. HUBERT, JR., Attorney, Room 300, Oil and Gas Building, 1100 Tulane Avenue, advised that he went to work as a legal consultant for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, commonly known as the Warren Commission, on January 10, 1964, and worked continuously for the Commission until June 4, 1964.

Mr. HUBERT stated that for the most part his work with the Commission involved the assassination of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by JACK L. RUBY and that most of his time was spent at the Commission Headquarters, located in the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, Washington, D. C. Mr. HUBERT advised that on occasion during his period of employment, he traveled to Dallas, Texas, where he interviewed and obtained depositions from various individuals in connection with the RUBY matter. He said that since June 4, 1964, he has been in Dallas on two or three occasions for anywhere from one to three days handling additional details in connection with the RUBY case.

Mr. HUBERT stated that at no time has he ever observed the original transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY which was conducted by Chief Justice EARL WARREN.

Mr. HUBERT informed that on June 26, 1964, he was in Dallas, Texas, on Commission business and was in the office of Assistant U. S. Attorney MARTHA JOE STROUD. During the time he was in Miss STROUD's office, HELEN LAIDRICH, a stenographer who had been utilized by the Commission in Dallas, entered Miss STROUD's office. LAIDRICH informed Miss STROUD that a question had arisen regarding the spelling of a name in her transcription of the interview of RUBY which had been conducted by Chief Justice WARREN. The question raised was whether a name she had typed in this transcription should be "HARRY OLSEN" or "HARRY CARLSON." Mr. HUBERT stated that upon hearing this he was familiar with the name "HARRY OLSEN" in connection with the RUBY matter and mentioned that he believed that the correct name should be "HARRY OLSEN" and not "HARRY CARLSON."

TEXAS

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

On 9/28/64 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 44-2064

by SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER/cay

Date dictated 9/29/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

Mr. HUBERT said that LAIDRICH requested Miss STROUD to make available a copy of the transcript of the interview by Justice WARREN so that she could check this name for the correct spelling.

Mr. HUBERT informed that when the copy of Chief Justice WARREN's interview with RUBY was obtained by Miss STROUD and shown to LAIDRICH, he looked at the page and recalled that the name of "HARRY CARLSON" appeared thereon; however, he could not recall the page number.

Mr. HUBERT stated that to the best of his recollection, the word "CONFIDENTIAL" did not appear at the top or the bottom of this page that he had observed and that he did not observe any other page of this transcript.

Mr. HUBERT informed that this one page mentioned above is the first and only time that he had observed any part of Mr. WARREN's interview with RUBY and that at no time had he observed a complete copy of the transcript of this interview.

Mr. HUBERT informed that he could furnish no information regarding the possibilities of how many copies of the original transcript of Justice WARREN's interview were made or the administrative handling of these copies. Likewise, he could furnish no information as to the identities of any individuals who may have at any time come into the possession of any copies of this interview.

Mr. HUBERT said he did recall that at the Commission Offices in Washington, D. C., there were Xerox copying machines which were used by members of the Commission for making copies of various types of Commission documents.

Mr. HUBERT stated that he has never met DOROTHY KILGALLEN and that he could provide no information or offer any suggestions as to how KILGALLEN came into possession of a copy of Justice WARREN's interview with JACK L. RUBY. He stated that all of the individuals that he met while working with the Commission appeared to him to be individuals of integrity and he could not supply the names of any individual who might have been responsible for furnishing a copy of the interview to DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Mr. HUBERT stated that he knew of no Commission members who were or might have been acquainted with KILGALLEN and that none of the Commission members ever mentioned to him that they were acquainted with KILGALLEN.

He stated that all of the individuals he met who worked for the Commission appeared to him to be extremely conscious in safeguarding the material that had been collected by the Commission through interviews and otherwise in order to insure that no "leaks" would occur.

In regards to the polygraph examination given to JACK L. RUBY, Mr. HUBERT informed that he could furnish no information which could possibly assist in determining how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers on the polygraph examination and he could not furnish any information as to who might have been responsible in furnishing the information regarding the polygraph examination to the newspaper.

Mr. HUBERT recalled that while he was employed by the Commission prior to June 4, 1964, it was his understanding that consideration was being given to conducting a polygraph examination of RUBY and he believed that ARLEN SPECTOR, an attorney of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, who was also employed as a legal consultant with the Commission, was alleged to be making up a series of questions which were to be used in this examination.

NO 44-2064/cay

Mr. HUBERT stated that on occasions in the past when in contact with U. S. Attorney BAREFOOT SANDERS at Dallas, Texas, he has discussed the matters involving possible leaks of information to the news media. He said that on these occasions, Mr. SANDERS had told him that he has no idea as to how the news media had come into possession of such information.

October 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

REC-62

EX-102

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. M. English)
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated October 1, 1964, which enclosed copies of four memoranda revealing results of interviews with Commission staff members and others.

Enclosed are two copies each of two memoranda captioned "Jack L. Ruby; Lee Harvey Oswald" and "Lee Harvey Oswald" both of which are dated September 29, 1964, New Orleans, Louisiana. These memoranda contain the results of an interview with Mr. Leon D. Hubert, Jr., former staff member on the President's Commission.

I will continue to furnish results of this investigation as received.

Sincerely yours,

- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
 - 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- Edgar Hoover
KMR:las
(12) *las*

Enclosures (4)

NOTE: This matter concerns the various leaks which have occurred regarding Ruby's testimony and the Oswald evidence. This is the fifth communication sent to the Commission since we initiated investigation. The Commission requested members of the Commission and staff to be interviewed. We have interviewed 80 individuals regarding this matter, none of whom have indicated they were aware how the leaks occurred. One individual has yet to be interviewed and appropriate laboratory examinations regarding the Ruby transcript are being conducted. Results of this investigation are being promptly furnished to the Commission and this investigation is being closely followed.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes

REC'D-READING ROOM

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105-82555-501
62-109090-1

79 OCT 12 1964

10/6/64

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
(OO:DL)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFOfile 105-37111) (P)

JACK E. RUBY

LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
(OO:DL)
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFOfile 44-620) (P)

ReBuairtel to WFO 10/5/64; WFOairtels to Bu 9/20/64
and 9/17/64; also reBuairtel to WFO and auxiliary offices
9/14/64. Copy BUairtel 9/14/64 and WFOairtel 9/17/64 enclosed for
KC.

For information of Kansas City, WFO and other offices
have completed interviews with members of the President's
Commission, past and present members of the Commission Staff
in effort to pinpoint the source or sources of leaks to the
news media of materials consisting of various personal papers
of OSWALD as well as leaks concerning the polygraph examination
and testimony of RUBY. Inquiry thus far has not resolved any

- ④ - Bureau
3 - Kansas City (Enc. 2) (AMXRM)
2 - WFO

CEG:ceb
(9)

AIRTEL

44-24016 -
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 7 1964

79 OCT 13 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-5067

information relating to the probable source of the leak of RUBY's testimony which was published verbatim in the "New York Journal American" newspaper under the by-line of BOROBY KILGALLEN. With regard to leaks involving the various OSWALD items, as well as the leak pertaining to the polygraph examination afforded JACK L. RUBY, investigation conducted by the Bureau substantially has indicated those leaks in all probability occurred in Dallas.

Inquiry 2/18/64 by WFO disclosed Miss LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON, a former employee of the staff of the President's Commission had moved from 5000 Dixon Street, S.E., Washington, D.C., on 2/29/64 leaving a forwarding address of Friends Bible College, Haviland, Kansas. Info obtained by WFO was to the effect that prior to her employment by the Commission Miss ROBINSON worked for Department of Agriculture. The dates of her employment by the Commission are not known.

LEAD

KANSAS CITY

AT HAVILAND, KANSAS: Will interview LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON, former stenographer employed by the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. She should be specifically questioned as to any knowledge she may have relating to the possible source or sources of leaks of information to the news media of the material relating to OSWALD, namely the OSWALD diary, the photograph of a letter from CP USA to OSWALD, the photograph of his discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps and the photograph of his international certificate of vaccination. These matters are set out in detail in ReBuairtel 2/14/64 and should be reported in LHM form, incorporating her information on form 302.

Miss ROBINSON also should be interviewed with regard to the leak of material relating to RUBY, namely the RUBY testimony before Chief Justice WARREN and the polygraph examination of RUBY. Miss ROBINSON's knowledge of these materials also should be recorded in an LHM using form 302. Six copies of each 302 should be forwarded to Bureau and single copies to Dallas for info.

ReWFOair 9/17/64 which is enclosed points out pertinent points of investigation at the Commission with regard to the transcript of the interview of RUBY 6/7/64 at Dallas. If Miss ROBINSON has any knowledge concerning the making of reproduced copies of the RUBY testimony or any other similar documents at the Commission during her employment there full details of same should be obtained.

Bureau instructs this investigation be handled immediately and results submitted expeditiously.

A. Rosen

10/7/64

7/1
R. I. Shroder

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Raupach

**TAPE RECORDINGS OF
THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT
RELEASED 9/27/64 BY
THREE TV NETWORKS**

On Sunday, September 27, 1964, at 6:30 p.m.,
Eastern Daylight Time, The President's Commission report was
officially released.

For future reference and completion of our files,
three television network broadcasts concerning the report
were tape recorded by the Laboratory. The network programs
were recorded from Washington, D. C. television stations
identified as follows:

Channel 4 - NBC - 6:30 p.m. to 7:30 p.m.
Channel 7 - ABC - 6:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.
Channel 9 - CBS - 6:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

ACTION:

That the enclosed tape recordings be placed in
file for permanent retention.

Enclosures (3)

KMR:jad
(6)

1 - 62-109060
1 - 105-82555
① - 144-24016

Jack [unclear]

44-311011
[unclear]

62-109090-248

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

70 OCT 13 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW ORLEANS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN DALLAS	DATE 10/6/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 9/23 - 28/64
TITLE OF CASE JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM		REPORT MADE BY SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER	TYPED BY CV
		CHARACTER OF CASE CR	

REFERENCE: Bureau airtel to WFO, 9/14/64 and WFO airtel to Bureau, 9/17/64, both captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka., IS - R - CUBA, Attn: Criminal Section" and "JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, CR," and New Orleans airtel to Bureau, 9/29/64

RUC

ADMINISTRATIVE

Information set forth in the details of this report has previously been furnished to the Bureau by letterhead memorandum as an enclosure to referenced New Orleans airtel.

At the time of the interview of LEON D. HUBERT, JR., at New Orleans which is set forth in the details of this report, Mr. HUBERT was also interviewed regarding the case entitled "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka., IS - R - CUBA", Bureau file 105-82555, New Orleans file 100-16601. Information obtained regarding the OSWALD matter was furnished to the Bureau by separate letterhead memorandum and has also been set forth in a report regarding the OSWALD matter.

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 6 - Bureau (44-24016) (RM) 2 - Dallas (44-1639) (RM) 1 - New Orleans (44-2064)		44-24016-2072	REC 14
COPIES DESTROYED : 12 DEC 1964		OCT 14 1964 5 31 11 PM	OCT 10 1964
21 JAN 4 1973		OCT 2 15 12 PM	STAT. SECT.
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS NO DISSEMINATION TO PERS. COMM. NEEDED AS SAME INFO FURNISHED TO COMMISSION IN LHM BY LET 10/6/64	
AGENCY	REQUEST REC'D	TE FWD.	FWD.

6 OCT 14 1964

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of
Date:SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER
10/6/64

Office: New Orleans

Field Office File No.:

NO (44-2064)

Bureau File No. 44-24016

Title:

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

Character:

CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis:

LEON D. HUBERT, JR., attorney, New Orleans, La., former legal consultant to the President's Commission on the assassination of President KENNEDY, advised at no time has he ever observed the original transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY which was conducted by Chief Justice WARREN. HUBERT states that on 6/26/64 he was in the office of AUSA MARTHA JOE STROUD at Dallas at which time he observed one page of a copy of the transcript when a question arose as to the spelling of a name. HUBERT advised that to the best of his recollection the word "confidential" did not appear at either the top or bottom of this page. HUBERT stated he could furnish no information regarding how many copies of the original transcript of Justice WARREN's interview were made or the administrative handling of these copies. He said he is not acquainted with DOROTHY KILGALLEN nor could he offer any suggestions as to how KILGALLEN came into the possession of Justice WARREN's interview with RUBY. HUBERT states he knows of no Commission members who were or might have been acquainted with KILGALLEN.

RUC

DETAILS:

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY has requested investigation to determine how a transcript of the interview with JACK L. RUBY by the Commission on June 7, 1964, came into the possession of DOROTHY KILGALLIN and the "New York Journal-American" newspaper.

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY has also requested investigation to determine how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of questions and answers which were published in numerous newspapers across the country on the polygraph examination of JACK L. RUBY.

On September 23, 1964, inquiry at the law firm of LEON D. HUBERT, JR., located at 300 Oil and Gas Building, and at HUBERT's residence, 1915 South Dupree, New Orleans, Louisiana, determined that Mr. HUBERT was on vacation in Mexico and would be returning to New Orleans, Louisiana, on September 28, 1964.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/29/64

LEON D. HUBERT, JR., Attorney, Room 300, Oil and Gas Building, 1100 Tulane Avenue, advised that he went to work as a legal consultant for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, commonly known as the Warren Commission, on January 10, 1964, and worked continuously for the Commission until June 4, 1964.

Mr. HUBERT stated that for the most part his work with the Commission involved the assassination of **LIN HARVEY OSWALD** by **JACK L. RUBY** and that most of his time was spent at the Commission Headquarters, located in the Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, Washington, D. C. Mr. HUBERT advised that on occasion during his period of employment, he traveled to Dallas, Texas, where he interviewed and obtained depositions from various individuals in connection with the RUBY matter. He said that since June 4, 1964, he has been in Dallas on two or three occasions for anywhere from one to three days handling additional details in connection with the RUBY case.

Mr. HUBERT stated that at no time has he ever observed the original transcript of the interview of **JACK L. RUBY** which was conducted by Chief Justice **EARL WARREN**.

Mr. HUBERT informed that on June 26, 1964, he was in Dallas, Texas, on Commission business and was in the office of Assistant U. S. Attorney **MARTHA JOE STROUD**. During the time he was in Miss STROUD's office, **HELEN LAIDRICH**, a stenographer who had been utilized by the Commission in Dallas, entered Miss STROUD's office. LAIDRICH informed Miss STROUD that a question had arisen regarding the spelling of a name in her transcription of the interview of RUBY which had been conducted by Chief Justice WARREN. The question raised was whether a name she had typed in this transcription should be "HARRY OLSEN" or "HARRY CARLSON." Mr. HUBERT stated that upon hearing this he was familiar with the name "HARRY OLSEN"

On 9/28/64 at New Orleans, La. File # NO 44-2064

by SA STEPHEN M. CALLENDER :cay:cv Date dictated 9/29/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

in connection with the RUBY matter and mentioned that he believed that the correct name should be "HARRY OLSEN" and not "HARRY CARLSON."

Mr. HUBERT said that LAIDRICH requested Miss STROUD to make available a copy of the transcript of the interview by Justice WARREN so that she could check this name for the correct spelling.

Mr. HUBERT informed that when the copy of Chief Justice WARREN's interview with RUBY was obtained by Miss STROUD and shown to LAIDRICH, he looked at the page and recalled that the name of "HARRY CARLSON" appeared thereon; however, he could not recall the page number.

Mr. HUBERT stated that to the best of his recollection, the word "CONFIDENTIAL" did not appear at the top or the bottom of this page that he had observed and that he did not observe any other page of this transcript.

Mr. HUBERT informed that this one page mentioned above is the first and only time that he had observed any part of Mr. WARREN's interview with RUBY and that at no time had he observed a complete copy of the transcript of this interview.

Mr. HUBERT informed that he could furnish no information regarding the possibilities of how many copies of the original transcript of Justice WARREN's interview were made or the administrative handling of these copies. Likewise, he could furnish no information as to the identities of any individuals who may have at any time come into the possession of any copies of this interview.

Mr. HUBERT said he did recall that at the Commission Offices in Washington, D. C., there were Xerox copying machines which were used by members of the Commission for making copies of various types of Commission documents.

Mr. HUBERT stated that he has never met DOROTHY KILGALLEN and that he could provide no information or offer any suggestions as to how KILGALLEN came into possession of a copy of Justice WARREN's interview

with JACK L. RUBY. He stated that all of the individuals that he met while working with the Commission appeared to him to be individuals of integrity and he could not supply the names of any individuals who might have been responsible for furnishing a copy of the interview to DOROTHY KILGALLEN. Mr. HUBERT stated that he knew of no Commission members who were or might have been acquainted with KILGALLEN and that none of the Commission members ever mentioned to him that they were acquainted with KILGALLEN.

He stated that all of the individuals he met who worked for the Commission appeared to him to be extremely conscious in safeguarding the material that had been collected by the Commission through interviews and otherwise in order to insure that no "leaks" would occur.

In regard to the polygraph examination given to JACK L. RUBY, Mr. HUBERT informed that he could furnish no information which could possibly assist in determining how "The Dallas Times Herald" learned of the questions and answers on the polygraph examination, and he could not furnish any information as to who might have been responsible in furnishing the information regarding the polygraph examination to the newspaper.

Mr. HUBERT recalled that while he was employed by the Commission prior to June 4, 1964, it was his understanding that consideration was being given to conducting a polygraph examination of RUBY, and he believed that ARLEN SPECTOR, an attorney of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, who was also employed as a legal consultant with the Commission, was alleged to be making up a series of questions which were to be used in this examination.

Mr. HUBERT stated that on occasions in the past when in contact with U. S. Attorney BARFOOT SANDERS at Dallas, Texas, he has discussed the matters involving possible leaks of information to the news media. He said that on these occasions, Mr. SANDERS had told him that he has no idea as to how the news media had come into possession of such information.

October 9, 1964

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Raupach

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, KANSAS CITY

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) (44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM, CR.

RE WFO AIRTEL TO BUREAU OCTOBER SIX, LAST.

TO ENABLE EXPEDITIOUS DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION, YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO INSURE THE INTERVIEW WITH LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON IS CONDUCTED IMMEDIATELY AND RESULTS SUBMITTED PROMPTLY. INSURE ACCURACY AND THOROUGHNESS IN YOUR COMMUNICATION TO PRECLUDE REVISIONS OR CORRECTIONS AT THE BUREAU. EXPEDITE. MAIL COPY TO WFO.

1 - Washington Field Office (105-37111)

KMR:pah
(5)

NOTE: This interview is the one remaining lead concerning interviews with Commission members and staff regarding various leaks. The Laboratory is concluding examination of pertinent documents. Following receipt of results and dissemination to the Commission of this interview and Laboratory examination, our inquiries will be concluded concerning this matter.

44 21016
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 12 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW OF
SUBMITTED

9 OCT 14 1964

105-82555-5063

FBI

Date: 10/13/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
(ATT: CRIMINAL SECTION)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (44-974) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re NY phone call to Bureau 9/30/64.

On 9/30/64, Bureau Supervisor R. D. ROGGE was contacted re an article published in the "New York Journal American" on 9/30/64, by DOROTHY KILGALLEN.

In view of this article no further contact is being made with Miss KILGALLEN re her source of the RUBY testimony given to Chief Justice EARL WARREN.

L

4-Bureau
(1-Criminal Section)
1-Dallas
1-New York

EWO:tba
(7)

C C. Wick

REC-31 44-24016-2073
EX-102
17 OCT 14 1964
attached
me

Approved: A JFM / Juy
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 OCT 16 1964

FBI

Date: 10/14/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109090)
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (62-3588)
 SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON
 THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

On 10/13/64 Miss SUE BROWN, 10221 Galway, Dallas, Texas, telephonically contacted SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING at which time she stated her sister, Miss ELSIE MAE JOHNSON, had been interviewed by FBI Agents immediately after the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by JACK RUBY and that Miss JOHNSON furnished considerable information concerning EVA GRANT, sister of JACK RUBY. *Tex*

Miss BROWN continued that on 10/12/64, EVA GRANT came to see SUE BROWN at her place of employment at the H. L. Green Company, Dallas, Texas, at which time EVA GRANT was extremely angry at Miss BROWN and Miss JOHNSON and had complained to Miss BROWN about the information Miss JOHNSON had furnished to the FBI stating that she had seen the results of the interview. *L*

Miss BROWN stated she was present on November 24, 1963, when two FBI Agents interviewed her sister, Miss JOHNSON, and she had encouraged Miss JOHNSON to divulge to the Agents all of the information she had concerning EVA GRANT and JACK RUBY. Miss BROWN stated she had impressed upon her sister, Miss JOHNSON, it was all right to give such information, and it was her understanding that such information would be kept in the strictest of confidence.

3 - Bureau
 2 - Dallas

RPG/jtf

(5)

Cc - Mr. Rosen

CC - Mr. [unclear]

Att to Da 10/15/64
 REC 20 44-24016-2074
 EX-114 17 OCT 15 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
 Special Agent in Charge

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-1

DL 62-3588

It should be noted that the results of the interview with Miss ELSIE JOHNSON is reflected on pages 350-352 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS dated November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, in the case captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased) - Victim, CIVIL RIGHTS".

Miss BROWN stated she was now concerned about what EVA GRANT or members of her family might do to her or her sister, Miss JOHNSON, and that although she has always considered the FBI to be an extremely fine organization, she is very disturbed at the fact that Chief Justice WARREN and the President's Commission have seen fit to allow EVA GRANT to see the results of the interview with Miss JOHNSON.

Miss BROWN was advised that her concern would be made known to the proper officials.

It is recommended that the Bureau may desire to direct a letter to Miss JOHNSON, whose address is 6106 Singing Hills, Dallas, Texas, and/or Miss SUE BROWN, 10221 Galway, Dallas, Texas, advising of the circumstances under which the contents of Miss JOHNSON's interview became known to EVA GRANT. It would appear that the results of such interview have been included in certain backup testimony to the President's Commission, although such is not available to Dallas and Miss JOHNSON's name is not contained in the index to the report of the President's Commission which is in the possession of Dallas.

10/15/64

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)
From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Reurairtel dated 10/14/64 entitled "The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy."

Upon receipt contact Miss Sue Brown and advise her that the Bureau's investigation of this matter was conducted at the request of the Attorney General and the President of the United States and at the direction of the President the results of our investigation were furnished to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

The interview of her sister Miss Johnson was not furnished by this Bureau to any unauthorized persons. Any complaint she has concerning the disclosure of the results of this interview to unauthorized persons should be directed to the person, Commission or agency responsible for making such a disclosure, in this instance the President's Commission, according to the statement of Miss Brown.

It is noted that Miss Johnson in her interview on 11/24/63 did not specifically request that this Bureau maintain her name in confidence.

JWH/ras
(4)
SEE NOTE ON PAGE TWO.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

XEROX
OCT 19 1964

29 OCT 20 1964

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OCT 16 1964

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-

NOTE:

Miss Sue Brown on 10/13/64 contacted the Dallas Office and stated that the information furnished to the FBI by her sister Elsie Mae Johnson concerning her association with Eva Grant was revealed by the President's Commission to Eva Grant. Eva Grant is Jack Ruby's sister and Miss Johnson stated she was a close friend of Eva and furnished background information regarding Eva Grant and her activities in Dallas. Her information was not significant except that she did state that Eva had told her that she had worked for Al Capone. Her allegation was not substantiated by investigation. Dallas suggested that the Bureau write to Miss Brown and Miss Johnson and advise them of the circumstances under which Johnson's interview was disclosed to Eva Grant. If any such disclosure was made, it was made by the President's Commission and the Bureau should not assume responsibility for justifying that action.

FBI

Date: 10/6/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82553) (44-2401G) /X

FROM: SAC, WFO (105-37111) (44-520) (P)

460354

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

K2/89

ReZuairtel to WFO, 10/5/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six sheets of paper bearing "Confidential" stamp at top and bottom of each sheet obtained this date from Ward and Paul, Incorporated. Also, enclosed are two "Confidential" stamps obtained this date from Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HICKMAN, Secretary to J. LEE RANKIN, General Council to the President's Commissioner on the Assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mr. WAYNE BIRDSALL, Manager, Ward and Paul, Inc., 917 G Street, N. W., related details as according to his records concerning their handling of transcript of RUBY testimony. BIRDSALL stated this material was the 106th such material furnished to Ward and Paul by the Commission for reproduction. According to his receipt, only five copies with the original of the RUBY testimony were delivered to the Commission at 3:35 p.m. on 6/13/64. This receipt is Ward and Paul Number 3359, dated 6/13/64. BIRDSALL states he has no recollection of this particular document, although it is his belief the original stenographic transcript was received by his firm on the morning of June 13, and such a job would have taken approximately three and one-half to four hours to complete.

3 - Bureau (Encls. 6)
2 - WFO

CEG:ejb
(7)

AIRTEL

NOT
199 OCT

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

69 OCT 23 1964

Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN

105-82553-5054

He also states had material been received on previous day, June 17, it would have been delivered to Commission early on morning of June 18. BIRDSELL states paper used for reproduction on Xerox machine is pre-stamped "Confidential" with blank paper being run through an old style hand-fed Multigraph machine with the word "Confidential" consisting of separate letters blocked in place on the Multigraph cylinder. He produced a ream of such pre-stamped blank paper from which six blank specimen sheets were obtained to be furnished herewith.

BIRDSELL states his firm has handled all such testimony and depositions for the Commission and recalls earlier material was all classified "Top Secret"; however, by memorandum 5/1/64, from J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, Ward and Paul were informed that as of that date all depositions and testimonies handled by Ward and Paul would be classified "Confidential". BIRDSELL states Ward and Paul never made extra copies nor retained extra copies of any material relating to Commission business.

BIRDSELL states his firm handles classified material including "Secret" and "Top Secret" for such Senate and congressional committees as Armed Services and persons in his firm are "cleared" for such material by Department of Defense.

Instant transcript of RUBY hearing was actually run through the Xerox machine by either ROBERT E. HARRIS or PETE WARD, son of one of the owners. WARD not available for interview, but interview had with ROBERT E. HARRIS, who has no independent recollection of instant document and transcript; states he has no knowledge of how any leak could have occurred and personally was not responsible for same. PETE WARD to be interviewed.

Inquiry at the Commission determined three "Confidential" stamps known to have been used during conduct of Commission inquiry. One such stamp borrowed from Department of Defense and other two stamps obtained through requisition from General Services Administration. The stamp borrowed from Department of Defense, which is enclosed and marked Number One was located in the desk of Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HARRIS. The second enclosed stamp, which bears Number Three, was located in a secretary's desk in a room occupied

by several Commission secretaries. The third stamp was left at Commission office at request of Mrs. HECKMAN. It is noted this third stamp, which is one of two obtained through General Services Administration, was located in the supply cabinet at the Commission quarters. This stamp has never been used.

During contact with Commission this date, inquiry received as to when Bureau expected to complete examination of material previously forwarded to FBI Laboratory. This inquiry based on fact Commission anticipates presenting all such material to the National Archives within the next few weeks. It was indicated the return of material previously forwarded within the next two weeks would be most satisfactory. This being furnished for information of Bureau.

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

published in the "New York Journal American." However, Dorothy Kilgallen did not choose to cooperate and further contacts with her were discontinued.

With the submission of the enclosures, inquiries conducted by this Bureau based on your letter dated September 10, 1964, are concluded. However, results of the FBI Laboratory examinations conducted on documents obtained from you and others will be submitted separately.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (6)

NOTE: In regard to the leak of Oswald's diary, Ruby's testimony before Chief Justice Warren, and Ruby's polygraph to news media, the Commission by letter dated 9/10/64 requested Commission members, Commission staff, Ruby's current and former attorneys be interviewed regarding this matter. These interviews were conducted expeditiously and over 80 individuals have been interviewed; the results were furnished to the Commission by letters dated, 9/23, 9/25, 10/1, and 10/6/64. Individuals interviewed indicated they were not aware of how the information was leaked to the news media. The Laboratory has conducted an examination of transcripts obtained from the Commission and others and made examinations concerning Page 103 of the transcript which appeared in the "New York Journal American." The Laboratory results are being furnished to the Commission by separate communication dated 10/16/64 and our inquiries are now complete.

Mr. Belmont

11/17/64

A. Rosen

1 - W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Schroder
1 - Mr. Nogge

477
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R - CUBA

PURPOSE:

To recommend that Columnist Walter Winchell be contacted for the identity of one "R. P." who he claims could substantiate the rumor that Oswald and Jack Ruby were associated in some manner.

DETAILS:

The 11/6/64, issue of the "New York Journal - American" on page 25 contains a syndicated column of Walter Winchell which in part relates to the rumor that Oswald and Ruby were associated. Mr. Winchell indicates many newspaper people are still working on this angle and that, "The person who supposedly could support the 'rumor' is initial'd R. P. of a Dallas suburb."

BACKGROUND:

The allegation that Oswald and Ruby were associated was initially put forth by New York Attorney Mark Lane. We have thoroughly investigated this allegation and have never developed one scintilla of evidence to substantiate the allegation.

We do not know the identity of the individual with the initials "R. P." however; Ruth Paine with whom the Oswalds associated resides in Irving, Texas, a suburb of Dallas. Ruth Paine has been interviewed on numerous occasions and has never indicated she knew of any association between Oswald and Ruby. In fact on 11/24/63, Paine specifically stated she did not know Ruby and had never heard the Oswalds mention Ruby. The only way we will

44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
RDR:ee
(9)

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Bosen to Belmont memo
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA

be able to check this matter out is by contact with Mr. Winchell to learn of the identity of the individual with the initials "R. P." and then interview this individual for any information of value.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

If you approve Mr. Winchell will be located for interview concerning the identity of "R. P." and if not already done interview this individual to determine if he or she has any information of value concerning an association between Oswald and Ruby.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE DALLAS	OFFICE OF ORIGIN DALLAS	DATE 11/19/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 9/17/64 - 10/27/64
TITLE OF CASE JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased) - VICTIM		REPORT MADE BY MANNING C. CLEMENTS	TYPED BY jtf
		CHARACTER OF CASE CIVIL RIGHTS	

REFERENCES:

Reports of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, dated
 11/30/63, 12/6/63, 12/11/63, 12/14/63, 12/18/63,
 12/19/63, 12/21/63, 12/31/63, 1/8/64, 1/17/64,
 1/31/64, 2/18/64, 3/28/64, 4/3/64, 4/20/64, 4/30/64,
 6/9/64, 6/26/64, 7/17/64, 8/3/64, and 9/2/64, 9/11/64

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Investigation included herein was based on allegations of
 CARL SAYERS, as set out in Cincinnati airtel to Chicago and Dallas,
 9/18/64; and allegations of JAMES J. KNEIDING, as set out in
 Detroit teletype to Bureau, Dallas and Houston, 9/18/64. No further
 action is intended as to these allegations.

A*
(COVER PAGE)

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

⑤ Bureau (44-24016)

5 - Dallas (44-1639)

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DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

AGENCY	100-24016-2091	REQUEST REC'D	DATE FWD.	HOW FWD.	BY
			11-24-64	100-24016-2091	JTF/CML

NOTATIONS

STAT SECT.

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105-34074-19

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: MANNING C. CLEMENTS
Date: November 19, 1964

Office: DALLAS, TEXAS

Field Office File No.: 44-1639

Bureau File No.: 44-24016

Title: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, (DECEASED) - VICTIM

Character: CIVIL RIGHTS

Synopsis: CARL SAYERS, inmate of county jail, Portsmouth, Ohio, alleged saw RUBY in Cicero, Illinois, late 1950's, later in Chicago in company of well-known hoodlum, and saw him in Cicero and Chicago after assassination of President KENNEDY. JAMES J. KNEIDING, inmate, State Prison of Southern Michigan, alleged homosexual association of RUBY and OSWALD, that RUBY was well-known to homosexual group in Houston, Texas; persons named by KNEIDING deny having known RUBY and OSWALD.

-P-

DETAILS:

DL 44-1639

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Date 9/18/641

CARL SAYERS was interviewed at the Scioto County Jail, Portsmouth, Ohio, where he is confined on a charge of forgery of true name-type checks.

SAYERS said that his residence is 829 Rust Street, Sciotoville, Ohio, but that he has travelled throughout the United States.

He was interviewed pursuant to a request on his part.

He advised that sometime in the late 1950s, possibly about 1958, he was in the Frolics, a club in Cicero, Illinois, when his curiosity was aroused by an individual who entered the club. He asked someone who the person was and was told that he was JACKIE. SAYERS said he then asked JACKIE who, and was told that his last name was RUBENSTEIN (PH), an individual who was a club operator.

Some months later, he was in the Devonshire (PH) Hotel on Rush Street, Chicago, Illinois, and saw this same individual talking with JIMMIE ALGORETTI (PH), whom he described as an owner or operator of the hotel.

SAYERS claimed that ALGORETTI has underworld connections, which information he learned when he read a story in a national magazine which mentioned ALGORETTI.

SAYERS said that he recognized the individual identified as JACKIE RUBENSTEIN as being identical with JACK RUBY, the individual who shot LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He recalled having seen this individual in both Cicero and Chicago, Illinois, after the publicity surrounding the assassination of the President.

SAYERS said that he never saw this individual subsequent to that time, nor had any contact with him other than to have observed him in these two locations.

SAYERS said he furnished this information since it appeared to him that RUBY had "underworld connections".

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on 9/17/64 at Portsmouth, Ohio File # CI 44-456
by Special Agent WILFRED GOODWIN/jas/jtf Date dictated 9/18/64

DL 44-1639

MCC/jtr

1

The Chicago Office has advised JAMES ALLEGRETTI is one of the most publicized hoodlums in Chicago, whose activities center in the Rush Street area. He normally utilizes Valentino's Restaurant in the Berkshire Hotel, 15 East Ohio Street, as a headquarters, according to newspaper accounts.

Date 9/18/64

1 Jan.

Inmate JAMES J. KNEIDING, State Prison of Southern Michigan, Jackson, Michigan, number E-86325, furnished the following information:

He is presently serving his fifth prison term in the State of Michigan. He was first sentenced in 1950 from Detroit, Michigan, for auto theft. He then escaped from the Michigan Reformatory, Ionia County, Michigan, and was sentenced in 1950 in Ionia County for this offense. In 1954 he was again sentenced to prison for attempted breaking and entering in the nighttime in Oakland County, Michigan. After his release from prison on this sentence, he went to Texas, arriving in Houston, Texas, about March 1, 1958. He resided in and around Houston until he left there to return to Michigan about the first week of May, 1960. After he returned to Michigan, he was again arrested and sentenced to prison from Oakland County for gross indecency. He was paroled in 1961 and was arrested and sentenced in Recorder's Court, Detroit, on September 25, 1961, to a term of four and one-half to five years for attempted robbery armed, which sentence he is now serving. He said this last sentence was a result of possible morals action on his part.

KNEIDING continued that during his stay in Houston, he worked for Fulton or Foulton Snow Roofing, putting on roofs as an applicator. From this, he worked into becoming a canvasser for salesmen, selling home improvements, such as aluminum siding, under the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) home improvement plan. His job was to line up prospects and the salesmen would then call on the prospects and attempt to sell them. He said the salesmen worked for various contracting firms but the main one was Kraft Construction, Houston. He also advised the main salesman he worked for was one LEONARD LYONS who resided at that time at 7522 Kernel, Pecan Park, Houston. During the period of 1958 to 1960, KNEIDING said he resided at various motels in Texas, Arkansas and Oklahoma while traveling in this work. During the spring and early summer of 1959, he resided at the Rainbow Inn Motel, Highway 90, Houston, and next at the South Main Hotel.

On 9/17/64 at Jackson, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563
Dallas 44-1639
by SA CHARLES G. FEHR/sal Date dictated 9/17/64

for Men, 4500 block of South Main, Houston. He said these were the two main residences he had during his stay in Texas.

KNEIDING advised in January, 1960, he was arrested by the Houston Police Department when they caught him speeding and the car in which he was driving was found to have been stolen in Kansas City, Kansas. He said he had borrowed the car from another party in Oklahoma and the FBI had interviewed him in Houston at that time and he was later released and he never heard anything further about the matter.

After arriving in Houston, he advised that he fell into going with a group of homosexuals and visited and frequented various clubs where this crowd hung out. He named the main clubs which he frequented as the Desert Room on Mc Gowen Avenue; the Encore Club on Westheimer Street, a private club; the Whiffenpoof, the Surf Club, and others in Houston. He also frequented the Alley Theatre in Houston which was a hang-out for homosexuals and would-be actors and actresses. In Dallas, Texas, he visited the Purple Onion, located in the Old Cliff section, which was also a hang-out for homosexuals.

KNEIDING advised his closest acquaintance and the person he associated with the most was a Castillian Spaniard named MARTY RUIZ, also known as Rachael Ruiz, who resided on Crawford Street in Houston on the part of the street which was the highway out of Houston. He described this person as of Spanish descent, early twenties, black hair, very fair skin and complexion, and small build. This person was well known at the Desert Room where they spent most of their time. Another person known to him was named "PETE" (LNU), who was a good friend of MARTY RUIZ and also well known at the Desert Room. Another was named WAYNE CRAVEN (phonetic), a young fellow from Alabama who worked at the "Houston Chronicle" newspaper. Still another was PAUL (LNU), who worked as the liaison man for the Disabled American Veterans at the Huntsville, Texas, Penitentiary and would contact the veterans at the prison and arrange for their pensions, etc. KNEIDING said that he was known to these persons as JIM and/or BUTCH.

7:11:9 -- Hall /
5 Hall /

One evening at the Desert Room in Houston, he said he was with MARTY RUIZ and some of his other Spanish friends, he believed the above-mentioned PAUL (LNU) and others whose names he could not recall. He was introduced to JACK RUBY, who was in the group with some other men about the same age as RUBY, after it was learned he, KNEIDING, was from Detroit, and RUBY mentioned he had a brother there. During the conversation, LEE OSWALD's name was mentioned because his name was, at that time, in the local newspapers because he was either trying to get permission to go to Russia or permission to return to Texas from Russia, he could not recall which.

There was conversation about OSWALD among the group who all seemed to know of him. The talk got around to the fact that RUBY had "brought OSWALD out", which means among homosexuals that RUBY had seduced OSWALD and started him into homosexual ways and activities. He continued that he later learned from his friends and from listening that JACK RUBY was well known among the homosexuals as an active homosexual although not preferring young men but rather preferring people in his own age bracket.

KNEIDING said that there had been a mock wedding at the Desert Room the night that he first met RUBY (the date of which he could not recall), and the "bride and groom" had been toasted by all of them, including RUBY. He said that he had met and seen RUBY after that at the Desert Room in Houston and also one time at the Purple Onion in Dallas. He said he is almost sure that he also met and observed RUBY another time at the Encore Club, Houston. He also said that he had heard RUBY's name mentioned at the Alley Theatre as a well known homosexual among the "gay crowd" when he had visited that establishment. He said that he had also observed RUBY at another place or two in both Houston and Dallas, but he could no longer remember the names of the places.

He continued that he did not know anything about RUBY's background or personal life and was not aware at that time that he was interested in clubs or possibly show business. He said he did not know anything about RUBY's business at that time and has only learned what he has read and heard on the news since he had shot

OSWALD in Dallas. He reiterated that RUBY was well known as a homosexual among such persons in both Dallas and Houston, and the persons he previously named all were more aware of this fact than he had been, as he had learned it from them and others, whose names he could not recall.

KNEIDING said that he had thought about this matter ever since he first learned about the shooting of OSWALD, whom he had never met or known, but knew only by name as RUBY's protege. He continued that because he was in prison, he had first taken the attitude that he was not going to tell anything he knew about this matter. However, it has been preying on his mind and now he is due for release in a few months and he wanted to get this matter off of his mind. He added that he wished he could better remember names and places but the above is the best he can recall.

Date 9/23/64

[REDACTED] State Prison of Southern Michigan (SPSM), Jackson, Michigan, advised that the SPSM file number E-86325 concerning inmate JAMES J. KNEIDING, indicates that KNEIDING is not psychotic nor is he a pathological liar. This record indicated that KNEIDING has been treated in the Psychiatric Clinic at SPSM for a nervous condition believed to have been caused by an epileptic condition and possibly by an early injury to the head caused by a fall.

[REDACTED] advised that two Electroencephalograms (EEG), administered to KNEIDING, indicated an abnormal EEG pattern. He advised that a psychological report concerning KNEIDING, dated September 12, 1960, reflects that KNEIDING is "A victim of a chronic brain syndrome which was atypical in nature and would give rise to a severe emotional disturbance."

[REDACTED] advised that another entry in KNEIDING's file indicates that he had been on medication of Dilantin for an epileptic condition and, because of an injury, he has some brain damage which may be affecting his behavior.

[REDACTED] advised that a medical report in KNEIDING's file records the fact that he has had Epilepsy since 1946 and was also hit on the head when young.

[REDACTED] advised that a pre-sentence report prepared by the Bureau of Probation, State Department of Corrections, Lansing, Michigan, dated August 19, 1960, contained in the KNEIDING file at SPSM indicates that KNEIDING had been found guilty of Gross Indecency in the Oakland County Circuit Court, Pontiac, Michigan, which offense occurred on June 12, 1960, in the City of Madison Heights, Michigan, where KNEIDING [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] He advised that this report also indicated that KNEIDING has been on Adult Probation, has been given three prison sentences, and had served approximately six years and four months of the preceeding ten years in prison.

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On 9/21/64 at Jackson, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563

by SA CHARLES B. FEHR /lds Date dictated 9/23/64

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DE 44-563

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 said this report also indicates that KNEIDING appears to be psycho-neurotic and needs treatment and counseling. This report indicates that KNEIDING is easily frustrated and has always attempted to make people believe that he will "get even" some day.

Date 9/23/641

[REDACTED] Psychiatrist, [REDACTED], State Prison of Southern Michigan (SPSM), Jackson, Michigan, advised that inmate JAMES J. KNEIDING is presently under treatment as an outpatient in the prison clinic. He advised that KNEIDING is definitely not psychotic nor is he a pathological liar.

[REDACTED] added that KNEIDING has an epileptic condition, is infantile, immature, and is unstable emotionally. KNEIDING is now, and has been at times in the past, on medication of Dilantin, which is the common drug for the treatment of epilepsy. [REDACTED] added that this medication will not cause upsets or hallucinations, but tends to quiet the patient. [REDACTED] advised that KNEIDING possibly conjured up fantasies which are probably based on some factor of truth, but are possibly amplified and drawn out of reality by KNEIDING because of his condition.

[REDACTED] stated that KNEIDING is a manipulator and uses many various means of attempting to get his own end with the Therapists at the Clinic and said KNEIDING could possibly be attempting to use this same manipulation as a means to gain something from others, or he could be fabricating a story to gain attention because of his infantile, immature and unstable emotional condition.

[REDACTED] advised that he would prepare an evaluation report based on his records and talks with the Therapist working with KNEIDING now, and other Therapists who worked with him in the past, and would have this report ready on September 22, 1964.

On 9/21/64 at Jackson, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563
by SA CHARLES G. FEHR /ids Date dictated 9/23/64

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Date 9/23/64

[REDACTED]
Psychiatric Clinic, State Prison
of Southern Michigan (SPSM), Jackson, Michigan, furnished
the attached up-to-date evaluation report regarding inmate
JAMES KNEIDING, SPSM #E86325.

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On 9/22/64 at Jackson, Michigan File # Detroit 44-563
Dallas 44-1639
by SA CHARLES G. FEHR:sal Date dictated 9/22/64

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1
HO 44-939
DL 44-1639
DWF/jh

The following investigation was conducted by
SA DANIEL W. FULTS, JR.:

AT HOUSTON, TEXAS

The indices of the Houston Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reflect that in January, 1960, investigation entitled JAMES JOSEPH KNEIDING, Aka., Interstate Transportation of Stolen Motor Vehicle, was conducted. JAMES JOSEPH KNEIDING was arrested January 9, 1960, at Spring, Texas, for speeding in a 1958 Chevrolet Impala Convertible. This car was determined to be the property of THOMAS BRADSHAW, Tahlequah, Oklahoma. In a signed statement dated January 14, 1960, JAMES JOSEPH KNEIDING stated that while hitchhiking from Detroit, Michigan to Houston, Texas, two men in a 1958 Chevrolet Impala convertible picked him up on January 5, 1960 near Fort Smith, Arkansas; they all drove to Muskogee, Oklahoma and the two men had been drinking; the two men claimed to be in the insurance business and wanted KNEIDING to work for them; KNEIDING told them his clothes were in Houston, Texas and he would have to go and get his clothing; and KNEIDING left Muskogee in this vehicle alone and drove toward Houston, Texas until arrested at Spring, Texas. The Office of the United States Attorney, Houston, Texas, declined prosecution of KNEIDING in favor of prosecution by State authorities in Muskogee, Oklahoma.

The indices of the Houston Division reflect that in February, 1960, an investigation entitled EDWIN DONALD NASH; MAXEY LEON AARON; ROBERT FALCON, Interstate Transportation of Stolen Motor Vehicle, Selective Service Act, 1948, was conducted. On February 2, 1960, the Houston, Texas Police Department arrested EDWIN DONALD NASH, MAXEY LEON AARON and HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN, on a local charge of Theft by False Pretenses after a set of tires was purchased with

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a stolen credit card. NASH admitted to Houston Police Officers he was a homosexual and advised that AARON and CRAVEN were not involved in the theft or use of the credit card. Interview of HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN by Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents on February 5, 1960, developed [REDACTED]

No prosecutive action was taken against CRAVEN at this time.

On September 21, 1964, Houston City Directories for the years 1958 through 1963 were reviewed for information relating to [REDACTED], also known as [REDACTED]. No identifiable information was located except as follows:

The 1960 Edition disclosed that [REDACTED] residence [REDACTED] Houston, Texas, was employed as Office Boy by the [REDACTED]

On September 21, 1964, at the Credit Bureau of Greater Houston, [REDACTED] upon check of the records, advised no information was located which was identifiable with HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN or MARTY RUIZ, also known as RACHAEL RUIZ.

On September 21, 1964, at the Bureau of Identification, Harris County, Texas Sheriff's Office, Lieutenant REX FULLERTON advised after searching the records that nothing could be located that was identifiable with HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN or MARTY RUIZ, also known as RACHAEL RUIZ.

On September 21, 1964, [KATYE CRAFT,] Bureau of Identification, Houston Police Department, made available the file relating to [REDACTED] and the following data was obtained:

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DL 44-1639

Name	[REDACTED]
Race	White
Sex	Male
Height	5'4½"
Weight	102 pounds
Hair	Black
Date of Birth	[REDACTED]
Place of Birth	[REDACTED] Alabama
Marital Status	Single
Residence	[REDACTED] Houston, Texas
Employment	[REDACTED] Houston, Texas
Relatives	[REDACTED] father Alabama; [REDACTED] mother Alabama; [REDACTED] sister Alabama; [REDACTED] sister Georgia

[REDACTED] was arrested February 2, 1960, and held for Burglary Theft. He was arrested along with [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] advised that no information identifiable with MARTY RUIZ, also known as RACHAEL RUIZ could be located.

On September 21, 1964, [REDACTED],
[REDACTED] Houston, Texas,
furnished an Application for Employment dated January 21, 1959, filed by [REDACTED] which included the following:

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HO 44-939
DL 44-1639

He was born at [REDACTED], Alabama, [REDACTED] and he graduated from [REDACTED] Alabama High School in 1958. He resided at [REDACTED] Houston, with his brother [REDACTED]. He had Social Security Number [REDACTED]. His father was shown as [REDACTED] and his mother as [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] informed [REDACTED] was employed there as [REDACTED] from about January 21, 1959 until approximately February 15, 1960.

On September 22, 1964, [REDACTED]. Personnel Office, [REDACTED] Houston, after checking the records, furnished the following:

[REDACTED] was employed there as Office Boy from February, 1960, until July, 1960. When he terminated, he advised his father was ill and he had to return to his home at [REDACTED] Birmingham, Alabama. He resided in Houston, Texas at [REDACTED].

On September 22, 1964, [REDACTED], Manager, Apartment House located [REDACTED] Houston, Texas, advised she had been there for four years and she had no knowledge of [REDACTED] having resided there.

On September 22, 1964, [REDACTED] Houston, stated she had lived there since late June, 1960. The people who had previously lived there were named [REDACTED] and they reportedly had moved to some distant city.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date September 24, 1964

Mrs. HAZEL KINGCAID, Operator of the Desert Room Lounge, located at 1710 McGowen Street, advised that she had operated this lounge with her husband for a number of years. She stated that never, to her knowledge, has JACK L. RIFE been in this lounge.

Mrs. KINGCAID advised that she recalled that during the period from about 1958 to 1961, there were three individuals by the names of MARTY, PETE and PAUL, who used to frequent this lounge. She stated, however, that she did not know their last names and does not know where they reside or are employed. She said further that the individual known as PAUL is a hair-dresser.

On 9/21/64 at Houston, Texas File # HO 44-939
by SA WILLIAM M. SPENGLER/jh Date dictated 9/24/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date September 24, 1964

PAUL GUERRERO, 310 Crosstimbers, advised that his full name is PAUL POLO GUERRERO and that he resides at 310 Crosstimbers alone, his mother having recently died. He said that he is 42 years of age and has been a hairdresser in Houston for the past 22 years and is presently employed at the Gulfgate Beauty Salon, Gulfgate Shopping Center.

GUERRERO stated that friends with whom he associates known as PETE and MARTY, are PETE FLORES and MARTY RIZO, who has also been called RACHAEL. He said that he and PETE and MARTY, for several years prior to 1961, were often in the Desert Room Lounge, 1710 McGowen Street. He stated, however, that he never has met JACK RUBY and never heard of RUBY's ever having been in the Desert Room. He stated further that he has never held any conversation with any of his friends regarding LEE HARVEY OSWALD and, in fact, never heard of RUBY or OSWALD until the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On 9/21/64 at Houston, Texas File # HO 44-939
by SA WILLIAM M. SPENCER/jh Date dictated 9/24/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date September 24, 1964

PETE FLORES, advised that he resides at 2407 Austin Street, in the home of his sister, PATSY FLORES, and can be reached through phone number FA 3-6972. He stated that he is presently employed by the L. C. Lopez Engineering and Construction Company, location at 8421 Bertwood. He said that he is a friend of MARTY RIZO, also known as RACHAEL, and of FAUL GUERRERO.

FLORES related that he was often in the Desert Room Lounge at 1710 McGowen Street with MARTY and PAUL, during the period from 1958 to 1961. He said, however, that he never knew of JACK RUBY being in the Desert Room Lounge, never met him, and never heard of him or of LEE HARVEY OSWALD until the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated further that he never had any discussion with his friends regarding OSWALD or RUBY. FLORES advised that he did not recall having met an individual by the name of JAMES KNEIDING or WAYNE CRAVEN.

13

On 9/22/64 at Houston, Texas File # HO 44-939
by SA WILLIAM M. SPENCER/jh Date dictated 9/24/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1Date September 24, 1964

MARTIN RIZO, was interviewed at 3839 Buffalo Speedway, where he is employed as a bus boy in the Geo Club at that address. He said that he resides at 2611½ Peckham and has phone number JA 2-2153.

RIZO advised that he is a close friend of PAUL GUERRERO and PETE FLORES. He said that he is more commonly known to his friends as MARTY RIZO and a few years ago, was known under the nickname of RACHAEL.

RIZO stated that he recalls JIM KNEIDING who was with him and his friends PETE and PAUL, sometime during the period between 1958 and 1961. He said, however, that he was in contact with KNEIDING on only a few occasions.

He related further that he also recalled an individual by the name of WAYNE CRAVEN, whom he met during the same period. He stated, however, that he does not know the present whereabouts of these individuals.

RIZO denied that he ever met JACK RUBY and never knew of his ever having been in the Desert Room Lounge. He stated that he never discussed RUBY with either KNEIDING, CRAVEN or his friends PETE and PAUL and never heard of RUBY or OSWALD until the assassination of President KENNEDY.

On 9/23/64 at Houston, Texas File # HO 44-939
by SA WILLIAM M. SPENCER/jh Date dictated 9/24/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Date October 29, 1964

HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN, who stated that he is also known as Wayne Craven, was interviewed at the Birmingham Office of the FBI, according to previous arrangements.

He advised that he resides with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. ROY H. CRAVEN at 4028 39th Court, North, Inglenook, Birmingham, Alabama, and his employment as a hairdresser at Shaw's Hair Fashions, Clark Building, 1926 4th Avenue, North, Birmingham.

He advised that during 1959 and until mid-1960 he had resided at Houston, Texas, and first had been employed as a delivery boy for the Home Title Company of Houston and later was employed from February to July as an office boy by the Houston Chronicle Newspaper. He stated that while in Houston, he was only twenty years of age and therefore was not allowed admittance to such clubs as the Desert Room, the Encore Club, the Whiffenpoof, or the Surf Club since he had not then reached his majority. He related that he for awhile resided at the South Main Hotel, on South Main Street in Houston, and his room was the first one at the top of the stairs on the second floor. He stated that he does not know any person by the name JAMES J. KNEIDING, but presumes that individual is identical with a "JIM", who also resided at that hotel for awhile and whose room was about two doors down the hall from his room. He stated that he occasionally associated with "JIM" and that he also during that period had occasionally associated with one "MARTY", whose last name he does not recall, but could possibly have been RIZO. He stated that the only individual by the name PAUL he can recall was a PAUL, last name unknown, who took his job as delivery boy for the Home Title Company at Houston when he had been promoted to a filing clerk.

CRAVEN stated that he was very well known around the Alley Theatre in Houston and had attended one or two classes offered there for prospective actors. He stated definitely that during his entire residence in Houston and associations with the above-named individuals, he

15

On 10/27/64 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1110

by SA HENRY A. SNOW:esw Date dictated 10/28/64

BH 44-1110

had never heard any conversation regarding JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated positively that he had never seen anyone resembling the photograph of RUBY while he was in Houston. He stated that he had never heard any mention made of the possibility that JACK RUBY and/or LEE HARVEY OSWALD had homosexual inclinations. He stated that the only information he has ever had concerning either of these two individuals was gained from television and news media after the assassination of President KENNEDY.

NOV 25 1964

PAN AMERICAN NAVIGATION SERVICE



18081 VENTURA BLVD. NORTH HOLLYWOOD, CALIF. 9
AREA CODE 818 TELEPHONE 783-8501 877.

Nov. 22, 1964

- Mr. Belmont
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. DeLoach
- Mr. Casper
- Mr. Callahan
- Mr. Conrad
- Mr. Evans
- Mr. Gale
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Sullivan
- Mr. Tavel
- Mr. Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Miss Holmes
- Miss Gandy

F.B.I. Director
J. Edgar Hoover
Washington, D.C.

Jack Ruby

My Dear Sir:

May I congratulate you on your article appearing in most all newspapers. I was one of the many thousands who on television who saw the fatal shooting of President Kennedy. Yet only about a year ago Robert Kennedy told a group that only Oswald was involved. How silly can a person be.

Enclosed is a clipping - "BIG CHANGES IN JUBY AFTER YEAR IN JAIL".

Dear Mr. Hoover, it seems to me that the House or the Senate should introduce a new law requiring that the real name of an adult criminal should be published. In this case Jack Rubinstin. As I look back over the many years, in each case the killers were Jews. The Goldberg case (husband and wife. The Harding case. The killer was Gozolgosh, trained by a woman and many associates in Chicago, Illinois.

ENCLOSURE

You will recall the 1950 case. Former Vice President, but at that time a member of Congress, state that we had spies in our State Department. Nixon was criticised, but later Alger Hiss was convicted.

Again I congratulate you keep up your good work.

67 DEC 8 1964

See 105-7011
SP-100

Big Changes in Ruby After Year in Jail

**Sloppy, Befuddled
With Delusions
He's Persecuted**

DALLAS, Tex. (U)—A year behind bars has taken a heavy toll on Jack Ruby.

The once well-groomed, well-exercised night club operator now is a sloppy, befuddled man who apparently suffers from delusions of persecution.

He is confined to a blocked-off section of a hallway inside the Dallas County Jail, a stone's throw away from where President Kennedy was assassinated last Nov. 22.

Ruby has been in jail since Nov. 24 when he gunned down Lee Harvey Oswald, the assassin of the President. Since March 14 he has been under the death sentence imposed by a jury which found him guilty of murder with malice.

Malice Claimed

Ruby's lawyers hope to win a reversal of the verdict when they argue before the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals in Austin sometime next spring.

They will contend, among other things, that local conditions made it impossible for Ruby to get a fair trial in Dallas, and that testimony from certain police officers, which tended to show malice on Ruby's part, should have been ruled inadmissible.

have joined and left the Ruby defense team since Melvin Belli was dismissed after the trial. At present, Phil Burleson of Dallas and Joe Tonahill of Jasper, Tex., are the attorneys of record in the case, with Sol Dann of Detroit apparently acting in a consultant capacity for the Ruby family.

Burleson said he intends to file a complete statement of facts by Saturday which will complete the legal process leading to a hearing by the appellate court. Because of the backlog of cases, this hearing probably will not take place before next March or April.

Short Term

Tonahill said Ruby might be a free man in a year if the Austin court reverses the case.

"If the appellate court supports us on the issue of inadmissible police testimony," he said, "then the element of malice will be gone from the case. Murder without malice means 2 to 5 years, and, considering time off for good behavior, Jack already will have served the minimum time on such a sentence."

Both Burleson and Tonahill said a sanity hearing could not be ruled out. If a jury found Ruby insane, he then would be committed to a mental institution, where his lawyers say he belongs.

Meanwhile, in his constantly guarded jail quarters, wearing white coveralls and sandal-type shoes, Ruby waits. Sheriff Bill Decker maintains strict security measures.

Ruby's food each day is selected at random from serving carts to avoid the possibility of poisoning. His visitors are restricted to his family, his rabbi, and his lawyers.

Though allowed to see him say he appears to lose touch with reality, and raves about how Jews are suffering because he killed Oswald. He has attempted suicide by banging his head against a steel wall, and by sticking his finger into a light socket. He has lost weight, and let his body go soft.

A man who formerly liked to flash a large roll of bills, Ruby now is a declared pauper. His family is said to have little money. Voluntary contributions apparently help defray legal and other expenses.

Ruby's old club, the Carousel in downtown Dallas, looks dirty and deserted. A number of new owners have tried and failed to bring it back to life.

Does Ruby realize the first anniversary of the assassination is approaching? "I'm sure he's aware of it," said Burleson, "but he doesn't like to talk about these things anymore."

44-24016-

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 12/11/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR

Re Buairtel 12/10/64, with enclosure, copy of
letter of Mrs. ROBERT A. WILLIS, Van Horn, Texas.

El Paso is being furnished two copies of reairtel
and enclosure for handling since Van Horn, Texas, is in
El Paso Division.

3 - Bureau
2 - El Paso (Enc. 4)
2 - Dallas
MCC:tll
(7)

EX-117

44-24016-2092
REC-11

DEC 14 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M

79 DEC 16 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Dec. 3, 1964
P. O. Box 394
Van Horn, Texas 79555

J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau Of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

124566

Dear Mr Hoover:

We own and operate a small retail store here in Van Horn Texas, highway 80. Among other things, we handle guns and ammunition. On August 7, 1964, several small construction trucks stopped here, had came from a job somewhere west of here, were going to a job in Louisiana. Two of the drivers were in the store for quite some time, and one of them purchased a rifle, a 22 Cal. Noble, lever action, model 275, and a box of ammunition. According to our book, this mans name is Darrell D. Cline. While in the store, this same man remarked that they had a quota of 15 negroes to kill, then boasted that the quota was then two or three less than the original 15. These construction trucks were from Jackson Miss., LMBY construction Co. This information might possibly help in some way, some time.

In Feb. 1964, a young man stopped in the store, was just out of Dallas, going to Calif., the assassination of President Kennedy came up, I remarked that Jack Ruby evidently had nothing to do with the assassination, since I had heard or read nothing to indicate that Ruby ever knew Oswald. This young man immediately remarked that he did not understand that, and said that he had done some repair work on the speakers in Rubys Club, just a few nights before the assassination, and that he had a receipt for his work, signed by both, Ruby and Oswald, said that he gave the receipt to an FBI man in Dallas, but never heard anything more about it, I believed the man, he had nothing at all to gain by telling us such a lie.

Actually we have few facts pertaining to the assassination, we know that Kennedy is dead, we watched the murder of Oswald, as did the Dallas police.

It has not been proved that Oswald killed the President, and if he did, I believe he was simply used, was capable and available, I believe there are one or more persons who expected an attempt on the Presidents life. I believe the South assassinated Kennedy, and for the same reasons they assassinated Lincoln a hundred years ago, to me it is that simple, as to reasons or motive.

It is stated as a fact, that Oswald was an expert rifle shot, so there must be an explanation of some kind, about Oswald failing in his attempt to kill Edwin Walker. I do not believe that Oswald actually tried to kill Walker. It is a fact that Oswald was an expert shot, and a fact that Edwin A. Walker was sitting at a table, doing his tax return, yet Oswald the expert missed. In sure Oswald left the note and assume he fired the shot, but do not believe it was to kill Edwin A. Walker. Only after the assassination of our President, we hear about this phoney sounding episode of Oswald and Walker, of April 1964.

I hope we eventually have all the facts, regardless of who, or what, is involved.

We have several of the lunatic fringe in this small Texas town, I wonder what it is like in the cities of the South. In sure you are interested only in facts, not opinion, and sure you know there are many hundreds of thousands, with opinions the same as mine. This letter does contain some facts, and perhaps you will forgive my personal opinions.

Sincerely, Mrs Robert A. Willis

and A 12-10-64

DEC 14

6 DEC 14 1964

62-109853

2093

131564

December 10, 1964

Airtel

1 - Mr. Swanson

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) — 2093

JACK L. RUBY, AKA.
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed is a copy of a self-explanatory letter received from Mrs. Robert A. Willis, Post Office Box 394, Van Horn, Texas. A portion of her letter relates to captioned case wherein she alleges that an unidentified man stopped at her place of business in February, 1964, at which time this unidentified person told her that he had done repair work on the speakers in Ruby's club a few nights before the assassination and that he had a receipt for his work signed by both Ruby and Oswald, which he had given to the FBI in Dallas but had heard nothing more about it. Mrs. Willis states she believes this individual as he had nothing to gain by telling such a lie. Within three days of receipt of this communication, you should interview Mrs. Willis and obtain complete details of this alleged incident as well as a complete description of the unidentified person. At time of the interview her letter to the Bureau should be acknowledged. Logical investigation based on information received from Mrs. Willis should be conducted so as to resolve this alleged incident. Buairtel within ten days of receipt of this communication setting forth results of investigation. For your information the information furnished by Mrs. Willis concerning Darrell D. Cline is being handled by separate communication.

Enc.

MAILED 8

DEC 10 1964

COMM-FBI

HCS:jgs
(4)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

58

DEC 17 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐TYPE UNIT ☐

131565

NOTE:

Mrs. Robert A. Willis in letter to the Bureau alleged that in February, 1964, an unidentified person stopped in her place of business, a retail store in Van Horn, Texas, and advised her that he had worked on speakers in Ruby's club a few nights before the assassination and had a receipt for his work signed by both Ruby and Oswald which receipt was given to the FBI in Dallas. No previous information has been received concerning this alleged incident. Dallas being instructed to run it out. Mrs. Willis' letter will be acknowledged at time she is interviewed for complete information and description of unidentified person. Information furnished by Mrs. Willis concerning one Darrell D. Cline being handled by separate communication to Jackson under caption "Darrell D. Cline, Information Concerning, Civil Rights Section."

Memorandum

1-Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
1-Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
1-Mr. Frazier - Enclosure

Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 12/15/64

FROM : R. H. Jevons

1-Mr. Herndon - Enclosure

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY; 11/22/63; DALLAS, TEXAS

A detailed review has been made of the testimonies published in the "Hearings before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy" by each of the members of the Physics and Chemistry Section of the Laboratory who testified or furnished depositions, and by each such member of the Document Section.

This review revealed numerous typographical errors and misspellings which were obviously caused during the editing and printing of this material. These errors are of little consequence and do not alter the tenor of the testimony. Detailed listing attached.

The only substantial error noted appears on page 517, paragraph 6 of Volume XIV, pertaining to the polygraph examination of Jack L. Ruby by SA Herndon of the Laboratory. This error consists of the omission by the printer of page 43 of the original testimony transcript. A copy of this transcript page is attached hereto for record purposes. Since the testimony has already been printed and the omission does not seriously change the substance of the testimony, calling this error to the official attention of the Warren Commission does not appear warranted.

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosure

3 ENCLOSURE

62-109060

1-Bufile 105-82555 - Enclosure

1-Mr. Belmont - Enclosure

1-Mr. Rosen - Enclosure

1-Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure

1-Mr. Malley - Enclosure

1-Mr. Rogge - Enclosure

1-Mr. Lenihan - Enclosure

67 JUN 21 1965

PHJ:ICH (12)

199 JUN 18 1965

17 JUN 18 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4038

Deposition of SA John F. Gallagher
Volume XV, pages 746 - 752

Page 747, paragraph 6

Hearings: "...this is the form..."

Edited testimony: "...this is the only form..."

Page 747, paragraph 13

Hearings: "...can be used to determined..."

Edited testimony: "...can be used in certain cases
to determine..."

Page 747, paragraph 22

Hearings: "...official Bureau report."

Edited testimony: "...official report."

Page 749, paragraph 19

Hearings: "...these cases were made..."

Edited testimony: "...these casts were made..."

Page 750, paragraph 17

Hearings: "...disphenylbenzadene..."

Edited testimony: "...dyphenylbenzidine..."

Page 751, paragraph 11

Hearings: "However, the significance..."

Edited testimony: "However, in view of the data
obtained from the back of the
casts, the significance..."

-1-

44-24012 -

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

Testimony of SA Cortlandt Cunningham
Volume III, pages 451 - 496

Page 456, paragraph 12

Hearings: "It does, because...was doing."

Edited testimony: "It does."

Page 458, paragraph 25

Hearings: "In a combat stance, that is crouched,
with a gun at belt level, and your
wrist locked, you would have no trouble..."

Edited testimony: "One would have no trouble..."

Page 458, paragraph 29

Hearings: "None whatsoever - if you can pull the
trigger and point directly at a person,
at 8 feet you would not likely miss -
with one exception. If you did not
lock your wrist, there is possibility
you could shoot too low, or you could
pull to the side. Anyone with..."

Edited testimony: "Relatively little - if you can
pull the trigger and point
directly at a person at 8 feet
you would not likely miss.
Anyone with..."

Page 458, paragraph 30

Hearings: "Mr. Eisenberg. When you say 'lock your
wrist,' do you mean just pointing the
wrist so that it is in a straight line
with your lower forearm?
Mr. Cunningham. Yes. In other words,
to tighten it, and not be in a relaxed
position. By merely tightening the
wrist, you would have no trouble at all
hitting a person, approximately the same
distance as Mr. Eisenberg and myself."

Edited testimony: (All above deleted when testimony edited)

Page 459, paragraph 3

Hearings: "Mr. Cunningham, you mentioned distance
between you and me earlier, a few
sentences ago. Could you estimate that
distance?"

(ans.) "Approximately 8 feet."

Edited testimony: (All above deleted when testimony edited)

Page 464, paragraph 10

Hearings: "And it hurts, by the way, because the mainspring in this one - you can see the indentation in my thumb - is a very strong mainspring."

Edited testimony: (All above deleted when testimony edited)

Page 469, paragraph 22

Hearings: "If there are no dissimilarities, I would be suspicious that it would be faked - using the same photograph and just cut and put together."

Edited testimony: (All above deleted when testimony edited)

Page 471, paragraph 27

Hearings: "...And even in these photographs, the photograph you were asking me about, they were not as vivid as they are on this photograph."

Edited testimony: (All above deleted when testimony edited)

Page 477, paragraph 7

Hearings: "... it was returned November 17, 1963."

Edited testimony: "... it was returned November 27, 1963."

Page 480, paragraph 12

Hearings: "... was \$4.60 a hundred."

Edited testimony: "... was \$4.80 a hundred."

Page 481, paragraph 4

Hearings: "So in your opinion..."

Edited testimony: "So in your opinion..."

Page 487, paragraph 1

Hearings: (Representative Ford's question omitted)

Edited testimony: "What is the purpose of the test then?"

Page 494, paragraph 22

Hearings: "... the first test..."

Edited testimony: "... the first tests..."

Page 494, paragraph 25

Hearings: "Yes, sir; what they do is they ask, say,
'We are going to run a paraffin test on you,
you might as well confess now,' and they will-
it is-"

Edited testimony: "Yes, sir; they may ask, in effect,
'We are going to run a paraffin test
on you; if you are guilty, you might
as well confess now! and they will
sometimes."

Testimony of Jack L. Ruby
(Questions asked in part by SA Bell P. Herndon)
Volume XIV, pages 504 - 598

Page 516, paragraph 7

Hearings: "Have you every had..."

Edited testimony: "Have you ever had..."

Page 517, paragraph 6

Hearings: "Mr. Herndon. Now, Mr. Ruby, have you
ever had a..."

Mr. Ruby: The reason why I say this,..."

Edited testimony: "Mr. Herndon: Now, Mr. Ruby,
have you ever had a polygraph examination?"

NOTE: Page 43 of original testimony
transcript has been omitted from
Hearing's text. See attached page 43.

"Mr. Ruby: The reason why I say this..."

1 polygraph examination?

2 MR. RUBY: Never have---no, I haven't.

3 MR. HERNDON: I'm going to refer to this as a
4 polygraph. That's the word technically used, and as you
5 know, it's often referred to as a lie detector test. The
6 are one and the same, but I will refer to it as a polygraph
7 test.

8 Inasmuch as this is your first examination, I want
9 you to be fully aware of what I'm going to do and give you
10 little, in layman's terms if I can, general idea of how the
11 polygraph works, and what I'm going to record and measure
12 I want you to be fully aware of that.

13 However, before I take you over here and put you
14 this polygraph chair, I usually like to give anybody an
15 opportunity to make any statements they wish to make prior
16 to actually taking the tests, the polygraph tests.

17 MR. RUBY: I feel well and I am not reluctant, &
18 I repeat.

19 First, I would like to know---do I sound as though
20 I have all my senses to you when I answer your questions?

21 MR. HERNDON: Well, I'm not in a position to
22 answer that, Mr. Ruby.

23 MR. RUBY: The main job is to my sanity.

24 MR. HERNDON: Mr. Ruby, you are cooperating very
25 fine with me.

ENCLOSURE 44-240112-

DOELL OLIVER
SHAW DEPARTMENTAL COURT
DEAN AND DEAN
PHONE 21-2221

Deposition-SA Bell P. Herndon
Volume XIV, Pages 579 598

Page 584, paragraph 6
Hearings: "was area"
Edited testimony: "were areas"

Page 590, paragraph 4
Hearings: "Nichols who"
Edited testimony: "Nichols whom"

Page 590, paragraph 5
Hearings: "question"
Edited testimony: "questions"

Page 592, paragraph 18
Hearings: "truck ... you"
Edited testimony: "car ... it"

Page 592, paragraph 22
Hearings: "considerable"
Edited testimony: "considerably"

Page 593, paragraph 21
Hearings: "Herdon"
Edited testimony "Herndon"

- Testimony of SA Robert A. Frazier
 Volume III, Pages 390 - 441

Page 414, paragraph 3
Hearings: "would that trend to..."
Edited testimony: "would that tend to..."

Page 415, paragraph 16
Hearings: "...on separate weapons."
Edited testimony: "...on other weapons."

Page 435, paragraph 33
Hearings: "...on the portion..."
Edited testimony: "...on the rear portion..."

Page 438, paragraph 3
Hearings: "...and reloading hunting type..."
Edited testimony: "...reloaded hunting type..."

Page 438, paragraph 8

Hearings: "And I think it is rather poor quality in this particular caliber, primarily due to the very short seating depth to which bullets of this type are seated in the cartridge, which causes the bullets to loosen very readily in the cartridge case..."

Edited testimony: "In this particular caliber the very short seating depth to which bullets of this type are seated in the cartridge causes the bullets..."

Volume V, Pages 58 - 74

Page 60, paragraph 4

Hearings: "...a bullet of 6.5 millimeters in diameter..."

Edited testimony: "...a bullet of .267 inch diameter..."

Page 66

Hearings: "...they have not?"

Edited testimony: "...they have not."

Testimony of SA Paul M. Stombaugh
Volume IV, Pages 56 - 88

Page 79, paragraph 22

Hearings: "I would say no..."

Edited testimony: "I would pay no..."

Page 83, paragraph 11

Hearings: "the fingerprintman..."

Edited testimony: "the fingerprint man..."

Page 86, paragraph 28

Hearings: "However, I do know that there are times and..."

Edited testimony: "However, I do know that there are time and..."

Page 87, paragraph 14

Hearings: "...organge..."

Edited testimony: "...orange..."

Page 88, paragraph 13

Hearings: "...everyone who had said that and been brought..."

Edited testimony: "...everyone who has said that and has been brought..."

Volume IV, page 282, lines 39 and 40

Volume IV - "...and in the simulated photographs 748 and 747."

Transcript - "...and in the simulated photograph 748."

Volume IV, page 290, lines 30 and 31

Volume IV - "...and it then becomes narrower as you are looking at the edge of two ropes..." "...between the strands slightly..."

Transcript - "...and it then turns into a narrower area as though you are looking at the edge of two ropes..."

"...between them slightly..."

Volume IV, page 291, line 1

Volume IV - "...screen pattern..."

Transcript - "...strip pattern..."

Volume V, page 154, line 8

Volume V - "...under his right nipple?"

Transcript - "...under his right nipple, assuming the bullet followed an undeflected path?"

Volume V, page 154, line 9

Volume V - "No; Governor Connally..."

Transcript - "No, if the bullet continued in a straight path, Governor Connally..."

Volume V, page 154, line 13

Volume V - "...undeflected path."

Transcript - "...undeflected path. However, I have no personal knowledge that it was undeflected."

Volume V, page 154, line 24

Volume V - "...with the window."

Transcript - "...with the window, if it followed an undeflected path."

44-24016

ENCLOSURE

~~ENCLOSURE~~

Volume V, page 155, line 8

Volume V - "That is correct."

Transcript - "That is correct, again provided the bullet is undeflected."

Volume V, page 177, line 57

Volume V - "Those are 88mm too."

Transcript - "Those are 8 mm too."

Volume VII, page 417, next to last line

Volume VII - "..., but it is my feeling that it is probably identical."

Transcript - (changed from above to) "..., but it may very well have been made from the Life Magazine cover."

Volume VII, page 436, line 39

Volume - "...exception of the Hidell signature..."

Transcript - "...exception of the Hideel signature..."
(misspelling of name)

Volume XV, page 692, lines 6, 9 and 14

Volume XV - Refers to Shaneyfelt Exhibit No. 22 but Vol. 21 showing the exhibit has it marked Shaneyfelt Exhibit #22A

Volume XV, page 700, line 24

Volume XV - Line 24 is actually a repeat of line 32 and the following text that should have been on line 24 is omitted:

"Mr. Shaneyfelt. That is correct. Examination of the mark on the curbing..."

DIRECTOR, FBI (137-2528)

12/16/64

SAC, NEW YORK (137-2623)

FRANK A. CAPELL
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

On 12/16/64, captioned individual advised SA VINCENT J. SAVADEL that it had been brought to his attention that the exhibits section of the Warren Report contained some derogatory information about him. He stated that this information, dealing with his arrest for bribery in 1943, is set out in the form of a characterization of him, and is printed adjacent to an interview of him by SA SAVADEL in January, 1964. CAPELL advised that the interview concerned information he had printed in his anti-Communist publication "The Herald of Freedom" about JACK ORUEY.

He stated that this interview and the accompanying exhibits characterizing him are contained in Volume 26 of the Warren Report, pages 608-609. CAPELL advised that in reviewing other sections of the Warren Report, he noted that the persons interviewed were not characterized. He stated that in addition, the characterization of him is unfair, to the extent that it sets forth only unfavorable information and fails to mention the many worthwhile aspects of his background. CAPELL advised that he, and anyone else reading pages 608-609, cannot help but reach the conclusion that the characterization was intended to discredit him. He stated also that the characterization appears to have been submitted by the FBI.

CAPELL further advised that he has always cooperated with the Bureau, and had at one time received a letter of appreciation for some assistance he may have rendered. He advised that he is disappointed with the characterization of him as appears in the Warren Report and believes it is most unfair.

- 3 - Bureau (137-2-23) (RM)
(1 - 44-24016)
- 1 - New York (44-274)
- 1 - New York (137-2623)

VJS:mbg
(5)

1 44-24016-
DEC 18 1964

70 DEC 21 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

NY 137-2623

He stated that the information on pages 608-609 cannot be located through a search of the index of the report. He advised that his attention was called to this information by a friend, Mr. JOHN RAY, a local attorney and former U.S. Congressman from Staten Island. He stated that Mr. RAY was employed as a consultant by Congressman JERRY FORD, a member of the Warren Commission. CAPELL advised that he plans to discuss the matter further with Mr. RAY.

A review of the files of the NYO reflects that the information about CAPELL was forwarded to the Bureau by airtel dated 1/29/64, under caption JACK LEON RUBY, CR, Bureau file 44-24016 and NYfile 44-974.

CAPELL stated that if he should have any further thoughts about this matter as a result of his conversation with Mr. RAY, he would notify SA SAVADEL.

For information.

FBI

Date: 12/17/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

SEE BELOW

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, NORFOLK (44-148) (RUC)
SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, Aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
(OO: Dallas)

Re Bureau airtel to all SACs, 5/20/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum containing information furnished to SA VERNON E. NIVANS, 5:05 p.m. 12/16/64 by Mr. E. C. WOOD, Wood's Lane, Hampton, Va. Two copies each are submitted to Dallas and Pittsburgh.

Letter turned over to SA NIVANS by Mr. WOOD from Mr. TOBE MAYNARD is being retained in Norfolk file.

No further action is contemplated by Norfolk in the absence of further instructions.

LEADS

PITTSBURGH

AT BECKLEY, WEST VIRGINIA. Will interview TOBE MAYNARD, Route 3, Box 284, for additional details concerning the statement in his letter to Mr. E. C. WOOD. *on completion of interview, MAYNARD should prepare insert; including therein letter received by WOOD.*

- 3- Bureau (Enc.- 10)
 - 2- Dallas (Enc.- 2) (44-1639) (AIR MAIL)
 - 2- Pittsburgh (Enc.- 2) (AIR MAIL)
 - 1- Norfolk
- VEN:kfk
(8)

ENCLOSURE

C C. Wick

44-24016-100
DEC 17 1964

58 JAN 6

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

NP 44-148

Through this personal contact with Mr. MAYNARD will attempt to evaluate the accuracy of his information together with his emotional stability, bearing in mind his advanced age.

DALLAS

Will furnish Pittsburgh any known information relative to the location of JACK RUBY in 1942 which might have a bearing on information furnished by Mr. MAYNARD.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Norfolk, Virginia

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

December 17, 1964

Re: Jack Leon Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights

Mr. E. C. Wood, Newspaper Distributors, Daily Press, Inc., Newport News, Virginia, residence - Wood's Lane, Hampton, Virginia, made available on December 16, 1964, a letter postmarked December 14, 1964, at Beckley, West Virginia, from Mr. Tobe Maynard, Route 3, Box 284. The contents of this letter are as follows: (true copy)

"Beckley, W. Va.
12/12/64

Dear Mr. Wood's and family,

"When the holiday season arrives my memories goes back to 1942 at Newport News, and how warm our acquaintances is still with me. I can see Mrs. Woods in my memory. so kind to us all, I'll never forget it, I believe the Good Lord will remember good Mothers like yours and mine. I am sending along a school picture of our daughter and son, the daughter is a sophomore, the son is an 7th grader. the daughter will be 15, the 29th of Jan. the boy 13, Feb 26, they are Beatle crazy. I'll go back to 1942. for a brief sketch of what took place on the job at Furguson Park regarding Jack Ruby. this man name at that time was J Rubenstein who was discharged around April the 1st for attempted Sabatage. he is the guy that killed Oswald. I recognized him by his photo in the papers, after he left there He changed his name to Jack Ruby. try and contact a Mr. Rowan, FBI. man that worked out of the office of the Virginia ENG Co. of Newport News. Him and I worked together on this case, and see if he remembers it, you know I think he could of had a hook up with Oswald and killed him to keep him from talking. I think we have too many of that kind

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

2047

Re: Jack Leon Ruby;
Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim
Civil Rights

around today. So here is wishing you all a Very Merry Xmas. And a most prosperous New year if mother is still with give her and everyone of the family my regards. I'll be 79 my next birthday,

Sincerely,
T W Maynard."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DIRECTOR, FBI (137-2528)

12/21/64

SAC, NEW YORK (137-2623)

ST
11
FRANK A. CAPELL
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

JACK KUBX

ReNYlets to the Bureau 12/16,18/64.

On 12/21/64, Mr. JOHN H. RAY, Attorney, and former U.S. Congressman from the 16th Congressional District (Brooklyn-Staten Island) advised SA VINCENT J. SAVADEL that he desired to personally review the original FD-302 reflecting an interview with FRANK A. CAPELL, along with the original material characterizing CAPELL as set forth on pages 608-609 of Volume 26 of the Warren Report. RAY stated that he is attempting to determine the reasons behind the unfavorable characterizations of CAPELL which are contained in the above pages of the Warren Report.

He stated that he is attempting also to find the person or persons responsible for this characterization so that he in turn can find out whether the characterization was included in the Warren Report with the consent and knowledge of supervisory personnel. He added that because of the nature of the characterization, there is a possibility that it, and therefore, perhaps other material, was included in the Warren Report without having been reviewed by responsible parties. RAY asked that he be given permission, if possible, to view these documents in their original state.

RAY was informed that the FBI is not permitted to allow information in its files to be reviewed by unauthorized individuals and that the files of the FBI are available for official use only. He stated that he believed such was the rule but wanted to be certain of it. RAY advised that he might sometime in the future, request the Bureau for the desired information.

- 3 - Bureau (RM)
(44-24016)
1 - New York (44-974)
1 - New York

VJS:mbg
(5)

144-24016-
NOT RECORDED
78 DEC 23 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FBI

Date: 12/23/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, EL PASO (44-274) (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.-
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO: DALLAS

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau 12/11/64; Bureau airtel to Dallas 12/10/64.

On 12/15/64, Mrs. ROBERT A. WILLIS, P. O. Box 394, Van Horn, Texas, advised SA RICHARD H. PICKEN that her letter to FBI Headquarters in Washington, D. C. dated 12/3/64, had been received and that because of information contained in her letter it was desired that she be interviewed in detail concerning this information.

Mrs. WILLIS, who is the owner and operator of the Willis Retail Store (a pawn shop) in Van Horn, Texas, advised that sometime in February, 1964, exact date unrecalled, the unidentified man she referred to in her letter came into her place of business and sold some unrecalled item to her. She stated that he did electronic repair work and had recently left Dallas, Texas, and was enroute to California. She advised that the man was alone and did not have a car. She advised that the man said that some few days before the assassination of KENNEDY he had done some work on some speakers.

3- Bureau
2- Dallas (44-169)
1- El Paso

RHP:cam

(6)

JAN 4 1965

Special Agent in Charge

EC-55

44-24016-2095

EX-100

17 DEC 26 1964

Sent _____ M Per _____

EP 44-274

in RUBY's night club in Dallas and had obtained a receipt signed by both RUBY and OSWALD. She related that this man told her that he had turned this receipt over to an FBI Agent in Dallas, Texas. She advised that the man furnished no further information concerning this matter. She searched her records for the entire month of February, 1964, but was unable to identify the man since she was unable to recall what he sold at the store. She stated that the man left the store and to the best of her knowledge left town. She advised that she inquired around town but found no one who could recall having seen or talked with anyone fitting the description of this man.

Mrs. WILLIS described the unidentified man as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Nationality	American
Age	Early twenties
Height	5'8"
Weight	145 pounds
Buld	Medium
Hair	Brown
Remarks	No prominent features or distinguishable characteristics.

Mrs. WILLIS was unable to furnish any further information in this matter. She was thanked for writing the letter to the FBI and was told to advise the El Paso FBI Office should she have contact with the unidentified man again and obtain his name and address.

LEADS

DALLAS:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS:

Will attempt, through contact with Dallas agents,

EP-44-274

to further identify the man who talked with Mrs. WILLIS at Van Horn, Texas, and who told her that he turned over the receipt to an FBI Agent from Dallas.

HOXIE.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Felt ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 12-18-64

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
(DECEASED) - VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS
(44-24016)

Pinckney
Lincoln

On December 17, 1964, Congressman Gerald R. Ford, Jr., (R-Mich.) who was a member of the Warren Commission, reported it had been alleged to him that the account of SA Vincent J. Savadel's interview with Frank A. Capell, which had been furnished to the Commission and was published in the Commission's testimony, was not identical with Savadel's original report of this interview.

Per your instructions, SA David W. Bowers of this Section contacted Congressman Ford on 12-18-64, and exhibited to him a copy of the interview form FD - 302 which recorded SA Savadel's interview on 1-28-64, with Capell. It was pointed out to the Congressman that Volume XXVI of the committee's testimony before the Warren Commission actually contains, beginning on Page 609, a photographic reproduction of this form. He stated this certainly proved beyond any doubt that the committee had received the original account of the interview.

Congressman Ford indicated that Capell was the source of the allegation that the interview results had been "doctored" before being furnished to the Commission. He said Capell had given this indication to "my friend," obviously in an effort to protect his (Capell's) reputation. It was pointed out to the Congressman that our dealings with Capell clearly indicate that he is

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

- 1 Mr. Belmont
- 1 Mr. DeLoach
- 1 Mr. Rosen (Attention SA Hines)

DWB:gms

70 JAN 7-1965

EC-40

25 JAN 5 1965

DeLoach
12-18-64

DW

6-5
Hines

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (137-2528)

DATE: 12/18/64

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (137-2623)

SUBJECT: FRANK A. CAPELL
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING
(INTERNAL SECURITY)

Jack Ruby

ReNYlet to Bureau, 12/16/64.

On 12/17/64, captioned individual advised that he had discussed the matter regarding the derogatory information set forth in the Warren Report, with Mr. JOHN RAY, on the same date. He stated that RAY told him that he would contact Congressman JERRY FORD of the Warren Commission, in an effort to determine the reason why only derogatory information was used to characterize him. CAPELL stated that RAY informed him he will request Congressman FORD to contact the Bureau in an effort to obtain all of the information regarding him and his publication, "The Herald of Freedom", which was given to the Commission by the Bureau. He advised that RAY will attempt to learn the reasons, if any, as to why he, CAPELL, was characterized in such an unfavorable way.

CAPELL advised that he personally had no further thoughts on the matter, and was leaving it in the hands of Mr. RAY.

144-24016 -
NOT RECORDED
199 JAN 6 1965

- 2 - Bureau (137-2528) (RM)
(1 - 44-24016)
- 1 - New York (137-2623)
- 1 - New York (44-974)

VJS:mbg
(5)

70 JAN 8 1965

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FBI

Date: 1/4/65

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: ASAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

OO - DALLAS

ReBuairtel dated 12/10/64, and El Paso airtel dated 12/23/64, concerned with the letter of Mrs. ROBERT A. WILLIS, Van Horn, Texas, and her allegation that an individual was in her place of business sometime in February, 1964, and claimed to have done electronic repair work for RUBY and thereafter obtained a receipt signed by both RUBY and OSWALD. The individual is said to have further alleged he turned this receipt over to an FBI Agent in Dallas.

Review of exhibits in Dallas file disclosed no such receipt and personnel thoroughly familiar with the RUBY file have no recollection of any such receipt which would, of course, have been highly significant.

Pages 797-807 of report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS dated 11/30/63, at Dallas, are concerned with interviews of ROBERT KERMIT PATTERSON, self-admitted homosexual, DONALD C. STUART, and CHARLES ARNDT, employees of Contract Electronics, 2533 Elm Street, Dallas, and the appearance at this place of business of RUBY in company with an individual whom PATTERSON believed was OSWALD. Discussion was had concerning repairs to microphone equipment at the Carousel Club and work performed by PATTERSON in this connection, for which he stated he was paid in cash at the Carousel Club when he delivered the equipment.

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - El Paso (44-274) (Info)
- 2 - Dallas
- MCJ pm
- (6)

REC-137

JAN 6 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M Per _____

56 JAN 11 1965

DL 44-1639

The individual accompanying RUBY has been conclusively established to have been CURTIS LA VERNE CRAFTARD, employed briefly as a handyman at the Carousel Club during the pertinent period. Proof was established by CRAFTARD's independent statement in this connection and handwriting examination.

It is noted in the second interview with PATTERSON, he gave a story concerning conversations he allegedly overheard concerning RUBY-OSWALD connection, which were not substantiated.

If, in fact, Mrs. WILLIS has truthfully reported the circumstances concerning the unidentified person who appeared in her store, it appears the individual may have been PATTERSON, STUART, or ARNDT. It does not appear any further investigation is warranted.

Date: 1/6/65

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

**SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CR**

Enclosed to Bureau are ten (10) copies, to Jackson Office, two copies, of a letterhead memorandum which includes as an attachment, a three page letter and envelope. The envelope is postmarked January 3, 1965 at Jackson, Mississippi and was addressed to "Police Chief, Police Head quarters, Dallas, Texas." The letter dated December 29, 1964, purports to be from an unidentified prisoner of an unnamed prison. The writer claims to have known both RUBY and OSWALD, that RUBY was paid to kill the late President KENNEDY by the now President LYNDON JOHNSON, and that RUBY in turn paid OSWALD to do the killing. The writer claims to be a part of the conspiracy.

A copy of the communication was forwarded to the Dallas Office by Chief of Police J. E. CURRY, Dallas, Texas PD by letter, 1/4/65. Chief CURRY stated he had furnished copies to Secret Service, to Captain WILL FRITZ, Homicide and Robbery, Bureau, Dallas PD, and that the original is on file in the Special Service Bureau, Dallas PD.

(7)

REC-108

44-24016-2098

10 JAN 3 1965

20-

Wick

las 1cc of LHM to CRD
1cc of 15-6-44-2
Jullian
1cc of LHM to Secret
Service by 0.14I-1-J-45.
1cc of LHM to CRD.

7 0 JAN 11 1957
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

The files of the Dallas Office contain no information definitely identifiable with the writer of the anonymous communication. Attention is directed to Dallas airtel 2/21/64 with accompanying letterhead memorandum relative to THORNTON S. CAINE. Page 286 report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, 12/19/63, Dallas sets forth information received telephonically from CAINE, then a patient at Veteran's Administration Hospital, Gulfport, Mississippi. Page 287 of the report is an interview with a Veteran's Administration Hospital, Gulfport representative which shows CAINE had been a former psychiatric patient and was at the time a patient in the medical center at the hospital.

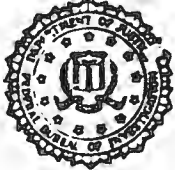
CAINE appeared at Dallas Office on February 20, 1964 and repeated the story he had given originally by telephone. Still, subsequently, CAINE contacted SA SAM H. ALLEN, JR. at the Tupelo, Mississippi Resident Agency and repeated his allegations. Report of this interview appears on Page 65, report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, 4/3/64.

In substance, CAINE alleged he came to know both RUBY and OSWALD who were performers at the Mississippi-Alabama Fair and Dairy Show at Tupelo, Mississippi in September, 1963; that he overheard conversations of RUBY and OSWALD conspiring relative to the President. The general tenor of CAINE's allegations are similar to those in the current anonymous letter, that is previous association between RUBY and OSWALD, his acquaintance with both of them, and the conspiracy between RUBY and OSWALD. Dallas Office has no information as to CAINE's present whereabouts. It is noted, his mother, DELLA MOORE, reportedly has the address of Route 4, Box 316, Booneville, Mississippi. The SO covering Booneville, Mississippi is believed to be acquainted with CAINE and his mental status.

LEAD

JACKSON OFFICE

AT BOONEVILLE, MISSISSIPPI. Attempt to locate CAINE and determine whether he is the author of the anonymous communication; obtain handwriting specimens for comparison with the anonymous communication. If CAINE is not identified as the writer, conduct appropriate investigation at prisons in the vicinity of Jackson, Mississippi in an effort to identify the writer.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
January 6, 1965

RE: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM (DECEASED)

Attached hereto is a reproduced copy of an anonymous communication purporting to have been written by a prisoner, unnamed, in a prison, not identified. The communication was addressed to the Chief of Police, Dallas, Texas, in an envelope postmarked at Jackson, Mississippi, January 3, 1965.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

44-24412-2077

ENCLOSURE

Dec 29 64

Police Chief Dallas Texas

Dear Sir

I'm writing you this letter
because it is true and I'm
going to prove it when I get
out of prison I want to tell
you this because I can prove
it. Now hold your HAT I
know who had JFK shot
because I was a good friend of
Harvey Oswald. Jack Ruby was
paid to kill Kennedy by Lyndon
Johnson and Jack Ruby paid
Harvey Oswald ^{the} Kennedy. Jack
Ruby promised to meet Harvey
Oswald at the Theater and give
him (Harvey Oswald) what he
(Jack Ruby) promised to pay
him (Harvey Oswald) for

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

44-24016-2098

Killing Kennedy Harvey Oswald
Wanted me to go to the Theater
with him. I hid in an alley
to keep him (Harvey Oswald)
from finding me. That was
the reason Harvey Oswald was
walking up and down the
street he was looking for me
to go to the Theater with him
to meet Jack Ruby and we were
going across the Border but
I decided not to go with him
(Harvey Oswald) we were good
friends and I had been in
(Harvey Oswald's) home many times
and I did not want to have
any part of the deed. Jack Ruby
killed Harvey Oswald to keep
Harvey Oswald from talking
Warren, went to Dallas and
made up a Pack of Lies and
Put them in that wonderful

Book & saw Lindon Johnson
When I get out of prison I
will prove all that I have said
is true and that was the reason
Hubert Humphrey was nominated
so quickly. He new too much
and when I get out of prison I
am going back to Dallas
and get Mrs Oswald's mother
& Harry Oswald and Kenney
Brother and we are going to
tell Jack Ruby visits to talk
to Harry Oswald before the President
went to Dallas Jack Ruby made
two trip to my knowledge
to Lindon Johnson's Ranch
before Kennedy came to Dallas
Harry Oswald was not such a
bad boy he was weak and easy
to lead off. Jack Ruby led him
on you will hear from me again
a Prisoner



Police Chief
Police Headquarters Dallas Texas

SAC, New York (44-974)

1-7-65

Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
(DECEASED) - VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

JAN 8 9 05 AM '65

John H. Ray of 350 St. Marks Place, Staten Island 1, New York, contacted Bureau Headquarters on January 6, 1965, through the office of Congressman Gerald R. Ford, (Republican-Michigan) a member of the Warren Commission concerning the interview conducted on January 27, 1964, of Frank A. Capell by SA Vincent J. Savadel on captioned matter.

Mr. Ray was concerned about the publication of the background information concerning Capell and the manner in which it was published in the Commission Report which indicated this information had been developed by SA Savadel during the interview. It was pointed out to Mr. Ray that pertinent background data was reported by us concerning every individual interviewed in this investigation and that the Commission was solely responsible for what data it published or did not publish. It was explained to him that the interview with Capell was recorded on a separate document while the background data was recorded on plain paper. He stated that he could now understand we were not responsible for the publication of the background information nor for the manner in which it was published. He felt it was unfortunate that the Commission had published the background information particularly in such a manner as to convey the impression that it had been developed during the interview with Capell.

JAN 6 - 1965

COMM-FBI

The foregoing is furnished for your information.

REC-51 44-24016-2099

NOTE: See M. A. Jones to DeLoach Memo dated 1-6-65, captioned "Jack L. Ruby, aka; Lee Harvey Oswald, aka; (Deceased) - Victim: Civil Rights, (44-24016).

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (Sent with cover memo)
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach (Sent with cover memo)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention SA Hines) (Sent with cover memo)

DWB:mm

(8)

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OR 2 TRANZ - WITH CLATER

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THIS LETTER WILL STOP.
WITH CLATER.

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Am I Jack Rudy - I am NO RUTY
ON ~~TRAB~~-TRACH CAN -
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MAN - ~~just~~ ^{just} beam - NOT CLATHERE 20
OTHER Houston and. All out of
court - 1951 - plaster all over RA -
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IF PUBLE THINK I am crazy why I am
TALK AND PRINT IN COURT NOT OUT -
THURE TALK I am what - 1943 - 1958 -
Houston Smith NO. 4 - RR - CHICAGO ILL FEAM -

10/10/64

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL - REGISTERED

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, KANSAS CITY

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
OO: Dallas (100-10461)
Bufile: 105-82555
WFO: 105-37111
KC file: 105-1736 (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY -
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
OO: Dallas (44-1639)
Bufile: 44-24018
WFO: 44-620
KC file: 44-497 (RUC)

Re WFO airtel to Bureau 10-6-64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are six copies each of a letterhead memorandum captioned the same as in each of the above cases (total 12 copies LHM). Each letterhead memorandum incorporates an FD-302 showing the results of interview with Miss LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON, Haviland, Kansas. One copy of each of the above-noted letterhead memoranda is also furnished as an enclosure to the Dallas and Washington Field Offices for information.

- 4 - Bureau (Enc. 12)(AM-RM)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2)(AM-RM)(info)
2 - Washington Field (Enc. 2)(info)(AM-RM)
2 - Kansas City

TEK:MLJ
(10)

REC-58

EX-108

44-24018-211
RECORDED
199 OCT 20 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-5112

69 OCT 23 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Kansas City Missouri
October 10, 1964

RE: JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Miss LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON, Haviland, Kansas, a former staff member of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY, was contacted to determine if she has any knowledge of the source or sources of leaks of information to the news media of material concerning JACK L. RUBY.

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2/1 JAN 4 1973

44-24016-2174
ENCLOSURE

Miss LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON, Friends Bible College, Haviland, Kansas, was advised that members of the staff of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY were being contacted at the specific request of the Commission to determine if they had any knowledge of leaks of information to the news media of material concerning the work of the Commission. She advised she formerly resided at 5000 Dixon Street, S. E., Washington, D. C., and was employed as a Clerk-Stenographer in the U. S. Defense Department, Washington, D. C., for 19½ years prior to her resignation on August 26, 1964. She was on loan to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY for the period August 13-25, 1964 inclusive at Washington, D. C. She also worked for the Commission two and one half hours on August 10, 1964, and during the entire period she was working in the capacity of a Clerk-Stenographer assigned to the unit under W. DAVID SLAWSON, attorney, Denver, Colorado. Her duties primarily consisted of retyping corrected rough draft portions of the report of the Commission; however, she did not do finished typing.

She does not recall typing any information pertaining to JACK L. RUBY. She never copied any material pertaining to RUBY and does not believe her unit was involved in this portion of the inquiry. She has no information regarding leaks of information to the news media of the work of the Commission or discussing the work of the Commission with persons outside the Commission's staff. She never observed any of the evidence obtained by the Commission and has no knowledge of the polygraph examination afforded to RUBY.

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21 JAN 2 1973

On 10/9/64 at Haviland, Kansas File # KC 44-497
by SA THOMAS E. KELLY - MEJ Date dictated 10/10/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 10/7/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (P)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
(Bureau # 105-82555)
(WFO # 105-37111)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bureau # 44-24016)
(WFO # 44-520)

ReBuairtel dated 10/5/64, with enclosures to WFO;
also reWFO airtel 10/6/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and for Dallas are
six and one copies respectively of an LHM setting forth
details of investigation conducted with regard to the
reproduction of the transcript of the RUBY testimony, done
by Ward and Paul, Incorporated; also investigation with
regard to the use of "Confidential" stamps used by the
Commission itself.

ENCLOSURE

(6-Bureau (Enc. 6)
1-Dallas (Enc. 1)(Info)(RM)
2-WFO

CEG/jbw
(9)

AIRTEL

C. C. Wick

REC-51

44-24016-80

58 OCT 21 1964

Approved: _____

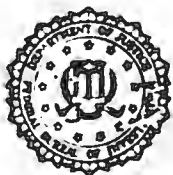
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

105-82555



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

October 7, 1964

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

It will be noted the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy previously has been furnished the results of investigation conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation with regard to the unauthorized disclosure to the news media of the testimony of Jack L. Ruby before Chief Justice Warren. It is recalled that in connection with that prior investigation, it was determined the transcript of the testimony of Ruby had been reproduced by a commercial reporting agency, Ward and Paul, on or about June 18, 1964, at the direction of the Commission.

Hereinafter are the results of investigation conducted at Ward and Paul with regard to the reproduction by the firm of the transcript of the testimony of Jack L. Ruby. Also set out is the result of inquiry made regarding "Confidential" classification stamps used by or in the possession of the Commission.

~~COPIES DESTROYED~~

~~2-7-74 4-1978~~

44-24016-11

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/7/64

Mr. WAYNE BIRDSSELL, Manager, Ward and Paul, Incorporated, a commercial reporting agency at 917 G Street, N.W., furnished the following information concerning the handling by his firm of the transcript of testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN and members of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY. Washington, D.C.

Mr. BIRDSSELL related this transcript of testimony was the 106th item which had been forwarded to Ward and Paul by the Commission for purposes of having it reproduced. He referred to his records pertaining to this one item and stated his receipt Number 3359 dated June 18, 1964, reflected the original and five copies of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY had been delivered to the Commission June 18, 1964, at 3:35 p.m., by JESSE LEE WARD, III, son of one of the principals in the firm.

Mr. BIRDSSELL stated he has no specific recollection with regard to this particular document, although from his records it was his belief the original stenographic transcript was received by his firm on the morning of June 18, 1964, as such a reproduction job would have taken approximately three and one-half hours to four hours to complete on a Xerox machine. This particular transcript was reproduced on one of two Xerox machines located in the basement of this building, which are operated during daytime hours by either ROBERT E. HAWKINS or JESSE LEE WARD, III, commonly known as "PETE" WARD. BIRDSSELL stated to substantiate his belief the material was received from the Commission on June 18, 1964, it would have been delivered to the Commission early in the morning at approximately 9:00 a.m., on June 18, 1964, if the material had been received from the Commission on the previous date. He stated the original with five copies, the latter separately bound and classified "Confidential" on each page as well as outer side of the cover, was returned, along with the copies to the Commission and no copies of any of this material were retained. BIRDSSELL said his firm never made extra copies nor retained copies of any material relating to Commission business. D.C. va

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O2 10/6/72/64972

Washington, D. C.

File # WFO 44-520

by SA CARL E. GRAHAM/jsw

Date dictated 10/7/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Mr. BIRDSELL stated paper used for reproducing the testimony transcript on the Xerox machine is pre-stamped with the classification "Confidential" appearing in red ink on the top and bottom of each page. This pre-stamping is done by Ward and Paul in their premises on an old style hand-feed multigraph machine with the word "Confidential" consisting of separate letters blocked into place on the top and bottom of a multigraph cylinder. He stated this paper is prepared in advance and a goodly supply is kept on hand, stocked in packages containing one ream each. Mr. BIRDSELL advised Ward and Paul handles classified material, including "Confidential," "Secret," and "Top Secret," inasmuch as the firm handles the reporting for numerous Congressional Committees and for this reason, employees in his firm are "cleared" for handling such classified materials by Department of Defense.

Mr. BIRDSELL stated that his records specifically show that the RUBY testimony was reproduced by his firm only on one occasion and there was no instances where this testimony may have been returned to his firm for the purposes of preparing additional copies. BIRDSELL stated he was aware there had been some "leaks" to news media of various matters pertaining to the business of the President's Commission and he was cognizant that the RUBY testimony had been published in the newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN. BIRDSELL stated he had no suggestions as to how the leak to KILGALLEN had occurred. He said he did not know KILGALLEN and did not know anyone who was acquainted with her.

With regard to classification of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY, Mr. BIRDSELL stated the standing order as to classification of testimony or depositions ordered to be reproduced by the Commission was that such material should be classified "Confidential." He recalled in the early days of the existence of the President's Commission testimony and depositions were all classified "Top Secret;" however, by memorandum dated May 1, 1964, from Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel of the Commission, Ward and Paul were advised that as of that date all depositions and testimony forwarded for reproduction should be classified "Confidential".

Mr. BIRDSELL furnished six blank pages of paper bearing the pre-stamped classification of "Confidential" as specimens of the type paper used to reproduce the transcript of the RUBY testimony.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/7/64

Mr. JESSE LEE WARD, JR., one of the principal owners of Ward and Paul, Incorporated, was interviewed at his office, 917 G Street, N.W. He stated he had no independent knowledge of his firm handling specifically the reproduction of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before Chief Justice WARREN at Dallas. He stated his firm had been retained to handle the reporting for the Commission and as well the reproduction of transcripts required by the Commission. He stated there had been no requests received for copies of the RUBY testimony from any source outside the Commission, but in this connection related the following:

Shortly after the mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD testified, he received a telephone call from JOE TONAHILL, Texas attorney who was then representing the interests of JACK RUBY, inquiring as to the cost of obtaining a copy of the transcript of the testimony of LEE HARVEY OSWALD's mother. Mr. WARD pointed out that previously Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel for the President's Commission, had authorized the release of testimony of some witnesses to TONAHILL. During the telephone exchange between Mr. WARD and TONAHILL, Mr. WARD stated, when he advised TONAHILL the price for approximately 1,000 or more pages of testimony transcript would be \$.15 per page, TONAHILL indicated he was no longer interested. WARD stated his firm had never received any requests for a copy of RUBY's testimony from any source outside the Commission.

Mr. WARD went on to explain his firm has two Xerox machines, which are rented from the manufacturer, and each machine has a counting device to show the number of copies of any material produced on a given machine. This is for the purpose of determining the monthly rental fee due to the Xerox company which owns the machines. Mr. WARD stated with each machine there is maintained a monthly log to show the material produced and to reflect the number of copies of same for purposes of auditing the charges due the Xerox company. He stated he keeps a close check on the use of the machines and it would be virtually impossible for anyone to make an extra or unauthorized copy of a 103 page document without such reproduction coming

10/7/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520

by SA CARL E. GRAHAM/jew Date dictated 10/7/64

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(4)

to the immediate attention of himself or Mr. BIRDSELL.

With regard to the unauthorized disclosure as represented by the newspaper articles by DOROTHY KILGALLEN, Mr. WARD advised he was certain no leak pertaining to this material had occurred at Ward and Paul. He stated he did not know DOROTHY KILGALLEN and did not know anyone who might be acquainted with her or who might have furnished her a copy of the transcript of the RUBY testimony.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/7/64

Mr. ROBERT E. HAWKINS advised he resides at 1303 North Pierce, Arlington, Virginia, and he is a long-time employee of Ward and Paul. He was interviewed at his place of employment, 917 G Street, N.W. HAWKINS advised that all classified reproduction work performed on Xerox machines is done either by himself or by "PETE" (JESSE LEE, III) WARD. HAWKINS states he recalls having done a large volume of reproduction work for the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY and stated in the early stages such work generally was classified "Top Secret," but sometime later the work bore the classification of "Confidential." HAWKINS advised such jobs for the Commission were performed as needed, and he never paid any particular attention to the nature of the material to be reproduced or the text of its contents. He said with regard to the transcript of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY before the President's Commission, June 7, 1964, HAWKINS advised he has no specific recollection as to whether he or "PETE" WARD may have handled this piece of work. He stated that in order to reproduce five copies of a document consisting of 103 pages, such work would take approximately 3 1/2 hours to 4 hours and if the finished material along with the original transcript was received by the Commission on June 18, 1964, at 3:35 p.m., it would indicate to him that the job had been received in the office of Ward and Paul that same day. In explanation of this, he said if the material had been received initially by Ward and Paul on the previous day, June 17, 1964, delivery of the finished copies would have occurred at approximately 9 a.m. on June 18, 1964.

HAWKINS stated he never had made any extra copies of any material received for reproduction and never had caused any material whatsoever to fall into the hands of any person not authorized to receive it. HAWKINS stated he personally was not responsible for any "leak" of information to the news media and specifically had no information as to how DOROTHY KILGALLAN came into possession of a copy of the testimony of JACK RUBY.

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JAN 2 1973

10/6/64

Washington, D. C.

File # WFO 44-520

by SA CARL E. GRAHAM:ejl

Date dictated 10/7/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/7/64

Mr. JESSE LEE WARD, III, son of JESSE LEE WARD, JR., one of the owners of Ward and Paul, was interviewed at his place of employment, 917 G Street, N.W. He stated that he is generally known as "PETE" WARD in order to avoid confusion in names around the business establishment. PETE WARD advised he had no specific recollection of the testimony of JACK L. RUBY, who was afforded a hearing at Dallas, Texas, June 17, 1964. He stated that during oddytimes, all classified reproduction work to be done on Xerox machines is handled personally by either himself or ROBERT HAWKINS. He said he does not recall whether he may have run off the 5 copies of the RUBY testimony; however, he stated the receipt for delivery of the original transcript along with the 5 copies to the President's Commission on June 18, 1964, bore his signature as having released the material to B. A. HECKMAN, an employee of the President's Commission, at 3:35 p.m. that date. PETE WARD stated he had no information as to how any leak or leaks of material relating to the inquiry being conducted by the Commission had occurred. Specifically with regard to the unauthorized disclosure of the JACK L. RUBY testimony, which appeared in the newspaper under the by-line of DOROTHY KILGALLEN, he had no suggestion as to how this "leak" may have occurred. He stated he did not know KILGALLEN and did not know any one who might have been acquainted with her.

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21 JAN 2 1973

On 10/7/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520
 by SA CARL E. GRAHAM:cjl Date dictated 10/7/64

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/7/64

Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HECKMAN, Secretary to **J. LEE RANKIN**, General Counsel to President's Commission on the Assassination of President **KENNEDY**, 200 Maryland Avenue, N.E., advised she recalls **ANN WELSH**, a secretary in the Department of Defense who worked for the Commission, had borrowed a "Confidential" stamp from the Department of Defense during the earlier stages of the Commission's existence. Mrs. HECKMAN stated WELSH had also borrowed a "Secret" and "Top Secret" stamp for the use of the Commission. D.C.

Mrs. HECKMAN said it had been necessary to obtain additional classification stamps, and she had requisitioned these items from the General Services Administration. Mrs. HECKMAN reviewed records at the Commission offices and determined she had requisitioned two sets of classification stamps on January 16, 1964. Each set of stamps contained one "Confidential" stamp, as well as a "Secret" and "Top Secret" stamp.

Mrs. HECKMAN made available two "Confidential" stamps. One of these stamps was identified as Number 1, and the second was identified as Number 3. Mrs. HECKMAN informed stamp Number 1 was borrowed from the Department of Defense, whereas stamp Number 2 was one of two obtained from General Services Administration. Stamp Number 1 was located in Mrs. HECKMAN's desk and stamp Number 3 was found in a secretary's desk in a room occupied by several secretaries.

Mrs. HECKMAN located the third "Confidential" stamp, which is one of two obtained from the General Services Administration. This stamp was located in the Commission supply cabinet, and had never been used. This stamp was left at the Commission at Mrs. HECKMAN's request.

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21 JAN 3 1973

On 10/6/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 44-520by SA HOWER R. HAUKE/jgm Date dictated 10/6/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 10/16/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
(Deceased) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

At 8:06 p.m., 10/15/64, an unknown male caller telephonically contacted the Dallas FBI Office and advised Security Patrol Clerk FOREST L. LUCY that "I'm calling from New York and I've had a revelation from God that JACK RUBY is going to be killed and you had better protect him". The caller was questioned as to his location and identity but had only repeated the above information and then the telephone connection was terminated.

The caller had a pronounced northern accent, and it was apparent from sounds on the telephone line that it was a long distance call. There were no unusual background noises or anything which might help identify the caller.

At 8:10 p.m., 10/15/64, Deputy Sheriff BUDDY WALTHERS, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, was telephonically advised of the above information.

③ - Bureau
2 - Dallas

RPO/jtf

(5)

REC-9 44-24016-2078

EX 109 11 OCT 19 1964

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M

Per _____

67 OCT 26 1964

Special Agent in Charge

A I R T E L

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, WFO

DATE: 9/17/64

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
(ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION)
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFO 105-37111) P.

D-458893

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFO 44-520) P.

ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

ReBuairtel to WFO 9/14/64.

Investigation at President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy on 9/16 and 17/64 was initiated through interview of J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, and expanded to members of his immediate staff and staff attorneys available. It will be noted that instead of the 31 personnel, in addition to Commission members, originally indicated as employed by the Commission in the list furnished by Bureau, inquiry has disclosed a total of 62 personnel members aside from Commission members have been involved in work during the pertinent period and, in addition, there are 8 personnel presently assigned by Government Printing Office (GPO) to work regularly at Commission Headquarters under supervision of a GPO printing supervisor.

- ⑤ - Bureau (Encls 6)
- 3 - Boston (Encls 9)(RM)
- 3 - Dallas (AM-RM)
- 3 - Los Angeles (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
- 3 - New Orleans (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
- 3 - New York (Encls 9)(RM)
- 3 - Omaha (Encls 9)(AM-RM)
- 3 - Philadelphia (Encls 9)(RM)
- 3 - San Francisco (Encls 8)(AM-RM)
- 2 - WFO

CEG/HRH:pon

(91)

A I R T E L

Investigation thus far has disclosed a complete lack of organization insofar as records are concerned, and a system initiated for handling documents as "TOP SECRET" was discontinued early in the operation of the Commission and subsequent documents have borne classification of "CONFIDENTIAL" on occasion, particularly when they are relating to depositions or testimony. There was found to be no document control whatsoever and no accountability for such documents, classified or not. In addition, there are two Xerox machines located in the basement of the building which are used constantly by any member of the staff or any employee if the need arises for extra copy or copies of any given paper.

It will also be noted that on the list of employees of the Commission now available to WFO, 32 of those out of 62 are now no longer employed or living out of Washington, D. C. Effort is being made to locate these persons; however, their exact whereabouts is unknown to the Commission, and WFO may not be able to have them interviewed by the deadline set by referenced Buairtel. Every effort is being made by WFO to complete this investigation in conformance with Buded.

Enclosed for offices receiving leads to interview persons now or formerly associated with the Presidential Commission are memoranda containing background information re this matter. Also enclosed for all offices, except Dallas and San Francisco, is one copy of refBuairtel containing additional information and Bureau instructions pertaining to this investigation. It is noted Dallas and San Francisco have previously received copy of reairtel.

Investigation at the Commission discloses original typewritten transcript of interview of JACK L. RUBY by Chief Justice WARREN on 6/7/64 at Dallas, Texas, received in office of Chief Counsel of the Commission on 6/17/64 or 6/18/64. This original sent to Ward and Paul, Court Reporters, 917 G Street, N. W., on 6/18/64 for duplication. Ward and Paul returned the original transcript, along with five Xerox copies thereof, to the Commission on 6/18/64.

Inquiry of Mrs. BEVERLY ANN HECKMAN, Secretary to General Counsel, discloses following distribution made of these five Xerox copies:

Copy 1 of 5: furnished to NORMAN REDLICH,
Legal Consultant

Copy 2 of 5: furnished to Senator RICHARD
B. RUSSELL, Commission member

Copy 3 of 5: furnished to BURT W. GRIFFIN,
Legal Consultant

Copy 4 of 5: retained for general use of
Commission staff

Copy 5 of 5: furnished to Congressman
GERALD R. FORD, Commission
member

The above distribution was made on 6/16 or 19/64.

It is noted the five Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul bear classification "CONFIDENTIAL" on top and bottom of each page of the transcript, as well as on the cover to this transcript. The original typed transcription, prepared by court reporter in Dallas, bears no classification on any page or on the cover.

Inquiry has also determined additional Xerox copies of this transcript were made by Commission employees. These copies apparently made from the original typed transcript, since none located to date have classification. These copies were made for purpose of distributing same to Commission members and for providing material to GPO representatives. The exact number of Xerox copies made by Commission employees is not known; however, Mrs. HECKMAN said she normally had ten copies of material of this type duplicated.

Mrs. HECKMAN advised JOE H. TONAHILL, Attorney, Jasper, Texas, directed a letter 6/23/64 to Mr. RANKIN requesting a copy of a transcript of the Ruby testimony 6/7/64, advising it was for the use of Dr. JOYLOM WEST in connection with his diagnosis and recommended treatment for RUBY. By letter 6/27/64, over RANKIN's signature, handled by BURT GRIFFIN, Staff Attorney, a letter was directed to TONAHILL enclosing a copy of the transcript requested. Mrs. HECKMAN does not know whether or not a Ward and Paul transcript was Xeroxed or whether a Xerox copy of the original transcript not bearing a classification was forwarded to TONAHILL.

An examination of page one of the 8/18/64 edition of the "New York Journal American", in which columnist DOROTHY KILGALLAN wrote a story publishing what she reports to be the transcript of the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview, disclosed her article is headed:

Confidential
President's Commission
on the
Assassination of President Kennedy

Dallas, Texas
Sunday, June 7, 1964
11:45 A.M. - 2:50 P.M.

A comparison of the heading appearing in the news article with the heading appearing on page two of Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul determined the news article is in conformity with the transcript, with the exception of the horizontal spacing of the classification.

Page seven of this newspaper carries a reproduction of page 103 of the transcript of this interview. Page 103 consists of the certificate prepared by HELEN LAIDRICH, the court reporter who recorded the interview between Chief Justice WARREN and JACK L. RUBY.

This reproduction of page 103 bears the word "CONFIDENTIAL" at the bottom of the page, between lines 24 and 25.

A comparison of page 103, as it appears in the five Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul, with the reproduction appearing in the "New York Journal American", discloses margins on the top, bottom, and left side were reduced in size at the time it was printed in the news article.

It is noted the classification "CONFIDENTIAL" appears some distance above line one, and below line twenty-five, on the Xerox copies made by Ward and Paul. It is further noted this portion of the top and bottom margins appears to have been deleted in the newspaper reproduction; however, as stated above, the newspaper reproduction does bear the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification, which is located between lines 24 and 25.

All five of the Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul have been located as result of investigation at the Commission and through contact with persons to whom these copies furnished. None of these copies have the classification stamp above line twenty-five on page 103.

In view of the above, it appears possibility exists KILGALLEN prepared her article after having available for her review a copy of the transcript prepared by Ward and Paul, or a reproduction of such a copy. This is based on the fact the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification appears only on Xerox copies prepared by Ward and Paul.

It is realized the person who made this material available to KILGALLEN could have told her of the classification; however, it is noted the classification appearing in the newspaper reproduction of page 103 is horizontally spaced the same as the Xerox copies made by Ward and Paul, and the vertical spacing and lack of classification on top of pages appear to be the only differences.

The possibility that page 103 of this transcript reproduced in the "New York Journal American" was altered in the printing process should not be overlooked. It is believed the possibility exists the newspaper, through a photographic or some other process, raised the classification stamp appearing on page 103 from its original position to one higher and space considerations and balance were the reason for such change.

A review of the original typewritten transcript, the Xerox copies made by Commission employees, and the Ward and Paul Xerox copies disclosed only copy 3 of 5 of Ward and Paul copies (obtained from office of BURT W. GRIFFIN, Legal Consultant) has name of HARRY CARLSON corrected to HARRY OLSEN on pages 32 and 33. It is noted the article written by KILGALLEN carries name of CARLSON.

REQUEST OF BUREAU

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original transcript and five copies of transcript that were reproduced by Ward and Paul. The FBI Laboratory is requested to conduct the following examinations of this material:

- (1) Examine knots tied in binding of copies to determine, if possible, whether any evidence present indicating one of these transcripts has been taken apart.
- (2) Examine the "CONFIDENTIAL" classification appearing on pages 103 of each transcript copy to determine if this classification appears to be handstamped or machine stamped, and whether or not the same stamp was used for all copies.
- (3) Compare each page 103 classification stamp on transcript copies with that appearing in newspaper reproduction of page 103. Information received Bureau in possession of 8/18/64 issue of "New York Journal American". Appropriate examination should be done to determine if the same stamp was used to classify the Ward and Paul copies as was used in the newspaper reproduction.
- (4) Compare the printing on pages 103 of Ward and Paul transcripts with each other to determine if any characteristics appear that would make one copy identifiable from another. Thereafter, compare printing of newspaper reproduction of page 103 in effort to isolate copy from which newspaper reproduction made. Also compare with original transcript.

Proceeding on the theory KILGALLEN obtained a transcript from the Commission, specifically one of the Ward and Paul Xerox copies, the Bureau is requested to consider having the following inquiry conducted:

- (1) Recontact KILGALLEN in effort to obtain at least one of the copies of the transcript she had made from the copy given to her, and which she claims to have since returned to her source. In event KILGALLEN refuses to furnish such a copy, an effort should be made to review one she has available to determine whether or not the pages are classified.

(2)

Recontact officials at the "New York Journal American" and attempt to obtain photograph used to reproduce page 103 of this transcript. If this photograph obtained, it should be forwarded to FBI Laboratory for examination and comparison with material enclosed herewith.

(3)

Inquiry should be conducted at the "New York Journal American" to determine if the newspaper has a copy of the transcript used by KILGALLAN in preparing her article, and if so, obtain the copy or review same for information regarding classification appearing therein.

The Bureau should also consider authorizing Dallas to re-interview Attorney JOE TOMAHILL for the purpose of determining whether or not the copy of the transcript provided him, reflecting interview of JACK L. RUEY by Chief Justice WARREN, bears any type of classification stamp.

For information of Bureau, interviews of Commission personnel being conducted. Leads being set out for interviews of Commission personnel who are not currently in Washington.

LEADS

BOSTON

AT WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS

Will locate and interview RAY SHURTLEFF, 29 Quimby Street. It is noted SHURTLEFF worked as a file clerk at the Commission until 7/31/64, locating to return to college.

DALLAS

AT JACPER, TEXAS

Will, upon receipt of Bureau authorization to do so, re-interview JOE TOMAHILL and Dr. JOYLOX WEST to determine if their copy of transcript bears any classification.

LOS ANGELES

AT LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA

Will interview JOSEPH A. HALL, 4291 Cornett Club Drive (home) or 720 Union Avenue (office).

It is noted BALL was one of the Commission's legal consultants.

NEW ORLEANS

AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Will locate and interview LEON D. HUBERT, Jr., 1915 South Dupre (home) or 1100 Tulane Avenue, 9000 Oil and Gas Building (office). It is noted HUBERT was also a legal consultant to the Commission.

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK CITY

- (1) Will locate and interview FRANCIS W. H. ADAMS, 14 East 90th Street (home) or 460 Park Avenue (office). ADAMS was a legal consultant to the Commission.
- (2) Will locate and interview MELVIN A. EISENBERG, 147-28 Charter Road, Jamaica, New York (home) or c/o Kaye, Scholer, etc., 425 Park Avenue (office).
- (3) Will, if Bureau authority received to do so, re-interview DOROTHY KILGALLEN and re-contact "New York Journal American" and conduct inquiry along lines set forth above.

OMAHA

AT DES MOINES, IOWA

Will locate and interview DAVID W. BELIN, 9704 College Drive (home) or c/o Herrick, Langdon, etc., 501 Iowa - Des Moines Bank Building (office). BELIN was a legal consultant to the Commission.

PHILADELPHIA

AT PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

- (1) Will locate and interview F. T. COLEMAN, 612 West Horner Street (home) or Dilworth, Pearson, etc., 123 South Shore Street (office). COLEMAN was a legal consultant to the Commission.

- (2) Will locate and interview ARLEN SPECTER, 3417 Warden Drive (home) or c/o Specter and Katz, 12 South 12th Street (office). SPECTER was employed as a legal consultant to the Commission. In this interview Philadelphia should note SPECTER was the person who received the original transcript from the court reporter in Dallas at his Philadelphia address and who thereafter arranged for this transcript to be forwarded to the Commission in Washington.
- (3) Will locate and interview PHILIP BARSON, 1138 East Slocum Street (home) or c/o Internal Revenue Service, Philadelphia. It is noted BARSON was a staff member of the Commission.

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

Will locate and interview RICHARD M. MOSK, 66 Cleary Court, Apartment #708 (home) or c/o Justice MATTHEW TOBRINER, California Supreme Court, State Building (office). It is noted MOSK was a law clerk who was employed by the Commission.

All offices should note the exact number of copies of the Chief Justice WARREN - JACK L. RUBY interview transcript that were made is not known. Therefore, all offices should include in their interview an inquiry directed toward locating any transcripts of this interview that might not be at Commission Headquarters in Washington, D. C. In this regard any transcript located that bears a "CONFIDENTIAL" classification is considered to be of the utmost importance and interest to this inquiry. Any such transcript located should be immediately forwarded to the FBI Laboratory with the request appropriate comparisons be made with the reproduction of page 100 of this transcript as it appears in the 8/18/64 edition of the "New York Journal American".

All offices note Bureau deadline.

Investigation continuing at WFO and Bureau will be advised of pertinent developments as they occur.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Raupach, Rm. 5730)
1 - Mr. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Griffith
1 - Lab File

October 16, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my communication dated October 15, 1964, and to your letter of September 10, 1964, concerning the interviews of Commission members and staff regarding alleged leaks of the Oswald diary, the Ruby Polygraph transcript and the Ruby testimony.

Concerning the documents subjected to Laboratory examination in connection with this matter, the following findings are set forth for your information.

Of the copies of Ruby's testimony submitted, it was concluded that the following were not used to reproduce the facsimile of page 103 appearing in the August 18, 1964, issue of the New York Journal-American.

Copy number five of the "Ward and Paul" copies obtained from Congressman Ford's Office

Copy obtained from Mr. Redlich's Office

Copy obtained from Senator Russell's Office

Copy obtained from Mr. Willens's Office

Original transcript of Ruby's testimony

BY COURIER SVC.

43 OCT 19

COMM-FBI

44-24016

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

2 - Washington Field Office (44-520) (105-37111)
2 - Dallas (100-10461) (44-1639)
1 - Bufile (105-82555)
1 - Houston (44-939)
1 - J.E. FA. kv. (18)

61 OCT 26 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

25 OCT 20 1964

OCT 19

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UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

25 OCT 20 1964

44-24016

105-37111

100-10461

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105-82555

18

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Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Because of the effects of retouching on the newspaper facsimile and the effects of the process of newspaper reproduction, it was not possible to make a definite determination in any of the following instances:

Copies numbered one through four of the "Ward and Paul" copies

Copy obtained from Mr. Tonahill

However, some characteristics in the Journal-American facsimile appear also in the above five copies.

The impressions of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in red on the pages of the "Ward and Paul" copies were not printed in the manner of the impressions of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in red on the sample pages obtained from the Ward and Paul firm.

The impressions of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in red on the pages of the "Ward and Paul" copies of Ruby's testimony were printed by an offset printing process, whereas the impressions of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" in red on the sample pages furnished by the Ward and Paul firm were printed by a letterpress printing method.

The word "CONFIDENTIAL" in red on the covers of the five "Ward and Paul" copies of Ruby's testimony contains characteristics of rubber stamp impressions. It was found, however, that these were not made from the type used to print the word "CONFIDENTIAL" on the sample pages furnished by the Ward and Paul firm or from the two rubber stamps furnished by the President's Commission.

The impression of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" at the bottom of the facsimile reproduction of page 103 appearing in the Journal-American contains some characteristics in common with the impressions in red of the word "CONFIDENTIAL" at the bottom of page 103 of each of the "Ward and Paul" copies and the word "CONFIDENTIAL" appearing in black on page 103 of the transcript furnished by Mr. Tonahill.

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Examination of the knots of the ribbons binding the pages of each of the five "Ward and Paul" copies of Ruby's testimony revealed no conclusive evidence that any had been untied and retied. The ribbon of copy number four shows more fraying of the ends than do the others. The pages of copy number three reveal that they have been subjected to much more handling than do the pages of any of the other copies.

The evidence examined will be returned separately.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: In view of the fact that the Washington Field Office and Houston Office furnished the evidence examined and in view of the fact that the evidence was obtained from specific individuals who requested that their respective items be returned to them, the evidence examined and treated in the above report will be returned to the Washington Field and Houston Offices for return to the respective individuals.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: September 29, 1964

FROM : Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY

- 1- Mr. Mohr
- 1- Mr. Callahan
- (A.M. Newman)
- 1- Mr. Casper
- 1- Mr. Conrad
- 1- Mr. DeLoach
- 1- Mr. Evans
- 1- Mr. Gale
- 1- Mr. Sullivan
- (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1- Mr. Tavel
- 1- Mr. Trotter
- 1- Mr. Belmont
- 1- Mr. Rosen
- (J.W. Hines)
- 1- Mr. Malley
- 1- Mr. Shroder
- 1- Mr. Rogge

Reference is made to my memorandum dated 9-4-64 relating to arrangements made to obtain 100 copies of the above report from the Department. Ten copies of the report were received from the Government Printing Office on 9-25-64 and were disseminated as follows:

- 1- Mr. Belmont
- 1- Mr. Rosen
- 2- General Investigative Division
- 2- FBI Laboratory
- 3- Domestic Intelligence Division
- 1- Mr. Malley

On 9-28-64 ninety additional copies were obtained and will be disseminated as follows:

- 1- Administrative Division
- 2- Domestic Intelligence Division
- 3- General Investigative Division
- 1- Laboratory Division
- 3- Crime Records Division
- 5- Files and Communications Division
- 1- Identification Division
- 1- Training Division
- 1- Special Investigative Division
- 1- Inspection Division

In addition to the above Seat of Government dissemination 56 copies will be disseminated to our field offices and ten copies will be disseminated to our Legal Attaches.

Enclosure
RDR:umb
(16)

CONTINUED OVER

62-109060 Assassination of President Kennedy
105-82555 Lee Harvey Oswald AKA
44-24016 Jack Leon Ruby

44-24016
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 5 1964

COPIATE YELLOW

36
2
62-109060
ORIGINAL FILED

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
~~RE THE~~ THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

Similar dissemination will be made of subsequent volumes of the Commission's report when available. These subsequent volumes contain the completed testimony of all witnesses who appeared before the Commission or gave sworn depositions or affidavits, the accompanying documentary exhibits and other investigative materials which are relied upon in the report.

The field and/or Legats are being instructed to answer all inquiries with a "no comment" and to refer the matter to the Bureau for appropriate instructions, if necessary. Indexing will not be done in the field but at the Seat of Government.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That the attached All SACs and All Legal Attaches airtel be approved, advising a copy of the report will be sent them under separate cover and instructing how to handle inquiries upon receipt,
2. Upon approval of the above, that the Administrative Division make appropriate arrangements to disseminate the reports as indicated above,
3. That the Administrative Division make similar dissemination of subsequent volumes of the report when available.
4. That the Files and Communications Division thoroughly index the Commission's report and subsequent volumes relating thereto, when received.

FBI

Date: 9/30/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
VICTIM
CR

Re New York airtel 8/24/64 by which was transmitted letterhead memorandum incorporating interview with DOROTHY KILGALLEN; Houston airtel 9/25/64 and letterhead memorandum incorporating interview with JOE H. TONAHILL, Jasper, Texas.

Bureau has perhaps already noted KILGALLEN stated a page believed page 59 was missing from copy of the transcript of RUBY's interview, 6/7/64, which she received; and that copy in TONAHILL's possession shows pages 49 and 59 missing.

Information only.

- ③ - Bureau
- 1 - Houston (44-939) (Info)
- 1 - New York (44-974) (Info)
- 1 - Washington Field (44-520) (Info)
- 2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf

(8)

DCI

C.C. Wick

JAN 1 1965

Approved: _____

Sent _____

M Per _____

60 OCT 27 1964

Agent in Charge

44-24016-2080

OCT 2 1964

FBI

CIV. RIGHTS

Rogers

9-30-64

Airtel

44-24016

- 1- Mr. Mohr
- 1- Mr. Callahan
- (A.M. Newman)
- 1- Mr. Casper
- 1- Mr. Conrad
- 1- Mr. DeLoach
- 1- Mr. Evans
- 1- Mr. Gale
- 1- Mr. Sullivan
- (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1- Mr. Tavel
- 1- Mr. Trotter
- 1- Mr. Belmont
- 1- Mr. Rosen
- (J.W. Hines)
- 1- Mr. Malley
- 1- Mr. Shroder
- 1- Mr. Rogge

To: All SACs & All Legats

From: Director, FBI (62-109090)

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Under separate cover you will be receiving one copy of the above Commission's report. Dallas and New Orleans will receive three copies each.

Subsequent volumes of the Commission's report containing backup material, etc., will be furnished to you when available. You should not index the report or subsequent volumes as this will be done at the Bureau.

Inquiries received concerning the report should receive a "no comment" from you and referred to the Bureau. Those inquiries obviously not requiring a reply should be submitted with a recommendation that no further action will be taken UACB.

Those inquiries appearing to require a reply should be similarly sent, however, should include your specific recommendation as to how the particular inquiry should be answered and if readily available, reference should be made to the volume and page of the Commission's report relating to the inquiry in question.

You should be guided by the nature of the inquiry as to the means of referring it to the Bureau.

One copy of all inquiries should be sent to Dallas by continental field offices including Anchorage, Honolulu, and San Juan. Legal attache referrals should be prepared so that one copy can be disseminated to Dallas by the Bureau.

RDR:mbb (152)

NOTE: See Rosen to Belmont memo captioned as above, dated 9-30-64

RDR:mbb

1- 62-109060 Assassination of President Kennedy

1- 105-82555 Lee Harvey Oswald AKA

44-24016 Jack Leon Ruby

Foreign Liaison

DUPLICATE YELLOW

58 OCT 26 1964

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109090-236

Airtel to All SACs, All Legats
RE: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Dallas is instructed to open a new file if not already
done under the above caption. Any additional action necessary for
Dallas will be furnished by the Bureau. Dallas will be considered
office of origin in all such inquiries.

Mr. Belmont

A. Rosen

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R - CUBA

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

10-5-64

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
1 - W. C. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - I. W. Conrad (J. M. English)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

My memorandum of 9-11-64, advised a request had been received from the President's Commission to conduct interviews of Commission members and staff concerning the leaks to news media. Interviews were conducted with Commission members and staff, and former Ruby attorneys and interview with Chief Justice Warren was held in abeyance pending the receipt of results from these individuals.

INFORMATION DEVELOPED

As a result of our investigation into this matter, and specifically regarding the leak of Ruby's interview with Chief Justice Warren, we have interviewed 80 individuals including Ruby's attorney and former attorneys. By communications dated September 23, September 25, September 29, and October 1, 1964, we furnished the Commission results of these interviews. We have obtained copies of Ruby's testimony from the Commission to attempt to determine by appropriate examination, if the leak occurred within the Commission. We have attempted to obtain copies of this transcript published in the "New York Journal American" under the by-line of Dorothy Kilgallen. However, contact with personnel of the "New York Journal American" and with Dorothy Kilgallen, has established these sources were uncooperative.

All of the individuals interviewed during the course of this investigation have denied leaking material to the news media. However, various comments made by those interviewed are pertinent. Mr. J. Lee Rankin advised all transcripts were originally classified "top secret" and were later changed to "confidential" when the procedure of handling top secret material became too burdensome and unworkable. Mr. John J. McCloy commented: "the Commission did not have complete control over the dissemination of certain transcripts, as he thought it was necessary in certain instances for the Commission to furnish copies to defense counsel and the District Attorney's Office." His comments were related to the

Enclosure

KMR:lan

(11)

CONTINUED - OVER

64 OCT 28 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.

testimony of Ruby before Chief Justice Warren. Mrs. Beverly A. Heckman, Secretary to Mr. Rankin, commented that all testimony and depositions were classified top secret but that the system of document control rapidly broke down and became unworkable. She attempted to execute control over dissemination of documents, but material was continually passing from one to another of personnel working within the Commission and became an impossible task to attempt to keep records on the whereabouts of any specific document. Mrs. Heckman indicated the Commission had two Xerox machines and they were freely used by any staff member to prepare copies of any document. To her knowledge, there was no record maintained of copies of material that were reproduced by Commission personnel. Mr. Norman Redlich when interviewed, advised he has no knowledge of internal control of documents and he knows of no receipt system for documents and explained the attorneys on the Commission had felt free to use copies of testimony in which they were interested. He said he made no effort to become knowledgeable on the administrative details on handling Commission documents. Mrs. Jeanne Hauer, Secretary, President's Commission, advised she has worked in other agencies where strict security of documents was enforced. Her experience indicated this was not the case with the Commission. She said any member of the Commission staff could make Xerox copies of virtually any Commission document at any time with no problem.

Many persons left employment of the Commission and extensive investigation was conducted to locate them. All but one individual has been interviewed and efforts are being made to locate this person.

The Laboratory has five copies of the Ruby transcript obtained from the Commission which were prepared for the Commission by Ward and Paul, the Commercial Reporting Agency. These copies bear confidential stamps and efforts are being made to obtain the confidential stamps from Ward and Paul and from the Commission to make examinations with the transcripts and Page 103, which appeared in the "New York Journal American." On June 23, 1964, Joe H. Tonahill, Attorney for Ruby, requested a copy of Ruby's transcript which was furnished to him by letter June 27, 1964, over the signature of Mr. Rankin. We have obtained this copy and appropriate examinations are being made of this copy in our Laboratory.

ACTION

Inasmuch as we have interviewed all other members of the Commission, we could complete the record by interviewing Chief Justice Warren. However, it is recommended we not do so.

WFO is being instructed to conduct additional investigation to assist and facilitate further Laboratory examinations and to have one remaining individual located, a former stenographer, for interview.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson ☒
Belmont ☒
Mohr ☒
DeLoach ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Evans ☒
Malone ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : MR. TROTTER

DATE: 10-12-64

FROM : A. K. Bowles

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.
IS - R, CUBA

Domestic Intelligence Division has advised of a request received from President's Commission for authorization to declassify a number of documents in order that it can publish such documents at an early date. One of the documents was identified as "FBI Identification Record dated 6-4-64, Number 261 801 A - OFFICIAL USE ONLY."

Attached is a copy of the identification record in question. It is noted Isadore Miller was arrested by Dallas Police Department in 1938 for "betting on horse racing (bookmaking)" -- released to appear before Grand Jury, and again by same police department in 1949 for "city vagrant (bookie)" -- fined \$200. Apparently Miller was an associate of Jack Ruby. Copy of Miller's identification record was furnished with other material to President's Commission by letter dated June 15, 1964, pursuant to request from the Commission.

Miller's identification record contains the Director's printed signature as do all copies of FBI identification records we disseminate. If Miller would later challenge public disclosure of his arrest record to detriment of his personal reputation, the FBI and not the Commission would be held accountable. Therefore, it is felt we should refer the Commission to the original arresting agency (Dallas Police Department) if it desires to publish arrest data concerning Miller.

RECOMMENDATION:

ENCLOSURE That FBI advise President's Commission authority to declassify identification record of Isadore Miller, FBI #261 801 A, is not granted, but suggest the Commission may wish to obtain arrest data concerning Miller from original arresting agency (Dallas Police Department) if publication of Miller's arrest data is desired.

105-82555
EPC.

- 1 - 62-109060 (Assassination)
- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

AKB:hs (7)

62-109060
62-109090

NOTE Miller

44-24016-1201
REC-19
OCT 23 1964
5/1/64

10-7-84
427 DB

427 DE

Director

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

44-24816-2081

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investi-

Notations indicated by * are NOT based on fingerprints in FBI files but are listed only as investigative leads as being possibly identical with subject of this record.

10-7-80
#27-DB-2

427-2082

Director

J. Edgar Hoover
Director

C

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1969

Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Trotter
1 - Mr. Branigan 1-Mr. Malle
1 - Lenihan

October 16, 1964.

BY COURIER SERVICE

FILE

REC-154-7401-2081

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated September 1964, wherein you requested our authorization to declassify a number of FBI documents which were furnished to the Commission during the course of our investigation of Lee Harvey Oswald and related inquiries. Your specific attention is directed to the item you identified as: "FBI - Identification Record dated 6-4-64, Number 261 801 A - OFFICIAL USE ONLY."

Please be advised that this Bureau does not desire FBI Identification Record Number 261 801 A regarding Isadore Miller be published by the Commission and thus be available to the general public. It is suggested that if you deem it necessary to publish the arrest data regarding Isadore Miller in connection with your summary report, you contact the Dallas Police Department, which was the original arresting agency in this matter, and request such agency to furnish you with the desired data.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.

43 OCT 19

COMM-FBI

REL:mec

(9)

NOTE:

This letter prepared in accordance with the approved recommendation which was set out in memorandum Boyles to Trotter dated 10/12/64 which is attached to this yellow copy.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

OCT 26 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D 10/21/64

OCT 16 4 32 PM '64
FBI
REC'D-READING ROOM

-880601-29

Rel

DO-4
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

October 19, 1964

The attached clipping was sent to
the Director anonymously from
Shreveport, Louisiana.

MR. TOLSON _____
MR. BELMONT _____
MR. MOHR _____
MR. DELOACH _____
MR. CASPER _____
MR. CALLAHAN _____
MR. CONRAD _____
MR. EVANS _____
MR. GALE _____
MR. ROSEN _____
MR. SULLIVAN _____
MR. TAVEL _____
MR. TROTTER _____
MR. JONES _____
TELE. ROOM _____
MISS HOLMES _____
MRS. METCALF _____
MISS GANDY _____

crt

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-18-83 BY 6032

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED

18 OCT 23 1964

44-24016-

RECORDED
19 OCT 23 1964

58 OCT 27 1964

105-82555-5161

92
 P.3.1.: Gentlmen: I am one of those who believe there was a conspiracy in the assassination of J.F. Kennedy and that Ruby was afraid of a leak by Oswald, involving himself. From the look on Pres. Johnson's face when the report was given to him by Warren, it appears there was some interchange of question and answer, and that something unrevealed in the report was known or suspected by at least LBJ. This is "intuition." I hope they will not execute Ruby until the real facts are revealed. This paper was found in the Warren Commission building.

NATIONAL ★ ★ ★ STAR ★ ★ ★ CLEGG

Vol. 2-N

This publication probably went to be removed from newsstands. It may have been purchased somewhere in Shreveport possibly at the news stand on 527 Louisiana Ave. between the post office and the city hall.

Jack Ruby And Lee Oswald — Two Men: One Face —

Does there come a moment in the life of every murderer when his deeds are reflected in his face?

It may seem unlikely... But how else can you account for the remarkable resemblance between the faces of Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby?

THESE EXTRAORDINARY PHOTOS HAVE NEVER BEEN PUBLISHED TOGETHER BEFORE.

They were spotted by an alert STAR CHRONICLE reporter.

Ruby and Oswald were not related.

But they were blood



THE FACE OF MURDER

brothers in the crime of murder. And maybe THAT shameful brotherhood accounts for the astonishing look-alike profiles.

FBI

Date: 10/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel dated 10/15/64, concerning Miss SUE BROWN, Dallas, Texas.

On October 21, 1964, Miss SUE BROWN, also known as Miss MARY SUE BROWN, 10221 Galway Drive, Dallas, Texas, who is employed in the gift wrap department of the H. L. Green Department Store, Main and Ervay Streets, Dallas, Texas, was contacted by SA RICHARD J. BURNETT pursuant to Bureau instructions in referenced Bureau airtel.

Miss BROWN was advised that the Bureau's investigation in this matter was conducted at the request of the Attorney General and the President of the United States and at the direction of the President, the results of the FBI investigation were furnished to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY.

Miss BROWN stated that she had never for a moment thought that EVA GRANT, sister of JACK L. RUBY, had obtained the details of her sister's interview from the FBI. She stated that she has "calmed down" regarding this matter and doubts that she will press the matter further; that is, write the Commission directly.

No further action being taken this matter by the Dallas Office,

③ - Bureau (AMSD)
3 - Dallas (2 - 44-1639) (1 - 62-3588)

RJB/jtr
(6)

REC 14 44-1639-215
14 OCT 23 1964

Approved: C. Wick Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

79 OCT 28 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Griffith
1 - Mr. Stokes, 1 645 RB
1 - Mr. Raupach, Rm. 5730
1 - Mr. English

October 22, 1964

airtel

To: SAC, Washington Field Office (44-520) (105-37111)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

ReWFOairtels of 9/17/64, 9/21/64 and 10/6/64;
Houston airtel 9/25/64 and Director's letter dated 10/16/64,
addressed to the President's Commission.

Items of evidence submitted by the Washington Field
and Houston Offices with above airtels are attached to copies
of this airtel addressed to the respective offices for return
to the appropriate contributors.

The Washington Field and Houston Offices are instructed
to obtain a signed receipt in each instance and to advise the
Bureau when this has been done.

Not any of this evidence has been photographed.
If further examination of any part of this material is requested,
it will be necessary to resubmit the items involved.

144-24016 -
NOT RECORDED
199 OCT 23 1964
FBI - NEW YORK

Enclosures (12)

2 - Houston (44-939) Enclosure

2 - Dallas (100-10461)
① - Bufile (44-24016)

JME:kw (16)

NOTE: Submitted evidence consists
of the following:

Copies 1 through 5 of Ward and Paul
copies of Ruby's testimony

Original transcript of Ruby's
testimony

Copy of August 18, 1964, issue of
the New York Journal American

Three Xerox copies of Ruby's
testimony obtained from
Senator Russell, Mr. Redlich and
Mr. Willens

(See note page 2)

Two "Confidential" Rubber
Stamps

Six sheets of paper bearing
word "Confidential" in red
obtained from Ward and Paul

Xerox copy of Ruby's testimony
obtained from Mr. Tonahill

105-82555-5147

NOTE: These items were submitted in connection with efforts to determine the source of the leak to Dorothy Kilgallen. Laboratory examination has been completed and a letter has been sent to the President's Commission. Contributors have requested return of these items and the General Investigative Division so recommends.

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Branigan

October 23, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - Mr. Malley
1 - R.E. Lenihan

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated September 30, 1964, requesting our authorization to declassify a number of documents which were furnished to the Commission by this Bureau during the course of our investigation regarding the assassination of the late President John F. Kennedy.

In accordance with your request, we have reviewed the documents in question and have declassified a number of those documents where their continuance in a classified status is not required by the interests of the national defense. In addition, we have revised certain pages in a number of these documents in order to place them in an unclassified status and at the same time meet the requirements of the Commission.

However, I again wish to call your attention to the fact that many of our reports in the ~~WATKINS~~ ~~RECORD~~ case, the Leo Harvey Oswald case, and related ~~cases~~ contain considerable information of a highly personal nature which was furnished to our Agents during the ~~investigation~~ of these cases. I particularly desire to point out those reports and memoranda dealing with Michael and Ruth Paine and George and Joanne de Mohrenschildt and the personal lives of these people. Making the contents of such documents available to the public could cause serious repercussions to the Commission.

You will recall that I previously expressed my concern regarding this matter in my letter to you dated January 13, 1964. Such letter dealt with our reports concerning Jack Ruby which contain information which may be

REL:mec

(10)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

09/5-55928-501

Handwritten signature/initials

Red

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

in the nature of gossip and rumor and which has not been substantiated. Such information did represent the views of the persons interviewed and was reported as it was received by us. I brought such matter to your attention in view of the fact that if this type of information should be misused or become a matter of public knowledge, it would reflect most unfavorably upon the Department of Justice and the President's Commission. I also informed you that I was alerting Assistant Attorney General Herbert J. Miller, Jr., of the Department of Justice regarding these observations.

I also want to point out that on May 4, 1964, Mr. A. H. Belmont of this Bureau discussed the matter of making public our investigative reports with Mr. Howard Willens and Mr. Samuel Stern of your staff. Mr. Belmont pointed out to Mr. Stern at that time that at a previous meeting Mr. Stern had raised questions on certain items in our reports which might reflect on innocent persons if the reports are made public in their entirety. Both Mr. Stern and Mr. Willens at that time concluded that if the Commission publicized such reports in their entirety, the Commission will be criticized for making public information concerning innocent persons.

In view of the great number of documents which the Commission has requested authority to declassify at this time, I again want to specifically call this matter to your attention and point out the responsibility which must be assumed by the Commission in the event these documents are made available to the public.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE:

See cover memorandum W. A. Branigan to W. C. Sullivan dated October 22, 1964, regarding "Lee Harvey Oswald, IS - R - CUBA," prepared by REL:hrt...

10/27/64

1 - Mr. Hines

gjt
Airtel

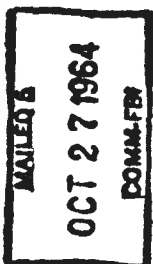
To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)
From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

The David McKay Company, Inc., New York, has recently published a book entitled "DALLAS JUSTICE, The Real Story of Jack Ruby and His Trial." The book was written by Melvin M. Belli, Ruby's former defense attorney, and coauthored by Maurice C. Carroll, a reporter for the "New York Herald Tribune."

A review of the book reflects that on page 48 it is stated that subsequent to Ruby's arrest for the shooting of Oswald the FBI made certain that he had access to a pay telephone and they gave him a great sack of nickels and dimes. Ruby started to telephone everyone he could think of and before the bell hardly stopped tinkling on the other end the law men (FBI) arrived demanding to know what the party knew about Jack Ruby. It was stated that Ruby went through thousands of dollars of Federal money and touched off hours of weary investigation before the FBI finally gave the operation up as a bad job.

The Bureau has no information concerning having furnished Ruby with any money subsequent to his arrest to make phone calls as above indicated. Upon receipt determine from Agents who were in contact with Ruby subsequent to his arrest whether or not any money was furnished to Ruby for any reason and, if so, submit full details concerning the matter with respect to the allegation as appears in the book.



Tolson _____ JWH/ras
Belmont _____ (4)
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Cooper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Malone _____
Gandy _____

OCT 30 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

clm/jk
EX-102

REC-44-24016-208
OCT 28 1964

Airtel to Dallas
RE: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;

On page 102 of "DALLAS JUSTICE" it is stated by Belli that Agents contacted him in a hotel room to advise him specifically that Jack Ruby was not and had never been an employee of the FBI, the CIA or any other Federal agency. It is recalled that in February, 1964, Belli made an allegation to an unidentified Hearst reporter that Ruby had been an informant of the FBI. Dallas was thereupon instructed to contact Belli and advise him that Ruby had never at any time been an informant of the FBI. Promptly advise full details regarding the subsequent contact with Belli and specifically whether or not the assurance made to Belli extended beyond Ruby's connection with the FBI to the CIA and other government agencies as reported in Belli's book. Reply by return airtel.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Rosen *lin*

FROM : J. R. Malley *lin*

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

DATE: October 30, 1964

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

Mr. Alfred Goldberg of the President's Commission called concerning one Joe Bonds, Texas Department of Corrections No. 151515, stating that the Commission was desirous of setting forth information concerning an arrest for sodomy of Bonds in Dallas, Texas. He advised the Bureau had previously objected to the Commission's utilizing the information set forth in the Identification record and requested to be advised whether a statement appearing in the report of SA Manuel Clements, Dallas, Texas, dated 11-30-63, on page 486, might be used as a source for such a statement. The page in question shows that Joe Bonds, Texas Department of Corrections No. 151515, upon interview at Wynne Prison Farm, advised as follows: Bonds is serving a sentence on a sodomy charge out of Dallas, Texas.

Before advising Mr. Goldberg that this statement could be used by the Commission, a check was made with the Houston Office and SAC Rightmyer advised that the statement as appearing in the report is correct and that Bonds did volunteer to the interviewing Agent that he was serving a sentence on sodomy charge out of Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Goldberg was advised that the statement appearing in the aforementioned report could be used by the Commission as a basis for making the statement that Bonds was serving a prison term on sodomy charge mentioned.

Submitted for information REC 20

JRM:hw
(5)

EX-103

NOV 2 1964

NOV 5 - 1964

62-109090

RECORDED COPY FILED

FBI

Date: 10/29/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, BIRMINGHAM (44-1110)(RUC)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Houston airtel to the Bureau, 9/24/64.

Transmitted to the Bureau is one copy of the results of interview with HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN at Birmingham, as requested in re airtel. 25 copies are being furnished the Dallas Office and one copy to the Houston Office for its information.

Several attempts had previously been made to locate CRAVEN and it had been determined that his family had moved from their previous residence at 121 61st Street, North, Woodlawn, Birmingham. It was also learned CRAVEN uses the name WAYNE CRAVEN. The family was located at 4028 39th Court, North, Inglenook, Birmingham, Alabama, where WAYNE CRAVEN resides with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. ROY H. CRAVEN, and sister, BETTY CRAVEN, an employee of the Southern Bell Telephone Company at Birmingham.

Arrangements were effected for CRAVEN's interview at the Birmingham Office on the occasion of his first off day from his employment as a hairdresser in a local beauty shop.

③ - Bureau (Enc. 1)
2 - Dallas (44-1639)(Enc. 25)
2 - Houston (44-939)(Enc. 1)
1 - Birmingham
HAS:esw
(8)

REC 20 4/1 2 10/6

2085

EX-103

NOV 2 1964

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge
79 NOV 5 1964

Sent _____ M [Signature]

BH 44-1110

[REDACTED]

It is noted that CRAVEN had no knowledge of JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD as alleged by JAMES J. KNEIDING, inmate, Jackson, Michigan.

Date October 29, 1964

HARRY WAYNE CRAVEN, who stated that he is also known as Wayne Craven, was interviewed at the Birmingham Office of the FBI, according to previous arrangements.

He advised that he resides with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. ROY H. CRAVEN at 4028 39th Court, North, Inglenook, Birmingham, Alabama, and his employment as a hairdresser at Shaw's Hair Fashions, Clark Building, 1926 4th Avenue North, Birmingham.

He advised that during 1959 and until mid-1960 he had resided at Houston, Texas, and first had been employed as a delivery boy for the Home Title Company of Houston and later was employed from February to July as an office boy by the Houston Chronicle Newspaper. He stated that while in Houston, he was only twenty years of age and therefore was not allowed admittance to such clubs as the Desert Room, the Encore Club, the Whiffenpoof, or the Surf Club since he had not then reached his majority. He related that he for awhile resided at the South Main Hotel, on South Main Street in Houston, and his room was the first one at the top of the stairs on the second floor. He stated that he does not know any person by the name JAMES J. KNEIDING, but presumes that individual is identical with a "JIM", who also resided at that hotel for awhile and whose room was about two doors down the hall from his room. He stated that he occasionally associated with "JIM" and that he also during that period had occasionally associated with one "MARTY", whose last name he does not recall, but could possibly have been RIZO. He stated that the only individual by the name PAUL he can recall was a PAUL, last name unknown, who took his job as delivery boy for the Home Title Company at Houston when he had been promoted to a filing clerk.

CRAVEN stated that he was very well known around the Alley Theatre in Houston and had attended one or two classes offered there for prospective actors. He stated definitely that during his entire residence in Houston and associations with the above-named individuals, he

On 10/27/64 at Birmingham, Alabama File # BH 44-1110

by SA HENRY A. SNOW:esw Date dictated 10/28/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

BH 44-1110

had never heard any conversation regarding JACK RUBY or LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated positively that he had never seen anyone resembling the photograph of RUBY while he was in Houston. He stated that he had never heard any mention made of the possibility that JACK RUBY and/or LEE HARVEY OSWALD had homosexual inclinations. He stated that the only information he has ever had concerning either of these two individuals was gained from television and news media after the assassination of President KENNEDY.

FBI

Date: 10/30/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-32655)
FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;--
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

RE: Bureau airtel to WFO, 10/22/64.

On 10/30/64, the copy of the transcript of the interview of JACK L. RUBY which had been obtained from Attorney JOE H. TONAHILL, Jasper, Texas, was personally returned to Mr. TONAHILL at Jasper, Texas. A signed receipt for this transcript was executed by Mr. TONAHILL, which will be retained in the Houston file of this case.

③ Bureau (AM)
2 - Houston

DWF:yk
(5)

CC CRTS
i.e. link

REC 20
EX-106
R. H. [signature]

44-24016-12086

NOV 2 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

79 NOV 5-1964
Special Agent in Charge

FBI

Date: 10/28/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. Belmont _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. DeLoach _____
 Mr. Casper _____
 Mr. Callahan _____
 Mr. Conrad _____
 Mr. Felt _____
 Mr. Gale _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Sullivan _____
 Mr. Tavel _____
 Mr. Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Miss Holmes _____
 Miss Gandy _____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel, 10/27/64 which refers to the recently published book by MELVIN M. BELLI. *Text call*

RUBY was interviewed on 11/24/63 at Dallas City Jail by SA C. RAY HALL. He neither made nor received any telephone calls during the time SA HALL was with him. SA HALL gave RUBY no money whatsoever for telephone calls or for any other reason.

RUBY was interviewed by SA HALL and SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS at Dallas County Jail on 12/21/63 in the presence of BELLI and other defense attorneys. RUBY neither made nor received any telephone calls, nor was any money given to him for any purpose, a fact which is of course well known to BELLI, who was present.

With respect to the statement by BELLI that Agents contacted him in the hotel room to advise him specifically that JACK RUBY was not and had never been an employee of the FBI, CIA or any other Federal agency, the following facts are set out. On 2/28/64, by telephone call from the Bureau, I was furnished information that representatives of the Hearst News Publications had advised that an unnamed reporter had been told by MELVIN BELLI that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was an FBI informant. BELLI is also supposed to have told this reporter that although he would not care to comment so much regarding RUBY's connection with the FBI, he knew from reliable sources that RUBY had been an informant for eight weeks and OSWALD an informant for thirteen weeks. Based upon this information, I was instructed to contact BELLI and straighten him out in this regard.

3 - Bureau
 1 - Dallas
 JGS:mfr

ST-109

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

On the night of 2/28/64 MELVIN BELLI was interviewed by me and SA VINCENT E. DRAIN in a hotel room in the Statler-Hilton Hotel secured strictly for that purpose. BELLI insisted upon his fellow counsel JOE TONAHILL being present. BELLI was advised that we had received information from a reliable source that he had stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a security informant of the FBI for a period of thirteen weeks. He was informed that there was absolutely no truth in this and that I desired to secure from him any and all information which he had in this regard.

BELLI stated that sometime around the first of the year 1964, he had seen an article in the "Houston Post" by LONNIE HUDKINS, which article was a rumor to the effect that OSWALD might have been an informant of the FBI or CIA, and subsequent to that article, BELLI did subpoena HUDKINS to appear as a witness in a change of venue hearing before Judge JOE B. BROWN. Sometime during that same period, he heard another rumor around the court house to the effect that OSWALD might have been an informant of the FBI. BELLI blamed these rumors on Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM ALEXANDER and he stated he placed no credence whatsoever on the rumors that OSWALD was an informant of the FBI.

BELLI also stated that he had talked to numerous reporters during the weeks preceding the interview and could not recall to whom he had talked, but he did recall to the best of his memory that approximately some three weeks prior to this interview, someone had asked him if he had heard the rumor that OSWALD had been an informant of the FBI. He believed this person was a reporter, and to the best of his memory, he told this person that he had heard the rumor around the court house. He stated he did not recall exactly what he had said, but was certain that he had never said anything to the effect that OSWALD had been an informant for thirteen weeks or that OSWALD had been a security informant. BELLI was at this time again emphatically told that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had never been an informant of the FBI. There was no mention made of CIA or any other Federal agency.

At this time BELLI was also advised that we had received information that he had allegedly stated that JACK LEON RUBY had been an informant of the FBI for a period of eight weeks. Both he and TONAHILL stated that they had at no time ever heard anyone state that RUBY was an informant or infer that he was an informant. BELLI then insisted upon calling his Other co-counsel, PHILLIP BURLESON, and asked him

DL #44-1639

in my presence if he had ever heard this rumor. BURLESON advised that he had never heard any rumor from anyone to the effect that RUBY was an informant of the FBI. All three insisted that they had never told anyone or inferred to anyone that RUBY was an informant of the FBI. They pointed out that they had interviewed RUBY extensively concerning his entire life and they were certain that if RUBY had been an informant, he would have told them. They stated that RUBY had never mentioned in any manner whatsoever cooperating with the FBI. BELLI again reiterated that he felt that Assistant District Attorney WILLIAM ALEXANDER was planting these rumors. He then specifically asked me if RUBY had ever been an informant of the FBI as this was the first he had ever heard of it, and I specifically advised BELLI that RUBY had never been an informant of the FBI. I again made no statement whatsoever regarding CIA or any other Government agency. My complete interview with BELLI was furnished the Bureau by teletype, 2/28/64.

November 2, 1964
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

The David McKay Company, New York, recently published a book entitled "DALLAS JUSTICE, The Real Story of Jack Ruby and His Trial," written by Mel Belli and coauthored by Maurice J. reporter, New York Herald Tribune. This book sets forth the statement that FBI Agents furnished Ruby a great sack of nickels and dimes to make telephone calls and thereafter interviewed persons called and also that Agents contacted Belli in a hotel room and advised him that Ruby had never been an employee of FBI, CIA or other Government agency. Attached airtel sets forth true facts re these two inaccurate allegations. It would be pointless at this time to contact Belli to straighten him out on true facts, however, should any person make inquiry re these inaccuracies, they will be promptly straightened out. Inquiries have been received to date.

JWH/ras

10/21/64

10/21/64

FBI

Date: 11/3/64

Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, WFO (RUC)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION
(Bufile 105-82555)
(WFOfile 105-37111)

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(Bufile 44-24016)
(WFOfile 44-520)

ReBuairtel 10/22/64, with twelve enclosures consisting of items of evidence submitted by WFO in connection with WFO investigation with regard to the leak of information relating to the RUBY testimony which appeared in DOROTHY KILGALLEN's columns.

On 10/23/64, SA CARL E. GRAHAM returned to the President's Commission all nine (9) items which had been obtained from the Commission. Receipt was obtained from the Commission for:

(1 - 4) Copies 1 thru 4 of Testimony of JACK RUBY prepared by Ward and Paul and classified "Confidential."

6 - Bureau
2 - WFO

CEG:jas
(8)

AIRTEL

Approved: Thomas J. Bureau Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge
79 NOV 12 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-82555

44-24016-2088

REC-19

NOV 3 1964

6 - [initials]
7 - [initials]
1 - [initials]
[initials]
[initials]
[initials]

(5). Original Stenographic typed transcript of testimony of JACK RUBY.

(6). Xerox copy (not classified) of RUBY testimony obtained from office of Mr. WILLENS, Staff member.

(7). Xerox copy (not classified) of RUBY testimony obtained from office of Mr. REDLICH, Staff member.

(8). Xerox copy used by Printer (not classified).

(9). Copy of "New York Journal American" newspaper of Tuesday, 8/18/64.

On 10/23/64, SA GEORGE J. LEX, Jr., returned to the office of Congressman GERALD R. FORD Copy number 5 (Ward and Paul reproduction) of the testimony of JACK RUBY (classified "Confidential"). SA LEX obtained a receipt for the return of this document.

It will be noted that one of the items returned to WFO from the FBI Laboratory was a sample of blank paper, pre-stamped "Confidential," which had been obtained from Ward and Paul. This blank paper was not returned but was destroyed by WFO.

On 11/2/64, SA ALBERT H. SOLOMON, Jr., returned a xerox copy of the RUBY testimony which had been obtained from the office of Senator RICHARD RUSSELL. Receipt was obtained.

WFO is retaining receipts obtained for the return of this material to the Commission, to Congressman FORD and to Senator RUSSELL.

Mr. Belmont

November 3, 1964

A. Rosen

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Sullivan
(R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Hines
1 - Mr. Rogge

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

PURPOSE:

To recommend the attached letter be sent to Assistant Attorney General Miller advising the data concerning the assassination and the Lee Harvey Oswald investigation developed subsequent to the termination of the President's Commission will be disseminated to the Department.

DETAILS:

By letter 9/23/64 we asked the Commission to whom we should send our investigative results in connection with the above matters.

By letter 10/15/64 J. Lee Rankin advised in part "I have been instructed to advise you that these matters should be handled, insofar as the Commission is concerned, the same as any other investigation involving law enforcement." Rankin's letter continued the Commission's responsibilities, "except as to closing out its operations and the publication of its hearings and exhibits, were terminated" on 9/24/64 when its report was delivered to the President.

In connection with the Lee Harvey Oswald investigation, the approved memorandum Branigan to Sullivan dated 12/19/63 captioned "Lee Harvey Oswald, Internal Security - Russia" recommended that since we furnished the Department the summary which was sent to the Commission and since investigative reports are being furnished to the Commission, we would not send these reports to the Department or any other agency. Inasmuch as our reports on Oswald have been furnished to the Commission for its evaluation and use in the preparation of its report on the assassination, it is not deemed necessary to furnish these hundreds of reports to the Department.

RDR:REL:rab
(15)

CONTINUED - OVER

1 - 62-109090 (Assassination of President Kennedy)
1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 44-24016 Jack

RECORDED
15 NOV 5 1964

225
68 NOV 6 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: THE PRESIDENT' COMMISSION

With reference to the investigation captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning," we received numerous complaints, remarks and threats made by individuals which included their feelings concerning President Kennedy, the former Attorney General, other officials and the policy of the administration. Included were allegations that persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald were involved in the assassination. Therefore, these miscellaneous type reports were furnished to the Department. The Jack L. Ruby investigation was conducted at the request of the President's Commission and the Department based on a possible violation of Oswald's civil rights. Reports have been disseminated to the Department as done in all civil rights cases.

In view of Rankin's letter it appears desirable that reports containing miscellaneous type information relating to our continuing investigation of the assassination as well as the results of our continuing investigation of Oswald be furnished to the Department.

It is proposed that in the future when miscellaneous type reports and reports entitled "Lee Harvey Oswald" are received they will be furnished to the Department following review. If deemed necessary, they will also be furnished to other appropriate agencies of the Government, such as Secret Service, Central Intelligence Agency, etc. where such agencies might have an interest in the data reported. Since the Commission did not designate any authority to whom our reports should be disseminated the following is recommended:

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. The attached letter be furnished to Assistant Attorney General Miller advising we will disseminate reports to the Department.
2. Pertinent reports will be disseminated to other appropriate agencies of the Government where such agencies might have an interest in the data reported.
3. You will be kept fully advised of any pertinent developments in these investigations.

Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.
Assistant Attorney General

Director, FBI

November 4, 1964

1 - Mr. Mohr	1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. DeLoach	1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Callahan	1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Sullivan	1 - Mr. Shroder
(R.E. Lenihan)	1 - Mr. Hines
	1 - Mr. Rogge

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

On September 23, 1964, we directed a letter to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy requesting information as to who the appropriate authority would be to receive results of our investigations conducted in connection with the assassination subsequent to the termination of the President's Commission.

Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel of the President's Commission answered this by letter dated October 15, 1964, a copy of which is enclosed herewith.

Reports containing miscellaneous allegations and information relating to the assassination and reports concerning the killing of Lee Harvey Oswald by Jack L. Ruby have been and will continue to be furnished to the Department. In addition, reports containing results of our continuing investigation of Lee Harvey Oswald will also be furnished in view of the importance of this case. Where relevant, dissemination of these reports will also be made to other Governmental agencies having an interest in the data reported.

Enclosure

RDR:REL:jgs
(15)

NOT RECORDED
199 NOV 4 1964

- 1 - 62-109090 (Assassination of President Kennedy)
- 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
- ① - 44-24016

NOTE:

See Rosen to Belmont memo dated 11/3/64, RDR:REL:rab.

EX-117 YELLOW

53 NOV 9 1964

62-109090-351

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont *MB*

FROM : A. Rosen *AR*

SUBJECT: DALLAS JUSTICE,
THE REAL STORY OF
JACK RUBY AND HIS TRIAL
BOOK REVIEW

DATE: November 9, 1964

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines
- 1 - Research Sec. (Publications)

Handwritten routing slip:
Folson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Sullivan _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Malone _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

ST

"DALLAS JUSTICE, The Real Story of Jack Ruby and His Trial," was written by Melvin M. Belli, Ruby's defense attorney who was fired by Ruby's family after Ruby's trial in March, 1964, and coauthored by Maurice C. Carroll, a reporter for "The New York Herald Tribune" who was in the Dallas basement when Ruby shot Oswald and who covered the Ruby trial for his newspaper. It was recently published by the David McKay Company, Incorporated, New York. The book is primarily a self-serving pat on the back to Melvin Belli from his greatest admirer Melvin Belli. He attempts in the book to justify and back up his publicly stated belief that Ruby did not receive a fair trial in Dallas but was railroaded by a court and jury controlled by the Dallas oligarchy or "establishment." He ridicules Dallas justice as such and belittles Judge Joe B. Brown who tried the Ruby case, District Attorney Henry Wade and his staff who prosecuted the case, and the jury who convicted Ruby and almost all other persons mentioned in the book with the exception of Belli.

Basically the book relates: (1) Belli's story of the conditions in Dallas existing at the time of the assassination and shooting of Oswald by Ruby with emphasis on his belief that the city was controlled by the Dallas Citizens Council, a group interested only in the protection of the Dallas image, (2) the factual incidents that occurred during the assassination and shooting of Oswald by Ruby, (3) the preparation of Ruby's defense with emphasis on medical examinations of Ruby, (4) the trial itself and the presentation of the evidence, and (5) the conviction and his subsequent outburst against the city of Dallas which he attempts to justify.

He reports the facts of the assassination of the President and subsequent shooting of Oswald by Ruby with a reasonable degree of accuracy as established by our investigation and contained in the Warren Commission Report. He agrees with the conclusions of the Warren Commission that Oswald and Ruby

1 - 62-46855
1 - 44-24016

66 NOV 10 1964
(12)

CONTINUED - OVER

Memorandum to Belmont
RE: DALLAD JUSTICE,

both acted alone and that there was no conspiracy on the part of either or between the two. He attributes the conviction of Ruby primarily to the preconcluded determination of the court and jury, the failure of the jury to open-mindedly consider and comprehend the medical testimony which he presented to show that Ruby was in a psychotic state and not responsible for his actions when he shot Oswald, and the testimony of Dallas Police officers which established premeditation on Ruby's part.

Belli makes reference to the FBI on six occasions in the book. On page 26 in discussing the President's visit to Dallas, it was stated that the FBI and Secret Service had apparently seen no need to keep an eye on Oswald although the Government had lengthy files on him. He does not comment further or enlarge upon this statement and apparently refers to the fact that the FBI had some information regarding Oswald prior to the assassination.

On page 48 in discussing Ruby's personality, he says that Ruby was a compulsive communicator and that the FBI had assessed his personality pretty well in that they gave him a great sack of nickels and dimes to make telephone calls and thereafter interviewed persons called by him. This statement is completely false and inaccurate. Ruby was interviewed by the FBI on 11/24/63 and again on 12/21/63 and at no time was he ever furnished any money for telephone calls of any other purpose. Belli should be well aware of this as he was present at the second interview.

On page 98 he refers to the fact that an FBI Agent had testified at Ruby's bond hearing in January, 1964. SA C. Ray Hall did testify at this hearing concerning his interviews of Ruby on 11/24/63 and 12/21/63. On page 182 Belli states that FBI Agents contacted him in a hotel room to advise him that Ruby had never been an employee of the FBI, CIA or any other Government agency. Belli was contacted in a hotel room by SAC Shanklin and SA Vincent Drain on 2/28/64 at the instructions of the Bureau for the specific purpose of advising him that neither Oswald or Ruby had ever been informants of the FBI. No mention was made to him regarding the CIA or other Government agency. This was done because Belli had publicly made certain statements to the effect that he had heard that Oswald and Ruby were Bureau informants.

On page 162 in recalling the testimony of Dallas Police Officer D. R. Archer, Belli said Archer stated that he had heard Ruby remark after the shooting that he had intended to shoot Oswald three times. Belli points out that Archer had not in his initial statements to his superiors immediately after the shooting recalled Ruby making this statement. He then asked Archer if

Memorandum to Belmont
RE: DALLAS JUSTICE,

he had told the FBI when interviewed that he had overheard Ruby make this statement and Archer replied, "No." We did interview Archer within a few days subsequent to the shooting of Oswald and Archer did not at that time state that he overheard Ruby make the statement that he intended to shoot Oswald three times.

With regard to the above two inaccurate statements concerning the furnishing of money to Ruby for telephone calls and advising Belli that Ruby had not been an informant of the CIA or other Government agency, it was recommended and approved that it would be pointless at this time to contact Belli to straighten him out on the true facts; however, should any other person make inquiry regarding these inaccuracies they will be promptly straightened out. No inquiries have been received to date.

ACTION:

For information.

[Handwritten signatures and initials: "Hick", "J. Lee", "r-1", and a large "Q"]

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 11/10/64

FROM : SAC, SAVANNAH (44-1200)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM (DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: Dallas

Enclosed herewith is an illegible letter which was mailed to U. S. Post Office, U. S. Marshal, Room 331, Savannah, Ga., on 11/6/64. The letter does not appear to make sense, but since it mentions the name "JACK RUDY", it is being forwarded to the Bureau for information and whatever action deemed necessary.

One copy of this letter is being forwarded to Dallas as office of origin, and one copy to Knoxville inasmuch as the envelope contains a Knoxville, Tenn. return address. One copy is being retained in Savannah files.

The name, H. SMITH, 515 Bruce Allice, Knoxville, Tenn., has been searched through the Savannah Field Division's files with negative results. No further action is being taken by this division.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 1)
1 - Knoxville (Enc. 1)
1 - Savannah
EHG:hsc
(5)

REC-66

NOV 12 1964

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

76 NOV 19 1964

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

COPIES
2070

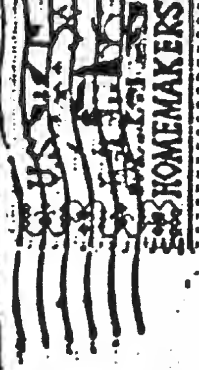
Wander
Hotel

211 AND CONGRESS STREETS - SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

71-2 Mi Th.

515. BRUCE. ALICE

ROXVILLE TENN



UZ-POSTOFFICE
UZ-MAZHARA
ROOM 403. SI
SAVANNAH. GA.

Memorandum

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 DeLoach _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 1-6-65

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka;
 (DECEASED) - VICTIM:
 CIVIL RIGHTS
 (44-24016)

Congressman Gerald R. Ford, Jr., (R-Mich.), a member of the Warren Commission, contacted your office on 1-6-65 concerning the matter regarding an allegation that the results of the interview conducted in captioned matter with one Frank A. Capell had been "doctored." Congressman Ford was shown a copy of the interview form FD-302 on 12-18-64 and was satisfied that no changes had taken place between this and the reproduction of it in Volume XXVI of the Warren Commission's Report. He explained, however, that John H. Ray, a New York attorney who formerly was Congressman from the 16th Congressional District in Staten Island, New York, was now in his office and was still concerned about this matter. He asked that someone come to his office and explain the situation to Mr. Ray.

SA David W. Bowers of this Section went to Congressman Ford's office and met Mr. Ray. It was determined that his concern with this matter was the fact that background information showing Capell had a prior criminal record had been published in the Warren Commission Report. He stated that this information was also published as though it had been developed by SA Vincent J. Savadel through an interview with Capell and he knew that this was not true (See enclosed Xerox of pages 608 and 609 of Volume XXVI of the Commission's Report which contains pertinent information).

It was pointed out to Mr. Ray that the results of SA Savadel's interview with Capell were recorded on a single page which became page 43 in an FBI report. It was explained to him that pages 40, 41 and 42 in this report set forth the reason for the interview with Capell and pertinent background information about Capell which was obtained from FBI files. This same procedure was followed in the interview of all individuals in the investigation. And it was pointed out to him that we had absolutely no control over what the Commission selected to print or not print in its final report. He stated he fully understood this and was in complete agreement with such procedure.

Enclosures (2) *enc-1-6-65*

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention SA Hines)

DWB:mm
 (7)

FY 1965

JAN 13 1965

REC-10 44-24016-2100

JAN 13 1965

Continued.....

M. A. Jones to DeLoach Memo
Jack L. Ruby, aka;

Mr. Ray expressed concern over the manner in which the data about Capell was reproduced in the Commission Report since it led him to believe that it all had resulted from SA Savadel's interview with Capell. Our procedure of using the interview form, FD-302, as inserts in investigative reports was explained to him and the fact that the form recording the interview with Capell bore the page number 1 in the upper left hand corner was pointed out to him. He then stated that he could now understand the procedure, adding that he felt it was unfortunate that the Commission had published the background data on Capell and particularly in the manner that it was set out. He was most appreciative of our explaining the situation to him and apologized for any inconvenience which his inquiries may have caused.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the enclosed letter be sent to the New York Office regarding this contact with Mr. Ray since he has been in contact with that office regarding this situation.

*R. Sp...
~
Q
GK.
ix
V*

"The Herald of Freedom", published biweekly in Staten Island, New York, in its issue of January 17, 1943, contained the following statements concerning JACK RUBY:

"Jack Leon Rubenstein, alias Jack Ruby, the murderer of Lee M. Oswald, was a notorious character who has been since he several people in Chicago who were murdered and to a big time narcotics distributor. He was involved in many rackets, including strip tease 'joints' and party girls and has had contacts in Havana. Rubenstein visited Havana within the past year in violation of State Department regulations. While there, he visited his friend Frashin who owns and operates a novelty store on the Prado in Havana across the street from the Hotel Sevilla. Frashin is a known long-time Castro collaborator. He is a native Cuban married to an American girl. Frashin is involved in strip tease and party girls as a side line. The above information was received from Havana by one of the best informed men in the United States on Soviet and Castro Intelligence operations."

"The Herald of Freedom" is a four page pamphlet, edited and published by FRANK A. CAPELL in Staten Island, New York. It is published biweekly. CAPELL has described his publication as being "devoted to combating Communism, Socialism, and un-American activities by pointing the whole truth in detail".

"The Staten Island Advance", a Staten Island, New York, daily community newspaper, in its issue of July 13, 1943, carried a front page article entitled "Island Pamphlet Triggers North Carolina Camp Race Riot". According to this article, "reports of integration, nudity, and free love", which were published by FRANK A. CAPELL in "The Herald of Freedom" caused 104 armed Blue Ridge Bible Belt mountaineers to burn Camp Summerland's gymnasium at Roanoke, North Carolina, and also shoot up one of their buses. This article reflected that CAPELL "said last night at his New Jersey home that he had published an account in the July 3 issue and that the Roanoke Chamber of Commerce had ordered additional copies". This article also indicated that "The Herald of Freedom" was widely distributed among rural folk in the mountain area. This article in "The Staten Island Advance" stated that Sheriff G. R. MC CALL of Roanoke told the Associated Press that the mountaineers were incensed because of camp activities published in the pamphlet."

FRANCIS A. CAPELL, Editor of "The Herald of Freedom", was arrested September 21, 1943, at New York, New York, by agents of the FBI on a charge of bribery.

An indictment was filed April 10, 1944, in the Southern District of New York against FRANCIS A. CAPELL, charging him with conspiracy in the acceptance of a \$1,000.00 bribe intended to influence the decision of investigators of the War Production Board on September 21, 1943, in violation of Title 18, Section 207. A second indictment returned on the same date contained two counts

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3055

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3055-Continued

NY 44-970

and charged CAPELL with the solicitation and acceptance of \$1,000.00 bribe and a \$400.00 bribe intended to influence the decision of investigators of the War Production Board in violation of Section 207, Title 18, United States Code.

CAPELL entered a plea of guilty on May 29, 1944, at the United States District Court, Southern District of New York (SDNY), and was sentenced to one year and one day on each count of a three count indictment, sentences to run concurrently. Execution of this sentence was suspended, and he was placed on probation for two years. He was fined \$2,000.00 on count one, and the fine was to be paid within one year. He was discharged from probation by order of the United States District Court, June 24, 1946. At that time his fine had been paid in full.

FRANCIS A. CAPELL in January, 1942, testified before a Subcommittee of the United States Senate Armed Services Committee relative to illegal hiring for work on overseas bases. CAPELL was then manager of Personnel Service Bureau, Incorporated, New York, New York. The Personnel Service Bureau was one of the few agencies in the New York area to hire men for overseas work.

FD-302 (Rev. 1-25-60)

"FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION"

1a

Date 1/24/68

FRANK A. CAPELL, 96 Bay Street, Staten Island, New York, advised that he is the editor of the biweekly publication, "The Herald of Freedom". He stated that this publication is devoted to fighting Communism and its entire contents are written by himself. CAPELL advised that his material is received from confidential sources and also from public source material.

CAPELL advised that with respect to the January 17, 1943, edition of his publication, which contained considerable information of a background nature on JACK RUBY, also known as Jack Rubinstein, the data which concerned RUBY's contacts in Havana, Cuba, was received in confidence from a reliable source in the newspaper industry. He advised that he had written that RUBY had been in Havana in the past year, but that accurately speaking, it should have read, "a few years ago."

CAPELL stated that the information regarding RUBY's contact in Havana with one "FRASHIN", was likewise received from the same source in the newspaper field.

He advised that in order to add further credence to his statements about RUBY in Cuba, he added the comment that the information was received from Havana from one of the best informed men in the United States on Soviet Intelligence. CAPELL stated this individual was the original source of the information regarding RUBY's trip to Havana and contact with "FRASHIN". He advised that this individual had furnished the information to his source in the newspaper field.

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3055-Continued

COMMISSION EXHIBIT No. 3055-Cont

FBI

Date: January 13, 1965

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (44-895)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

CR

OO: Dallas

Reference Dallas airtel to Bureau dated
1/6/65.

Chief W. W. STACEY, Booneville, Mississippi
Police Department, advised on 1/11/65 that THORNTON S.
"Homer" CAINE, whose home is in Booneville, Mississippi,
has not been in the city since before Christmas, 1964.

He said CAINE's mother, Mrs. FELIX (DELLA)
MOORE, no longer maintains a residence in Booneville and he
does not know her whereabouts.

STACEY said CAINE who is a mental case is a
public nuisance but is harmless. He related that CAINE
is possibly in the VA Hospital in Jackson, Mississippi.
He said CAINE has been in and out of VA Hospitals for
many years.

(3) Bureau (44-24016)
2-Dallas (44-1639)
2-Jackson (44-895)
JWA/mrk
(7)

E. C. Wick

EX-100

2101

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

JN 44-895

On 1/13/65 BILL EWING, Registrar VA Hospital, Jackson, Mississippi, advised that their records show that THORNTON CAINE of Booneville, Mississippi was at the VA Hospital in Jackson, Mississippi in 1960, however, his records have since been transferred to the VA Hospital at Biloxi, Mississippi as of 11/6/61. They have no further record of CAINE.

LEADS:

THE JACKSON DIVISION

At Biloxi, Mississippi

1. Contact VA Hospital at Biloxi to determine if CAINE is in the hospital, and if so he should be interviewed in accordance with lead set out in referenced airtel.
2. If CAINE is not at the VA Hospital, attempt to determine from records CAINE's present whereabouts. Also, CAINE may possibly be at the VA Hospital in Gulfport.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 1/14/65

FROM : L. J. Gauthier *LJG*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
BUFILE 62-109060

71T
KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R - CUBA
BUFILE 105-82555

Jack Ruby

As you know the Exhibits Section prepared over 300 exhibits with regard to captioned subject matter for the President's Commission. Considerable background material was used in the preparation of these exhibits which has been gathered together and organized in brown (tie-back) envelopes filed with reference to the assassination site and the Oswald killing. It is felt that this material should be maintained for at least two years, at which time a determination can be made as to the need for its continued availability. This material (IS NOT) marked as evidence. The original exhibits used by the Commission have been identified with Commission Exhibit numbers, which exhibits are maintained in part by the FBI Laboratory. The background material has been organized in envelopes as follows:

A. Assassination site (Texas School Book Depository Bldg., Dealey Plaza and vicinity) Dallas, Texas. (Two envelopes).

1. Field notes for preparing scale model and other visual aids.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Conrad

44-24016-5 UNREC.
NOT RECORDED
193 FEB 12 1965

LJG:ko
(6)

CONTINUED - OVER

79 FEB 15 1965

FEB 12 1965

Three
EXHIBITS SECTION

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum to Mr. Callahan
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS,
TEXAS. BUFILE 62-109060

KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R - CUBA. BUFILE 105-82555

2. Plan drawings.
3. Aerial photos and negatives.
4. Speed Graphic photos and negatives.
5. Dealey Plaza description and history.
6. Photos of completed scale model.
7. Commission exhibits.

B. Lee Harvey Oswald - Prior to Assassination.
(One envelope)

1. Field notes, plan drawings, photos and negatives regarding Randie-Frazier and Michael Paine residences.
2. Street maps and plans of Irving, Texas.
3. Photos and information regarding Oswald (before, during, and after experience in Russia).
4. Documents, writings, etc.
5. Commission exhibits.

C. Lee Harvey Oswald - After Assassination.
(Two envelopes)

1. Dallas Police Department (field notes, plan drawings, photos and negatives of building - photos and negatives of completed scale model).

Memorandum to Mr. Callahan
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS,
TEXAS. BUFILE 62-109030

KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R - CUBA. BUFILE 105-82555

2. Armored truck data.
3. Bus and Taxi data.
4. Oswald movements after Assassination.
5. Tippit killing (field notes, plan drawings, photos and negatives).
6. Oswald photos after arrest.
7. Photos of items of evidence.
8. Information relating to Jack Ruby.
9. Commission Exhibits.
- D. Re-enactment and testimony before Commission.
(One envelope)
- E. Brochures prepared by Exhibits Section.
(Four envelopes)
 1. Investigation of the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy. (Negatives only)
 2. Investigation of the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy - Exhibits, Vol. 1, Vol. 2, Vol. 3. (Copies and negatives)
 3. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy - Texas School Book Depository. (Copy and negatives)
 4. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy - Paine and Randie homes. (Copy and negatives)

Memorandum to Mr. Callahan
Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS,
TEXAS. BUFILE 62-109030

KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA
IS - R - CUBA. BUFILE 105-82555

5. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy -
Bus and Taxi exhibits. (Copy - negatives filed
in envelope "Oswald - After Assassination")
6. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy -
Tippit Killing. (Copy and negatives)
7. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy -
Tippit P. D. File (Copy)
8. The Assassination of President John F. Kennedy
and the Killing of Lee H. Oswald - Visual Aids.
(Copies and negatives)
9. Investigation of Killing of Lee H. Oswald
(Negatives)
10. Investigation of Killing of Lee H. Oswald -
Supplemental Report. (Copy and negatives)

The envelopes are contained in a large carton
weighing approximately 75 pounds and will be maintained in
the Exhibits Section until such time as the Files and
Communications Division has made a determination concerning
the disposition of the carton.

RECOMMENDATION:

That these envelopes be made a matter of record
in the Bulky File in captioned matter.

-4-

FBI

1/14/65

Date:

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via **AIRTEL** _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (44-893) (P)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
 CR
 (OO:DALLAS)

K14 ReDallas airtel to Bureau, 1/6/65.

468363

Enclosed herewith for the Laboratory are two sheets of paper containing handwriting of THORNTON S. CAINE obtained 1/13/65 at Tupelo, Mississippi, by SA FRANCIS G. HONAN.

For the information of the Bureau and Dallas, THORNTON S. CAINE denies writing anonymous letter dated 12/29/64.

For the information of the Laboratory, CAINE cannot read or write by himself. He has only limited knowledge of basic ABC's and although he can print, he cannot write his ABC's and the enclosed writing had to be dictated to him, and in certain instances had to be shown how to write certain letters.

2- Bureau (Enc 2) (RM)
 2- Dallas (44-1639)
 2- Jackson

FGH:ecs
 (8)

REC 67

21 JAN 18 1965

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

COPIES DESTROYED RETAINED IN LAB.

21 JAN 18 1965

D-468363 2x
K14, 1-21-65

2102

JN 44-895

He stated he knows how to write his own name by himself, but this is the limit of his writing ability. CAINE is right-handed and attempts were made to have him write left-handed with negative results.

In view of the fact that CAINE cannot read or write, verbal permission was obtained from him to furnish samples of his handwriting.

The Bureau Laboratory is requested to compare the handwriting of CAINE on the enclosed two sheets with the handwriting contained in the anonymous letter forwarded to Bureau by airtel and advise whether CAINE actually wrote the letter.

LEADS

JACKSON

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Will, in event Laboratory report reflects CAINE not to be author of anonymous letter, conduct appropriate investigation in vicinity of Jackson in an effort to identify the writer.



- Lab File

**FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.**

To: **FBI, Jackson (44-895)**Date: **January 27, 1965**

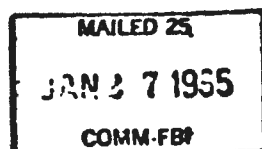
Re: **JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR
OO: Dallas**

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover, Director
REC-123 44-24016-2102
FBI File No. 44-24016
Lab. No. D-468363 AX

Examination requested by: **Jackson**Reference: **Airtel 1/14/65**Examination requested: **Document**

Remarks:

The anonymous letter dated 12/29/64 was submitted with Dallas airtel of 1/6/65 and has been designated as serial 2098 in Bufile 44-24016.



Enclosures (3) (K14, 2 Lab report)

2 - Dallas (44-1639) Enclosures (2) (2 Lab report)

JCC:mjd (6)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

FEB 3 1965

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Mafile 2260
@ndig 29354 (1/26/65)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: **FBI, Jackson (44-895)**

Date:

January 27, 1965

Re: **JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR**

FBI File No.

44-24016

Lab. No.

D-468363 AX

Specimens received **1/18/65**

**K14 Two sheets of paper dated 12/29/64, bearing the known
handwriting of THORNTON S. CAINE**

Result of examination:

**It was concluded that THORNTON S. CAINE, K14,
did not prepare the anonymous letter dated 12/29/64
previously submitted. K14 was photographed and is returned
herewith.**

JCC:mjd (6)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Memorandum

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: January 17, 1965

FROM : C. L. McGowan

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (DECEASED)
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On 1/17/65 Special Agent Thomas Kelly, U. S. Secret Service, telephonically furnished the following information to Duty Supervisor Leroy R. Kirkpatrick:

Thurl Edward Collins, born 3/2/24, Rogland, West Virginia, appeared at the Secret Service field office, Washington, D. C., at 8:30 pm, 1/15/65, and reported that while in the U. S. Army assigned to Ft. Bliss, El Paso, Texas, he was present in El Paso bars on two occasions about one week before the assassination of President Kennedy at which time two FBI Agents exhibited a girl's photograph to employees of the bars. Collins claimed he observed this photograph and recognized it to be a bar maid whose name he knew as Milly, and who formerly worked with Ruby. According to Collins this girl later testified in some manner in the Ruby case (Kelly said it was not clear when Agents interviewed Collins how he knew this girl to be a former employee of Ruby's).

Collins told the Secret Service agents that after the assassination he reported these incidents to a Major Jones in the presence of Sergeants Wetjen (PH) and George Plotes, however these individuals told him to "forget it and mind your own business." Collins identified the bars in El Paso as the "Roaring Twenties Bar" and "The Hut."

Collins' present residence 1314 California Street, Woodbridge, Virginia, and retired from the Army February 29, 1964. (Army Serial # RA 15250553) He told Secret Service agents that he had finally reported this information to "The Evening Star" newspaper, Washington, D. C., who referred him to the Secret Service Office.

General indices of the Bureau contain no reference identifiable with

Collins.

ACTION

The above information be referred to the substantive supervisor for consideration as to whether further action warranted.

LRK:imt (5)

2103

2: JAN 21 1965

1/19/65

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SACs, Dallas
El Paso
Richmond

44-24006-2103

From: Director, FBI

JACK L. RUBY, AKA
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (DECEASED)
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Special Agent Thomas Kelly, U. S. Secret Service, on 1/17/65 advised Bureau that one Thurl Edward Collins, born 3/2/24, Rogland, West Virginia, appeared at the Secret Service field office, Washington, D. C., at 8:30 p.m., 1/15/65, and reported that while in the U. S. Army assigned to Ft. Bliss, El Paso, Texas, he was present in El Paso bars on two occasions about one week before the assassination of President Kennedy at which time two FBI Agents exhibited a girl's photograph to employees of the bars. Collins claimed he observed this photograph and recognized it to be a barmaid whose name he knew as Milly, and who formerly worked with Ruby. According to Collins this girl later testified in some manner in the Ruby case (Kelly said it was not clear how Collins knew this girl to be a former employee of Ruby's). Collins identified the bars in El Paso as the "Roaring Twenties Bar" and "The Hut." Collins' present residence is 1314 California Street, Woodbridge, Virginia, and he retired from the Army February 29, 1964. (Army Serial #RA 15250553).

Richmond will interview Collins for full details regarding the above and attempt to specifically determine if he can further identify the girl Milly and how he knew of her allegedly former association with Ruby and significance he places on this association. Furnish results of interview to Dallas and El Paso.

JWH:vev
(8)

CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAILED 25

JAN 21 1965

COMM-FBI

Airtel to SACs, Dallas
El Paso
Richmond

RE: JACK L. RUBY, AKA

Upon receipt, El Paso will attempt to determine if FBI Agents exhibited the photograph of the girl identified by Collins in the two bars in El Paso. Submit results to Dallas. Dallas, upon receipt, review the matter to determine significance it may have in Ruby investigation and set out further leads if necessary to fully resolve the matter. Dallas include results in subsequent report.

FBI

Date: 1/21/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM (Deceased)
CR

OO: Dallas

Re Bureau airtel 1/19/65 relative to information purported to have originated from THURL EDWARD COLLINS concerning a barmaid he knew as "MILLY" in El Paso.

Page 754, report SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, Dallas, 11/30/63, reflects a card bearing picture of "MILI PERLE," advertising the Carousel Club (operated by RUBY) was among the many items found in the trunk of RUBY's automobile following his arrest 11/24/63.

The above-named was identified as MILI PERLE, a hostess at the Hut Lounge, El Paso, Texas. Interview by SA's GEORGE E. AIKEN, JR., and HAROLD LEON DAVIS, 11/29/63, El Paso, appears on Page 159 of SA CLEMENTS' report, 12/6/63.

The wording of the FD-302 interview would infer the interview was conducted in the Hut Lounge. It is suggested this woman is the person referred to as "MILLY" by Mr. COLLINS and that the exhibition of a photograph by FBI agents to employees of the bars, if such occurred, was likely in connection with efforts to locate this woman for interview. It is further suggested that Mr. COLLINS may well be mistaken as to the date

- 3 - Bureau
1 - El Paso (44-274)
1 - Richmond (44-390)
1 - Dallas
MCC:mac
(6)

REC 20

2104

JAN 23 1965

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

Per _____

DL 44-1639

or dates involved unless El Paso indices indicate this woman was sought in connection with another matter. It is suggested SA's AIKEN and DAVIS furnish information as to their activities in attempting to identify, locate and interview this person.

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 1/21/65

FROM : SAC, PITTSBURGH (44-403) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Norfolk airtel to Bureau, 12/17/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 3 copies of Pittsburgh Office insert containing results of interview of TOBIAS W. MAYNARD, Beekley, W. Va., on 1/19/65. Enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of insert; one copy to Norfolk.

No further action being taken by Pittsburgh Office, and no leads being set out in absence of any information known to Pittsburgh relative to the location of JACK RUBY in 1942, which might have a bearing on information furnished by Mr. MAYNARD.

Copy to Norfolk for information and completion of files of that office.

3 - Bureau (Encls. 3)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encls. 25)
1 - Norfolk (44-148) (Enc. 1)
1 - Pittsburgh
DMH/mdp
(7)

REC-117

44-24016-2105

JAN 25 1965

64 FEB 1 1965

DMH/mdp
(1)

Mr. E. C. WOOD, Newspaper Distributors, Daily Press, Inc., Newport News, Virginia, residence - Wood's Lane, Hampton, Virginia, made available on December 16, 1964, a letter postmarked December 14, 1964, at Beckley, West Virginia, from Mr. TOBE MAYNARD, Route 3, Box 284. The contents of this letter are as follows: (true copy)

"Beckley, W. Va.
12/12/64

"Dear Mr. Wood's and family,

"When the holiday season arrives my memories goes back to 1942 at Newport News, and how warm our acquaintances is still with me. I can see Mrs. Woods in my memory. so kind to us all, I'll never forget it, I believe the Good Lord will remember good Mothers like yours and mine. I am sending along a school picture of our daughter and son, the daughter is a sophomore, the son is an 7th grader. the daughter will be 15, the 29th of Jan. the boy 13, Feb 26, they are Beatle crazy. I'll go back to 1942. For a brief sketch of what took place on the job at Furguson Park regarding Jack Ruby. this man name at that time was J. Rubenstein who was discharged around April the 1st for attempted Sabatage. he is the guy that killed Oswald. I recognized him by his photo in the papers, after he left there He changed his name to Jack Ruby. try and contact a Mr. Rowan, FBI. man that worked out of the office of the Virginia ENG Co. of Newport News. Him and I worked toge ther on this case, and see if he remembers it, you know I think he could of had a hook up with Oswald and killed him to keep him fromtalking. I think we have too many of that kind around today. So here is wishing you all a Very Merry Xmas. And a most

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21 JAN 4 1973

RECORDED

PG 44-403

DMH/mdp
(2)

"prosperous New Year if mother is still
with give her and everyone of the family
my regards. I'll be 79 my next birthday,

"Sincerely,
T.W. Maynard."

Tobe maynard.

On January 19, 1965, Mr. THOMAS W. MAYNARD,
Route 3, Box 284, Beckley, West Virginia, was interviewed
at his home by SA DEAN M. LOWEN and advised as follows:

*Baptist
1986*

He is presently 78 years of age and is retired.
After having seen a newspaper advertisement wanting carpenters
to work for the Virginia Engineering Company at Newport News,
Virginia, he went to Newport News on December 29, 1941,
and got a job with that firm as a carpenter. He had
previously worked for that firm on a project in Williamson,
West Virginia, in 1925. In a few weeks he was promoted to
foreman at a project building apartment houses for the
U. S. Navy at Ferguson Park, Newport News. A Mr. Rowan
was an FBI Agent who had an office in the Virginia Engineering
Company, and Mr. MAYNARD reported to him information concerning
employees who would not work or destroyed property. Mr.
WARD was also an FBI Agent there as an inspector. He
is certain that these men were FBI Agents.

One day during April, 1942, a man wearing a
carpenter's badge, was noticed to be working with Mr.
MAYNARD's crew, but was not a member of that work crew.
This man was noticed to be messing with the plumbing,
although his work had nothing to do with plumbing. One
ROBERT LEE HUNT, a carpenter, found that this man had
removed the asbestos insulation from all the heating pipes
which went through the upstairs floor in one building,
and that action could have caused fires. This was an
act of sabotage, in his estimation. He found out at the

DMH/mdp

(3)

office that this man's name was J. RUBENSTEIN, and he reported the man and his actions to Mr. ROWAN, the FBI Agent. RUBENSTEIN was thereafter discharged. He described J. RUBENSTEIN as a white man, age in his 30's, unmarried, 5'8" to 5'9", 155 to 160 lbs., slightly bald, with light hair, more blond than brown. He did not know the man's address or where he had come from. He had no knowledge of, or contact with J. RUBENSTEIN since that incident in April, 1942.

After President JOHN F. KENNEDY was killed in November, 1963, he saw a photograph of JACK RUBY in a newspaper and recognized him as being the same person he had known as J. RUBENSTEIN on the project in Newport News.

Mr. MAYNARD stated that he had no personal knowledge of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, but it is his opinion that there was some connection between OSWALD and JACK RUBY. He said he has no knowledge of the assassination other than what he has read in the newspapers, but it is his opinion that JACK RUBY killed OSWALD to keep him from talking. He said this was his feeling in the matter, and that he could not mention any facts to substantiate his opinion.

FBI

Date: 1-27-65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, RICHMOND (44-390) - RUC -
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM (Deceased)
CR
(OO: Dallas)

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, dated 1-19-65.

Enclosed for Dallas are 25 copies of an FD 302 reflecting interview with THURL EDWARD COLLINS.

Enclosed for the information of the Bureau are three (3) copies, and for El Paso two (2) copies, of this same FD 302.

REC-117

2106

- (3) - Bureau (Enc. 3)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 25) (44-1634)
- 2 - El Paso (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Richmond

JAA/pgh
(8)

Approved: _____

FEB 27 1965 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

January 27, 1965

Date

Mr. THURL EDWARD COLLINS, residing at 1314 California Street, Woodbridge, Virginia, and employed in the Printing and Engraving Shop of the Woodward and Lothrop Department Store, Washington, D.C., advised that on February 29, 1964, he retired from the U. S. Army. His Army Serial Number is RA 15250553, and prior to discharge he was serving with the Army in the rank of E6 at Fort Bliss, El Paso, Texas.

COLLINS advised that he was serving at this installation at the time of former President JOHN F. KENNEDY's death in November, 1963.

COLLINS stated that about three days prior to the assassination of former President KENNEDY, he was in the "Roaring Twenties" Bar, El Paso, Texas, approximately 5:00 p.m. having a drink. In walked two men who went to the bartender, named "STEVE". When they talked to "STEVE", COLLINS said he overheard some of the conversation. Both men identified themselves to "STEVE" as Special Agents of the FBI and they displayed to this bartender a photograph of a woman. These Agents did not mention the name of the woman they were inquiring about. COLLINS advised that he obtained a good look at the photograph at the time it was displayed to "STEVE". He stated that the Agents asked "STEVE" if she worked at his place, and "STEVE" advised that she had come in the place seeking a job, but she was not hired. The Agents left this bar after their conversation with "STEVE".

The next evening, about two days prior to the assassination of former President KENNEDY, COLLINS stated he was at the "Hut", another bar in El Paso, Texas. While there around 3:00 to 4:00 p.m., the same two Special Agents of the FBI came in and talked with a tall buxom blonde employee at this place. They displayed some article to her and COLLINS said he believed it to be the same picture that these Agents had displayed to the other bartender, "STEVE",

On 1-25-65 at Washington, D.C. File # Richmond 44-390
by SAs JOSEPH A. AMRHEIN, JR. and Dallas 44-1639
JOHN W. ELWELL Date dictated 1-25-65

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

21

RH 44-390
JAA/pgh

-2-

but he could not be sure since he did not see this photograph or whatever was shown by the Agents. He stated that he overheard the blonde employee, name unknown, advise the Agents that this person worked at the "Hut", starting at 6:00 p.m.

COLLINS said that two days later KENNEDY was assassinated and immediately thereafter, the El Paso newspapers "were full of Oswald, Ruby and an employee of Ruby at his place of business, whose first name he recalls as MILLIE". COLLINS stated that she looked like the same person as the one in the photograph he saw at the "Roaring Twenties" bar, El Paso, Texas, in the possession of the two FBI Agents who talked to the bartender named "STEVE". He stated that he cannot be positive, however. He stated the woman in the paper worked as a dancer for JACK RUBY. He advised that he has thought about this for some time, and often wondered that if the two women were identical, then the FBI must have been checking up on RUBY and his employees prior to the assassination.

He stated that he doubted that he could recognize the girl, "MILLIE", mentioned above, or the Agents of the FBI previously mentioned even if he should see them again. COLLINS advised that since his discharge from the Army, he has thought about this matter for some time, and then decided that he should report the matter to the U. S. Secret Service for their information.

COLLINS stated that he could be mistaken since he is not positive that the picture of RUBY's employee in the newspapers was positively the same as the photograph in the possession of the Agents at the "Roaring Twenties". He advised that he did not have any further information in this matter.

FBI

Date: 1/25/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, EL PASO (44-274) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, Aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka. - VICTIM (DECEASED)
CR

OO: DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, El Paso, and Richmond dated 1/19/65 and Dallas airtel to the Director dated 1/21/65.

The presence of MILI PERELE in the El Paso area was first brought to the attention of the El Paso Office by an article appearing on Page 1 of the final edition of the November 27, 1963, issue of the "El Paso Herald Post", afternoon daily newspaper. The article sets out the results of an interview of PERELE by BILL THOMPSON, a reporter for the "El Paso Herald Post," regarding PERELE's association with RUBY. There was no previous record contained in the indices of the El Paso Office regarding PERELE.

As a result of the above-mentioned newspaper article, SA GEORGE E. AIKEN, JR., (presently assigned to the Los Angeles Office) and SA RICHARD K. GRAHAM (presently assigned to the Newark Office) attempted to locate PERELE on Nov. 28, 1963 at the Hut Lounge in El Paso for the purpose of interviewing her regarding her association with RUBY. (In the above-mentioned

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Dallas
- 1 - Richmond (44-390) (Info.)
- 1 - El Paso

C. C. Wick

DJR:st

REC-99

2107

6-117

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

newspaper article, PERELE's employment was listed as the Hut Lounge, Trowbridge and Pershing Drives, El Paso.)

On November 29, 1963, SA AIKEN and SA HARREL LEON DAVIS interviewed PERELE at her place of employment, the Hut Lounge. Results of this interview were submitted to the Dallas Office as an enclosure to El Paso letter to the Director dated 11/30/63, and were subsequently included on Page 159 of the report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS at Dallas dated 12/6/63.

In view of the fact that the indices of the El Paso Office contained no information to indicate that PERELE was known to this office prior to the appearance of the above-mentioned newspaper article in the November 27, 1963 issue of the "El Paso Herald Post", it would appear that her photograph was not displayed at the "Roaring Twenties Bar" and "The Hut" a week prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY. It is noted that the above-mentioned newspaper article contained a photograph of PERELE and it is possible that SAS AIKEN and GRAHAM displayed this photograph of PERELE at the above-mentioned bars on November 28, 1963, while attempting to contact PERELE, although such action would not have been necessary in view of the fact that the newspaper article clearly indicated that Miss PERELE was employed at the Hut Lounge.

No further action will be taken in this matter by the El Paso Office unless investigation by the Richmond Office requires further attention to this matter by the El Paso Office.

HOXIE

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile 44-24016	Status of Case P	Submitting Office Dallas	File # 44-1639 (1B1)
		Office of Origin Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

**JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM.
CR**

Date Property Acquired 6/3/64	Source From Which Property Acquired. HOMER LEE GARLAND, Public Works Department, City of Dallas, Municipal Building
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit Bulky Exhibit Files	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same Possible future use of President's Commission
Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same	

Blueprints for the Municipal Building for the City of Dallas, Texas, dated May, 1956, and revised date of 4/10/57, showing floor plans and room schedule for the sub-basement through fifth floor (with exception of third floor, which has been furnished Bureau.)

SA JAMES W. BOOKHOUT.

UNREC
FEB 1 1965
10 11 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965

207
56 FEB 16 1965

Date 8/10/64

☐ Check, when submitting semiannual inventory, if no previous correspondence with Bureau.

Bufile 44-24016	Status of Case P	Submitting Office Dallas	File # 44-1639 (1B2)
		Office of Origin Dallas	File #

Title and Character of Case

**JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR**

Date Property Acquired 8/6/64	Source From Which Property Acquired EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins, Dallas, Texas
Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit Bulky Exhibit Files	Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same Investigative aid

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same

1 box of photographs of JACK RUBY's papers obtained from EVA GRANT.

SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS

UNREC
NOT RECORDED

21 FEB 21 1965

SEMIANNUAL INVENTORY CERTIFICATION TO JUSTIFY RETENTION OF PROPERTY (Initial and date)

FEB 1 1965

56 FEB 16 1965

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

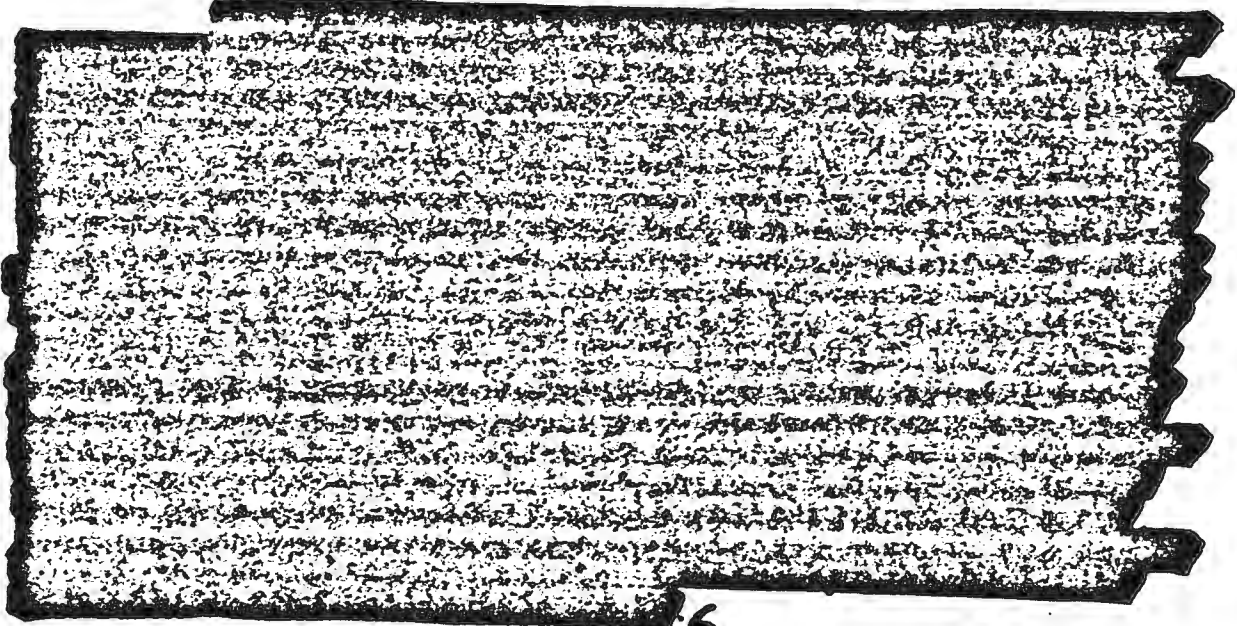
2/2/65

SAC, NEW YORK (105-38431) (P)

SECRET

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA
(OO: DALLAS)

The following is furnished for the information of
the Bureau:



APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 7/16/17

PETR F. GLEBKO is a member of the Byelorussian
Delegation to the 19th Session of the United
Nations General Assembly.

Classified by 2040 4/21/17
Exempt from GDS, Category 2+3
Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET

2-Bureau (105-82555) (RM)
1-New York (105-38431)
1-Dallas (100-10461) (RM)
JJO:EG
(3)

144-24216
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 8 1965

FEB 17 1965 *Paul*

FBI

Date: 2/10/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-409763)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10970) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MARK LANE
SM - C

OO - NEW YORK

On 2/8/65, SA RICHARD L. WIEHL received a communication from PER WILLAUME-JANTZEN of Nykøbing, Denmark. In this communication, JANTZEN states that MARK LANE has married a girl from Nykøbing and is now residing in a rural Danish settlement not far from Nykøbing, where he is preparing a book on the assassination of JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Enclosed in above communication was a newspaper clipping from the "Lolland-Falsters Folketidende", of Wednesday, 1/27/65. The above paper is published at Nykøbing Falster. This clipping concerned itself with a speech that MARK LANE had made on the previous day in Nykøbing. This article was headlined on page 10, was seven columns wide, and contained several pictures of LANE's lecture.

The article, translated and synopsisized by SA WIEHL, appears below:

- ⑥ - Bureau (RM) (2 - 100-409763)
(2 - 105-82555)
(2 - 44-24016)
3 - New York (RM) (2 - 100-117844)
(1 - 105-38431)
3 - Dallas (1 - 100-10970)
(1 - 100-10461)
(1 - 44-1639)

RLW:pm
(12)

FEB 23 1965

Approved: CARSON CORN
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 16 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-409763-161

**"WARREN REPORT IS A LARGE
LIE FROM START TO FINISH"**

The American attorney MARK LANE, who is searching for truth re the KENNEDY assassination, yesterday stated his opinions. LANE stated before the English Club in Nykøbing at a lecture sponsored by the English Club and this newspaper, that he was presently working on a book about the assassination. LANE made the following points:

1. OSWALD, when first interviewed after being arrested for TIPPIT's murder, knew nothing of the Presidential assassination and denied killing TIPPIT.

2. The Warren Report is foolish because it contradicts testimony of witnesses.

3. The FBI has not questioned all witnesses; in particular, those who did not agree with the supposition that OSWALD was the murderer.

4. As an example, a woman, who was so close to the point of assassination that she heard what Mrs. KENNEDY said to her wounded husband, was never interviewed by the Commission. This woman had been quoted by the "New York Times".

5. The assistant manager of the book depository, who stood below the windows of the depository during the assassination, claims that the assassin's shots came not from the building, but from Elm Street close to the railway. This man has not been interviewed.

6. The Commission and the FBI changed their opinion about where KENNEDY's car was when the shots were fired, and also ignored doctors' statements about the wound in KENNEDY's throat being that of an entrance wound and not, as the Report claims it to be, an exit wound.

7. It is amazing that the police had OSWALD's description 15 minutes after the shooting, though they reportedly received it from a witness who stood 100 feet away from the depository. This witness normally wears glasses, but that day did not wear them. The Report claims OSWALD was lying down or on his knees, but the witness claims that OSWALD was standing up.

8. The window from which OSWALD supposedly fired the shots was closed, and it remains a great miracle as to how OSWALD could have thus shot through it.

9. FBI Agents in reconstructing the scene of the shooting had to have the Agent playing the role of KENNEDY make a one-half turn in the car to get into proper alignment for the shooting.

10. Several witnesses claim that shooting came from in front of the car and at least four shots were fired. Governor CONNALLY claims, with hundreds of witnesses, that four shots were fired and that they came from the front.

11. Police, who found the alleged assassination rifle immediately after the shooting, claim it was a German Mauser 7.65 mm. The policeman who identified the rifle as such had worked for many years in a weapons shop. However, the FBI determined that the rifle was an Italian 6.5 mm weapon. "Strange that so quickly a rifle can change nationality", stated LANE, but it had to be changed to fit the doctors' analysis of KENNEDY's wounds.

12. A policeman heard the shots come from Elm Street and ran over and saw a person disappear. It is strange that the FBI did not try to find that man.

13. An amateur photographer, who stood directly in front of the Presidential limousine, said he was caught in the line of fire and had to duck to avoid being hit. This photographer

also heard four shots. FBI interviews, however, convinced him that he had heard incorrectly. Later, however, when he attempted to change his testimony, the Commission would not listen to him.

14. The Danish MARK LANE Committee has plans for reconstructing the shooting with the original rifle to see if one man can hit a target so precisely within such a few seconds. None of the United States' best marksmen have been able to do this.

15. JACK RUBY may know the answer to the riddle of KENNEDY's murder, but to date the FBI has declined to let him testify even though he has volunteered to go to Washington, D. C., for that purpose. If RUBY dies, an important key may be lost to this mystery.

FBI

Date: 2/12/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, JACKSON (44-895) (RUC)

JACK L. RUBY, aka
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR
OO:DALLAS

Re DALLAS airtel to the Bureau 1/6/65, Jackson airtel to the Bureau 1/14/65, and Bureau Lab report dated 1/27/65.

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and 7 copies of a LHM suitable for dissemination.

Enclosed for Dallas are 2 copies LHM.

Referenced Bureau Lab report advised that the anonymous communication listed in referenced Dallas airtel was not written by THORTON S. CAINE.

The investigation referred to in LHM was conducted by SA JAMES W. AWE at Jackson, Miss.

In view of the foregoing no further investigation will be conducted in an attempt to learn the identity of the writer of the anonymous communication, UACB.

REC-1

3-Bureau (enc.-8)
2-Dallas (enc.-2) (44-1639)
1-Jackson

JWA:ish
(6)

Approved: A. R. K. M.
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

2108



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Post Office Box 1450
Jackson, Mississippi
February 12, 1965

JACK L. RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

M. B. Pierce, Assistant Chief of Police, Jackson Police Department advised that on December 29, 1964, 13 individuals were admitted to jail on that particular date, all have since been discharged. In addition to that there were approximately 40 other prisoners in jail on that date. A copy of the anonymous communication was displayed to M. B. Pierce who advised that the tenor of the letter did not sound like anyone who he is familiar with. He further advised that letters sent from the jail are not censored.

Neal Hollingsworth, Chief Jailer and Deputy Sheriff Hinds County Sheriff's Office advised that all mail leaving the jail is censored by them and if such a letter was sent it would have been brought to the attention of the proper authorities. He further indicated that it would be possible for someone to smuggle such a letter out of the jail. Hollingsworth advised that on that particular date there were approximately 80 to 90 prisoners in the Hinds County Jail. The anonymous communication was displayed to Hollingsworth who further advised that the tenor of the letter did not sound like anyone he was familiar with in his jail. He further noted the size of the envelope on the anonymous communication and stated that it was smaller than the type that is sold to the prisoners for the purpose of mailing letters. Hollingsworth also indicated that the same procedure is used at the Hinds County Penal Institution located at Raymond, Mississippi. Hollingsworth added that there are no other jails in the Jackson vicinity other than the County jail, the City

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -VICTIM

**Police Department Jail, and Hinds County Penal Institution
located at Raymond, Mississippi.**

Art Herman, Secret Service, Jackson, advised that he had no further information regarding the anonymous communication and determined from the postal authorities that according to the type of postmark on the envelope of the anonymous communication it had to be mailed within the City of Jackson and not any rural area or other community in Hinds County Mississippi.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Post Office Box 1450
Jackson, Mississippi
February 12, 1965

JACK L. RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
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Date January 19, 1965

THORNTON S. ~~C~~CAINE, after being advised that he did not have to make a statement, that any statement made by him could be used against him in a court of law, was further advised by Special Agent FRANCIS G. HONAN that he was entitled to consult an attorney before making any statements, furnished the following information free and voluntarily:

He stated that he presently resides at 901 Marcey Circle, Tupelo, Mississippi, with his mother, Mrs. DELLA MOORE. He stated he is unemployed and lives off a Government Pension from a military service connected disability.

CAINE stated that he traveled through Jackson, Mississippi, prior to Christmas, approximately December 15, 1964, to visit his half-brother, CHARLES C. MOORE, 1328 Laurel Avenue, Beaumont, Texas. He stated he hitchhiked to Texas, and arrived back in Tupelo, approximately December 19, 1964. He denied writing a letter dated December 29, 1964, to the Police Chief, Dallas, Texas, concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He further stated that the extent of his education is to the fourth grade, and the only writing he knows is how to write his name. He stated that all correspondence and writing by him are printed. He further stated that he does not know how to spell certain words and again stated that he cannot read or write.

CAINE voluntarily furnished two pages of writing similar to writing found in the letter dated December 29, 1964, to the Police Chief, Dallas, Texas. It should be noted that the phrases were dictated to CAINE and he continually asked questions on how to write certain letters, reiterating that he could print only. It was noted that CAINE is right-handed, and attempts were made to have him write left-handed with negative results.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973

1/13/65 at Tupelo, Mississippi File # Jackson 44-495
Dallas 44-1639
by SA FRANCIS G. HONAN:js Date dictated 1/14/65

CAINE also denied being in Jackson, Mississippi, on January 3, 1965, the date the letter to the Police Chief, Dallas, Texas, was postmarked.

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

2/25/65

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Swanson

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM; CR.

REUR TELEPHONE CALL TODAY. ADVISE WILLIAM ALEXANDER THAT THE COMPLETE TEXT OF THE POLYGRAPH INTERVIEW OF RUBY IS SET OUT IN THE PUBLISHED QUOTE HEARINGS BEFORE THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY UNQUOTE, VOLUME FOURTEEN, PAGES FIVE ZERO FOUR THROUGH FIVE SEVEN ZERO. YOU SHOULD ALSO ADVISE ALEXANDER THAT IF HE IS IN NEED OF THE ORIGINAL COPY HE SHOULD MAKE INQUIRY OF MR. HERMAN KAHN, ASSISTANT ARCHIVIST, NATIONAL ARCHIVES, WASHINGTON, D. C.

REC-9

19 MAR 1 1965

HCS/ras
(3)

NOTE: SAC Shanklin telephonically advised today that according to William Alexander, State District Attorney, Court of Appeals, State of Texas, referred the Ruby case back to local court to determine if Ruby is sane at this time. Alexander requested information as to where he could obtain a copy of the polygraph interview of Ruby which was conducted at the specific request of the President's Commission. The text of this interview was published in the "Hearings Before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy," Volume 14, pages 504 through 570. The President's Commission advised that original exhibits had been turned over to the National Archives and Mr. Herman Kahn, Assistant Archivist, was the custodian of the exhibits (per Rosen to Belmont memo 12/10/64 entitled "The President's Commission"). Dallas is being instructed to advise Alexander to make inquiry at the National Archives if he has need of any original exhibits.

COPIES DESTROYED

1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

56 MAR 25 1965

TELETYPE

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 2/25/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

For the information of the Bureau, there are enclosed herewith newspaper clippings from The Dallas Times Herald of 2/24/65 and from The Dallas Morning News of 2/25/65, which reflect that the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals has ruled that District Judge JOE B. BROWN of Dallas should determine whether JACK RUBY has become insane since his murder trial, and apparently further action in the appeal in this case will depend upon that determination.

SHANKLIN

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
1 - Dallas
JGS:mfr
(4)

REC-120

2110

EX-117

C C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

SANITY**New Trial
For Ruby
Possible****By DARWIN PAYNE**
Staff Writer

Possibility of another jury trial for Jack Ruby appeared suddenly Wednesday as the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals referred the question of Ruby's sanity to a Dallas district court.

The high court action at Austin postponed indefinitely the processing of Ruby's appeal and determination of whether defense lawyer Joe Tonahill of Jasper will remain in the case.

District Judge Joe B. Brown of Dallas must rule on the present condition of Ruby's mind before the appeal is heard, the court opinion stated.

JURY DECISION

Under state law if the judge thinks Ruby might be insane he must impanel a jury to decide the question. If found insane Ruby would be committed to a state mental hospital and all proceedings in the case could be suspended at the discretion of defense lawyers.

Judge Brown said he had not received word of the opinion.

"I have received no orders at all or any communication from the Court of Criminal Appeals, and until I do, I have no comment," the judge who presided at Ruby's murder trial said.

He said he could see the reasoning of the appeals court "very clearly."

Hearing of Ruby's appeal had been set for March 10.

The opinion Thursday came

after Ruby's sister, Mrs. Eva Grant of Dallas, asked the court not to recognize Mr. Tonahill as Ruby's attorney. The court was also asked to give new attorneys additional time to prepare their case.

FIRST REQUEST

The first request to oust Mr. Tonahill was rejected because Ruby had not signed it. When Ruby signed the dismissal notice, Mr. Tonahill said it was invalid because Ruby is insane.

The court opinion stated "a principal, if not the controlling fact" that would decide who would be allowed to represent Ruby "is whether or not appellant (Ruby) has become insane since his trial."

"This is true because we have before us an affidavit of appellant asking that one of his trial counsel be dismissed and not permitted to argue his case before this court and further requesting that an out-of-state firm of lawyers be permitted to participate and asking for a delay in order for such firm to prepare," the opinion stated.

The court noted that the issue of Ruby's insanity at the time he killed Lee Harvey Oswald and his subsequent insanity were raised at his trial. That jury found him sane.

Dist. Atty. Henry Wade said he was surprised by the court's action.

"I have never heard of the court doing anything like this before," he said. "but then, I suppose it is an unusual case."

Mr. Tonahill praised the court opinion as "a wonderful, humane thing for the court to do." He said it was "a great step in the direction of getting Jack . . . the care he needs so badly in a hospital."

Mrs. Grant's request was to replace Mr. Tonahill on the defense team with attorney Sol Dann of Detroit, Mich. This would leave Dallas attorney Phil Burleson the only original member of the defense, which has undergone numerous changes.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1
"The Dallas
Times-Herald"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 2-24-65
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Felix R. McKnight
Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Sanity Ruling Due for Ruby

By CARL FREUND
Austin Bureau of The News

AUSTIN, Texas — The Texas Court of Criminal Appeals said Wednesday that Criminal Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown of Dallas should determine whether Jack Ruby has become insane since his murder trial.

The appeals court decision could lead to an early sanity hearing for the condemned slayer.

If the hearing should end with a jury verdict that Ruby is now insane, he would go to a state hospital. But he would still face the electric chair if he should regain his sanity after treatment at the hospital.

The appeals court postponed a March 10 hearing on a defense plea that it grant Ruby a new trial. Its judges said they want the sanity issue decided before

they hear arguments on the new trial plea.

A Dallas jury assessed the death penalty after it convicted Ruby of murdering Lee Harvey Oswald while millions watched on television. Ruby lunged forward in a corridor of the Dallas City Hall and shot Oswald two days after officers accused the 24-year-old Marxist of assassinating President John F. Kennedy.

The appeals court noted that a controversy has arisen over whether Attorney Joe Tonahill of Jasper should appear before it to seek a new trial for Ruby.

Tonahill rejected a request by Ruby's family that he withdraw as a defense lawyer. Then the family obtained a notarized statement in which the slayer said he was dismissing Tonahill.

The appeals court said it needs to know Ruby's present mental condition before deciding whether Tonahill may argue before it on the plea for a new trial.

Its judges said that Judge Brown, who presided at Ruby's trial, should determine his "present sanity or insanity" under Article 332B of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

This article states that the trial judge shall order a sanity hearing for a condemned prisoner "if sufficient proof is shown to satisfy the judge . . . that reasonable doubt exists as to his sanity."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1 "The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 2-25-65

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

SURPRISE ACTION

Both Sides Study Ruby Order

By JOHN GEDDIE

A surprise order from the State Court of Criminal Appeals Wednesday is expected to be examined carefully for magnitude and implications by state attorneys and defense specialists.

The order postponed Jack Ruby's scheduled March 10 date to appeal his conviction before the appeals court and directed Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown to determine Ruby's mental condition.

Immediate reaction ranged from Dist. Atty. Henry Wade seeking "clarification" of the order to Mrs. Eva Grant, Ruby's sister, stating she was "surprised . . . upset" and "We want the appeal heard."

Both sides apparently were caught off guard by the order which stated that before the appeals court could decide the Ruby attorney controversy, the question of Ruby's sanity must be settled.

Dallas attorneys said the court's order for a sanity hearing was unprecedented in Texas. Some observers said that the attorney question was returned to Dallas because the judges did not want the responsibility for a decision which might oust a Texas attorney and replace him with a New York firm.

Several Dallas attorneys speculated Wednesday on the following points:

Both sides, for their own reasons, did not want a sanity hearing at this time. Ultimately, if the case is not reversed, the defense will seek to show that Ruby is insane.

But if Ruby is found insane now, the court probably would rule that his signature dismissing Joe Tonahill as his attorney is invalid. The Ruby family wants Tonahill out of the case.

According to the appeals order, "A principal, if not the controlling fact, determinative of the question as to which attorneys are to be recognized by this court . . . is whether or not appellant (Ruby) has become insane since his trial."

The judges pointed out that defense attorneys raised the question of Ruby's sanity last year but no sanity hearing was held.

One leading attorney said Wednesday that if Judge Brown calls a sanity hearing, the de-

fense attorneys may ask him to withdraw their motion for the hearing. Judge Brown would probably send the case back to the appeals court, he continued.

Without an official question of insanity at that time, the appeals court would consider Ruby sane and honor his motion to oust Tonahill as an attorney of record, the attorney speculated.

Meanwhile, however, Wade huddled with assistants Bill Alexander and A. D. Jim Bowie and began emergency procedures aimed at a sanity hearing.

Mrs. Grant told The Dallas Morning News that Ruby's sanity is no issue in the controversy over Tonahill. "We fired him last July," she insisted. She added that she has appealed to bar associations to suspend Tonahill. She will hasten her correspondence with association officials, she indicated, and attempt to solve the problem through them.

Judge Brown had not received the Austin order officially Wednesday, but read copies obtained from other sources.

If a hearing is held, sources predicted it would last about two weeks and would be "very expensive."

"It looks like the circus is starting again," one observer commented.

F B I

Date: 2/25/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: DALLAS)

Dallas newspapers, issues of 2/24/65 and 2/25/65, report Texas Court of Criminal Appeals, to which body the appeal from conviction of RUBY was sent and which had previously set date of 3/10/65 for hearing, has ordered a sanity hearing for RUBY.

It was reported the Appeals Court has indicated it has no intention of hearing the appeal until such sanity hearing is held. Dallas County District Judge JOE B. BROWN is quoted as saying he has not as yet received the order of the Appeals Court.

REC-120

EX-112

2111

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas

MCC/jtf
(5)

cc: Wick

Approved: *[Signature]*

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

641

FBI

Date: 2/27/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: *AM* SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka -
VICTIM
CR

OO: DALLAS

Enclosed is original and five copies of a
letterhead memorandum. No further action is being taken
by Dallas.

X

REC-38

*K.C. Cline**2112**3-1-65**1-4-65**104/41**100-41101*

MAR 3 1965

3-Bureau (Enc. 5)
2-Dallas
MCC/bjc
(5)Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas 75201
February 27, 1965

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

At 3:43 a.m., February 27, 1965, an unidentified female telephoned the Dallas Office of the FBI. She said she was the same woman who had called this office at 2:12 a.m. one Saturday morning and advised that Lee Harvey Oswald would be killed.

The caller stated she believed the officers escorting Ruby to the courtroom for a sanity hearing during the forthcoming week should have their guns drawn because there are many people in Dallas who would like to see Ruby dead. She stated Ruby would attempt to get an officer's gun and shoot himself. She said she had come to Dallas from New Jersey to furnish this information. The same woman called again at 3:50 a.m. and repeated the above.

Deputy Sheriff C. M. Jones, Dallas County Sheriff's Office, was advised of the above at 8:51 a.m., February 27, 1965.

The Dallas Office has no information concerning any female caller with reference to Lee Harvey Oswald being killed.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

F B I

Date: 3/10/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR
OO:DALLAS

Enclosed are two copies of article which appeared in Dallas Times Herald newspaper issue of 3/8/65, which article states RUBY will be afforded a sanity hearing to begin 3/29/65.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2) ENCLOSURE
1 - Dallas
MCC:rmb
(4)

D E Wick

REC-1

2113

12 MAR 11 1965

Approved: 

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

MAR 17 1965

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

TO START MARCH 29 Brown Sets Ruby Sanity Trial Texans Tonahill, Burleson Named As Legal Counsel

By JIM FEATHERSTON and JIM LEHRER, Staff Writers

A sanity trial for Jack Ruby was set Monday for March 29 as Judge Joe B. Brown also temporarily settled the question of legal representation for the condemned slayer of Lee Harvey Oswald.

The action came following a 30-minute hearing in Judge Brown's crowded and closely guarded courtroom.

Judge Brown appointed Phil Burleson and Joe Tonahill, two attorneys who have been with the Ruby case since before last year's trial, to represent the former nightclub operator at the sanity trial.

The judge said he would not recognize any out-of-state attorneys in the trial in spite of attempts by Ruby's family to include them.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1
"The Dallas
Times-Herald"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 3-8-65

Edition:

Author:

Editor: Felix R. McKnight

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

The question of Ruby's attorneys was confusing from the outset of Monday's hearing. Sol Dann of Detroit and Elmer Gertz of Chicago, representing Ruby's family, joined the Texas attorneys at the counsel table and sat on either side of the defendant.

MOTION ENTERED

Jasper attorney Tonahill, who has refused to withdraw from the case as ordered by Ruby's family, entered a motion Monday to exclude "undesirable out-of-state counsel."

Judge Brown, while overruling this motion, said, "I am not going to recognize any out-of-state counsel."

He then told Mr. Tonahill, "I am appointing you and Mr. Burfisch to represent Mr. Ruby because you did participate in the trial and this experience could be of help to Mr. Ruby in the appeal."

Following the hearing, Mr. Dann said that he and Mr. Gertz will go into federal court to contest the appointment of the Texas attorneys as Ruby's counsel.

"We will appeal the judge's ruling under the sixth amendment of the United States Constitution, which provides that every man has the right to his own counsel," Mr. Dann said.

Mr. Tonahill said Judge Brown has authority to appoint Ruby's counsel since an affidavit of insolvency and a pauper's oath in Ruby's behalf are already on file.

COURT RULING

The trial to determine Ruby's present mental condition is the result of a ruling by the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals that Judge Brown must determine Ruby's sanity before his appeal is considered.

Ruby himself signed an order dismissing Mr. Tonahill from the case, but the Jasper attorney contends that the order is void since Ruby is insane.

If Ruby is found insane, he will be committed to a hospital.

Judge Brown overruled motions by the defense that he disqualify himself from hearing the case, that the trial be moved to another city and that extensions of time be granted for the defense to prepare for the sanity trial.

BOOK MENTIONED

In asking that Judge Brown disqualify himself, the attorneys said the judge is "presently engaged in or under contract to a firm of publishers for the public action of a book involving the trial of the defendant for murder."

They cited a court ruling that "no man ought to be judge in any case where he has a personal or pecuniary interest."

In the motion by Mr. Tonahill for exclusion of undesirable and nonresident counsel, the Jasper attorney said, in regard to the New York law firm of Kunstler, Kunstler & Kinoy:

Said attorneys as therein reflected have been frequently employed in the representation of Communists . . . according to statements made on the floor of the United States Senate by the chairman of the United States Judiciary Committee."

Mr. Tonahill said the New York firm was employed at the specific request of Mr. Dann and Earl Ruby, brother of Jack Ruby.

Ruby sat quietly throughout the short hearing. When court was adjourned, he turned and talked with his sister, Mrs. Eva Grant, who was sitting on the first row of seats.

One of Ruby's brothers, Sam Ruby, said later that Ruby refused to talk with Mr. Tonahill Monday and at one point told him, "You're not my lawyer."

The condemned slayer was escorted from the jail flanked by a cordon of deputies at 8:14 a.m. Monday.

FEELS "OKAY"

Passing through more than a dozen reporters and photographers, he answered, "Fine . . . okay," when asked how he felt.

Ruby later, talked with a defense psychiatrist, Dr. Louis J. West, head of the department of psychiatry at the University of Oklahoma Medical School.

Asst. Dist. Attys. Jim Bowie and Bill Alexander said Ruby had refused Sunday to an examination by a New York City psychiatrist who came to Dallas at the state's request.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 3/12/65

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

OO - DALLAS

Since RUBY's arrest and incarceration in Dallas County Jail, Dallas has received copies of incoming correspondence to him from the jail official charged with censoring the mail. The volume of correspondence has tapered off considerably. Review of same discloses correspondents, except for relatives and a very limited number of acquaintances, are "autograph hounds" and the "lunatic fringe". Many of the writers of letters are repeaters, primarily women, some claiming love for RUBY, others quoting scripture, etc.

UACB, Dallas will cease review of such material. J. H. KITCHING, Dallas Sheriff's Office, has advised he will immediately bring to our attention any material of possible pertinence.

REC-13

2114

MAR 15 1965

(2) - Bureau
- Dallas
HCC:pm
(4)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI

Date: 3/19/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

Remyairtel dated 3/10/65, concerning sanity hearing for RUBY, ordered for 3/29/65.

Enclosed are two copies of article from "Dallas Morning News", issue of 3/19/65, relative to a petition filed in USDC, NDT, asking for transferral to Federal Court of proceedings in this matter. U. S. District Judge is due to rule at 2 p.m., 3/19/65, on this matter.

AUSA, NDT, Dallas, advised it is expected U. S. District Judge will remand to State Court, but petitioners may stay State hearing by appeals to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals and U. S. Supreme Court.

Bureau will be advised.

REC-2

2115

MAR 22 1965

3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
2 - Dallas
LCC:pm

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

Ruling Due In Ruby Case

By JOHN GEDDIE

U.S. Dist. Judge T. Whitfield Davidson is expected to rule Friday on whether the Jack Ruby sanity proceedings will remain in federal court.

But if he orders the case returned to state jurisdiction, officials said, a Ruby appeal of the ruling could tie up the case for months — and perhaps longer — in the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals in New Orleans and the Supreme Court.

Judge Davidson postponed a decision — in a Thursday afternoon private meeting with attorneys — until 2 p.m. Friday to allow time for attorney Joe Tonahill and William Kuntzler of New York to attend.

A state hearing scheduled for Friday morning on the status of Tonahill as Ruby's lawyer was postponed by legal actions Thursday.

Attorney Sam Houston Clinton Jr. of Austin and the Texas Civil Liberties Union filed a petition in the federal court Thursday morning asking that Ruby's sanity trial, set for March 29 by Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown, and all related proceedings be transferred to federal court.

The petition alleged that Ruby's constitutional rights had been violated by Judge Brown overruling motions prepared by attorneys Sol Dann of Detroit and Elmer Gertz of Chicago.

The petition asked that Ruby be put under the custody of U.S. marshals.

The Ruby case technically entered federal court when Judge Davidson considered and failed to rule on the petition.

Assistant Dist. Attorneys Bill Alexander and A. D. Jim Bowie, who filed answers in opposition to the petition, met with Clinton and representatives of the U.S. Attorney's office Thursday afternoon before Judge Davidson.

Assistant U.S. Atty. Tim Timmins said that he attended the meeting at Judge Davidson's request and that his office had taken no position on the merits of the case.

Attorney Clinton said that if Judge Davidson remands the case back to state court, he will appeal under a 1964 federal civil rights amendment allowing appeals from federal orders in certain cases.

Clinton met with attorneys Dann and Gertz March 8 after a state court hearing on Ruby's motion for a sanity trial. William Kuntzler of Kuntzler, Kuntzler and Kinoy had been involved in Ruby's defense for several months.

State attorneys said they did not know how federal action will affect Ruby's case with the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals. The state court ruled earlier this year that it would not consider the appeal until Ruby's sanity had been determined.

The petition before Judge Davidson also asks that Dist. Atty. Henry Wade and his staff be enjoined from any further court proceedings in state court. It cites the appointment of Tonahill as another rights violation.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1
"The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 3-17-65
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title: Jack B. Krueger

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Dallas
☐ Being Investigated

F B I

Date: 3/11/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)(P)
 RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS
 OO: Dallas

For the information of the Bureau, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD was interviewed at her request at the Hollywood Plaza Hotel, 1637 North Vine Street, Room 909, Hollywood, California, on 3/10/65, by SAs WILLIE R. WHITE and PHILLIP B. DEILY. Mrs. OSWALD furnished the following information:

Her permanent residence address is Post Office Box 9578, Fort Worth, Texas. She has been in the Los Angeles area since 2/27/65, and plans to return to Fort Worth, Texas, on 3/11/65. She has been investigating the alleged responsibility of her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, for the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, and believes that he was framed. She feels that the Federal government also shares this view and may be secretly continuing the investigation of the matter; that possibly her son, LEE, and his wife were secret United States government agents; or that the entire matter was planned by certain people in government to place President JOHNSON in the Office of the Presidency. She considers MICHAEL RAINE her chief suspect as the true assassinator of President KENNEDY.

TEXAS

- 3 - Bureau
 1 - Dallas (44-1639)(AM)
 2 - Los Angeles

FBD:jab
 (6)

C D. Wick

MAR 25 1965

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-8265-5

MICHAEL PAINE has a "second" car, an Oldsmobile, which was parked outside of his residence at 2512 West Fifth Street, in Irving, Texas, during 1963, bearing 1963 Texas plates, and apparently not used. In late November, 1964, she called the FBI in Fort Worth, and reported the matter to a Mr. CARTER, since she felt it strange that the car was not being used, and still bore 1963 Texas plates. Several weeks later, after she had contacted the FBI, she observed the car to have 1964 Texas plates, NY 9880. She considers this to be very peculiar.

She furnished to the Warren Commission during the course of her testifying, a photograph of the assassination scene which she had obtained from an issue of the "Saturday Evening Post" about five days after the assassination. A copy of this photograph appears with her testimony in Volume 16 of the Warren Commission report. A copy of this photograph also appears in the publication, "Four Dark Days in History", pages 4 and 5. The extreme left side of this photograph (as one faces the photograph) bears the picture of an individual whom she believes to be JACK RUBY. In subsequent photographs appearing in papers and magazines, the segment of the photograph bearing RUBY's picture has been deleted. In the above-mentioned photograph bearing RUBY's picture, there is a hand in the vicinity of RUBY's head, and she believes that one of the shots taken at President KENNEDY came from a gun, held in this hand, the identity of this person not known to her. She feels that for some reason, the photograph which she originally furnished the Commission had been altered, and she feels this should be investigated to determine the reason for so doing. She feels similarly that the photograph appearing on page 19 of "Time" magazine, dated 2/14/64, depicting her son's arrest, has been altered and possibly faked, since in various "Time" publications of a similar date, the face on the right side is partially, and in some instances, completely blacked out. She feels that some ulterior motive prompted the faking or altering of these photographs.

Another thing she feels to be very peculiar is the fact that the Warren Commission gave the wife of her son, LEE, "red carpet treatment" during the entire investigation, and the Commission gave her a rough time, in that the members appeared to have a hostile attitude toward her during the course of questioning her. She also feels that for some reason that bears investigation, the photograph of her son,

LEE, appearing on the cover of the 2/21/64 issue of "Life", was altered. She was at the PAINE residence on the night of the assassination, and recalled that at about 2:00 A.M. on the morning of the following day, PAINE went into a room which she thought at the time was a bedroom, but has since found out the door to the room in question leads to the garage. She feels possibly that his purpose for going into the garage at this time was to plant for some reason certain photographs of her son, LEE, which the Dallas Police found when they searched the premises the following Saturday.

Another very suspicious circumstance was the fact that Secret Service Agent MIKE HOWARD advised two reporters in Dallas that at the time of the assassination he was at the Hotel Texas in Fort Worth, when in fact the assassination photograph showed him to be riding in the car directly behind President KENNEDY's car. Because of this, she questions his integrity, and believes it entirely possible that the Secret Service was involved in some type of conspiracy to get President JOHNSON into the Presidency. She also feels that since the Secret Service took herself, her son ROBERT, and LEE's wife into protective custody during the period 11/24/63, to 11/28/63, the Secret Service may have known that her son, LEE, and his wife were secret government agents, and for this reason, wanted to protect LEE's wife. *known*

She feels that because of the above, the matter warrants additional investigation, and she plans to continue her efforts to prove her son was framed and did not kill President KENNEDY.

Copies of FD-302 reflecting the above information are being prepared and will be furnished to the Dallas Office.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that she preferred not to be identified as the source of this information; however, she felt the information furnished by her was new information and she would like to have an opportunity to present it in person to investigating authorities in Washington.

Since Los Angeles is not aware of the nature of information previously furnished by Mrs. OSWALD, no LHM is being submitted unless advised to the contrary by the Bureau.

4/1/65

AIRTEL

- 1 - Mr. Shroder (5710 JB)
- 1 - Mr. Englestad (1511 JB)
- 1 - Mr. Phillips

To: SACs, Baltimore (Enclosure)
 Charlotte
 Philadelphia (Enclosure)

From: Director, FBI

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
 ASSASSINATION - C

Rebulet to Bureau, Atlanta, Miami, Charlotte, Philadelphia and Savannah and teletypes from Charlotte, Philadelphia, Savannah and Miami, all 3/30/65, all captioned "Alleged Plot to Assassinate Martin Luther King, Jr."

Baltimore teletype reported that one Carlos Leo Halligan, FBI Number 802,704A, was in custody of local authorities in Philadelphia and was to be returned to Connsville, Pennsylvania, 2/30/65 as he was an escapee from local authorities there.

[REDACTED SECTION]

He also related an allegation that he met with Jack Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald in Fort Worth, Texas, 1962. The Baltimore teletype closed with an instruction for Atlanta to advise local authorities; for

- 1 - Atlanta (Enclosure)
- 1 - Little Rock
- 1 - Miami
- 1 - Savannah
- 1 - Tampa

SFP:gen (15)

144-24016 -
 NOT RECORDED
 199 APR 14 1965

REC-28

19 APR 1965

MAILED 25
 APR 1 1965
 COMM-FBI

Tolson _____
 DeLoach _____
 Mohr _____
 Bishop _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Rm. _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

136 APR 14 1965 TELETYPE UNIT ☐

100-106670-1111

Airtel to SACs, Baltimore, et al
RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

Philadelphia to obtain background as to Billings'

Baltimore should submit a letterhead memorandum including
the information concerning the alleged plot relative to King's life;

Do not include the Ruby-Cornwall information.

Airtel to SACs, Baltimore, et al
RE: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.

For your information, extensive investigation by the Bureau in the past failed to confirm any claim that Oswald and Ruby were known to each other prior to the assassination of President Kennedy.

Charlotte should submit a letterhead memorandum reporting investigation conducted at Sanford, North Carolina.

[REDACTED]

It is noted that referenced Baltimore teletype should have been sent to Tampa rather than Miami and subsequently Miami sent a copy of the Baltimore teletype to Tampa by air mail. In the event Tampa has any pertinent information, it should submit same by a letterhead memorandum.

All offices preparing letterhead memoranda should designate a copy for Atlanta and in view of Atlanta's previous advice to local authorities, Atlanta should now also furnish local authorities a brief summary concerning the mental condition of Billings.

Enclosed for the information of Atlanta, Baltimore and Philadelphia is one copy each of the Identification Record of Billings, FBI Number 330,704A.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060) DATE: 4-22-65

FROM : SAC, Cleveland (62-1848) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
November 22, 1963
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: JOHN J. PETRANEK

JOHN J. PETRANEK, 1182 East 71st Street, Cleveland, Ohio, telephonically contacted the Cleveland Office on the evening of April 17, 1965, and advised he was presently at a tavern located "two doors down from my house," and he stated he was "blind drunk." He said he knew who had assassinated former President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY but refused to identify this person any further. He remarked he did not agree with the "propaganda" which had been published concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY or with the results of the investigation concerning this matter. He commented the "real" assassin had been "paid off" but again he declined to identify this person.

During this conversation, he made no reference to LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any other individual.

PETRANEK stated his admiration of former President KENNEDY and made no comment of any kind concerning President LYNDON B. JOHNSON. He indicated in no way any feelings concerning the present US policy, the current federal administration, or any other individual of federal, state, or local political or administrative significance.

4 - Bureau
(1 - 62-109080)
(1 - 44-24016)
3 - Dallas (89-43)
(1 - 44-1639)
3 - Cleveland
(1 - 44-265)
(1 - 100-26735)

JAW:esc
(10)

UNREC
NOT RECORDED
199 APR 27 1965

62-109060-4004

ORIGINAL FILED IN



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

CV 62-1848

PETRANEK commented several times during the conversation of being "blind drunk" and stated he wanted to call it to the attention of the FBI that he did not agree with the results of the investigation concerning the assassination.

He was thanked for his observations and courteously advised, in the event he had any information concerning the assassination of former President KENNEDY or any other information which he believed of interest to the FBI, he might contact the Cleveland Office personally during normal business hours and discuss this matter fully. He stated he would give this consideration, but he did not know whom he could "trust," if anyone. He was advised any information furnished the FBI would be handled in a confidential manner and that any Special Agent with whom he would speak, in the event he came to the Cleveland Office, could be fully trusted.

It is noted PETRANEK is identical to the subject of Bureau File 62-109080

For information of the Dallas Division, PETRANEK first contacted the Cleveland Office on March 14, 1953, at which time he complained that his commanding officer in a local National Guard unit had made favorable remarks concerning former Premier JOSEPH STALIN, USSR. He further complained that the commanding officer should have "given Russia hell" when lecturing to the men of the unit. PETRANEK was a 1st sergeant in this National Guard unit at the time of complaint.

The next pertinent contact made by PETRANEK and contained in the Cleveland file was on November 24, 1963, when he telephonically contacted the Bureau and requested the present location of "SA MUNLEY." He indicated at this time he had important information which he would not disclose and would only furnish to SA MUNLEY. He stated he was very suspicious of all other law enforcement officers and, therefore, did not wish to be contacted by any other agent. PETRANEK further indicated he would travel to wherever SA MUNLEY was located in order to impart this information. It was determined that the SA MUNLEY referred to by PETRANEK was identical to SA LAWRENCE F. MUNLEY, assigned to the

CV 62-1848

Buffalo Office at that time.

On November 29, 1963, SA MUNLEY corresponded with PETRANEK on plain unmarked stationery requesting him to either contact the Cleveland Office personally or to furnish this information directly to him by either letter or by personal contact. By December 17, 1963, PETRANEK had not contacted the Bureau, the Cleveland Office, or SA MUNLEY in any manner, and the Bureau granted permission to contact PETRANEK directly at Cleveland.

PETRANEK was contacted on February 7, 1964, upon Bureau authority, at which time he advised he was very concerned over the number of communists in this country. He stated that he ran into communists everywhere he went. When questioned about his reluctance to furnish information to the FBI, he stated that during World War II he found communists in the armed forces and he, therefore, assumed that they were throughout the government service, possibly even in the FBI. He stated he did have confidence in SA MUNLEY, and in this connection said that about ten years ago he had taken a tour of the Buffalo Office with some relatives, and SA MUNLEY was the agent conducting the tour. He said he has had no further contact with SA MUNLEY.

Concerning the information he wished to furnish, PETRANEK stated he has been upset since the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, as he believes this was a communist plot. He could furnish no reasons for his belief. He further said that, after seeing pictures of JACK RUBY, he has come to the conclusion that RUBY looks a lot like a man he remembers seeing around the YMCA in Cleveland in the 1950's. He stated this man ran around with a group in the YMCA which he considered "liberal," although he could not give any reasons for his thoughts in this regard or name any persons in the group.

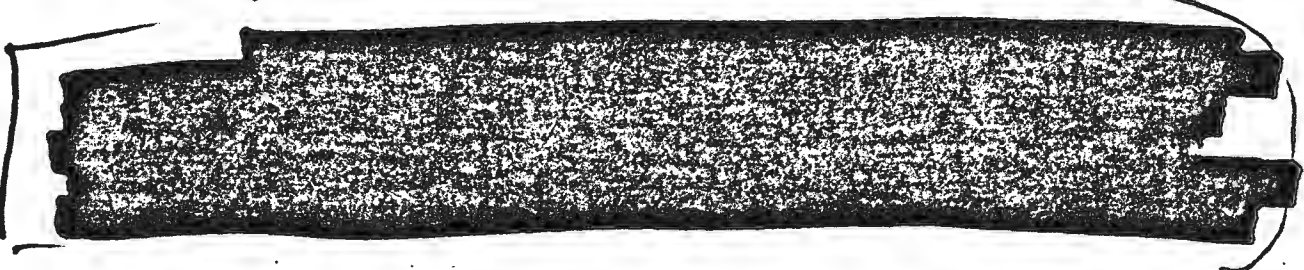
PETRANEK stated at this time he would give the matter further thought and if he could think of any specific information of interest to the FBI, he would again contact that office.

CV 62-1848

Upon interview on February 7, 1964, it appeared PETRANEK was obsessed with the question of communist influence in this country. He stated that although he continues to work as a plumber for the City of Cleveland, he occasionally becomes so upset over this matter that he has to take a day off. He could furnish no specific information of any kind and gave no indication of being violent and spoke strongly against persons who attempt to take matters into their own hands.

PETRANEK on May 14, 1964, telephonically contacted SA MUNLEY at Buffalo by long distance from Cleveland, at which time he indicated he had "very important information" on communism involving high personages in the United States government, but he would not give this information over the telephone and would not put it in a letter to the agent, stating he would be killed if he did so, as he was in much danger as it was.

PETRANEK at this time accused SA MUNLEY of having given him bad advice in his letter of November 29, 1963, that he should contact agents of the Cleveland FBI Office concerning his furnishing information which would be treated in the strictest confidence. He told SA MUNLEY that he had spoken with two FBI agents from the Cleveland Office and that he did not trust them and had suspected they and other agents in the Cleveland FBI Office were also tied up in the communist conspiracy. In fact, he said that as a result of the recommendation made by SA MUNLEY in his letter, he is not sure now that he could trust him. PETRANEK stated, however, that he had no choice since the information he had, and which he refused to discuss over the telephone, was very important and that he would, therefore, travel to Buffalo at the end of May and personally furnish this information to SA MUNLEY.



CV 62-1848



No additional information is contained in the Cleveland file re PETRANEK.

PETRANEK has not contacted the Cleveland Office in any manner to date as requested on April 17, 1965, and no further effort will be made by the Cleveland Office to contact him concerning this matter, UACB or Dallas.

This communication is being furnished for information purposes and information copies are being designated to Bureau File 44-24017 and Dallas File 44-1639, captioned JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM (deceased), CR, inasmuch as PETRANEK, when interviewed at Cleveland on February 7, 1964, made reference to JACK L. RUBY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 5-11-65

FROM : Mr. A. Jones

SUBJECT: PLAYBOY MAGAZINE
MAY, 1965, ISSUE

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

A review of the May, 1965, issue of "Playboy" magazine (attached) reflects no mention of the Director but has one minor reference in the book review section concerning a new book entitled "The Man Who Wrote Dirty Books" by one Hal Dresner.

According to this book review, a minor character in the plot is a "disillusioned FBI agent named Arnold Mordecai Eisentraub, who was studying to be a rabbi until he took an aptitude test that showed 'I was low in Religion and Social Work and high in Sports and Law Enforcement. So my mother made me join the FBI.'" The review indicates the entire book is of a similar frivolous nature.

A list of items scheduled to appear in the June issue of "Playboy" includes "A Candid Conversation With Melvin Belli." He will reportedly attack "Dallas justice, the FBI and legal harrassment -- in an exclusive "Playboy" interview."

Belli, of course, is well known as the unscrupulous publicity seeker, who briefly served as a defense attorney for Jack L. Ruby and has been aptly described by the Director as a "shyster." Belli from time to time has been critical of the Bureau.

Bufile 105-49855-A reflects that in December, 1964, while in Austin, Texas, Belli personally attacked the Director and the Bureau, suggesting that a Federal police force was being built. It was another typical example of the thirst for headlines so often evidenced by this [REDACTED]

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

Enclosure - *attached*

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 18 1965

UNREC

6 MAY 25 1965

74-48855-24

ORIGINAL FILED

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: 5/17/65

FROM : MR. I. W. CONRAD

SUBJECT: POLYGRAPH HEARINGS
MOSS COMMITTEETolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
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Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____L. J. [unclear]
[unclear]

Reference is made to Mr. Mohr's memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated 5/13/65, advising that Benny Kass, who is the General Counsel for the Moss Committee, had advised that the Committee expected to resume hearings on the polygraph in the near future and wished to lead off with FBI testimony. Although Mr. Kass indicated to Mr. Mohr that he thought an opening statement to be presented by FBI representatives could pretty well take care of their interest in the FBI, Kass has now indicated telephonically to me that, in addition to the material covered in their questionnaires, the Committee wishes to explore the possibility of securing testimony on two specific cases in which the FBI has given polygraph examinations. These cases are: (1) the polygraph examination given to Jack Ruby in connection with the Presidential Assassination Matter, and (2) the polygraph examination given to [redacted] Baton Rouge, Louisiana, Teamsters Union official and principal Government witness against Hoffa.

With regard to Ruby, it is noted that Chief Justice Warren advised Ruby that he would be given a polygraph examination, and the Chief Justice subsequently requested the FBI to handle this examination. The polygraph examination was afforded Ruby at Dallas July 18, 1964, and the polygraph examiner subsequently testified before the Presidential Commission concerning the examination. The Commission was advised that, in view of the serious question raised as to Ruby's mental condition by a psychiatrist, no significance should be placed on the polygraph examination.

With regard to [redacted] memorandum from Mr. Rosen to Mr. Belmont dated April 21, 1964, points out that in October 1962, at the request of The Attorney General, the FBI conducted two polygraph examinations of [redacted] to determine the veracity of a statement that [redacted] had made to a Department attorney to the effect that in July 1962 Hoffa had indicated to [redacted] that The Attorney General was becoming annoying and should be done away with. The first examination was inconclusive; however, the polygraph/concluded on the second examination that [redacted] was being truthful in relating Hoffa's comments. The Bureau learned that Mr. Walter J. Sheridan of the Department subsequently arranged to have a polygraph examination of [redacted] conducted by a private concern for use in connection with an article in "Life" magazine.

1-Mr. Belmont	1-Mr. Mohr
1-Mr. Rosen	1-Mr. DeLoach
1-Mr. W. C. Sullivan	1-Mr. Conrad
1-Mr. Jevons	1-Mr. Herndon

XEROX

IWC:dmg
(9)

MAY 26 1965

REC-31 70-5-1342
(CONTINUED OVER)

5/19/65

16 MAY 25 1965

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6-1342

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Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
from I. W. Conrad

RE: POLYGRAPH HEARINGS
MOSS COMMITTEE

The Bureau requested the Department by memorandum of April 22, 1964, that no comment concerning FBI polygraph examinations be incorporated into the "Life" magazine article. A review of the "Life" magazine article revealed that, while the Government is stated to have arranged for the examinations, the FBI is not specifically mentioned by name as having given the examinations; however, it can be inferred from the context in which the FBI is mentioned.

ACTION:

It was not felt we should become involved in a discussion of either of these cases before the Committee. It is understood that both of the above cases have appeals pending; accordingly, it is recommended the Bureau advise Kass that, because of the pending appeals, the Bureau will be unable to furnish testimony with regard to these cases.

✓ *[Handwritten signature]* *[Handwritten initials]*
[Handwritten signature]
[Handwritten signature]
[Handwritten signature]

The Attorney General

EX-116⁷ REC-31
Director, FBI

44-24016

FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND
GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SUBCOMMITTEE
(LOSS SUBCOMMITTEE)
POLYGRAPH MATTERS

1 - Mr. Belmont

May 19, 1965

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. W. C.

Sullivan

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Jevons

1 - Mr. Herndon

Mr. Benny Kass, General Counsel of the above Subcommittee recently advised that the Subcommittee expected to resume hearings on the polygraph in the near future and wished to lead off with FBI testimony. In addition to the material covered by our reply to their questionnaires, the Subcommittee expressed an interest in exploring the possibility of securing testimony on two specific cases in which the FBI has given polygraph examinations. The cases are: (1) the polygraph examination given to Jack Ruby in connection with the Presidential assassination matter and (2) the polygraph examination given to [REDACTED]

With regard to Ruby, it is noted that Chief Justice Earl Warren advised Ruby that he would be given a polygraph examination, and the Chief Justice subsequently requested the FBI to handle this examination. The polygraph examination was afforded Ruby at Dallas July 18, 1964, and the polygraph examiner subsequently testified before the Presidential Commission concerning the examination. The Commission was advised that, in view of the serious question raised as to Ruby's mental condition by a psychiatrist, no significance should be placed on the polygraph examination.

MAILED

MAY 19 1965

COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
DeLoach
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

EDM: BMM

66 MAY 27 1965

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

MAY 26 1965

REC'D - READING ROOM

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62

The Attorney General

Both of these cases have appeals pending and, therefore, the FBI believes that we should not become involved in a discussion in either of these cases before the Subcommittee. Accordingly, it is recommended that the FBI advise Mr. Kass that because of these pending appeals the FBI will be unable to furnish testimony regarding these two cases. With your approval this will be done.

1 - The Deputy Attorney General

NOTE: Reference Conrad to Belmont memorandum dated 5/17/65, captioned "POLYGRAPH HEARINGS MOSS COMMITTEE" in which the Director noted "OK - but first clear with Dept."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 5-18-65

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: MELVIN BELLI
INTERVIEW, "PLAYBOY" MAGAZINE
JUNE, 1965

Jack Ruby

Melvin Belli, San Francisco attorney and the most notorious charlatan in the legal profession, has blasted, in the current issue of "Playboy," the Director, Bobby Kennedy, the American Bar Association and the American Medical Association, with the Director receiving top billing. The article is attached.

In the interview, conducted by an unidentified "Playboy" interviewer, Belli commented he did not believe that the FBI suppressed any knowledge it had of any plot to assassinate the President although he could not understand why the Bureau did not give Secret Service the file it had on Oswald. The Director is mentioned unfavorably in passing at several points, however, Belli's first real criticism occurs when he is asked what he thinks of the FBI's reputation for scientific crime detection. He replied that the Bureau's technical expertise is more impressive than its reputation. He says it spends its time and the taxpayers' money chasing "two-bit car thieves and looking for communist spies" while organized crime continues to prosper. He claims there is no reason why the FBI could not have broken up the syndicate long ago "if Hoover really wanted to." He said "syndicate bigwigs" are so good at covering up their tracks it is difficult to get convictions and the Director wants to keep the FBI's reputation "unbesmirched by failure." He suggests that the interviewer read Fred Cook's book "The FBI Nobody Knows" to get the cold, hard facts about the FBI. He claims that the Director has done a great job in making his position more secure but that his "dictatorial ideas and ideology have no place in a position of such power in a democracy." Belli describes Mr. Hoover's ideology as fascism and he wonders why so many ex-FBI men are members of the John Birch Society. He said that the Director is an "archreactionary autocrat," who believes that the people are not fit to govern themselves. He describes Mr. Hoover as a "dangerous, dangerous man whom we should have gotten rid of a long time ago," and given full rein, in the name of law and order, he would have completely abandoned the constitutional, due process protections guaranteed to every citizen. When asked if he was not going too far, Belli responded "I probably am--because I'm telling the truth." Then he says he fully expects a call from one of Mr. Hoover's "gray-flannel minions" because the Bureau has already tried to tap his phones and interfere with his mail. He said if visited he is ready, but the question is "are they ready for me?"

ENCLOSURE

Enclosure

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Gale

1 - Mr. Sullivan

JWO'B:cm (6)

NOT RECORDED

199 JUN 19 1965

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(Continued on next page)

CRIME

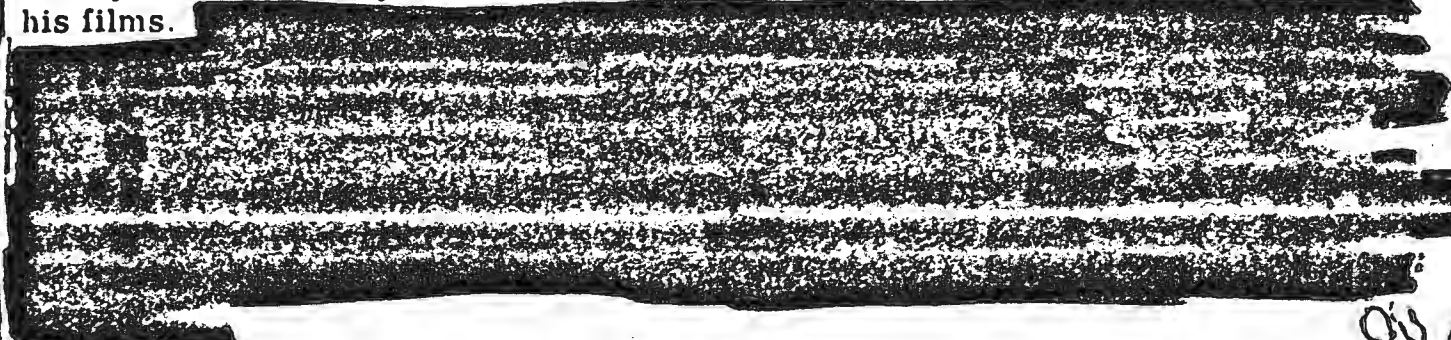
M. A. Jones to DeLoach Memo
RE: MELVIN BELLI

Significant of his devious nature, when asked about wiretapping, Belli said that it is morally, legally and innately wrong. He then admits that his own office uses wiretapping because the practice is so widespread that he needs it to adequately represent his clients.

He attacks the American Bar Association because of its suggestion that members of the profession engage in the defense of unpopular defendants on the one hand, but as a matter of practice refuses to sanction attorneys who defend persons accused of heinous crimes. He attacks the American Medical Association at great length for the failure of doctors to testify against colleagues in malpractice suits because their insurance would be subject to cancellation. Belli complains that his practice leaves him little time to work on his autobiography which he says is really going "to lay into all those b-----" (a word reflecting on legitimate birth). When asked who he means he said "You know: Bobby Kennedy, J. Edgar, the A. M. A., the A. B. A., the insurance companies, ad infinitum."

BUFILES:

In 1964 Belli received an extortion note postmarked at Starkville, Mississippi, 3-24-64. He forwarded the letter to the Jackson Resident Agency by mail for "information and consideration." The case was closed after investigation when the United States Attorney at Oxford, Mississippi, declined prosecution. In July, 1964, the Bureau learned that Belli had his interviews with Jack Ruby filmed, allegedly for preparation of his defense. A cameraman he engaged said Belli had obtained all rights to any book or film on Ruby before accepting his defense and allegedly compiled an immense film library on Ruby for future exploitation. Belli allegedly deliberately attempted to have Ruby break down mentally before the camera to enhance the value of his films.



OBSERVATIONS:

This [redacted] barrister grossly distorts the role of the FBI in law enforcement and continues, through his excesses, to display the [redacted] of his character. His reasoning on every count is typical of his nature as an [redacted]. To do anything but ignore him would play into his hands and provide him with more of the publicity he seeks. This is another case of where the Director and the Bureau can well be proud of their enemies.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

- 2 -

JPM TJS

PLAYBOY INTERVIEW:

MELVIN BELLI

a candid conversation with the embattled, outspoken attorney who defended Jack Ruby

"The mad genius of the San Francisco bar" . . . "a court jester" . . . "a publicity-mad pettifogger" . . . "the S. Hurok of the legal profession"—these are among the kinder things said about San Francisco attorney Melvin Mounon Belli (pronounced "bell-eye"). That he is unquestionably among the greatest living trial lawyers, however, is conceded even by Belli's legion of enemies, including no few as formidable in stature as the American Bar Association, the American Medical Association, most major insurance firms, J. Edgar Hoover, Robert Kennedy, Richard Nixon and, perhaps most recently, the city of Dallas, Texas, ever since Jack Ruby—with Belli as his counsel—was sentenced to death there for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald.

An eminent attorney long before the Ruby trial, "Belli has had more effect on the law in the past ten years than any 50 lawyers in the last century," in the possibly overenthusiastic opinion of a colleague. Indeed, many of his cases have established, or carried forward, major precedents in America's civil and criminal law. Defending those accused of rape, robbery, assault, arson, murder, fraud, pumping, income-tax evasion, forgery and even meretricious parking, he has won literally hundreds of criminal cases. But he is best known as "The King of Torts"—a title he cordially dislikes—for his victories in more than 100 personal-injury and medical-malpractice suits, in which he has earned for clients awards rang-

ing from \$100,000 to a record-setting \$675,000. He has also pioneered the use of "demonstrative evidence" before juries—graphic, and sometimes grisly, courtroom displays of artificial limbs, autopsy photographs, skeletons, mannequins, X rays, witnesses on stretchers—inspiring William Prusser, former dean of the University of California Law School, to call him "a Hollywood producer," and his trials "epics of the super-colossal." So potent is the Belli image, however, that defendant insurance companies have sometimes made substantial settlements when mere mention was made that Belli might be hired.

An international law practice, plus a prodigious schedule of writing, lecturing and teaching, takes Belli around the world, usually followed by a wake of controversy. But no case has earned him as many headlines as the one he lost 15 months ago in Dallas, where he caused a courtroom sensation by leaping up after the announcement of the verdict, tears in his eyes, to denounce the death sentence for Jack Ruby as "the shotgun justice of a kangaroo court."

It was to explore the issues and the aftermath of this historic trial, as well as the other unpopular causes he has espoused during his 32-year career, that we went to San Francisco early this spring for an exclusive interview with the embattled 57-year-old attorney. He greeted us in the three-story Belli Building, which he had bought from ten Chinese

owners and spent \$150,000 restoring to such turn-of-the-century elegance that it has been formally designated State Landmark Number 408 by the California Historical Association. The local San Francisco Gray Line tours include a glimpse from the street through the picture window of his ornate office, where Belli himself may be seen at his vintage desk consulting with clients and colleagues amid a spectacular Victorian mélange of heavy crystal chandeliers, velvet chairs, leather couches, antimacassars, quill pens, oil paintings, awards for Belli's forensic triumphs, thousands of legal and medical books, an array of apothecary jars, several human skeletons and a 25-foot-long bar. With a small communications network of telephones and speaker systems, Belli maintains touch with 18 lawyers on the premises, their secretaries, private investigators and sundry other specialists attending the cases of clients by the dozens who have been lured by Belli's magic name and lofty courtroom battling average.

In a casual display of expansive graciousness, millionaire Belli slipped to us the keys to his Rolls-Royce Silver Cloud for our use during the visit; and he wine and dined us regally in his \$280,000 Twin Peaks home. During our weeklong series of conversations, we accompanied him to speaking engagements and joined him at his tailor's for the fitting of three new suits. And on our first morning in town, we even helped

him transplant geraniums in his office window box as his fire-engine-red slacks and shirt wound the ogling tourists in the street outside. In this bizarre setting, we began by posing a hypothetical question.

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ENCLOSURE

PLAYBOY: You said once that "it's never within the name has a commitment to defend the pariahed, unpopular defendant." You proved your point when you defended Jack Ruby. Would you have been as willing to defend Lee Oswald if he had lived?

SETH: I would have hated to, for I loved Jack Kennedy very much. But as a lawyer, I must acknowledge that any man charged with any crime, however heinous, is entitled to competent representation. So if Oswald had lived, and he hadn't been able to obtain other competent counsel, and I had been asked to take his case—yes, I would have represented him. If I had refused, I feel I would have had to turn in my shingle. I like to think that the American Bar hasn't sunk so low that there are not other defense attorneys in this country who would have done the same thing.

PLAYBOY: Do you think Oswald's rights as an accused were adequately protected by the Dallas authorities?

SETH: Oswald's treatment by the law was the biggest scandal in the history of American justice. The world saw the horrendous spectacle of Oswald, without legal counsel, interrogated for hours and thrust into that Friday night mob scene "press conference" and shouted questions in police headquarters corridors. He had no counsel to object as dozens of self-seeking, self-serving "authorities" volunteered to the press their prejudicial, intimidating and otherwise unwarranted statements regarding Oswald's guilt. He went a full day without counsel. In my belief, the public's mounting outcry shamed the city into sending the president of the Dallas Bar Association, H. Louis Nichols, to visit him in his cell. As far as I know, Nichols has never been inside a trial courtroom except for official inductions to office, eulogies and ceremonial purposes; this legal paragon then did what strikes me as unthinkable and unforgivable by giving an interview to the press that probably destroyed Oswald's obvious and valid defense, that he was mentally deranged. Nichols told the press that "he looked perfectly all right to me," which gratuitously and automatically helped the Dallas establishment conclusion public opinion against any insanity defense by Oswald. There was an Oswald defense counsel to scream in protest when Dallas' prosecutor told millions watching on television, "Oswald is the guilty man. There is no doubt about it, and we're going to fry him!" What kind of defense counsel would have concurred in the Dallas police department's utterly unbecomingly stupid act of misjudging Os-

wald right out into the open—for television? An expert defense counsel for Oswald should have been of urgent priority for the American Bar Association—while he was alive. But not until Oswald was safely dead did he get a counsel. When his lawyer couldn't be embarrassed by being seen sitting next to an assassin, an unpopular defendant, then national A.B.A. president Walter E. Craig was appointed to represent Oswald at the Warren Commission hearing.

PLAYBOY: Despite the Warren Report, the belief persists in some circles, especially abroad, that Oswald and Ruby were parties to a right-wing plot against the President's life—a plot in which the FBI, the Secret Service and even the Warren Commission conspired to conceal "the truth." Do you feel that these suspicions have any substance?

SETH: They're hallucinatory and utterly preposterous. Do you want to know who I believe is solely responsible for starting these rumors? The Dallas police department and the Dallas district attorney's office. Their ominous insinuations that Oswald and Ruby knew each other started during the trial. In the judge's chambers I tried to persuade the D.A. to announce in court that there was no truth to those rumors—which could have been quashed right there—but it appeared to me that the D.A. encouraged them, so as to make Jack Ruby seem some kind of conspiratorial monster. So the rumor that he had killed Oswald to "silence" him got cabled abroad, and it steadily mushroomed, besmirching the image not only of our law-enforcement agencies, but of our nation. It has been made to appear that our FBI either could not or would not report the full story of the "plot." There was even an outrageous rumor that our own President Lyndon Johnson conspired in the assassination, to succeed to the Presidency. Now, I know as much about the assassination as any man alive, and I can tell you flatly that it was the barren, solitary act of Lee Oswald. He was a crazy man. And he and Ruby were strangers. Those are facts. The most incredible thing to me is why the FBI didn't pass along to the Secret Service the lengthy file it had on Oswald. But as much as I detest the type of man that J. Edgar Hoover is, I can't make myself believe that the FBI or the CIA or anyone else suppressed knowledge of any plot. On the Warren Commission, we had seven wise and honorable men, some of the best. If they couldn't come up with the truth, then God pity us all!

PLAYBOY: What significance do you attach to Warren's statement, during the Commission's deliberations, that the full story of the assassination "won't come out in our lifetimes"?

SETH: None. That was a horse's-ass thing for Justice Warren to say. I don't

know what he meant, but I don't think he meant anything or by it. If you're looking for an answer, though, I can tell you something most people never knew. The night before Oswald was shot, I learned, a Dallas policeman and his girlfriend talked with Jack Ruby, trying to get him to approve of the idea of having Oswald lynched. Their reason was that they knew what a freak-minded guy Jack Ruby was. At the trial, I never mentioned the cop and his girl, because I never could locate them again; they just disappeared.

PLAYBOY: Why did you take on the Ruby case? Some say it was for the publicity.

BELL: Look, I'm for hire. I will defend anyone who comes to me—even the president of the Bar Association suing a guy for defamation, for accusing him of being a liberal, in favor of civil rights, due process of law, and against wire tapping. My service to the community as a trial lawyer is that I am for hire by either side. As far as publicity is concerned, I'd had my fill of that long before that travesty of a trial ever came along. My motive in taking the case was that I hoped I might be able to do something for that sick man, Jack Ruby, for psychiatry, for law, and for tolerance. But I didn't volunteer for the job. Jack's brother Earl asked me if I would take the case, and he offered me a defense fee of \$100,000.

PLAYBOY: Did that sum play any part in your decision?

BELL: I agreed to take the case for the reasons I've just stated. But since you've brought up the money, it might interest you to know that I never got anything like \$100,000 for the case. What I got was debts—bills, expenses for our defense team, for the medical experts who flew to Dallas to testify for Ruby, and other costs. I did get about \$12,000 from the Rubys, but I paid for every other cent of the costs out of my own pocket—about \$15,000. It might also interest you to know that I was offered \$100,000 from another source not to defend Jack Ruby. I'm not saying what source.

PLAYBOY: There has been some speculation that the offer came from a well-known right-wing Dallas oil millionaire.

BELL: If that's what you heard, that's what you heard.

PLAYBOY: That's all you want to say about it?

BELL: No more—now.

PLAYBOY: All right. Once you accepted the case, what made you decide on a plea of temporary insanity?

BELL: The incontrovertible evidence of psychiatric examinations. Jack Ruby was and is a very sick man who belongs in a mental hospital. We owed to our national image a dramatic example of how the American legal system pursues

and pursues defendant's rights. We owed to our law an exposure of the incomprehension in our law's understanding of mental illness. Indeed, for the world to see and appreciate the modern medical specialty of psychotherapy at work was one of the great promises of that trial. And those brilliant clinical experts—psychologists and neurologists—who examined Jack Ruby put together an unmistakably clear picture of a mentally unstable man whom the assassination had stunned and shocked and impelled into frantic, attention-seeking compulsions beyond his power to control. Nothing I've ever sensed in advance about the line of defense for a client has ever been more graphically justified by the evidence—or more ignored by a jury.

I never dreamed what a kangaroo court of mockery and errors and prejudice in law and decency we were going to face in that city. There isn't one fair-minded lawyer who won't appreciate what I'm saying when the transcript can be read. I've disagreed with jury verdicts before; every lawyer has. But I've never felt that the jurors weren't honestly trying to do their very best—except on that black day there in Dallas.

PLAYBOY: Bitter criticism and even American Bar Association censure have been leveled at you for shouting after the verdict, "May I thank the jury for a victory of bigotry and injustice!" How do you feel about it now?

BELL: As outraged as I did then. It was a spontaneous outburst of horror at the callous death sentence from a jury that had taken actually less than one hour to consider all of the complex scientific testimony about that pitiful, afflicted little man. I shouted long, vituperatively, and in tears, that a kangaroo court and a bigoted jury had railroaded Jack Ruby to purge their collective conscience in a rape of American justice that made Dallas a city of shame forevermore. Too often have our courts of law shown us that vindictive streak, that drive to heap society's sins upon an individual, that hypocritical refusal to face facts inherent in which are unpleasant truths about ourselves. The watching, listening world needed to hear a voice from among those Americans who recognized what had happened, and who were sickened by Dallas' cruelty, the smugness, the community defensiveness and the blind determination to crucify one man for everyone's sins.

PLAYBOY: Do you think that's any more true of Dallas than it would have been of any other city where the President might have been murdered?

BELL: It's uniquely true of Dallas. Dallas is unlike any other city in America; even the rest of Texas, thank God, is different from Dallas. Federal Judge Sarah Hughes called Dallas "the only American city in which the President could

have been shot." Every publication had veteran writers who appraised and reported in such terms as "murder capital of the world," "a sick city," "a festering sore," "a city of shame and hate." Here is a city where a minister told his flock, "If any of you vote for this Catholic Kennedy, don't you ever come to my church again." Here is a city where I took my wife and son to a beautiful Baptist church and on the Sunday program an usher gave me the Lord's message was squeezed down in a corner under the church's impressive balance sheet full of dollar signs. Here is a city where I entered a barbershop, unrecognized, and someone discussing the trial said, "I hear they got those Jew psychiatrists out from Maryland," and someone replied, "Yeah, with their slick Jew lawyers." I swept the towel from around my neck, stood straight up, gave the Nazi salute, yelled "Achtung! Heil Hitler!" and goose-stepped outside. Here is a city whose prosecutor said of a St. Patrick's Day parade, "Maybe we're pressing our luck too far to allow another parade so soon for another Irishman!" And the same prosecutor said, "Well, if they want to look inside of Jack Ruby's brain, we'll give it to them after we fry him!"

Dallas is where Adlai Stevenson was spat upon and hit upon the head with a picket sign, and where the American flag was hung upside down by General Edwin Walker, an ardent advocate of the philosophy of the John Birch Society. In Dallas in 1960 even Lyndon Johnson and his lady had been insulted. Dallas is a city where the "Minutewomen" get on telephones and call all over with such messages as "Mental health is Communistic" and "Fluoridation of water is Communistic."

PLAYBOY: Aren't you describing the activities of a lunatic fringe?

BELL: Look, I'm not talking about all the citizens of Dallas. I'm talking about the oligarchy that rules and runs the city. I'd be the first to admit that some of America's truly fine people live there. In Dallas I met two of the greatest stand-up guys I ever knew: Stanley Marcus of Neiman-Marcus—it took visceral courage to speak out as he did; and Rabbi Silverman—he was one of the bravest men there. No, my contempt is reserved solely for the city's archreactionary oligarchy. You know what made them madder at me than anything else? It was when I said what symbolized Dallas for me: a gold-plated bidet I'd seen with a philodendron growing out of it. They were enraged at the implication that they hadn't known what to do with it. Well, I take that back. They do know what they can do with it.

I'll never forget how Sheriff Bill Decker said he was going to see to the "safety" of Joe Tonahill, my trial assistant,

and me: He was going to have a police car drive to court "because there's so much happening around here." I told him, "Look, I appreciate your concern, but we're going to walk down goddamn Main Street to the courthouse. Whenever it gets to the point here in America, in my own country, that I can't walk down any main street as a trial lawyer, then I'll have to take down my shingle." And I would. I'd go to Congress and walk outside wearing a sandwich board. I'd howl to the heavens. I might have to do some flamboyant things to get my story heard, but you know I know just how to do it. In any case, we did walk down that Main Street in Dallas to the trial, but I'm going to tell you the truth, I was scared shitless. I used to say, despite all my enmities, that no one would ever actually want to shoot me. But now, after walking down that street and seeing the hate in the eyes of everyone who watched, I never would say that again.

PLAYBOY: Was your outburst in court the reason for your being dismissed as Ruby's lawyer after the trial?

BELL: I was not fired. I bowed out of my own accord. I lost my objectivity that day in Dallas. Once I lose my objectivity, I've lost my value in our adversary system of justice. So I got out of the case. It's as simple as that.

PLAYBOY: What do you think will result from the appeal of Ruby's conviction which is now pending?

BELL: I think that everyone in law knows what will almost automatically happen when an appellate court reviews that trial transcript away from that emotionally charged Dallas courtroom. I pray to God that the terrible miscarriages of American justice that trial transcript contains will cause the case to be reversed. And I pray, for the sake of that sick, pathetic little man, Jack Ruby—whose already paranoid-schizophrenic condition has deteriorated shockingly during his long imprisonment without psychiatric care, and who has tried several times to commit suicide in his cell, once by butting his head against the wall—that his cruel death sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment in a mental hospital, where he has belonged since the day they put him in Dallas' city jail a year and a half ago.

PLAYBOY: Do you favor capital punishment in murder cases where the assailant is adjudged mentally sound?

BELL: I don't favor institutional vengeance under any circumstances. Who, in God's name has the right to pass judgment on the life of another human being? Who's to usurp this divine prerogative? Only a primitive mind sanctions this kind of barbarity. Just look at the creeps who are in favor of it; you get the feeling they want to be the ones to pull the switch. Dick Nixon is all out for

capital punishment: I don't think of a better argument for it. I only wish I could take him and the rest of them who believe in gassing and "lying" torture, through the agonizing ordeal of the last days of waiting in the death house to be hanged or electrocuted, through the gut-wrenching last meal, through the writing of the last heart-breaking letter to one's wife or daughter. Let me do just this, nothing more—and I'd be able to defeat capital punishment singlehandedly.

PLAYBOY: Do you disagree with the view that the death penalty deters crime?

BELL: Naturally, punishment does deter some crime. A lot of crime hasn't happened because whoever considered it simply feared he'd wind up in the clink. But you've got a different breed of motivation in murder—because of its irrationality. Most murderers just don't think in terms of consequences; they don't think at all, as a matter of fact. Thus, the death penalty does very little, if anything, to deter murder. I've seen prisoners join a jailbreak, going right past condemned row, doing exactly what they knew could put them in the death house, and it didn't deter them a bit.

PLAYBOY: Examining another aspect of American justice in a recent book called *Innocence*, author Edward D. Radin estimated that some 14,000 people each year are convicted, imprisoned and in some cases executed for crimes they didn't commit. Are those figures accurate, in your opinion?

BELL: We can't have any way of knowing for sure unless their convictions are reversed—and nothing like that number are. Circumstantial evidence can often be loaded or misleading, and eyewitnesses can be mistaken or untruthful, but I'm still not among those who feel that a great number of innocent people are convicted because of either. I have too much respect for our system of law to believe that justice could miscarry so often and on such a scale. Over and above that, I've had the practical experience to deny the allegation. But, of course, miscarriages do occur, and probably always will, for man-made law will always be fallible; but even if it happens only once in a million cases, we must rectify it and look for means to improve our system of justice so that the same mistake isn't made again. If by protecting the rights of an accused, providing him as we do with recourse to appeal for a reversed decision on the basis of irregularities in the conduct of his trial, we enable ten guilty men to go free because their lawyers get them off on a "legal technicality," it would still be better than for one innocent man to be convicted and imprisoned, or even executed, because he had no such recourse.

PLAYBOY: A moment ago you brought up the fallibility of eyewitness testimony. Would you regard policemen, who fre-

quently testify in criminal cases on behalf of the prosecution, as more reliable than the average man in the street?

BELL: I'm glad you asked that question. It happens to be one of the axes I grind in my book *Dallas Justice*. In it, I said I was convinced that the testimonial credibility of policemen on the witness stand is often highly suspect, for it stems from the belief, deep in their law-abiding hearts, that they are serving a higher truth than justice when they testify for the prosecution. They often know a lot about the case in which they are testifying that might be helpful to the defendant—but they sometimes neither make it available to his attorney nor mention it in court. They are convinced—it's part of being a cop—that the reason the defendant is sitting there is that the law, their part of the law, has done its job and that the job of judge and jury is to provide a quick, unquestioned conviction and a stiff sentence. The presumption of innocence until guilt is proven is for lawyers, not for cops. The man must be guilty, they think, or else why has he been arrested, arraigned and brought to trial? So they sometimes convince themselves that a modicum of truth stretching or truth omission on their part could achieve the desirable end that strict adherence to the rule of evidence could not.

Perhaps, of all people, from what you've read of me, and because of what I've just said, you wouldn't expect me to say this, but I think the average American policeman not only is a good guy, but he's underpaid, overworked, and a pretty damned good human being. He goes out of his way to help kids, and to help people in trouble. It's only the black sheep, the errant cop, who gets into the newspapers. And thank God there aren't many of them.

PLAYBOY: The U. S. crime rate is steadily rising, and many law-enforcement officers are convinced that part of the cause lies in the courts' insistence on strict rules of evidence that provide lawyers, as you mentioned a moment ago, with "legal loopholes" to spring their clients. How do you feel about it?

BELL: What the police mentality seems unable to comprehend is that these "loopholes," these technicalities of the law, are among the inalienable protections against the violation and usurpation of human rights. I admit that I've seen a few flagrantly guilty men slip through legal loopholes and go scot-free in my time; but far more often I've seen these same loopholes used to save innocent men and women who would otherwise have perished or been sent to prison for the best years of their lives. No, that's not the reason for the rising crime rate. And it's certainly not because people are growing more lawless and depraved, as some have darkly hinted. As a matter of

fact, I think we're slowly growing better. More likely it's because of the rising rate of population growth, the poor, the miseducated and the underprivileged in our squalid, sprawling city slums; because of the struggle to retain our individual identities in an increasingly anonymous mass society; because of our liberation from Victorian sexual strictures, which has set many young people morally adrift; because we find ourselves floundering with more leisure time than ever before, and the Devil is finding work for idle hands; and maybe partly because we have too many laws telling us what not to do—some of them damned silly laws. Instead of trying to legislate morality for adults, why don't we try teaching it to children? The better, the more tolerantly, the more sympathetically we educate our children, the less crime we'll have when they grow up.

PLAYBOY: Another "legal technicality" derided, and occasionally defied, by law-enforcement officials is the Constitutional amendment that safeguards the public from "unreasonable searches and seizures," thus prohibiting police, say on a gambling or vice raid, from entering a private residence without knocking, or from searching a premises without a warrant. Do they have a valid complaint?

BELL: In a word, no. I'm still Victorian enough to feel that my home is my castle. Damn it, if I were growing marijuana in my back yard, I'd still insist that J. Edgar get a search warrant before I'd let him wipe his feet on my door mat. Once the uninvited have the carte blanche right to prowls my home and search my person, next they'll be trespassing in my mind, as they're already trying to do with truth serum and lie detectors. Such Gestapo information procedures are not only unnecessary but unendurable in a democracy.

Except perhaps to our God, we all have a facade, even to our closest friends; some of us even to ourselves, and to our spouses—our spouses in particular, for that matter. It may not be good that we have it, but I don't believe the state or anyone else has a right to pierce that facade without the individual's consent—even though it might be good therapy for us to have the veil drawn aside. But that's the psychotherapist's realm, not the cops'.

PLAYBOY: How do you feel about legalized wire tapping? Is it morally or legally defensible?

BELL: Wire tapping, like lie detectors and truth serum, isn't only impolite, it's morally, legally, innately wrong; it stinks of spying. We can't let Big Brother get away with it. He's already got his long arm up to the elbow into our pocket-books, our offices and our daily life.

PLAYBOY: Doesn't your own firm employ wire tapping in its investigative work?

BELL: Yes, I'm afraid we do. I don't

have to like it, but I'm forced to appreciate the fact of its widespread use, which makes its avoidance unavoidable. If I'm a layman, I can turn away from an ugly wound, but not if I'm a surgeon—and as a lawyer, I am a surgeon of sorts; I have to use every means at my command to represent my client, just as a surgeon has to use every instrument or drug at his command to save his patient. It's simply that bugging is now so commonplace that no conscientious and realistic lawyer, however much he deplores it, has any choice but to use it.

PLAYBOY: Among the staunchest supporters of legalized electronic surveillance is the FBI. What do you think of its vaunted reputation for scientific crime detection?

BELL: Their technical expertise is more impressive than their reputation. Sure, it's a patriotic institution, as sacrosanct as motherhood—but both can get a bit sickening when overportrayed, which they are. While it spends its time and the taxpayers' money chasing two-bit car thieves and looking for Communist spies in Greyhound bus stations, organized crime continues to get fat off of prostitution, dope, gambling, "juice" and murder for hire; it's the nation's biggest business. With its resources and its power, there's no reason in God's world why the FBI couldn't have broken up the syndicate long ago if Hoover really wanted to. The reason he hasn't is simply that syndicate bigwigs are so good at covering up their tracks that it's hellishly difficult to get a conviction, and he wants to keep his precious FBI's gleaming exchequer unbesmirched by failure.

PLAYBOY: We take it you're not one of his greatest admirers.

BELL: You might say that. If you want a good scare, get a copy of Fred Cook's book, *The FBI Nobody Knows*, and read it some dark night. It tells the cold, hard facts about Hoover. As the FBI's revered director, he's done a great job—of making his position more secure than that of most crowned heads in this troubled world. Hoover's dictatorial ideas and ideology have no place in a position of such power in a democracy.

PLAYBOY: What is his ideology?

BELL: The ideology of fascism, of rightism. Look at how many ex-FBI men are members of the John Birch Society; I wonder where they picked it up. Hoover is an archreactionary autocrat who deprecates the concept that "we the people" are fit to govern ourselves. He's a dangerous, dangerous man whom we should have gotten rid of a long time ago. Given full rein, he'd legalize not only wire tapping but search-without-warrant and no-knock-and-enter; in the name of law and order, he would completely abandon due process and the constitutional protections guaranteed to every citizen.

PLAYBOY: Aren't you going a bit far?

BELL: I probably am because I'm telling the truth. When this is in print, I fully expect a knock from Mr. Hoover's gray flannel minions. They've already tried to tap my phones and monkey with my mail. But I've had uninvited nocturnal visitors before. I'm ready for them. The question is: Are they ready for me?

PLAYBOY: Speaking of violating individual rights, do you feel, as some have charged, that Robert Kennedy, as Attorney General, unduly and extralegally harassed Teamster boss Jimmy Hoffa?

BELL: God pity Hoffa. Any individual is in trouble today if he gets the eagle after him. One vicious man, Bobby Kennedy, subverting the powers of government, made it a mission to "get" Hoffa. Now, Hoffa's done a lot I don't like—but I think some of his convictions will be reversed. If Hoffa has done wrong—and maybe he has—the law will take care of him. He should be prosecuted, not persecuted.

PLAYBOY: *Fact* magazine recently attributed to you the following remarks about Robert Kennedy: "He's the most vicious, evil son of a bitch in American politics today. . . . Sure, he wants to be President, but what he really wants is to become head of the universe. . . . The Pope isn't safe with that little bastard around. . . . He's arrogant, rude, and even ignorant of the law. . . . He's the mouled Little Lord Fauntleroy of government. . . . Every newspaperman knows what he is, and even Johnson can't stand him, but everybody is too scared of the son of a bitch." Are these accurate quotes?

BELL: That's what I said. But I certainly didn't expect to see it on the cover of a magazine; indeed, I didn't expect to be directly quoted. But I've since had hundreds of both lawyers and laymen write and telephone me to say, "I wish to hell I'd had the guts to say the same thing." Kennedy as Attorney General had absolutely no experience for the job as top lawyer of the United States. Who is this man, who has never been in a courtroom, to tell me how to act, or to tell my colleague trial lawyers how to act? Which he did. But quite apart from that, and his vendetta against Hoffa, I know of nothing Bobby Kennedy as Attorney General did that he could point to with pride.

PLAYBOY: How about his department's dedication to the enforcement of civil rights legislation?

BELL: His office did a tremendous and good job on civil rights; but in Jack Kennedy's Administration, could any Attorney General's office have done less?

PLAYBOY: What do you feel can be done to rectify the mockery of justice in Southern courts, which perennially exonerate whites charged with murdering Negroes?

BELL: These segregationist barbarians

—the ones who pull the trigger and the ones who let it fall—affront not only the law of man but the law of God; they disgrace themselves and our country before the world. But this conspiracy of hate and bigotry won't last; its days are numbered. In practical terms, however, we can't change the state laws or the inbred prejudices that keep them in force. I'm afraid we must resign ourselves to the fact that these atrocities, and these travesties of justice, will continue until the white South learns to understand and respect the spirit as well as the letter of due process and equality before the law. It just takes time. Pretty soon all the subterfuges, tricks and deceptions designed to circumvent the civil rights laws will have been tried by the die-hards and eliminated by the Supreme Court. Then, and only then, will Negroes in the South begin to enjoy the fruits of true freedom.

PLAYBOY: Do you share the conservative view that the present Supreme Court, because of its trail-blazing decisions in civil rights, censorship, school prayer and the like, is "too liberal"? And do you agree with those who feel that it has begun to unrightfully usurp legislative authority?

BELL: What do you mean by "liberal" and "conservative"? If you mean that "liberals" are more concerned with human rights, and "conservatives" with property rights, I think that's as good a definition as any. According to that definition, the present Supreme Court is the most liberal we've ever had. But too liberal? No. As for assuming legislative authority, of course it has. But unrightfully? No. For good or for bad, our Supreme Court has without question become the second legislature in Washington. I say that not in criticism, only as something in the nature of things. I happen to think we have a great Supreme Court, the greatest decision-making Court we've ever had, the most humanitarian in our history. Earl Warren is a great administrator; he has integrity, ability. The individual justices are sincere and hard working; they try hard to be objective, to put country above personality; they're the best we've ever had. The Court has done the American people great justice in rendering the law consonant with the changing needs and increasing complexities of the contemporary world.

PLAYBOY: Since the turn of the century, many attempts at censorship of sexually explicit books and films have been made by the U.S. Post Office, the U.S. Customs Bureau, various state governments and scores of religious and citizens' censor boards. Almost all of these bans have been judicially overruled, some of them in historic decisions by the Supreme Court. With whom do you feel should ultimate authority rest for pass-

ing on the "reckoning sex merit" of allegedly obscene creative
BELL: With the public, the courts. If I were defending a so-called "dirty" book, I'd feel a jury of my peers fully qualified to judge its redeeming merits. Juries do a damned good soul-searching job that speaks for their community's collective morality. Let literary men, ministers, professors, the tolerant, the bigoted, the broad-minded and the narrow-minded all have at it in a jury room. The sparks of conflict will shed the light by which justice may be illuminated. Only a jury will arrive at a judgment that is the wish, the temper of the community—which I think should be the ultimate criterion of judgment.

PLAYBOY: How do you feel in general about the much-discussed revolution in sexual attitudes and practices that's taking place in America today?

BELL: I believe in the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and sex, and not necessarily in that order. But sex has been here since the Garden of Eden and no overnight revolution in the sex relationship is going to accomplish anything good. Greater candor, yes; greater permissiveness, no. I can't believe that premarital and extramarital relations per se can lead to a fuller life or more enduring happiness. I'm certainly not Victorian, except in my office decor, and I've certainly seen enough of life as an able-bodied woman, knocking around the world with Errol Flynn, and trying cases in every state; but I do not believe, in this particular area of human relationship, that lack of will power will achieve any greater degree of happiness. I will say, however, that I don't think we're more meretricious sexually than lecherous old grandpa. We've just brought sex a little more into the open. And that's all to the good.

PLAYBOY: You and Errol Flynn were close friends, weren't you?

BELL: Yes, we were. We met when I was retained to represent a sailor who had been accidentally harpooned in the foot by a guest on Errol's yacht, the Zaca. When I went down to Hollywood to question Errol and walked in wearing a white suit and a black Homburg, his eyes lit up. He had always been impressed with the histrionics of trial law, and I've always felt that I might have been an actor. After I'd taken his deposition, we had a most enjoyable legal tussle, and a friendship began. He was great company. He lived life to the full; he was up at all hours; he drank palka before he got out of bed in the morning. And he had the Devil in him. He loved pixy tricks, and played more than his share of them. In a dresser drawer, I remember, Errol kept about 30 emerald-looking rings, which he'd give to girls, telling them with great feeling, "This belonged to my mother."

He and I also played great jokes on

each other. One hot afternoon in Paris, Errol took all his clothes to be cleaned and lay on his bed for a nap. I left him sleeping soundly and went downstairs to the hotel bar and sold tickets for five dollars apiece to about 20 women—Frenchwomen and tourists—whom I brought upstairs for a guided tour of Errol in the altogether. Well, we were all tiptoeing through the bedroom when some silly Frenchwoman began giggling and yelled "Fleunt Fleunt" and woke him up. Did he get sore!

This was in 1919. I had been in Rome on a business trip, and was about to leave for Tokyo when Errol called from Paris. He said, "Dear boy, you've got to come to Paris. They've got me over a barrel." I went, intending to stay two days, and stayed months. Errol was making a movie partially financed by the French government and there were plenty of complications on which he needed my help. We stayed about half the time on the Zaca, anchored off Nice. Errol would go down to the bilge, where he kept some gold ingots hidden, bring one back, row to shore with it, turn it in for currency—and we'd be off for a night at the casino.

In Paris, at the Belle Aurora, an exquisite little French restaurant, after we'd gotten up at noon, we'd sit from about one to four and have imaginary trials, drinking bottles of calvados. That's applejack made in Normandy country; it would chase white lightning out of business. We'd drink and invent legal cases, usually murders, which we tried on the spot. People would crowd outside in the street until they blocked it. I'd accuse Errol and examine him, then he would accuse me and examine me. We'd get almost to the point of blows.

In later years, back in this country, my family came to know Errol well. He sometimes stayed with us. But he wasn't well. My little son, Caesar, called him "a sick man"—the perception of children. My wife would plead with him to take it easier. He told her, "Look, I've done everything twice, why should I bother? If I had an attack, there wouldn't be anyone to give a damn." Right at the end, he was planning to play me in a film. It was about this time that he sent me galleys of *My Wicked, Wicked Ways*. I wasn't home when he telephoned, on his way to Vancouver to sell the Zaca; it was like selling his life. He told my wife, "Tell the guy I love him; just tell him that for me." Then, later—it was midnight—I was in bed at our Los Angeles home when Errol's valet telephoned and said, "He's gone."

PLAYBOY: You talk about him like a brother.

BELL: I guess we were brothers, in a way—though I was an only child. Like him, I'm wild, enthusiastic; I love people. I'm a Leo, you see, born July 29, 1907.

PLAYBOY: In Sonoma, California, living to your biography. Is that where you grew up?

BELL: Until I reached college age, when I went off to the University of California in Berkeley. But I almost didn't make it. I was the valedictorian of my high school graduating class, but I had to sue the principal to get my diploma.

PLAYBOY: How did that happen?

BELL: Well, I was brutally attacked the evening before graduation—by a huge bottle of whiskey. I was so sick the next day that I couldn't get to school to make my speech, and when the principal found out why, he withheld my diploma. He was adamant, so my father took me to see an old family friend, a judge. When the judge heard the story, he said, "My boy, you've been wronged!" And he hauled out of his desk a couple of writs, a replevin, a bench warrant, a couple of *subpoena duces tecum*, a *habeas corpus*, a *habeas diploma*, a handful of old bail bonds, and he stuck all of them together with notary public seals and red ribbon and he marched over to the school and served all of it on the principal. I got my diploma on the spot. Up to that day I had been thinking about being a doctor, but right then I knew the law was for me.

My father lost his money in the crash, so I had to work my way through college as a soda jerk, a summer farm hand and things like that. I even wrote off for free samples of things like soap and shaving cream and sold them to my fraternity brothers. After I graduated, I spent a year traveling around the world on merchant ships as an able-bodied seaman. Then I entered the University of California Boalt Hall Law School. I stood a lucky 13th in a class of 150.

In 1933, when I got my degree, I was lucky enough to get a job as a Government investigator, posing as an itinerant bum, moving around with the Okies. My name was supposed to be "Joe Baciagalupi." I was supposed to submit reports on what the Okies were talking about and what they wanted. I had a card with a special Los Angeles telephone number to call if I ever got in really bad trouble—not for just getting arrested or beaten up; it had to be really important. I never had to use it. One of my first deep impressions was watching Los Angeles deputy cops standing on the city line clubbing back poor Okies trying desperately to get into the city to get on relief rolls, or at least to get a meal. Eventually, I wrote a report that was used as the basis for migratory-worker relief in that area.

Moving out and about then, riding in and on and underneath freight cars, "bumming," standing in soup lines, sleeping in skid-row "jungles," I don't know how many times I got thrown out of different towns about the Southwest—

but I know when I developed my deep, strong sympathy for the underdog and the outcast, and it's where I learned about the kangaroo courts in this country. Well, after that migratory hobo investigation job ended—Say, I seem to be telling my life story. Do you really want to hear it?

PLAYBOY: Certainly.

BELL: All right, you asked for it. Well, I got desk space in a small San Francisco law firm. But nothing happened. I just sat there. Finally, in 1934, a well-known defense lawyer took me on for the lordly wage of \$25 a month. But nothing happened there either, so I managed to save \$20 and went down to Los Angeles looking for a better job. One big lawyer there who turned me down I later opposed in a case; I won my client a \$187,500 settlement. The guy could have hired me in 1935 and sent me to Palm Springs for the rest of my life at \$100 a week and still saved his client money. Now he tells people, "I recognized Belli as a comer the first time I saw him." Sure he did! I know ever since then, I've never refused to see a guy fresh from law school. You never can tell.

I finally learned to quit waiting for business to find me. If I was going to get any clients, I decided people would have to know I was around. I got the idea of spreading it around that I'd take, free of charge, any cases of criminals in lots of trouble. One of the first clients I found was Avilez, "the Black-Gloved Rapist." He had been tried, convicted and sentenced to a total of 400 years. For whatever it was worth, I got 200 years knocked off his sentence. He wrote me a thank-you note. After that, I got a number of other hopeless cases—one of them a convicted counterfeiter who had resumed printing the stuff right in San Quentin's print shop.

Although I didn't realize it at the time, the case that first showed me the thing that would later get me on my way was that of a young Negro convict named Ernie Smith. He had been indicted for murder for killing another convict, in a fight in the San Quentin prison yard. Smith told me he had done it in self-defense, that the other man was about to throw a knife at him. I couldn't believe it, but the captain of the guard confirmed for me that most of the convicts carried knives. He showed me a desk drawer full of over a hundred lethal-looking pigstickers, explaining, "We take away the big ones." Before the trial, I served a subpoena on the captain of the guard, ordering him to come to court with his drawer full of knives to be admitted into the evidence. Walking past the jury box with it, I was struck by a hell of a thought. My whole case, every argument to determine if Ernie Smith would live or die, was in that drawer! So I "accidentally" stumbled and

lures spilled all over the floor in front of the shocked jury. But—blades, sharpened files with ten or twelve, the works! The juror took one look and they knew it had been self-defense. You wonder what I had hit upon by accident? The effect of demonstrative evidence in trial—I might never have talked those jurors into seeing self-defense, but I had figured it when I dropped that drawer.

Well, that's background. I had a lot of different cases after that, all kinds. And I gradually built up a pretty good practice, at least enough to live on.

PLAYBOY: How did you come to specialize in personal-injury suits?

STUE: Mainly because when I entered practice, the average individual who had suffered a personal injury faced a pretty dismal financial-award prospect if he went to court. Well up into the 1900s, settlements were in the neighborhood of \$1,000 for the loss of a leg, \$5,000 for the loss of a male organ. Sometimes people who were even paralyzed with permanent spinal injuries would get simply nothing, perhaps on the basis of a "contributory negligence" claim by the defense. Some states had laws making \$10,000 the maximum allowable death award.

The average suffering, scared, inexperienced plaintiff had usually been rendered penniless by medical costs and the loss of habitual income. If he did get an attorney to go to court, a fee of one third of the average award wouldn't permit the attorney to present a really persuasive case. And when 12 well-meaning but confused jurors sat hearing a jumble of legal terminology they couldn't understand, if the plaintiff got anything, it was the usual, totally inadequate award.

Well, I began to make a practice of showing demonstrative evidence to juries: human skeletons, moving pictures, enlarged X rays, still pictures in color, infrared pictures, wooden scale models. When the jurors graphically saw the nature and extent of injuries, my clients began getting substantially increased awards. And when other personal-injury attorneys around San Francisco, then around California, caught on and began doing the same thing, the whole picture of awards began improving.

It was about then that the defendant insurance companies began campaigning against us. Awards were getting "too high," "Ambulance chasers!" they called us. "Hysterical!" Since personal-injury law is 75 percent of all trial work, their implication was that only 25 percent of lawyers in America were respectable—a thought to conjure with.

PLAYBOY: Still, any business—including the insurance companies—must make a profit to survive. Isn't it reasonable that they would resist personal injury awards of often hundreds of thousands of dollars?

STUE: Tell me: Who is the victim—the

poor injury-bankrupt plaintiff trying to collect adequate compensation from a fair insurance company; ... or which insurance company trying to whittle down or avoid payment of an adequate award for a personal injury inflicted through the fault of the defendant whose paid-up insurance premium that company has regularly collected? Which is the greater perfidy? You talk about insurance-company profits—well, let me tell you something: The insurance companies are among the world's biggest businesses, and they got that way by taking in unbelievable amounts of the public's money in premiums—billions of dollars a year. The public is buying protection. But the insurance-company executives seem to forget that they are holding the public's money in trust. They come to regard that money as *theirs*, and they'll be damned if they'll give it up without a struggle. They accept your money readily enough, but did you ever try to collect any money from a big insurance company? Nine times out of ten, when the time comes to pay off, they fight tooth and nail to get out of their obligation.

Their cries that adequate awards threaten to bankrupt them are *nothing* alongside their shrill cries whenever someone suggests now and then that the state take over their business. Isn't it odd for someone claiming to be losing so much to scream so loudly against losing the opportunity to keep on losing money? No, the six-figure adequate awards I've pioneered are equitable, just and necessary. These awards are here to stay, and I think the trend is further upward. But I will guarantee you that awards to the personal-injury plaintiffs will never keep pace with the insurance companies' fantastic and mounting profits.

Let me ask you something: Except an adequate award, what else can be offered to the personal-injury victim? We have nothing that will make the permanently injured victim whole again, nothing that will let him walk without a limp, nothing but drugs to let him sleep without pain. For many, one day not even morphine any longer eases their frightful suffering, and the only alternative left is a colostomy—the severing of the spinal cord to halt the dreadful journey of the pain impulses to the brain. Think about that the next time you see one of these propaganda pieces about the "high awards" that are "ruining" the country's insurance companies. Think about those pitiful personal-injury victims who tempt one to say "They'd be better off dead." But the law forbids them to choose death; they have no legal choice but to go on living—and suffering. Think about the double amputees, the "basket cases," the traumatic psychotics, the paraplegics, the spinal-injury invalids, the blinded, the grotesquely burned and scarred. Think about the permanently immobilized

cases, the people who were just like you and me but who died for their lives to a wheelchair in a brace, or to the indignities of bowel and bladder incontinence.

Let me give you an example of a typical case of mine and let you decide whether the award I won for my client was "too high" or not. He was a happy, well-headed kid, just back from the War. He had a wife, a child, a job, and then his life was ruined in an accident caused by the negligence of the San Francisco municipal railway. He suffered a crushed pelvis, and a rupture of the urethra at the juncture of the prostate gland. He will be impotent for the rest of his life. And every tenth day for the rest of his life he must endure a painful urethra catheterization, or his urethra will close, whereupon his bladder would burst. His hospital and doctor bills were over \$25,000 at the time of trial, and they will be at least \$2000 a year as long as he lives. Two years afterward, I saw that boy again, and what I had feared within myself had happened—his wife had divorced him, his home was gone; he had nothing left but the remainder of his award money. Would you swap places with that boy for the \$125,000 he was awarded? Or for a million dollars? Two million? Ten million? I think not.

Yet according to them, the noble, stalwart Simon-Pure insurance companies are being "victimized by fakers" for \$50,000 and \$100,000—just for having lost a bony arm or leg! When I started winning this kind of award, they began sending out letters and buying expensive ads aimed at potential jurors in personal-injury cases: "Keep those awards low, or you'll force your automobile insurance to go up." *Bushwa Today*, with personal-injury awards higher than ever before, insurance-company stocks are among the best market buys.

Anyway, when I won three verdicts for more than \$100,000 apiece in 1949 and 1950, I really began to draw fire from the insurance companies. "Belli is a Barnum!" they screamed. "The courtrooms are being turned into horror chambers!" But headway was being made everywhere. Asking not a cent of fee, I began lecturing all over the country—to law students, to bar associations, to groups of plaintiff lawyers. Sometimes my speaking in a state would start an immediate rise in personal injury awards. An example of that is Mississippi, which was for many years one of this country's lowest-verdict states; soon after I addressed its State Bar Association in 1951, Mississippi awards rose sharply—to at least an equitable level.

Finally I decided that I would write a book of all that I thought was modern and just in trial procedures, in both criminal and civil law. It took me two years to write it; in those two years, I av-

eraged about two hours of sleep on week-nights, and about a night on week-ends, but I turned out the three volumes that were published in 1955, called *Modern Trials*. I'm happy to say that it's become something of a standard textbook in the field.

PLAYBOY: What about your Belli Seminars? Will you describe what they are and what they do?

BELLI: For the past 13 consecutive years, I and my associates have held these Belli Seminars in almost every state and major city in America, and they have been widely and enthusiastically attended and accepted by trial lawyers, law students and even some laymen. In them we teach in all phases of modern trial law, on civil and criminal, substantive and procedural law. These seminars have done a lot for the law, but not one has failed to draw criticism from some local member of the American Bar Association, some insurance lawyer, or some large law firm with a "business practice." They raise their old cry: My lectures are "illegal" or "unethical."

PLAYBOY: On what grounds?

BELLI: I'm teaching lawyers how to raise awards to injured people. I'm teaching them how to sue malpracticing doctors who refuse to testify and who condone the American Medical Association's conspiracy of silence. I'm teaching lawyers how to sue the reluctant insurance company and how to serve the process evader. Among the politicians and the fat cats of the A. B. A. hierarchy, needless to say, none of this law for the benefit of the little man is particularly popular—though social-circuiting A. B. A. presidents are constantly trumpeting on the majestic subject "The Defense of Unpopular Causes," and proclaiming that it's every lawyer's duty to give a courageous representation of his unfortunate brother, however unpopular he is, however heinous his crime. These are the same great vocal defenders who whisper, from behind their corporate desks, when some poor unfortunate's unpopular case has to be tried, "Sure, he's entitled to the best defense, but you defend him, I can't afford to!" Even worse, these preachers of lofty sentiments are the quickest to impose guilt by association on the lawyer of the heinous-crime client. And these same A. B. A. presidents are approving the abolition of law-school courses that would teach the student lawyer how to try an unpopular case! If we continue diminishing the hours devoted to criminal law in our law schools and increasing those devoted to taxation, accounting and the like, we may as well move over into the business-administration schools. Then the few of us remaining criminal lawyers and general trial men may as well be displayed at the monkey house where the public can stare at our

ould and nearly extinct species, attracted to the zoo by the A. B. A. president's public barking against us.

PLAYBOY: For a member of a nearly extinct species, you seem to be making a pretty good living. It's been reported that you earn more than \$300,000 a year from the "adequate awards" you win for your clients.

BELL: Every penny I get, I earn! Do you think all a lawyer has to do is pick up a phone and get an insurance company to settle for \$100,000 and then bite off a third of it? To start with, I'm gambling when I take a case. Especially when it's a large award to be sought, the layman has no dream of the amounts of time and talent and money that the plaintiff's lawyer must invest in preparing the best presentation possible. If we get to court and a jury votes against my client, I've lost all I advanced—in cash as well as effort. I don't just sit in my office and work my cases. Our firm here, we aren't just some fat-ass corporation of lawyers sitting around thinking about new ways to screw the Government out of taxes; we are a firm of concerned and committed people representing men and women who need help. We care. It's the most precious thing we've got here, our *feeling* for the people who come here wanting help. I'm working my cases in the shower, when I'm trying to sleep and can't, when I'm on the john, when I'm driving my car, when I'm sitting in those late-night planes. If I win the adequate award for my client, I feel I *deserve* the one third I take for the work that got the award. Most personal-injury lawyers take a bigger cut than I do—many of them 40 and 50 percent.

PLAYBOY: Still, you've managed to amass a sizable fortune from the proceeds of such cases. How much would you say you're worth today?

BELL: I could cash out today with—well, look, let's put it this way: I feel that after he makes a million dollars a guy should start counting his blessings instead of money. I'm counting my blessings.

PLAYBOY: Your remarkable success in winning six-figure awards, and earning five-figure fees, in medical-malpractice cases has made your name a real flag to the American Medical Association as well as to the nation's insurance companies. What's your brief against the medical profession?

BELL: George Bernard Shaw wrote it better than I could say it, in *The Doctor's Dilemma*: "We're a conspiracy, not a profession. . . . Every doctor will allow a colleague to decimate a whole countryside sooner than violate the bond of professional etiquette by giving him away." The same as with chicken-hearted, fat-cat lawyers, my complaint isn't against the individual doctors; 99 percent of

them are great doctors doing their best and working hard. But here again, the individual doctor has a far higher code of ethics than when he acts in convention, through his association. With lawyers and doctors, it seems there's some sort of collective amoralism, a callous mob psychology, that takes over the individual practitioner's ethics and honesty. Doctors as a group condone malpractice acts that individually they wouldn't dream of sanctioning. The individual doctor is so busy treating the sick and performing operations that he's forfeited the administration of his national organization to a bunch of dirty sons of bitches who try, because of their own shortcomings in their profession, to make him conform to what *they* think medicine should be. They tell him not to publicly criticize his fellow practitioners; they have usurped his conscience.

PLAYBOY: Do you think it's reasonable to expect a doctor to jeopardize his professional standing by testifying against a colleague?

BELL: Look, every doctor is licensed by us, the public, to practice. His training, his talent, his title, is given to him in trust, by society. To whom, morally, does he owe more—to mankind, or to the A.M.A. and the insurance companies who underwrite his practice? Think of yourself as a victim of some doctor who was simply careless. Think of your being maimed, maybe irreparably, because of his bungling and of your being unable to get another doctor to testify against a wrong that he can plainly see.

My first malpractice case was my eye opener to this incredible conspiracy. I was retained to sue a doctor who had prescribed enemas and cathartics for a young man who was suffering classic *appendicitis* symptoms. The boy's cramping worsened, the doctor sent him to a hospital where he let him wait; the appendix burst and the boy died. Not only was the treatment patently wrong, but later I had good reason to believe that the doctor was intoxicated when he made the house call. Are you ready? I *lost* that case! Not one of this drunken doctor's colleagues would testify in court to what he had obviously done. Worse, five doctors testified in his *behalf*, including the head of one of our largest university hospitals. Five years later, that defendant doctor killed himself; he had become a dope addict and a habitual drunkard.

Twenty-five years have passed since then, but it's still next to impossible to get one doctor to testify against another, and it doesn't matter *how* flagrant the case is. Good old Doc Frebish may have come into the operating room dead drunk, carrying a rusty knife and wearing an old pair of overalls, but as long as he's a member in good standing of the

A man and one doctor in 1900 will testify against him. You force a doctor to take the stand, nurse, but all you can get out of him is a grudging acknowledgment that good old Doc Fishish may have forgotten to wash his hands before taking out Mrs. Smith's uterus instead of her tonsils, and that he may have absent-mindedly left a sponge in her abdomen, but that this "could happen to any of us," and certainly couldn't be considered negligent.

PLAYBOY: Aren't you exaggerating a bit?
 BELL: You think so? Listen, an entire book has been written about things left in patients—not just sponges and forceps, but rings, wrist watches, even eyeglasses, for God's sake. Imagine: "What time is it, nurse? I've lost my watch." "Just a minute, doctor, I'll put on my glasses. Oops! Where are my glasses?"

Now I have personal knowledge that most doctors privately do deplore this sort of thing. A number have told me privately of incompetent colleagues generally regarded as disgraces to their profession. "But Mel," they say, "don't ask me to testify against him. My insurance would be canceled." I can't really say I blame them; if you ever do actually get a doctor to take the stand and testify against another doctor's flagrant and perhaps tragic malpractice, he's regarded as a "stoolie" and will be ostracized for life. Score another victory for the conspiracy. This is the sort of thing I'm trying to fight. Is it any wonder my name is anathema to these people?

But you know, I take pride in the fact that there's an instructor in one San Francisco medical school who asks his students, "What man has done the most for medicine in the past century?" They name Pasteur, Lister. He says, "No—Melvin Belli, because the son of a bitch has made medical men conscientious about their courtroom testimony, and has made lawyers learn medicine."

PLAYBOY: Is a background in medicine essential for a lawyer?

BELL: Absolutely. In our courts today, three fourths of the criminal and civil cases involve some understanding of some aspect of medicine and medical practice. If a general trial lawyer doesn't cultivate for himself something beyond a layman's knowledge of medical fields, he cuts himself off from essential information, and he deprives his client of an essential service. Every law student I meet, if he indicates to me that he wants to do something more worth while with himself than to be a jockstrap for some insurance company, or to keep some corporation's legal skirts clean, I advise him to arrange not only to see a complete autopsy but to learn firsthand about surgical procedures of every sort, to sit in on skin grafts, bone grafts, plastic surgery. I advise him to learn the functions of surgical instruments, to familiarize himself with hospital para-

phernalia and procedures.

Let me tell you a very simple case of where medical knowledge paid off for me, among the hundreds and hundreds of times that it has. This was as simple as merely knowing a word, a medical term, when I heard it. I was cross-examining a doctor who contemptuously attributed several of my plaintiff's complaints to "amenorrhea." When I got up to present my argument to the jury, I had a medical dictionary in my hand. I read aloud the meaning of that word; it wasn't something with which my male client was likely to be afflicted. It means "irregular menstruation." My client won a handsome award. By now I probably know as much medicine as I do law. Here in my office I've collected a bigger medical library than is owned by probably any doctor in San Francisco. It rivals my law library—in which 29 of the books are my own, by the way.

PLAYBOY: How do you find the time to study medicine, write books, give lectures, teach law courses—and still maintain your overflowing calendar of personal-injury cases?

BELL: Well, somehow you manage to get done what you feel has to be done—especially if you don't see anybody else doing it. And besides, I love my work. But I sometimes wish I could be a werewolf, with two lives—the life I have now and another life. I yearn for the quietude and the thoroughness of dealing with only a few cases. The way it is now, I have to budget my time like a whore when the fleet's in. This morning I've been on the telephone, about different cases, with Canada, New York City, Pittsburgh, The Virgin Islands, and I've exchanged some cables with Hong Kong. I need time to work on my autobiography. I've been collecting stuff for 15 years. It's going to be big. And it's really going to lay into all those bastards.

PLAYBOY: Who do you mean by "all those bastards"?

BELL: You know: Bobby Kennedy, J. Edgar, the A. M. A., the A. B. A., the insurance companies, ad infinitum.

PLAYBOY: Don't you sometimes feel that you've earned a few more enemies than you can afford?

BELL: Maybe so. Maybe I should have better sense than to take them all on headfirst and simultaneously. Because you know what I'm scared of in this office today? The big frame-up I'm always telling myself I have to watch my tongue. My fault is that of Adlai Stevenson. He likes to make cracks, too. It cost him the Presidency. But whatever the cost, I've got to fight for what I think is right—and against what I think is desperately wrong—or I wouldn't think much of myself as a human being.

I've told you how in my early days I began to acquire my bitterness against the guy with a billy, the entrenched powers. We see injustices all around us,

and we all want to be free—but how many of us dare? Well, Big Brother's steady encroachment means we don't. I know we have to give up some freedom to have some safety, some order in society, but I simply cannot tolerate very much of Big Brother—those who claim to know what's better for you than you do.

I don't believe that the average person, informed people included, really realizes the swiftly increasing degree to which our country is being run and controlled by an unseen government—not only by the FBI and the CIA and the A. M. A. and the A. B. A.—but by foundations, banks, ad agencies, insurance companies, trust companies and their monolithic ilk. In insidious ways, they are prescribing our moral codes, limiting our freedoms. Their cold-blooded business ethics are becoming universal, and passively accepted.

The A. B. A. is at war with me—like the A. M. A. and the insurance companies—because I'm at war with those who abet evil by keeping silent when they see wrongs being perpetrated and perpetrated by the greed, malice and deception of these self-seeking institutions. I'm under attack because I believe in crying out against injustice. God knows, I've endured more than my share of slings and arrows: "Bell's a nut, a charlatan, a publicity seeker, an egomaniac!" Sure I'm flamboyant. I can afford to be, because I'm a damn good lawyer. You've got to ring the bell to get the people into the temple. But my brand of nonconformism is so offbeat they don't know what to label it. About the only thing they haven't tagged me is "Communist." It's a wise thing they don't; I'd sue. This, mind you, after all I've done for the law. I've tried more cases, I've had more judgments affirmed on appeal, I've made more new law than probably any lawyer, group or firm in the past 15 or 20 years. After I'm gone, they'll be teaching courses about Bell. But the pack is out in full cry salivating over me. So be it. If I'm going to go down, I'm going to go down fighting.

PLAYBOY: Is your plight as serious as all that?

BELL: You bet it is. And things have been coming to a head since the end of the Ruby trial. I was absolutely awed by the speed and the ruthless efficiency with which Dallas' multimillionaires retaliated against me for my uncharitable remarks to the press about their fair city. You've heard that money talks? Listen, money screams! By the time I got back to San Francisco I found that insurance policies of mine had been canceled without explanation; a book publisher had backed out on publishing *Black Date: Dallas*, the title I had planned for a book; mortgages had been foreclosed; my name had been withdrawn from

official lists of lawyers; my credit was frozen; some insurance policies and lectures were canceled; and I was being paranoid when I say that those bastards in Texas were behind the whole thing. Why, you wouldn't believe some of the mail I got postmarked Texas. Imagine opening a letter addressed to you as "Dear Rectum." Heart-warming!

The best part of it, though, is their campaign—with the cooperation of the heads of the A. B. A., who have been waiting for an excuse—to have me kicked out of the American Bar Association. After the Ruby trial, I was notified that I'd be given a "trial," investigating my "conduct of the case"—though publicly I'd already been convicted by the A. B. A. "grievance committee." I was notified that my trial would be held in the Statler Hotel in Dallas. I replied that I wasn't about to come to Dallas. Out of curiosity I asked them if they intended for it to be held on the hotel's top floor with my seat next to the open window.

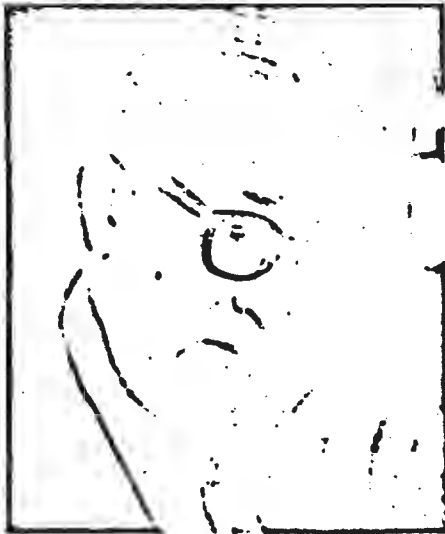
I was next peremptorily notified that my trial will be held in San Francisco instead. That suited me fine. Then they announced they had decided to take depositions against me. I asked that the depositions be delayed until a date when I could be present. Denied. I asked by what "rules of evidence" was I to be tried. No reply. I asked for the privilege of taking depositions on my own behalf. Denied. Next came an indefinite postponement of my trial. So I not only don't know *how* I'll be tried, or for *what* I'll be tried; I don't know *when* I'll be tried either.

PLAYBOY: Can you continue practicing if you're ejected from the A. B. A.?

BELL: I don't have to belong to the American Bar Association to practice. I don't even have to belong to the A. B. A. to take books out of their library. To practice, I just have to belong to my own state bar. As Bob Considine said, "Being kicked out of the American Bar Association is like being drummed out of the Book-of-the-Mouth Club." I'd cry all the way to the bank.

PLAYBOY: Suppose you were disbarred also by the California state bar.

BELL: Well, I've always got my solid-gold Honorary Life Membership card in the Bartenders' Union. Or maybe I could get the Coast Guard to issue my able-bodied-seaman papers. I think I might write, too. Back when I first started, I might as easily have gone into steel-working, or teaching, or exploring, or doctoring, instead of law—and I bet there are a lot of people who wish I had. But you know, it's hard for me even to think about having any other career than law. The law is my muse. She has in her wooing been a jealous mistress, but my courting of her these 30 years has been an exhilarating time.



"Look at the creeps who favor capital punishment; you get the feeling they want to be the ones to pull the switch. Dick Nixon is all out for it; I can't think of a better argument for its abolition."



"I'm for hire. I'll defend anyone who comes to me—even the president of the Bar Association suing a guy for accusing him of being in favor of civil rights, due process of law and against wire tapping."



"I've endured my share of slings: 'Belli's a nut, a charlatan, an egomaniac.' Sure, I'm flamboyant; I can afford to be—I'm a damn good lawyer. You've got to ring the bell to get the people into the temple."

CAPITOL E-3748

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives

FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SUBCOMMITTEE

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

RAYBURN HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING, ROOM B371-B

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20518

May 20, 1965

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. ECOVER:

I have been informed that Mr. John Mohr, Assistant to the Director and Mr. Ivan W. Conrad, Assistant Director, FBI Laboratory will appear as your agency's representatives at the Foreign Operations and Government Information Subcommittee's hearing on the use of polygraphs as "lie detectors", which will begin on Tuesday, May 25, 1965. The Subcommittee welcomes this testimony to aid in the study of all aspects of polygraphy, including claims of reliability and validity, training program, and potential invasions of privacy. If there are any other FBI officials who exercise responsibility in these areas, please arrange for their appearance also. In addition, please make available Special Agent Bell P. Herndon for the hearings to discuss the use of polygraphs in connection with the Jack Ruby case and other items.

To help the Subcommittee prepare for these hearings, please provide the following material by Friday, May 21, 1965:

1. All pertinent regulations or directives relating to the use of polygraphs within your agency.
2. All information on the training course for polygraph operators, including curriculum, bibliography and class-room instruction aids.
3. A copy of the waiver which subjects are required to sign indicating their willingness to be interviewed.
4. A biographical sketch on each witness who will appear before the Subcommittee hearings.

REC-110

NOT RECORDED
199 JUN 18 1965

199 JUN 18 1965

XEROX

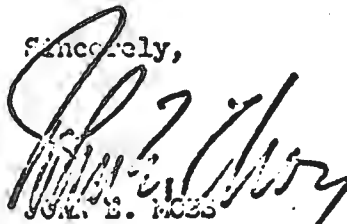
17, 1565

51 JUN 22 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 80-5-1354

Each of the aforementioned items has already been discussed with FBI officials and requested by the Subcommittee staff.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "John E. Foss".

JOHN E. FOSS
Chairman

JEM:kb

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, FBI

May 20, 1965

Nicholas deB. Katzenbach
The Attorney General

FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND
GOVERNMENT INFORMATION SUBCOMMITTEE
(MOSS SUBCOMMITTEE)
POLYGRAPH MATTERS

This is in response to your memorandum of May 19, 1965 concerning the above subject. I concur in your recommendation concerning the [redacted] polygraph in view of the fact that an appeal is pending in this matter.

So far as the Ruby polygraph examinations are concerned, I understand there is material dealing with these examinations in The Warren Commission report and in the attached exhibits. You might wish to point this out to the Moss Subcommittee. In addition, unless you have any objection, I think it might be more appropriate to point out to the Subcommittee that the appeal in this case is in the Texas state courts and the question whether the subcommittee should go into the matter should be taken up with the Texas prosecuting authorities in the first instance.

80-5-1344

EX-100

May 24, 1965

1-Mr. Tolson
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Mohr
1-Mr. DeLoach
1-Mr. Conrad
1-Mr. Jevons
1-Mr. Herndon

44-24016-

Honorable John E. Moss
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

My dear Congressman:

This letter is to confirm the telephonic conversation between Mr. John P. Mohr, Assistant to the Director, and Mr. Denny Koss, General Counsel of your Subcommittee, on May 21, 1965.

With regard to your interest in securing testimony in the [REDACTED], the Attorney General has advised that it will not be possible to furnish such testimony in view of the fact an appeal is pending in this matter.

So far as the Jack L. Ruby polygraph examination is concerned, material dealing with this is contained in the Warren Commission Report. In addition, the Attorney General believes it appropriate for your Subcommittee to contact the Texas prosecuting authorities prior to testimony inasmuch as the Ruby case is being appealed in the Texas state courts.

Sincerely yours,

NOTE: Refer Attorney General's memorandum to the Director dated 5/20/65, setting forth above comments. Subcommittee previously expressed interest in testimony with regard to Partin and Ruby FBI Polygraph examinations. We recommended not to furnish as both cases under appeal. Director noted "OK but clear with Dep't. H."

BPH:sac:ich

(9)

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

70 JUN 3 1965

to 11255 5/25

EX-101
MAY 28 1965

80-5-1344
ORIGINAL FILED IN

6-1-65

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)(P)
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka *Jack Ruby*
IS - R - CUBA

Re Denver airtels to Bureau, 5-18, 28-65;
Bureau airtel to Dallas, 5-21-65; Denver teletype to
Bureau, 5-28-65; and Dallas teletype to Bureau, 5-29-65.

Enclosed to the Bureau are 10 copies of
letterhead memorandum concerning information furnished
by PENN JONES, JR., on 5-28-65. One copy furnished Denver.

As stated in referenced Dallas teletype to
Bureau, JONES was interviewed by two Agents in a Bureau
car in front of his newspaper office and was not at any
time furnished any documents. The information attributed
to him as a source by JOHN RUSSELL FREEMAN was discussed
with him in detail in order to obtain his version.

For the information of the Bureau, PENN JONES,
JR. was the subject of Dallas file 100-9057 (Bufile
100-395874). JONES apparently was the subject of [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] It was further noted JONES was
primarily involved as the victim in Dallas file 157-187
entitled, [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (Enc. 10) (RM)
1-Denver (89-41)(Enc. 1) (RM)
3-Dallas (2 - 100-10461)
(1 - 44-1639)

JBA/bfm
(7)

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199 JUN 8 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-5427



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
June 1, 1965

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On May 28, 1965, the following information was furnished by Penn Jones, Jr., owner and editor of "Midlothian Mirror", a weekly newspaper published at Midlothian, Texas, in reply to information furnished by John Russell Freeman, owner and editor of the "Farmer and Miner", a weekly newspaper in Frederick, Colorado, as set out in Denver, Colorado, letterhead memoranda dated May 18 and 28, 1965. The information furnished by Freeman was discussed in detail with Jones, but no documents were shown to Jones.

Jones first met Freeman in Dallas, Texas, in October, 1963, after Jones had made a speech at the Unitarian Church. The speech had been made against the conduct of the ultra-right wing element in Dallas at the time Adlai Stevenson was a guest speaker in Dallas.

After the speech, Freeman introduced himself and stated he was in full accord with Jones' ideology and wanted to know what he could do in this regard. Jones suggested he purchase a small newspaper with which to publish his Democratic ideas.

Following the assassination of President Kennedy in Dallas, Jones covered the trial of Jack Ruby on a part-time basis as a newsman. Freeman assisted him somewhat by covering part of the Ruby trial.

As to Freeman's statement that Jones has a theory about the assassination that Lee Harvey Oswald was paid a large sum of money to commit the act by two brothers from Texas who are very high up in the Government of the United

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

States, Jones emphatically denied ever having such a theory or ever mentioning to Freeman or anyone else that a large amount of money was paid to Oswald by anyone. He denied knowing any brothers from Texas or anyone else referred to by Freeman.

During the spring of 1964, Jones did visit in Washington, D. C. and met Theodore Sorenson, who was formerly on President Kennedy's White House staff, and had Sorenson autograph a copy of his book, "Decision Making at the White House". Jones had only a brief visit with Sorenson and did not discuss any theory he had of the assassination with Sorenson. Sorenson did not refer him to Attorney General Robert Kennedy.

During the same trip to Washington, D. C., he did contact Attorney General Kennedy for the purpose of having him autograph Jones' copy of a book entitled "Profiles in Courage" written by the late President Kennedy. This visit was very short, and he did not discuss any theory he had concerning the assassination with Kennedy.

Kennedy introduced Jones to his assistant, Nicholas Katzenbach, in order to get rid of Jones. Jones then talked to Katzenbach five or ten minutes, during which time he expressed his sorrow for the assassination. Jones stated he did not discuss any theory he had concerning the assassination with Katzenbach and did not mention anyone he suspected of paying Oswald to assassinate President Kennedy.

He has had no further contact with Katzenbach since that time.

As to Freeman's statement that Jones had much information in his possession which he could document, for example, proof that Oswald was in Atlanta, Georgia, about one year before the assassination of President Kennedy and that a scheduled stop President Kennedy was supposed to make at Atlanta was called off, Jones advised he recalled that President Kennedy was supposed to have stopped at Atlanta but the plans had been changed. He further recalled that according to the news media, Oswald had stayed at a motel in Atlanta where he had left his rifle and had to return for it. Jones continued the news media subsequently stated the story was a hoax and the motel operator had admitted Oswald had not stayed there.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Concerning the "Postal Advisor" who was supposed to have been in Atlanta on the date Oswald was there, as well as being in Dallas on the date of the assassination of President Kennedy, Jones stated he knows of no postal advisor in Dallas or anywhere else as referred to by Freeman and knows of no postal official taking a leave of absence at the time Lee Harvey Oswald was reportedly in Mexico.

Jones volunteered the following information concerning the Jack Ruby case:

He is planning to print a story in his June 2 issue of the "Midlothian Mirror" concerning George Senator, Ruby's former roommate, lying to the Warren Commission. In the Warren report, Senator stated on the date of Oswald's murder in Dallas, after being interrogated by the Dallas Police Department, he was released. He then went to the TV Bar, where he stayed a while and later went home with Attorney Jim Martin. According to Jones, Senator failed to tell about a conference the same night in his apartment between himself, Tom Howard, reporter; Bill Hunter of a Long Beach, California, newspaper; Jim Koethe, a reporter; and Dallas Attorney C. A. Droby.

Jones declined to furnish his source on this information but stated Attorney Droby and George Senator set up the conference for the purpose of taking pictures and getting the story at Ruby's apartment. Jones pointed out Tom Howard has since deceased with a heart attack, Bill Hunter has also deceased, as well as Jim Koethe, who allegedly had been killed in Dallas by Larry Earl Reno with a Judo chop.

Jones stated he had interviewed Droby concerning the above conference, but Droby did not discuss it other than to state the conference was set up at the request of an unidentified newsman. Droby told Jones he was at the conference but did not hear any conversations as he sat down in the living room while the others walked around the apartment conversing.

6/7/65

AIRTEL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109090)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (62-3588) (P)
RE : PRESIDENTS COMMISSION ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Enclosed for the Bureau is one copy of a newspaper article appearing in "The Midlothian Mirror", Midlothian, Texas, on Thursday, 6/3/65, captioned "The Assassination No. 1 Reopen The Warren Commission."

The Bureau's attention is called to Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 6/1/65 captioned "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka., IS - R - CUBA", enclosing an LHM reflecting information furnished by PENN JONES, JR., on 5/28/65. PENN JONES, JR., is the editor of the "Midlothian Mirror."

The enclosed editorial is being furnished the Bureau for its information and no investigation concerning this editorial is being conducted, UACB.

3 - Bureau (encl-1)
1 - Dallas
RPG:jcg
(4)

LOSURE

NOT RECORDED
199 JUN 16 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109090-4025

Editorial

AN EXPLANATION

The march of events has made us rush this assassination story into print. Other stories will be published on the subject as we get them in shape. We have not finished reading the twenty six volumes of Warren Report testimony and personal contact with many witnesses is time consuming, often difficult, and sometimes impossible.

To the lily-livered liberals in Dallas, extra copies of this paper are fifty cents each. This is the type of exclusive story we have been suggesting could be printed by an honest weekly in Dallas. Both Dallas papers have known many facts on this story for months. The Times Herald will not fight even when an employee is murdered! It must make those employees just glow with pride to be working for such papers.

The Assassination No. 1

Reopen The Warren Commission

As stated in the Warren Commission Report, Captain Will Frits of the Dallas Police Department quoted Lee Harvey Oswald as saying about the killing of the President: "People will forget that in a few days and there would be another President." (V 4, P 225). This editor feels Oswald was wrong on his estimate of the nation's respect. This nation has not yet had a chance to adequately express itself over the assassination, and it may take a full scale war to make them forget.

We have been critical of the Warren Report, but we are so grateful for the many answers in the twenty six volumes of testimony. The answers are there for those who are willing to dig. We have felt from the very first that the final report should not have been made for at least five years. The report was made too soon, and too many important characters were overlooked.

We have steadily maintained that much study was needed concerning the finding of Oswald by Officer J. D. Tippett. All the police radio dispatcher could tell Tippett was that the suspect was "a white male about 30, slender build, height 5 feet 10 inches, 165 pounds." (Vol. 4, page 184). No clothes description, no color of hair or eyes could be given. Even though there must have been several thousand men in Oak Cliff who would fit this description, Tippett found the right man in a remarkably short time.

ENCLOSURE

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

2

"Midlothian Mirror"
Midlothian, Texas

Date:

Edition:

Author:

Editor: Penn Jones, Jr.

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

Tippett knew how to kill. He is alleged to have killed a seventeen year old Negro burglar suspect about a year before he himself was killed. The burglar was running from the scene when hit in the back by a bullet alleged to be from Tippett's gun.

After reading thousands of pages of testimony, we have found what seems to be an important withholding of evidence.

This evidence forces us to plead for a revival of the Warren Commission for more study and consideration concerning the assassination. The evidence concerns the testimony of George Senator, self classified as a beggar (vol. 14, page 308), the roommate and admitted "boyfriend" (vol. 14, page 312) of Jack Ruby. The discrepancy concerns a meeting in Ruby's and Senator's apartment on Sunday night, November 24, 1963 after Ruby killed Oswald.

After what has happened to those present at the meeting, one can presume it was an important meeting on that Sunday night. At least six persons were present for the meeting and three of them have died strangely. A reasonable man would wonder if Senator accidentally revealed something important that particular night.

On April 22, 1964, George Senator was being questioned by the Warren Commission on Senator's activities that Sunday after the killing of Oswald. Leading the questioning in Washington was Messrs. Burt W. Griffin and Leon D. Hubert, Jr., assistant counsel of the President's Commission. Dr. Alfred Goldberg, historian, was present. Volume XIV page 256 reads in part:

Mr. Hubert: All right, let's continue from the point that you left the jail. Did you meet anyone?

Mr. Senator: Yes.

Mr. Hubert: Who?

Mr. Senator: I was with Jim. I met Jim Martin and another attorney who I had only met for the first time and I don't remember his name.

Mr. Hubert: They were waiting for you or you met them outside?

Mr. Senator: They told me they would meet me somewhere.

Mr. Hubert: Where was that?

Mr. Senator: We met at a bar across the street from the courthouse.

Mr. Hubert: Do you know the name of the bar?

Mr. Senator: I think it is the TV Bar.

Mr. Hubert: The message you had was that they would meet you there, is that right?

Mr. Senator: Yes.

Mr. Hubert: And you did go there and talked to Martin and the other lawyer?

Mr. Senator: Yes; the other attorney.

Mr. Hubert: How long were you with them?

Mr. Senator: If I recall right, I would say we sat in that bar and had two or three beers, if I remember right. I think I said to Jim "I don't have a place to sleep or a place to go" because I was afraid to go home.

Mr. Hubert: You told that to Jim Martin?

Mr. Senator: I told that to Jim, and I believe—wait a minute now—I believe, I am not sure but I think I went to his house and he said he would put me up on the couch if I was afraid to go anywhere, which I was. From there on in I was afraid to go home.

Mr. Hubert: Why?

Mr. Senator: Why was I afraid to go home? Well, I was just scared, that is all.

Mr. Hubert: Scared of what?

Mr. Senator: I don't know of what, but I was scared.

Mr. Hubert: Obviously you were scared that somebody might try to hurt you?

Mr. Senator: Very possibly, yes; or something like this. Now who or what I don't know but that was the instinct I had. As a matter of fact I was scared for about 10 days after that.

Mr. Hubert: You mean you were scared for 10 days after being—

Mr. Senator: In other words, for about 10 days I was afraid to sleep in the same place twice. Who I was to fear I don't know, but just the normal thing, I was afraid.

Mr. Hubert went back to the point on page 259 when he asked:

Mr. Hubert: After that Sunday night when you talked to the lawyers for a while, you went home I understand to Jim Martin's?

Mr. Senator: If I remember right, I'm not sure but I think Jim put me up because I was afraid to go home and I didn't have a place to go to. If I remember right I think he did. I think I went to his apartment, his home rather.

Mr. Hubert tried a third time as shown by the questioning below:

Mr. Hubert: You didn't see Tom Howard that night?

Mr. Senator: I don't know if I did or not. I don't remember if I saw him or not that night.

Mr. Hubert: Did you go to bed early?

Mr. Senator: You see I can't quote if I did or didn't. I just don't remember if I did or didn't. I just don't remember if I did.

Mr. Hubert: Do you remember what time you went to bed at Jim Martin's house?

Mr. Senator: No; it could have been 11, 12. I don't know.

Mr. Hubert: As I remember it, you said you met them at about 6 or 7. It was dark in any case?

Mr. Senator: Yes; something like that.

Mr. Hubert: You stayed about a half hour in the beer place?

Mr. Senator: It may have been a half hour, it may have been an hour, I don't know.

Mr. Hubert: And you left and went to Jim Martin's?

Mr. Senator: I believe we went to Jim Martin's house. I think that I slept there that first night.

Mr. Hubert: Did you meet anyone else that first night or speak to anyone else that first night, that is November the 24th, 1963?

Mr. Senator: November 24?

Mr. Hubert: Yes.

Mr. Senator: Are you talking about Friday?

Mr. Hubert: No, November 24 was a Sunday.

Mr. Senator: No; because I was wrapped up. I was wrapped up in the courthouse all that day.

Mr. Hubert: No. I mean to say after you left the beer parlor, which I think you said was the TV Bar?

Mr. Senator: Yes.

Mr. Hubert: You said you think you went to Jim Martin's house?

Mr. Senator: I don't remember if I met Tom Howard. I just don't remember the incident but I am almost certain that I went there to sleep.

Mr. Hubert: You went to Jim Martin's house?

Mr. Senator: Yes.

Mr. Hubert: What I am asking you is that prior to the time

Mr. Senator: Did we meet anybody else?

Mr. Hubert: Yes.

Mr. Senator: I don't think so, I don't remember but I don't think so.

Mr. Hubert: Let's come then to Monday morning.

Then Mr. Griffin of the Commission took a turn at asking about Howard:

Mr. Griffin: Was Tom Howard at the TV Bar at that time?

Mr. Senator: I don't remember. I remember there was Jim, there was this other attorney, but I don't remember if Tom was or not. In other words, I don't want to quote and say he was or wasn't because I just don't remember. He may have been now. He may have been there. I just can't think if he was or not that night. He may have been.

Shortly after dark a meeting took place in Ruby's and Senator's apartment in Oak Cliff. George Senator and Attorney Tom Howard were present and having a drink in the apartment when two newsmen and two attorneys arrived. The newsmen were Bill Hunter of the Long Beach (Cal.) Press Telegram, and Jim Koethe of the Dallas Times Herald. Attorney C. A. Droby of Dallas arranged the meeting for the two newsmen.

Droby insists that he only arranged the meeting. He says he did not accompany the other five men on a tour of the apartment, nor did he hear any of the conversation which went on. But the lives of three who accompanied Senator about the apartment have been taken.

We learned this week that Attorney Jim Martin, close friend of George Senator, was present for the apartment meeting. Martin did not testify before the Warren Commission, but he told this editor he heard the conversations during the visit of the newsmen. He could not remember anything that was said, but he was sure there was nothing significant. "Certainly there was nothing said that would make Senator lie about."

We asked Martin if he did not feel it was unusual for Senator to call Martin about the killing of Oswald before the announcement was made that Ruby had done the shooting. (vol. 14 page 245) Martin said this editor was wrong, but later said: "You are telling me something I didn't know about."

We asked Martin if he did not feel it was unusual for Senator to forget the meeting while testifying in Washington on April 22, 1964 since Bill Hunter, who was a newsman present at the meeting, was shot to death across the nation in Long Beach, California that very night. Martin grinned and said:

"Oh, you are are still looking for conspiracy."

We nodded yes and he said: "You will never find it."

We asked: "Never find it, or not there?"

He added soberly: "Not there."

(The string of amazing coincidences continues to grow. Someday a list must be compiled, and fed to a computer to get the fantastic odds for such things happening with such perfect timing and placement to produce the assassination.)

Bill Hunter, a native of Dallas and an award winning newsman in Long Beach, was reading a book after 11 p.m. in the police station called the "Public Safety Building". Two policemen going off duty came into the press room and one shot Hunter through the heart at range officially ruled to be "more than three feet". The policeman said he dropped his gun, and it fired as he picked it up, but the angle of the bullet caused him to have to change the story to one of quick draw with his fellow officer. The other officer testified that he had his back turned when the shooting took place.

Hunter had written:

Within minutes of Ruby's execution of Oswald before the eyes of millions watching television, at least two Dallas attorneys appeared to talk with him.

"He didn't tell us anything," one of the attorneys told the press after the first brief meeting. "He just listened. He paid for advice."

Hunter was quoting Tom Howard who died of a heart attack just a few short weeks ago here in Dallas. Howard was acting strangely to his friends two days before his death. He was taken to the hospital by "a friend." No autopsy was performed.

Dallas Times Herald reporter Jim Koethe was killed by a karate chop to the throat just as he emerged from a shower in his apartment in Dallas on September 21, 1964. His murderer was not indicted.

What went on in that meeting? Few are left to tell, and no one in authority to even ask the questions since the Warren Commission has made its final report and closed the investigation. As Oswald said: "People will forget that in a few days, and there would be another President."

Memorandum

Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO : J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE: JUL 8 1965

FROM : Nicholas deB. Katzenbach
Attorney General

SUBJECT: Public disclosure of Warren Commission records

In a memorandum of February 8, 1965, I requested an expression of your views with regard to public disclosure of unpublished documents that were furnished to the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy by the Bureau.

Following a review of your recommendations and the recommendations of the heads of other interested departments and agencies, I submitted a memorandum to McGeorge Bundy, Special Assistant to the President, proposing certain guidelines for determining which of those documents should be made available to the public. By a memorandum of April 19, 1965, Mr. Bundy approved those guidelines and asked me, in coordination with the National Archives, to instruct the appropriate agencies to conduct a review of pertinent documents in accordance with those guidelines and to complete that review by September 1965.

In order to facilitate this review, the National Archives has prepared a list of the documents which are in the files of the President's Commission which were submitted by, or originated in, the Bureau. This list includes only the documents that were not published by the Commission and those that could readily be determined to have been published only in part.

It is requested that you arrange for the prompt examination of the listed documents with a view to authorizing the removal of existing restrictions on public availability of as many of those documents as possible.

EXP. PROC.

NOT RECORDED

199 JUL 22 1965

TO JUL 22 1965

JUL 8 1965
51 AUG 13 1965

62-10990-459

The guidelines approved by Mr. Bundy, which are set forth in the attachment to this letter, should be applied in making the required determinations.

The document-by-document review that this procedure requires may be undertaken on the basis of file copies of documents which were retained in the files of the Bureau, or, since all records of the President's Commission have been transferred to the National Archives, the Archivist will arrange to give your representative access to the listed documents if that procedure would be more convenient. At the conclusion of your review, a copy of the enclosed list, marked so as to show which documents may be made public and which must remain closed for the time being, is to be sent to Dr. Wayne C. Grover, Archivist of the United States. With respect to items that must be withheld from the public, please indicate the letter or number of the item in the attached guidelines that best describes the Bureau's reason for such withholding..

It is essential that the Archivist of the United States receive a reply by August 15, 1965, since a report to the White House must be prepared and submitted by September 1 on the overall status of accessibility to the records of the Commission. In order to avoid any unnecessary delay in this regard, I suggest that you send your reply to the Archivist. If any questions or problems arise in the course of the review, your representative should contact Dr. James B. Rhoads, Assistant Archivist for Civil Archives, whose telephone number is code 13, extension 22442.

I am aware of the difficulties inherent in this undertaking, but the public interest in these documents, and the determination of the White House Office that they be disclosed to the fullest extent consistent with the national security, sound public administration, and the rights of individual privacy, require that this assignment be accomplished with care and dispatch.

GUIDELINES FOR REVIEW OF MATERIALS SUBMITTED TO
THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

1. Statutory requirements prohibiting disclosure should be observed.
2. Security classifications should be respected, but the agency responsible for the classification should carefully re-evaluate the contents of each classified document and determine whether the classification can, consistently with the national security, be eliminated or downgraded.
3. Unclassified material which has not already been disclosed in another form should be made available to the public on a regular basis unless disclosure--
 - (A) Would be detrimental to the administration and enforcement of the laws and regulations of the United States and its agencies;
 - (B) Might reveal the identity of confidential sources of information and impede or jeopardize future investigations by precluding or limiting the use of the same or similar sources hereafter;
 - (C) Would be a source of embarrassment to innocent persons, who are the subject, source, or apparent source of the material in question, because it contains gossip and rumor or details of a personal nature having no significant connection with the assassination of the President;

ENCLOSURE

(D) Would reveal material pertinent to the criminal prosecution of Jack Ruby for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, prior to the final judicial determination of that case.

Whenever one of the above reasons for nondisclosure may apply, your department should, in determining whether or not to authorize disclosure, weigh that reason against the overriding policy of the Executive Branch favoring the fullest possible disclosure.

Unless sooner released to the public, classified and unclassified material which is not now made available to the public shall, as a minimum, be reviewed by the agency concerned five years and ten years after the initial examination has been completed. The criteria applied in the initial examination, outlined above, should be applied to determine whether changed circumstances will permit further disclosure. Similar reviews should be undertaken at ten-year intervals until all materials are opened for legitimate research purposes. The Archivist of the United States will arrange for such review at the appropriate time. Whenever possible provision should be made for the automatic declassification of classified material which cannot be declassified at this time.

**Congress of the United States
House of Representatives**

Washington, D. C.

July 29, 1965

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF
AUDREY W. STRIM
EXECUTIVE
IN CHARGE OF J. J. JONES
225 FORD
JOHN D. TYSON
LEGISLATIVE ASSISTANT
JEANNETTE CHELSEBROUGH SOWERS
SUSAN M. TRACEY
VERA BISHOP
MARY ALICE MEDGE
SECRETARIES

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington 25, D. C..

Gentlemen:

I enclose herein a July 26 letter which I have received from [REDACTED] Street, Jacksonville, Florida. On page four of his letter, he requests that I contact the F.B.I. concerning a suggestion he has made in connection with Jack Ruby. I will appreciate your advices in this matter so that I may properly reply to my constituent.

Thanking you and with kindest regards,
I am

Sincerely,

Charles E. Bennett

CEB/sht

Enclosure

P.S. Please return the enclosed letter when its purpose has been served as I have not retained a copy for my file.

ENCLOSURE

EXP. PROC.
30 JUL 30 1965

REC-18

2117

1 JUL 30 1965

COBRESPONDENCE

TRUE COPY

Mon. July 26, 65.
Jax. 6, Fla.

Congress of the United States.
House of Rep.
Honorable Charles E. Bennett.

Dear Sir:-

I have recieved all your letters and words can't express my feeling, knowing I have a friend like you, that will try and help any-way he can. The only thing I know too say is;

Thank you and God; Bless you.

I know you are a busy man, but when a person has no living relation on this earth. The only one I have too fall too is, God and my friends.

You have been wonderfull. The Doctors here in Jacksonville and my friends have been wonderfull.

I know I have some of the best friends a person could have on this earth.

When I was 22 yrs. old. I was working for the Ind'polis Power & Light Co. One day I fell 26 ft. lit standing up. I busted my right, broke my right ankle and brused the pelvic region on the right side.

I went back too work. About 8 months later I started having Epileptic sesures.

They laid me off from work. I did not know, at the time the fall could have caused them.

I could not get a job.

My Father was in the U.S. Army in Plattsburg N. Y.

I joined the Army, hoping I would get well. I lied to them when I joined. They ask me if I were subject of Epilepsy I told them no.

They sent me too Plattsburg N. Y. I had those attacks, they sent me to Fort Slocum N. Y. Their I stayed untill they gave me a disonorable discharge and sent me back to Ind'polis Indiana.

ld not hold a job.

My Aunt & Uncle had me sent too New Castle Indiana.
The Indiana Village for Epileptic.

I was their 9 months. They gave me the same medicine
I was taking all the time.

I didn't have the attacks too often and they taught me how
too care for an Epileptic.

They gave me a rubber pad too carry in my pocket a small
box of napkins So when one had an attack. I would place the rubber pad
between their teeth, turn them over on one side, so they would not swallow
their tongue or break off their teeth.

I left their one day; because they could not do any more
than give me the medicine.

I needed food & clothes.

I got by with stick-up and robbery for all most two years.

I never robbed a place that wasn't insured. The people got
their money back.

I think that was why the Judge gave me 1 too 5 yrs.

No one would sign my parole, because they knew I could
not hold a steady job.

I did 5 years in the Indiana State Reformatory. From 1934
too 1939.

I came too Jacksonville a few day I had one of those spells.

A friend referred me too Dr. C. C. Collins Sr.

I talked too him. He prescribed a different medicine.

It helped me. By his help I managed too work part-time,
sanding & finishing floors.

16 yrs ago when I got my leg burned I talked too Doctors from
the John Hopkins Hospital and the Male Brothers Clenic.

Dr. C. C. Collins Sr. here in Jacksonville came closer
finding the cause than any Doctor I talked.

He said that fall I had could have brused or sprained the
Pelvic Region.

be carefull. He said, work when I could, take medicine, and

I learned too Sand-floors when I was about 18 yrs. old.

That is what I did, when I could.

The men I worked for turned in my Social Security, and when I worked for myself, I turned it in.

I never could work regular.

In 1959 Dr. C. C. Coffins Sr put me on complete disability.

No chest expansion and weighed 108 lbs.

He said if I did not stop. I would not be here long.

I ask him about going too a rest home. He said. It would be better I did not. For the people in the home would learn I had Epilepsy and it would worry them.

I have been ashamed of my disonorable discharge and my past record all my life and have wanted too repay too my country in some way.

I believe, I have the way.

I don't believe that Joh Ruby was any more Epileptic than Winston Churchill was.

You see the public shuns people subject of those attacks. If they know it. If one of his girls saw him have one. She would tell one and after while their just would not be no girls.

For the public thinks a person having Epilepsy, could be something wrong with the brain. A little off. Or lots of things.

I checked on my Mothers side of the family and my Fathers side.

There is no inherence.

He knew and his leader knew here in the U.S.A. He did not want to plead insane.

So that was his only chance too live.

They knew here in U.S.A. the Law will not give the gas chamber or the Electic - Chair to an Epileptic or Insane person.

That was his only chance too live.

If you will talk too the F.B.I. Let me talk too them, have it arranged so I could be put in prison next too him. Only have bars between us.

He could talk to me. Me.to him. And if he had an Epileptic Spell.

I would call the guard when he had one and he could also call the guard for me.

I believe if their is any-one could find out who his leader is I can.

Talk too them. I will be willing too talk too any Doctor psychologist or FBI. That you wish.

My past is true.

His leaders will check my past before he talks. I know that.

But me with a Disonorable Discharge from the Army.

5 yrs in prison.

Subject of Epilepsy.

I believe I have a pretty good chance.

I would be willing too give it a try for a couple of years.

5 years. if Nesseary, too find out who his leader is in this country.

If nesseary I will make him believe I don't like this country.

When God calls for me. The county or State will have too bury me.

If I could get him too talk, find out who he was working for. I would be the happiest man in the world.

July 17, 1962 over at the Duval-Medical Center; God, showed me what Supreme Being is.

Supreme Being is, 4 words.

Talking Through Man.

I had that experience and money could not buy it.

I talked too a Psychologist over their about it, how it happened.

He only wished, he was as close to God; as I am.

He said, I have told the truth somewhere and as long as I tried too do what was is right, God would help me and I have noticed that in about 10 or 12 different ways.

I would smile to myself and say. Thank you God.

It is wonderful, too have him helping too. Bleieve me.

See if you can arrange it; for me.

Yours truely

[REDACTED]

Please Read in private only.

House of Reps.
Honorable Charles E. Bennett.

Dear Sir:-

I have received all your letters and words can't express my feeling, knowing I have a friend like you, that will try and help any way he can.

The only thing I know too say is;

Thank you and God! Bless you.

I know you are a busy man, but when a person has no living relation on this earth. The only one I have too fall too is, God and my friends.

You have been wonderful! The Doctors here in Jacksonville and my friends have been wonderful!

I know I have some of the best friends a person could have on this earth.

When I was 22 yrs. old, I was working for the Insular Power & Light Co.

One day I fell 26 ft. hit standing up. I busted my right, broke my right ankle and bruised the pelvic region on the right side.

I went back too work, About 8 months later I started having Epileptic Seizures.

They laid me off from work. I did not know, at the time the fall could have caused them.

I could not get a job.

My Father was in the U.S. Army in

I joined the Army, hoping I would
get well. I lied to them when I joined.
They ask me if I were subject of Epilepsy
I told them no.

They sent me too Clatsburg N.Y.
I had those attacks, they sent me to
Fort Slocum N.Y. There I stayed until
they gave me a honorable Discharge and
sent me back to Snappers Indiana.

I could not hold a job

My Aunt & Uncle had me sent there too New
Castle Indiana. The Indiana Village for
Epileptic.

I was there 9 months. They gave me the
same medicine I was taking all the time.

I didn't have the attacks too often
and they taught me how to care for an
Epileptic.

They gave me a rubber pad too carry
in my pocket a small box of napkins
so when one had an attack. I would place
the rubber pad between their teeth, turn
them over on one side, so they would not
swallow their tongue or break off their
teeth.

I left there one day, because they
could not do any more than give me the
medicine.

I needed food & clothes.

I got by with stick-up and Robbery for
all most two years.

I never robbed a place that wasn't
insured. The people got their money back.

leave me 1 for 5 yrs.
No one would sign my papers, because
they knew I could not hold a steady job.
I did 5 years in the Indiana State
Reformatory. From 1934 to 1939.

I came to Jacksonville a few days
I had one of those spells.

A friend referred me to Dr. E. C. Collins Jr.
I talked to him. He prescribed a
different medicine.

It helped me. By his help I managed
to work part-time, sanding & finishing
floors.

16 yrs. ago when I got my leg burned
I talked to Doctors from the John Hopkins
Hospital and the Male Brothers Clinic.

Dr. E. C. Collins Jr. here in Jacksonville
came closer finding the cause than any
Doctor I talked.

He said that fall I had could have
bruised or sprained the Pelvic Region.

He said, work when I could take the
medicine, and be careful.

I learned to sand floors when I was
about 18 yrs. old.

That is what I did, when I could.

The men I worked for turned in my
Social Security, and when I worked for my-
self I turned it in.

My nerves could work regular.

In 1959 Dr. E. C. Collins Jr. put me on
Complete Disability.

My chest expansion and weighed
148 lbs.

He said if I did not stop, I would

home; He said. It would be to the detriment of the people in the home would learn of his epilepsy and it would worry them.

I have been ashamed of my dishonorable discharge and my past record all my life and have wanted to repay to my country in some way.

I believe, I have the way.

I don't believe that John Ruby was any more epileptic than Winston Churchill was.

You see the public shuns people subject of those attacks. If they know it. If one of his girls saw him have one. She would tell one and after while their first would not be no girls.

For the public thinks a person having epilepsy, could be something wrong with the brain. A little off. Or lots of things.

I checked on my Mothers side of the family and my Fathers side.

There is no inheritance.

He knew and his lawyer knew him in the U.S.A. He did not want to plead insane.

So that was his only chance too five.

They knew here in U.S.A. the Law will not give the Gas Chamber or the Electric Chair to an epileptic.

That was his only chance too five.
If you will talk too the F.B.I.
Let me talk too them, have it arranged
so I could be put in prison next
too him. Only have bars between us.
He could talk to me, me to him.
(And if he had an Epileptic Spell.)

I would call the guard when he had
one and he could also call the guard
for me.

I believe if there is any one
could find out who his leader is
I can.

Talk too them. I will be
willing too talk too any Doctor
Psychologist or F.B.I. That you wish

My part is true.

His leader will check my part before
he talks. I know that.

But me with a Reasonable Discharge
from the Army.

5 yrs. in prison.

Subject of Espionage.

I believe I have a pretty good
chance.

I would be willing to give it
a try for a couple of years.

5 years, if necessary, too find out
who his leader is in this Country.

If necessary I will make him believe I
don't like this Country.

to State will have too hard on me.

If I could get him too fast, find out who he was working for, I would be the happiest man in the world.

July 17, 1962 Over at the Naval Medical Center; God showed me what Supreme Being is.

Supreme Being is, 4 words.

God Talking Through Man.

I had that experience and money could not buy it.

I talked to a Psychologist over this about it, how it happened.

He only wished, he was as close to God as I was.

He said I have told the truth somewhere and as long as I tried to do what was right, God would help me and I have noticed that in about 10 or 12 different ways.

I would smile to myself and say, Thank You God.

It is wonderful, too have him helping too. Believe me.

See if you can arrange it, for me.
Yours truly

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Please Read in private only.

REC-18

August 2, 1965

44-2117

Honorable Charles E. Bennett
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

My dear Congressman:

I received your letter of July 28th enclosing
a communication from [REDACTED] of Jacksonville,
Florida.

While the thought motivating [REDACTED]
letter to you is indeed understood, our investigation of
this matter has been completed and the individual your
constituent named is incarcerated by the direction of
state authorities. Therefore, this Bureau is not in a
position to be of help to [REDACTED]

In response to your request, I am re-
turning his letter to you.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosure

1 - Jacksonville - Enclosures (2)

NOTE: Congressman Bennett is on the Special Correspondents' List.
Records of the FBI Identification/reflect [REDACTED] is possibly identical with
the individual born 6/7/06 in Linton, Indiana, who has FBI Number 773924.
(continued next page)

DTP:ejc
(6)

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☒

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

AUG 2 5 32 PM '65
FBI
READING ROOM

Honorable Charles E. Bennett

His records reflect four criminal arrests and five civil arrests. For one criminal arrest he was sentenced to one to five years in the Indiana State Reformatory in the 1930's.

[REDACTED] appeals to Congressman Bennett as a friend to intercede with the FBI to allow [REDACTED] to make amends for his past records by allowing him to be incarcerated in the cell next to Jack Ruby, the assassin of Lee Oswald who assassinated President Kennedy. [REDACTED] an epileptic, claims that Ruby's similar condition will enable him to gain his confidence and ascertain the real motivation of Ruby in killing Oswald.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: 7/12/65

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF WARREN
COMMISSION RECORDS

1 - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. Conrad

1 - Mr. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Trotter

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. McGowan

1 - Mr. Shroder

1 - Mr. Hines

1 - Mr. Raupach

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

Request of the Attorney General

By letter dated July 8, 1965, the Attorney General requested that a review of pertinent documents now in the possession of National Archives relating to the assassination of President Kennedy be made for the purpose of a public disclosure of information on file which has not previously been disclosed. The letter made available certain guidelines which had been approved by McGeorge Bundy, Special Assistant to the President, which guidelines were to be used in making this review.

Material to be Reviewed

The items listed by National Archives for review comprise 202 pages of items and list more than 2000 items for review. It appears National Archives has listed every report that was submitted to the Warren Commission by the Bureau, as well as all letterhead memoranda, all letters and any other written material that was furnished to the Commission, such as the preliminary report consisting of five volumes which was made available to the Warren Commission.

Guidelines for Review

UNREC

- (1) Statutory requirements prohibiting disclosure should be observed.

This appears to apply to national defense information and restricted data, disclosure of which is prohibited by the Espionage Statute and by the Atomic Energy Act.

- (2) Security classifications should be respected, but the agency responsible for the classification should carefully re-evaluate the contents of each classified document and determine whether the classification can, consistently with the national security, be eliminated or downgraded.

6 JUL 22 1965

JRM:mpd (14)

CONTINUED - OVER

62-109090-460

Memo to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen

With reference to security classifications in material furnished to the Warren Commission, we have previously declassified practically all material wherein such a request was received from the Warren Commission. This guideline will be followed in making the review.

(3) Unclassified material which has not already been disclosed in another form should be made available to the public on a regular basis unless disclosure--

- (A) Would be detrimental to the administration and enforcement of the laws and regulations of the United States and its agencies;
- (B) Might reveal the identity of confidential sources of information and impede or jeopardize future investigations by precluding or limiting the use of the same or similar sources hereafter;
- (C) Would be a source of embarrassment to innocent persons, who are the subject, source, or apparent source of the material in question, because it contains gossip and rumor or details of a personal nature having no significant connection with the assassination of the President;
- (D) Would reveal material pertinent to the criminal prosecution of Jack Ruby for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald, prior to the final judicial determination of that case.

Regarding (A) above, there is no problem.

With regard to Items (B), (C) and (D) above, these guidelines will be followed in making the review and the Department will be advised of any situations where because of the application of these guidelines the information cannot be disclosed.

With respect to the Ruby material, a legal decision will have to be rendered by the Department as to whether any of the reports in the Ruby case can be disclosed in view of the pending prosecutive action concerning Ruby.

The guideline indicates that in any instance where the foregoing reasons for non-disclosure might apply, we should in determining whether or not to authorize disclosure weigh that reason against the overriding policy of the Executive Branch favoring the fullest disclosure.

Memo to Mr. Belmont from A. Rosen

The comment is also made that unless the material has been released to the public, classified and unclassified material not now available to the public shall, as a minimum, be reviewed five and ten years after the initial examination (and each ten years thereafter) has been completed. The criteria applied in the initial examination, as previously outlined, is to be applied in each subsequent review.

All of the above guidelines will be followed to the fullest in making our review.

It is to be noted that many of our reports do contain information received from confidential sources where disclosure of same might possibly affect the Bureau's operations. In addition, many of our reports contain data received from banks, telephone companies and other places of business where disclosure could place such business concerns in a most embarrassing position unless appropriate subpoenas were issued for this data prior to public disclosure. There is also the possibility that disclosure of some of the information as now contained in our reports could result in lawsuits wherein the claim would be made that character assassination, injury to reputation, or other miscellaneous claims resulted.

The review will be made by the Domestic Intelligence Division, the General Investigative Division and the Laboratory, and there is a possibility that some of the items may refer to matters handled in the Identification Division and possibly the Administrative Division. Where such applies, these Divisions will handle their own material.

In making this review considerable savings in time can be achieved by having the list furnished by the National Archives checked against the material actually in the possession of Archives in order to make sure that we are reviewing the proper material.

The letter from the Attorney General requested the results of our review be furnished directly to National Archives by August 15, 1965. Due to the circumstances relating to our reports, we do not contemplate furnishing results of our review to National Archives but instead will furnish it to the Attorney General as recommendations and advise the Attorney General that the final decision as to disclosure rests with the Department.

ACTION: A review of this voluminous material is starting today and will be completed as rapidly as possible.

Handwritten signatures and initials:
- A large, stylized signature, possibly "Rosen", with a flourish.
- A signature that appears to be "G. J. Rosen".
- Initials "GJ" and "JR".
- A date stamp: "JUL 13 1965".

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 9/24/65

FROM : SAC, WFO (44-520) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM (DECEASED);
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO:DL)

LETTER ADDRESSED TO SENATORS KENNEDY FROM REV.
JOHNNIE MAE HACKWORTHE.

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and for the Dallas Office a copy of a letter addressed to the Senators KENNEDY from a Rev. JOHNNIE MAE HACKWORTHE.

This letter was referred to the WFO by the Office of Senator ROBERT F. KENNEDY on 9/16/65.

It is submitted for information and whatever action deemed necessary by the office of origin in view of the previous extensive investigation in captioned matter.

WFO indices negative re HACKWORTHE.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 1) (RM) EX 110
1 - WFO REC-49

JFM:vah
(5)

2118
18 SEP 27 1965

SIX

5 OCT 1 1965

5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

The HOUSE OF PRAYER

CHRISTIAN PURPOSES:

Rt. 1, Box 235
Brenham, Texas, USA
August 30, 1965

Support of worthy
christian, missionary,
educational work.

★
Senator Robert Kennedy
Senator Ted Kennedy
Washington, D. C.

Preach, teach publish
the gospel of the
Kingdom of Jesus Christ
to all nations and
to every creature.

★
Sirs:

Distribute christian
non-sectarian
literature, tracts,
King James Ver. Bibles,
correspondence courses.

★ While writing of your brother's assassination in Dallas, Texas, I have had a sudden recollection of where it was that I met Jack Rubenstein...all along his face has been so familiar...but I could never remember where I had seen him.

Counselor, prayer
for sick, Jan. 5:16
Mark 16:18

★ It was while re-investigating the double murder of my step-father and step-mother in Dallas that I remember telling the story to Sheriff Bill Decker who I had known since I was fifteen years old...he was elevator operator in the Dallas County Courthouse where my mother was employed at the time of her murder...her murder was classified as a suicide...and this was not true, as I knew Capt. Will Fritz, Dallas Police, could prove.

Daily intercessions
for Divine guidance
for all in authority.

★ In the proposal for re-investigation Decker recommended a detective to me and arranged for our meeting in the lobby of the Criminal Courts Building, saying he did not want his name mentioned. I now know that that man who I remembered being a Jew with "stein" as a part of his name, was Jack Rubenstein.

Daily Bible Study
searching scriptures.

★ I now claim that Jack Ruby is in danger of his life in the custody of Decker...that Ruby was a deputy of Decker and did odd jobs for him.

SANCTUARY
Jer. 50:5-8
Isa. 32:18
House of Prayer

★ At that time I asked Capt. Will Fritz about the man Decker had recommended to me, and Capt. Fritz said he was not a detective and had a very shady reputation...so I did nothing further.

Upper Room for
tarrying for Holy
Spirit Baptism
Acts 2:17-18

★ It is my believe that Johnson's friend, Stanley Marcus, hired Ruby to hire Oswald to kill John Kennedy...and Oswald had help from the Sheriff's department.

Provide facilities,
1-story
16-room building,
annex, for church
conventions,
Holy convocations.

★ Somewhere in my files I may have the name of Jack Rubenstein written on a piece of paper by Sheriff Bill Decker and handed to me...it would take much research to turn it up...but I believe that if Capt. Will Fritz were questioned, especially if I could be present and refresh his memory, that he will recall it was Rubenstein that Decker recommended to me, and that Fritz did not recommend him.

Youth meetings
Baptismal Pool

★ I urge you to ask for the removal of Ruby from Decker's custody, for if ruby is slain the truth of your brother's death may never be uncovered.

Work of Faith,
The LORD providing.

Sincerely, in the name of Jesus Christ,

The Storehouse
for tithes, offerings.

★
Johnnie Mae Hackworth
Rev. Johnnie Mae Hackworth

Pray with us, Brethren!

★ I remember how flashy that Jew was dressed, and that "stein" was a part of his name...and I am sure that is when and where I met the man now called "ruby."

AME-EMCA
Great Nation

"For the LORD thy God blessed thee, as he promised thee; and thou shalt lend unto many nations, but thou shalt not borrow; and thou shalt reign over many nations, but they shall not reign over thee." Deut. 15:6. "For the nation and kingdom that will not serve thee shall perish; yea, those nations shall be utterly wasted." Isa. 60:12.

Located on U. S. Highway 296, near S. P. underpass, Washington County, 3 1/2 miles East of Brenham, Texas, U. S. A.

ENCLOSURE TO THE BUREAU
(1)

Bureau 44-24016
WFO 44-520

Letter dated 9/24/65

44-24016-2118

FBI

Date: 10/11/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-16601)
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R-Cuba
Bufile: 105-82555

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
Bufile 44-24016

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies of LHM, 10 copies FD-302 reflecting interview with CARY HODGES, 1825 Sylvan Road, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, on 10/6/65 and interview of HARRY DUTT, 1361 Convention Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana, 10/6/65.

Enclosed for Dallas are 15 copies of above FD-302.

Copies of LHM and 302 in this matter are being disseminated to Secret Service, New Orleans and ICG, New Orleans in view of the apparent mental instability of HARRY DUTT.

11 ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (Enc. 20)
2 - Dallas (Enc. 15)
2 - New Orleans
WED/jmc
(7)

D. C. Wick

ENCLOSURE

111
NOT RECORDED
105 OCT 21 1965

12 OCT 20 1965

UNREC

J.W.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

105-82555-5453



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New Orleans, Louisiana
October 11, 1965

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
JACK L. RUBY

Harry Dutt was interviewed on October 6, 1965 at
1361 Convention Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana at which time he
furnished the following information:

Date 10/11/65

HARRY DUTT was interviewed at 1361 Convention Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana and furnished the following information after being advised he did not have to make any statement, any statement he did make could be used against him in a court of law, and before he made a statement he could talk to a lawyer or anyone he chooses.

DUTT stated that he was visiting his nephew in Baton Rouge for approximately two weeks. He advised that on the evening of October 5, 1965 he had been drinking in the bar at the Capitol House Hotel in Baton Rouge and that this time he was accompanied by his nephew CARY HODGES. He stated that he had made a statement regarding JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD but said he was drinking heavily at the time and he does not recall what he said. He stated that he did not know anything about anyone of these individuals except what he had read in the newspaper and that if he had talked about a plan to kill JACK RUBY he could not recall what he said. He advised that he does not know of such a plan. He also stated that he does not know of any plan or plot which might endanger his own life. DUTT stated that he frequently "talks when he is drinking" and cannot always be held responsible while drinking.

He advised that he had met a man named JACK RUBY in Juarez, Mexico about 5 years ago but he does not think, however, this is the same JACK RUBY who lives in Dallas. He stated, however, that he thought he would go to Dallas some time in the future to see JACK RUBY and to "talk to him." When asked how and where he intended to contact RUBY in Dallas he stated that he would "just go to Dallas and ask for him."

He also said that he met LEE HARVEY OSWALD in New Orleans about 5 or 6 years ago, but he does not believe he talked to OSWALD. He stated he just saw OSWALD on the street in New Orleans.

DUTT stated that he has suffered from "neurosis" that he had been confined to mental institutions on several occasions, once in 1945 at the Veterans Hospital, Augusta, Georgia for a mental condition. DUTT stated he had also been treated at the Halifax Hospital, Daytona, Florida on at least 7 occasions between 1955 and 1962 for a mental condition.

On 10/6/65 at Baton Rouge, Louisiana File # 100-16601
44-2064
by SAs WILLIAM E. DOYLE & KENNETH S. OLIVER /jmc Date dictated 10/7/65

He also stated that he had been arrested by the Police Department, Daytona, Florida on several occasions for charges including drunken/disorderly conduct. He stated that on one occasion he attacked 2 Daytona Policemen with an axe when they tried to arrest him. He stated that the police subdued him and placed him under arrest and at the time they also confiscated his rifle.

He stated that he did not own any firearms at the present time but would like to get a pistol one, that would scare some one if he pointed it at them. He advised that he owned a hunting knife which he frequently carried with him.

DUTT stated that he was in total agreement with all the policies of the present administration and that he thought President JOHNSON was a fine president, was doing a good job and was following the policy of President KENNEDY. He further stated that President KENNEDY was the best president we have had.

DUTT stated that his plans for the immediate future were indefinite that he wished to find employment in Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

During the course of the interview DUTT appeared nervous and on several occasions became highly excited. During a portion of the interview in which DUTT related an incident regarding attacking of two policeman with an axe he became excited.

The following description was obtained through observation and interview:

Name	HARRY DUTT
Home address	232 South Seagrave Daytona, Florida
POB	Lancaster, Pennsylvania
DOB	February 15, 1908
Height	5'8"
Weight	120 pounds
Hair	Gray
Eyes	Brown

FBI

Date: 10/6/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)

JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CR

On 10/5/66, the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals reversed the conviction of RUBY for the killing of OSWALD in a unanimous decision. The reversal was based on two points: that RUBY should have been given a change of venue; and that the testimony of Sgt. PATRICK DEAN, Dallas Police Department, relative to oral statements allegedly made by RUBY shortly after arrest should not have been admitted as evidence.

The court relied on Supreme Court decisions in the BILLIE SOL ESTES and Dr. SAMUEL SHEPPARD cases with respect to the change of venue. As to the oral statements attributed to RUBY, the prosecution had relied on same to show evidence of premeditation and therefore to obtain a conviction of murder with malice. Texas law requires any confession made by a person under arrest be in writing. The statements of RUBY were admitted as res gestae. It is noted such statements were made after RUBY had reached his cell following arrest and at a substantial time after arrest. 91

There has been no announcement as yet as to what court the case will be retried in, it being noted that the State District Attorney has fifteen days within which to ask the court to reconsider its decision. It appears doubtful that there will be any reconsideration since the matter has been under study by the court for an extended period. Defense attorneys are quoted in the press as believing RUBY, in a second trial, will be convicted of murder without malice and receive a two-five year sentence.

REC 54

2122

Appropriate press clippings are being forwarded.

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas

HCC:mfr
(4)

EX 108

OCT 7 1966

CC Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

DATE: 10/26/66

FROM : SAC, DENVER (89-41)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
Miscellaneous - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Recently MARK LINE, author of a book criticizing the Warren Commission report, appeared on television on a local show in Denver.

Mrs. JACK (LAURA) COCKON, 12900 East Colfax, The Capri Mobile Homes, Space 2, Aurora, Colorado, telephonically contacted this office on 10/25/66, advising that she had a photograph taken by an unknown former fellow employee of her husband in Dallas, Texas. This photograph was taken very shortly before the actual assassination of President KENNEDY. Mrs. COCKON stated she showed this photograph to some friends who claimed to recognize JACK RUBY as a spectator at this point, which was a short distance from the scene of the assassination of President KENNEDY. Mrs. COCKON stated she had previously telephonically contacted the local television station, KSTV, advising them of this picture. She stated they exhibited interest and said they would send out someone to pick it up. Mrs. COCKON said she gave this matter further thought and concluded she probably should call the FBI.

She was thanked for her call. No effort is being made by this office to obtain this photograph as it is understood that JACK RUBY's presence at a newspaper office in Dallas at the exact time of the assassination has been established.

The above is being furnished to the Bureau and the Dallas Office for information.

1-Bureau
1-Dallas
1-Denver
1-File
(5)

FILE

44-24016 - UNREC

NCU 1

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4234

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: 10/31/66

FROM : J. R. Malley

- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines
- 1 - Mr. Raupach

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS (Bufile 44-24016)

Mr. Charles Simms, Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice, called today and inquired whether the FBI ever had in its possession the gun which was utilized by Ruby to kill Lee Harvey Oswald. He also inquired as to whether, if we did have the gun, a ballistics test had ever been made of this gun.

After checking this matter, Mr. Simms was telephonically advised that the gun utilized by Ruby in killing Oswald was never in the possession of the FBI and it was not known whether or not a ballistics test had been made by local authorities.

It is noted that while the Bureau did conduct a civil rights investigation concerning Ruby's actions in killing Oswald, we did not investigate the murder of Oswald.

1 - 62-109060

JRM:mpd (8)

REC 41

2123

9 NOV 1 1966

62 NOV 8 1966

62-109060

FBI

Date: 11/3/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LITTLE ROCK (44-791) (RUC)

JACK LEON RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. - VICTIM
CR

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is the original
and three copies of a letterhead memorandum which is
self-explanatory.

Enclosed for Los Angeles and Dallas are two
copies each of the letterhead memorandum.

Little Rock plans to conduct no investigation
in this matter.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) ENCLOSURE
2 - Los Angeles (Info) (Enc. 2)
2 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 2) (Info)
1 - Little Rock

VHL:raj
(8)

cc of LHM to Dept by 0-6 (2A0-CRM.DIV)
cc of LHM to ASIS by 0-141
11/9/66

6-Sub 42

44-24016-2124

CC-722

ST-1

NOV 4 1966

NOV 21 1966

F-42

Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

NOV 17 1966



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

215 U. S. Post Office

P. O. Box 1111

Little Rock, Arkansas, 72203

November 3, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

RE: JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On November 3, 1966, Mr. BILL ALLEN, former photographer for United Press, appeared at the FBI Office, Little Rock, Arkansas, accompanied by his attorney, PHILLIP ALLEN, of the law firm of Rose, Meek, House, Williams, Etc., Little Rock, Arkansas. Mr. BILL ALLEN furnished the following information:

Mr. BILL ALLEN is in partnership with a Mr. DUNGAN in the firm of Dungan-Allen Photographers, Inc., with offices at 1008 East Second Street, Little Rock. Mr. ALLEN resides at 5513 South Grandview, Little Rock.

Mr. ALLEN was employed as a photographer by United Press stationed in Dallas, Texas, at the time President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated. His office specifically assigned him to work with and receive his assignments from officials of the Dallas "Times Herald." On the evening following the day that JACK LEON RUBY shot LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the police station at Dallas, Texas, ALLEN was instructed to take photographs of RUBY's apartment. The following individuals were in the apartment at the time ALLEN was there and took photographs:

JIM KOETHE, reporter, Dallas "Times Herald"
Unknown white male, friend of KOETHE and reporter from the Los Angeles, California, area believed to be employed by a newspaper at Long Beach, California

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1/1
ENCLOSURE

RE: JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

GEORGE SENATOR, RUBY's roommate
Two attorneys, names unknown, and would not
know them if he saw them again, possibly
SENATOR's attorneys.

ALLEN states a brief interview of SENATOR took place
at the apartment, but the results did not appear in the paper
the following day, but rather one photograph with his name
appeared in the paper.

On the night of November 1, 1966, ALLEN received a
telephone call from an employee representing himself to be
with "Time" magazine by the name of BEN POE (last name phonetic)
from Dallas, Texas. BEN told ALLEN that "Time" magazine was
doing some research in preparation for an article which was
to be written by BEN JONES. ALLEN stated JONES is a former
Pulitzer Prize winner who publishes a weekly newspaper in
some small town near Dallas. BEN explained briefly to ALLEN
that the "Rampart," a reported right-wing periodical published
in Los Angeles, California, had published some articles
referring to a meeting held in RUBY's apartment the night
that RUBY killed OSWALD. The impression that ALLEN received
from BEN was that "Time" was endeavoring to refute the
articles published by "Rampart" that the group at RUBY's
apartment on the night in question had met there for the
purpose of holding a meeting. BEN also told ALLEN that the
"Rampart" had pointed out that three of the six people
who attended the meeting have since died and was leaving
the impression that their deaths might be significant
because of the meeting.

ALLEN stated that BEN's purpose for calling
specifically was to advise him of the proposed article, but
more specifically to ask him to identify the individual
who is reflected in one of the photographs taken by ALLEN.
ALLEN pointed out that the individual BEN was interested in
is unknown to him, that he showed up in the picture because
of a reflection from a window.

RE: JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM

ALLEN was well acquainted with JIM KOETHE and read the newspaper articles from Dallas relative to KOETHE's murder in Dallas about two years ago. He understands the person who killed KOETHE is currently serving time on a criminal conviction for burglary. BEN told ALLEN that the reporter unknown to ALLEN from Los Angeles was shot by a policeman in Los Angeles, but did not elaborate and that one of the attorneys reportedly died of a heart attack.

ALLEN stated that at the time he was talking to BEN he did not consider the ramifications of his name and whereabouts appearing in the article, but after giving it some thought he has become concerned and wanted to be on record as to the circumstances under which he was among the group at RUBY's apartment on the night in question. He does not know that there was any other group meeting at RUBY's apartment on the same night, but he assumes if the articles in "Rampart" are making an issue of three people who have died since that night that they are referring to the group that was there when he was there on assignment to photograph RUBY's apartment. ALLEN stated he requested BEN not to use his name and he is sure BEN will honor this request, but he did not want to take any chances and have his name appear in an article along with his present address without the FBI knowing that he was now residing in Arkansas.

Mr. PHILLIP ALLEN, attorney, reiterated BILL ALLEN's comment that the purpose for contacting the FBI was to go on record that BILL ALLEN currently resides in Little Rock, Arkansas, in the event^{and} the proposed article by "Time" magazine is printed/may identify BILL ALLEN.

11/16/66

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DETROIT (62-3550) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 11/15/66, RUSSEL ALLEN, white male, age 65, 143 West Van Buren, Apartment 301, Battle Creek, Michigan, appeared at the Battle Creek Resident Agency and advised SA WILLIAM F. MORAN as follows:

ALLEN advised that the information which he was furnishing at this time had come to his attention approximately 18 months prior to this date. He advised that he was furnishing the information at this time because of the recent publicity given to the assassination of President KENNEDY and the subsequent Warren Report. He advised that the information had come to him through a letter written by Mrs. WILLIAM (DELPHIA) ALLEN who is the wife of his brother, WILLIAM ALLEN, who resides at 1019 West Wheatland Road, Apartment 117, Dallas, Texas. ALLEN advised that his brother's father-in-law, JACK TOBIAS, manages an apartmenthouse in Dallas and that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife and child resided at this apartment house prior to President KENNEDY's assassination. ALLEN continued that this letter had been written to either MELVIN or DAVID ALLEN, his brothers, who reside at Battle Creek, Michigan, and that the letter was passed on to him. ALLEN continued that in her letter Mrs. ALLEN had stated that she had learned from Mrs. JACK TOBIAS that shortly before the assassination, OSWALD had abandoned his wife and child at the apartment house and had left them with no money or food. Two or three days after this Mrs. OSWALD had used the public telephone in the hallway of the apartment house and had called someone to come and get her and the baby. On the same date a male individual came to the apartment house and moved Mrs.

3 - Bureau
2 - Dallas (Info)
1 - Detroit
WFM/pjb
(6)

NOT RECORDED
199 NOV 29 1966

67 NOV 30 1966

ORIGINAL FILED IN 105-82555-5514

UNREC

DE 62-3550

OSWALD and the baby together with their personal belongings. Mrs. TOBIAS had stated that she had gotten a good look at this individual and later after the assassination when she saw JACK RUBY's picture in the newspapers she stated that she believed that the person who had moved Mrs. OSWALD earlier was identical to RUBY. ALLEN also advised that this letter had also stated that Mrs. TOBIAS had claimed that she knew no other things which she had not told to the FBI when she was interviewed. ALLEN advised that the letter had either been misplaced or destroyed and that he would make an attempt to determine if it could be located. ALLEN stated that because of this he was of the opinion that RUBY and OSWALD had known one another prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

FBI

Date: 11/10/66

Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
 FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES [REDACTED]
 SUBJECT: BOOK ENTITLED
 "RUSH TO JUDGMENT"
 HARRY HALL COMPLAINANT
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

This is to advise that HARRY HALL [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] telephonically contacted this office on 11/7/66 concerning information he furnished to the FBI and Secret Service regarding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He said the material he furnished to these government agencies in confidence now appears in the captioned book written by MARK LANE.

By way of background, HARRY HALL [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] He characterized himself as a gambler and a sports promoter widely acquainted with individuals in these fields. There is attached a document which furnishes more details concerning his arrests and his background, but he is considered a confidence man by personnel who have interviewed him.

HALL was interviewed while he was an inmate at the Federal Correctional Institution, Terminal Island, California, by SA WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN of this office and SAC GUY H. SPAMAN of Secret Service. This interview was conducted on 11/30/63 at HALL's request, and he advised at that time that his reason for contacting law enforcement was that he desired to get out of the institution and

3 - Bureau (Encls. 5)
 3 - Los Angeles

ACL:lcs
 (5)

ENCLOSURE

100-391117-39

11/18/66

JSE/yr

NOV 16 1966

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

wanted some assurance of this fact before he gave information. No assurance was given him and he furnished information concerning his association with JACK RUBY in and around Dallas, Texas, in the early 1950's. Attached is one copy of the FD-302 dated 11/30/63 setting forth the results of this information. A summary of this material was furnished to the Bureau immediately by teletype dated 12/1/63 directed to Bureau file 44-24016, captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - Victim, Deceased, CR." A copy of this teletype is also attached.

[HALL] advised that although he furnished the information to the FBI and Secret Service confidentially, pertinent details of this gambling scheme operated in Dallas now appears in the book, "Rush to Judgment." As will be noted from the attached material, the information was furnished by [HALL] in hopes of being released from the Correctional Institution and he made no request that this material not be disseminated. SA NOLAN also advised that no request was made that dissemination not be made of this material.

There is attached one copy of pages 237 and 238 of the captioned book which sets forth briefly how [HALL] ran a bet-and-run swindle in Dallas, using the name HARRY SINCLAIR, JR., similar to the information he furnished FBI and Secret Service. [HALL] did not advise of the scheme that when he lost he wrote a worthless check and left town. As will be noted, the information in the book indicates this information was furnished to Secret Service Agents and not the FBI.

[HALL] contends that this disclosure of his scheme now jeopardizes his life as the gamblers in Dallas, whom he bilked, know his true identity and may take retaliatory action.

[HALL] stated that although the book does not mention the FBI as having received this information from [HALL], he, [HALL], contacted the Secret Service but refused to identify the person contacted and Secret Service denied making this material available to MARK LANE. [HALL] says he therefore assumes the material was made available by the FBI.

LA 137-42

It was clearly pointed out to HALL that the FBI did not make this information available to MARK LANE and that the files of the FBI are confidential, based upon the ruling of the U. S. Attorney General.

HALL stated that he is considering obtaining an attorney for purposes of suing the government for disclosing this information to MARK LANE.

As was previously indicated, HALL is well known as a confidence man and is considered by those who have contacted him as an opportunist and will seize upon any opportunity to benefit financially or any other way. For this reason, it is believed that any further contact with HALL concerning this matter would play into his hand and may give him an indication that he has some credence in his complaint. Since the book attributes this information as being told to Secret Service and in no way involves the FBI, it is recommended that no further action be taken. No dissemination of this material was made by the Los Angeles Division outside of the FBI Offices. Those offices receiving copies of this were enumerated to the Bureau by airtel dated 12/5/63 (copy attached).

The above is furnished for the Bureau's information in the event some contact is made at the Seat of Government. The Bureau will be kept advised of any further developments at this point.

11/30/63

On November 11, 1963 [HARRY HALL] an inmate at the Federal Correctional Institution (FCI), Terminal Island, California, was contacted in view of his request to the Secret Service at Los Angeles, California on November 29, 1963 that he be contacted inasmuch as he felt he had information of value concerning JACK RUBY of Dallas, Texas. Present at the interview was Special Agent in Charge GUY H. SPAMAN of the Secret Service, Los Angeles, California.

[HALL] advised that his reason for contacting law enforcement was that he desired to get out of FCI and before he gave any information, he wanted some assurance of this fact.

[HALL] was advised that no such assurances could be given to him and if he had information it should be given to the FBI immediately in view of the fact that to conceal valuable information would in effect be obstructing the current investigation with regard to JACK RUBY. [HALL] was advised that the fact that he did furnish information would be made known to the U. S. Attorney at Los Angeles for whatever consideration he might wish to grant to such an act on the part of [HALL]. He was definitely advised that no promises of any kind could be made to him in this regard.

[HALL] advised that in about the latter part of 1952 or the early part of 1953 he first met JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas. [HALL] was introduced to RUBY by his [HALL] uncle [MARTY FIELD], whose real name is [REDACTED] and who is currently a dealer at the Sands Hotel, Las Vegas, Nevada. [HALL] advised that at that time JACK RUBY was operating a club, the name of which [HALL] could not recall, but he advised that it looked sort of like a shed of some kind and was located in a rather run down neighborhood and RUBY charged admission to get into this particular club.

[HALL] advised that following his introduction to RUBY, he became friendly with him inasmuch as he, [HALL] was busy acting as a "promoter" at that time and JACK RUBY had a Negro entertainer in connection with whom he asked [HALL]

On 11/30/63 at Terminal Island, California File # Los Angeles 44-895 -1
by SA WILLIAM JOHN NOLAN:mjg Date dictated 11/30/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

to see if he could get him a spot on the Ed Sullivan TV Show. [HALL] advised that he never followed through on his promise to RUBY in this regard.

[HALL] noted that in connection with his association with RUBY, RUBY apparently had two places of residence, one of which was quite pretentious and where RUBY lived alone. The other residence which [HALL] also visited, which would be about 1953, was not nearly as elaborate as the first one, but was a place where RUBY apparently kept his files and records. [HALL] advised that at one time he went with RUBY to this particular domicile and RUBY picked up a manila envelope and took it with him to his club. [HALL] noted that during this period, RUBY had a gun with him at all times. [HALL] advised that he has no particular knowledge of weapons and could only identify the weapon that he saw in RUBY's possession at that time as a long-barreled gun.

[HALL] advised that at this time in the Dallas area he, [HALL], had a good thing going. He had gone to Dallas and was utilizing the name of [HARRY SINCLAIR, JR.] and upon his arrival in Dallas, he had contacted a wealthy individual by the name of [DICK ANDRADE], whose background [HALL] knew from contacts that [HALL] had in Los Angeles. [HALL], posing as a member of a wealthy oil family, was able to strike up an association with ANDRADE and through him was able to go to the Petroleum Club in the Baker Hotel, Dallas, Texas. [HALL] advised that he developed this association because of the fact that ANDRADE had a reputation as a heavy bettor and through his association with ANDRADE he was able to be introduced and vouched for to ANDRADE's bookmaking source at Montreal, Canada. This then enabled [HALL] to place extremely large bets without utilizing any money.

[HALL] advised that he took JACK RUBY as his guest to the Petroleum Club on one occasion and explained his set up to RUBY, which impressed RUBY very much. RUBY, when he learned of the scheme that [HALL] was employing, asked to be cut in on it telling [HALL] that as a "Jew" he would have no chance at all in Dallas if he were arrested. RUBY,

however, according to HALL claimed that he, RUBY, at that time had "plenty of juice" going with the Dallas Police Department and could take care of any squawks that might come up from HALL's operation. HALL advised that he cut RUBY in on a 60-40 split with RUBY providing a bank roll of some several thousand dollars that could be utilized to flash around in the presence of DICK ANDRADE.

HALL advised further that in connection with DICK ANDRADE, RUBY advised him that he could get a couple of guys from Chicago and they could set ANDRADE up which would mean a good score for all of them. HALL claims that he declined RUBY's offer in this regard.

HALL advised that at a later time he again was in the Dallas area and stopped in to see RUBY and he was advised by a girl in RUBY's club that RUBY was in Chicago. The girl gave HALL a telephone number where RUBY could be reached, but HALL does not have this number now.

HALL advised that he called RUBY at this number, which was a store selling off-brand merchandise and located on the west side of North State Street about a half block south of Grand in Chicago. HALL advised that the individual who ran this store, whose name he did not recall, had in addition to the material that was on the shelves in front, guns for sale to those individuals desiring them. This individual also had a brother who was an ex-con and who, according to HALL, was running a similar shop some time last year, also in Chicago. In talking with RUBY at this store, HALL advised that RUBY told him he was buying some "schlock", which term HALL defined as a bunch of off-brand junk. He advised further that at this time RUBY was also engaged in the Dallas area in handling gambling action.

It was at this point in the interview that HALL advised that during his association with RUBY over a period of some three years off and on, he became well acquainted with the fact that RUBY was greatly addicted to fried chicken.

He advised further that the original spot that he recalled being operated by RUBY sold fried chicken in a box. He stated that this point came to mind when he saw news coverage reflecting that the spot allegedly utilized by LEE HARVEY OSWALD for his assassination of the President of the U. S. had had chicken remains left behind.

[HALL] advised that following his original introduction, he was with JACK RUBY for a period of four months straight and RUBY was always raising some issue about what kind of a score they could make.

In this connection, [HALL] advised that some time in the period between 1953 and April, 1955, he recalled that while he was at the Petroleum Club, JACK RUBY propositioned [HALL] with a deal concerning H. L. HUNT. According to RUBY, HUNT had a son named "HASSIE", which was not generally known and who at that time was located in Concord, Massachusetts. RUBY wanted to lay a trap for H. L. HUNT through HASSIE utilizing a scheme where [HALL] would pose as a doctor. [HALL] advised that this deal fell through for some reason which he could not recall.

[HALL] also advised that he and JACK RUBY teamed up at that period when [HALL] was posing as [HARRY SINCLAIR, JR.] and beat some gamblers in Dallas, Texas for some \$70,000 to \$80,000, which they split 60-40 to [HALL] and RUBY respectively.

[HALL] advised that in order to build up his front, he went into Nieman-Marcus at Dallas with RUBY and bought a thousand dollars worth of clothes, which he paid for by check issued in the name of [HARRY SINCLAIR, JR.] With his new wardrobe, [HALL] was able to contact those who had been taken by him and RUBY and secured enough cash to go back to the department store the same date and retrieve the check before it was deposited.

[HALL] also recalled that he went to Midland, Texas and stayed at a hotel whose name he recalled as the Sharborough (phonetic) with JACK RUBY, at which time he noticed that JACK RUBY had four guns with him. [HALL] at that time was still utilizing the name [SINCLAIR].

He advised that the trip to Midland, Texas was in connection with the scheme to get the \$70,000 or \$80,000 mentioned above.

Going back to DICK ANDRADE, [HALL] advised that over a period of some months he and RUBY, utilizing ANDRADE's betting contact at Montreal, were able to build up a \$5,000 credit. It was agreed that he and RUBY would go to Montreal to collect and he recalled that he, [HALL] proceeded to Montreal and JACK RUBY stopped off at Chicago. [HALL] recalled that he was paid off by an individual named GORDON at Montreal and also that he, [HALL], on several occasions while staying in Montreal contacted RUBY at the store previously mentioned, located on State Street in Chicago. [HALL] advised that he was able through good betting at Montreal to build up the \$5,000 to almost \$20,000 and he proceeded from Montreal and met JACK RUBY at the Devonshire Hotel located on Ohio Street in Chicago. He advised that a couple named OLLIE and PETE (LNU) were operating the hotel at that time.

In connection with this particular time he advised that he split the winnings with JACK RUBY and on one occasion he went with RUBY to visit a joint run by BUZZY RIVKIN. He also recalls at that time that JACK RUBY met with one DAVE "DINGY" HALPER, also of Chicago, and thinks that this meeting took place at the club run by BUZZY RIVKIN.

[HALL] at this time corrected himself by advising that he believed that RUBY met him at the Devonshire Hotel, but was actually staying at the Croydon. [HALL] advised that he, [HALL] stayed at the Palmer House, Chicago.

[HALL] advised that following this visit to Chicago, he and RUBY flew to Oklahoma City where they registered at the Biltmore Hotel under the name [HARRY SINCLAIR, JR.] They stayed there a couple of days and rented a car and visited the birth place of WILL ROGERS. He remembered that there was a crap game running in that town that RUBY knew about and between them, they took about \$2,000 from the gamblers there. [HALL] recalled that they won this money through some sort of a scheme. He also recalled there were other games at Shreveport, Louisiana following this visit to Oklahoma where JACK RUBY played gin rummy and lost quite a bit of money and gave the guy a check.

[HALL] recalls that on another occasion he was staying at the Dallas Athletic Club, utilizing the name of [SINCLAIR] as a guest of BUDDY FOGELSON and DICK ANDRADE. He advised that all the expenses for both he and RUBY on this occasion were paid for by either FOGELSON or ANDRADE. He advised that they were there for a period of some two or three days and were entertained by two girls who were models from Nieman-Marcus, who had been introduced to them by ANDRADE. He recalled that he, [HALL], gave them \$300 a piece and that JACK RUBY in a fit of temper had hit one of the girls.

In recalling some of his contacts with RUBY, [HALL] advised that some time in about 1954 or just prior to his going to jail in California in April, 1955, JACK RUBY had gone to San Francisco and was going to see him on his way back to Dallas. He recalls that RUBY in going to San Francisco, was going to see one "STONE", a good friend of [MARTY FIELD], HALL's uncle. He advised that STONE was a bookmaker, well known in the San Francisco area and was also engaged in meeting boats at the docks to buy various smuggled goods from the seamen. Also he recalled that JACK RUBY in the San Francisco area was in contact with either HECKIE or SALLIE SCHUMAN about some deal which [HALL] did not know about. He advised that HECKIE SCHUMAN is a well-known bookmaker in San Francisco.

Another incident concerning RUBY concerned one BILL BYERS, a friend of ANDRADE's. BYERS usually played gin rummy at the Petroleum Club in Dallas and thinking [HALL] was a wealthy oilman himself, gave [HALL] a piece of his action in playing gin rummy to the amount of 25 percent of the winnings.

[HALL] recalled that when RUBY visited him in Los Angeles, he made a proposition to [HALL] that BYERS usually carried from \$40,000 to \$50,000 around with him at all times and if [HALL] could come up with information showing he was making a trip anywhere alone, if [HALL] would pass the information along to RUBY, RUBY had a couple of guys who would hit BYERS and split the proceeds 50-50. [HALL] said he agreed to this deal, but his prison term in 1955 interfered. However, he heard later that BYERS had been held up or burglarized a few years later while staying at the Del Charro at Del Mar, California.

He also recalled a deal which concerned a New Years Day when he [HALL] went to Fort Worth, Texas and posing as ED PAULEY, JR., had contacted H. L. HUNT and bet him \$1,000 on five different bowl games. He advised that RUBY was in this scam with him and that he, [HALL], won all five games. He advised that he does not recall the exact year, but two of the games that he does recall are Texas-Tennessee in the Cotton Bowl and Michigan-California in the Rose Bowl. He advised that they collected \$5,000 from HUNT which they split 60-40.

[HALL] advised that he has not had any direct contact with JACK RUBY since about 1955, although he visited the Carousel Club last year while in Dallas and was surprised to see the prosperity that was surrounding RUBY since he had previously seen him. RUBY at that time, however, was not in town and [HALL] did not see him.

[HALL] advised that it was his opinion from his

contacts and knowledge of RUBY that RUBY had some strong motivation for his shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and that the only motivation that he, [HALL], could attribute to RUBY was money or the fear that OSWALD possibly might involve RUBY in the assassination of the President of the U. S. He admitted this was pure speculation on his part and made the offer that he would be willing to go to Dallas, Texas and meet RUBY and was sure that from such a meeting that he could learn from RUBY what motivated him to shoot and kill OSWALD.

LA 44-895

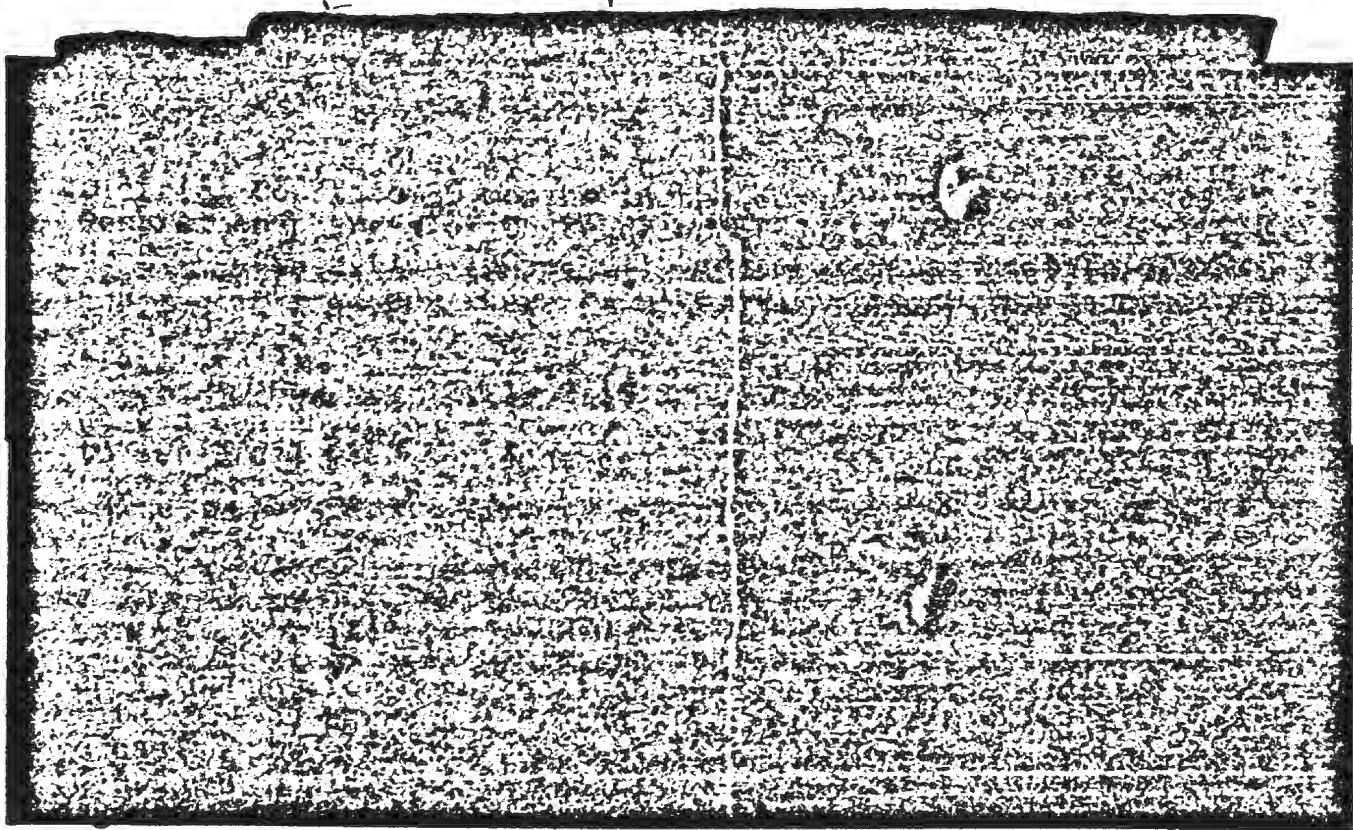
WJN:mjg

1

HARRY HALL, aka
Harry Helfgott, Harry Hiller,
Harry Hunt, Sidney Brinn,
Sidney Brynn, Sidney Brin,
Sidney Bryn, Harry Sinclair, Jr.,
Ed Pauley, Jr.
FBI No. 2956393

HARRY HALL

has characterized himself
as a gambler and sports promoter widely acquainted with
individuals in these fields.



44-295-121

ENCLOSURE

12/5/63

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR
OO: DL

Re Los Angeles teletype 7:16 AM, 12/1/63,
relative to information furnished by HARRY HALL, aka,
FBI #3956393, inmate at FCI, Terminal Island, Calif.

HALL admittedly contacted law enforcement
in the hope of cold-blooded. He is a confidence man.

Review of the FD-302 submitted by Los
Angeles Office reflecting results of interview by
SA WILLIAM JOHN KOLAN and Special Agent in Charge
GUY R. SPANAN, Secret Service, Los Angeles, discloses
HALL apparently has some knowledge of the Dallas -
Fort Worth area and names of prominent people.

DICK ANDRADE, who is referred to by HALL,
was a prominent Dallas oil man prior to his death some
months ago and was known to the Bureau. BILL BYERS
may be identical with a gentleman by the same name,
an oil man of Tyler, Texas, also known to the Bureau.
W. L. HUNT, a nationally known oil man and capitalist.
BUDDY FOULSON is a Dallas oil man, husband of film
and TV star CHEER GIBSON.

3 - BUREAU (ENCS.-4)
1 - CHICAGO (ENCS.-4)
1 - EL PASO (ENCS.-4)
1 - LOS ANGELES (44-395) (INFO)
2 - LAS VEGAS (ENCS.-4)
1 - SAN FRANCISCO (ENCS.-4)
2 - DALLAS
MCC:ech
(11)

44-775-1581

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 5 1963	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

124

44-2016-2126

ENCLOSURE

12/5/63

DL 44-1639

In summary, the information, if true, would establish RUBY as a confidence man and with extensive gambling activities. Such has not been established through hundreds of interviews with persons in all sections where RUBY has resided.

Two copies of the FD-302 and two copies of an accompanying insert relative to HALL are enclosed to Bureau, Las Vegas, El Paso, Chicago, and San Francisco, in view of alleged activities. Two copies of each are being retained in Dallas file but are not being included in a Dallas report unless some information is developed to confirm allegations.

LAS VEGAS DIVISION

AT LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Interview [redacted] aka Marty Field, said by HALL to be his uncle and currently a dealer at Sands Hotel as to his knowledge of RUBY. Attempt through SCHWARTZ to confirm or negate the information as to RUBY's activities.

If he confirms and such activities are subject to verification, set out appropriate leads.

Other offices review material and, if there appears to be any basis of fact so far as such offices are concerned, advise.

A FRIEND OF THE DALLAS POLICE

traffic summons' also shows 'no further disposition'.¹⁰² A charge of assault—'subject involved in fight with complainant for no apparent reason' and 'hit complainant in face several times with fists'¹⁰³—was resolved when Ruby was found not guilty.¹⁰⁴ In all his encounters with the law in Dallas before November 24, 1963, Ruby was exceedingly fortunate.

In some instances a complaint was filed but Ruby was not even arrested. Irvin C. Mazzei, the Western Regional Director of the Associated Guild of Variety Artists, said to agents of the FBI that Ruby told him that 'he had just squashed a complaint against him for beating one of his dancers'.¹⁰⁵ He did it, he told Mazzei, with the assistance of 'his friends in the Dallas Police Department'.¹⁰⁷

Employees and others assaulted by Ruby were unable to get the Dallas police to act. Perhaps one incident is typical. An FBI report stated that John B. Wilson, Jr, a practicing Dallas attorney, said he saw Ruby assault Frank Ferraro without provocation in the Lasso Bar in Dallas.¹⁰⁸ Ruby beat Ferraro badly, probably using brass knuckles, Wilson said, and causing a large amount of blood to flow from Ferraro's wounds.¹⁰⁹ Wilson, fearing that Ferraro might be seriously injured, broke up the fight and looked for a policeman.¹¹⁰ When police officers arrived, they intended 'to do nothing to Ruby' and to arrest Ferraro instead.¹¹¹ Wilson interceded and told the police that Ruby was the aggressor while Ferraro was innocent.¹¹² In the ensuing discussion, the police allowed Ruby to escape.¹¹³ Wilson urged Ferraro to press charges, which Ferraro did, but Ruby was not arrested.¹¹⁴ Wilson said his 'principal impression of the attitude of the police officers was that they were quite willing to arrest Ferraro but were extremely reluctant to do anything about Ruby'.¹¹⁵

Ruby's influence with the police seems to have extended to more than exemption from arrest and conviction. Harry Hall, who told Secret Service agents that he ran a bet-and-run swindle in Dallas, said that he checked into a Dallas hotel, using the name Harry Sinclair, Jr.¹¹⁶ He then would place large bets with wealthy Dallas residents on football games and horse races.¹¹⁷ If he won, the money was his; if he lost, he wrote out a worthless check and left town.¹¹⁸ Hall said that Ruby provided the cash for the operation and 'introduced him to likely victims'.¹¹⁹ Although

* Among the victims, Hall told the Secret Service, was H. L. Hunt, who, he said, lost 'a large sum of money' on the Cotton Bowl and Rose Bowl football games.¹²⁰

RUSH TO JUDGMENT

Hall took the major risks and was the active partner, Ruby received 40 per cent of the takings.¹²¹ Hall explained that Ruby earned his share because of his influence with the Dallas police.¹²² With Ruby as his partner, Hall 'would have no worry about any gambling arrest'.¹²³ Hall knew of Ruby's connections in 'gambling circles' and of Ruby's contacts with the Dallas police.¹²⁴ Yet the Commission did not call Hall as a witness or seek to elicit more information from him.¹²⁵

Walter C. Clewis, the manager of the Municipal Auditorium in Mobile, Alabama,¹²⁶ told FBI agents that he had known Ruby in Dallas 'over a period of several years'.¹²⁷ Ruby had said 'not only to him but to other people in his presence that he could do anything he wanted in Dallas as he had enough information on the Police Department and judges that he could not be convicted'.¹²⁸

Whether Ruby's boast was true or not, the facts show that he was not convicted of any of the charges filed against him during the ten-year period from 1953 to 1963,¹²⁹ and that most of the charges against him were not even processed.¹³⁰ Neither was he arrested for many of the illegal acts that he committed publicly.¹³¹ Why should this have been so? The Commission's unwillingness to explore or even to acknowledge this question has made it difficult for us to find the answer. However, certain Dallas police and court records do offer a clue.

Ruby was arrested on December 5, 1954, for a violation of the state liquor law, and the case was dismissed on February 8, 1955.¹³² The records of the Identification Bureau of the Dallas police reveal that Ruby was arrested at 1.30 a.m. on December 5 by Police Officers E. E. Carlson and D. L. Blankenship for permitting consumption of alcoholic beverages during forbidden hours on a Sunday.¹³³ In the 'Summary of Case' appears the allegation that two persons, named in the document, were permitted by Ruby to drink beer.¹³⁴ The 'Arresting Officer's Report' says that the two officers actually saw beer on the table after hours and that a customer attempted 'to hold the bottle and said that it was her beer'.¹³⁵ The charge may seem trivial, but Ruby was the holder of a retail dealer's on-premises license¹³⁶ and he must have known that his right to continue operating the nightclub was in jeopardy.

On February 8, 1955, a motion to dismiss the case was filed in the County Court and was granted.¹³⁷ It was filed not by Ruby's

11/18/66

1 - Mr. Loyd

Airtel

To: SACs Los Angeles (137-42)
Dallas (44-1639) Enc. (6)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

BOOK ENTITLED
"RUSH TO JUDGMENT"
HARRY HALL - COMPLAINANT
INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReLAairtel to Director 11/10/66.

There is enclosed for Dallas one copy of reairtel and one copy of each of its enclosures.

On Pages 237 and 238 of Mark Lane's book, "Rush to Judgment," he refers to certain statements made by Harry Hall to "Secret Service Agents." Lane does not mention the FBI with regard to the statements attributed to Hall. Lane cites the Warren Commission Report and the Commission's "Hearings" as his source on Hall. Volume XXIII, Pages 362 and 363, of the Commission's Hearings contains a reproduction of a Secret Service report of the interview of Hall by Secret Service and a Bureau Agent.

Los Angeles promptly submit LHM reflecting contact with Harry Hall as set forth in reairtel. Indicate in your LHM that volume XXIII, Pages 362 and 363 of the "Hearings Before The President's Commission On The Assassination Of President Kennedy," Commission Exhibit No. 1753) is a Secret Service report of an interview with Harry Hall. State in the LHM that Mark Lane's book, "Rush to Judgment," cites the above volume at Page 363 as its source for statements attributed to Hall. Also include brief background information indicating Hall's prior criminal record and his own admissions as to his gambling activities.

Reairtel indicates Hall, in telephonic contact with

JJB:sjk
(6)

SEE NOTE - PAGE TWO

5 DEC 2 1966

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Airtel to SACs Los Angeles and Dallas
RE: BOOK ENTITLED "RUSH TO JUDGMENT"
44-24016

Los Angeles Office, contends disclosure of his gambling schemes in the Mark Lane book now jeopardizes his life as gamblers in Dallas, whom he bilked, now know his true identity and may take retaliatory action. Los Angeles and Dallas immediately advise appropriate local police officials as well as Secret Service of [Hall's] fears that his life may now be in jeopardy.

NOTE: [Harry Hall] self-styled gambler, [redacted] has alleged information he furnished FBI and Secret Service in 1963 about his contacts with Jack Ruby has not appeared in the Mark Lane book, "Rush to Judgment." [Hall] contends this disclosure jeopardizes his life as gamblers he bilked in Dallas now know his true identity and may take retaliatory action. He stated he is considering suing the Government for disclosure of the information to Lane.

It was clearly pointed out to [Hall] by the Los Angeles Office that the FBI did not make this information available to Lane. [Hall] stated he contacted Secret Service, which also denied furnishing the information to Lane and he therefore "assumes" FBI gave out the information. Information received from [Hall] was furnished during an interview conducted at his request on 11/20/63.

[Hall] initially contacted Secret Service, which in turn requested Bureau Agent be present at interview as FBI had most recent contact (in 1963) with [Hall] and he was confined as result of an FBI investigation. [Hall's] stated reason for furnishing information was to obtain his release; no such assurance was given; he did not request information not be disseminated; interviewing Agent has advised no request was made that it not be disseminated.

Lane's book reflects [Hall] gave certain information to Secret Service and does not mention FBI. Lane cites Exhibit 1753 (a Secret Service report) of the Commission's Hearings as source of his information. LHM being furnished by LA in order that allegation and threat to sue may be disseminated to Secret Service and the Department. LA Office advises [Hall] is confidence man and opportunist and recommends no further contact with him. He has been clearly told FBI did not divulge the information and Lane's source is clearly indicated in his book.

FBI

Date: 11/21/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (44-895)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, DECEASED
CR

Remyairtel to Bureau 11/10/66 and Buairtel to Los Angeles 11/18/66 captioned "BOOK ENTITLED 'RUSH TO JUDGMENT'; HARRY HALL COMPLAINT; INFORMATION CONCERNING."

Enclosed for the Bureau are 4 copies of a LHM concerning [HARRY HALL] suitable for dissemination.

Copies of LHM have been furnished to ~~U. S. Attorney~~, U. S. Secret Service, and Chief of Police, all at Los Angeles.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 4) (AM)
1 - Los Angeles

LJN:naf ENCLOSURE
(4)

cc - C.A. Unit
cc LHM. C.A.
6-44(C)
11/29/66
JW/H/3/2
1-cc C.A. Unit

FBI-MEM

REC-57 4/1 1-1 2126
NOV 25 1966

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Los Angeles, California

November 21, 1966

BOOK ENTITLED
"RUSH TO JUDGMENT"
HARRY HALL - COMPLAINANT

On November 7, 1966, an individual identifying himself as HARRY HALL, Los Angeles, California, with no street address or telephone number being furnished, telephonically contacted the Los Angeles FBI Office and complained that based on certain statements attributed to him by MARK LANE in LANE's book "Rush to Judgment" he now feels his life may be in jeopardy. He pointed out that pages 237 and 238 of "Rush to Judgment" read as follows:

"RUBY's influence with the police seems to have extended to more than exemption from arrest and conviction. HARRY HALL, who told Secret Service agents that he ran a bet-and-run swindle in Dallas, said that he checked into a Dallas hotel, using the name HARRY SINCLAIR, JR. He then would place large bets with wealthy Dallas residents on football games and horse races. If he won, the money was his; if he lost, he wrote out a worthless check and left town. HALL said that RUBY provided the cash for the operation and 'introduced him to likely victims.' Although HALL took the major risks and was the active partner, RUBY received 40 per cent of the takings. HALL explained that RUBY earned his share because of his influence with the Dallas police. With RUBY as his partner, HALL 'would have no worry about any gambling arrest.' HALL knew of RUBY's connections in 'gambling circles' and of RUBY's contacts with the Dallas police. Yet the Commission did not call HALL as a witness or seek to elicit more information from him."

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

BOOK ENTITLE "RUSH TO JUDGMENT"
HARRY HALL - COMPLAINANT

HALL, who characterizes himself as a gambler and a sports promoter, widely acquainted with other individuals in these fields, stated he was interviewed at the Federal Correctional Institution, Terminal Island, California, by the Secret Service and FBI, at his request, in about November, 1966, concerning his reported former association with JACK L. RUBY.

HALL contends that the disclosure of his gambling schemes in the MARK LANE book now jeopardizes his life as gamblers in Dallas, Texas, whom he bilked, now know his true identity and may take retaliatory action.

It is noted that Volume XXIII, pages 362 and 363 of the "Hearings Before The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY" (Commission Exhibit No. 1753), is a Secret Service report of an interview with HARRY HALL; and that MARK LANE, in his book "Rush to Judgment," cites the above volume at page 363 as his source for statements attributed to HALL.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

TRUE COPY

November 14, 1966

To: Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,

Dear Sir,

It seems that a great injustice has been done to you and the F. B. I agents in regards to the investigation made in the assassination of the late President Kennedy.

After reading and evaluating thoroughly the circumstances of his death, with material, such as, "Inquest" by Edward Jay Epstein & etc. I firmly believe that the F. B. I. was not allowed to complete their investigation because of the time element and authority taken away from your office and given to the Warren Commission.

The Warren Commission should have been given the authority only (as per ethics of judges and lawyers) to evaluate the investigation made by your office. The F. B. I. is a trained organization in the investigating field and the Warren Commission is not. When one part of the team is trained (The F. B. I.) and the other part is not trained (the Warren Commission) in the field of investigation, then there can never be a true and accurate account presented. There is too much overlapping of jurisdiction to contend with, also.

The issues at the present time should not be who is right or wrong (The F. B. I or the Warren Commission) nor on the methods taken either, or any legal red tape but to solve a problem of most importance.

First, the authority to investigate further evidence should be returned to your office.

Second, based upon your further investigation, the Warren Commission should be reopened to evaluate your office's investigation.

I believe strongly that Jack Ruby was the accomplice that fired approx. three shots at the same time Oswald was firing from the 6th floor of the Depository Bldg.

UNREC

62-109090-538

17 11-15-66

I believe Jack Ruby to be located within range to the President's car, close to Zupruder's film from number 313, and fired approx - three shots with the same gun he shot Oswald with later. Only he had a silencer on the gun at the time he shot at the President's car.

Oswald was a decoy for Jack Ruby.

Where was Jack Ruby at the time President Kennedy, et al, were shot at?

Was a test ever made of Ruby's gun in which he shot Oswald with: (a) in connection with the fragments found in the President's car? (b) for markings of a silencer? (c) has he ever been questioned in connection with President Kennedy's assassination and was he ever questioned about owning a silencer?

Ruby shot Oswald, probably with the thought it is better to be tried for killing an assassin than for being an accomplice of an assassin.

The first shot from the 6th floor of the Depository Bldg. hit President Kennedy in the back. The next two shots went wild, one hitting the car (a fragment may have hit Connally's wrist) the other hit the curb (which ricocheted at James Tague, the innocent by stander).

The other shots from Jack Ruby's gun, with silencer, one hit President Kennedy in the throat & went clear through the back of the head, the other shots hit Connally.

Oswald, on the 6th floor was a diversionary method for Ruby who got away without being noticed.

I am hoping that the aforementioned information, which I am submitting to you to use as you see fit, will be accepted only on the sole purpose of it coming from a sincere citizen doing her duty in the best interest of her country.

/s/

Most sincerely,
Mrs. Virginia T. Brockway
Notary Public of L. A. County
11937 Pantheon
Norwalk, Calif. 90650

November 22, 1963

44-24016 - UNREC

Mrs. Virginia T. ~~X~~Brockway
11007 Pantheon
Norwalk, California 90650

Dear Mrs. Brockway:

Mr. Hoover received your letter on November 16th.

He asked me to thank you for your observations and to advise you that all the material developed by the FBI in connection with our investigation of the assassination of former President Kennedy was turned over to the Warren Commission for its consideration. The results of our inquiry into this matter were subsequently made available to the National Archives by the Warren Commission. Answers to any questions you may have concerning the work performed by the Warren Commission or the FBI would be available through review at the National Archives.

Sincerely yours,

Helen W. Gandy
Secretary

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

DFC:ch (3)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

62-109090-538

DR. B. EDWARD BURGESS
PROFESSIONAL BUILDING
2418 TRAVIS STREET
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77008

JACKSON 4-3478
Nov 22, 1966

Governor John Connally
Capitol Bldg.
Austin, Texas.

Dear Governor Connally;

Thank you for your efforts to expose the truth and bring forth hidden evidence concerning the circumstances involved in the Kennedy Assassination. The Warren commission was too obviously inadequate and few people have believed it's report except those who wanted too. The report is about as phoney as the Supreme Courts principle authority in 1954 involving "The American Dilemma".

Many Texas citizens are of the opinion that we are deserving of more responsibility and integrity in both the case of the Warren Commission's Report and in the manner in which criminal justice has been administered in the case of Jack Rubenstein, alias Ruby. All of us who witnessed this murder stand as a peoples court convicting this character, that is unless our television tubes are phoney too.

No doubt the next story will be of V.P. Humphrey cavorting around with the oath of office in his coat pocket.

Will you please keep pressing for the truth in the shooting affair, you owe it to yourself as well as Texas.

44-24016 -
62 DEC 8 1966 NOT RECORDED

B/ 212
cc. F. B. I.
Justice Sup.Ct. Texas.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

EX-100
PROCESSED
38 NOV 25 1966
ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-29900-1

Yours sincerely,

B. Edward Burgess

12/15/66

AIRTEL

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, DALLAS
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka (Deceased)
IS - R - CUBA
OO: DALLAS
(Bufile 105-82555)
(NY 105-38431)
(DL 100-10461) (P)

On 12/13/66, [REDACTED] Dallas, Texas, who was very active during the period of the investigation of the assassination and related events, appeared at the Dallas Office of the FBI and advised SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS as follows, with the understanding that his identity as the source of the information would not be disclosed outside the Bureau:

[REDACTED] has been retained by [REDACTED] magazine to give local assistance in connection with [REDACTED] attempt to develop additional facts shedding light on the assassination and, particularly, whether more than one person was involved and whether OSWALD and JACK RUBY were acquainted. [REDACTED] advised that in this connection, [REDACTED] proposes, within the next several days, to bring one JOE R. HUMMEL (believed identical to JOSEPH ROLAND HUMMEL who is mentioned on pages 469 and 470 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated 12/10/63 at Dallas, Texas, and pages 180 and 181 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated 2/11/64 at Dallas, Texas), identified by

- 4 - Bureau (1 - 105-82555) (RM) (Enc. 1)
(1 - 100-409763) (MARK LANE)
- 2 - New York (1 - 105-38431) (RM)
(1 - 100-118944) (MARK LANE)
- 2 - Dallas (1 - 100-10461)
(1 - 100-10970) (MARK LANE)

RPO:cjh
(8)

105-8255-5532
NOTED IN

[REDACTED] as a "San Francisco queer," to Dallas to make some contacts in the homosexual fraternities. HUMMEL has reportedly previously lived in Dallas and has been used in an undercover capacity by the Dallas Police Department, possibly the Homicide Bureau.

[REDACTED] furnished for reproduction a memorandum dated 11/30/66, to "Billings for Kern, New York," from "Fincher, SanF," a copy of which is enclosed for the Bureau. According to [REDACTED] BILLINGS and KERN are "Life" magazine representatives in New York, and FINCHER is a "Life" representative in San Francisco. The memorandum of 10 pages deals with information reportedly furnished by HUMMEL, presumably to FINCHER, concerning HUMMEL'S meeting OSWALD first in New Orleans, later in Dallas, his meeting with RUBY and alleged homosexual connections between OSWALD and RUBY.

[REDACTED] stated he felt he should advise the Dallas FBI Office of [REDACTED] magazine's intention, and stated he does not personally believe there is anything to the allegations of homosexuality or, in fact, to the allegations of various authors who would raise the question of more than one assassin, and the OSWALD - RUBY association.

[REDACTED] stated that in this connection, he has come into possession of information that FRANK O'CONNOR, former New York District Attorney and Democratic candidate for governor, came upon information a few years ago which identified MARK LANE as an active homosexual participant. LANE, according to [REDACTED] was a former New York Assemblyman, but did not seek a second term after his homosexual connections were discovered and the Democratic organization had prevailed on him not to run for re-election.

[REDACTED] also mentioned the allegations reportedly made by some persons that they saw smoke coming from a point near the railroad overpass west of the Texas School Book Depository Building at the time the assassin's shots were fired. He stated that a GEORGE A. DAVIS, a Union Terminal employee who has not been interviewed, has reportedly stated

DL 100-10461

that the smoke referred to probably came from the motorcycle of a Dallas police officer named HARKNESS.

The above data is furnished the Bureau for its information, and is not being incorporated in an LHM in view of the fact ~~_____~~ specifically requested that it not be disseminated outside the Bureau.

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

Jack L. Ruby has been confined in the Dallas County Jail since he killed Lee Harvey Oswald on 11-24-63. His conviction for the murder has been reversed by the Texas Court of Appeals and it is expected that he will be retried in Wichita County, Texas, early in 1967.

✓
JWH:hw

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 11 1966
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Wick	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

632PM URGENT 12-9-66 FLL

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639) 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM, AKA; CR.

Also known as Left Right

RUBY ADMITTED TO PARKLAND HOSPITAL FOUR FORTYSEVEN PM TODAY,
DIAGNOSIS POSSIBLE PNEUMONIA. DALLAS ^{SHERIFFS OFFICE} SO ADVISES RUBY UNDER APP-
ROPRIATE GUARD.

END

77B5

FBI WASH DC

07MW0 77G---0

REC 5 44-24016 2127

EX-108

12 DEC 12 1966

CC-MR. ROSEN

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

DATE: December 20, 1966

- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

By airtel dated December 15, 1966, the Dallas Office reported that [REDACTED], reporter for the [REDACTED] Dallas, Texas, informed the Dallas Office that he had been retained by [REDACTED] magazine in connection with inquiries being made by [REDACTED] concerning the assassination of the late President John F. Kennedy. [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] Magazine was attempting to determine whether more than one person was involved in the assassination and whether Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby were acquainted.

According to [REDACTED], representatives of [REDACTED] magazine have been in contact with one Joe R. Hummel, who allegedly was acquainted with Lee Harvey Oswald and also claims to know of an association between Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby of a homosexual nature. According to [REDACTED] Hummel is a homosexual and has homosexual connections in Dallas.

[REDACTED] informed our Dallas Office that he personally does not believe the allegations of Hummel, nor does he believe the allegations of various authors who have raised the question that there was more than one assassin and that Oswald and Ruby were acquainted.

During this contact, [REDACTED] also stated that he had come into possession of information that Frank O'Connor, former New York District Attorney and Democratic candidate for governor, came upon information a few years ago which identified Mark Lane as an active homosexual participant. Lane, according to [REDACTED] was a former New York Assemblyman who did not seek a second term after his homosexual connections were discovered and the Democratic organization had prevailed on him not to run for re-election.

105-82555

REL:kmg
(8)

44-24016

NOT RECORDED
10 DEC 20 1966

CONTINUED - OVER

1 - 100-409763 (105rk Lane)
JAN 11 1967

13 DEC 20 1966

105-82555-5531
ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum W. A. Branigan to Mr. Sullivan
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

Mark Lane, New York attorney, is the author of the book "Rush to Judgment," which is highly critical of the Warren Commission Report. We have previously received information that Mark Lane is a [REDACTED] *advis*

A check of Bureau files disclosed that Joseph Roland Hummel appeared at the Dallas Office on November 30, 1963, to volunteer information concerning Oswald. Hummel claimed he first met Oswald in 1960 in New Orleans and again saw him sometime in 1961. Hummel also indicated that he had heard rumors that Oswald and Jack Ruby were homosexuals, but he had no proof of same. During this interview, Hummel admitted to the interviewing Agent that he had been arrested by New Orleans Police for a crime against nature and indecent exposure.

Our investigation of the assassination and of Oswald disclosed that Hummel's allegations were completely false. At the time Hummel claims to have known Oswald in New Orleans in 1960 and 1961, we have determined that Oswald resided in Russia during that entire period. Oswald resided in Russia from September 19, 1959, to June 13, 1962, on which date he returned to the United States and took up residence in Fort Worth, Texas.

ACTION:

None. For information.

Rel *for* *12* *Jo*

*Director advised
12/1/66 -
5*

F B I

Date: 12/12/66

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka -
VICTIM
CR

OO: DALLAS

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 12/9/66.

News reports indicate doctors have found RUBY has cancer on the basis of biopsy of lymph node. Source of cancer not immediately known, but tests underway. Latest bulletin indicates while RUBY's condition serious, not considered hopeless.

News commentators speculate second trial of RUBY will likely be delayed, if indeed he does ever recover sufficiently for trial.

C-5-115

REC-22

2128

EX-115

11 DEC 13 1966

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas
MCC:jam
(5)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

DEC 13 1966

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 12/9/66

FROM : SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

OO: DALLAS

Judge LEWIS T. HOLLAND announced on 12/6/66, the second trial of RUBY will be held in Wichita Falls, Texas, trial date not yet set.

Wichita Falls is the county seat of Wichita County and is 132 miles northwest of Dallas.

Judge HOLLAND, who presides in Montague County normally, was appointed presiding judge in the RUBY matter after Judge JOE B. BROWN, who presided at the first trial, excused himself. Judge HOLLAND will trade benches with a Wichita County judge for the period of the second RUBY trial. There is speculation the trial will begin in February, 1967.

EX-108

2- Bureau
2- Dallas
MCC/wvm
(4)

REC-19

2129

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

FBI

Date: 12/15/66

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka (Deceased)
 IS - R - CUBA
 OO: DALLAS
 (Bufile 105-82555)
 (DL 100-10461) (P)

On 12/13/66, Mrs. MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD telephonically contacted SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING of the Dallas Office of the FBI, at which time she requested FBI assistance to insure that when it is publicly released that JACK RUBY has died from cancer, she be given complete assurance that RUBY is actually in the coffin. She continued that she believes RUBY will be taken out of the country, although it will be publicly announced that he has died and is being buried.

Mrs. OSWALD made several rambling statements concerning her beliefs with respect to the assassination, commenting that she does not believe RUBY actually has cancer because if he did he would be in pain, claiming she has acquired this knowledge because she is a nurse.

When Mrs. OSWALD was advised that no assistance could be given her by the FBI in connection with her request, she specifically asked that her request be made known to FBI Director J. EDGAR HOOVER. She stated that

- (4 - Bureau (RM)
 ((2 - 105-82555)
 (1 - 105-147805) (MARGUERITE CLAVERIE OSWALD)
 2 - Dallas (1 - 100-10461)
 (1 - 105-2190) (C)

RPG:cjh
 (6)

NOT RECORDED
 12 DEC 20 1966

UNREC

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

105-82555-5329
 ORIGINAL FILED IN

DL 100-10461

she had sent numerous telegrams both to Mr. HOOVER and the Attorney General, which had not been acknowledged.

She was only advised that the foregoing information would be made known to FBI Headquarters.

The above is furnished the Bureau for its information, as it would appear likely that authors with a vivid imagination will seize upon RUBY'S illness with cancer as material to prepare articles, and possibly books, alleging a similar ridiculous situation as that propounded by Mrs. OSWALD.

6-6-64 FAX

FBI

6-17 2 3:11 -2-

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : MR. D. J. BRENNAN, JR.

DATE: 12/15/66

FROM : R. H. HAYNES

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

On 12/12/66, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA), advised that an employee of [REDACTED] had over the week end engaged in activities indicating she may have a mental problem.

[REDACTED] has avidly followed developments in relation to the Kennedy assassination. On Friday evening, 12/9/66, she heard a television news broadcast reporting that Jack Ruby was suffering from cancer. She apparently felt that this should be called to the attention of the Kennedy family, with whom she claims to be acquainted, and placed a telephone call to Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy. According to [REDACTED] this call was cut off. She also attempted without success to contact Senators Robert and Ted Kennedy. She felt that she was in danger for doing this and called the [REDACTED] Virginia, police, as well as [REDACTED] Director, DIA, seeking protection.

She was interviewed by [REDACTED] DIA personnel over the week end and was very abusive.

[REDACTED] does not have access to sensitive information, and [REDACTED] is conducting an investigation to determine what personnel action, if any, should be taken regarding her. [REDACTED] was described as a white female, born [REDACTED]. She currently resides at [REDACTED].

RHH:hke
(4)

CONTINUED - OVER

1-Crime Records
1-Liaison
1-Mr. Haynes

REC 37

44-24016 - 2130

50 DEC 20 1966

Memorandum from Mr. Haynes to Mr. Brennan
RE: MRS. NADINE CASEY

[REDACTED] Virginia. She does not
reside with her husband.

[REDACTED] requested that this be made a matter of
record in Bureau files in case [REDACTED] contacts
the Bureau.

Bureau files contain no information identifiable
with [REDACTED]

ACTION:

For information.

FBI

Date: 12/15/66

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-4016)
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
 CIVIL RIGHTS
 OO: DALLAS

Doctors treating JACK RUBY for cancer said 12/15/66, the primary source of the disease is either in his lungs or pancreas.

Doctors had previously announced X-ray and surgery had been ruled out and that the only available treatment is with drugs (chemo-therapy). While some reporters have stated there is no hope for RUBY's recovery, physicians chide reporters for making such statements, at the same time admitting that they would not reveal same if they determine his situation is hopeless.

(3) - Bureau
 1 - Dallas
 MCC:tfe
 (4)

REC-115

2131

4 DEC 17 1966

D.E. RUBY

Approved: 23136

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 4 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

1242AM URGENT 1-4-67 TAB

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM CHICAGO (44-645)

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD-VICTIM CR 00; DALLAS.

RE CHICAGO PHONE CALL TO BU JAN. THREE LAST. [REDACTED]
CHICAGO, TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED THIS OFFICE PM JAN THREE LAST
AND ADVISED SHE IS RELATIVE RUBY, PRACTICALLY RAISED HIM, AND
ABOUT SIX MONTHS AGO RECEIVED LETTER FROM RUBY. STATED RUBY REQUESTED
CONTENTS NOT BE REVEALED UNTIL 1969, BUT IN VIEW HIS DEATH SHE WISHED
TO MAKE CONTENTS AVAILALE.

INDICES CHICAGO AND DALLAS NEG RE [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] INTERVIEWED BY CHICAGO AGENTS JAN THREE LAST AND DENIED
RELATIONSHIP WITH RUBY. STATED MET HIM THRU HER SON AND LAST SAW
RUBY CHICAGO ABOUT TWO YEARS AGO. UNABLE TO FURNISH ACCURATE
DESCRIPTION RUBY.

END PAGE ONE

REC-6

EX-104

5 JAN 4 1967.

53 JAN 12 1967

PAGE TWO

[REDACTED] SPEECH RAMBLING , DISJOINTED, APPEARED TO BE MENTALLY
DISTURBED, AND TO HAVE BEEN DRINKING.

MAINTAINED SHE HAD RECEIVED ALLEGED LETTER BUT REFUSED TO FURNISH
IT, OR DIVULGE CONTENTS. STATED SHE ONLY WISHED TO ADVISE FBI OF
LETTERS RECEIPT. MAXINE 146

[REDACTED] UNABLE TO EXPLAIN DISCREPANCIES HER STORY OR FACT RUBY
INCARCERATED DALLAS AT TIME HE REPORTEDLY MAILED LETTER SHE CLAIMED
WAS POSTMARKED IN ILLINOIS. B [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WHITE, FEMALE, DOB [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION TO BE CONDUCTED BY
CHICAGO UACB. DETAILED AIRTEL FOR BUREAU, AND DALLAS FOLLOWS

END

HFL

FBI WASH DC

P

ALL 1963 COMMUNICATIONS
FOR REFERENCE ATTACHED

REC-4

44-24016-233

EX-104

JAN 4 1967

70 JAN 12 1967

CONFIDENTIAL

MR. TOLSON _____
MR. DELOACH _____
MR. MOHR _____
MR. WICK _____
MR. CASPER _____
MR. CALLAHAN _____
MR. CONRAD _____
MR. FELT _____
MR. GALE _____
MR. ROSEN _____
MR. SULLIVAN _____
MR. TAVEL _____
MR. TROTTER _____
MR. JONES _____
TELE. ROOM _____
MISS HOLMES _____
MRS. METCALF _____
MISS GANDY _____

SEC. 15

93. Hf 50 11-61 230

FORRESPONSE

SEPTEMBER 26, 1948

1957-1958

2133

12-12-56
OCL-12 6

Dear Mr Hoover: The pipe are
getting all this favorable
publicity by the destroyed
press that our dear and
beloved MEMBER, JACK
RUBINSTEIN, QUBBY has
been moved from his jail
cell to a nice private
room in the PARKLAND Hos-
pital at Dallas, Texas.
First we get statements
from his Lawyer, that is
one of them, he has so many
that I doubt if any one
even you would be able to
name them as of this date. OVER



Mr J. Edgar Hoover
CHIEF
Federal Bureau of Investiga-
tions.
Justice Department IN
WASHINGTON, D.C.

2133

This mouthpiece or FIXER said that he had a bad cold and that he was sitting up in bed eating ICE CREAM. Then there has been statement after statement made by the Mgr. of the Hosp. that he had something on his lung. Now we are getting the works from a whole flock of DR's saying that he now has cancer, BUT TO WHAT EXTENT THEY ARE NOT ABLE TO TELL US JUST YET. FROM THE PRESS WE ARE GETTING THE REPORTS THAT HE (RUBY) MAY LIVE A DAY OR TWO AND A FEW YEARS, BUT that he will now never stand trial for the MURDER OF THE ONLY EVIDENCE THAT OUR ENTIRE COUNTRY WOULD HAVE TO CLEAR UP ALL OF THIS MESS OF THE ASSASSINATION OF OUR LATE PRESIDENT John F. KENNEDY. It would be nice Mr Hoover if you would get into this picture to just sort of keep an eye on things, so that we dont let happen the same escape as took place in the Robert SOBELL, OR SOBELL case. THIS MAN PLANNED HIDE AND SEEK WITH YOU FOR YEARS, AND WHO SHOULD KNOW THIS STORY BUT YOU???

2133

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach ☒ _____
Mohr _____
Wick ☒ _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen ☒ _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: January 3, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Raupach
1 - Mr. Wick

SUBJECT: JACK RUBY, also known as
LEE HARVEY OSWALD
also known as - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

SAC Shanklin, Dallas Office, called and advised that Jack Ruby died this morning at approximately 10:30 A.M., Dallas time. According to the local sheriff, Ruby's death was attributable to his cancerous condition.

ACTION:

This is submitted for information.

RIS:eem
(8)

REC 57

2134

JAN 6 1967

62 JAN 11 1967

FBI

Date: 1/4/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-645) (RUC)
 SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
 CR
 (OO: DALLAS)

Re Chicago teletype to the Bureau, 1/4/67.

For the information of Dallas, [REDACTED] Chicago, [REDACTED] telephonically contacted this Office three times the evening of 1/3/67. She advised that she is a relative of RUBY, had practically raised him, and about five or six months ago received a letter from him. She said RUBY requested that the contents not be revealed until 1969 but that she felt in view of his death on 1/3/67, she could now make the contents available to the FBI.

Indices of the Chicago Office are negative regarding [REDACTED] was interviewed by Chicago Agents 1/3/67, at which time she denied relationship with him. She provided the following information concerning RUBY and the alleged letter:

She met RUBY through her son, [REDACTED] several years ago and that he frequently visited at her home. She last saw RUBY in Chicago about two years ago. She was unable to provide an accurate description of RUBY particularly with regard to age, stating that he should be about 25 or 26 years old at the present time.

[REDACTED] speech was rambling and disjointed. She appeared to be mentally disturbed and to have been drinking.

(3) - Bureau
 1 - Dallas (Info) (AM SD)
 1 - Chicago

HFB:BAS

Approved: (5) [Signature]
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

JAN 5 1967

EX-107
EC-57

2/35

CG 44-645

[redacted] maintained that she had received alleged letter but refused to furnish it or divulge contents.

[redacted] was reinterviewed this date by Chicago Agents. She was even more incoherent than during the previous interview and definitely appeared to be inebriated. In today's interview she still maintained she had received the letter but that it was only a short time ago. For the first time, she stated she had turned it over to her attorney, [redacted] for safekeeping without revealing its contents.

[redacted] son, [redacted] Chicago, located at his place of employment. [redacted] Chicago, this date. [redacted] who his mother states was responsible for her meeting RUBY, stated that he absolutely did not know RUBY, nor had he ever had any contact with him whatsoever.

With regard to his mother, he said that she is an alcoholic who has been arrested on several occasions by the Chicago Police Department and who has attempted suicide twice. When drinking, she is a chronic trouble-maker who apparently enjoys the attention she gets when creating a disturbance. He considers her to have pyromaniacal tendencies. He stated that she has previously "made up stories" but he has never known her to have previously contacted any law enforcement body with her fabrications.

For the information of the Bureau, [redacted] states correct spelling of family name is [redacted]

In view of the above, Chicago is taking no further action in this matter, UACB.

1/5/67

1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: SAC, Chicago (44-645)

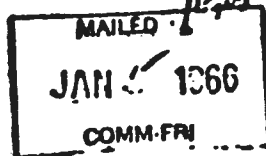
From: Director, FBI (44-24016) — 2135

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA ^{REC-57}
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM EX-108
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

Reurairtel dated 1/4/67.

By return airtel submit LHM suitable for
dissemination containing information set forth in referenced
airtel.

JWH:sjk *ci*
(4)



1-1000 _____
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1-1100 _____

80 JAN 1 1967

MAIL ROOM ☐

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1 - Mr. Kelly

JANUARY 5, 1967

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC, CHICAGO

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
DECEASED, CR. OO: DL.

REDL TEL THIS DATE.

IF NOT ALREADY DONE, INSURE APPROPRIATE STATE AND
LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED OF THREAT OR POSSIBLE TROUBLE
REFERRED TO IN RETEL.

MAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

1-DALLAS (AIRMAIL)

REC 12

2136

5 JAN 6 1967

JGK:hw
(4)

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 5 1967

TELETYPE

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

JAN 5 1967

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Bishop _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

57 JAN 11 1967
MAIL ROOM

9-46130-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 4 1967

WESTERN UNION

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

BIA006 1204P EST JAN 4 67 (31)CTB072

CT RA147 DL PD RICHMOND VIR 4 1129A EST

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHDC

IT SHOULD BE ESTABLISHED BEYOND REASONABLE DOUBT BY NON-CORRUPTIVE
WITNESSES AND FINGERPRINTS THAT THE BODY BEING BURIED IS THAT
OF JACK RUBY THE AMERICAN CITIZENS SHOULD KNOW

F. H. REAVES

REC-19

2137

(32)

EX-108

18 JAN 6 1967

cc: 18 JAN 13 1967

FOR DIRECTOR

A FINGERPRINT DIVISION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 5 1967
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

1121 AM URGENT 1-5-67 NEE
TO DIRECTOR (44-24016) AND CHICAGO
FROM DALLAS (44-1639) 1P

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
DECEASED, ^{CIVIL RIGHTS} ER. OO DALLAS.

RICHARD GLANCEY, NEWS DIRECTOR, RADIO STATION KLIF, DALLAS,
ADVISED TODAY THAT THEIR SISTER STATION IN CHICAGO WNUS HAD
FURNISHED THEM INFORMATION RECEIVED FROM THE CHICAGO NEWS WIRE
TO THE EFFECT THAT THERE HAD BEEN AN ANONYMOUS TELEPHONE CALL
FROM DALLAS TO THE FUNERAL DIRECTOR IN CHICAGO HANDLING RUBY'S
FUNERAL WHEREIN THE CALLER INDICATED THERE WAS GOING TO BE
TROUBLE.

REC-19

CHICAGO, UACB, WILL CONTACT FUNERAL DIRECTOR TO DETERMINE

IF POSSIBLE EXTORTION VIOLATION INVOLVED.

END

WWRCS

FBI WASH DC

SI-120

JAN 6 1967

80 JAN 12 1967
80 JAN 17 1967
CC-MR. ROSEN

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

9-46130

Characteristics

Tattoo "Panama" on right
inside arm, tattoo of
flower right wrist, tattoo
Indian head and sailor girl
right forearm, tattoo parrot
right arm.

Military Service

U. S. Navy 1925-1928

Marital Status

Discharged for neurosis

Married - Wife LUCILLE

Daughter - HELEN

LOUISE THOMPSON

2411 Patsy Ann Drive
Jacksonville, Florida
IDA K. RODEN, 2126
Nickerson Drive,
Jacksonville, Florida



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana

October 11, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
JACK L. RUBY

Mr. Cary Hodges, 1825 Silver Road, Baton Rouge,
Louisiana was interviewed on October 6, 1965 and furnished
the following information:

Date 10/11/65

CARY HODGES, 1825 Silver, Route 1, Baton-Rouge, Louisiana furnished the following information after being advised the identity of the interviewing agents.

HODGES stated that he is an engineer in Baton Rouge and at the present time his uncle HARRY DUTT was visiting him from Daytona Beach, Florida. HODGES stated that during the evening of October 5, 1965, himself and DUTT were drinking in the Hunt Room of the Capitol House Hotel, Baton Rouge, Louisiana. During the course of the conversation between the two men DUTT stated that he knew JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He stated that he had met RUBY some years ago in Juarez, Mexico and had also met OSWALD 5 or 6 years ago in New Orleans.

HODGES further stated that DUTT told him that he intended to go to Dallas, Texas to see JACK RUBY. DUTT said that JACK RUBY should not be alive today as he was to have been shot "according to plan". He would not elaborate on this statement.

HODGES advised that he believes his uncle is a "crack pot." He said that DUTT leaves home temporarily without any reason and travels around the country, sometimes for an extended period of time. He further stated that DUTT "hangs out in bars" frequently while on these trips. HODGES also stated that DUTT came to Baton Rouge, Louisiana about two weeks ago and secured part time employment as an "extra" with a movie company presently working in the Baton Rouge area. HODGES stated that DUTT said that he intends to go to Hollywood if he cannot find employment in Baton Rouge. He thinks DUTT probably could make a career out of acting as a result of his experience with a movie company in Baton Rouge.

HODGES stated that he believes his uncle has had "shock treatments" in the past and might have been confined to a mental institution.

HODGES furnished the following description of DUTT:

Home address	232 South Seagraves
--------------	---------------------

On 10/6/65 at Baton Rouge, Louisiana File # 100-16601
44-2064
by SAs WILLIAM E. DOYLE & KENNETH S. OLIVER Date dictated 10/7/65
/jmc

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NO 44-2064/jmc

DOB
Height
Weight
Hair

Scars or marks

Daytona, Florida
1908
5'10"
130 pounds
Originally Black now
75% gray.
Tattoo on right arm

HODGES stated that DUTT was staying in a rooming house at 14th and Convention Streets in Baton Rouge.

10/19/65

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (44-2064; 100-16601)
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS-R-Cuba
Bufile: 105-82555

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CR
Bufile: 44-24016

Re New Orleans airtel to the Bureau dated 10/11/65.

The Bureau and Dallas are requested to make the following changes in the FD 302 which were attached to the referenced airtel:

FD 302 reflecting interview with CARY HODGES on 10/6/65, paragraph 4, line three should be comma after word country before the word sometimes. FD 302 reflecting interview of HARRY DUTT on 10/6/65 second page, 3rd line, first paragraph should read, charges including drunk and disorderly conduct. Page 2, paragraph 2, line 2 should be a comma after the word one, page 2 paragraph 3, 1st line correct spelling of total.

Errors noted on first reading of FD 302 by reporting agent.

(5) - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - New Orleans
(1 - 44-2064)
(1 - 100-16601)
WED/jmc
(9)

NOT RECORDED
110 OCT 29 1965

UNREC

20 OCT 29 1965

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 105-82555-1



Date 12/21/65

To:

☒ Director

FILE # 100-371000-700

Att: Mr. Tolson

- ☐ SAC _____ Title Asst. Dir.
- ☐ ASAC _____
- ☐ Supv. _____
- ☐ Agent _____
- ☐ SE _____
- ☐ IC _____
- ☐ CC _____
- ☐ Steno _____
- ☐ Clerk _____

ACTION DESIRED

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledge | <input type="checkbox"/> Open Case |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Assign _____ Reassign _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare lead cards |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Bring file | <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare tickler |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Call me | <input type="checkbox"/> Recharge serials |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Correct | <input type="checkbox"/> Return assignment card |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Deadline _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> Return file |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Deadline passed | <input type="checkbox"/> Return serials |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Delinquent | <input type="checkbox"/> Search and return |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Discontinue | <input type="checkbox"/> See me |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Expedite | <input type="checkbox"/> Send Serials _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> File | to _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For information | <input type="checkbox"/> Submit new charge out |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Initial & return | <input type="checkbox"/> Submit report by _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Leads need attention | <input type="checkbox"/> Type _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Return with explanation or notation as to action taken. | |

SD

10 DEC 21 1965

UNREC

ENCLOSURE

SAC _____

See reverse side

Office _____

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Court to Get Judge Brown TV Record

The transcription of a New York television program featuring Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown will be sent to the State court of Criminal Appeals as a Jack Ruby appeal move.

Attorney Phil Burleson filed the 28-page document Wednesday.

Burleson said the defense contention is that statements by Judge Brown on the show were inconsistent with testimony during habeas corpus hearing here Sept. 9-10.

Judge Brown was the television guest of comedian Mort Sahl Nov. 27.

The defense claimed in the hearing here that Ruby should be freed because Judge Brown had a pecuniary interest in the murder trial based on a proposed book on the trial.

Burleson said he believes the television statements should be included in the record because they were unavailable to the defense at the time of the hearing.

On the show, Judge Brown discussed his book and press coverage of the trial.

Burleson said he compared the statements with those in the habeas corpus hearing, sent to Austin by Dist. Judge Louis T. Holland, and found them inconsistent.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

12-7

"The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 12/19/64

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Jack B. Kruger

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ruby Counsel Ask Voiding Of Own Plea

AUSTIN (AP) — Attorneys for Jack Ruby said today they have asked a federal appeals court to throw out their earlier appeal aimed at transferring the case from state to federal court.

Austin attorney Sam Houston Clinton Jr. announced the action for the legal staff of Ruby, convicted in Dallas last year of murdering presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald.

Clinton said the attempt to transfer the case to federal court has been abandoned because the motivations for the attempt — allegations that Ruby had not been permitted to have counsel of his choice at a sanity hearing and that State Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown should have been disqualified from presiding over the sanity hearing — have been removed.

Clinton said the state has permitted Ruby to be represented by the attorneys he desires and Brown has been replaced by Dist. Judge Louis Holland of Montague.

Federal Dist. Judge T. Whitfield Davidson had refused to accept a transfer of Ruby's sanity hearing to his court, and Ruby's attorneys had appealed the order to the Fifth Circuit Court. They asked today that the appeal be dismissed.

The Ruby case is pending in Texas courts on Ruby's petition for habeas corpus, based on the disqualification of Brown. Appeals of the murder conviction and sanity hearing are awaiting outcome of the habeas proceeding.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

5/1

"The Dallas
Times Herald"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 12/12/45

Edition:

Author:

Editor: Felix R.

Title: McKnight

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ruby Counsel Asks Court To Drop Federal Appeal

Attorneys for Jack Ruby announced Wednesday the withdrawal of Ruby's federal appeal to have sanity hearing under federal jurisdiction.

The U.S. 5th Circuit Court of Appeals was asked to drop the appeal from a Dallas decision.

The announcement was made through the Texas Civil Liberties Union in Austin. In a statement on behalf of Sam Houston Clinton Jr. of Austin, Sol Dann of Detroit, Elmer Gertz of Chicago, William Kunstler of New York and Phil Burleson of Dallas, the withdrawal was requested because appeal complaints "have been remedied by appropriate action of the State of Texas."

The appeals contended that U.S. Dist. Judge T. Whitfield Davidson should have removed sanity hear-

ing proceedings from Dist. Judge Joe B. Brown's state district court to federal court. Ruby attorneys also complained that Brown refused to allow Ruby lawyers of his choice.

The attorneys' statement explained that Ruby now has his choice of lawyers and Judge Brown has been replaced by Dist. Judge Louis Holland of Montague.

"There is no reason for continuance of the present federal appeal," they stated.

Two appeals are still pending in the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals. One if the appeal from the original guilty verdict for the death of Lee Harvey Oswald and the other an appeal of a habeas corpus hearing ruling based on Judge Brown's book on the Ruby trial.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

1:1

"The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 11/11/63

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Jack B. Kruger

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

Dallas

☐ Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 12/27/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (91-21749)
 FROM: SAC, WFO (91-2397) (RUC)

JAMES PICKENS DAVIS, JR.
 Hamilton National Bank,
 Red Bank Branch,
 Chattanooga, Tennessee
 3/26/65;
 DR. ROBERT G. DEMOS, SR. - VICTIM
 LR; KIDNAPING; ITSMV
 (OO:KK)

ReKXairtel, 12/16/65.

Enclosed herewith for the Knoxville Division for transmittal to the AUSA, Chattanooga, Tennessee, is one copy of an article appearing in the "National Enquirer" (NE), pages 16, 17, and 18, on 5/17/64, and entitled RUBY and OSWALD Fals allegedly written by JOHN HENSHAW, Enquirer, Washington Bureau Chief.

Mr. JOHN HENSHAW, Apartment 5, 1791 Lanier Place, N.W., advised he was associated with NE, 655 Madison Avenue, New York City for several years, a business association which he terminated some time ago for personal reasons.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - Knoxville (91-1660) (Enc. 1)
- 1 - WFO

JLE:bjw C. D. Wick
 (6)

AIRTEL

144-24016-UNREC
 NOT RECORDED
 19 DEC 29 1965

JAN 23 1966

57 JAN 4 1966

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN 91-21749-33

HENSHAW stated he would make his copy of N3 containing the article entitled RUBY and OSWALD Pals appearing on 5/17/64, available for copies to be made by WFO, but desired to have the newspaper returned to him for his file. He commented that he did not write the article, but was advised by the then editor of N3 that this article was appearing under his name. He stated he read the article and objected to the article and told the editor that he hoped the newspaper had the facts to support such an article because in the event he, HENSHAW, was questioned regarding this article he would have to tell the truth in that he did not write the article and he could not substantiate the facts appearing therein.

HENSHAW further commented that he had received several telephone calls from someone in Tennessee inquiring about the article on OSWALD and RUBY. He said he is unable to recall the identity used by the called, but thinks on one occasion the caller indicated his name was DAVIS. He also said as he recalls the caller indicated he was an unemployed salesman and HENSHAW said he thought it was rather odd that an unemployed individual would be spending an unusual sum of money for long distance phone calls for information regarding such an article.

WFO files contain no information identifiable with JAMES PICKENS DAVIS, JR.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

DATE: 4/11/66

FROM : *grr* SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka - VICTIM
CR

By teletypes on 1/22 and 1/23/64, Bureau listed a number of FBI reports which were to be furnished to USA, NDT, Dallas, after certain deletions had been made. These reports were furnished to the USA on 1/24/64. The purpose was to permit representatives of office of State District Attorney to review the reports in office of USA as aid to prosecution.

The above-mentioned reports were subsequently returned to this office by the USA after they had served their purpose. The reports have been held in Dallas Office since that time. There is no apparent need to retain these copies of the reports further.

In the interest of space, the above-described reports will be destroyed on or before 5/1/66, UACB.

REC- 16

2- Bureau
1- Dallas
MCC/wvm
(3)

44-24016 - 2119



176
APR 20 1966

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : W. S. Tavel

DATE: 3/25/63

FROM : Ir. W. Conrad

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
aka - VICTIM
CR

BuFile: 44-24016

There is enclosed the file which has been maintained in the Laboratory in connection with the above-captioned matter. It is desired that this file be maintained as an enclosure to the main file in the Records Branch.

Enc.

ENCLOSURE

4.12
4.12
SEVEN

2/20

NOT RECORDED
6 JUN 20 1966

59 JUN 1966
13-7

United States Senate

July 22, 1966

Respectfully referred to

Federal Bureau of Investigation

for such consideration as the communication
herewith submitted may warrant, and for a report
thereon, in duplicate to accompany return of
inclosure.

By direction of

George Murphy, U. S. S.

37 JUL 25 1966

RECEIVED

2121

TRUE COPY

July 9, 1966

Dear Senator,

I have just learned via a televised news broadcast that certain letters penned by Jack Ruby during his imprisonment are being considered for public auction.

Not being fully aware of the entire contents of these letters, I am none-the-less certain that these items and any other items involved with the Ruby case should be considered with care in the event that they could be of some significance in determining his case.

I feel that all pertinent data, previously known and as yet to be ascertained, should be kept under the restriction and care of an official agency where control and assimilation of the facts can be undertaken in the pursuance of a clear and definite conclusion.

I further believe that all data concerning Jack Ruby's case and the incidents leading up to his actions should be enlisted to the permanent trust of a federal agency when his case is ultimately resolved. For this is a unique case with unquestionable historical significance and I feel strongly that all data surrounding its occurrence should remain intact in a secure and lasting place under federal jurisdiction.

Respectfully,

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Calif. 91343

July 9, 1966 739

Dear Senator,

^{Jul 13 2:26 PM '66}
I have just learned via a televised news broadcast that certain letters penned by Jack Ruby during his imprisonment are being considered for public auction.

Not being fully aware of the entire contents of these letters, I am none-the-less certain that these items and any other items involved with the Ruby case should be considered with care in the event that they could be of some significance in determining his case.

I feel that all pertinent data, previously known and as yet to be ascertained, should be kept under the restriction and care of an official agency where control and assimilation

BG

of the facts can be undertaken in the pursuance of a clear and definite conclusion.

I further believe that all data concerning Jack Ruby's case and the incidents leading up to his actions should be consisted to the permanent trust of a federal agency when his case is ultimately resolved. For this is a unique case with unquestionable historical significance and I feel strongly that all data surrounding its occurrence should remain intact in a secure and lasting place under federal jurisdiction.

Respectfully,

[Redacted signature block]

July 26, 1966

2121

REC-55

Honorable George Murphy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

My dear Senator:

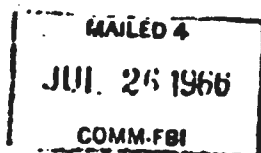
I received your communication of July 22nd with the enclosed letter from your constituent, [REDACTED]

It was certainly good of you to make her observations available to me, and I appreciate them. However, the matter to which she refers is not within the authority of the FBI, and I am unable, therefore, to be of assistance to her.

Inasmuch as the prosecution of Jack Ruby for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald is within the jurisdiction of the State of Texas, your constituent may wish to communicate with the Attorney General of that state.

I am returning her letter as you requested.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover



Enclosure

1 - Los Angeles - Enclosure

NOTE: Senator Murphy is on the Special Correspondents' List on a first-name basis; however, he is addressed as above in responding to inquiries on the part of constituents. [REDACTED] is not identifiable in Bufiles.

DEG:csd (6)

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

JUL 26 2 01 PM '66
FBI
REC'D-READING ROOM

W. P. H. 11/15/66

pm

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Rosen *[Signature]*
FROM : J. R. Malley *[Signature]*
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

DATE: August 15, 1966

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines
1 - Mr. Raupach

JACK L. RUBY
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

On August 3, 1966, Mr. Frank M. Wozencraft, Assistant Attorney General, Office of Legal Counsel, wrote the Bureau recommending a conference to be held at 2 p.m. on August 17, 1966, for the purpose of discussing the disposition of exhibits presently in the custody of the FBI. In order to make certain whether there were any exhibits being held by the Dallas Office in the captioned matters over and above those being retained in the Laboratory, telephonic inquiry was made with SAC Shanklin at Dallas.

SAC Shanklin advised that a careful check had been made in the Dallas Office and there were no exhibits in either of the captioned cases relating to evidence as such. He stated the only material available was originals of signed statements which the Dallas Office would continue to retain. SAC Shanklin explained that there were two items; namely the assassination rifle and the pistol used in the killing of police officer Tippett which were being held by the Dallas Office pending litigation in Federal court in Dallas. It is noted that under the Federal Firearms Act the Government won a judgment of forfeiture of those weapons from the District Court that judgment was appealed to the Fifth Circuit by Mr. King who claims to have purchased them from the Oswald estate. Arguments were heard on June 28, 1966, and a decision has been promised before the summer recess.

This is submitted for information.

JRM:pab
(7) *[Signature]*

UNREC AUG 16 1966
NOT RECORDED
193 AUG 17 1966

56 AUG 22 1966

SIX

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4162

FBI

Date: 1/9/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (44-645)

JACK LEON RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Bureau airtel to Chicago 1/5/67.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is the original
and 3 copies of a LHM suitable for dissemination as requested
in referenced airtel.

③ - Bureau (Encls. 4) ENCLOSURE
1 - Chicago

JDP:hjz
(4)

Agency CRD

Date Forw. JAN 11 1967

How Forw. 6-91 (G)

By JW H. FHP
1 cc CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

EX-110

REC-9

44-24016-2139

15 JAN 10 1967

61 JAN 11 1967

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois
January 9, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

JACK LEON RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

During the evening of January 3, 1967, Maxine Gazikas, 1738 West Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois, telephonically contacted the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on three separate occasions. She advised she is a relative of Jack Leon Ruby, had practically raised Ruby and about five or six months ago received a letter from him. She stated Ruby requested that the contents of the letter not be revealed until 1969 but she felt in view of his death on January 3, 1967, she could make the contents of this letter available to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

On January 3, 1967, Gazikas was interviewed by Special Agents of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at which time she denied any relationship with Ruby, however, she provided the following information concerning Ruby and the alleged letter:

She met Ruby through her son, William Gazikas several years ago and Ruby frequently visited at her home. She last saw Ruby in Chicago about two years ago but was unable to provide an accurate description of Ruby particularly with regard to his age, stating he should be about 25 or 26 years old at the present time.

Gazikas' speech was rambling and disjointed and she appeared to have been drinking. She maintained she had received the alleged letter from Ruby but refused to furnish the letter or to divulge its contents.

Gazikas was reinterviewed on January 4, 1967 by Special Agents of the Chicago Office, Federal Bureau of Investigation. During this interview she was even more incoherent than during previous interview and again appeared to be inebriated. She still maintained she had received the letter from Ruby but that it was only a short time ago.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1968

44-401-2137

**JACK LEON RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

For the first time, she stated she had turned the letter over to her attorney, William Landon, for safekeeping without revealing its contents.

Gazikas' son, William Gazikas, 2659 West Nelson Street, Chicago, Illinois was located and interviewed at his place of employment, 1768 West Armitage, Chicago, Illinois, on January 4, 1967. William Gazikas, who his mother states was responsible for her meeting Ruby, stated he absolutely did not know Ruby nor had he ever had any contact with Ruby whatsoever.

With regard to his mother he stated she is an alcoholic who has been arrested on several occasions by the Chicago Police Department and who has attempted suicide twice. He stated when his mother is drinking she is a chronic troublemaker who apparently enjoys the attention she gets when creating a disturbance. He stated he considers her to have pyro-maniacal tendencies. He advised she has previously "made up stories" but he has never known her to have previously contacted any law enforcement body with her fabrications.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois

January 9, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

**JACK LEON RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS**

During the evening of January 3, 1967, Maxine Gazikas, 1738 West Erie Street, Chicago, Illinois, telephonically contacted the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on three separate occasions. She advised she is a relative of Jack Leon Ruby, had practically raised Ruby and about five or six months ago received a letter from him. She stated Ruby requested that the contents of the letter not be revealed until 1969 but she felt in view of his death on January 3, 1967, she could make the contents of this letter available to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

On January 3, 1967, Gazikas was interviewed by Special Agents of the Chicago Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at which time she denied any relationship with Ruby, however, she provided the following information concerning Ruby and the alleged letter:

She met Ruby through her son, William Gazikas several years ago and Ruby frequently visited at her home. She last saw Ruby in Chicago about two years ago but was unable to provide an accurate description of Ruby particularly with regard to his age, stating he should be about 25 or 26 years old at the present time.

Gazikas' speech was rambling and disjointed and she appeared to have been drinking. She maintained she had received the alleged letter from Ruby but refused to furnish the letter or to divulge its contents.

Gazikas was reinterviewed on January 4, 1967 by Special Agents of the Chicago Office, Federal Bureau of Investigation. During this interview she was even more incoherent than during previous interview and again appeared to be inebriated. She still maintained she had received the letter from Ruby but that it was only a short time ago.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

658PM URGENT 1-5-67 RMF

TO DIRECTOR /44-24016/ AND DALLAS /44-1639/
FROM CHICAGO /9-4053/

See known as

also known as
SUB; HAROLD WEINSTEIN, AKA "HERSHEY" - VICTIM.
EXTORTION.

also known as
RE DALLAS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND CHICAGO JANUARY FIVE
INSTANT CAPTIONED "JACK LEON RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD,
also known as AKA - VICTIM (DECEASED), C.R."

also known as
HAROLD WEINSTEIN, AKA "HERSHEY", PRESIDENT AND OWNER
ORIGINAL WEINSTEIN AND SONS, INC., THREE ZERO ONE NINE
WEST PETERSON, CHICAGO, ADVISED THAT BETWEEN TWO AND TWO
THIRTY PM, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY FOUR LAST, HIS SECRETARY,
MRS. JOAN LAWYER, RECEIVED PHONE CALL FOR HIM AND DUE TO
FACT RUBY BURIAL HAS CREATED GREAT DEAL OF INTEREST IN
CHICAGO AREA FROM PRESS, SHE WAS ATTEMPTING TO SCREEN HIS
CALLS. SHE ASKED "WHO IS CALLING" AND FEMALE VOICE REPLIED, 1957
"DALLAS IS CALLING." LAWYER BELIEVES THIS VOICE WAS THAT
OF DALLAS OPERATOR. WEINSTEIN PICKED UP PHONE AND MALE
VOICE QUERIED, "DO YOU HAVE SECURITY AROUND THERE?"
END PAGE ONE

80 JAN 17 1967

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED
199 JAN 16 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 9-46130-2

PAGE TWO

WEINSTEIN REPLIED, "NO, WHAT DO I NEED IT FOR." CALLER STATED, "YOU ARE LIABLE TO HAVE TROUBLE." AT THIS POINT CONVERSATION TERMINATED BUT WEINSTEIN NOT CERTAIN WHETHER HE OR CALLER HUNG UP FIRST. WEINSTEIN NOTIFIED CHICAGO POLICE AND CHICAGO POLICE HAVE PLACED TWO OFFICERS AT FUNERAL HOME FOR PROTECTION PURPOSES. WEINSTEIN STATES HE PUTS NO CREDENCE IN TEXT OF TELEPHONE CALL AND DOES NOT CONSIDER CALL A THREAT. PHONE CALL MADE TO WEINSTEIN FUNERAL HOME, PHONE LO ONE ONE EIGHT NINE ZERO, CHICAGO.

~~ADVISED~~ SAUSA LAWRENCE T. STANNER, CHICAGO, ADVISED THIS DATE PHONE CALL ALLEGEDLY ORIGINATING IN DALLAS JANUARY FOUR LAST CAN APPARENTLY BE TRACED SINCE IT WAS APPARENTLY PLACED THROUGH PHONE OPERATOR. STATES ON BASIS OF INFORMATION AVAILABLE WILL HOLD PROSECUTIVE OPINION IN ABEYANCE PENDING DETERMINATION AS TO WHETHER OR NOT PHONE CALL CAN BE TRACED THROUGH DALLAS PHONE COMPANY AND LOGICAL SUSPECT DEVELOPED AND INTERVIEWED REGARDING PURPOSE OF CALL TO WEINSTEIN.

END PAGE TWO

21

TELETYPE UNIT
PAGE THREE

DALLAS NOTE INSTANT PHONE CALL MADE BETWEEN TWO AND TWO
THIRTY PM, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY FOUR LAST, TO WEINSTEIN
FUNERAL HOME, THREE ZERO ONE NINE WEST PETERSON, CHICAGO, III
PHONE LO ONE ONE EIGHT NINE ZERO.---DALLAS HANDLE AND ADVISE
CHICAGO.

SECRET SERVICE ADVISED.

END

RAM

FBI WASH DC

3

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

702 PM URGENT 1-9-67 UEL

TO DIRECTOR (44-1639)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639) 1P

UNSUB: HAROLD WEINSTEIN, AKA "HERSHEY" - VICTIM. EXTORTION.

RE CHICAGO TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, JAN. FIVE INSTANT.

BUREAU AUTHORITY REQUESTED TO MAKE NECESSARY INQUIRY AT
TELEPHONE COMPANY, DALLAS, TO ATTEMPT TO TRACE PERTINENT CALL
TO VICTIM.

SUTEL

END

PAM

FBI WASH DC

RECORDED-20

8 JAN 9 1967

RECORDED
100 JAN 15 1967

9-46130-1

IN COPY 1

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 6 1967

TELETYPE

FBI DALLAS

FBI WASH DC

524P URGENT 1-6-67 MXS

TO DALLAS

FROM DIRECTOR 1P

44 24016 -

UNSUB; HAROLD WEINSTEIN, AKA "HERSHEY" - VICTIM. EXTORTION.

REURTEL JANUARY FIVE LAST.

AUTHORITY GRANTED TO MAKE NECESSARY INQUIRY AT TELEPHONE
COMPANY, DALLAS, IN ATTEMPTS TO TRACE PERTINENT CALL MADE TO
VICTIM. INQUIRY SHOULD BE CONDUCTED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO
AVOID ANY EMBARRASSMENT TO BUREAU.

END

LMB

FBI DALLAS

9-46130-1

ORIGINAL FILED IN

80 JAN 7 1967

FBI

Date: 1/9/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

Miss Gandy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (9-NEW) (C)
SUBJECT: UNSUB;
HAROLD "HERSHEY" WEINSTEIN - VICTIM
EXTORTION
OO - Dallas

Re Chicago teletype to Dallas dated 1/5/67, regarding telephone call received by victim at undertaking establishment handling body of JACK L. RUBY, killer of presidential assassin, LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On 1/9/67, a representative of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, advised attempting to locate a toll ticket under the circumstances of this case would necessitate examination of perhaps a million toll tickets at the expenditure of an extraordinary amount of time.

On 1/9/67, AUSA PATRICK MULLOY, NDT, Dallas, advised the language used in the telephone call in this case would not support prosecution under the extortion statute. Chicago Office, by teletype 1/7/67, advised office of USA, Chicago, had stated would defer to opinion of USA, NDT which covers point of origin of telephone call, in view of the above, no further action is being taken except confirmatory letter to USA.

REC 32

3 - Bureau
1 - Chicago (9-4053) (Info)
1 - Dallas
MCC:cc
(5)

EX-104

C. C. WEAVER

44-24016

NOT RECORDED

JAN 13 1967

JAN 11 1967

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

9-46130-3

ORIGINAL FILED IN

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. DeLoach _____
 Mr. Mohr _____
 Mr. Wick _____
 Mr. Casper _____
 Mr. Callahan _____
 Mr. Conrad _____
 Mr. Felt _____
 Mr. Gale _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Sullivan _____
 Mr. Tavel _____
 Mr. Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Miss Holmes _____
 Miss Gandy _____

January 23, 1967

CONGRESSMAN JAMES GROVER
 House Office Bldg.,
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Grover:

I am sure you will recall the photos of President Johnson in his hospital bed the day after his operation, and also the photo of former President Eisenhower the day after his operation.

In view of these I would like to raise the following questions:

1. Why wasn't Jack Ruby photographed in HIS hospital bed when he was supposed to be dying of cancer?
2. Why wasn't a photograph of Jack Ruby taken in death? Certainly in view of all the inferences, innuendoes and accusations should it not be vitally important to the government beyond a shadow of a doubt that this man was dead?
3. His body was reported to have been flown to a Chicago funeral home where, due to some alleged "threats" the public was not permitted to view the body, and five newsmen were reported to have viewed the body. Which five and from what newspapers? No names were mentioned in the press. Why???
4. Has a gigantic hoax been perpetrated on the American public? Why wasn't J. Edgar Hoover called in to verify the death?

I believe this raises some valid pertinent questions which should be answered.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD J. WERNER
 178 West Drive
 No. Massapequa, N. Y.

44-24016-2140

JAN 25 1967

to: J. Edgar Hoover
 New York News
 Senator Jacob Javits
 Senator Robert Kennedy

JAN 27 1967

RECEIVED
 JAVITS
 KENNEDY
 WERNER



Executive and General Offices
Capitol Records Inc.
The Capitol Tower, Hollywood, California 90028, Telephone (213) HO 2-6232

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Wick
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

January 16, 1967

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I'm sure that you have taken note of the fact that on December 16, at approximately 4 p.m., I was able to obtain a tape recording of the conversation between Jack Ruby, his attorneys and members of his family in which he was asked questions pertaining to his involvement on December 24, 1963. This recording was done 5 days after Mr. Ruby was told that he was dying of cancer.

I am enclosing a transcript of that entire tape that was given to me by Earl Ruby minutes after its recording for whatever use you may so desire. If you or any members of your office wish to hear the tape, please feel free to call upon me and arrangements will be made immediately.

Transcripts of the tape have been presented to the press media and copies of the tape are also in the hands of the press.

Sincerely,

REC 102

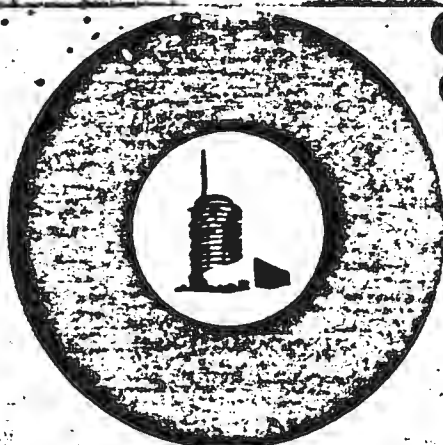
Lawrence Schiller

44-24016-2141

LS:slg
Enclosures

15 JAN 25 1967

ack let: 1/20/66
EJm/ajk
1/20/66 2:00 PM to Olin Div



CAPITOL NEWS

THE JACK RUBY TAPE;

ENTIRE, UN-EDITED VERSION RELEASED

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 12 -- The death of Jack Ruby on Jan. 3, 1967, propelled a Capitol Records' documentary/news album, "~~The Controversy~~," into national prominence and drew particular attention to one small three minute and 55 second segment of that album in which Ruby was interviewed at Parkland Hospital just prior to his death.

The portion of the tape included in the album was part of a 14-minute interview which was conducted with Ruby on Dec. 16, 1966. At the time of Mr. Ruby's death, the entire un-edited tape, which was recorded at Parkland Hospital, could not be released because:

1. it had not been equalized (noise level) for proper listening, and
2. it was in a safe deposit box in California and could not be played publicly without permission of the producer of the album who had solely edited the tape.

At that time Lawrence Schiller, producer of "The Controversy" album, chose not to release the un-edited version because he felt it would be improper to make the tape public during the Ruby family's mourning period.

At the end of the mourning period, steps were immediately taken to prepare the quality of tape and transcription for a non-commercial public release on January 12, and arrangements were made for the Ruby family's attorney, Elmer Gertz, to come to Los Angeles from Chicago to represent the family at that time.

ENCLOSURE

###

BACKGROUND NOISE - YIDDISH - Talk into the...here the device mechanical is in here, talk into the case.

A. When I went into the Western Union to try to send the money, and naturally the clerk took my money, and uh, and uh, turned away after he took the money, I turned away and walked out. I walked down the street, just natural strides, and as I

Q. Main Street?

A. No - Yes, Main Street, going west on Main Street, the south side of Main Street, as I walked toward the ramp, I noticed the police squad car at the head of the ramp and an officer leaning over talking to him with his back to me. All I did was walk down there, down to the bottom of the ramp and that's when the incident happened, at the bottom of the ramp - according to the Western Union records - the time stamped on the Western Union records - it's 11:17 the time the incident taking place 11:21, it was 11:21.

Q. Did you walk slowly?

A. I walked my natural pace.

Q. You did not rush?

A. No.

Q. Did you recognize anybody when you reached the bottom of the ramp?

A. No. I recognized the police officer in the car - that was in the car - it was Lt. Sam Pierce, and this other man was just talking to him, and why Sam Pierce had not seen me, I don't know.

Q. Did you try to avoid him or anything?

A. No, I didn't.

Q. When did you finally realize that something had happened, Jack, when did you finally know?

A. Well, it happened in such a blur that - well it happened in such a blur, that before I knew it, I was down on the ground - the officers had me on the ground.

44-200-2,41

Q. Had you realized you had done anything?

A. Well, really it happened so fast, and anything else I cannot recall what happened from the time I came to the bottom of the ramp until the police officers had me on the ground.

Q. Have no recollection?

A. No. But, I knew they were holding my hand and grabbing for the gun.

Q. Had you ever known Oswald, Jack?

A. No.

Q. Ever know Oswald before?

A. Never had known him or seen him before.

Q. You never met him?

A. Never have, my Clubs were all money that either I borrowed for the family or self-accumulated. I was not obligated to any other source, never had I attempted to ask anybody for anything, so, I owe the government a little money at the time, but we were working out a deal on a compromise, those things over a period of years you pay off.

Q. Had you ever planned anything like this?

A. Had I ever what?

Q. Did you ever plan this. Did you ever think you were going to do this?

A. I don't know how to answer that. I was so emotionally upset for three days. At one particular time I had to have some money and I borrowed some money from Ralph Paul, and I gave him some stock in the Club to show good faith, that sort of collateral, for it.

Q. You did not try to sneak in the place, did you?

A. No, I didn't.

Q. Was there anybody at Western Union ahead of you?

A. Yes, one customer, one customer.

Q. Did you try to hurry up the people at Western Union?

A. No, I didn't.

Q. Were there other people at Western Union while you were there, Jack?

A. No, I didn't recall, I noticed only this one customer.

Q. Did you think that Oswald was already taken over by the Sheriff by the time you went to Western Union?

A. Uh, I don't know how to answer that, I don't know one way or the other.

Q. Do you remember when you drove by Dealy Plaza and saw those wreaths what you thought at that time?

A. What I saw?

Q. Yeah, what you thought?

A. The same thing I had gone through for the other two days, the letdown and remorse.

Q. Were you planning after Kennedy was shot to leave Dallas for a few days, Jack?

A. Yes, it came to my mind momentarily when I called my sister in Chicago, I said "Jean, now I ought to come home for a few days", so the first thing she said was "who is going to look after Eve?", meaning my sister Eve just got out of the hospital, so she felt that she was convalescing somebody should be with her.

Q. Otherwise you would have gone home?

A. Well, there was a chance that I could of if Eileen would have talked me into it, you know.

Q. Is there any truth at all to the stories that Oswald had been in your Club?

W A. None whatsoever, it's just a fabrication - in one particular incident that has never been enlightened to the public, I believe, is that a friend of mine, Mr. McWhillie who invited me down to Havana, Cuba. I didn't come down, but he finally sent me plane tickets to come down as a good friendly gesture. So I accepted the invitation. I stayed with him for eight days, and then I left, and I had lived constantly with him the eight days, but then right after that he called me from Havana, Cuba and said "Jack, I want you to call Ray Brantley at Ray's Hardware store in Singleton Avenue and tell him to send me four Cobras" - a Cobra is a little revolver. So, I did call him and gave him the address. When I called him he answered and said, "Oh, I know Mr. McWhillie very well" so that left it out of my hands. All I had to do was relay the message, but that is the only extent I ever had of any association with anything business dealings outside of the United States and that was only a message to relay.

Q. Normally you carried a gun with you didn't you, Jack?

A. Yes, I did.

Q. This was nothing unusual you had with you that day?

A. No. I always carried a gun because of various altercations I had in my Club then I carried pretty large sums of money at times.

Q. You had your dog with you, Sheba?

A. Yes, I did.

Q. Will you tell about Sheba, Jack?

A. Well, I was very fond of Sheba. She brought me a very large litter and I raised the litter by myself in my apartment, and I distributed the dogs to certain friends, but I kept Sheba and another dog called Clipper. Sheba was wherever I were go, leave the house, she jumped the door ready to go with me.

Q. She was with you that day?

W A. Yes, I left her in the car. The ironic part of this is had not I made an illegal turn behind the bus to the parking lot, had I gone the way I was supposed to go straight down Main Street, I would have never met this fate because the difference in meeting this fate was 30 seconds one way or the other.

- Q. When you were down there you didn't try to hide or conceal?
- A. No, I didn't because if you checked the walking distance from the Western Union to the bottom of the ramp, you know it would have to be synchronized so perfect to the second, and to plan something you had in your mind premeditatedly. In that sense I didn't even allow myself one second of interval time. I never accepted a call at the Western Union. I presume there was a public phone. I never accepted a call for somebody to let me know what is happening.
- Q. Did you know when Oswald was going to be moved, Jack?
- A. I'll be honest with you, No.
- Q. You had no idea?
- A. Later on I found out he was supposed to be moved at 10:00.
- Q. You were never told by anybody he was going to be moved?
- A. No.
- Q. Is there anything else you think I ought to know, Jack? Are you uncomfortable?
- A. My rectum, I am bedridden, you know.
- Q. You got sores, eh?
- A. No, it's not sores - it's the pain.
- Q. Jack, when you left the Western Union office what made you walk toward the jail house?
- A. Because when I drove by I saw some people down at the ramp and the curiosity had aroused me because of the flash in my mind seeing the people there because before I went to Western Union as I drove by on Main Street.
- Q. Is there anything else you can think of, Jack, anything else when you were walking by or going down there?
- A. I don't know what to think - happened.

(C 1967 COPYRIGHT ALSKOG INC. COPYRIGHT MUST APPEAR WHEN PUBLISHED)

- Q. Well, you are doing very well - just think a minute. Do you remember anything when you reached the bottom of the ramp?
- A. Yeah, I did, like I said, a flash came to me from the point at the bottom of ramp at the time that I was grappling with the police officers for the gun. Actually, what had happened I don't know at that time.

END

HOLLYWOOD & VINE P. O. BOX 2391 HOLLYWOOD 28, CALIF.

COMPANY	DEPT.
CRI	B 96-78

Schiller



AIR MAIL

TO: The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation
Washington, D. C.

AIR MAIL

47 DIRECTOR
JAN 18 1957

FORM 1700-2-57

REC 102

44-21016-2141

January 20, 1967

1 - Mr. Hines

Mr. Lawrence Schiller
Executive and General Offices
Capitol Records Inc.
The Capitol Tower
Hollywood, California 90028

Dear Mr. Schiller:

Your letter dated January 16, 1967, and its enclosures have been received.

The interest which prompted you to write and the offer contained in your letter are appreciated. However, since you have made a transcript of the tape available, it does not appear necessary that arrangements be made through you for the tape to be listened to by representatives of this Bureau.

Copies of the enclosures to your letter have been furnished to Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, United States Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. 20530.

Any further information you may desire to furnish to this Bureau concerning matters coming within our jurisdiction will be acted upon appropriately.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

EJM:sjk
(3)

SEE NOTE - PAGE TWO

MAILED 6
JAN 20 1967
COMM-FBI

JAN 26 1967

57 FEB 8 1967

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

JAN 29 10 51 AM '67

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

44-21016-29

Mr. Lawrence Schiller

NOTE: Bureau is in receipt of a letter from Lawrence Schiller of Capitol Records, who taped an interview with Jack Ruby on 12/16/66 just prior to Ruby's death. Schiller enclosed a transcript of the tape and offered to make the tape available for Bureau representatives to listen to. Transcript does not contain any pertinent information not already known to the Bureau. Ruby restates his continually maintained position that he acted on impulse and there was no conspiracy.

Capitol Records has released contents of the tape in a record called "The Controversy," which is available for public purchase. It is not felt necessary that Agents listen to the tape as a result of arrangements to be made by Schiller as it may be used by him purely as a publicity stunt to give greater weight and authenticity to the record.

Bufiles contain no information identifiable with Schiller which would preclude responding to his letter in the above manner. Copies of enclosures to Schiller's letter being forwarded to Criminal Division via 6-94 (G-for information).

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Wick

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: MILTON VIORST

BACKGROUND:

DATE: 2-1-67

Classified by 2040

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 & 3

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Wick
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

The Director is in receipt of the February, 1967, issue of "the Washingtonian," which was mailed from the Washington, D. C. headquarters office of that publication. It contains (pp 60-61 & 81) an article by Milton Viorst entitled "There Was Nothing Else They Could Do." Stapled to this article was a note: "Compliments of the editor. Your comments are invited."

The Director has inquired "What do we know of Milton Viorst?"

This article calls for a new investigation into the assassination of former President John F. Kennedy, claiming that the findings of the Warren Commission are not compelling and are losing public confidence. The Commission, argues Viorst, was trapped by pervading influences that sought a solution to the assassination which would serve the National interest rather than the truth. The article characterizes the Director and the FBI as part of these insidious influences that destroyed the Commission's "capacity to function as a free agency," and "drove it ineluctably to accept" Lee Oswald as the unassisted assassin.

BIOGRAPHICAL DATA:

According to "Contemporary Authors" (copyrighted 1964), Viorst was born 2-18-30, at Paterson, New Jersey. He is married, the father of two children, and resides at 1725 Q Street, Washington, D. C. Receiving B. D., M. A., and M. S. degrees, respectively, at Rutgers, Harvard and Columbia Universities prior to 1955, Viorst took postgraduate study at the University of Lyon. He served with U. S. Air Force Intelligence, 1952-54, and since 1961 has been a Washington correspondent

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

44-21016-
NOT RECORDED
15 FEB 15 1967

FEB 9 1967

CONTINUED - OVER

CONFIDENTIAL

ORIGINALLY FILED IN
62-109000-569

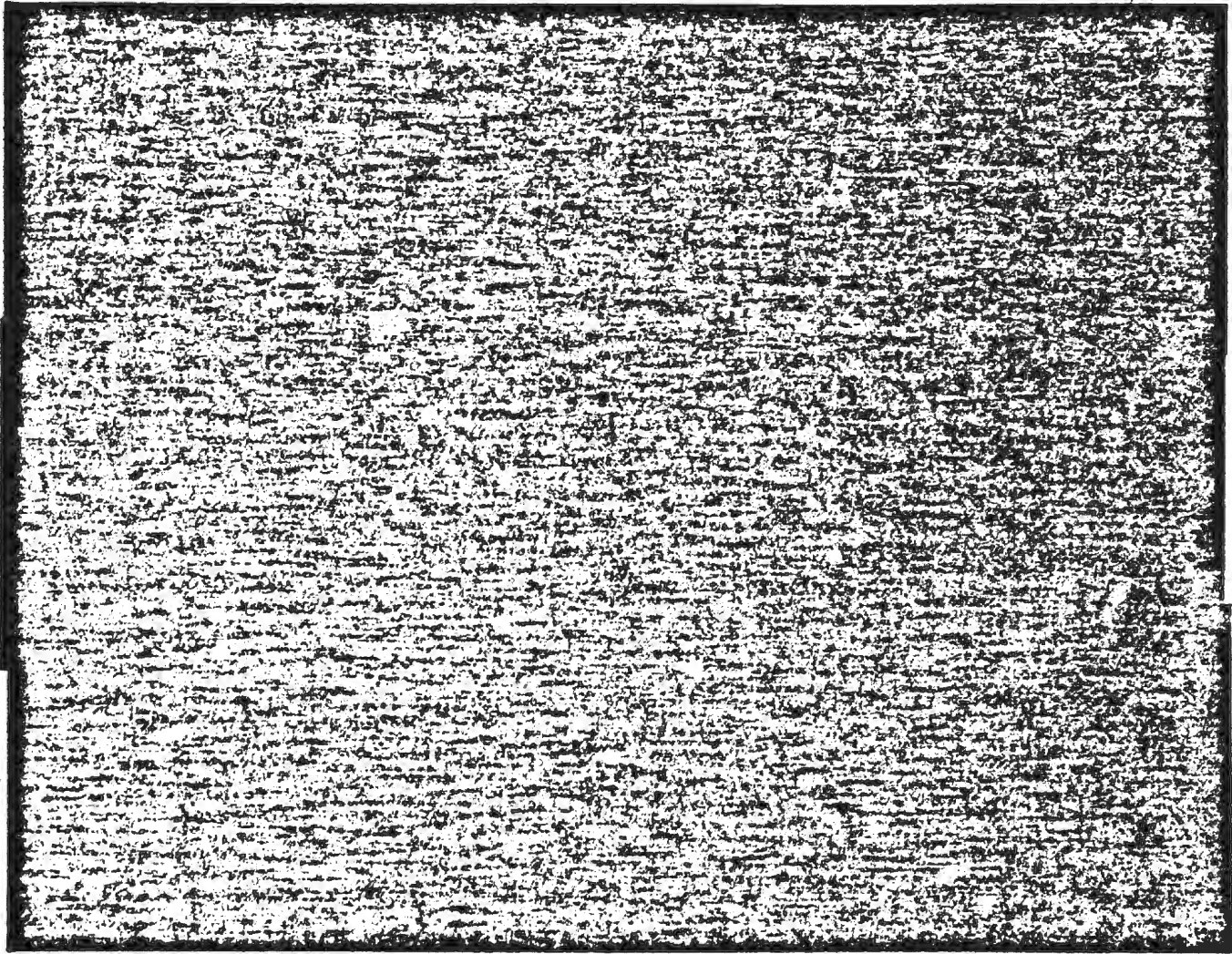
FFB 24 1967

M. A. Jones to Wick memo
RE: Milton Viorst

for the "New York Post." He reportedly has written several books on political and historical matters, and has done free-lance writing for several national periodicals.

INFORMATION IN BUFILES:

CONFIDENTIAL



10)

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. For the Director's information concerning Viorst.
2. That the invitation to comment on the Viorst article be

ignored.

X

Right
EX TCS

CONFIDENTIAL

ds

TV

nm

Article 1
A Visit with Jack Ruby
Feb. 1967 issue of Washingtonian

DO-6
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

January 31, 1967

The attached February, 1967, issue of "the Washingtonian" was sent to the Director from 1218 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C. 20036. The attached note was clipped to page 61.

Mention is made to the Director on Page 61, and to the FBI on Pages 45, 61 and 81.

- MR. TOLSON ☒
- MR. DELOACH ☒
- MR. MOHR ☒
- MR. WICK ☒
- MR. CASPER ☒
- MR. CALLAHAN ☒
- MR. CONRAD ☒
- MR. FELT ☒
- MR. GALE ☒
- MR. ROSEN ☒
- MR. SULLIVAN ☒
- MR. TAVEL ☒
- MR. TROTTER ☒
- MR. JONES ☒
- TELE. ROOM ☒
- MISS HOLMES ☒
- MRS. METCALF ☒
- MISS GANDY ☒

ENCLOSURE
Give to [unclear]
Jennings 2-1-67
file

What do we know of Milton Viorat?

Compliments of the editors.
Your comments are invited.

Jack Ruby

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

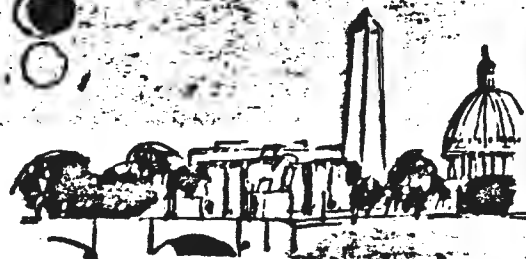
REC 37 114-24016-2142
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 15 1967
11 FEB 9 1967

CORRESPONDENCE
Harris
re Ruby

FEB 24 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN: 62-109090-570

Capital Comment



A Visit with Jack Ruby

Ukie Sherin, a comedian who frequently appears at the Shoreham, was a close friend of Jack Ruby's and visited him, in fact, in jail. He's also a friend of Morrie Siegel, the sportswriter, so we asked Morrie to take down what Sherin said, next time they talked. Here's what he said:

I knew Jack Ruby about—I imagine around ten years—and I got to know him a little better breaking in a club right across the street from Jack Ruby's. In between shows I'd come over to Ruby's club sometimes to help him out when his AIC was sick. As a matter of fact, he offered me a job quite a few times, but I didn't want to go backwards to working back in burlesque again. He was a very avid Kennedy fan. He kept saying to me, Kennedy is even bigger than Roosevelt.

I don't know whether you knew this or not, but Dallas was really anti-Kennedy and anti-Johnson. They felt that Johnson had double-crossed them by going for the Vice Presidency. He was supposed to oppose Kennedy all the way and run for President, and then on the second ballot suddenly he decided to run for Vice President. So any joke anti-Johnson became a very big popular thing in Dallas.

But getting back to Ruby, who was still a big Kennedy man, in the club one night somebody was saying something anti-Kennedy and they threw him out bodily.

But the joke I used to do, which got me in a lot of difficulty, was about Lyndon Johnson. I said, you know, I said, "If you notice that Kennedy is arriving here next week into town to make a few speeches, you'll take note that there'll be no bodyguards, there'll be no secret-service men. He can come to Texas without worrying about a thing. Because the people in Texas are smart. Nobody's going to shoot him, because if you shoot him, Lyndon Johnson becomes President." And this became a big thing. I used to get almost a standing ovation—that's how much they hated Johnson. So naturally, after this thing had happened, I don't think it was a half-hour after the thing had happened, maybe an hour, sometime in the afternoon, anyway, they found me—first time I was in Hot Springs, Arkansas, and questioned me about the joke that I was doing.

Who's they?

This is the FBI. They said we'd like to know did you make this joke up, or did somebody give you the joke, or what made you—? And I told them that the joke had been used from Lincoln. Even with Eisenhower. It was the same joke that you keep switching. I explained that to them, but they still wanted to check out every little detail.

They asked me for about two hours questions about Jack Ruby. Is he a Communist? And what sort of a guy is he? I said he was a loner, and I even gave them my version of what I really think happened.

What is it?

Well, I mean I felt that Jack Ruby just wanted a little publicity. I don't think the guy wanted to shoot him—I mean kill him. I saw Jack with the hand up in the air and all that bit and I thought it was another one of his stunts.

He always wanted to do nice things, always wanted to get publicity. He called me many times to say, you know, "How can I get in the newspaper?" You know, get a little thing—how can I do something nice. If you saw him with five or six people, you knew he was picking up the tab. He said, "Do you think if I made a big stink about those . . . impeach Earl Warren things, would

that get me any publicity?"

He was very kind to the police—he ran out of his way to get them sandwiches and things and invite them up to the club. He was not a—what do you call them?—a hustler for the broads, a solicitor.

What were the circumstances which prompted your visit to Ruby in the Dallas jail?

Well, I was playing in Palm Springs and I got a call from one of his lawyers who told me Jack had been asking about me because we had known each other for a long time. He said Jack kept saying that Yuke knows me and would believe me when I say I didn't do the thing on purpose.

So I did go back. It was during the Texas-Oklahoma weekend, back in October 1964. On my second night the sheriff came in and he said, "Hi, nice to have you back, and incidentally, Jack Ruby would like to see you." And I was flabbergasted because I didn't think he had any visitors. I had written to him quite a few times, but never got any answer. The sheriff said, "You can see him, but you can't bring your wife—no newspapermen, but you can see him. You'll have to talk to him through iron bars, but he asked for you. As a matter of fact, he said you're the only guy in



"I guarantee you they'll never write a book

town that can make him smile. I he hasn't smiled in a year."

And so I went up and visited with him, and it did make him smile. It was a sick kind of a smile, because you know me, Morrie, anything to get a smile. So I said to him, "Jack, you remember a year ago—you used to call me and say get me a plug in the paper? You don't need me anymore, you got all the publicity you want."

And he smiled, but he didn't seem to want to smile. He kept saying I wish we could turn back the clock and forget the whole incident. And that's what he would say every time I'd get back and say, "Gee, what possessed you to. . . ." He would change the subject and say, "It's something that I want to forget—it's a whole big mistake." And sometimes he would laugh and start talking Jewish. Sometimes he spoke so fast that I couldn't understand what he was trying to say.

I can remember him almost whispering and telling me in Yiddish to be careful what I said and who I talked to because they are out to get all Jews. I asked him what they meant by "they" and he said I would find out.

Finally he wound up saying, "What time is it?" And I said it's about four-thirty. In Dallas they really impound your car on Commerce Street if you leave it there between four and six, and he was more concerned about me getting my car than he was about. . . . Here was a guy facing the electric chair, but he was concerned about the police impounding my car. . . .

Carpool..Consensus

A carpool which daily makes the commuter run from Maryland to the District has developed what it refers to as the Rosenthal Theory of Increased Government Employee Efficiency. It is named after the member of the pool who originally propounded it, but it has been modified and polished by all members, three of whom are Government employees. We present it here, without editorial comment:

(1) Reduce all federal salaries across the board (including President Johnson's) by 25 percent.

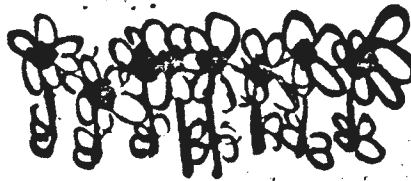
(2) This will cause the 25 percent of federal employees who really work hard and do a good job to quit in disgust because they were already being underpaid to begin with and were staying only because of dedication and loyalty.

(3) The remaining 75 percent are the ones who are just feeding at the public trough and will stay on for any wage as long as they don't have to work or assume responsibility.

(4) Fire that remaining 75 percent who by their actions have marked themselves unfit.

(5) Hire back the 25 percent who quit and give them a 50 percent wage

The results will be a smaller, better paid, and more efficient work force in the Federal Service. It is the feeling of the carpool that should the President be one of those who stays on, he should not be fired because the Vice-President will have quit.



They Should Have Listened

"The graves are filled with the wisdom of afterthought. . . ." So goes an old Italian proverb. However, many people in Italy and elsewhere are still wondering whether the catastrophic floods of last November could possibly have been avoided. The many *ifs* do not replace what has been lost, Cimabue's Christ, the frescoes, the old manuscripts, the properties of so many Florentines. But one more *if* should not pass unnoticed, although it reaches so far back that it might appear presumptuous to try to establish a connection between today's tragedy and yesterday's unheeded genius. And yet, Leonardo da Vinci, this giant of mankind's scientific and artistic evolution, had devised a complete flood control plan for the Arno River valley shortly after 1500. If implemented, the project would have prevented the natural disasters of centuries. Leonardo planned to connect the major cities of Tuscany—Florence, Pisa, and Pistoia—by means of an network of canals which would have made the Arno navigable. They would have provided water during the dry summer months, while a system of dams and locks would have kept the level under the danger point during the winter. Leonardo had gone even one step further: He had visualized full economic exploitation of waterways and dams; in other words, the principle of having the flood control works pay for themselves. He even built a mill, on his father's land near Vinci, to grind herbs. The mill operated until 1905, according to one of the foremost students of Leonardo, Dr. Raymond Stiles, Assistant to the Director of Educational Services in Washington's National Gallery of Art. Italy's loss was our gain, though. Dr. Stiles told Arthur Morgan, the designer of the TVA flood control and power system, about Leonardo's plans, and some of his innovations are in use today. Unfortunately, the Arno did not benefit.

\$0.00 (Tax Deductible)

We see no reason why we shouldn't believe everything the National Geographic Society tells us. If ever there was a wickler for exact information, the Society is the wickliest.

pressive Explorers Hall at Sixteenth : At inform everybody that the earth revolves around the sun in 365 days, 48 minutes, and 46½ seconds that the deepest dive ever made was 3,028 feet (by Dr. Beebe)—that a highest balloon ascension ever made was 72,395 feet (U.S. Army)—et cetera.

On a recent stroll through Explorers Hall we were therefore touchingly full of trust as we looked at a sumptuous model of "The Nation's Planetarium." A sign on the model proclaimed that would be "the world's largest planetarium, built on the banks of the Potomac."

Then suddenly the Society put its touch on us. "Contributions (tax deductible)," the sign continued, "can be sent to The Washington Planetarium and Space Center, c/o the Riggs National Bank."

We were about to reach for our checkbook when we noted a sort of P.S. which read as follows:

"Funds required for construction: \$500,000."

Relieved and elated, we resumed our stroll through Explorers Hall, humming the tune of "Stardust," at peace with ourselves and with our pocketbook. After all—and we had the National Geographic's word for it—we had just contributed the full sum required for construction of the world's largest planetarium.

You don't get to do that every day.

Intelligence

There is a sign beside a pathway in front of the CIA's Langley Headquarters which reads:

SLIPPERY WHEN ICY

"Banned Books"

Do those big, brash, foot-high letters spelling out BANNED BOOKS in the show window of the Discount Book Shop, 1342 Connecticut Avenue, give you a feeling of *déjà vu*? If so, it's not surprising, for the sign was there for a few weeks last August, bugling its provocative come-on, or come-in, message.

The unusual display created quite a stir in the midst of the American Legion Convention in August—and that was exactly what it was intended to do.

This January, the two Bobs who run the shop—Bob Bialek, the owner, and Bob Ball, the manager—decided to do some impartial cold-weather needling of the general public. They gathered together the same carefully selected books they had displayed in August—every one of which had been banned at one time or another—and put them back in their window, along with cards explaining the banishment history of each one.

Unsurprisingly, the books included

FBI

Date: 2/23/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109050)
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (89-75) (RUC)
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 2/20/67, Mr. NORMAN ORRIMINS, Inspector, IIS, Los Angeles, appeared at the Los Angeles Office and stated that he was furnishing the following information for whatever we feel it is worth.

ORRIMINS said a fellow IIS Inspector, J. B. AMERSON, was assigned and working in the Dallas, Texas, area when President KENNEDY was assassinated and that AMERSON is well acquainted with the Dallas area. He indicated it was significant to note that when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was picked up, he was headed in the direction of the Red Bird Airport in Dallas and had almost reached that airport. ORRIMINS said that AMERSON had a subject he was working on in Dallas prior to the assassination, and the name of this subject not recalled by ORRIMINS but can be determined from AMERSON, who is now working out of the Los Angeles IIS Office. He advised that JACK RUBY was well acquainted with AMERSON, subject, who is or was an airplane pilot and was mixed up in smuggling.

The above is made available for information of the Bureau and the Dallas Office, and no contact will be made with AMERSON re the above unless instructed by the Bureau or Dallas.

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas (89-34) (Info.) (AM)
1 - Los Angeles
ERS:elc
(5)

44-7116
NOT RECORDED
FEB 28 1967

61 MAR 6 1967

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4530

FBI WASH DC

202PM URGENT 2-25-67 KBG

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060)

FROM NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

DALLAS, TEXAS,

NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE DATED FEBRUARY TWENTYFOUR,

NINETEEN SIXTYSEVEN.

FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED ON FEBRUARY TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN SIXTYSEVEN,

THAT HE RECEIVED INFORMATION THAT THE INDIVIDUAL USING
THE NAME CLAY BERTRAND IS ACTUALLY CLAY SHAW. INFORMANT
STATED HE CALLED LOUIS IVON, INVESTIGATOR FOR GARRISON,
AND TOLD IVON THAT HE HAD HEARD THAT CLAY SHAW AND CLAY
BERTRAND WERE ONE AND THE SAME, AND ALTHOUGH IVON WOULD
NOT CONFIRM THIS INFORMATION, APPEARED VERY UPSET AND
WANTED TO KNOW WHERE INFORMANT DEVELOPED THIS INFORMATION.

AARON KOHN, MANAGING DIRECTOR, METROPOLITAN CRIME
COMMISSION, ADVISED FEBRUARY TWENTYFOUR, HE HAD RECEIVED
INFORMATION THAT CLAY BERTRAND AND CLAY SHAW WERE ONE AND THE
SAME. KOHN ADVISED HE PICKED THIS INFORMATION UP FROM ONE
OF EIGHTYNINE NEWS SOURCES THAT CONTACTED HIM ON FEBRUARY

51 MAR 1 1967

MAR 6 1967

NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 7 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4584

PAGE TWO

TWENTYFOUR, NINETEEN SIXTYSEVEN.

KOHN ADVISED THAT HE ALSO RECEIVED INFORMATION THAT THERE IS A MAN NAMED CLAY BERTRAND LIVING IN LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA, A REAL ESTATE BROKER THAT LIVED IN NEW ORLEANS ABOUT THE TIME OF THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. KOHN UNABLE TO SUPPLY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RE CLAY BERTRAND OF LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA.

BOTH [REDACTED] AND AARON KORN ADVISED THAT CLAY SHAW WAS THE FORMER MANAGING DIRECTOR OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA. BOTH KOHN AND [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THEM LEAD THEM TO BELIEVE THAT SHAW HAS HOMOSEXUAL TENDENCIES.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THAT HE HAD RECEIVED INFORMATION FROM A PERSON THAT IS A FRIEND OF A FRIEND OF BILL REED OF WWL TV NEWS SERVICE, NEW ORLEANS. THIS FOURTH DASH HAND INFORMATION IS THAT SAM QUOTE "MONK" UNQUOTE ZELDEN, PROMINENT NEW ORLEANS ATTORNEY, LO HAS IN HIS POSSESSION AN APPLICATION, NOT OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED, IN

PAGE THREE

WHICH OSWALD USED AS A REFERENCE JACK RUBY. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] DOES NOT KNOW WHAT KIND OF AN APPLICATION
OR IF THIS IS EVEN TRUE.

NO INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED. INFORMATION BEING
RECEIVED FROM ESTABLISHED SOURCES.

END

HOLD FOR CORR.

~~TIME SHOULD BE 212 PM~~

END

LLD

FBI WASH DC

FBI

Date: 2/20/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL - REGISTERED

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM : SAC, PORTLAND (44-225)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Re Portland teletype to Indianapolis and Dallas dated 11/25/63, captioned, "JACK LEON RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM DECEASED; CR". Re also report of SA WILLIAM S. BROWN dated 12/1/63 entitled, "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R", and numerous communications thereafter captioned, "JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - Victim; CR". All dealt with information provided by GEORGE WILLIAM FEHRENBACH of Medford, Oregon.

Enclosed herewith are three copies for the Bureau and one each for Dallas and Indianapolis of a newspaper account which appeared in the 2/16/67 issue of the "Ashland Daily Tidings", a daily newspaper published at Ashland, Oregon. Included is a photo of FEHRENBACH. The account includes information previously provided by FEHRENBACH to the Bureau. The copies are being submitted as a matter of information. Ashland, Oregon, is a small community approximately 12 miles from Medford. FEHRENBACH apparently now lives in Ashland.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Indianapolis (44-358) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 2 - Portland

WSB:cfk
(7)

REC-34

15 FEB 23 1967

55 MAR 9 1967

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

As A Commie, Ashland 'Friend' Claims

'Shot Oswald To Shut His Mouth'

In the Warren Commission

illied the President.
renback is listed in the
of the Warren Commis-
as "a purported acquaint-
of Ruby."

41-year-old jeweler, who
at 439 Litway, said he thinks
was chosen by the Com-
Party to slay Oswald.
the killer of the President
renback said he worked as
renback in the jewelry store
man named Sam Jaffe in
and 1933 in Muncie, Ind.

ing that time, Fehrenback
he met Ruby a number
and once went out to
with him.
day, after a group of

"Communists" had rented the
union hall on top of the store
where he worked, Fehrenback
went upstairs to retrieve a chair
which had been borrowed for the
meeting, he recalled.
He said he saw a list lying in
the room.

Fehrenback said, "I was no
dumbbell. I knew what kind of
meetings they were holding up
there. So I took the list and
turned it over to the chief of
police."

He said the list was "a roster
of the Communists who had been
at the meeting."

He said he knew Ruby under the
name of Jack Rubenstein, his
actual name.

When Fehrenback and his wife

Phyllis watched the events follow-
ing the assassination of the Presi-
dent on television, he said, he
recognized Ruby.

After "debating" whether he
should say I knew him," Fehren-
back said, he called the Medford,
office of the Federal Bureau of
Investigation.

He told The Tidings two FBI
agents came to see him, took
him to the Ashland police station
and questioned him at length.

After "three or four" months,
during which FBI agents
questioned him so frequently that
he often had to close his jewelry

shop in the Ashland Medical Cen-
ter, Fehrenback said, he was
called to testify before the
Warren Commission in Washing-

ton, D. C., in a letter signed by
Lee Rankin, general counsel for
the Commission.

He said he gave a deposition
before three men associated with
the commission when he appeared
in the capital on July 22, 1964.

Fehrenback said he was shown
a number of photographs of Ruby
and "members of the Communist
party in Muncie at that time, back
in '41 through '44."

Fehrenback said he served in
the Navy from 1941 until 1946
and met Ruby again on his re-
turn to Muncie in 1946.

Fehrenback moved to Jackson-
ville, Fla., when he was dis-
charged from the Navy after his
second tour of duty in 1939.
He moved to Grants Pass in 1939

and came to Ashland the follow-
ing year, he said.

The repeated questioning by
FBI agents, he said, after he
had told them he had known Ruby,
forced Fehrenback to close his
shop, which he had operated as a
manufacturing jeweler and dis-
tressed settler.

He now runs a small shop in
the garage of his home.

Fehrenback said he was ques-
tioned by members of the Muncie
Communist Party several times
about the disappearance of the
list.

"I told them I knew nothing
about it," he said.

The Ashland man claims his
house was closely watched by
the Party for several months
after he took the list.

The Ashland Tidings

Southern Oregon's Oldest Newspaper

ASHLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1967

Telephone 432-3436

NUMBER 141



RECALL KILLER'S KILLER — George W. Fehrenbach of Ashland, a jeweler, sits in his small shop recalling events of the early 40s, when he knew Jack Ruby in Muncie, Ind. — Tidings Photo

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 20 1967

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

2:59 PM URGENT 2-20-67 GLV3P

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060 AND DALLAS 89-43

FROM NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING, OO: DALLAS.

RE NEW ORLEANS TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS DATED NOV.
TWENTYSEVEN, SIXTYTHREE AND REPORT OF SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS
DATED NOV. THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE AT DALLAS, IN CASE ENTITLED
JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. - VICTIM,
DECEASED, ^{CIVIL RIGHTS} CR.

REFERENCED TEL FURNISHED INFO FROM MRS. CORINNE BURGESS,
CLERK, NEWPORT MOTEL, MORGAN CITY, LA. ON NOV. TWENTYSIX,
SIXTYTHREE, ADVISING THAT A MAN STOPPED AT NEWPORT MOTEL ON
NOV. FOURTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, AT APPROXIMATELY ONE PM AND ASKED
TO SPEAK TO PETE GUARISCO, OWNER OF MOTEL. PERSON
CLAIMED TO BE OLD FRIEND OF GUARISCO FROM DALLAS. MRS. BURGESS
SAID PHOTO OF JACK RUBY IN PAPER APPEARED TO BE THIS MAN.
GUARISCO WAS NOT AVAILABLE AT TIME BUT SUBSEQUENTLY ADVISED
END PAGE ONE

75
70 MAR 7 1967

NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 28 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4513

PAGE TWO

NO 89-69

RUBY NOT KNOWN TO HIM AND HE DOES NOT KNOW IDENTITY OF THIS MAN. REFERENCED REPORT OF SA CLEMENTS SETS FORTH THREE ZERO TWO'S COVERING INTERVIEWS WITH PETER JAMES GUARISCO AND MRS. CORINNE BURGESS REGARDING ABOVE INFO.

ON AFTERNOON OF FEB. NINETEEN, SIXTYSEVEN, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF POLICE COP A. A. ACOSTA, MORGAN CITY, LA. TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED RESIDENT AGENT THAT MRS. BURGESS HAD CONTACTED HIM STATING THAT SHE DID NOT FURNISH ALL THE INFORMATION TO THE AGENT OF THE FBI WHO CONTACTED HER SINCE PETE GUARISCO WAS PRESENT AT TIME AND SHE WAS AFRAID TO FURNISH ALL THE INFORMATION SHE KNEW SINCE GUARISCO HAD PREVIOUSLY TOLD HER TO KEEP QUIET AND THAT HE DID NOT KNOW JACK RUBY.

MRS. BURGESS NOW CLAIMS INDIVIDUAL WHO APPEARED AT MOTEL ON NOV. FOURTEEN, SIXTYTHREE, IDENTIFIED HIMSELF AS JACK RUBY, ASKED TO SEE PETER GUARISCO AND INQUIRED ABOUT VICK GUARISCO, A COUSIN OF PETE GUARISCO. HE ALSO MENTIONED HE WAS A FRIEND OF CARLOS MARCELLO AND PETE GUARISCO.

ASOCTA ADVISED THAT PETE GUARISCO APPARENTLY WAS NOT AT THE MOTEL AT THE TIME AND THE INDIVIDUAL IDENTIFYING HIMSELF TO
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

NO 89-69

BE RUBY DID NOT SEE OR TALK TO GUARISCO. MRS. BURGESS ALSO CLAIMS THAT THERE WAS ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL WITH RUBY AND IT IS HER FEELING THAT THIS INDIVIDUAL COULD POSSIBLY HAVE BEEN OSWALD.

ACOSTA ADVISED MATTER BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE FBI SINCE MRS. BURGESS STATED SHE PLANNED TO FURNISH THIS INFO TO DISTRICT ATTORNEY GARRISON.

FILES OF THIS OFFICE SHOW OSWALD'S PRESENCE IN DALLAS ON THAT DATE HAS BEEN VERIFIED BY THE DALLAS DIVISION. FILES ALSO SHOW THAT PRESENCE OF JACK RUBY IN DALLAS ON NOV. FOURTEEN, SIXTYTHREE VERIFIED THROUGH ACQUAINTANCES AND EMPLOYEES OF RUBY.

Subject's Statement to Contrary by Bureau

~~WFO~~ NO ACTION IS BEING TAKEN BY THIS OFFICE TO REINTERVIEW MRS. BURGESS RELATIVE TO INFORMATION SHE CURRENTLY POSSESSES.

WA...MXS

FBI WASH DC

P

SUMMARY FROM SPANISH

The following is a summary of the No. 162, January 15-31, 1967, issue of the biweekly publication, "Politica," that is printed by the "Talleres Graficos de Mexico" at South 69-A, 402, Col. Banjidal, Mexico 13. The commercial address is Bucareli 59, 2nd Floor, Mexico 1. Its general director is Manuel Marcue Pardinas; Boris Rosen is its editor-in-chief.

Front and back cover

"For Good Relations with the President of the Republic"
"The Police Are Always Watching"

The article is a sharp denunciation of the Mexican police and their tactics. Under the strict control of President Diaz Ordaz, Mexico is dominated by the three P's: Police, Prostitution and Politics. The FBI and the CIA dominate the U.S. Embassy which in turn controls the police force and coerces it to eliminate all leftist activities. It must be decided whether Mexico will be governed according to its Constitution or whether it will be subject to the "police forces which are involved in struggles and fights among themselves, aggression against the people, and submissive positions in the face of the FBI's of Yankee imperialism."

Pages I-V

"The U. S. Economy in 1966"
"If the Government Does Not Act Quickly, A Catastrophe Will Take Place"

This is a translation of an article from the December 30, 1966, issue of "Time."

Page 27, Columns 1, 2 and 3

"Two Yankee Aggressions"

NOT RECORDED

199 MAR 1 1967

The government of the U. S. could not let the eighth anniversary of the Cuban Revolution go by without renewing its

MAR 9 1967

64-47255-101
ORIGINAL FILED IN

attacks on the Cuban people with two new acts of aggression:

1. Four counterrevolutionaries: Alberto Concepcion Barreras, Jose Martinez Valdes, Francisco Cordoba, and Ramon Bravo Alcala, were apprehended by the Cuban police in an attempt to bring twenty other counterrevolutionaries out of Cuba. Gonzalez Rodriguez confessed that he was working for the CIA and that this was not his first mission in Cuba. The CIA supplied these men and previous groups with weapons so that as many people as possible can escape from Cuba, thereby causing the Cuban government to lose face.
2. World reaction was aroused by the ballistic missile, Mace, which exploded right off the shore of Cuba. Although this incident was poorly explained as a misfire, it still "constitutes a violation of international laws and places countries like Mexico, Guatemala, and Honduras, which border on the Caribbean, in great danger..."

Page 27, Column 3; Page 28, Columns 1 and 2

"The United States"
"Ruby, Another Link"

The death of Jack Ruby raises to 18 the number of mysterious deaths of persons who could have contributed valuable information about the assassination of President Kennedy. Since Ruby was known to have been in good health, "persistent rumors have been circulating in Dallas to the effect that Ruby was given an injection of cancerous cells while he was in prison." Ruby's sister, Eva, and both of his brothers stated that he received very negligent treatment while he was in Dallas Hospital. All signs point to the fact that this nightclub owner was simply another victim of a vast plot.

His deathbed statement about being solely responsible for the death of Oswald can be explained by the fact that Ruby was worried about his above-mentioned family who could undoubtedly have been killed if he had made a true confession. Ruby was a Jew and it is a well-known fact that Jews have a strong spirit of "collective responsibility."

"Judith Coplon, Innocent"
(Item fully translated as follows)

Seventeen years ago, when the U.S. vigorously declared the "cold war" on the U.S.S.R., the F.B.I. (Federal Police Agency) eagerly dedicated itself to find spies who were in the pay of the U.S.S.R. Any U.S. citizen who belonged to a leftist organization, who had travelled to the U.S.S.R., or who had had or did have a friendly relationship or a simple acquaintance with Soviet diplomatic officials or consuls, was vigilantly watched by the F.B.I.

Judith Coplon was then a young employee of the Department of Justice who wrote police novels based on true stories that were taken from the unlimited source material in the files of this department. She knew Valentin A. Gubitchev, a member of the U.S.S.R.'s delegation to the United Nations, and the two young people became engaged for a short period of time. The F.B.I., however, saw this as an espionage scheme. It learned that Judith was using the files to get plots and one day, it arrested the two young people. Judith was carrying notes about a U.S. juvenile delinquent in her briefcase. This sufficed for the F.B.I. to accuse Judith of supplying the U.S.S.R. with documents they could use to damage the reputation of the "U.S. way of life."

To this evidence the F.B.I. added recordings of telephone conversations between Judith and Gubitchev, in which they made arrangements to meet somewhere, generally in a cafe or a restaurant. With this "arsenal of evidence," the U.S. anti-communistic propaganda formed a fantastic espionage story.

It was a repetition of the Julius and Ethel Rosenberg trial. They were accused of having given Soviet agents the plans to construct the atomic bomb. The Rosenberg couple, just like Judith Coplon, denied the accusations but were sentenced to death and executed, based on the evidence produced by the F.B.I. This evidence, especially the principal one which was a sketch of something which could have been a nuclear bomb, was kept secret until a few months ago, when U.S. technicians who took part in the creation of the atomic bomb, acknowledged the fact that the sketch was worthless.

Judith Coplon was luckier. In 1949, she was sentenced to ten years in prison by a New York court. The sentence was increased to fifteen years by a Washington court of appeal, but Judith's lawyers made an appeal to the Supreme Court. At this point, the U.S. government, through the Department of Justice, postponed the trial indefinitely because they could not produce any real proof of Judith's guilt.

Gubitchev had been sentenced to the same prison term as Judith, but he decided to return to his country before the sentence was executed. In Moscow, it was definitively denied that Gubitchev and Coplon were involved in any espionage activities.

Thanks to her lawyers' appeals, Judith was not imprisoned; but she was to remain at the police's complete disposition. She married one of her lawyers, Albert H. Socolov. They have had four children and have been living in New York. For the past 17 years, Socolov has been trying unsuccessfully to get the Department of Justice to present the evidence it claims to have. Suddenly, on January 6, the Department issued a writ which withdrew the charges it had held against Judith Coplon for 17 years. The Supreme Court quickly suspended the trial and informed the subject of its suspension.

Socolov told newspapermen: "This action has made us very happy, since justice has finally been served in my wife's case. Now, we will continue our married life and will be much happier than we have been for the past 17 years. The important thing is that no one will be able to suspect my wife of having been in the service of the U.S.S.R. or of having been involved in espionage activities against this country."

Page 48, Columns 1, 2, and 3

"The Press"

"The Green Berets"

"...unsure of their final invincibility, these same leaders of pro-imperialistic propaganda have begun to distribute magazines which will get the people of the United States used to the idea of a nuclear war on their own soil. They also want to popularize the idea of an almost total destruction of mankind, from which only a privileged group, U.S. citizens naturally, will survive. Publications like "Green Berets," "Total War," "Los Cabaleros Atomicos," and many others which contribute to the warmongering and collective hysteria, do not remain solely within the United States. They are distributed throughout the western world, either in their original language or in poorly written translations, where they fill readers' heads, especially children and young people, with lies and fantastic tales."

"The 'Muckrakers' Are Reborn"

This article praises the work done by "Fact" and its editor Ralph Ginzburg as well as "Ramparts" and its editors,

Edward Keating and Warren Hinckle. These magazines are not afraid to expose the capitalistic and fascistic actions and tendencies of the U.S. government and the U.S. way of life.

Joseph North, of the "New Masses," stated: "the only course of action, the only scientific cure for all of the nations' problems (the United States) is communism: this is my declaration as a muckraker."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DATE: 2/14/67

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI
(ATTN: CRIME RECORDS DIVISION)

FROM :

SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:

LAW ENFORCEMENT BULLETIN

Jack Ruby

Enclosed herewith is a Xerox copy of an article which appeared in the Fall, 1966 edition of the University of Wisconsin Law Review. This article is a review of a book entitled, "The Trial of Jack Ruby", by JOHN KAPLAN and JON R. WALTZ. The comments of particular interest are those of the book reviewer concerning the ineffectiveness of current criminal prosecutions. The topical interest of commentary of this type to people engaged in law enforcement should be substantial; therefore, the editors of the Law Enforcement Bulletin may wish to consider securing authority to reprint this book review or possibly to have the author write something separately developing the theme which he propounds concerning the ineffectiveness of our system of criminal trials.

A copy of this memorandum and the book review are also enclosed for the Legal Research Unit of the Training Division for their information.

ENCLOSURE

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- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 2)
- (1 - Legal Research Unit)
- 1 - New York

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COMMENTARY

AN AMERICAN TRAGEDY: THE TRIAL OF JACK RUBY†

LAWRENCE M. FRIEDMAN*

President Kennedy was assassinated on November 22, 1963. Two days later, his body lay in state in the rotunda of the Capitol. The world was given over to black pomp and measured grief. It was a "day of drums." Far off, in Dallas, near the site of the bullets and blood, the police held Lee Harvey Oswald in custody. No one doubted that Oswald, ("a twenty-four-year-old drifter and self-proclaimed Marxist with a checkered history of protest against society") had killed the President. On the morning of November 24th, the Dallas police prepared to move Oswald from one jail to another. The room in the basement of the Dallas city hall was humid and crowded. Oswald was led in, handcuffed to a detective. Suddenly, a man emerged from a boiling mass of onlookers, police officers, television cameramen, and reporters—Jack Ruby, born Rubinstein, the owner of a Dallas strip joint. "You son of a bitch!" he shouted, and fired a gun at Oswald; hours later Oswald was dead. This turn of events robbed Dallas of one great state trial, but gave it another; when judgment day came it was Ruby who sat in the dock instead of Oswald. The story of his trial, beautifully understated, has now been told in a masterful book by John Kaplan and Jon R. Waltz.

The trial was bound to excite public interest. No sequence of events in modern times had been followed so eagerly by the public as the tragedy at Dallas and its consequences: the death of a young hero-President, so swift, so tragic, so meaningless. The murder of Oswald was horror piled upon horror. Millions of people had seen it on their television screens; they would never forget. The country had settled down to normalcy when Jack Ruby came to trial, but the trauma had not been expunged. Public curiosity was exploited to the hilt by mass media. The trial was conducted in the honky-tonk air of publicity, polluted by the press and by the buzzing of countless photographers. Ruby's team of lawyers was dominated by Melvin Belli, the "King of Torts,"—flamboyant, high-priced, and notorious. Judge Joe Erown presided, a man known to the Dallas bar as "affable and witty"; "the sort that other men liked to join on a fishing trip or at a poker party."² No one thought of Brown as a legal scholar or a subtle umpire of fact. His lust for the limelight

† This Commentary is based on *THE TRIAL OF JACK RUBY*, by John Kaplan and Jon R. Waltz. New York, New York: The Macmillan Company, 1965. Pp. 1, 392. \$7.95 [hereinafter cited as KAPLAN & WALTZ].

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¹ KAPLAN & WALTZ 1.

² *Id.* at 17.

ENCLOSURE

44-24016-2145

("But, Sam, couldn't you give me just one camera?")—along with simple lack of skill in running a courtroom—may have impeded the conduct of the trial.

The trial itself was arduous. Selection of the jury took a great deal of time; a long parade of witnesses marched on and off the stand. Belli's problem in defending Jack Ruby was simple to state, but difficult to solve. Ruby's state of mind was the essential (and only) question at the trial. Millions, after all, had seen him pull the trigger. The act was undeniable; insanity would have to be the defense. Belli never proved it to the jury's satisfaction. He dabbled with this theory and that. An elusive brand of epilepsy captured his fancy, but no one else seemed convinced. Belli, it seems, had overextended his powers; by the end of the trial he was exhausted. In addition, he made serious tactical mistakes.⁵ Ruby himself never took the stand. He sat and listened. At the end of the trial the jury, with almost unseemly speed, found Jack Ruby guilty as charged. He was sentenced to death.

The sentence of death has not yet been carried out; perhaps it never will. Yet the trial and the shadow of death have destroyed what was left of Jack Ruby. By all accounts, he is a broken man. Perhaps he was (legally) sane at the time of his act; after the trial, his mind seemed clearly out of joint. On April 26, 1964, he had to be taken to the hospital for an abrasion caused when he struck his head against the wall of his cell. A professor of psychiatry found him "obviously psychotic."⁶ There were signs of gross paranoia in his behavior. He believed that "all the Jews in America were being slaughtered," that "the President's assassination [was] . . . now being blamed on him," and that he was the cause of a national massacre.⁶ He thought he heard the screams of his brother, who had been castrated and murdered on account of Ruby's deed.⁷ His detachment from reality was by then so gross that even the prosecution could see it. Whatever the game Ruby played, whatever the

⁵ *Id.* at 35. The statement was made by Brown to Sam Bloom, his "press aide." Brown finally gave way to pressure and barred television from the courtroom.

⁶ For example, in regard to the testimony of Patricia Ann Burge Kohn: who could have been one of [the defense's] . . . most important witnesses. . . . Belli, however, in the preliminary questioning . . . brought out the fact that she was presently being held for trial on a narcotics charge. . . . Belli . . . had for some unaccountable reason destroyed the credibility of what might have been one of his most helpful witnesses.

Id. at 183.

In his closing argument, Belli insisted that "there was only one proper disposition of Jack Ruby's case: he must be acquitted outright, on grounds of sanity. Over and over again Belli informed the jurors that there was no middle ground, no room for compromise." *Id.* at 329.

⁷ *Id.* at 344.

⁸ *Ibid.*

⁹ *Id.* at 344-45.

secrets of his mind, his essential gamble had ended in defeat. That much was clear.

He was not the only loser. With the possible exception of the prosecuting team, everybody who touched the Ruby trial or who was touched by it came away tainted with its filth. The judge, Melvin Belli, his colleagues on the defense, the expert witnesses on the stand—all stood indicted of incompetence or worse. The American system of trial by jury was itself on trial, and the verdict was adverse. There were no heroes of the Ruby trial, tragic or otherwise—only pathetic, limited men. There was a Faulkner quality to every episode, an air of grotesque Texas rot. It was a trial of the decadent, by the decadent, and the decadent sat solemnly in judgment.

This is in essence the tale. The subject calls for—and gets—a narrative of the highest skill. *The Trial of Jack Ruby* is a model of accuracy and irony, of subtle indirection. It does not describe; it evokes. That is one of its greatest virtues. Another is the clarity with which institutions of the criminal law are presented and explained. Perhaps no other book of American law teaches so well in narrative form. Moreover, few books bring so tellingly to judgment the American system of trial by jury. Trial by jury is elsewhere romanticized or denigrated: very occasionally it is studied. Here, quite exceptionally, a mirror is held up to its face.

Not that *The Trial of Jack Ruby* is a book of preachments and conclusions. Works of *verismo* depict our purulence and blood, but prescribe no cure; nor do they willingly go to the end of their implications. In *Jack Ruby* too, there is a deliberate holding back. Partly, this is a matter of technique; the authors prefer to make their points by delicate juxtapositions. Partly, one suspects, the authors mean also to arouse in their reader a critical mood, a mood that will allow the reader to find his own corollaries and deductions. Some questions are raised, some data given in the form of a cautionary tale; but no answers are explicitly provided. Let us pursue one or two of the problems more fully. Was the trial of Jack Ruby unique? Does it reflect some larger whole? Is the system it represents basically sound, or is it far too corrupt for redemption?

I

The trial of Jack Ruby, as described by Kaplan and Waltz, leaves the reader with a feeling that our system of criminal justice is sick. In this case it is clear where the sickness lies. In large measure, it was made manifest in a passion for celebrity. If the trial was a circus, it was because the major characters had chosen for themselves a role of greasepaint and drums. The judge's fondness for the limelight has already been mentioned. Before the Ruby

trial, he was best known to the world for his conduct during the trial of Candy Barr. Candy Barr was a stripper, on trial for possession of marijuana. The judge called her into chambers and took photographs of her. She was fully clothed, but, understandably, some citizens of Dallas found the judge's behavior unprofessional. Ruby himself may have pulled the trigger for reasons of notoriety—he was a lonely and alienated man gambling (perhaps subconsciously) for a place in the sun. And Lee Oswald no doubt knew that only his rifle could make him famous—a hero in a world which does not always discriminate between noble and ignoble fame. Our society has (relatively speaking) many gradations of rank but little fixity of birth. Some are willing to kill and be killed, to earn a counterfeit nobility; murder may be preferable to an obscure and pointless life. The lust for fame crosses the boundaries of class and occupation. There are doctors who prefer the courtroom to the operating room, heliotropic professors who thrive on flashbulbs. Expert witnesses are sometimes recruited from these men. Oswald's mother is another instance. Her grief at the death of her son has been eased by her delight at "going down in history." Every major Dallas participant had memories for sale. And most avid and eager of all to feed on the mass media was Melvin Belli, chief counsel for the defense. "Get me that case," he said, "I want it so badly I can taste it."⁸ He tasted publicity. His name and his money had been acquired, bit by bit, through clever manipulation of the art of being known, through press agency, through courtroom stunts and strident appeals to the visual senses of juries. This is the man who once carried an artificial leg, wrapped in brown butchershop paper, into the courtroom; who celebrates verdicts by firing a cannon and running a skull-and-crossbones up the flagstaff of his office.⁹ His reputation is known to millions of Americans who could not name two Wall Street lawyers to save their souls.

Belli represents, in his profession, the extreme case of the seeker of headlines. But it is important to remember that he is not unique. There are others of his stamp. Every big city has at least one—bizarre, eccentric lawyers, who specialize in personal injury work and garish criminal trials, "attorneys for the damned"; lawyers of lurid divorces, people whose names are always in the paper, men who strike extravagant poses, ladies with incredible hats—"good copy," all of them, despised by the "respectable" bar but rich, successful, and notorious.

These lawyers are, in one sense, the degenerate descendants of the lions of another day—of lawyers like Daniel Webster and Horace Binney, the great courtroom orators of the nineteenth century. In his day, Webster was also "good copy." Audiences gathered breath-

⁸ *Id.* at 31.

⁹ *Id.* at 28, 31.

lessly to hear him speak. When the cause was right, and the occasion propitious, he could harangue a court for hours or days in oral argument. His eloquence made the crowds laugh and cry on his behalf. When a Webster spoke, the Supreme Court drew sizable crowds; important civil servants, diplomats, and high-born ladies crowded the galleries.¹⁰ Of less prestige, the circuit-riding lawyers of the open West were also public performers. In dull, unpolished county seats, they entertained the masses with tricks, legal charades, outrageous technicalities, homespun addresses. All this skill displayed at trial brought them an audience—and customers as well. Indeed, whatever its psychological and social roots, exhibitionism at the bar has only flourished where it meant cold cash. Lawyers are human beings as hungry for psychic and material goods as anyone else, whatever pious platitudes the leaders of the bar put forth. If a craving for attention may lead a man to murder, a craving for money and success may create a Webster, a Lincoln—or Melvin Belli.

Success does not come easily to a lawyer. This is true of all professions and hence also of the law. There is room at the top, but the ladder is crowded. There are a number of ways to succeed, but none of them are simple. One highly selective way leads to the genteel anonymity of Wall Street.¹¹ Here success means money, pride, and a kind of muted fame. The masses will never hear your name or ask your autograph, but an audience of peers and servants understands your place. To win on Wall Street means admission to a tiny club of the elite. Moreover, once a young lawyer gets a start on Wall Street, he has a certain measure of security within reach. Not everybody who is hired by a Wall Street firm winds up as a senior partner; but we are speaking here of men with skill and brains. In the firm, the young lawyer finds a ready-made clientele—big businessmen, their companies, their private affairs. When he achieves partnership, the young lawyer will inherit these clients; and when he in turn dies or retires, he will leave them to his successors. New clients are not easily acquired, to be sure; yet by moving in economic and social circles inhabited by the rich and powerful, he is at least exposed to potential business. He may have been born into those circles in the first place. If not, he can learn how to behave—most likely he has already learned this at college.

But Wall Street (and its equivalent in other cities) is only for the few. Many lawyers, by reason of their background, inclination, training, and temperament cannot aspire to its heights. The big firms are rigid in their insistence that prospective recruits must have been trained in the proper schools and have credentials of academic success. A certain temperament, a certain culture, and

¹⁰ See 1 C. WARREN, *THE SUPREME COURT IN UNITED STATES HISTORY* 471-73 (1937).

¹¹ For a recent study of the Wall Street lawyer, his recruitment, career patterns, and characteristics, see SMICEL, *THE WALL STREET LAWYER* (1964).

certain style of life are also essential. Yet those who have Wall Street traits do not exhaust the ranks of the able and ambitious. The others must take different roads to the top. The small firm lawyer in a big city¹² has to scramble for his clients. Word of mouth, hard and patient work, friends and relations, classmates in school, clubs and social groups—all of these can provide him with business, if he is lucky or adroit. For those who specialize (through desire or otherwise) in criminal work, personal injury, or divorce, the job of finding customers may be the hardest of all. Their business in those fields is nonrecurring; few clients come back. Advertising in its less polite forms is forbidden to them¹³ by the "ethics" invented by their betters at the bar. For them, word of mouth must be a shout, not a whisper. A front-page story is a golden brief.

Headlines and mass media are modern phenomena. The silver tongue of Daniel Webster and the antics of the frontier lawyer were the functional equivalents, in their day, of Belli's headlines. All these tactics were employed to bring a lawyer to the attention of potential clients. One hundred years ago, the "retainer" was virtually unknown; courtroom work loomed larger in the average lawyer's practice than it now does. Attention-getting was even more important than today. But for lawyers who work with a shifting clientele, the situation has hardly altered in a century. In one way or another, their name must get known to an audience of potential business. Thus, though temperament predisposes a man to exhibitionism, economic facts of the profession help write the script.

In Belli's case, economic need has turned into an addiction; his own ego has been victimized. He "had become a prisoner of his own image. . . . [O]ver the years Belli had gradually come to believe more and more of the things he said about himself."¹⁴ So the glitter and stench from Dallas were stimuli he was powerless to resist. Jack Ruby, whom he was so badly to serve, had set a trap for him; and the King of Torts, grown unwary from success, fell into it. It hardly needs to be added that Jack Ruby, too, paid dearly for his mistake. Yet in a sense, neither was responsible. It was not Ruby's fault but that of the system that he called for Melvin Belli; not Belli's fault that he ran to take the bait. The virtue of the system is that it brings together the two partners in a mutual relation, as the color of a flower attracts a suitable species of bee. The system is tolerable, however, only if and so long as it serves its function—matching lawyers to people in need. Kaplan and Waltz have shown, by dispassionate but damning analysis, how Belli failed to serve his client. They raise, in acute form, the question

¹² Graphically described in CARLIN, *LAWYERS ON THEIR OWN* (1962).

¹³ ABA, *CANONS OF PROFESSIONAL ETHICS*, Canon 27.

¹⁴ KAPLAN & WALTZ 31.

whether the system is tolerable in criminal cases. Ruby, it is suggested, would have been better off with a lesser-known lawyer, one who knew the local temper and the local scene. But the difficulties of the case seemed to call for the very best lawyer, and Ruby's family could not tell the best from the loudest voice. In this sense, the system misfired. It has misfired in other cases, too. Representation of the criminal poor is obviously defective. The distribution system for legal talent has broken down. It not only creates a Melvin Belli, it also tends to drive out of the field of criminal law the sedate, shy, but perhaps efficient lawyers. The cost to society may be great.

II

In a brief, trenchant epilogue, Kaplan and Waltz address themselves to some basic questions posed by Jack Ruby's trial. One of these "important . . . for lawyers and others who care about American justice is whether . . . Jack Ruby was accorded a fair trial."¹⁵ The concept of "fair trial," the authors explain, implies "two notions—that of equality (has the accused been given the same protection and chance of acquittal as others similarly situated?) and that of rational procedure (has there been an adherence to procedures rationally adapted to determine the guilt or innocence of the accused?)."¹⁶ Kaplan and Waltz do not go so far as to say that in either regard the trial of Jack Ruby was defective, yet the trial "leaves one with an uneasy feeling." The pathic publicity; the lurid nature of the crime and its attendant circumstances; the destructive impact of the trial on Ruby's personality; the severe and shocking penalty imposed;—these are some of the things, perhaps, which give rise to an "uneasy feeling." But an even more general uneasiness has not been laid to rest. Was the trial of Jack Ruby truly an instrument for the discovery of truth? For that matter, is any trial?

Many people were disappointed that his trial shed so little light on the motive underlying Jack Ruby's crime. In all probability their expectation was unrealistic from the outset. The rules of evidence, for a variety of reasons, sometimes reject testimony which is relevant and probative; and the adversary system, which insures that the only evidence produced is that tendered by the parties, often leaves large areas of the case unexplored because neither side has felt it tactically prudent to expose them.¹⁷

In short, the actual criminal trial is unlike the trial of fiction and drama, in which truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth emerges into daylight at drama's end. The actual criminal trial is so structured that truth hides its face. Judge and jury may hear

¹⁵ *Id.* at 370.

¹⁶ *Id.* at 371.

¹⁷ *Id.* at 367.

only what law and lawyers let them hear. They may not hear, or absorb, or seek out, the total context of a crime or its actors; they are confined to the rules of the courtroom.

Not all panels of adjudication have this feature, by any means. Consider, for example, the Warren Commission, appointed to investigate the President's death. The Commission acted, in a sense, as the trial of Lee Oswald. One of the jobs of the Commission was to investigate the facts and circumstances surrounding the President's death, and Oswald had been charged with this crime. The sessions of the Commission were duly reported by news media, and evoked a good deal of public interest; nonetheless, the tone of the proceedings was much more restrained than was the case in Dallas. The Commission seemed patient, and cost was irrelevant. The Commission sifted mounds of evidence, called witness after witness, dug through layers of relevancy and irrelevancy, and gave at least the appearance of a solemn tribunal, doggedly searching for facts. The Commission, in its own words,

functioned neither as a court presiding over an adversary proceeding nor as a prosecutor determined to prove a case, but as a factfinding agency committed to the ascertainment of the truth.¹⁸

The Commission's procedures were "necessarily" different from "those of a court conducting a criminal trial,"¹⁹ since, after all, Oswald was dead. The Commission was anxious, however, to act in "fairness to the alleged assassin and his family."²⁰ The President of the American Bar Association, Walter E. Craig, at the request of the Commission, was asked to represent Lee Harvey Oswald; he and his associates "were given the opportunity to cross-examine witnesses, to recall any witness . . . and to suggest witnesses whose testimony they would like to have the Commission hear."²¹

But the shadow of the gallows did not hang over Lee Oswald's head. Actually, Craig made little use of his role. An "adversary" atmosphere is hard to counterfeit. The function of the tribunal in Dallas was to decide a man's fate; the function of the tribunal in Washington was to learn, to explain, and to soothe the fears of a nation. The contrast between the Warren Commission and the Ruby trial emerges most sharply if we compare their "verdicts." At the Ruby trial the verdict was brief, oracular—a bald assertion of guilt and a sentence of death. No reasons were—or had to be—given. The Warren Commission's "verdict" was book-length, discursive, ponderous; it nagged and worried at this or that aspect of the facts. The style was deliberately calculated to give the impres-

¹⁸ THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, THE WARREN REPORT x (Associated Press 1964).

¹⁹ Ibid.

²⁰ Ibid.

²¹ Ibid.

sion that no stone had been left unturned. Formal, oracular brevity would have been distinctly out of place.

The cautiousness of the Warren report was purposeful. The report had the job of laying suspicions to rest. In this country, almost everyone believed in the Commission's integrity. Almost everyone believed that it looked for and found the whole truth of the case. A few commentators, most of them European, rather hysterically disagreed. They labeled the Report a gigantic whitewash, part of a mammoth secret plot to hide the truth. This is absurd, though we must not forget that the charge has a core of plausibility. After all, the government was not disinterested in the findings of its Commission. What the Commission reported was what everyone wanted to hear. A state paper reporting the results of an inquiry of state, can be a whitewash just as easily as it can be an exploration into truth—perhaps more easily.²² A trial like Jack Ruby's, on the other hand, is radically different; it cannot be an impartial, objective search for the whole of the truth, but neither can it (at least not easily) serve as an instrument of state.

In this lies the paradox, the strength, and the weakness—all at once—of the American system of trial. Jack Ruby's trial displays this paradox in heightened form, but it is visible in every trial to a greater or a lesser degree. American civil and criminal procedures are, in the main, not rationalized, not bureaucratic, not dispassionate. But at the same time, when conducted in the open, they are not subservient to state interests, and they are not the instruments of tyranny. Unfair trials are certainly no rarity in this country. A Negro very likely cannot be fairly tried for certain crimes in much of the South, and there have been plenty of northern examples of harsh, vindictive uses of criminal law.²³ A tyrannical trial, however, presupposes a conjunction of state power and deep-seated popular opinion. Where the public mind is open, the American system prevents the government from overwhelming the defense either with brute facts or brute power. The trial of the "discoverer" of Krebiozen provides a recent, and striking, example. Some scholars have wondered how the most democratic nation in the world tolerates modes of procedure more irrational and archaic than those of the dictatorial power states. The answer is that the American mind sees no alternative; the search for objective truth (which is the essence of inquisitorial procedure) seems far too dangerous to be tolerated. Hence it has been sacrificed for the vulgarity and

²² Very recently, additional charges have been made that the Commission failed to examine the facts independently, and that it glossed over some troublesome questions. See, for example, EPSTEIN, *INQUEST* (1966).

²³ See, for example, the trials of the "anti-renters" as described in CHRISTMAN, *TIN HORNS AND CALICO: AN EPISODE IN THE EMERGENCE OF AMERICAN DEMOCRACY* 215-52 (1961). Similarly, the notorious political trials, from the days of the Sedition Act to the Smith Act, were all jury trials.

inefficiency of the criminal trial. The Ruby case and others make one wonder; is the price too high? Yet history and national instinct are not totally unsound; inquisition and Star Chamber deserve at least some of their black reputations. A Melvin Belli was unthinkable in Moscow during the purge trials, and the Moscow purge trials would be unthinkable in Dallas.²⁴

The flaws of the adversary system of criminal trial are glaring. Its virtues, on the other hand, are familiar and quite ingrained in the American legal mind. American lawyers tend to believe that there is no other way to reach honest results. One point, often overlooked, is that the essence of the adversary system is not the power of the two opposing lawyers, but the powerlessness of the judge. At first sight, this seems a paradoxical statement to make about a system of law in which the judge makes or at least declares the law, and which exalts the personality of the judge to a degree unthinkable on the Continent. But it is equally important to note in what role the American judge is not exalted: in his role as civil servant. The "independence" of the judge is a two-edged sword. He is free from the power of the other branches of the government, but he also does not partake of their power. The judge cannot investigate, he does not consult other departments of government, he does not have at his fingertips the full apparatus of the state. It is well known (and often deplored) that the rules of evidence operate to keep the jury in the dark. The judge is almost equally in the dark.

The evolution of some aspects of American procedural law—and, what is just as important, some aspects of its stagnation—can be viewed as the outcome of a constant struggle to keep the judge under control, and more specifically, to prevent the legal system (especially the criminal law) from being useful as an instrument of tyranny. In some countries, as in England, the independence of the judiciary from the state apparatus is ensured by tradition; English judges are traditionally fair, aloof, and objective, at least in modern times. The Englishman's wig is a symbol that he lives in another era, removed from the temptations of the modern nation-state with all its powers and its evils. It is an English archaism, just as American procedure is an American archaism, symbolizing much the same thing.

²⁴ Everyone knows that a defendant is not necessarily innocent or guilty merely because a jury says so. The same uncertainty is inherent in the "verdict" of a state trial or state investigation. No matter how hard the state tries, it cannot readily dispel all doubts. This has been true of the Warren Report. Most Americans believe in it because they believe in their government. The foreign observer, having no reason of faith or experience to trust our institutions, sees no reason why the Warren Commission, which so clearly had an axe to grind, should not be charged with grinding it. This loss of confidence may now be spreading to the United States. See EPSTEIN, *INQUEST* (1966).

The English sort of tradition has never developed in this country. Probably it could not have flourished in a relatively classless society with great ethnic diversity. Americans have not had faith in an elite, at least since the early nineteenth century. Economic and social circumstances destroyed the possibility of a judicial elite.²⁵ History, too, took an unfortunate turn. The Federalist judiciary behaved in a partisan manner; in office, it appeared willing to act as the instrument of state power. The trial judge became an object of democratic suspicion. The Jeffersonian party attacked the judges as elitists, and demanded that they be made more responsive to the popular will. Logically then, the judge's power had to be curbed; and in such a way as to bend him toward the people, rather than toward the government. From the days of Jefferson on, legal institutions developed to accomplish these purposes. The Jacksonian concept of democracy reinforced these developing trends. For example, most judgeships became elective. Election tied the fortune of the judge to current political movements, but did not make him an instrument of the state. This might have happened had life tenure been replaced by a system of short-term appointments to office at the will of the governor or assembly. The judge was responsive to the people—and directly so. Significant changes took place in the way trials were carried on—changes that fundamentally altered the position of the judge.²⁶ Judges at one time used to comment on the evidence; they instructed the jury in their own language; in general, they took an active role in managing the trial. Now they were reduced to a more passive role. They were umpires, reciting stock instructions (drafted by attorneys) and refraining, in most states, from any comment on the evidence. The judge was not only to be powerless, he was also to be divorced from the state apparatus. American courts were not bureaucratically organized. For example, in many places the clerks of court are elected—they are nominated by political parties, organize campaigns, and run for office. That a judge's clerk should be, not a civil servant, but a politician responsive to a lay constituency, and independent of the judge, would no doubt strike a continental lawyer or judge as preposterous. But even the office of judge is not highly professionalized or highly bureaucratic. Until very recent times, the states did not provide for central administration of court systems; each judge ran his own little fiefdom. Today, to be sure, a certain amount of administrative reform has been achieved in some states and in the federal system. Moreover, the rules of evidence are becoming more "rational" (that is, free and discretionary with the judge). But neither of these tendencies even today has gone to its logical limit. And judgeship is not, as in France, a separate, specialized career.

²⁵ On the relationship between egalitarian ideologies and the "loss of professional standards for training and admission to the bar," see HURST, *LAW AND SOCIAL PROCESS IN UNITED STATES HISTORY* 124-26 (1960).

²⁶ See Friedman, Book Review, 78 HARV. L. REV. 1705, 1709 (1965).

A judgeship (particularly on the lower levels) sometimes may even be a stepping stone for lawyers as much as a career in itself. In Lincoln's day, lawyers sometimes sat in for a judge who was busy or indisposed. Bench and bar had professional solidarity; the bench was not (and is not) a separate, civil service career, but rather an offshoot of the bar; and the bar is in practice, if not in theory, quite independent of the state.

Such a system does not readily produce a Star Chamber or a hanging judge; but it abounds in the likes of Joe B. Brown. The persistence of a crude, rule-bound system of procedure is therefore not unrelated to the existence of crude and vulgar judges. The system persists as a control over such judges, and the quality of the judges helps the system to persist, because it makes a virtue of continued control. How much more power would we be willing to grant to Judge Brown? But while we can explain the American way through its historical and social roots, this does not mean that the present system is indispensable or that it cannot be reformed. It has survival value—but only barely—and the costs to society are great. Reform is not easy, however. The people directly affected by the system (for example; lawyers, and judges) have a vested interest in it; others with a vital stake (the criminal population) have no effective say. The wider public is ignorant or uninterested. The use of trial courts for matters of major economic concern is quite limited; as a result, much intolerable procedure is tolerable since it is not generally used. A social problem does not begin to find a "solution" until some important segment of the public is aroused. A problem is real when it is felt to be real. Prior to that time, it is not a problem, but a sleeping matter of fact. Recently, a heightened awareness of the costs of our system seems to have come over some leaders of opinion. Reexamination of institutions is in the air. A wider audience may draw wide insights from the present work.

III

One further point. The authors of this book bear the title of Professor of Law; they are both academics. This fact is particularly welcome. American legal scholarship, in the main, has exhausted its energies in sterile dogmatics, neglecting its vital opportunities. The academic study of law can be pursued as an art or as a science. It can be looked at as a practical study of the techniques of social control, or as the dispassionate investigation and dissection of those techniques. The art and the science presuppose each other. Without science, the art of law is a simple trade; without art, the science of law is dead abstract bones. Both the art and the science, in American legal education, have been in a mummified state for generations, despite sporadic attempts at revival. In recent years, some signs have indicated the possible (and permanent) rebirth of the science of law. But the use of scientific techniques (such

as statistical measurement) will not bring full understanding of the legal system, without what we might call an artistic grasp of reality. The *Trial of Jack Ruby* is one of those very few, very rare works, about law and of law, which can be called (in the sense used here) a work of art; it conveys, with economy and force, a heightened image of the real.

FBI

Date: 2/23/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, JACKSONVILLE (62-NEW)

SUBJ: HENRY THOMAS KILLAM, aka
Thomas Henry Killam,
Red Killam,
Hank Killam
INFORMATION CONCERNING

deceased *Fla* *1945*
Jack Ruby
B-9-20-1922
Pensacola, Fla

For the information of the Bureau, an article appeared in the "Pensacola Journal", Pensacola, Fla., Wednesday morning issue 2/22/67, entitled "Brother Wants Body Exhumed. Did Mystery Death Here Link to JFK?"

In part, the above article states "An autopsy and investigation in the mysterious Pensacola death of a man supposedly frightened and fleeing 'Agents' or plotters of President JOHN F. KENNEDY's assassination was asked here Tuesday night. Official request will be made to County Solicitor CARL HARPER, Wednesday."

" 'I'm a dead man,' THOMAS HENRY KILLAM had cried in anguish to a brother in 1964 after constant questioning and harassment forced him to flee Tampa, 'But I've run as far as I'm going to run.' Two days later he was dead. The brother, (EARLE J. KILLAM, 24 Pennington Drive, Pensacola, Florida), with long-smoldering fires of frustration now aflamed over breaking news now of New Orleans involving an alleged plot to kill KENNEDY, said Tuesday he had asked County Solicitor HARPER for the exhumation of the body of his brother. District Attorney JIM GARRISON of New Orleans said that there was a conspiracy to kill President KENNEDY and that arrests will be made and convictions obtained."

③ - Bureau
2 - Jacksonville
WOL:jeb
(5)

44-24016-2146
3-6
15 FEB 27 1967

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

62 MAR 10 1967 Agent in Charge

JK 62-NEW

"HANK KILLAM, whose wife (WANDA KILLAM) sold cigarettes and stripped for JACK RUBY in Dallas' infamous Carousel Club, was found dead, his jugular vein cut, amidst shattered glass on downtown streets of Pensacola on 3/17/64.

"Police listed the death as 'Possible suicide'.

"Either for real or fantasy reasons, HANK KILLAM, whose wife had a 15 year association with JACK RUBY, began to feel their past working relationship was causing persecution.

"Too, KILLAM knew JOHN CARTER, who had lived with LEE OSWALD in Mrs. A. C. JOHNSON's Dallas Rooming House. He painted a few houses with CARTER-these two links being the only traceable ones connecting KILLAM to either RUBY or OSWALD.

"But men he described as 'Federal Agents' visited him repeatedly after the assassination, he lost one job after another and he attributed this to the interrogations. He said that the men never showed identification.

"So did his wife, Wanda. KILLAM even left Dallas for Florida.

"But the 'Agents' browbeat his wife into telling them where he was, she said. 'Florida', Wanda reportedly told them."

The article continues to give some background information regarding KILLAM, to the effect that Escambia County Coroner, Pensacola, Fla., after KILLAM's death reported that KILLAM apparently died of a 3" deep laceration over the left side of his neck. The death was ruled accidental.

For the information of the Bureau, no Agents in the Jacksonville Division have interviewed KILLAM and Jacksonville Office indices are negative re KILLAM.

On 2/23/67, SMYTH R. GILL (NA), Investigator, County Solicitor's Office, Pensacola, Fla., advised that County Solicitor CARL HARPER on 2/22/67, had been contacted by

JK 62-NEW

deceased's brother, EARLE J. KILLAM, after the brother had read an article regarding District Attorney JIM GARRISON's investigation in New Orleans concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY. EARLE J. KILLAM requested that the body of the deceased be exhumed and an autopsy performed to determine exact reason for death, inasmuch as the deceased knew the above mentioned JOHN CARTER and deceased's wife, WANDA, had known JACK RUBY.

Mr. GILL stated he had previously known the deceased HENRY THOMAS KILLAM, white male, born 9/20/22, Pensacola, Fla., for a number of years, and related that on 5/12/58, the deceased was arrested by local authorities on charges of B & E and GL. On 10/23/58, deceased entered plea of guilty to charges and was placed on 7 years probation. Shortly after being placed on probation, deceased absconded; however, turned himself in to local authorities on or about 12/6/63.

Mr. GILL continued that after deceased turned himself in, deceased was continued on probation. GILL said after this the deceased's mother, MARY JANE KILLAM, 316 W. Romana St., Pensacola, called him on numerous occasions and requested aid in placing deceased in a mental institution as he was "hearing voices on radio" that did not exist, "imagining people were following him" and also seeing "snakes". Deceased's mother also told him that deceased was taking some kind of pills.

GILL said he visited deceased and his mother on numerous occasions, accompanied by Florida Probation Officer JOHN R. SKINNER. On one occasion he obtained samples of the pills being taken by deceased and had them analyzed and determined that they were barbituate and amphetamine tablets. As a result, arrangements were made to have deceased committed to Escambia General Hospital for treatment and which commitment was scheduled for same day that KILLAM died, 3/17/64.

GILL stated that he is of the opinion that during a hallucination, the deceased either fell or jumped into the store window which resulted in his death by being cut by broken glass.

JK 62-NEW

Mr. GILL advised that at the present time Solicitor HARPER is in the process of making inquiries to determine if there is any reasonable ground to exhume deceased's body and conduct an autopsy; however, at the present time Mr. HARPER does not believe there is sufficient ground or reason for such action.

Newspaper clipping being forwarded to Bureau for information, and this matter will be followed closely with County Solicitor's Office, Pensacola, Fla., and Bureau will be advised of any pertinent developments.

148
7:50 PM
2/28/67
R

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 28 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

528PM URGENT 2/28/67 JDP

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016) ATTENTION: GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIV.
FROM DALLAS

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA; CR; ASSASSINATION
OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTY-TWO, SIXTYTHREE.

FILES OF DALLAS OFFICE REVEAL WANDA JOYCE KILLAM WAS INTER-
VIEWED ON ONE OCCASION AT DALLAS, TEXAS BY FBI AGENTS AND THAT HER
HUSBAND HENRY THOMAS KILLAM WAS REPORTED AS RESIDING AT EIGHT
ONE ONE FOUR NEWPORT AVE., TAMPA, FLORIDA.

HENRY THOMAS KILLAM INTERVIEWED ON ONE OCCASION ONLY THAT
BEING AT ABOVE ADDRESS IN TAMPA, FLORIDA BY AN FBI AGENT.

AGENTS PROPERLY IDENTIFIED THEMSELVES ON EACH OF ABOVE TWO
INTERVIEWS.

NO INDICATION WANDA JOYCE KILLAM EVER REPORTED TO DALLAS FBI
OFFICE THAT HER HUSBAND WAS IN PENSACOLA, FLA.

END

MCS -

FBI WASH DC

X

F-497
59MAR 10 1967

EX-104

REC 22

44-24016-2147

3 MAR 6 1967

Be Campbell
3/1/67
Kemp
6-W

DECODED COPY X

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

Tolson	
DeLoach	
Wick	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
Felt	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

12:01 AM CST URGENT 3-5-67 OLP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS

FROM NEW ORLEANS 050445

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, MISC. INFO CONCERNING.

RENOTEL TO BUREAU FEBRUARY 25, 1967, 2:02 PM CST.

[REDACTED] ADVISED THIS DATE THAT AURA LEE (LAST NAME UNKNOWN), CLAY
SHAW'S FORMER SECRETARY AT INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART, NEW ORLEANS
WHO IS EMPLOYED BY THE HEART FUND AT OCHSNER CLINIC, STATED IN
FRONT OF DR. CHARLES B. MOORE AND OTHERS AT OCHSNER HOSPITAL
31 LAST, AFTER SHAW'S PRESS CONFERENCE WHERE HE ADVISED HE
NEVER MET DAVID FERRIE, THAT SHE HAD SEEN FERRIE GO INTO
SHAW'S OFFICE IN THE INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART BUILDING ON A
NUMBER OF OCCASIONS, AND BELIEVED FERRIE HAD PRIVILEGED ENTRY
INTO SHAW'S OFFICE.

INFORMANT FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN THE
STRICTEST CONFIDENCE SINCE IT WAS FURNISHED TO HIM BY

NOT RECORDED
150 MAR 9 1967

MAR 8 1967

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably
paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4657

DECODED COPY

☐ AIRGRAM ☐ CABLEGRAM ☐ RADIO ☒ TELETYPE

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

PAGE TWO FROM NEW ORLEANS 050445

1/11/64
New Orleans, La.
[REDACTED] A
NEIGHBOR OF THE INFORMANT, WHO SWORE INFORMANT TO SECRECY BEFORE FURNISHING THE INFORMATION. INFORMANT ADVISED THAT ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] HE HAD TALKED TO THE JUDGE WHO HAD HANDLED THE MATTER INVOLVING CLAY SHAW AND THIS JUDGE STATED THAT AFTER HE HAD SEEN THE EVIDENCE DISTRICT ATTORNEY GARRISON HAS, HE STRONGLY BELIEVES THAT IF THE CASE AGAINST CLAY SHAW GOES TO A JURY, THE JURY WILL VOTE ELEVEN TO ONE IN FAVOR OF A CONVICTION.

ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] GARRISON'S ACE IN THE HOLE IS WELL DOCUMENTED PROOF CONSISTING OF A CERTIFIED PHOTOSTATIC COPY OF A JOB APPLICATION MADE BY LEE HARVEY OSWALD IN HIS OWN HANDWRITING DURING THE SPRING OR SUMMER OF 1963 WITH A TRUCKING COMPANY, NAME NOT MENTIONED, BELIEVED TO BE IN NEW ORLEANS, IN WHICH OSWALD LISTED THREE PERSONAL REFERENCES ONE OF WHOM WAS JACK RUBY. [REDACTED] ALSO MENTIONED THAT ATTORNEY SAM (MONK) ZELDEN HAS KNOWLEDGE OF THIS APPLICATION AS HE IS AN ATTORNEY FOR THIS TRUCKING FIRM.

BUREAU WILL BE KEPT ADVISED OF ANY PERTINENT DEVELOPMENTS.

RECEIVED: 1:13 AM REY

McMullen
If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

F B I

Date: 2/24/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: ALL SACs

PERSONAL ATTENTION

FROM: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

James C. Garrison, District Attorney of New Orleans, Louisiana, has been conducting an independent investigation relating to the assassination of President Kennedy.

His activities have been the subject of numerous press releases which in themselves have been controversial. He has been quoted as saying "I have no reason to believe at this time that Lee Harvey Oswald killed anybody in Dallas on Nov. 22." Garrison has been quoted as saying he had no intention of calling in the FBI, and "we've been able to make more progress in three months with a handful of men than they've been able to do in three years with 5,000 men."

Due to Garrison's irresponsible actions in connection with this matter, no contact is being made with him or any member of his staff.

You are instructed to insure each employee in your Division understands that if he is asked for any information relating to this matter there is to be no comment made; further, this matter is not to be discussed outside the Bureau. However, should information be made available to you voluntarily it will be accepted, and the Bureau is to be promptly advised. No active investigation is to be conducted.

44-24016

ENCLOSURE

EXTRA COPY

Sent Via _____ M Per _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: March 3, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Raupach
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Wick
1 - Mr. Gale

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

PURPOSE:

To recommend airtel to the field furnishing additional instructions as to the manner information received concerning the assassination of President Kennedy should be handled.

BACKGROUND:

By airtel dated 2/24/67, all offices were instructed to accept any information furnished relating to District Attorney Garrison's investigation; to advise the Bureau promptly of data received, but that no active investigation was to be conducted. In addition, this airtel instructed that no comments concerning Garrison's investigation should be made and this matter was not to be discussed outside the Bureau.

There has been widespread publicity concerning Garrison's activities in New Orleans and, as a result, we are receiving voluminous information concerning speculation and rumors regarding the assassination. Such information, even though having no apparent connection to developments in New Orleans, should be completely evaluated at the Bureau prior to conducting further inquiries. Accordingly, attached for approval is an airtel to all SACs, instructing that we should continue to accept any information concerning the assassination; however, no investigation is to be conducted without first obtaining Bureau authorization.

In addition, field is being instructed to submit the same day data received a letterhead memorandum containing the pertinent information which can be used for dissemination purposes. In addition, this airtel instructs the field to advise the Bureau by either telephone or teletype of any pertinent information received or data which by necessity should be immediately investigated.

KMR:eem

(9)

Enclosure ENCLOSURE

144-24016-

NOT RECORDED

100 MAR 9 1967

MAR 9 1967

CONTINUED - OVER

62-109060-46

ACTION:

Handwritten signatures and initials on a lined notepad page:

- Top left: "R" and "M" (possibly "R. M.")
- Top center: "P" with a checkmark above it
- Top right: "J" and "M" (possibly "J. M.")
- Middle left: "M" and "H" (possibly "M. H.")
- Middle center: "S" and "K" (possibly "S. K.")
- Middle right: "J" and "M" (possibly "J. M.")
- Bottom left: "G" and "H" (possibly "G. H.")
- Bottom center: "G" and "H" (possibly "G. H.")
- Bottom right: "W" and "S" (possibly "W. S.")

3/6/67

AIRTEL

44-24016 -

TO: ALL SACS

PERSONAL ATTENTION

FROM: DIRECTOR, FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel to all SACS 2/24/67, containing instructions concerning the handling of information regarding investigation being conducted by District Attorney James C. Garrison in New Orleans.

As a result of publicity concerning this matter, the volume of mail regarding the assassination has increased measurably. A majority of the information received is speculative and rumor-type, alleging other individuals are involved in the assassination.

All offices should continue to accept any information regarding the assassination; however, no investigation is to be conducted without Bureau approval irrespective of the nature of the data furnished.

Should pertinent information be received, which by necessity requires immediate investigation or other action, the Bureau is to be notified either by telephone or teletype, depending upon the urgency of the situation.

Any pertinent information relating to the assassination is to be incorporated into a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination and furnished to the Bureau by airtel the same day that it is received. Copies of the letterhead memorandum are to be furnished to Dallas, the office of origin and other interested offices.

NOTE: See Rosen to DeLoach memo, same caption, March 3, 1967, JMR:ceem.

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

KMR:ceem

62 MAR 11 1967

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

62-109060 - 4695
ORIGINAL FILED IN

FBI

Date: 3/10/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

REC-61

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, CINCINNATI (44-456) (RUC)
SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY, Aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM (Deceased)
CR
(OO:Dallas)

On 3/1/67, Mr. TOM RUTHMAN, Ruthman Machinery Co.,
1212 Streng St., Cincinnati, telephonically advised the
Cincinnati FBI Office that he had conversed with a
pharmacist at the Alms Hotel, Cincinnati, about a week
previously. The druggist at the time had commented
that a couple of years ago a show-girl staying at the
Alms had told the druggist that she had remembered
observing JACK RUBY and LEE HARVEY OSWALD together
at a table in RUBY's place where the girl had worked
for RUBY.

RUTHMAN described the druggist as about 55
years of age, with gray hair. He felt the information
might be of value to the FBI.

The following investigation was conducted by
SA THOMAS B. ESTEP at Cincinnati, Ohio:

On 3/6/67, PAUL F. LAMPING, Owner-pharmacist,
Alms Pharmacy, Alms Hotel, advised that his relief pharmacist
is E. H. BENAM.

3-Bureau
2-Dallas

1-Cincinnati

TBE/par

(6)

EX-113

10 MAR 11 1967

Approved: _____

Sent _____ M Per _____

51 MAR 22 1967 Special Agent in Charge

SOVIET SECTION

chic

On 3/6/67, ELMER HARRY BENAM, 3766 Drakewood Drive, Cincinnati, advised that he is semi-retired, age 68, and relieves the regular pharmacist at the Alms Pharmacy. He recalled making the remarks about the show-girl to a customer in the store on 2/21/67 just as conversation as the newspapers and radio were full of information about the Garrison investigation in New Orleans. He didn't know the identity of the man to whom he made the remarks. He related that this unknown white female, age 25-30, about 5'2", 125 lbs., dressed in a moo moo dress, no coat or hat, dark hair, had been in the Alms Pharmacy the day that OSWALD was assassinated by RUBY, being a Sunday afternoon as it was on TV. He drew the conclusion that she was staying at the Alms Hotel because of the way she was dressed without coat and hat. He thinks that she probably bought a magazine or some candy and that JOHN BRINKERS was the only other employee working at the time. He judged she was a show-girl because she said she had worked at RUBY's place in Dallas. She didn't say when she had worked there. She had been in the pharmacy only this one time.

He didn't pay too much attention to her until she commented that she thought there was somebody else besides OSWALD or that RUBY was probably connected with it because she had worked in RUBY's night club and felt pretty sure that she remembered the face of OSWALD. She commented that she didn't remember names but never forgets a face.

BENAM told her at the time to call the FBI, and then went about his business in the pharmacy.

BENAM's recollection was that she didn't appear like a star or leading lady but like "the usual run who would play in a cheap club." He thought she might have been at the Gayety Burlesque show in Cincinnati.

BENAM related that as the Garrison investigation in New Orleans was in the newspapers and on the air, he

CI 44-456

just happened to comment as he did to the customer. He said he could furnish no further information on the identity of the show-girl and could recall nothing further about the incident. He commented that he reads detectives stories all the time, and that he has thought about the assassination many times, being of the opinion that there must have been someone besides OSWALD in on the assassination of the President.

Efforts to identify the show-girl described by BENAM were negative from contacts with the following:

JOHN BRINKERS, 1761 Williams Avenue, Norwood, Ohio, who formerly clerked in the Alms Pharmacy;

VICTOR J. GILES, President, The Hotel Alms, Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, Ohio;

PAUL F. LAMPING, who in November, 1963, was a pharmacist at the Alms Pharmacy;

MARY WILSON, Clerk, Alms Pharmacy;

Miss MARGIE ROEDIG, Secretary to the Manager of the Shubert Theatre;

ROBERT JANSON, Sam Janson Transfer Co., Cincinnati, Union Terminal;

JOE VIRGINIAN, Manager, Gayety Theatre, 816 Vine Street;

VERNA B. TEBELMAN, Bookkeeper, Gayety Theatre, 816 Vine Street;

Mr. SYLVESTER BRINKMAN, Manager, Metropole Hotel, 609 Walnut St., Cincinnati, advised that PEPPER PAYNE, also known as SUE PEPPER, stayed at that hotel, 11/21/63 to 12/5/63. PEPPER PAYNE, former employee of JACK RUBY at the Carousel Night Club, Dallas, Texas, while employed at the Gayety Theatre in Cincinnati was interviewed on 12/1/63 as set

CI 44-456

in Cincinnati airtel to Dallas, 12/3/63

In view of the lack of identity of the show-girl referred to by BENAM, the interview of PEPPER PAYNE, and the Dallas Office investigation in Dallas on captioned matter, no further investigation is being conducted UACB or by the Dallas Office.

No report or FD 302 being submitted.

FBI

Date: 3/10/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka (Deceased);
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD aka
 (Deceased) - VICTIM
 CR

OO: DALLAS

Enclosed for the Bureau are 10 copies and for Memphis 1 copy of a letterhead memorandum including interviews with SAM W. JOHNSON, Memphis, Tennessee, and KATHRYN HITCHCOCK, Dallas, Texas.

It will be noted JOHNSON reported his cousin, HITCHCOCK, had stated during the summer of 1966 that RUBY would never be convicted, that a tape recording had been made, hidden away in a safe place, and this tape recording would prevent RUBY from ever being convicted.

Interview with HITCHCOCK indicates her reliability and mental balance are subject to considerable question.

Agency CRD - CRIM DIV
 Date Forw. MAR 14 1967
 How Forw. 6-94 (2)
 By JW/H - FHP

- ENCLOSURE
 REC-52
 1 cc CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT
- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) (RM)
 - 1 - Memphis (44-1165) (Enc. 1) (Info) (RM)
 - 2 - Dallas
- MCC:jah
 (6)

MAR 14 1967

59 MAR 22 1967

Approved: _____
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
March 10, 1967

RE: JACK L. RUBY (Deceased);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Deceased) -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Attached hereto is a report of interview with Sam W. Johnson, 674 Hewlett Road, Memphis, Tennessee, who stated on February 20, 1967 at Memphis, Tennessee, that a cousin, identified as Katherine Teague, had made a statement to the effect that Jack L. Ruby would never be convicted for the killing of Lee Harvey Oswald because of a tape recording which had been hidden away in a safe place.

Attached also is a report of interview with Kathryn Hitchcock nee Teague, also known as Kathryn Morrow and Kathryn Leighty. It will be noted Mrs. Hitchcock stated her information was hearsay and further that she has extrasensory powers of perception.

The Dallas, Texas, Telephone Directory lists Leonard C. Teague, 4701 Strobel.

The files of the Dallas Police Department reflect the following arrests:

Kathryn Alene Hitchcock, white female, born February 17, 1929, address 3910 Falls Drive, arrested July 21, 1960 for Drunk and Disorderly in Car.

Kathryn A. Hitchcock, white female, born February 17, 1929, address 4701 Strobel, arrested September 5, 1961, Affray.

Kathryn A. Hitchcock, white female, born February 17, 1933, address 5432 Miller, arrested February 13, 1964, No Operator's License, Negligent Collision, and Failure to Leave Identification.

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21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE 44 2149

RE: JACK L. RUBY (Deceased)

Kathryn Alene Teague, white female, born February 17, 1929, 4701 Strobel, arrested January 13, 1962, Alias Tickets.

The files of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation reflect Kathryn A. Hitchcock, white female, age 27, address 3910 Falls Drive, Dallas, was charged with Possession of barbiturates and Vagrancy when arrested on August 6, 1960 by State and local authorities as one of 25 persons present at the residence of Virgil John Etchieson, reported pimp and narcotics "pusher," at Grapevine, Texas.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
March 10, 1967

RE: JACK L. RUBY (Deceased);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Deceased) -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

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Date February 21, 1967

1

An individual identifying himself as SAM W. JOHNSON, residing 674 Hewlett Road, Memphis, Tennessee, contacted the Memphis, Tennessee, Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, at which time he orally furnished the following information:

JOHNSON is suffering from muscular dystrophy, is currently unemployed but until recently had worked for 19 years as a baker, employed by the Kroger Grocery Company, and stated that he is currently the Boy Scout leader of Boy Scout Troop No. 90, Memphis, Tennessee. JOHNSON stated that he is the nephew of one LEONARD TEAGUE who lives at an unrecalled street address on Strabel Street, Dallas, Texas; that LEONARD TEAGUE has lived at this address for some time with his wife, MILDRED TEAGUE, nee Johnson. LEONARD TEAGUE, a retired individual who has suffered two heart attacks, has a daughter, KATHERINE, who, according to JOHNSON, has been married on several occasions, her various married names not being known to JOHNSON. KATHERINE TEAGUE was estimated by JOHNSON to be approximately 38 to 40 years of age at present, height 5 feet 6 inches, plump, well built, possibly reddish hair, who at one time was married to a member of the United States Navy by the name of BOB (Last Name Unknown). She was later married to a man by the name of MORROW (First name Unknown) about seven or eight years ago, and she has two daughters, one named KATHERINE, age currently about 15, and the other named PIPER, currently about 10 years of age. The daughters are purportedly living with their grandfather, namely, LEONARD TEAGUE. The older daughter was in the band in one of the Dallas High Schools and purportedly fell from the bleachers during the fall of 1966 and was injured. JOHNSON does not know the current address of TEAGUE's daughter, KATHERINE (LNU).

TEAGUE's daughter, KATHERINE, purportedly is employed by an attorney in Dallas, Texas, and she allegedly makes bail bonds for various people in Dallas, Texas.

During June of 1966, SAM W. JOHNSON; his wife, MARY JOHNSON; and three teen-age children, SAM W. JOHNSON, JR., age 17, DAVID PHILLIP JOHNSON, age 16, and daughter MARGARET ANN JOHNSON, age 14, visited in Dallas, Texas, and visited

Memphis 44-1165

On 2/20/67 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Dallas 44-1639by SAs WILLIAM H. LAWRENCE
and CYRIL F. BUSCH:gmh Date dictated 2/20/67

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21 JAN 2 1973

ME 44-1165

DL 44-1639

2

his uncle, LEONARD TEAGUE; and while there the TEAGUES, namely, LEONARD TEAGUE and wife MILDRED, along with JOHNSON and his family, visited TEAGUE's daughter KATHERINE in the latter's apartment for supper one evening during the period of their stay in Dallas.

During the ensuing conversation, someone present brought up the subject of JACK L. RUBY, the former Dallas night club owner, now deceased, who was charged with the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD who has been found by the Warren Commission as having been responsible for the assassination of the late United States President JOHN F. KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963.

JOHNSON continued that it was well known to KATHERINE's family that she had at one time worked for JACK L. RUBY, ostensibly as an entertainer in one of his night clubs.

During the conversation, LEONARD TEAGUE's daughter KATHERINE (LNU) made a statement to the effect that JACK L. RUBY would never be convicted for the killing or murder of LEE HARVEY OSWALD; that a tape or recording had been made and was hidden away in a safe place; and that this tape recording would prevent RUBY from ever being convicted. She inferred but did not actually state that this recording revealed plans of some sort which she did not elaborate upon. She said nothing further in this regard and the conversation was thereafter dropped by those present.

JOHNSON concluded that she was giving the impression that RUBY may have been somewhat involved in the assassination of JOHN F. KENNEDY but emphasized that this was merely speculation on his part and that he had no basis and fact in making this statement, other than the veiled statement previously made by KATHERINE (LNU). She did indicate that the attorney for whom she worked had access to this alleged tape.

The apartment in which she lived was about an eight or ten-unit apartment building, about two blocks off of one of the expressways near downtown Dallas. The building was sandstone in color and had a large metal gate leading to the entrance of the apartments closing off the apartments from the street. She indicated that the apartment

ME 44-1165

DL 44-1639

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building in which she lived was owned by the attorney for whom she worked.

JOHNSON pointed out that actually KATHERINE (IANU) is a "black sheep" of her family, that she is a native of Dallas, had attended high school in Dallas, and had later worked as a model at the famous Dallas department store, Neiman-Marcus. In recent years, by reputation in the family, she has become a virtual prostitute, having lived and consorted with many many different men and, in fact, her father LEONARD TAAQUE took her two daughters for care after he had learned that she had encouraged her older daughter, also named KATHERINE, to have dates with grown men.

SAM W. JOHNSON emphasized that he had no further information concerning the matter outlined above and stated that he had not heretofore seen fit to mention this to any law enforcement agency as he had not considered it pertinent but that he had recently read in the press where the Attorney General or Prosecuting Attorney in New Orleans, Louisiana, had made some claim that there were possibly some Cuban conspirators working with LEE HARVEY OSWALD relative to the assassination of the late JOHN F. KENNEDY and that for this reason felt that he should call this information to the attention of authorities.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

3/10/67

Date

1

KATHRYN HITCHCOCK nee Teague, 711 East Colorado Avenue, Apartment 226, Dallas, Texas, telephone WH 2-3877, declined to appear in the Dallas Office for interview but was interviewed at her apartment. She stated she has been married and divorced three times, first to one MORROW, next to one LEIGHTY and last to one FITCHCOCK. She has three minor children. She stated she is "supposed to be a legal secretary" employed by Attorney BILL MC MAHON, who has offices in the Wilson Building and Lawyers Building, Dallas, and that she at one time worked as a legal secretary for TOM HOWARD, now deceased, who was the first attorney retained to defend JACK L. RUBY against the charge of murder of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She stated she is on a "leave of absence" from her employment but expected Mr. MC MAHON for lunch at 2:00 PM on the date of interview.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK was informed information had been received that she had possibly been acquainted with JACK L. RUBY and might have information bearing on the killing of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by RUBY. She stated she became acquainted with RUBY some 18 years ago when he operated a night club on South Ervay Street, Dallas, known as the "Silver Spur." She stated she frequented his establishment and got to know him well. She commented that once while she was pregnant with a child now 14 years of age, she was in RUBY's club and a man bumped into her. RUBY "almost killed" this man with a blackjack because of his bumping into her. She said she had RUBY at her home for dinner on a number of occasions during their acquaintance. She said she had last seen RUBY some six months prior to the assassination of President Kennedy.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK stated that she has "ESP" and knew ahead of time that President Kennedy would be assassinated in Dallas. She said she has dreams frequently and these dreams always come true. She believes LEE HARVEY OSWALD did not shoot President Kennedy because she was at 608A Main Street at the time of the shooting and heard three or four guns being shot at the same time. She stated she believes RUBY in turn was paid to kill OSWALD. She said she had seen television shows following the assassination of the President which showed clearly that a gun such as OSWALD allegedly possessed could not have fired as rapidly as was claimed.

3/9/67

at Dallas, Texas

File # Dallas 44-1639

1

by SAs MANNING C. CLEMENTS & DONALD J. HODGENS/jah Date dictated 3/9/67

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She said further that she had heard OSWALD, on a television program or at least quoted on such a program, say "If I go down, so will a lot of other people." She said this statement of OSWALD's occurred in an interview following his arrest. She volunteered that she feels the "Warren Commission" was "all wrong" in their conclusions. She said that she is critical of the Secret Service because all of the buildings along the presidential parade route were not checked prior to the parade.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK stated she was very reluctant to discuss a tape recording of which she had knowledge since the exposure of this tape "would be a jolt to history." She said Attorney MC MAHON had told her not to volunteer any information in this interview, to let the Special Agents ask the questions. She stated her information was hearsay concerning the tape recording but that persons known to her and in whom she had confidence heard the recording. She said she would have to consult these persons before furnishing details.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK, notwithstanding, proceeded to state that the assassination of President Kennedy was carefully planned, that unknown persons had made a tape recording of conversations during a meeting in RUBY's Carousel Club some two or three weeks prior to the assassination. The recorder was under the club's premises. She said it is her information that RUBY, Officer J. D. Tippitt of the Dallas Police Department, certain Cubans, names unknown, a Dallas taxicab driver, name unknown, and several prominent Dallas citizens, names unknown, were at the meeting in question. She said OSWALD had not "entered the picture" at that time. She said, notwithstanding that the parade route President Kennedy was to follow in Dallas was not announced until a day or two prior to the actual parade, the route of the parade was outlined in the tape recording in question. She said it was planned the assassination would take place in New Orleans, Dallas, or Kansas City, depending upon circumstances and might involve different persons depending on the place where the assassination occurred.

She stated it was planned and recorded on the tape that Officer Tippitt was to pick OSWALD up near the assassination site, take him to the Oak Cliff section of Dallas where he would catch a waiting taxicab to the Dallas airport and escape. She said OSWALD, according to the information she has heard, had \$8.00

in his pocket when he left home on the morning of November 22, 1963 and had over \$200 on his person when apprehended. She said she has understood that MELVIN BELLI, San Francisco attorney who represented RUBY, had "got wind of the tape" and offered first \$50,000 then \$100,000 and finally \$200,000 for the tape.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK stated the tape recording was, according to her information, originally made "for blackmail purposes." However, persons involved in making the tape "got cold feet." She said a "very dear friend" heard the recording and that the recording was heard prior to the assassination although the significance of the recording was not appreciated.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK stated she has understood that it is probable that the bodies of DOROTHY KILGALLAN, newspaper columnist who attended the RUBY trial, TOM HOWARD, who died after having first been retained as attorney for RUBY and other persons who have died under suspicious circumstances, may be exhumed. She commented that a person whose death in New Orleans had been recently reported in newspapers as having been a natural death was obviously suicide or murder induced by some other person.

Mrs. HITCHCOCK closed stating she would attempt to influence her sources who had heard the tape recording in question and knew of the place where it is hidden to consent to be interviewed by Special Agents of the FBI.

FBI

Date: 2/7/67

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, New Orleans (89-69)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

New Orleans States-Item this date reflects that CYRIL LIMBAUGH, 52, who said he worked as a singer in JACK RUBY's night club in 1961, 1962 and 1963, went into District Attorney GARRISON's office shortly before noon today and emerged shortly thereafter.

The paper reflects that LIMBAUGH told newsmen in a lengthy statement that he had information that JACK RUBY was part of a conspiracy to assassinate President KENNEDY.

WILLIAM GURVICH, Special Investigator for GARRISON, told LIMBAUGH to move away from the District Attorney's Office and told newsmen, "This man is totally unreliable. He came to us of his own accord."

New Orleans indices negative on LIMBAUGH.

According to 9:30 p.m. news broadcast of WDSU, New Orleans Orleans Parish Criminal Sheriff LOUIS WEND today confirmed that an inmate of Parish Prison was taken from his cell yesterday and questioned by District Attorney GARRISON regarding the assassination. The unidentified inmate claims he knew both LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY in Illinois. He also claims he has pictures of both in his possession. The commentator noted that prior to this no indication OSWALD and RUBY knew each other before assassination.

2 - Bureau
2 - Dallas
2 - New Orleans
RER:jam

NOT RECORDED

199 MAR 14 1967

Approved: 61 MAR 21 1967
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4738

NO 89-69

NEVD refused to identify the man as GARRISON asked him not to. He did describe him as white male between the ages of 35 and 40. NEVD stated the man is not MIGUEL TORRES. (TORRES is convicted burglar that GARRISON allegedly had transferred from Angola State Prison to Orleans Parish Prison for questioning in this matter.)

FBI

Date: 3/14/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639)

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CR

OO: DALLAS

Enclosed are ten copies of LHM based on the allegation that JANET CONFORTO, aka "JADA", formerly employed as a "stripper" by RUBY, made a statement prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY on 11/22/63, that RUBY's night club would not be open that night. The statement was allegedly made in connection with an accident she had with one CHARLES E. BURNS, employee of Texas Instruments, Inc. According to Mr. FLOYD E. PURVIS - (former SA), Security Officer, Texas Instruments, Inc. "Indications are that the New Orleans DA has been, or soon will be, in touch with Mr. BURNS." The basis for Mr. PURVIS' statement that the New Orleans DA has been or will be in contact with BURNS is not further explained.

The Bureau will note that contrary to information in Mr. PURVIS' letter, there is no record that Mr. WILLIAM V. WALSH, an employee of Texas Instruments, did in fact report this matter to the Dallas Office, as stated. It is noted that Mr. PURVIS, himself, however, was in contact with the Dallas Office on 11/26/63, regarding the accident in question.

10 ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) ICE LHM TO AAG
3 - Dallas (2 - 44-1639) VINSON, YENGLLEY SANDERS
(1 - 89-43) BY O-6

MCC: gt
(6)

C. C. Wick

ICE LHM TO USSS BY O-141
2/16/67 LHM

1 82 24016 24 0722

REC-50

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

MAR 16 1967

M

Per _____

DL 44-1639

It will further be noted that "JADA" had ceased employment with RUBY sometime prior to the assassination which would seem to discredit the allegation that she made the statement that the night club would be open that night.

No further action is being taken.

For possible future reference, the following documentation is made:

DL 44-1639-41 reflects the report of JIM BLAYLOCK, Deputy Sheriff, Wood County, concerning the appearance of "JADA" at Hawkins, Texas, on 11/24/63.

DL 44-1639-744 reflects a telephone call from FLOYD PURVIS, Texas Instruments, Inc., to the Dallas FBI Office on 11/26/63.

DL 44-1639-3795 is an airtel from the El Paso Office by which was transmitted a copy of a newspaper report of interview with "JADA" in El Paso.

DL 44-1639-2144 is a report of SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS, dated 12/14/63, at Dallas; interview with FRANK T. TORTORILLO appears on Pages 256 - 257; interview with JANET ADAMS CONFORTO, aka "JADA" appears on Pages 297 - 303.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
March 14, 1967

Re: JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

The following letter was received at the Dallas
Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on March 11, 1967:

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21 JAN 4 1973

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44-38861-2190
ENCLOSURE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Dallas, Texas
March 14, 1967

Re: JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

INCORPORATED

CORPORATE OFFICES: NORTH BUILDING • 13500 NORTH CENTRAL EXPRESSWAY • DALLAS, TEXAS

10 March 1967

Mr. J. Gordon Shanklin
Special Agent in Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Mercantile Continental Building
1810 Commerce Street
Dallas, Texas 75201

Dear Gordon:

I am enclosing attachments concerning an accident which occurred at 10:50 AM on 22 November 1963 involving a TI employee, Charles E. Burns, and a Miss Janet Conforto (Conponto) or "Jada" Conforto, who is alleged to have been a "stripper" for Jack Ruby's night club during 1963.

This information was supposed to have been furnished to one of your agents, name not now recalled, by telephone on 25 or 26 November 1963 by William V. Walsh who was, at that time, Security Administrator for the Apparatus Division then located at 6000 Lemmon Avenue. I am bringing this to your attention for the following reasons: []

1.) Indications are that the New Orleans DA has been, or soon will be, in touch with Mr. Burns.

2.) A statement attributed to Miss Conforto by Mr. Walsh which, if exactly as recalled, should probably have been closely checked out as a result of Mr. Walsh furnishing this information over the telephone. Indeed it may have been adequately recorded and checked but in view of 1.) above you may have an interest in re-examining your file.

The attached official TI documents reflect that Charles E. Burns was struck on his left hip by an automobile driven by Miss Conforto at 10:50 AM on 22 November 1963. Mr. Burns was crossing Atwell Street from a TI leased building on the north side of Atwell to TI's 6000 Lemmon Avenue facility. Miss Conforto was driving west on Atwell at a speed of 15-20 MPH. The accident was witnessed by a Bob Stastny of 321 Lakeside, Irving, Texas. Miss Conforto was driving a 1962 or 1963 Cadillac bearing Louisiana license plates 941-985. Miss Conforto stopped and rendered aid and Mr. Burns was

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21 JAN 2 1973

taken to the TI health center in 6000 Lemmon Avenue and also taken to Launey Clinic at 9528 Webb's Chapel Road where he was treated. You will note the attached documents have typographical discrepancies concerning:

1.) Date of accident - shown in December 9 letter to Mr. Charles E. Way as 21 November. The originator of the letter, Mr. H. F. Aubel, states this is in error and the date was 22 November.

2.) Spelling of Miss Conforto's name - in same letter name is spelled "Conponto." Mr. Aubel says his original notes show "Conforto."

3.) Time of accident - shown on Supervisor's Investigation Report prepared on December 16 as 10:50 PM. Mr. Aubel, Mr. Walsh and Mr. H. L. Shearer all state it was 10:50 AM.

All the above states, and attached documents attempt to prove, is that Miss Conforto was involved in an accident shortly before 11 AM on the day of the assassination and was driving a 1962 or 1963 Cadillac with Louisiana license plates 941-935. The rest of the information set forth below is not documented in writing unless it was written up by your office as a result of Mr. Walsh's call on 25 or 26 November 1963. It was not brought to my attention until March 9, 1967.

Mr. Walsh and Mr. H. L. "Doc" Shearer, a TI guard assigned to Lemmon Avenue on this date, remembers the accident well. They recall Miss Conforto was most agitated and nervous after the accident and Mr. Walsh does not attribute this excitement to the accident so much as to her repeated statements that, while she wanted to straighten out the accident, she had to leave town immediately for New Orleans and would handle all the accident details later. They say that she called a gentleman friend to come to TI and he came up in a green Cadillac. They do not now recall his name but Mr. Walsh, an early day pro football player himself, remembers this man boasted of playing pro football. Mr. Walsh checked this man with Tom Landry a few days later and Walsh remembers Mr. Landry knew the man and knew he drove a Cadillac. Mr. Walsh states Mr. Landry told him this man was from a small Eastern school which had never "furnished" a player to pro football but that the man was "telling this story all over Dallas." It is interesting to note that everyone has described this individual as large, dark and heavy set. Mr. Burns thinks he had an "Italian-sounding" name, with possibly "Nick" as the first name.

Miss Conforto entered the TI building at 3709 Atwell to make a telephone call, presumably to the gentleman described above. Patsy F. Foster was the girl assigned to receptionist duty in this building. Mrs. Foster states that Miss Conforto asked "how to get outside" and, after being told, dialed a number and said, "Jack, I've just hit a man. Come and get me." Mrs. Foster said she believed the man's name used was "Jack" but she has frequently questioned her recollection and wondered if she associated the name "Jack" with this call only after she learned of Miss Conforto's relationship to Jack Ruby. She stated she was positive the man who drove up in a Cadillac in just a few minutes was not Ruby. Mrs. Foster said she recalled one Cadillac had Louisiana plates (note the car of Miss Conforto had La. plates 941-935) and the other had Texas plates. She believed the Cadillacs were the same year, color and model but observed "All Cadillacs look the same to me." She believed the color was tan.

TI Guard J. B. Mitchell has advised he passed the accident scene shortly after it happened but did not speak to the Tier involved or the woman who hit him. Mr. Mitchell did say he talked to Mrs. Foster at the scene and quotes Mrs. Foster as saying the woman placed a call and said, "Jack, get the hell over here quick. I've just hit somebody." Mr. Mitchell was pressed as to when he heard Mrs. Foster say "Jack" was called and he was firm in saying it was at the scene of the accident. Mr. Mitchell did not see "Jack".

All of the foregoing is actually only by way of introduction and description of events and, in my estimation, means very little except that Mr. Walsh advised me on March 9, 1967 that during his conversation with Miss Conforto prior to 11:30 AM on 22 November 1963, Miss Conforto stated she was employed in Dallas but that she was going to New Orleans as "we will not be open tonight." (Quotes and underlining supplied for emphasis only - see Mr. Walsh for exact quote as he may recall it.)

To my mind the only unexplainable aspect of the incident is, if Mr. Walsh's recollection is correct, how did Miss Conforto know prior to 11:30 AM on 22 November 1963 that Jack Ruby would close his club that night?

I am well aware of many possible, or even probable, explanations but, in view of Mr. Garrison's indicated interest, I thought it would be well to bring this matter to your attention. If Mr. Walsh's earlier information was recorded when he reported this data, it may be that comparison of that information with this is all that will be required.


Lloyd E. Purvis

FEP/vs

**JACK LEON RUBY;
LEE HARVE OSWALD - VICTIM**

The enclosures to Mr. PURVIS' letter, described on Page 2 of same, are concerned with the details of the accident which occurred at 10:50 AM, November 22, 1963.

Indices of the Dallas Office include no references to any report made to the Dallas Office by Mr. William V. Walsh or Mr. Charles E. Burns with respect to this matter. Files do, however, show that Mr. Purvis contacted the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 26, 1963, stating he had observed an article in a Dallas newspaper on that date to the effect that "Jada" who had been a burlesque "stripper" at Ruby's Carousel Club, had been travelling to New Orleans on November 24, 1963, and had stopped near Gladewater, Texas, upon hearing on her automobile radio that Jack Ruby had shot Oswald. Mr. Purvis related that "Jada" had been involved in an accident at about 10:45 AM, Friday, November 22, 1963, with Mr. Burns, an employee of Texas Instruments, and that an unidentified man was with her. He related they had offered to take Mr. Burns to a clinic but he had declined. Purvis stated he was furnishing this information because "Jada" had allegedly told Mr. Burns she was in a hurry to leave town to go to New Orleans, whereas it appeared from the newspaper article she had only left Dallas two days later on November 24, 1963, a circumstance he considered strange.

Files of the Dallas Office reflect that on November 24, 1963, a Deputy Sheriff of Wood County, Texas, informed that at approximately 1:30 PM that date, a white female, 30 - 35 years of age, driving a Cadillac automobile, bearing Louisiana license plated 941-985, had stopped at a service station at Hawkins, Texas. This woman had allegedly talked at length regarding the shooting of Oswald by Ruby. She reportedly made three long distance calls from the service station and talked with the attendants concerning the shooting. Investigation disclosed that this automobile was registered to Miss Conforto, 627 1/2 St. Peters, New Orleans, Louisiana. Efforts to locate her in New Orleans were negative but she was located and interviewed at New York City, New York, in December 4, 1963.

"Jada" in interview related the details of her having been hired by Ruby to appear at his club and the difficulty she had with Ruby, which resulted in her termination of her contract sometime prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY on November 22, 1963. She disclaimed

**JACK LEON RUBY,
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM**

any previous acquaintance with Oswald. She related that on November 25, 1963, she had heard of the shooting of Oswald by Ruby while en route to New Orleans and she had become so upset she had returned to Dallas and then decided to go to New York City.

Files of the Dallas Office reflect that an interview with "Jada" at El Paso, Texas, was reported in the El Paso Herald Post, issue of January 1, 1964, at which time the woman was in El Paso for a two week engagement at a night club. She is quoted as saying "I was with a friend in a car when an accident occurred on the outskirts of Dallas, and a man was apparently injured. He was taken to Parkland Hospital for examination, and I went along. I saw the car arriving with the President and Governor Connally and others." This statement would appear to be contrary to fact, as Mr. Purvis in his letter indicated Mr. Burns, who was involved in the accident with "Jada" was not treated at Parkland Hospital.

Files of the Dallas Office indicate that one Frank T. Tortorilleo was interviewed on December 2, 1963, and professed to have been a close associate of "Jada." This individual may be the person referred to in Mr. Purvis' letter. No other person interviewed professed to have been a boy friend of "Jada."

3/21/67 wed.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAR 21 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

655PM URGENT 3/21/67 JDP

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA (DECEASED); LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA -
VICTIM (DECEASED), CR.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL TODAY.

THERE WERE POSITIVELY NO FBI AGENTS IN THE BASEMENT OF
DALLAS CITY HALL WHEN RUBY SHOT OSWALD. ALL POLICE PERSONNEL,
NEWSPAPER REPORTERS OR OTHERS WHO WERE IN BASEMENT WHEN OSWALD
WAS KILLED WERE INTERVIEWED AND NO PERSON EVER STATED ANY FBI
AGENT WAS THERE. DALLAS FILES REFLECT ALL FILM MADE BY TELEVISION
CAMERAS HAS BEEN SHOWN PUBLICALLY AND FURNISHED TO WARREN
COMMISSION. NO REPORTS HAVE EVER BEEN RECEIVED THAT ANY FILM
WAS CONFISCATED BY TEXAS ATTORNEY GENERAL ^{WAGGONER} CARR OR OTHERWISE.

END

MXS

FBI WASH DC

P

REC 10

EX-103

44-24016-2151

2 MAR 24 1967

1 MAR 28 1967

FIGHT IT WITH

Common Sense®

LEADER IN THE NATION'S FIGHT AGAINST COMMUNISM

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Second Class Postage Paid at Union N.J.

UE NO. 491, MARCH 15, 1967

THE KENNEDY ASSASSINATION WHAT HIGH RANKING JUSTICE DEPT. OFFICIAL SHOULD BE TRIED FOR THE ASSASSINATION OF

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY?

The following statement has been provided to WASHINGTON OBSERVER by a professional source connected with the television industry and emanates originally from the cameramen who were at the Main Street car ramp of the Dallas Court House on Sunday morning November 24, 1963. Here is their story:

The authorities who were keeping Oswald jailed in the Court House on the charge of shooting to death a Dallas policeman, Jefferson Davis Tippit, and on suspicion of having assassinated President Kennedy, had announced that at 10 o'clock a.m. they were going to move the suspected assassin to "a safer place." So the Dallas television station stationed two cameramen at the Main Street car ramp, through which Oswald was expected to be taken out of the Dallas Court House.

The movie cameras were running since before 10 a.m., filming the movement of people in and out of the Court House, and the Dallas police and FBI men who were guarding the entrance and allowing in, or turning back, people who wanted to enter the Court House. It was the FBI who turned back Mrs. Oswald, the mother of Lee Harvey Oswald. Then at about 11:19 a.m. — 79 minutes after the time which had been set to move Oswald "to a safer place" — the FBI and the Dallas police let through two men, one of whom was Jack Ruby and the other one "a high official of the Justice Department."

It was the latter's appearance at the side of Ruby which caused the FBI men to respectfully let Ruby through without frisking him. The two cameras registered on film the features of both men and their progress into the Dallas Court House. Within a fraction of a minute, Ruby had shot to death the hand-

The Dallas TV station never showed that bit of film, nor did any other TV station here or abroad. It was declared to have been spoiled — in the case of both cameras at once. Actually, the film was confiscated from the TV station by Texas Attorney General Waggoner Carr.

What happened to those films after that is not known for certain. It is believed that Carr turned them over to the Justice Department in Washington, D.C., but only after making several copies, as a measure of self-protection and to insure smooth future dealings with the Department. As a precaution, too, Carr has abstained from putting the incriminating film copies in safes in bank vaults, where Federal agents can pick the locks with modern techniques, and from whence documents such as those have been known to disappear without trace. As far as is known, copies of this incriminating film have been secreted at safer locales than bank safes, and at least one of the copies has been taken out of the country.

JACK Ruby

Is there any factual basis for this?

REC-44 24016-215

MAR 27 1967

Re: to DeLoach memo
5/22/67
JWH/rjk

5-486

28 1967

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MR. TOLSON

MR. DELOACH

MR. MOHR

MR. WICK

MR. CASPER

MR. CALLAHAN

MR. CONRAD

MR. FELT

MR. GALT

MR. ROSEN

MR. SULLIVAN

MR. TAVEL

MR. TROT

MR. JONES

TELE. ROOM

MISS HOLMES

MRS. METCALF

MISS GANDY

March 21, 1967

The attached article was clipped from the March 15, 1967, issue of "Common Sense" which was sent to the Director by the Christian Educational Association, Union, New Jersey 07083.

jo

CHRISTIAN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION
Union, New Jersey 07083

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson ☒
DeLoach ☒
Mohr ☒
Wick ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Felt ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : Mr. DeLoach

DATE: March 22, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS;
JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

1 - Mr. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. McGowan
1 - Mr. Hines
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Wick

The Director has inquired if there is any factual basis for an article which appeared in the 3/15/67 issue of "Common Sense." This article states that television cameras photographed FBI Agents and police guarding the entrance to the "Dallas Court House" on the morning of 11/24/63 before and during the time that Lee Harvey Oswald was shot by Jack Ruby. It states that the FBI turned back Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, mother of Lee Oswald, from entering the building, but that the FBI and Dallas police allowed Jack Ruby and a "high official of the Justice Department" to enter. It states that this was recorded on film, which was confiscated from the television station by Texas Attorney General Waggoner Carr, who subsequently turned the film over to the Justice Department, after making several copies, to insure smooth future dealings with the Department.

There is absolutely no basis in fact for the above statements appearing in the 3/15/67 issue of "Common Sense." This paper, which is published by the Christian Educational Association, Union, New Jersey, has been described by the House Committee On Un-American Activities as a hate sheet vehicle publishing "some of the most vitriolic hate propaganda ever to come to the attention of the Committee."

Oswald was never at the Dallas (County) Court House, but was being held at the Dallas City Hall. The shooting occurred in the City Hall basement when he was being transferred to the Court House several blocks away. There were positively no FBI Agents guarding the Dallas City Hall or in the basement of the City Hall when Ruby shot Oswald on the morning of 11/24/63. All police personnel, newspaper reporters, or others

JWH:sjk
(8)

REC-60 44-24016-31
CONTINUED - OVER 6 MAR 27 1967

79 MAR 28 1967

105-9621-
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Rosen to DeLoach Memorandum
RE: UNKNOWN SUBJECTS; JACK L. RUBY;

who were in the basement when Oswald was killed were interviewed and asked to identify any other persons whom they knew to be present. None of these persons ever stated that any FBI Agent was present or that any Department personnel were present.

ASSOCIATION
07083

Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, in her testimony before the Warren Commission, which appears in Volume I, Page 159, of the Hearings Before The Warren Commission, stated that at the time Lee Oswald was shot, she and Lee's wife, Marina Oswald, were in a car with Secret Service Agents proceeding to Irving, Texas, to pick up clothes for Marina's children. Mrs. Oswald first learned of the shooting when they stopped at the home of the Chief of Police, Irving, Texas, and were told that Lee Oswald had just been shot. They remained at the home of the Chief of Police until they learned that Oswald had died, and they were then driven by the Secret Service to the hospital to view Lee's body. At no time on that morning did Mrs. Oswald attempt to enter the City Hall building.

A review of our Dallas Office files shows that all film made by television cameras at the Dallas City Hall on the morning of 11/24/63 has been shown publicly and furnished to the Warren Commission. We have never received any authentic report that any film was confiscated by Texas Attorney General Carr or was otherwise withheld from public exhibition.

ACTION:

For information.

✓
D
X
11/27

4/11/64
JW
EJ
P
J
G. P. [unclear]
J. [unclear]

FBI

Date: 3/27/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1165) (RUC)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka (DECEASED);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka (DECEASED) - VICTIM;
CR

Re Dallas airtel and LHM captioned as above and
dated 3/10/67.

Enclosed herewith for Bureau are 10 copies and for
Dallas 2 copies of LHM captioned as above and dated 3/27/67,
setting forth additional information furnished to SA WILLIAM H.
LAWRENCE, Memphis FBI, on night of 3/26/67.

Agency CRD
Date Forw. MAR 29 1967
How Forw 6-94 G
By JWH-FHP

1 cc CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

EX-102

ENCLOSURE

REC-75

44-240162154

18 MAR 29 1967

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 10) (RM)
2 - Dallas (Encs. 2) (RM) (44-1639)
1 - Memphis

Teletype WHL:mjh

A. M.

A. M. S. D.

Spec. Del.

Reg. Mail

Registered

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Memphis, Tennessee
March 27, 1967

RE: JACK L. RUBY (Deceased);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Deceased) - VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

Reference is made to the communication at Dallas, Texas, dated March 10, 1967, setting forth the February 20, 1967, interview with Sam W. Johnson, 674 Hewlett Road, Memphis, Tennessee, and the results of a subsequent March 9, 1967, interview with Kathryn Hitchcock nee Peague, 711 East Colorado Avenue, Apartment 226, Dallas, Texas.

Attached hereto is an interview report form setting forth additional interview with Sam W. Johnson on March 26, 1967.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

ENCLOSURE

44 20716 2154



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

Memphis, Tennessee
March 27, 1967

RE: JACK L. RUBY (Deceased);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD (Deceased) - VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

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Attached hereto is an interview report form setting forth additional interview with Sam W. Johnson on March 26, 1967.

1

Date March 27, 1967

An individual identifying himself as SAM W. JOHNSON, residing 674 Hewlett Road, Memphis, Tennessee, orally furnished the following information at his request:

JOHNSON recalled that at an earlier date on February 20, 1967, he had furnished information indicating that a cousin, KATHRYN HITCHCOCK nee TEAGUE, of Dallas, Texas, might possibly possess information relative to the part of the late JACK L. RUBY and/or LEE HARVEY OSWALD and others unknown growing out of the assassination of the late United States President JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, in Dallas, Texas.

On the evening of March 26, 1967, JOHNSON at his home received a long-distance phone call from his cousin KATHRYN HITCHCOCK at which time she talked for approximately forty-five minutes being somewhat incoherent in her statements and giving SAM W. JOHNSON the belief that she may have either been under the influence of drugs or intoxicants.

He pointed out that her speech was not slurred but that she did repeatedly repeat herself.

Basically, she started by saying, "Do you know what you have done? Do you care about your children and wife?"

She then stated that she had been questioned by representatives of the FBI and that her mother had likewise been questioned by representatives of the FBI with regard to the Jack L. Ruby part in the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald reported by the Warren Commission as being responsible for the death of the late United States President JOHN F. KENNEDY. She further stated that she had been advised by those interviewing her that SAM W. JOHNSON had made a signed statement possibly implicating KATHRYN HITCHCOCK. JOHNSON stated that he felt that KATHRYN HITCHCOCK was "fishing for information" from him; that she talked in "circles" and kept making statements to the effect that SAM W. JOHNSON had "really hurt her." She said that JOHNSON probably thought he might get his name in the paper by furnishing information but that she should realize that his name might "end up in the obituary column of the paper." She did not elaborate.

2

COPIES DESTROYED

On 2-1-73 3/26/67 at Memphis, Tennessee File # Memphis 44-1165
Dallas 44-1639

SA WILLIAM H. LAWRENCE:mjh

by _____ Date dictated 3/27/67

SAM W. JOHNSON added that KATHRYN HITCHCOCK then asked JOHNSON to contact the FBI and tell the FBI that his original story furnished February 20, 1967, was "hog wash" and was without any basis in fact.

JOHNSON said he told KATHRYN HITCHCOCK that he intended to do no such thing; that he was not admitting to her whether or not he had ever talked to the FBI or any other authorities about KATHRYN HITCHCOCK or JACK L. RUBY. He stated that in fairness, she did not threaten him and that he assumed that her long conversation were the meanderings of a frustrated and possibly drunken woman, and felt that she had possibly been frightened by the fact that she had recently been interviewed by law enforcement authorities. He said that she concluded by making a statement to the effect that she was a "legal secretary" and could not be required to testify in any proceeding against her will.

JOHNSON advised that she furnished no additional information which would indicate that she would have any additional knowledge concerning the assassination or any persons possibly involved in it or in subsequent operations, but that he was merely passing this information on to the authorities as a matter of record.

JACK L. RUBY; ET CETERA

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Wick _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

285A TONAHILL 3/17 HC 10

URGENT

1ST ADD TONAHILL LAS VEGAS 282A XX ORDER HOUSE.

TONAHILL SAID THAT MARINA OSWALD IDENTIFIED ALL OF THE ITEMS LISTED AND ALSO GAVE AUTHORITIES THE NAME USED TO ORDER THE RIFLE. "THE STRONGEST THING THE STATE HAD WAS WHEN THEY ARRESTED OSWALD AND OSWALD SAID, 'THIS IS THE END,'" TONAHILL SAID.

TONAHILL SAID THAT THE STATE MIGHT HAVE BEEN ABLE TO CONVICT OSWALD FOR THE MURDER OF OFFICER JAMES TIPPETT. HE SAID THAT PROSECUTOR HENRY WADE EXPRESSED DOUBTS TO HIM PERSONALLY THAT THE STATE COULD CONVICT OSWALD OF KENNEDY'S MURDER.

THE DALLAS ATTORNEY SAID THAT DESPITE THE FACT HE BELIEVED THAT OSWALD COULD NOT HAVE BEEN CONVICTED OF THE ASSASSINATION IN TEXAS, "IT HAS BEEN POSITIVELY ESTABLISHED THAT OSWALD DID IT AND DID IT ALONE."

HE DESCRIBED THE TRIAL OF RUBY AS BEING UNCIVILIZED.

"WE DOCUMENTED 100 ERRORS THAT THE PROSECUTION COMMITTED DURING THE TRIAL," SAID TONAHILL.

TONAHILL DESCRIBED ATTEMPTS BY NEW ORLEANS DIST. ATTY. JAMES GARRISON TO PROVE A CONSPIRACY AS "A POLITICAL EXTRAVAGANZA."

HE ADDED THAT THE "DISTRICT ATTORNEY IS DEALING WITH REJECTS."

TONAHILL WAS REFERRING TO GARRISON'S USE OF WITNESSES WHO HAD BEEN REJECTED BY THE WARREN COMMISSION. TONAHILL SAID THAT ATTEMPTS TO DISCOUNT

THE WARREN COMMISSION "HAVE COME FROM SCAVENGERS INTERESTED IN MAKING A BUCK."

VR609PPS..

44-24016-
 ENCLOSURE

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ENCLOSURE

Tolson _____
 DeLoach _____
 Mohr _____
 Wick _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

282A

TONAHILL 3/17 HC 9

URGENT

WITH ASSASSINATION

LAS VEGAS, NEV. (UPI)--JOE H. TONAHILL, THE COCOUNSEL FOR THE LATE JACK RUBY, SAID FRIDAY THAT LEE HARVEY OSWALD COULD NEVER HAVE BEEN CONVICTED IN TEXAS OF ASSASSINATING PRESIDENT KENNEDY.

TONAHILL SAID THAT TEXAS LAW PROHIBITED THE TESTIMONY OF A WIFE FROM BEING ENTERED INTO THE COURT RECORD BECAUSE IT WAS CONSIDERED TO "COME FROM THE ROOTS OF A POISONED TREE."

HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE DURING A CLINIC OF THE AMERICAN TRIAL LAWYERS ASSOCIATION THAT THE PROSECUTION COULD NOT HAVE ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE:

- THE RIFLE USED TO SLAY KENNEDY.
- THE BLANKET IN WHICH THE RIFLE WAS WRAPPED.
- THE SHIRT THAT OSWALD WAS WEARING.
- THE BLUE AND WHITE JACKET WHICH OSWALD WORE THE DAY OF THE ASSASSINATION.
- THE NAME "HIDEL" UNDER WHICH THE RIFLE WAS ORDERED FROM A MAIL ORDER HOUSE.

MORE VR550PPS..

44-24016-
ENCLOSUREWASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE
ENCLOSURE

FBI WASH DC

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

MAR 17 1967

FBI LAS VEGAS

TELETYPE

3:08 PM URGENT 3-17-67 DS

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI & DALLAS (89-43)

FROM: LAS VEGAS (55-1) (RUC)

Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER
TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS. MISCELLANEOUS- INFORMATION
CONCERNING. OO: DALLAS.

THIS DATE HOWARD GOODWIN, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF SALES, SAHARA
HOTEL, LAS VEGAS, NEV., AND FORMER SA, FBI, ADVISED THE AMERICAN
TRIAL LAWYERS' ASSOCIATION IS PRESENTLY CONDUCTING A SEMINAR AT
THE SAHARA HOTEL. GOODWIN STATED THAT IN CONNECTION WITH THIS
SEMINAR THAT JOE H. TONAHILL, OF JASPER, TEXAS, AND A CO-COUNSEL
IN THE JACK RUBY CASE, WILL HOLD A PRESS CONFERENCE ELEVEN AM,
MARCH EIGHTEEN, NEXT, AT THE SAHARA HOTEL. NETWORK TELEVISION
COVERAGE HAS BEEN ARRANGED FOR THIS PRESS CONFERENCE IN ADDITION TO
COVERAGE BY NATIONAL PRESS REPRESENTATIVES.

AT THIS CONFERENCE TONAHILL PLANS TO DISCLOSE THREE ITEMS
BEARING ON THE DEATH OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND JACK RUBY. ITEM ONE,
OSWALD DIED AS A RESULT OF SHOCK BROUGHT ON BY THE IMPROPER ADMINI-
STRATION OF MEDICATIONS IN THE HOSPITAL, DALLAS, TEXAS. ITEM TWO,

END PAGE ONE

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED

199 MAR 24 1967

DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

COPY SENT TO MR. T.

ORIGINAL FILED 62-10960-4837

LV 55-1

PAGE TWO

THE CANCER FROM WHICH JACK RUBY DIED WAS SO WIDESPREAD THAT IT HAD
TO HAVE BEEN ARTIFICIALLY INTRODUCED IN HIS BODY. THE THIRD ITEM TO
BE DISCLOSED BY TONAHILL WAS NOT KNOWN TO GOODWIN.

THE ABOVE IS SUBMITTED TO THE BUREAU AND DALLAS FOR INFORMATION.

END

MXS

FBI WASH DC

TU CLR

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 3/27/67

FROM : SAC, JACKSONVILLE (62-922) (P)

SUBJECT: HENRY THOMAS KILLAM, aka
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Jacksonville airtel to Bureau, dated 2/23/67.

For the information of the Bureau, regular contact has been maintained with County Solicitor CARL HARPER, Escambia County, Pensacola, Florida by SA WILLIAM O. LANDSGAARD concerning captioned matter.

On 3/17/67, Mr. HARPER advised that he has interviewed numerous individuals in connection with KILLAM's death and he has not developed any information that KILLAM's death had any connection with the assassination of President KENNEDY. He stated that he is of the opinion that KILLAM's death was an accidental death and that KILLAM was under the influence of narcotics which caused him to have hallucinations which either caused him to fall or jump into the store window, resulting in his death by being cut by broken glass.

Mr. HARPER continued, however, that he has not as yet, decided whether or not KILLAM's body would be exhumed for an autopsy to be conducted to determine whether or not he was actually under the influence of narcotics at the time of his death. He stated that he is of the opinion that an autopsy at this late date would be of very little benefit due to the length of time that KILLAM has been interred. He stated, however, that if he decided to exhume KILLAM's body and have an autopsy performed, that he would advise of the results of this autopsy.

The Jacksonville Division will continue maintaining contact with Mr. CARL HARPER, County Solicitor's Office, Pensacola, Florida and the Bureau will be advised of any pertinent developments.

F497
54 APR 7 1967

REC-21

44-14016-2155

3 MAR 29 1967

② - Bureau
2 - Jacksonville
VOL/cdh
(4)



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson ☒
DeLoach ☒
Mohr ☒
Casper ☒
Callahan ☒
Conrad ☒
Felt ☒
Gale ☒
Rosen ☒
Sullivan ☒
Tavel ☒
Trotter ☒
Tele. Room ☒
Holmes ☒
Gandy ☒

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 4/4/67

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

cc Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan *p 2*
Mr. Wick

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY

2-1/5
3
D.C. Loe
Jack Anderson came in to see me at 11:55 a.m. today. He has just returned from New Orleans where, at the invitation of District Attorney Jim Garrison, he interviewed Garrison for approximately six hours at his home. Anderson and Garrison later had dinner at the Latin Quarter restaurant in New Orleans.

Anderson stated that he went to New Orleans fully prepared to present a hostile viewpoint to Garrison. After listening to Garrison for approximately 90 minutes he began to believe Garrison's story. Anderson describes Garrison as a very convincing talker who has considerable facts at his disposal. Anderson now believes there is some authenticity to Garrison's claims and future plans. Garrison told Anderson that he will undoubtedly hold a full-scale trial within six months.

Basically, Garrison told Anderson that the entire assassination plot stemmed from David W. Ferrie, who was the genius and mastermind of the entire thing, and with Clay Shaw, who was in the beginning subsidized by the Central Intelligence Agency. Garrison has facts, as well as witnesses, according to Anderson, to prove that Lee Harvey Oswald came to the attention of Ferrie and Shaw when Oswald first arrived in New Orleans. At that point both Ferrie and Shaw recognized the fact that Oswald was a former marine, had had lengthy experience in the Soviet Union, was married to a Soviet citizen, and therefore had ties and background which would lend themselves to gaining easy access to Cuba. Shaw at this point already had been approved by the CIA, through an appropriate cut-out, to engineer a plot that would result in the assassination of Fidel Castro.

Upon learning of Oswald's background, Ferrie conceived the idea of setting up Oswald in an attempt to establish a Fair Play for Cuba organization in New Orleans. Ferrie and Shaw arranged for Oswald to obtain an office which formerly had

CDD:CSH (5)

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED
199 APR 19 1967

CONTINUED-----OVER

57 APR 24 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-5075

5/rel

Mr. Tolson

been rented by an anti-Castro organization. Ferrie and Shaw also conceived the idea of sending Oswald to Mexico in a fake attempt to obtain permission to re-enter the Soviet Union. Garrison, according to Anderson, can prove that Oswald did this merely to establish a good atmosphere so that he could gain ready access to Cuba.

Garrison claims that it was at this point that Oswald became disillusioned and refused to go through with the plot to assassinate Castro. Upon returning to New Orleans from Mexico, Oswald advised both Ferrie and Shaw that he would not go through with their plans. Shaw and Ferrie, being guided by several Cubans in their midst, then conceived the idea (mostly because of the fiasco at the Bay of Pigs) of assassinating President Kennedy. Ferrie and Shaw believed that Oswald could be the "patsy" and instructed him to go to Dallas for the purpose of the assassination.

They also engineered the idea of him buying the gun under the name of A. J. Hidell, and the use of the mails in procuring this gun so that it would be an open, public record which could be traced to Oswald. They additionally told Oswald that he should keep certain papers in his possession which would trace back to the gun.

On the day of the assassination, Ferrie traveled to Houston, allegedly for the purpose of ice skating. Witnesses at the ice skating rink remember Ferrie as being at the rink and have indicated to Garrison that Ferrie, while he did not ice skate, did stand near a pay telephone at all times on the day of 11/22/63.

Garrison also has witnesses who will testify that Jack Ruby was the eyes and ears for Ferrie at all times. Ruby sent two of his people to Houston so that, upon the success of the assassination attempt, these two people could use a local pay phone to advise Ferrie of the success of the plot. Garrison claims that a long distance phone call from Dallas to Houston could, of course, have been traced; hence the desirability of using the local phone. Anderson stated that Ruby was definitely in on the plot and was later instructed by Ferrie and Shaw to take care of Oswald.

Mr. Tolson

Anderson next sprang the "Sixty-four dollar question." He stated that at the close of Garrison's six-hour recitation of facts, he (Anderson) was of the opinion that Garrison was not only sincere, but very convincing. Anderson stated that Garrison firmly believed his facts. Anderson then told me that he bluntly asked Garrison why Garrison had not given all these convincing facts to the FBI, whereupon Garrison replied, "I got started off on the wrong foot with the FBI." Garrison added, "I would be more than willing to give the FBI everything I have and let them finish the investigation if they so desire."

Anderson told me that he, of course, is now in a position to contact Garrison and indicate that the FBI will or will not take over this case. I told Anderson that the FBI would not under any circumstances take over the case. I stated that Garrison had made it quite plain that he did not want the cooperation of the FBI and, as a matter of fact, Garrison had threatened to put handcuffs on any of our agents who approached him for information.

I also told Anderson that, while we of course would accept any information that was voluntarily given to us, we at the same time would not take over Garrison's "dirty laundry."

Anderson told me that if the Bureau had any change of policy in the above regard he would appreciate knowing about it. I told him we would keep his offer in mind; however, there definitely would be no change of policy.

Anderson also told me that he had discussed this entire matter with George Christian, the President's Press Secretary, at the White House. He stated that Christian was also convinced that there must be some truth to Garrison's allegations. Christian told Anderson to get in touch with the FBI. Anderson stated he had already been planning to do this, but that he now especially wanted to advise us of the full facts because of Christian's request.

In this connection, Marvin Watson called me late last night and stated that the President had told him, in an off moment, that he was now convinced that there was a plot in connection with the assassination. Watson stated the President felt that CIA had had something to do with this plot. Watson requested that any further information we could furnish

Mr. Tolson

in this connection would be most appreciated by him and the President. I reminded Watson that the Director had sent over to the White House some weeks back all the information in our possession in connection with CIA's attempts to use former agent Robert Maheu and his private detective outfit in contacts with Sam Giancana and other hoodlums, relative to fostering a plot to assassinate Castro. Watson stated this was true and he remembered our memorandum in this regard, but that if we had anything else we should by all means forward it to the White House. I told him we had no further information in this regard.

ACTION: For record purposes. There is no need to make further contact with Anderson.

[Handwritten: a circle with a diagonal line through it] *[Handwritten: checkmark]*

EDWARD H. WERNER
GENERAL AGENT

82 NORTH BROADWAY • HICKSVILLE, N. Y. • 516-681-4110

April 4, 1967

J. EDGAR HOOVER
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

About a month ago I sent you a copy of a letter wherein I asked my Congressman, James Grover, the following questions:

1. If they can take photographs of Presidents Johnson and Eisenhower lying in their hospital beds, why was there no photograph of Jack Ruby lying in his hospital bed?
2. If a photograph could be taken of Lee Harvey Oswald lying on the autopsy table, why wasn't a picture of Jack Ruby shown in death, with representatives of the F.B.I. present?
3. In view of all of the rumours, allegations, alleged conspiracies was it not important to the government to prove to the American people beyond a shadow of a doubt that Jack Ruby was indeed dead?
4. According to the press, Jack Ruby's body was flown to Chicago and, as a result of some "mysterious threats", a heavy security guard around the funeral home and the public was not admitted. Five newsmen, according to the press, were permitted to view the body. What were the names of the five newsmen? I have called the Chicago TRIBUNE and the Dallas MORNING NEWS and no one has been able to give me an answer. Does your office know the names of the five newsmen?
5. In what cemetery is Jack Ruby's body allegedly buried; or was he cremated?
6. Is it possible that the most gigantic hoax of the 20th Century has been perpetrated on the American people?

REQ 6

I believe these are valid questions and someone in the government should be able to answer me. I wrote to Congressman Grover and received an unsatisfactory reply.

I would appreciate receiving answers from your office. 15 APR 13 1967

Thank you in advance for your courtesy in this matter and also for the strong positions you have always taken on the side of patriotism.

Yours very truly,

Edward H. Werner

EDWARD H. WERNER

EDWARD H. WERNER AGENCY
82 NORTH BROADWAY
HICKSVILLE, N. Y. 11801
516-681-4110

EDWARD H. WERNER LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

April 7, 1967

REC 6

44-24016-2156

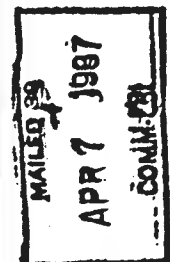
Mr. Edward H. Werner
82 North Broadway
Hicksville, New York 11801

Dear Mr. Werner:

With respect to the inquiries set forth in your letter of April 4th, I thought you might like to know the FBI exercised no control over the matters you mentioned; therefore, I am unable to furnish the information you are seeking.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Bufiles disclose prior limited correspondence with Mr. Werner. He has furnished the Bureau copies of numerous items of correspondence to various Government officials, which copies have not been acknowledged. The letter to Congressman James Grover to which Werner refers was dated 1/23/67 and raises similar inquiries as those set forth in his communication to the Bureau 4/4/67.



Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

REC'D HRH:FM (3)

APR 8 3 53 PM '67

51 APR 19 1967

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

APR 9 5 50 PM '67

REC 10

APR 10 1967

W/a

W/a

X

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: April 11, 1937

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach

1 - Mr. R. E. Wick

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

1 - Mr. R. E. Jordan

1 - Mr. W. F. Verrall

1 - Mr. A. M. Solomon

FROM : W. R. Hannell

SUBJECT: JOHN WINE, also known as
Torbear Lutonborough
INTERNAL SECURITY - JAMAICA

Classified by 2090
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

SECRET

ORIGINAL FILED IN 157

AHS: rwt
(7)

CONTINUED - OVER

84 APR 24 1967

SECRET

24127

Memorandum to Mr. W. C. Sullivan
Re: JOHN EVANS

SECRET

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

ACTION:

None. For information.

OK
W.C. Sullivan

✓
AD

SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Memorandum

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE:

April 27, 1967

FMV:RCN:scv

FROM : Fred M. Vinson, Jr.
FV Assistant Attorney General
 Criminal Division

129-11

SUBJECT: Russell McGrant

elo

Attached for your attention and such disposition as may be deemed appropriate is a copy of a letter from the above-named individual. This correspondence has not been acknowledged.

3

25

1967-04-28

129-11

REC-28 44-24016-2151

5-3

14 APR 28 1967

Enclosure *E*
 ENCLOSURE

18

ante: SACs, DL + NK
 5/1/67
 JWH/ajk

J. Edgar Hoover
W. J. Rines
ELV

3 Normandy Pl.
Cranford N.J.
April 10, 1967

Dear Sir:

I wish to inform you
that the tap recording used
during Jack Ruby's trial were
not mine.

Yours truly,
Russell M. Grant

129-11	
DEPT. OF JUSTICE	
5	APR 13 1967
R.I.D.	
CRIMINAL-GEN. CRIME SEC.	

RECORD

44-24016-2157

ENCLOSURE

5/1/67

1 - Mr. Hines

5/1
Airtel

To: SACs Dallas (Enc.)
Newark (Enc.)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) - 2157

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

Enclosed herewith for Dallas and Newark is a copy of a letter referred to the Bureau by the Criminal Division of the Department from Russell McGrant of Cranford, New Jersey, dated 4/10/67, in which he states that the tape recordings used during Jack Ruby's trial were not his.

No record identifiable with McGrant could be located in Bufiles. Newark by return airtel furnish any information available from your files identifiable with McGrant in an LHM suitable for dissemination.

Dallas by return airtel furnish similar information as requested of Newark above and also include any information from your files concerning whether or not any tape recordings were used during the trial of Jack Ruby.

JWH:sjk *sjk*
(6)

MAILED 2

MAY 1 - 1967

COMM-FBI

4/8
MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

FBI

Date: 5/3/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM SAC, NEWARK (44-443) (RUC)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas and Newark, 5/1/67.

The Newark files do not contain any information
identifiable with RUSSELL MC GRANT.

Sgt. MICHAEL FEDEROFF, Cranford, NJPD, advised
that the records of his department contain no reference
to MC GRANT. He stated, however, that MC GRANT may be
identical to RUSSELL KENNETH MC GRATH who resides at
3 Normandie Place, Cranford, NJ, and is described as white
male, 5'6", dob 4/30/40 in Rahway, NJ. MC GRATH's father
is KENNETH MC GRATH and was described by Sgt. FEDEROFF as
"the town's chronic complainant", and self styled actor
of the public's interest.

REC 13

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas (info)
1 - Newark
HHR:mam
(5)

MAY 4 1967

Approved

59 MAY 12 1967
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

FBI

Date: 5/2/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P*)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO - DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas and Newark dated 5/1/67.

Dallas indices negative regarding RUSSELL MC GRANT.

Enclosed to the Bureau are the original and six (6) copies of an LHM, to Newark one copy for information, incorporating information instructed in Bureau airtel.

- ③ - Bureau (enc. 7)
1 - Newark (enc. 1) (Info)
1 - Dallas
MCC/gcs
(5)

ENCLOSURE

EX-113

REC-40

44-24016-2159

MAY 4 1967

1cc - Chief
1cc LHM - CHD
1cc LHM - Comm. Div.
6-94(G)
5/5/67
JWH/cjk
1cc LHM - CR Unit

62 MAY 12 1967

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
May 2, 1967

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

The following communication was referred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C. by the Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice, same having been received at that office:

"3 Normandie Pl.
Cranford N.J.
April 10, 1967

"Dear Sir:

"I wish to inform you that the tap recording used during Jack Ruby's trial were not mine.

"Yours truly
/s/ Russell McGrant"

Indices of the Dallas Office of the FBI include no reference identifiable with Russell McGrant.

The trial of Jack L. Ruby for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald began on March 4, 1964 in State Court at Dallas, Texas. A Special Agent of the FBI who observed the entire proceeding noted that radio and/or television tapes were shown under the circumstances indicated below:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

114 24011-2157
ENCLOSURE

JACK L. RUBY

During the morning of March 6, 1964 television tapes produced by United Press International and KRLD-TV, Dallas, were shown to depict the shooting of Oswald by Ruby. A Dallas police officer was used to identify the persons in the films.

On March 9, 1964, an audio tape recording made at the scene of the shooting was introduced by Ike Pappas, radio newsman, Radio Station WNEW, New York, New York.

On March 9, 1964, Robert Walker, News Director, WFAA-TV, Dallas, introduced a video and audio tape made at the scene of the shooting.

On March 11, 1964, a television tape produced by WBAP-TV, Fort Worth, Texas, which depicted the shooting of Oswald, was shown in the absence of the jury.

On March 12, 1964, the court refused a defense request to be permitted to play a tape recording made at a press conference held by District Attorney Henry Wade at the Dallas, Texas Police Department on November 22, 1963.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
May 2, 1967

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

The following communication was referred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C. by the Criminal Division, U.S. Department of Justice, same having been received at that office:

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Cranford N.J.
April 10, 1967

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"I wish to inform you that the tap recording used during Jack Ruby's trial were not mine.

"Yours truly
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Indices of the Dallas Office of the FBI include no reference identifiable with Russell McGrant.

The trial of Jack L. Ruby for the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald began on March 4, 1964 in State Court at Dallas, Texas. A Special Agent of the FBI who observed the entire proceeding noted that radio and/or television tapes were shown under the circumstances indicated below:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Memorandum

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

- 1 - Mr. C. D. Moach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen

DATE: May 8, 1967

Mr. W. A. Branigan

- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lonihan

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize information furnished to our New Orleans Office on May 6 and 7, 1967, by Gordon D. Novel. Novel is the individual who was involved in a burglary of ammunition at Houma, Louisiana, and who now is residing in Ohio. New Orleans District Attorney Garrison is attempting to have Novel returned to New Orleans for questioning.

Novel claims that Andrew Blackmon, a former close associate of David William Ferrie, allegedly was present at a meeting in Ferrie's apartment when Novel, Sergio A. Smith, Ferrie and others planned the burglary at Houma, Louisiana. Novel states Blackmon very likely will be Garrison's star witness in the latter's attempt to prove a conspiracy in the death of President Kennedy.

Novel believes New Orleans District Attorney Garrison is directly responsible for the death of David Ferrie. Novel claims he saw Garrison leave Ferrie's apartment at approximately 5:30 a.m. February 22, 1967, the day Ferrie was found dead.

Novel also claims that Garrison believes a laundry truck owned by Louis Rabel, a New Orleans resident, was involved in transporting Sergio Smith, David Ferrie, Novel and several others to Houma, Louisiana, to commit the burglary. Bureau files indicate Rabel probably identical with an individual who was head of the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, Louisiana, which was an anti-Castro organization with headquarters at 1401 N. 10th St.

Novel claims Garrison reportedly has in his possession various letters to substantiate his conspiracy plot. These letters consist of: 1. Letter from Clay Shaw to David Ferrie; 2. Letter from David Ferrie to Jack Ruby; 3. Letter from Jack Ruby to Lee Harvey Oswald; 4. Letter from former Attorney General Robert Kennedy to David Ferrie supposedly thanking Ferrie for the latter's anti-Castro activities. Novel added that in the near future New Orleans District Attorney Garrison will accuse the FBI of possessing originals of the four letters listed above. This is also the known of no such letters.

62-106060
RE: (7)

CONTINUED - OVER

55 MAY 22 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-5238

5162

Memorandum to Mr. J. E. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
62-109030

Novel claims Garrison plans to ask FBI Agent presently under
Special Agent Regis Kennedy of the New Orleans Office) two
questions: 1. "Was David Ferrie a communist acting under an anti-
communist cover?" 2. "Did an FBI Agent to your knowledge have a
meeting with Gordon Novel on February 20, this year?"

In connection with the two questions listed above, our files
contain no information indicating Ferrie was a communist. He was very
active in anti-Castro activities in New Orleans. Regarding question
number two, Novel did contact our New Orleans Office on February 20, 1967,
and volunteered information to Special Agents J. Peter Chase and
Max H. Harr. The data volunteered by Novel concerned his participation
with Ferrie, Sergio Smith and others in robbing an ammunition bunker
at Houma, Louisiana.

Novel also states Garrison is interested in locating a
William Wayne Dalzell who allegedly was contacted by Special Agent
Regis Kennedy of our New Orleans Office and a Central Intelligence
Agency (CIA) employee by the name of Logan. Our files disclose
Dalzell was active in anti-Castro activities in New Orleans in 1961.
Our files reveal that in January, 1963, Dalzell was hospitalized at a
Louisiana State mental hospital. New Orleans Office advised that
Special Agent Regis Kennedy has interviewed Dalzell in the past
concerning Cuban matters. He has not been interviewed by
Special Agent Kennedy or any other Agent of the New Orleans Office
concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. Dalzell's present
whereabouts are unknown. Special Agent Kennedy does not know a
CIA agent by the name of Logan.

OBSERVATIONS:

Novel's reliability is highly questionable. He has
frequently made charges which have been found to have no basis in fact.
He reportedly claimed ties with CIA which CIA denied. It seems
incredible that if Novel saw Garrison leave Ferrie's apartment at
5:20 a.m. on the day Ferrie was found dead that he would not have come
forward with this information up till now. He has contacted our FBI
Offices several times since February 22, 1967, and did not volunteer
such data.

ACTION:

The data furnished by Novel will be summarized in a
letterhead memorandum and disseminated to the Department,
Secret Service and CIA.

REL
W. 7/5 V.
P

Mr. Mark Lane

NOTE: Requester is author of the book "Rush to Judgement" and is a well-known critic of the Warren Commission and the investigation of the John F. Kennedy assassination. His request obviously will involve review of an overwhelming volume of material and at best can only be made on a piecemeal basis.

FBI

Date: May 9, 1967

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via _____

(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, New Orleans (89-89)

SUBJECT : ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963;
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

CO - DALLAS

Re New Orleans teletype to Bureau 5/7/67 containing information furnished by GORDON DWANE/NOVEL on that date.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of a letterhead memorandum and for Dallas two copies of a letterhead memorandum containing information furnished by Gordon Dwane Novel on 5/7/67.

The files of this office show that GORDON DWANE NOVEL telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office on 2/20/67 and insisted upon being contacted by Agents of the FBI. NOVEL was interviewed on that date by SA J. PETER CHASE and SA MAX E. KARR, the results of which were furnished to the Bureau by letterhead memorandum dated 2/21/67.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 6)
- 2 - Dallas (Encs. 2)
- 2 - New Orleans

ECW/mwb

(7)

ENCLOSURE

17 MAY 15 1967

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 15 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-5211

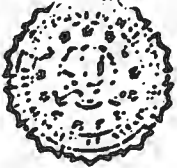
Approved: _____

Sent _____

M

Per _____

55 MAY 22 1967 Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
May 9, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

Gordon Bruno Novel, fugitive witness in District Attorney James Garrison's investigation into the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on May 7, 1967, and advised that in the near future, District Attorney James Garrison will accuse the FBI of possessing originals of five letters; namely, letter from Clay Shaw to David Ferrie; letter from Lee Harvey Oswald to Clay Shaw; letter from David Ferrie to Jack Ruby; letter from Jack Ruby to Lee Harvey Oswald, and letter from former Attorney General Robert Kennedy to David Ferrie.

Novel further informed that District Attorney Garrison is in possession of the typewriter owned by David Ferrie in 1963 and is also in possession of the typewriters of Clay Shaw, both personal and business. According to Novel, the business typewriter was the one reportedly used by Shaw's secretary, (first name unknown) Hug.

Novel advised that District Attorney Garrison plans to ask the FBI Agents who have been subpoenaed the following two questions: (1) "Was David Ferrie a communist acting under an anti-communist cover?" (2) "Did an FBI Agent, to your knowledge, have a meeting with Gordon Novel on February 20, this year?"

Novel further advised that District Attorney Garrison's Chief Investigator William Curvich has a close relative presently residing in Russia who was instrumental in designing the Russian Mig Aircraft.

44-1111-1
ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963**

Novel further informed that Garrison plans to subpoena an attorney (first name unknown) Martin, who is allegedly associated with the Central Intelligence Agency.

Novel stated that the other Ex-Marine involved in the 1961 burglary of the munitions bunker at Houma, Louisiana, is probably Layton Martens.

The New Orleans Times Picayune, a daily New Orleans newspaper, in its issue of March 10, 1967, reported that Mrs. Josephine Hug, 4500 Elysian Fields, New Orleans, Louisiana, who formerly worked for Clay L. Shaw at the International Trade Mart, was subpoenaed to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury in connection with District Attorney Jim Garrison's presidential murder probe on Thursday, March 9, 1967.

The New Orleans States-Item, a daily New Orleans newspaper, final edition of April 5, 1967, reported that Layton Patrick Martens, roommate of David Ferrie at the time of the assassination of President Kennedy on November 22, 1963, and who was arrested with Ferrie two days later, was indicted on that date by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury for perjury in connection with the investigation of the murder of President Kennedy.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 44-24016

SERIAL NO. 3RD UNREC. DED AFTER #2159

PAGE NO. PAGE 1 OF AIRTEL, #2

NO. OF PAGES

SECTION NO.

REFERRAL

NO 69-39

The information contained in letterhead memo concerning the investigation of DALZELL for violation of the interstate transportation of stolen property - fraud by wire and mail fraud statutes is contained in the case entitled WILLIAM WAYNE DALZELL, Aka. ITSP, FSW, HP, Washington Field origin, WFO file 67-10035. The files of the New Orleans Office do not contain information reflecting final disposition in this case.

The information contained in this letterhead memo reflecting investigation of DALZELL in regard to alleged attempt to obtain weapons for revolutionary activities in Honduras is contained in the case entitled WILLIAM WAYNE DALZELL, Aka., ITSP, IS - HONDURAS, IS - CUBA, Bufile 105-35537, New Orleans file 105-1503. Bureau refer to reports of SA WARREN C. BELMUEYS dated 6/21/61 and 9/25/61.

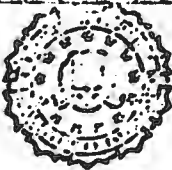
Information concerning the interview of DALZELL on 3/2/61 is contained in the case entitled FRENTE REVOLUCIONARIO DEMOCRATICO (FRD), IS - Cuba, Bufile 105-37012, New Orleans file 105-1455.

Information concerning DALZELL's contact with New Orleans Office on 11/17/60 relative to the organization "Radio Free Cuba" is contained in the case entitled "Free Voice of Latin America, Inc.", IS - CUBA, Bufile 105-35537.

Information concerning DALZELL furnishing information regarding transfer of Cuban pesos is contained in New Orleans airtel to Bureau dated 6/15/60 in case captioned Cuban Revolutionary Activities, IS - CUBA, Bufile 105-430, New Orleans file 34-36.

LEADS:

WASHINGTON FIELD, at Washington, D. C. is requested to prepare a letterhead memo concerning the investigation involving WILLIAM WAYNE DALZELL in the case entitled WILLIAM WAYNE DALZELL, Aka., ITSP; FSW; HP, Washington Field file 67-10035, reflecting the final disposition in this matter.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
... 10, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

Gordon Eugene Novel, fugitive witness in District Attorney James Garrison's investigation into the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office of the FBI on May 6, 1967. Novel stated that with the aid of newsmen Walter Sheridan, National Broadcasting Corporation, he has uncovered the individual's identity who was involved with him (Novel) at David Ferrie's apartment during September, 1961, when plans were made to remove munitions from the bunker at the Houma Air Base, Houma, Louisiana. Novel advised that he had previously furnished information describing one of the individuals at the apartment as a young ex-Marine possibly with the name "Andy". Novel advised he has now determined that this ex-Marine is in reality Jerome Andrew Blackmon. Novel stated that Blackmon is very likely District Attorney Garrison's star witness in Garrison's attempt to prove a conspiracy in the death of President Kennedy.

Novel further stated he believes District Attorney James Garrison is directly responsible for the death of David Ferrie. Novel related he saw District Attorney Garrison leave David Ferrie's apartment at approximately 3:30 AM, February 22, 1967, the day Ferrie was discovered dead. Novel said that on February 21, 1967, he and District Attorney Garrison were discussing ways to abduct Ferrie and that Garrison was very interested when Novel suggested the possibility of hitting Ferrie at the base of his skull with a rubber hammer for the purpose of abducting Ferrie prior to injecting him with truth serum.

1-6-67

44-24016

Novel further advised that he and Sheridan had developed the fact that Louis Rabel, a New Orleans resident, was the owner of the laundry truck that District Attorney Garrison is trying to weave into his assassination plot. Novel stated that this is the truck used by Sergio Arechaga Smith, David Ferrie, two Cubans (identities unknown), Novel, Novel's ex-wife, Novel's partner and the two ex-Marines, one of whom was Blackmon, during the September, 1961 alleged burglary of the munitions bunker at the Houma Air Base. Novel stated Garrison knows of the laundry truck and the fact that it is owned by Rabel.

Novel further informed that on May 1, 1967, Garrison contacted New Orleans Judge Gertler, Novel's former attorney Steve Plotkin and (WFO) Sapire, regarding Novel's appearance before the Grand Jury. Novel stated Garrison assured these individuals that if Novel did come back to New Orleans, Garrison would only ask Novel one question, which was "who was involved in the burglary of the Houma base in 1961?" Novel said that Garrison told these three individuals that he, Garrison, had in his possession letters to substantiate his allegation of a conspiracy in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy. According to Novel, District Attorney Garrison has in his possession the following letters: 1) Letter from Clay Shaw to David Ferrie; 2) Letter from Lee Harvey Oswald to Clay Shaw regarding certain moneys for services rendered; 3) Letter from David Ferrie to Jack Ruby; 4) Letter from Jack Ruby to Lee Harvey Oswald; 5) Letter from former Attorney General Robert Kennedy to David Ferrie which supposedly is a letter thanking Ferrie for Ferrie's alleged anti-Castro activities.

Novel also informed that a New Orleans man by the name of William Dalzell had in the past contacted Special Agent Regis L. Kennedy of the FBI and CIA employee (WFO) Logan. Novel stated the conversations between Dalzell and Special Agent Kennedy seemed to be of interest to Garrison. Novel said that the information concerning Dalzell had been furnished by Dalzell's former landlady.

Novel further stated that all of the information DA Garrison is presently utilizing regarding the Central

Intelligence Agency in the alleged Kennedy assassination plot was obtained by Garrison from Hubert Zadcaux.

Andrew Jerome Blackmon was interviewed by Special Agents of the FBI on August 31, 1961 at the Third District Police Station in New Orleans following his arrest for vagrancy pending investigation of burglary by the New Orleans Police Department on August 30, 1961. Blackmon is described as a white male, born September 15, 1942 at Greenville, Mississippi and claimed his residence address was Box 230, Route 4, Hatcher, Mississippi, and that he was a student at Parkington College, Parkington, Mississippi. Blackmon advised that he thought his arrest might possibly be the result of his association with a Captain David Ferric who he understood was being investigated by Jefferson Parish authorities concerning what he termed was indecent charges.

Luis Nabel, as of October 12, 1962, was the admitted head of the Cuban Revolutionary Council in New Orleans, Louisiana, an anti-Castro organization with headquarters in Miami, Florida.

The New Orleans States-Item final edition of April 5, 1967, identified Steve Plotkin as Gordon Nevel's attorney.

The current New Orleans telephone directory lists Eddie L. Sapir as an attorney. Various news sources have reported that Eddie Sapir was recently elected councilman for the City of New Orleans.

The 1966 New Orleans City Directory lists Judge DAVID GENTLER as a Judge of the Civil District Court for Orleans Parish.

On October 9, 1961, Sergio Arcacha Smith identified himself as head of the Frente Revolucionario Democrático (FRD).

On December 5, 1961, Sergio Arcacha Smith advised that although the activities of the FRD had been dissolved in the New Orleans area, a campaign known as the "Crusade to Free Cuba" would be continued under his guidance and also under the sponsorship of the Cuban Revolutionary Council. He explained that the FRD at Miami had merged into the revolutionary council.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 44-24016

SERIAL NO. 3RD
UNRECORDED AFTER #2159

PAGE NO. 4, 5, 6, 7

NO. OF PAGES 4

SECTION NO.

90

CIA

REFERRAL

The Attorney General

Director, FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Conrad
May 17, 1967

1 - Mr. Wick
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. T. J. Smith
1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan
1 - Mr. Lenihan

The New Orleans "States-Item" newspaper for May 12, 1967, carried an article entitled "Coded Ruby Phone Listing in Oswald, Shaw Notes--DA." A copy of this article is attached. The article reports that New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison claims that the address books of Clay Shaw and Lee Harvey Oswald listed the same digits, 19103, concerning a Post Office Box in Dallas. Garrison further claims that by interposing the digits and subtracting the number 1300, the result was telephone number WHitchall 1-5301, which Garrison identified as Jack Ruby's unpublished telephone number in Dallas in 1963.

For your information, on April 24, 1967, this Bureau received an inquiry from Senator Russell Long of Louisiana which appears to be related to this particular matter. Senator Long, in his contact with this Bureau, stated that he had been specifically requested by New Orleans District Attorney Garrison to contact the FBI and determine to whom Dallas Post Office Box 19103 was rented at the time of the assassination of President Kennedy. No information was furnished to Senator Long but he was referred to the Department of Justice or to the National Archives of the United States.

The number of current interest in Garrison's probe appears on page 57 of Lee Harvey Oswald's address book. A copy of this page is attached. Contrary to Garrison's claim, this notation was contained among the number of items in the Russian language which appear in Oswald's address book, not Post Office Box 19103 but instead is translated as DD19103. All of the items contained on page 57 of Oswald's address book appear to have been made by him during his stay in Russia from 1959 to June, 1962.

62-109060-5246
ENCLOSURE (15)

ENCLOSURE

TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D - RECORDING UNIT

MAY 17 1967

MAY 17 1967
COMM-FBI

NOT RECORDED
MAY 17 1967

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR

ORIGINAL FILED 62-109060-5246

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 44-24016

SERIAL NO. 4TH UNRECORDED AFTER #2159

PAGE NO. 2,3

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

90

CIA

REFERRAL

The Attorney General

1 - Mr. Harold Percot Sanders, Jr. (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr. (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

NOTE:

See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan dated 5/16/67,
prepared by REL:jmr, and also memorandum Branigan to Sullivan
dated 5/14/67 prepared by WAB/REL:lag.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ORDERED RUBY
PHONE
LISTING
OSWALD
SHAW
NOTES - DA

Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison told Criminal District Court today his office has broken a telephone number code which he said appears both in the notebooks of Lee Harvey Oswald and accused Kennedy murder conspirator Clay L. Shaw.

The result of the decoding, he asserted, was that the 1963 unpublished telephone number of Jack Ruby at Dallas was discovered in both Oswald's and Shaw's notebooks.

Garrison made the disclosure in a formal answer to a request filed in Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr.'s

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 5-12-67

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F.
KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

☐ Being Investigated

44-24016 -

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

11/15
1/10 5-18-67
Wm. A. (12-11-67)
1/10/67

THE ANSWER WAS MADE BY THE DA to a motion filed by the defense last week. Defense attorneys sought the return of Shaw's notebook, which was seized March 1 along with five cartons of materials taken from the defendant's bankhouse French Quarter home.

Garrison has charged that Oswald, Sirw and the late David W. Ferrie conspired here in September, 1963, to kill President John F. Kennedy at Dallas.

Shaw was indicted March 22 and is free on \$10,000 bond. Oswald, the man the Warren Commission named as Kennedy's lone slayer, was shot to death by Ruby in the Dallas Police headquarters two days after Kennedy was killed Nov. 22, 1963.

Replying to a state attack on the relevance of the notebook, Garrison's formal answer said:

"While the state considers the other items relevant also, the address book is so connected with the issue that it would be an injustice to allow it to be returned, with the possibility that it might be destroyed forever."

Oswald's address book, from which Garrison said the code was broken, is published in full in the Warren Commission report.

Garrison said Shaw's address book "contains a unique address which exists also in the address book of Lee Harvey Oswald, as printed in the Warren Commission exhibits (Volume XVI, Page 58)."

THE DA SAID the books contain the same Dallas post office box reference, "P. O. Box 19106." He filed photographs to support the assertion.

Shaw's notebook, he added, carries a notation which is a "reference to one Lee Odum of Dallas, Texas."

"What makes even more significant this interesting concurrence of address is the fact that in 1963 there existed no such post office box number in Dallas," the Garrison answer contends.

"WHEN TWO parties each have precisely the same nonexistent or fictional number," the DA's answer continues, "in their respective address books, the possibility of coincidence is removed because of the uniqueness of a selected nonexistent number."

"The fact is that P. O. 19106 has been found to be a coded description of an unpublished phone number in Dallas, Tex., in 1963. The code involved is one which is used in Oswald's notebook quite systematically, apparently for the purpose of concealing phone numbers he regarded as sensitive."

The pleading goes on to indicate that the post office box number "inevitably and unavoidably" produces the unpublished telephone number of Ruby during 1963.

IN THE PLEADING, Garrison said that with many five digit numbers found in Oswald's notebook, the order of the letters A B C D E is transposed, for the purpose of coding, to A E B D C. Garrison said a reverse process is used in unscrambling.

Referring to the prefix telephone exchange letters, the Garrison papers declared:

"Oswald invariably uses the dial of the telephone as conversion machinery to convert letters into numbers and back again. He systematically adds the number values resulting in a sum which can be later broken down into the real exchange listing."

By using the telephone dial for conversion of letters to numbers, he explained, the letters "P.O." become the digit 13. The only exchange which the number 13 converts to in Dallas, he added, is Whitehall.

The post office box number found in the Shaw and Oswald address books, 19106, when unscrambled, becomes 1-6201, the DA continued. By subtracting 1300 from 1-6201, he added, the result is 1-5601.

ACCORDING TO the Garrison pleading, Ruby's unpublished telephone number at Dallas in 1963 was Whitehall 1-5601.

Explaining the use of the number 1300 for final conversion, the DA said Oswald's code uses an invariable process which is "always done the same way."

He said Oswald used a standard outside number for the "obvious purpose" of superficially changing the appearance of the digits.

"The two standard numbers used by Oswald in coding numbers in his address book," Garrison said, "are 4500 and 1300."

Observers noted that Oswald lived in the 4500 block of Magazine when he was here in the summer of 1963. Shaw's home is in the 1300 block of Dauphine.

IN OTHER ACTION today, the state replied to a defense motion for a bill of particulars and prayer foroyer in the case of Layton Patrick Martens, a one-time Ferrie roommate charged with perjury.

Martens, a 24-year-old college student, was indicted for allegedly lying in connection with the mysterious disappearance of munitions from a dump at Houston in 1961.

Asst. DA Richard V. Burnes defended the rule of secrecy surrounding grand jury proceedings and said the defense was not entitled to a transcript of the complete grand jury hearing at which Martens is accused of lying.

He said Martens was warned that "failure to tell

DA'S PHOTOS OF PAGES FROM OSWALD DIARY
SHAW NOTED IN FILED IN CRIMINAL COURT TODAY

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ОВИР Москва
ОВИР
из. Огарава
Виктор Михайлович

К450267

ПД 17206

ПД 19106

О-Титкулов
В.Рок 5

ОВИР Москва
КОЛПАЧИН: В. Рок

1-91-0
101

57

44-24016-

ENCLOSURE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 12 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Wick _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. Felt _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

724PM URGENT 5/12/67 OLP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS (89-43)

FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69) 6P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING, ^{NOVEMBER} ^{OFFICE OF ORIGIN} OO: DALLAS.
REFERENCE

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO BUREAU INSTANT DATE CON-
TAINING INFO CONCERNING GARRISON'S CLAIM TO HAVING BROKEN
TELEPHONE NUMBER CODE APPEARING IN DIARY OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM FINAL EDITION, MAY TWELVE, INSTANT,
REPORTED THAT DA JIM GARRISON TOLD THE CRIMINAL DISTRICT
COURT TODAY HIS OFFICE HAS BROKEN A TELEPHONE NUMBER CODE
WHICH HE SAID APPEARS BOTH IN THE NOTEBOOK OF LEE HARVEY
OSWALD AND ACCUSED MURDER CONSPIRATOR CLAY L. SHAW. ACCORDING
TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON CLAIMED THE RESULT OF THE DECODING
WAS THAT THE SIXTYTHREE UNPUBLISHED TELEPHONE NUMBER OF
JACK RUBY AT DALLAS WAS DISCOVERED IN BOTH OSWALD'S AND SHAW'S
NOTEBOOKS.

EMND PAGE ONE

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 17 1967

55 MAY 22 1967

Briggs
Douglas

Texas
LC
1158R

L. J. [unclear]

44-24016 summarized in earlier note re teletype 5/12/67

MAY 17 1967

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-1247

PAGE TWO

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT THE DISCLOSURE WAS MADE IN A FORMAL ANSWER TO DEFENSE MOTIONS FILED IN JUDGE EDWARD A. HAGGARTY, JR.'S COURT SEEKING THE RETURN OF SHAW'S NOTEBOOK, WHICH WAS SEIZED MARCH ONE, ALONG WITH FIVE CARTONS OF MATERIALS FROM SHAW'S FRENCH QUARTER HOME.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT REPLYING TO AN ATTACK ON THE RELEVANCE OF THE NOTEBOOK, GARRISON'S FORMAL ANSWER SAID THAT "WHILE THE STATE CONSIDERS THE OTHER ITEMS RELEVANT ALSO, THE ADDRESS BOOK IS SO CONNECTED WITH THE ISSUE THAT IT WOULD BE AN INJUSTICE TO ALLOW IT TO BE RETURNED, WITH THE POSSIBILITY THAT IT MIGHT BE DESTROYED FOREVER."

GARRISON WAS QUOTED AS SAYING SHAW'S ADDRESS BOOK "CONTAINS A UNIQUE ADDRESS WHICH EXISTS ALSO IN THE ADDRESS BOOK OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AS PRINTED IN THE WARREN COMMISSION EXHIBITS, VOLUME SIXTEEN, PAGE FIFTYEIGHT."

ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, THE DA SAID THE BOOK CONTAINED THE SAME DALLAS POST OFFICE BOX REFERENCE, " P. O. BOX ONE

END PAGE TWO...

2

PAGE THREE

NINE ONE ZERO SIX". HE FILED PHOTOGRAPHS TO SUPPORT THE ASSERTION.

GARRISON ALSO CLAIMED THAT SHAW'S NOTEBOOK CARRIES A NOTATION WHICH IS A "REFERENCE TO ONE LEE VODOM OF DALLAS, TEXAS." THE ARTICLE CONTINUED THAT GARRISON SAID "WHAT

MAKES EVEN MORE SIGNIFICANT, THIS INTERESTING CONCURRENCE OF ADDRESS, IS THE FACT THAT IN NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, THERE EXISTED NO SUCH POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER IN DALLAS". THE

PLEADING ALSO STATED "WHEN TWO PARTIES EACH HAVE PRECISELY THE SAME NON-EXISTENCE OR FACTUAL NUMBER IN THEIR RESPECTIVE ADDRESS BOOKS, THE POSSIBILITY OF COINCIDENCE IS REMOVED BECAUSE OF THE UNIQUENESS OF A SELECTED NON-EXISTENT NUMBER.

"THE FACT IS THAT P. O. ONE NINE ONE ZERO SIX HAS BEEN FOUND TO BE A CODED DESCRIPTION OF AN UNPUBLISHED PHONE NUMBER IN DALLAS, TEXAS IN NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE. THE CODE INVOLVED IS ONE WHICH IS USED IN OSWALD'S NOTEBOOK QUITE SYSTEMATICALLY, APPARENTLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONCEALING PHONE NUMBERS HE REGARDED AS SENSITIVE".

END PAGE THREE

3

PAGE FOUR

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT THE PLEADING GOES ON TO INDICATE THAT THE POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER "INEVITABLY AND UNAVOIDABLY" PRODUCES THE UNPUBLISHED TELEPHONE NUMBER OF RUBY DURING SIXTYTHREE.

IN THE PLEADING, GARRISON SAID WITH MANY FIVE DIGIT NUMBERS FOUND IN OSWALD'S NOTEBOOK, THE ORDER OF THE LETTERS ABCDE IS TRANSPOSED, FOR THE PURPOSE OF CODING, TO AEBDC.

GARRISON SAID A REVERSE PROCESS IS USED IN UNSCRAMBLING.

REFERRING TO THE PREFIX TELEPHONE EXCHANGE LETTERS, THE GARRISON PAPERS DECLARED "OSWALD INVARIABLY USES THE DIAL OF THE TELEPHONE AS CONVERSION MACHINERY TO CONVERT LETTERS INTO NUMBERS AND BACK AGAIN. HE SYSTEMATICALLY ADDS THE NUMBER VALUES RESULTING IN A SUM WHICH CAN BE LATER BROKEN DOWN INTO THE REAL EXCHANGE LISTING". ACCORDING TO THE

ARTICLE, BY USING THE TELEPHONE DIAL FOR CONVERSION OF LETTERS TO NUMBERS, GARRISON EXPLAINED, THE LETTERS "P.O." BECOME THE DIGIT THIRTEEN. THE ONLY EXCHANGE WHICH THE NUMBER THIRTEEN CONVERTS TO IN DALLAS IS WHITEHALL.

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

THE POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER FOUND IN THE SHAW AND OSWALD ADDRESS BOOKS, ONE NINE ONE ZERO SIX, WHEN UN-SCRAMBLED, BECOMES ONE-SIX NINE ZERO ONE. BY SUBTRACTING ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED FROM ONE - SIX NINE ZERO ONE, THE RESULT IS ONE - FIVE SIX ZERO ONE, WHICH ACCORDING TO GARRISON PLEADING WAS RUBY'S UNPUBLISHED TELEPHONE NUMBER AT DALLAS IN NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.

IN EXPLAINING THE USE OF THE NUMBER THIRTEEN HUNDRED FOR FINAL CONVERSION THE ^{DISTRICT ATTORNEY} DA SAID OSWALD'S CODE USES AN INVARIABLE PROCESS WHICH IS "ALWAYS DONE THE SAME WAY". HE SAID OSWALD USED A STANDARD OUTSIDE NUMBER FOR THE "OBVIOUS PURPOSE" OF SUPERFICIALLY CHANGING THE APPEARANCE OF THE DIGITS. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON SAID THE TWO STANDARD NUMBERS USED BY OSWALD IN CODING NUMBERS IN HIS ADDRESS BOOK ARE FOUR THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN HUNDRED.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT IN ANOTHER ACTION TODAY THE STATE REPLIED TO A DEFENSE MOTION FOR A BILL OF PARTICULARS

END PAGE FIVE

PAGE SIX

AND PRAYER FOR OYER IN THE CASE OF LAYTEN PATRICK MARTENS,
ONE TIME FERRIE ROOMMATE CHARGED WITH PERJURY. JUDGE OLIVER
P. SCHULINKAMP PERMITTED THE STATE PLEADINGS TO BE FILED
AND CALLED A HEARING ON THE DEFENSE MOTION FOR TUESDAY OF
NEXT WEEK.

LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END

BAP

FBI WASH DC

P

CC MR. SULLIVAN

FBI WASH DC

452PM URGENT 5:12:67 3P CDC

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS (89-69)
FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS
INFO CONCERNING, OO: DALLAS.

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES ITEM, RED FLASH EDITION, MAY
TWELVE INSTANT, REPORTED THAT DA JIM GARRISON, IN A DOCUMENT
PREPARED FOR FILING LATER TODAY IN ORLEANS PARISH DISTRICT
COURT IN ANSWER TO A MOTION FILED BY ATTORNEYS FOR CLAY L.
SHAW, SAID THAT JACK RUBY'S PRIVATE TELEPHONE NUMBER IN
DALLAS WAS FOUND, IN CODE, IN LEE HARVEY OSWALD'S DIARY.
GARRISON SAID THE CODE USED BY OSWALD HAD BEEN BROKEN.

THE ARTICLE STATED THAT DEFENSE ATTORNEYS HAD SOUGHT
THE RETURN OF SHAW'S NOTEBOOK SEIZED AT HIS RESIDENCE AFTER
HIS ARREST.

ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, OSWALD'S ADDRESS NOT RECORDED
WHICH GARRISON SAID THE CODE WAS BROKEN, IS PUBLISHED IN
FULL IN THE WARREN COMMISSION REPORT. GARRISON SAID THE
END PAGE ONE

54 MAY 29 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-525

PAGE TWO

NUMBER "A D ONE NINE ONE ZERO SIX" IS CONTAINED IN THE ADDRESS BOOK OF OSWALD AS PRINTED IN THE WARREN COMMISSION EXHIBITS, VOLUME SIXTEEN, PAGE FIFTY EIGHT.

GARRISON, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, SAID OSWALD USED A CODE IN HIS NOTEBOOK "QUITE SYSTEMATICALLY, APPARENTLY FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONCEALING PHONE NUMBERS HE REGARDED AS SENSITIVE".

THE ARTICLE CONTINUED THAT IN THE PLEADING GARRISON SAID THAT WITH ANY FOUR DIGIT NUMBERS IN OSWALD'S NOTEBOOK THE ORDER OF THE LETTERS AECD IS TRANSPOSED FOR THE PURPOSE OF CODING TO ACDB. GARRISON SAID A REVERSE PROCESS IS USED IN UNSCRAMBLING. AS FAR AS THE TELEPHONE EXCHANGE IS CONCERNED, THE PLEADING SAID "THE NUMBER ONE NINE ONE ZERO SIX, WHEN UNSCRAMBLING BECAME ONE - SIX NINE ZERO ONE. BY SUBTRACTING THE NUMBER ONE THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED FROM ONE-SIX NINE ZERO ONE, THE RESULT IS ONE- FIVE SIX ZERO ONE", WHICH WAS THE NUMERICAL POSITION OF RUBY'S DALLAS PRIVATE PHONE NUMBER. ACCORDING TO THE PLEADING, JACK RUBY'S

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

UNPUBLISHED NUMBER AT DALLAS IN NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE WAS
WHITEHALL ONE- FIVE SIX ZERO ONE.

THIS SAME ISSUE OF THE NEWSPAPER REPORTED THAT DA JIM ^{DISTRICT ATTORNEY}
GARRISON LODGED A FORMAL COMPLAINT WITH THE LA. ^{LOUISIANA} STATE BAR
ASSOCIATION AGAINST BURTON KLEIN, ATTORNEY FOR ALVIN BEAUBOUFF,
ONE TIME ROOMMATE OF DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE. THE ARTICLE
QUOTED GARISON AS SAYING THAT THE FORMAL COMPLAINT WAS
LODGED AGAINST KLEIN FOR HIS FRAUDULENT CLAIM THAT HE
REPRESENTS ALVIN BEAUBOUFF AND FOR HIS COOL WILLINGNESS TO
PARTICIPATE IN A SCHEME TO OBSTRUCT A JUST AND SOUND
INVESTIGATION.

LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END

CORR PAGE TWO LINE TEN WORD SEVEN SHOULD BE TRANSPOSED.

END?@

RCH

FBI WASH DC

MT. 6/11/71

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 44-24016

SERIAL NO. 7TH? UNRECORDED AFTER #2159

PAGE NO.

NO. OF PAGES 2

SECTION NO.

90

CIA

REFERRAL

FBI

Date: 3/24/67

REC-32

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
MISC. - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(OO: DALLAS)

Enclosed for the Bureau are six (6) copies of an LHM setting forth information voluntarily furnished to this office by CLYDE MALCOLM LIMBAUGH on 3/23/67.

Two (2) copies of instant LHM are enclosed for the Dallas Office.

Information concerning CLYDE LIMBAUGH was previously furnished to the Bureau and Dallas by New Orleans airtel to Bureau dated 3/7/67, in captioned case.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 6)
2 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2)
1 - New Orleans

- JLC/jlc
(6)

1 ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
199 JUL 14 1967

REC-32

EX-103

62-109060-4905

MAR 27 1967

352

56 JUL 1967

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4905



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
March 24, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

At 4:45 p.m., March 23, 1967, Clyde Malcolm Limbaugh,
323 Dauphine Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, Telephone Number
532-3249, personally appeared at the New Orleans Office of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation and volunteered the following
information:

Limbaugh advised that he has the "answer to the
assassination probe by District Attorney James C. Garrison" and
has been trying to see Mr. Garrison for about two weeks, but
Mr. Garrison "does not appear to be interested in seeing him."
He stated, "Mr. Garrison appears to be interested in getting
votes and making a name for himself." Limbaugh remarked that
he "was there when the assassination took place" and "was
propositioned to take part in it."

Limbaugh said he knew Jack Ruby very well and worked
for Ruby for "four years, from 1959 until about three days before
the assassination in 1963." At the same time he worked for Ruby
in Ruby's three night clubs in Dallas, Texas, Limbaugh also
worked at Dinwiddie Direct Mail Advertising Company, Dallas, part-
time for five hours a day.

Limbaugh advised that Jack Ruby was a "queer," a
"known homosexual," and "everybody called Ruby 'Pinkie'." He
said J. D. Tippit, the Dallas, Texas, policeman who was shot
by Lee Harvey Oswald, was a "bouncer and friend of Jack Ruby."
He stated that Tippit "worked for Ruby day and night, never
went to police headquarters in regard to his work as a police
officer, and reported to the Dallas Police Department by telephone."
According to Limbaugh, Tippit had lived with Ruby at an apartment
at Oakcliff, between Dallas and Fort Worth, since about 1958, and
Tippit was living with Ruby at that apartment at the time Tippit
was shot by Oswald. He said Ruby and Tippit also had an apartment
above the Colony Club, one of the night clubs owned by Ruby, on
the main street of Dallas, next to the Neiman Marcus Store.

44-24016

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

62-109150 79.05

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Limbaugh advised that one of his duties when he was employed at Ruby's night clubs was to look after the girls who worked in the clubs. He stated that approximately one week or ten days before the assassination of President Kennedy, he went into Ruby's office in the Colony Club in order to get some money from Ruby to give to one of the girls so she could buy some stockings, and he saw three men in conference with Ruby in the office. He said Tippit was one of the men because he knew Tippit, and said he recognized another one of the men as being Lee Harvey Oswald since he had recently seen Oswald's picture in a newspaper for passing out posters in New Orleans. He said Ruby later told him the other man was David William Ferrie. After Ruby gave him money for the girl, Limbaugh left the office. After a few minutes, Tippit left Ruby's office, and Limbaugh asked him who the other man was, but Tippit told him he did not know.

Limbaugh stated that about three days before the assassination, he again went into Ruby's office in the Colony Club in order to get money from Ruby to give to one of the girl employees of the club. At that time he saw Tippit, Oswald, and a woman in the room with Ruby, and on a table in the room he saw a map of the sixth floor of the wholesale book store building from where "the shot was fired by Oswald." After Ruby gave Limbaugh the money, Limbaugh departed from the office. A few minutes later, Tippit left the office and Limbaugh asked him who the people were in the office. Tippit told Limbaugh he did not know, at which time Limbaugh called Tippit a "liar" and told Tippit he knew one was Oswald. At that time Tippit told Limbaugh that he might as well ask Ruby if he wanted to know who the people were. He said he later asked Ruby who the man and woman were, and Ruby told him the man was Oswald and said the woman was "really a man named Ferrie, who he had previously seen in the office, who was dressed as a woman and is known as Cappie Bertrand." Ruby further commented that Cappie Bertrand was a female impersonator. Ruby related to Limbaugh that "they are going to do a job for me," and Ruby remarked that "if Oswald does not do what I want him to do I am going to kill him." At that time Ruby also commented that he was "not going to harm the lady," and Limbaugh believes he was referring to Ferrie, who Ruby had previously said was Cappie Bertrand. At that same time, according to Limbaugh, Ruby asked Limbaugh, "How would you like to make \$1,000 for one night?" Limbaugh asked him how he could do that, and Ruby stated it was "something dealing with politics." Limbaugh asked Ruby if it had anything to do with

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

the President coming to Dallas, and Ruby "remarked something to the effect that it did concern the President's visit." Limbaugh asked Ruby "if it was to be the Lincoln-Booth incident repeating itself," to which Ruby replied they "were going to hurt President Kennedy and Governor Connally but were not going to kill them." Limbaugh said he told Ruby he did not want any part of that "business."

Limbaugh advised that he left Ruby's club that day, three days before the assassination, and went to Pineville, Louisiana, where he "put himself in the Central State Hospital for Mental Patients because he had had a nervous breakdown."

Limbaugh stated that Jack Ruby had had cancer since about 1951, even while Ruby was in Chicago, and he said that several of Ruby's employees, as well as some of Ruby's relatives knew Ruby had cancer. Limbaugh said he went to see Ruby when Ruby was in the Dallas Jail and he asked Ruby why he had shot Oswald. He said Ruby told him he "did it because of Jackie, John F. Kennedy, Jr., and Caroline; because the man had taken their father and had robbed us of the President of the United States." Limbaugh advised that he also visited Ruby in the hospital in Dallas about two days before Ruby died. At that time Ruby told Limbaugh he "had shot Oswald because he (Ruby) always wanted to be popular, and that now he would be famous and would be remembered in history."

Limbaugh advised he "had known Clay Shaw for nine years in New Orleans." He said that "ten years ago Shaw was very gay and liked to dress up in women's clothing." He stated he "does not think Shaw had anything to do with the assassination matter." He said that "Perry Russo is lying when he says he (Russo) saw Shaw with Oswald on the waterfront because that on the first date Russo claims he saw Shaw and Oswald, Shaw was at the Central State Hospital for Mental Patients in Pineville, Louisiana, visiting with him (Limbaugh)." He said that "on the second date Russo claims he saw Shaw and Oswald together on the waterfront, he (Limbaugh) and Shaw were having lunch together at the Court of Two Sisters Restaurant in the French Quarter in New Orleans."

Limbaugh stated that "Mr. Garrison thinks Bertrand is a man" but that "Bertrand was Ferrie dressed as a woman." Limbaugh advised he had seen Ferrie dressed as a woman in clubs in New Orleans on two occasions--once at Lafitte's Bar in the French Quarter in New Orleans, and once at a "party held in a house located in about the 1300 block of Dauphine Street, New Orleans." Limbaugh stated he could not recall the dates on which he had seen Ferrie dressed as a woman.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Limbaugh advised that the "whole assassination plot was arranged in Washington, D. C.; was carried to San Antonio, Texas; then carried to Dallas, Texas; and was carried back to Washington, D. C." He said the "persons who took part in the assassination were part of the President's tour or was arranged by part of Vice-President Johnson's group." He stated "the assassination never came to New Orleans." Limbaugh stated that, in his opinion, "Oswald shot Governor Connally and Ferrie shot President Kennedy."

The following background data were voluntarily furnished by Clyde Malcolm Limbaugh for himself:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Date of birth:	June 14, 1914
Place of birth:	Birmingham, Alabama
Height:	5' 10½"
Weight:	170 lbs.
Hair:	Grey - blond
Eyes:	Brown
Scars or marks:	Wears a brown mustache; Has a bullet wound on lower part of left leg.
Military service:	Two years, 1947-1949, in U. S. Army, where member of 101st Airborne Division; Serial Number was 13 276 301; received honorable discharge.
Arrests:	None
Social Security No.:	131-09-3399
Occupation:	Singer; is known as the "American Baritone."
Employment:	Presently singing in Joe Burton's night clubs in New Orleans; in approximately two weeks Limbaugh is going to become self-employed and open the Chez Limbo Coffee Shop, which will be located on Dauphine or Carondelet streets in New Orleans.
Previous residence:	Green Briar Hotel, Alexandria, Louisiana, first 7 months of 1966; came to New Orleans from Alexandria in October, 1966.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

When furnishing the foregoing background data, Limbaugh advised that he had been in the Central State Hospital for Mental Patients in Pineville, Louisiana, on two occasions. He said he was "in that hospital for six months, from September, 1963, to January, 1964," and on another occasion he stayed there "about one year, from the latter part of 1964 until the first part of 1965." Limbaugh also advised that he spent about one year in a mental hospital in San Bernadino, California, in about 1950 or 1951, for a "nervous breakdown which was caused by his wife being murdered, raped, and beaten on a farm near Birmingham, Alabama, in 1947."

As Limbaugh was departing the FBI Office, he remarked that he had furnished the foregoing information to an assistant district attorney to Mr. Garrison about two weeks ago and the assistant district attorney told him that Mr. Garrison would be talking with him, but that Mr. Garrison nor any of his staff have talked further with him.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 2/13/68

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, DENVER (89-41)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Attached for the Bureau are six copies of a letterhead memorandum concerning a letter received by "The Denver Post", a daily Denver newspaper. Two copies of this letterhead memorandum are enclosed for Dallas and one copy is enclosed for Butte.

No further action being taken by Denver Division UACB.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) *ENCLOSURE*
2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (89-43)
1 - Butte (Enc. 1) (Info.)
1 - Denver

RHC: lsh
(7)

Jack Ruby

144-24016
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 19 1968

2 ENCLOSURE

1 FEB 21 1968

59 FEB 23 1968

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-4179



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Denver, Colorado 80202

February 13, 1968

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,
TEXAS**

Mrs. MARY PARNALL, Editorial Department, "The Denver Post", a daily Denver, Colorado, newspaper, voluntarily furnished to the FBI at Denver, Colorado, on February 9, 1968, a letter directed to this newspaper, postmarked February 3, 1968, at Billings, Montana, with the return address of J. WONDERING, Billings, Montana.

A Xerox copy of this letter and envelope is attached.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS NEITHER RECOMMENDATIONS
NOR CONCLUSIONS OF THE FBI. IT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE
FBI AND IS LOANED TO YOUR AGENCY; IT AND ITS CONTENTS
ARE NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR AGENCY.

144 24016 -

ENCLOSURE

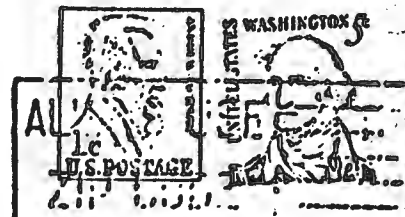
Dear Lisa. Ruby left a Diary, I think, but he wrote that he was going to kill Oswald. I don't know his month. I don't walk the park. His rifle at Ruby's Club. Oswald came to pick up the rifle the day President K. was shot. After Oswald was beaten and thrown out of the Club they couldn't find the paint ticket. He (Ruby) was afraid he would be charged with the murder when Oswald showed his paint ticket. Ruby expected to be killed when he shot Oswald. Ruby wrote his sister would let him tell who the killer was. But didn't say who or what his sister was afraid of. Ruby's best pal has since passed on and his Diary & tape recordings and a number of letters fell into the hands of Best Pal's relatives. And nowhere did Ruby mention the name of the killer. Ruby is dead and can't talk - but what about his sister - if she is still living - is there any special reason why the news media should ask her who is the killer. Sincerely - just wondering

AFTER 5 DAYS, RETURN TO

J. WUNDERLING

BILLINGS

MONTANA



THE DENVER POST
DENVER, COLORADO

ENCLOSURE

SAC, New Orleans (89-89)

10/23/68

Director, FBI (62-109060)

1 - Mr. Lenihan

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Reurairtel 10/18/68 setting forth information furnished to your office by Anthony Messina. You note in your 10/18/68 airtel that a check of the files of the New Orleans Office failed to indicate that Barbara Messina was interviewed during the investigation in connection with the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

A check of Bureau files disclosed that Barbara Messina was interviewed by Agents of your office on 11/29/63 at Monroe, Louisiana, in connection with the investigation of Jack L. Ruby. Results of your interview with Mrs. Barbara Messina are set forth in the report of Special Agent Manning C. Clements dated 12/6/63 at Dallas, Texas, entitled "Jack L. Ruby, Aka.; Lee Harvey Oswald, Aka., (Deceased) - Victim; CR," your file 44-2064. A copy of Special Agent Clement's report was furnished to your office when it was submitted by the Dallas Office.

This is furnished for your information for possible future reference.

An extra copy of this communication is being furnished to each the New Orleans and Dallas Offices for filing in the Jack Ruby file.

2 - Dallas (89-43)

① - 44-24016 (Jack Ruby)

REL:as (8)

DUPLICATE YELLOW.

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED
133 OCT 25 1968

54 OCT 30 1968

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-6599

FBI

Date: 11/15/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, DETROIT (9-0)

UNSUB;
Earl Ruby -
VICTIM
INFORMATION CONCERNING
POSSIBLE EXTORTION

The following is being made available to the Bureau for their information, in view of the past publicity given to members of the RUBY family because of the involvement of JACK RUBY in the assassination of former President JOHN F. KENNEDY. Based on the contents of this information, no investigation being conducted by the Detroit Office.

At 8:15 p.m., 11/14/68, Mrs. EARL RUBY, 4380 Stoney River Drive, Birmingham, Michigan, telephone 851-3070, advised SA FRANK J. KNOTH, Night Supervisor, Detroit Office, that she had just received a telephone call from a woman who identified herself as Mrs. EDUARDO GARCIA. GARCIA told Mrs. RUBY she was calling from the airport and was waiting to catch a plane for Los Angeles. Mrs. GARCIA wanted to talk to Mr. RUBY, and when she was informed that Mr. RUBY was out of town, she then said she had a message for which her (GARCIA's) husband had received. The message was to the effect that there had been a threat made on the life of EARL RUBY. Mrs. RUBY asked GARCIA why and how her husband received such a message, and she said that her husband had received a telegram and that it had been signed by M. GONZALES N.O. GARCIA said she did not have the telegram with her.

44-1411-
NOT RECORDED

③ - Bureau
1 - Detroit

DMC/klh
(4)

NOT RECORDED

NOV 25 1968 NOV 18 1968

C. APPROVED
57 NOV 27 1968
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 5-10-68 M Per

9-1-15146
IN USE

DE 9-0

Mrs. GARCIA told Mrs. RUBY that she arrived in Detroit at 6:00 a.m., 11/14/68, from Los Angeles, and had first called Mr. RUBY's place of business and then his attorney, ALLEN ADELSON, in order to get Mrs. RUBY's number. She could offer no explanation to Mrs. RUBY as to why her husband had received such a telegram, did not know her husband's present whereabouts, but that he was to meet her in Los Angeles. GARCIA said she was going to stay at the Hollywood Roosevelt Hotel in Los Angeles. GARCIA also mentioned that she knew EARL RUBY's sister, Mrs. EVE GRANT, in Chicago. She allegedly came to Detroit just to furnish this information to RUBY.

Mrs. RUBY said that all GARCIA wanted to do was talk and carry on a conversation. GARCIA was somewhat critical of her because Mrs. RUBY did not seem appreciative of the good deed GARCIA was doing.

Mrs. RUBY said she first called the Birmingham, Michigan, PD, and was referred to the FBI. She said her husband, EARL RUBY, was presently staying at 940 N.E. 170th Street, North Miami Beach, Florida, and that she was going to call him and advise him of the phone call.

At 9:10 p.m., 11/14/68, Mrs. RUBY again called the office and said she had received four more calls from GARCIA and that her son was presently talking to her on another telephone. GARCIA said she was calling from a phone booth at Metropolitan Airport and was going to catch a plane on American Airlines for Los Angeles in ten minutes.

SA KNOTH immediately called American Airlines and requested they check their passenger lists for a Mrs. EDUARDO GARCIA on a flight to Los Angeles. Mr. MC CUISTON of American Airlines later called back and advised that a search of the passenger list maintained by their computer failed to turn up any passenger named GARCIA or any similar name.

At 11:05 p.m., RUSSELL R. MEARKLE, 28829 Spring Arbor Drive, Southfield, Michigan, telephone 353-6188, called SA KNOTH and said around 7:00 p.m., he received a telephone call from a Mrs. GARCIA. MEARKLE said he is the employment manager for Cobo Cleaners, 18135 Livernois, Detroit, owned by EARL RUBY. GARCIA wanted to know the telephone number of EARL RUBY because she had a message for him. MEARKLE refused to

DE 9-0

give her RUBY's telephone number. She then told MEARKLE that she had been told by a man named GARCIA who was no relation to her that he had received a message which should be relayed to Mr. RUBY. The message was "If you want to live tell the truth about your brother's death".

MEARKLE said he had received three additional phone calls from Mrs. GARCIA during which she said she was calling from a phone booth at Metropolitan Airport, and the number there was 935-4328. She also told MEARKLE that she formerly lived at 1260 Vernor Street, Detroit, and had also lived at 5850 Velencia Street, New Orleans. She said she was leaving at 11:00 p.m. on an American Airlines flight to Los Angeles. During her last phone call, MEARKLE attempted to have the phone company trace the call, but was unsuccessful.

MEARKLE called the office a short time later and said he had called telephone #935-4328 and learned that it belonged to a STILLWELL family. Mrs. STILLWELL answered the phone, but did not sound like Mrs. GARCIA. She said she did not know a Mrs. GARCIA. MEARKLE said he also contacted the New Orleans PD and learned that there was a Velencia Street in New Orleans, but the numbers did not go to 5850.

Mr. MC CUISTON of American Airlines was again contacted, and he later advised that the passenger list maintained on their computer did not contain the name of GARCIA or STILLWELL for 11/14/68 or 11/15/68.

FBI

Date: 1/2/69

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P*)

JACK L. RUBY (DECEASED);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
(DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS

OO - DALLAS

ReButelephone call to Dallas of Inspector JAMES R. MALLEY, 1/2/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of LHM, as requested in reButelephone call.

The files of the Dallas Office reflect that the telephone call from the individual identifying himself as Mr. ROBERTSON was received by SA DONALD D. CARLSON on 12/11/67. No investigation was conducted by the Dallas Office and none is contemplated, UACB.

ENCLOSURE

3 - Bureau (encls 7)

2 - Dallas

RPG:jeg

(5)

Agency: CRD

Date Forw: JAN 3 1969

How Forw: 6-94 (1) 6

100 CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT

58 JAN 14 1969

Special Agent in Charge

Sent

Per

REC-102

44-24016-2160

22 JAN 3 1969

FBI



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
January 2, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

**JACK L. RUBY (DECEASED);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM (DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS**

The following article appeared on the front page of
"The Dallas Times Herald, December 31, 1968:

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 4 1973

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency. It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-24016-2160
ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ruby Papers Tie in \$50,000 Deal

By BILL McADA
Staff Writer

A Dallas contractor revealed Tuesday he was offered \$50,000 for a \$10,000 building the would-be buyer apparently knew contained a name-packed appointment book belonging to the late Jack Ruby.

The 22-year-old vest pocket booklet, found by accident in a false ceiling in the building, contains dozens of names, addresses and telephone numbers of persons across the country.

Ruby was the Dallas nightclub owner who gunned down presidential assassin Lee Harvey Os-

wald in the Dallas police station five years ago. Ruby died of cancer in January 1966.

The contractor, who asked that he not be identified, showed the booklet and other Ruby papers—signed deposit slips, cancelled checks, an application for veterans benefits—after he was located through an advertisement in The Times Herald.

The advertisement, placed under the name of "Bajar Company, Post Office Box 17428," offers the Ruby papers to the highest bidder. The contractor said the best offer thus far is \$5,000.

The offer to buy the old build-

ing at an overly generous price led indirectly to the discovery of the four boxes of Ruby's personal effects, the man said.

The contractor said he and his workmen were remodeling the building about a year ago when a tall, well-spoken man walked in and asked for the building's owner. He never identified himself.

"He called me aside and offered me \$50,000 for the building," the contractor said. "Or he said he would give me the same amount of money if I wouldn't reopen the place."

Two days later, an electrician

striking new wiring discovered the false ceiling. One dark corner contained the boxes of papers.

The mystery man returned within the week and was told the building was not for sale.

"At his request, I let him have a look around," the contractor said. "He went straight to the false ceiling and looked in the same corner." He found nothing since the contractor had removed the boxes.

The would-be buyer left without a word. He never returned.

The contractor said he in-

formed the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the materials, but they indicated they were not interested.

Among the names mentioned in the appointment book is a reference to someone named "Shaw." No further identification is noted. It says simply, "Opening for Shaw."

There is no evidence among the papers to suggest this obscure reference is in any way connected to the Clay Shaw New Orleans Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison alleges to be a conspirator in the Kennedy assassination.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

— "The Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, 12/31/68
— Page 1

Date:
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

COPIES DESTROYED

2 JAN 2 1973

2

**JACK L. RUBY (DECEASED);
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM (DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS**

The files of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation reflect that on December 11, 1967, an individual who identified himself only as Mr. Robertson telephonically advised a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Dallas, Texas, that he was part owner of a night club at 1717 South Ervay Street, Dallas, Texas, which night club was at one time operated by Jack Ruby. He advised there was presently being performed on this club some remodelling and that in the process of remodelling one of the work men found a quantity of personal papers belonging to Jack Ruby in the attic section of the club.

This individual indicated he wanted nothing to do with any personal papers of Ruby that were found and wanted to know to whom such papers should be given. He was advised that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had no right to seize such papers and that he should contact Attorney Phil Burleson, who was the attorney representing the sister of Jack Ruby, Mrs. Eva Grant.

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U.S.
WASHINGTON, D.C.

23 January 1969

196

Respectfully referred to

Congressional Liaison Office
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Jack Ruby

(1) In an effort to help my constituent please furnish me with a full and complete report, in duplicate, to accompany RETURN OF ENCLOSURE.

(2) Your reply should be addressed to:

Congressman Bob Casey
2353 Rayburn HOB
Washington, D.C. 20515

EXP-PROC

Very respectfully,

Bob Casey

M.O. 22nd District.
Texas

REC-76

44-24016-2161

17 JAN 24 1969

let to Congressman
Robert R. Casey

1-27-69

JWH: pje
enc. returned

ENCLOSURE

CORRESPONDENCE

DIRECTOR

no interest - why???
Since Ruby was connected with the similar murder crime - why???
\$50,000 Offer for Ruby Papers Revealed

DALLAS — (U) — A Dallas contractor said he was offered \$50,000 for a \$10,000 building the would-be buyer apparently knew contained an appointment book belonging to the late Jack Ruby, the Dallas Times-Herald said Tuesday.

The newspaper said the 22-year-old vestpocket booklet, found by accident in a false ceiling in the building, contained dozens of names, addresses and telephone numbers of persons across the country.

RUBY WAS the Dallas nightclub owner who gunned down accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald in the Dallas police station five years ago. Ruby died of cancer in January of 1965.

The newspaper said the contractor, who asked that he not be identified, showed the appointment book and other Ruby papers after he was located through an ad in the Times-Herald offering to sell

the Ruby papers to the highest bidder.

The contractor said he and his workmen were remodeling a building about a year ago when a tall, well-spoken man walked in and asked for the building's owner. The man never identified himself, the newspaper quoted the contractor as saying.

"HE CALLED me aside and offered me \$50,000 for the building," the contractor said. "Or he said he would give me the same amount of money if I wouldn't reopen the place."

Two days later, the Times Herald said, an electrician

strung new wiring discovered a false ceiling. Four boxes containing the Ruby papers were in a corner.

The mystery man returned within the week and was told the building was not for sale.

"At his request, I let him have a look around," the contractor said. "He went straight to the false ceiling and looked in the same corner," the contractor said, but found nothing because the boxes had been removed.

THE WOULD-BE buyer then left without a word and never returned, the paper said.

The contractor said he informed the Federal Bureau of Investigation of the materials but they indicated they were not interested.

Among the names mentioned in the appointment book is a reference to "Shaw." No further identification is noted. It says "Opening for Shaw."

There is no evidence among the papers to suggest this reference is in any way connected to the Clay Shaw that New Orleans District Atty Jim Garrison has charged with conspiring to assassinate President Kennedy.

Economic Advance To Slow

NEW YORK — (UPI) — The National Industrial Conference Board's economic forum predicted that the United States economy will continue its broad advance in 1969 but

at a somewhat slower pace than this year.

The forum consists of 12 prominent economists.

THE GROUP said that if the war in Vietnam ends in

1969, peace will cause some adjustment problems but not even a small recession and little increase in unemployment.

Propose a bill - To replace House with not one but a committee - I say 3 men on a board - to direct this operation

Dick Gaur

5503 Kelly St 4016 - 2161
Houston Tex

REC-76

44-24016-2161

January 27, 1969

Honorable Bob Casey
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

1 - Mr. Hines

My dear Congressman:

Your communication of January 23, 1969, and its enclosure have been received.

For your information, on December 11, 1967, an individual who identified himself only as Mr. Robertson, advised this Bureau's Office in Dallas, Texas, that he was part owner of a night club at 1717 South Ervay Street, Dallas, Texas, which night club was at one time operated by Jack Ruby. He advised there was then being performed on this club some remodelling and that in the process of remodelling one of the workmen found a quantity of personal papers belonging to Jack Ruby in the attic section of the club.

This individual indicated he wanted nothing to do with any personal papers of Ruby that were found and wanted to know to whom such papers should be given. He was advised that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had no right to seize such papers and that he should contact Attorney Phil Durlson, who was the attorney representing the sister of Jack Ruby, Mrs. Eva Grant.

The above information was furnished to the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice. The Criminal Division has not requested that any investigation of the matter be conducted. The enclosure to your communication of January 23, 1969, is being returned to you as requested.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

Enclosure

JWH:pjl

(4)

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

NOTE:

Congressman Robert R. Casey (Demo-Texas) has been in Congress since 1959. Congressional Directory indicates Congressman Casey's given names are Robert Randolph, however, his stationery indicates he uses the first name of Bob, his correspondence is signed Bob, and we have addressed our previous correspondence to him "Honorable Bob Casey." We have received numerous constituent-type inquiries from him and our relations with him have been cordial.

There is no pertinent information in Bureau files identifiable with the constituent Dick Gant who forwarded a news item to Congressman Casey, which was enclosed with Casey's communication. The news article refers to some papers that had allegedly belonged to Jack Ruby which had been found in the renovation of a building. The article states that the FBI was notified of the finding of the papers, but had no interest in them.

Mr. Marshall

11/20/72

P. F. O'Connell

51
(1) **DISPOSAL OF EXTRA COPIES OF INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS**

The purpose of this memorandum is to recommend the disposal of surplus copies of investigative reports prepared in the following cases:

Jack L. Ruby
ETAL - Civil Rights
Bufile 44-24016

Assassination of President
John Fitzgerald Kennedy,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas
Miscellaneous - Information
Concerning
Bufile 62-109060

Lee Harvey Oswald
IS-R-Cuba
Bufile 105-82555

Presently a total of 719 extra copies of Bureau investigative reports are contained in file or stored on the Bulky ramp in the Records Branch in the foregoing cases. Additionally, six copies of the President's Commission Report on the Assassination of President Kennedy (Bufile 62-109060-236) are maintained in the Records Branch and occupy voluminous space. Some of these copies were returned to the Bureau by other government agencies when no longer needed. Attached is a tabulation identifying the serial number, name of reporting agent, date of report, number of copies in file and number of copies of reports maintained on the Bulky ramp in each of these cases.

Enclosure

44-24016
1 - 62-109060
1 - 105-82555

3 ENCLOSURE

44 24016
NOT RECORDED
167 NOV 30 1972

OTB:nlj /s/ 1
20 DEC 5 1972

CONTINUED - OVER

66-3286-1119
ORIGINAL FILED IN

Memorandum C'Connell to Mr. Marshall.
Re: DISPCAL OF EXTRA COPIES OF INVESTIGATIVE REPORTS

These extra copies of reports occupy six 5-drawer cabinets of valuable filing space which can be recovered if copies are no longer needed. The identical duplicate copies of documents maintained in the same file are "non-record material" and Archival authority is not required to destroy them.

RECOMMENDATION:

That authority be granted for the destruction of duplicate copies of reports in the aforementioned cases and for the excess copies of the President's Commission Report on the Assassination of President Kennedy.

JACK L. RUBY
Bufile 44-24016

SERL L	REPORTING AGENT	DATE OF MAIL	COPIES IN FILE	COPIES ON BULKY RAMP
658	Manning C. Clements	12/6/63	1	2
804	Manning C. Clements	12/19/63	1	2
810	Manning C. Clements	12/14/63	1	2
847	Manning C. Clements	12/21/63	1	2
890	Manning C. Clements.	12/31/63	1	1
1874	DHB	6/26/64	4	8
2005	PBD	8/13/64	1	6
TOTAL EXCESS COPIES OF REPORTS			<u>3</u>	<u>23</u>
TOTAL EXCESS COPIES				<u><u>26</u></u>

ENCLOSURE

44-24016

**ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
Bufile 62-109060**

SERIAL	REPORTING AGENT	DATE OF MAIL	COPIES IN FILE	COPIES ON BULKY RAMP
2143	Robert P. Gemberling	12/18/63	1	4
2725	"	3/23/64	1	6
2793	"	3/30/64	1	4
3083	"	5/15/64	1	4
3329	"	6/19/64	1	4
3477	"	7/16/64	1	3
3613	"	8/11/64	1	6
3630	"	8/7/64	1	4
3745	"	8/28/64	1	3
3781	"	9/18/64	1	1
3859	"	10/21/64	1	5
3930	"	12/10/64	1	6
4005	"	4/22/65	1	6

TOTAL EXTRA COPIES OF REPORTS

55

ENCLOSURE

116

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
Bufile 105-82555

SERIAL	REPORTING AGENT	DATE OF MAIL	COPIES IN FILE	COPIES ON BULKY RAM
416	John T. Reynolds	12/6/63	1	4
454	Warren C. DeBrueys	12/2/63	1	1
455	"	12/8/63	1	3
463	David J. Reid	12/1/63	1	4
464	David M. Harris	12/2/63	1	5
481	Marion C. Street	12/2/63	1	6
505	Robert P. Gemberling	11/30/63	1	3
527	Raymond J. Fox	12/1/63	2	4
560	John James O'Flaherty	12/6/63	3	4
604	Donald G. Harris	12/2/63	2	4
624	Thomas B. Estep	12/5/63	1	2
625	Henry A. Welke	12/6/63	1	6
639	Gerard James Norton	11/30/63	2	4
641	Birl Wilson	12/2/63	1	5
642	W. H. Williams II	12/3/63	1	6
644	Gerard James Norton	12/4/63	2	4
645	John M. Kemmy	12/4/63	1	4
651	Ewald I. Carlson	12/2/63	1	6
654	John M. Kemmy	12/1/63	1	8
655	James J. O'Connor	12/3/63	1	5
663	Richard C. Thompson	12/5/63	2	5
675	Birl Wilson	12/12/63	2	4
691	George W. Hutchison	12/10/63	1	6
694	Daniel W. Fults	12/11/63	1	6
696	Charles S. Harding	12/12/63	1	6
700	Henry F. Grady	12/10/63	1	6
703	Raymond J. Fox	12/5/63	1	6
731	John James O'Flaherty	12/13/63	1	6
732	John M. Kemmy	12/6/63	1	6
736	Lawrence M. Cooper	12/5/63	2	5
740	John James O'Flaherty	12/9/63	1	5
743	Dennis W. Shanahan	12/10/63	1	6
744	John James O'Flaherty	12/11/63	1	5
749	John M. Kemmy	12/9/63	1	6
752	Albert J. Rushing	12/6/63	2	4
753	"	12/10/63	3	4

754	Lionel C. Belanger	12/10/63	3	4
756	Edward F. McFadden	12/12/63	3	4
761	Leo E. Peprutty	12/2/63	1	7
767	John M. Kemmy	12/12/63	1	6
786	Grover C. Twiner	12/1/63	1	5
787	"	12/5/63	1	6
788	James F. Morrissey	12/9/63	1	6
790	John M. Kemmy	12/17/63	1	6
791	Stephan M. Callender	12/10/63	1	4
793	Raymond J. Fox	12/7/63	1	6
798	John James O'Flaherty	12/17/63	1	6
955	Stephan M. Callender	12/16/63	1	5
970	"	12/19/63	1	4
1079	Carl E. Graham	12/2/63	1	5
1098	Stephan M. Callender	12/24/63	1	5
1116	Henry A. Welke	12/3/63	2	4
1117	John James O'Flaherty	12/3/63	1	5
1120	J. Stanley Rutz	12/20/63	2	4
1121	John James O'Flaherty	12/20/63	2	5
1123	John M. Kemmy	12/23/63	1	6
1126	Raymond J. Fox	12/27/63	1	5
1129	John T. Reynolds	12/30/63	1	5
1169	Stephan M. Callender	12/12/63	1	5
1212	Robert P. Gemberling	12/23/63	1	3
1213	James J. O'Connor	12/31/63	1	6
1214	John James O'Flaherty	1/2/64	1	6
1233	John M. Kemmy	12/31/63	1	6
1238	Charles J. Wyland	1/6/64	1	6
1244	Henderson Hillin, Jr.	12/30/63	1	6
1329	Robert P. Gemberling	1/7/64	1	3
1375	John T. Reynolds	1/10/64	1	5
1446	"	1/20/64	1	5
1567	Robert P. Gemberling	1/22/64	1	3
1899	RET	2/7/64	5	17
1953	John T. Reynolds	2/13/64	1	5
2027	Robert P. Gemberling	2/11/64	1	3
2069	John James O'Flaherty	2/18/64	2	5
2098	Robert P. Gemberling	2/7/64	5	5
2101	RET	2/24/64	6	15
2102	RSC	2/19/64	2	15
2158	JEM	2/20/64	1	6
2462	John M. Kemmy	2/28/64	1	4
2463	James F. Morrissey	3/11/64	1	5

2576	John M. Kemmy	3/11/64	1	5
2579	Robert P. Gemberling	3/10/64		2
2585	RET	3/6/64	3	18
2606	James J. O'Connor	3/10/64	3	15
3103	"	4/4/64	1	4
3145	John M. Kemmy	4/10/64	1	5
3278	Stephan M. Callender	4/16/64	1	6
3302	Chester C. Orton	4/14/64	1	4
3439	SMC	4/3/64	1	6
3464	Robert P. Gemberling	4/15/64	1	4
3583	James F. Morrissey	4/29/64	1	4
3593	John M. Kemmy	4/30/64	1	1
3687	Edward P. Gazur	4/14/64	1 1/2	6
3899	Robert P. Gemberling	5/28/64	1	4
3909	RLL	5/18/64	1	1
4070	John M. Kemmy	6/1/64	1	4
4095	Stephan M. Callender	6/22/64	1	5
4112	James J. O'Connor	6/10/64	1	6
4245	James R. McCance	6/25/64	1	4
4354X	Robert P. Gemberling	7/2/64	1	4
4511	"	7/17/64	1	4
4584	"	8/5/64	2	4
4592	John M. Kemmy	7/24/64	5	2
4677	Robert P. Gemberling	8/10/64	1	4
4700	James F. Morrissey	8/21/64	1	6
4827	Robert P. Gemberling	9/19/64	1	4
4837	Stephan M. Callender	9/3/64	1	7
4981	"	9/23/64	2	6
4993	Harry H. Whidbee	9/25/64	2	4
5061	Robert P. Gemberling	10/8/64	1	6
5312	"	11/27/64	1	6
5375	"	1/15/65	1	6
5408	"	4/19/65	1	5

TOTAL NUMBER OF EXCESS COPIES
TOTAL EXTRA COPIES MAINTAINED

45

593

638

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Marshall

DATE: 12-11-72

FROM : J. P. O'Connell

SUBJECT: JACK LEON RUBY; AKA
CR

Felt _____
Bates _____
Rinlap _____
Callahan _____
Campbell _____
Cleveland _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Jenkins _____
Marshall _____
Miller, E.S. _____
Ponder _____
Soyars _____
Walters _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

JHP Bulky Exhibit File Number: 44-24016-596

We are in the process of reviewing all bulky exhibits in order that we may dispose of those which serve no further purpose. Inasmuch as many of the bulky exhibits pertain to inactive cases and are occupying badly needed space, it is requested that the appropriate substantive supervisor review the above-listed bulky exhibit and render a decision as to its retention or disposition. A notation as to the decision reached may be placed on this memorandum. The memorandum should be returned to the Filing Unit of the Records Branch, Room 1116, Identification Building, for filing in the case file.

RECOMMENDATION:

That captioned bulky exhibit be reviewed and a decision rendered as to the retention or disposition of the material.

JPB:ncl

☐ Retain

☒ Destroy

☐ Other Disposition _____

Reason for Decision

copy original in Dept. of Army

Signature of Reviewing Supervisor

[Signature]

84 APR 13 1973

4-803

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt _____
Bates _____
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Callahan _____
Campbell _____
Cleveland _____
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Dalbey _____
Jenkins _____
Marshall _____
Miller, E.S. _____
Ponder _____
Royars _____
Walters _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Kinley _____
Mr. Armstrong _____
Ms. Herwig _____
Mrs. Neenan _____

TO: *J. Edgar* Mr. Marshall

DATE: APR 11 1973

FROM: *H. J. P.* Mr. O'Connell

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
CR

McDonnell

Bulky Exhibit File Number: 44-24016-636

We are in the process of reviewing all bulky exhibits in order that we may dispose of those which serve no further purpose. Inasmuch as many of the bulky exhibits pertain to inactive cases and are occupying badly needed space, it is requested that the appropriate substantive supervisor review the above-listed bulky exhibit and render a decision as to its retention or disposition. A notation as to the decision reached may be placed on this memorandum. The memorandum should be returned to the Filing Unit of the Records Branch, Room 1116, Identification Building, for filing in the case file.

RECOMMENDATION:

That captioned bulky exhibit be reviewed and a decision rendered as to the retention or disposition of the material.

JPB:ncf

☐ Retain

☒ Destroy

☐ Other Disposition _____

Reason for Decision

See office in copy

Signature of Reviewing Supervisor

E. J. T. [Signature]

Not 4/11/73

44-24016

4- [Signature]

84 APR 13 1973

February 26, 1975

Federal Bureau of Investigation
US Dept. of Justice
9th and Penn. Ave. NW
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Sir:

This is a request for information pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act as amended (5 U.S.C. Sec. 552).

I request access to the following files for purpose of inspection, and if I so choose copying:

- 1) All data, reports, files, photographs, films, interviews, transcripts, tapes, video tapes, memoranda, computer printouts, drawings, diagrams, and all other information now maintained in the National Archives or elsewhere, under your control or jurisdiction, relative to the work of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy including all material prepared for that investigation whether or not it was shown to members of the President's Commission; and all other material arguably relevant to the investigation into the deaths of President Kennedy, Lee Harvey Oswald and police officer J.D. Tippit and the surrounding circumstances.
- 2) All files, documents and other information made available to any staff member, counsel or member of the President's Commission regarding my own activities.
- 3) All material relevant to Lee Harvey Oswald maintained in the National Archives or elsewhere, under your control or jurisdiction, in anyway arguably relevant to the study by the President's Commission into Oswald's background including the CIA computer printout consisting, I have been informed, of some twenty-six pages regarding Lee Harvey Oswald.
- 4) All material relevant to Jack Ruby, a.k.a. Jack Rubenstein, maintained in the National Archives or elsewhere, under your control or jurisdiction, in anyway arguably relevant to the study by the President's Commission into Ruby's background.

As you know, the amended Act provides that if some parts of a file are exempt from release that "reasonably segregable" portions shall be provided. I therefore, request that if you determine that any

62-109090-637

44-2406-

NOT RECORDED

MAR 12 1975

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3/14/75
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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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believe to be applicable and
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at all of the requested material
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involved since the Act permits
that "is in the public interest
an be considered as primarily
is apparent that this request
uest that you waive any such
out fees or in any other area,
\$30.

request within ten working days

rely,

lane

cc C
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National
of Defense
Intelligence
Service

44-24016-

March 14, 1975

Mr. Mark Lane
Center for National
Security Studies
122 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C. 20002

1-Mr. Mintz

Dear Mr. Lane:

I am in receipt of your letter dated February 26th and received on February 28th, which requested access to certain information which may be contained in FBI files.

The information you have requested is broad in scope and in some instances will be compiled in files of extensive volume. As you know, the recently amended Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of material contained in investigatory records of the type maintained by the FBI, but provides for exemption of certain material including that specified in Title 5, United States Code, Section 552 (b) (7). This involves a page-by-page review of our records for a determination of what material is subject to exemption under the Act, and a resolution of what, if any, "reasonably segregable" portion of the record may be made available. We have experienced this is, of necessity, a time consuming task involving determination of many complex legal and factual issues.

We are aware of the time limitations imposed by the Freedom of Information Act with respect to response to requests and the spirit and intent of this legislation in this regard. I can assure you where material can be readily identified as subject to release under the Freedom of Information Act, this will be done.

We are currently experiencing an extremely heavy volume of requests for information, generated by the recent amendments to the Freedom of Information Act, and have added personnel to our staff for the purpose of processing these requests. In view of this backlog of work I am unable to give you a specific date regarding any release of documents, but wish to advise you the matter is being handled as promptly as possible.

sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence H. Kelley
Director

The Deputy Attorney General - Enclosure
Bulfinch 2-115530 (FOI-REPLIES)
TELETYPE UNIT

Follow up MINE
GPO 934-346

MAILED 7
MAR 14 1975
FBI

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir. _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Off. of Cong. & Public Affairs _____

62-109090-637

Mr. Mark Lane

NOTE: Requester is author of the book "Rush to Judgement" and is a well-known critic of the Warren Commission and the investigation of the John F. Kennedy assassination. His request obviously will involve review of an overwhelming volume of material and at best can only be made on a piece-meal basis.

May 8, 1975
Houston, Texas

TO: Robert Franck, Special Agent in Charge
FBI, Houston, Texas

FROM: *C. J.* Daniel W. Fults, Jr., Former Special Agent FBI

SUBJECT: Investigation of Jack Ruby

On the evening of April 30, 1975, my wife took a telephone call to my residence from an individual who identified herself as Harriet Lubin of the CBS (Columbia Broadcasting System). The caller indicated she was engaged in gathering data for a future program on the Mike Wallace Show, and asked if this was the residence of the Daniel W. Fults, Jr. who was formerly associated with the FBI. Mrs. Fults responded that it was, and that I was out of the city on business and was not expected to return until later on the night of April 30, 1975. Lubin left a telephone number, said she was calling from Miami, Florida, and asked that I call that number and speak with her upon my return. The number she gave did include a 305 area code number, which is the area code number for Miami, Florida.

Upon my return, I intentionally did not return the call, as it was my feeling the caller would herself endeavor to contact me if the matter was sufficiently important.

On the evening of May 6, 1975, 8:40 PM, Harriet Lubin again called my home from CBS headquarters in New York City. I personally answered the telephone, and from her demeanor I was satisfied she was authentic, responsible and associated with CBS. She explained she was working on gathering data for a 60 minute documentary on a future Mike Wallace Show, the theme of which concerned the assassination of President John Kennedy in 1963 and the killing of Lee Harvey Oswald by Jack Ruby. Lubin furnished the following information during the course of the telephone conversation which lasted perhaps 7 to 10 minutes.

-From the Warren Commission Report, Committee Exhibit 1689, Volume 23, page 159, a copy of an investigative report authored by me in 1964 from Houston, Texas is set forth, and it reports the results of an interview by me at FBI headquarters in Houston, Texas with one Robert McKeown, home address Bacliff, Texas, in connection with two contacts he had had with Jack Ruby. I responded immediately that I did not have the slightest recollection of the interview nor of the individual McKeown. I noted, however, that having been affiliated with the FBI for more than 20 years as a Special Agent,

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 9 1975	
FBI - HOUSTON	

44-21101-162

ENCLOSURE

Supervisor at the seat of government, Assistant Special Agent in Charge and Special Agent in Charge, my duties and responsibilities were indeed multifarious in nature. I did state that inasmuch as I had no recollection of the individual nor of the interview, I was relatively certain it was not a significant aspect of the Lee Harvey Oswald and/or Jack Ruby investigations. I emphasized that all investigative personnel of the FBI have been trained to be scrupulously thorough, and in all likelihood the interview with McKeown was merely one step in the overall policy of leaving no stone unturned.

Lubin offered to send me a copy of my investigative report which had appeared in the Warren Commission Report with which to refresh recollection. I replied this was not necessary as I would locate it at an appropriate library in Houston, Texas. She inquired if she might again call me after I had reviewed the investigative report in question, and I indicated I had no objection if she so desired.

I inquired of Lubin just what specifically she desired to ascertain through me. She unhesitatingly advised that toward the end of my investigative report it is set forth that McKeown stated he had no information concerning any connection between Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby. Lubin desired to know from me what question I had asked to elicit such response. At that point the conversation was concluded, and I made no further comment.

On May 8, 1975, I proceeded to the Central Office of the Houston Public Library and reviewed the above-described Exhibit 1689 contained in Volume 23 of the Warren Commission Report. What Lubin referred to as my "investigative report" was in fact the "DETAILS" portion of an investigative report, and this was primarily made up of a four-page FD302 setting forth results of an interview by me on January 28, 1964 with Robert Ray McKeown and a one-page FD302 setting forth the results of an interview by me on January 27, 1964 with A. J. "Boots" Ayo, a former Patrolman with the Harris County Sheriff's Office. The Information Desk at the Houston Public Library advised it was entirely permissible to use their Xerox Machine and duplicate pages from the Warren Commission Report, which Xerox machine was self-operated and at a cost of 10¢ per page. Accordingly, I obtained duplicated copies of the pages in question for my reference and recollection. Inasmuch as the files of the Houston Division of the FBI will contain the same information, no effort is herein being made to summarize the data in question.

ACTION: The foregoing is furnished for information and for purposes of possible future reference.

FBI

Date: 5/12/75

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (44-939)

RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM (DECEASED)
CR

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies and for Dallas one copy of a memorandum prepared by former SA DANIEL W. FULTS, JR. to my attention, dated 5/8/75, which is self-explanatory.

On 5/9/75 Mr. FULTS made available the enclosed memorandum which sets forth a telephonic contact of him by one HARRIET LUBIN, who is associated with the Mike Wallace TV Show. Her contact was in connection with an interview FULTS had with ROBERT RAY McKEOWN 1/24/64, the results of which were furnished to the Dallas office by HOairtel 1/29/64 captioned as above.

Mr. FULTS furnished the enclosed to me for our information and stated he has absolutely no interest in commenting to HARRIET LUBIN or anyone else connected with the news media concerning investigations conducted by him during his Bureau service.

The above is being furnished the Bureau and Dallas for information purposes only.

4 - Bureau (enc 3) (info) (enc 1)
(1 - 62-109060)
(1 - 67-File DANIEL W. FULTS, JR.)
1 - Dallas (44-1639)(info)(enc 1)
1 - Houston
RRF:mec
(6)

EX-110

21 MAY 15 1975

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

U.S. Government Printing Office: 1972 - 488-874

2 - Mr. J. A. Mintz
1 - Mr. J. B. Hotis)
1 - Mr. R. E. Gebhardt
1 - Mr. W. R. Wannall
1 - Mr. W. O. Cregar

62-116395

June 27, 1975

**U. S. SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE
TO STUDY GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS
WITH RESPECT TO INTELLIGENCE
ACTIVITIES (SSC)**

**RE: REQUEST OF SSC FOR ACCESS TO WARREN
COMMISSION DOCUMENTS, ORIGINATED BY
FBI, PRESENTLY WITHHELD FROM RESEARCH**

Reference is made to letter dated May 27, 1975, to the Attorney General from the Chairman of captioned Committee, which requested the FBI to make available Warren Commission documents originated by the FBI, now withheld from research, for review by representatives of SSC.

Upon completion of the review of the 145 documents identified on "List of Numbered Commission Documents of the Warren Commission Withheld From Research," attached to the request of the SSC, the FBI agrees that appropriately cleared representatives of the SSC may be given access to review the pertinent documents located at the General Services Administration, National Archives and Records Service, Washington, D. C. This access is granted with the understanding that no written notes will be made at the time of review and that the SSC may, in writing, request any specific documents of interest to the Committee.

Upon receipt of any request, the documents will be reviewed by the FBI as to any third agency or privacy consideration prior to furnishing the documents to the SSC. When necessary, excisions may be made for above reasons.

1 - Attorney General

1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)
1 - 62-109060 (Warren Commission)
① - 44-24016 (Ruby)

JWJ:jm
(11)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

ENCLOSURE

44-24016-

U. S. Senate Select Committee
Re: Request of SSC for Access to
Warren Commission Documents,
Originated by FBI, Presently
Withheld from Research

NOTE:

Memorandum from W. A. Branigan to Mr. W. R. Wannall
dated 6/18/75, granted approval.

2 - A. Mintz
1 - J. B. Hotis)
1 - R. E. Gebhardt
1 - W. R. Wannall

The Attorney General

June 27, 1975

1 - W. O. Cregar

Director, FBI

U. S. SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE
ON INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES (SSC)

Reference is made to a letter from the SSC dated May 27, 1975, requesting certain documents be made available by the FBI.

Enclosed for your approval and forwarding to the Committee is an original of a memorandum which constitutes a response to the request. A copy of the memorandum is furnished for your record.

Enclosures - 2

62-116395

1 - Deputy Attorney General
Attention: K. William O'Connor
Special Counsel for
Intelligence Coordination

1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)
1 - 62-109060 (Warren Commission)
1 - 44-24016 (Ruby)

JWJ:sjm
(12)

ENCLOSURE

DUPLICATE YELLOW

44-24016-
NOT RECORDED

46 JUL 17 1975

84 JUL 21 1975

62-116395-366
ORIGINAL FILED IN

TREAT AS ORIGINAL

Transmit attached by Facsimile

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

To: Director

From: Dallas

Subject: Jack Ruby (44-1639)

MAY 22 1975

TELETYPE

Date: 5/22/75

Time: Transmitted

Initials

Assoc. Dir.	
Dep. AD-Adm.	
Dep. AD-Inv.	
Asst. Dir.:	
Admin.	
Comp. Syst.	
Ext. Affairs	
Files & Com.	
Gen. Inv.	
Ident.	
Inspection	
Intell.	
Laboratory	
Plan. & Eval.	
Spec. Inv.	
Training	
Legal Coun.	
Telephone Rm.	
Director Sec'y	

- ☐ Fingerprint Photo ☐ Fingerprint Record ☐ Map ☒ Newspaper clipping ☐ Photograph ☐ Airtel Conception ☐ Other

Special handling instructions:

ATTN: William Nettles
Division Six
Approved: _____

Nettles
5048
H

EX 104

REC-744-24016-2163

22 MAY 23 1975

2-enclosure

F162

70 JUN 4 1975

F431

MAY 22 1975

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Nettles

FBI eyes on Ruby strippers in JFK case!

By BILL SLOAN
Staff Writer

A former strip-tease dancer, believed to be the last person to talk with Jack Ruby before his death, has been quizzed by FBI agents and a second stripper from Ruby's old Carousel Club is being sought for questioning. The Times Herald learned Wednesday.

The development comes close on the heels of questioning by federal agents of several Dallas police officers and amid growing hints of a large-scale new FBI investigation into the assassination of President John Kennedy.

The first of the two strippers, now a 42-year-old suburban grandmother, was a featured performer at Ruby's nightclub for three years, appearing under the professional stage name Shari Angel.

Miss Angel told The Times Herald she was interviewed by the FBI Monday in Los Angeles on a wide range of topics, including allegations that Lee Harvey Oswald, the accused assassin of President Kennedy, had visited the Carousel Club on two occasions shortly before the assassination.

The other stripper was identified as "Kathy" Kay. Miss Kay emphatically told her Carousel co-workers that she had never met Oswald at the club a few days prior to Kennedy's death.

She reportedly left Dallas abruptly on Nov. 21, 1963, the same day Ruby shot Oswald to death in the basement of the Dallas police station, and her present whereabouts are unknown.

According to Miss Angel, the British-born Miss Kay was not a U.S. citizen and may have feared she would be deported if investigators discovered she was in the country illegally.

Five former Ruby employees, including Karen "Little Lynn" Corlin, another featured Carousel stripper, have met violent deaths since the assassination.

Miss Angel herself, who lives under another name in a suburb west of Dallas, said she had gone into hiding for several months immediately after the Oswald slaying and is still "fearful of possible reprisals."

She denies personally having seen Oswald at the nightclub.

In addition to efforts to establish or disprove a link between Ruby and Oswald, FBI agents also asked the former dancer about her final conversation with Ruby just three days before his death on Jan. 2, 1967.

Ruby told her at that time, she said, that he believed he was being infected with doses of deadly poison.

"He said, 'They're giving me shots of something to kill me. They're trying to kill off all the Jews,'" Miss Angel recalled.

Illustration by: [unclear]
Newspaper: [unclear]
The Dallas Times Herald
Dallas, Texas

Page B-1

Date: 5-23-75
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Kenneth P. J.
Title:
Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Dallas
☐ Being Investigated

44-24016-2163

ENCLOSURE



Stripper Sheri Angel
Interviewed by FBI

He urged her to leave the nightclub where she had gone after leaving the Carousel and to take a job as a cashier in a dress shop, she said. Miss Angel said she was asked to visit Ruby at Parkland Hospital by Sheriff Bill Decker in an effort to "calm him down." She was accompanied to Ruby's room by Decker, Deputy Sheriff Buddy Walters and another deputy whose name she did not remember.

Decker died of natural causes in 1970 and Walters was killed while attempting to arrest a suspect at an East Dallas motel in 1973.

Miss Angel said she thought Ruby looked "remarkably healthy" for a man who was supposedly dying of cancer.

"He seemed all right physically, but he acted crazy, out of his head," she said. "He kept begging me not to leave him."

Her talk with FBI agents this week was the first contact she had had with the agency since the Warren Commission investigation, Miss Angel said.

J. Gordon Shanklin, special agent in charge of the Dallas FBI office, meanwhile confirmed that a Washington photographic expert and an agent from the local office had interviewed several Dallas police officers who were on the scene at Dealey Plaza when the President was ambushed.

Shanklin said the policemen were shown photos of three "tramps" arrested on a nearby railroad track minutes after the assassination, in an effort to determine the identity of the three, all of whom were quickly released at the time.

Some sources have alleged that the three tramps bore a striking resemblance to persons involved in the Watergate conspiracy, Shanklin said.

Although he said no further questioning of local individuals involved in the assassination and its aftermath is pending "as far as we know," Shanklin did not rule out the possibility of a full-scale investigation.

"The Rockefeller Commission asked us to assist in this line questioning of the police officers," he said. "If they reopen the investigation, I don't know who they'll have to do it."

"As far as our office is concerned, there's nothing further planned now, but that could change overnight."

DALLAS' Only BURLESQUE LOUNGE

WITH A
CONTINUOUS GIRL & COMEDY SHOW
NON-STOP 9:00 P.M. 'TIL 2:00 A.M.



STARTING
WALLY WESTON

SO-AND-POKE WINNER
Hear Wally's Candid Comments
on Wacky World



SHARI ANGELO

When She Wins - She Gets Forward That Being
the name of Show - She Gets Forward That Being
With a Show - She Gets Forward That Being

ALSO

BURNY LANE

KATHY KAY - TAWNY ANGELO

FRIDAY: LADIES FREE

SATURDAY: AUDITIONS FOR AMATEUR EXOTICS

THE NEW CAROUSEL

DALLAS' NEWEST AND MOST INTIMATE BURLESQUE LOUNGE

NOTICE: SOUTHWEST'S ONLY RUNWAY STAGE SHOW BAR -
OFFERING MANY MORE RINGSIDE SEATS THAN ANY OTHER CLUB
WITH BEER AND SETUP SERVICE

RI 7-2362 FOR RESERVATIONS

1312 1/2 Commerce at Corner of Field

Across from Adolphus Hotel

Nightclub ad listed Miss Angel, Kathy Kayrun

ENCLOSURE

44-24016-2163

Memorandum

TO : Mr. J. B. Adams

DATE: 9-17-75

FROM : Legal Counsel *[Signature]*SUBJECT: HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE ON CIVIL
AND CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE
COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Assoc. Dir. _____
 Dep. AD Adm. _____
 Dep. AD Inv. _____
 Asst. Dir. _____
 Admin. _____
 Comp. Syst. _____
 Ext. Affairs _____
 Files & Com. _____
 Gen. Inv. _____
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 Inspection _____
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 Spec. Inv. _____
 Training _____
 Telephone Rm. _____
 Director Sec'y _____

On 9-16-75 Alan Parker, Chief Counsel for the House Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights, advised Inspector Hotis that the Subcommittee will hold hearings at the earliest opportunity on matters relating to the assassination of President Kennedy.

Parker said that Chairman Edwards does not want to reopen the assassination inquiry; but he feels that the Committee must address certain questions that have been raised concerning the alleged destruction of a threatening note received by the Dallas Office from Lee Harvey Oswald in November, 1963, and the Bureau's relationship with Jack Ruby. Among the matters to be examined by the Committee are allegations that the Bureau's Office in Dallas was alerted to the possibility of an assassination attempt at least five to ten days prior to the assassination. In addition, the Bureau reportedly told the Warren Commission that we had no knowledge of Jack Ruby prior to the assassination, nor did we have any information indicating that he was connected with organized crime. And yet, it is alleged that the Bureau had contacted Ruby on nine different occasions in an attempt to recruit him as an informant. Parker said it was his understanding that these contacts were discontinued when Ruby failed to provide any useful information to the Bureau. It is also claimed that Ruby, who was then known as Jack Rubenstein, was involved in a union killing in 1939. Parker said that these charges raise serious questions about Ruby's relationship with the Bureau and with elements in organized crime. Finally, Parker said that if a threatening note was, in fact, received from Oswald, the Committee wants to know what the note contained and why it was destroyed. He said this seems to contradict the testimony by Mr. Kelley before the Subcommittee earlier this year in which he stated that the Bureau does not destroy investigative information.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Adams - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Bassell - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Gallagher - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Wannall - Enclosure

1 - Mr. Mintz - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Cregar - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Daly - Enclosure
 1 - Mr. Hotis - Enclosure

JBH:dkg (10)

CONTINUED - OVER

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



5010-108

62-116436-77

Legal Counsel Mr. Adams Memorandum
Re: House Subcommittee on Civil and
Constitutional Rights of the Committee
on the Judiciary

Parker said the Chairman plans to hold hearings on these matters as soon as possible and would like us to advise him when we would be prepared to testify.

It should be noted that the House Select Committee on Intelligence Activities recently requested files, reports, and materials dealing with a "threatening note" received by the Dallas Office from Lee Harvey Oswald in November, 1963, and asked that staff members be allowed to interview SA James P. Hosty, Jr. As you know this matter is currently under investigation by the Bureau and is being referred to the Department for a determination of whether any prosecutive action is warranted. As a consequence we are advising Chairman Pike that it will not be possible for us to furnish the information requested, nor can we make Agent Hosty available for interview at this time. As an alternative we are offering to brief the Chairman in a general manner as to the nature of the Bureau's investigation in these matters.

It is recommended that we adopt the same position with respect to Chairman Edwards' request. Attached is a memo to the Deputy Attorney General advising him of the Chairman's request and recommending that we decline to testify on any matters which are under investigation by this Bureau or which may be referred to the Department for possible prosecutive action.

With regard to the hearings by the Subcommittee scheduled for the 24th of this month, Parker said that the most critical issue concerns the access and verification procedures which the Committee attempted to establish for the GAO investigation. He pointed out that Mr. Edwards had not received a reply to his letter of 6-25-75 to the Attorney General asking that he reconsider the matter. He stated that Chairmen Edwards and Rodino felt that this compromise proposal was a fair one and they are prepared to go to court on this issue.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached memo be sent to the Deputy Attorney General.

[Handwritten signatures and initials: JMA, H. J. COV, J. P. 1, L. H. S., and others]

The Deputy Attorney General
(Attention: Michael E. Shaheen,
Special Counsel for Intelligence Coordination)
Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Adams
1 - Mr. Bassett
1 - Mr. Gallagher

September 13, 1975

1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - Mr. Mintz
1 - Mr. Cregar
1 - Mr. Daly
1 - Mr. Hotis

HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE ON CIVIL
AND CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF THE
COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

We were recently advised by Alan Parker, Chief
Counsel for the House Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights,
that the Subcommittee will hold hearings at the earliest opportunity on
matters relating to the assassination of President Kennedy.

Among the matters to be considered by the Subcommittee
are allegations that the Bureau's Office in Dallas was alerted to the
possibility of an assassination attempt several days prior to the assassi-
nation and a threatening note received by that Office from Lee Harvey
Oswald was destroyed. Since these charges are presently being investi-
gated by this Bureau and may be referred to the Department for
a prosecutive opinion, we think it is inappropriate to discuss them
before the Subcommittee at this time. In the alternative, it is suggested
that we brief Chairman Edwards in a general manner on this subject.

Chairman Edwards said he intends to hold hearings as
soon as we are prepared to testify. Accordingly, an early expression
of your views on this matter will be appreciated.

NOTE: See Legal Counsel to Mr. Adams memorandum dated 9-17-75,
captioned "House Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights of the
Committee on the Judiciary."

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir. _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
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Intell. _____
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Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director _____

570019-1975

TELETYPE UNIT ☐

GPO : 1975 O - 547 070

NR020 CG PLAIN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Dep. A.D. Inv. _____
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Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
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Ident. _____
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Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

626PM URGENT 10-21-75 TG
TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)
FROM CHICAGO (44-645)

OCT 21 1975

TELETYPE

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, (DECEASED) - VICTIM,
CR, OO: DALLAS.

RE BUREAU TELEPHONE CALL BY BUREAU SUPERVISOR WILLIAM
E. NETTLES, JR. TO ASAC OLIVER B. REVELL, III, TODAY.

FROM A REVIEW OF CHICAGO FILE 44-645, CAPTIONED AS ABOVE,
THE FOLLOWING REFERENCES WERE FOUND WHICH PERTAIN TO SHOOTING
OF LEON COOK BY JOHN V. MARTIN, PRESIDENT OF SCRAP IRON AND JUNK
HANDLERS UNION, CHICAGO, ILL. ON DECEMBER 8, 1939, AND THE RELATIONSHIP OF
JACK RUBY THERETO:

DALLAS REPORT OF SA MANNING G. CLEMENTS, DATED NOVEMBER 30,
1963, PAGE 720, REFLECTS INVESTIGATIVE INSERT WHEREIN MARIE
O'CONNOR, CHICAGO TRIBUNE MORGUE, WAS INTERVIEWED ON NOVEMBER 25,
1963 AND SHE ADVISED HER RECORDS REFLECT THAT AN ARTICLE STATING
THAT LEON R. COOK DIED ON JANUARY 5, 1940. COOK WAS SHOT AS A
RESULT OF AN ARGUMENT WITH JOHN MARTIN. THIS ARTICLE STATES
THAT MUCH OF THE INFORMATION ABOUT THIS MATTER WAS RECEIVED FROM

OCT 30 1975

OCT 25 11 11 AM '75

FROM 10 1975

F-282

PAGE TWO, CG 44-645

JACK RUBENSTEIN ON DECEMBER 9, 1939.

DALLAS REPORT OF SA MANNING G. CLEMENTS DATED DECEMBER 6, 1963, PAGE 239, REFLECTS AN INVESTIGATIVE INSERT WHEREIN A COPY OF FINGERPRINTS OF JACK L. RUBY, FBI NUMBER 693 883 E, WAS FURNISHED TO CHICAGO PD, IDENTIFICATION SECTION. ON NOVEMBER 27, 1963, LIEUTENANT ARTHUR SCHOEN, CHIEF IDENTIFICATION OFFICER, CHICAGO PD, ADVISED A CHECK OF HIS RECORDS WAS ENTIRELY NEGATIVE FOR ANY KIND OF RECORD FOR JACK L. RUBY.

UACB, CHICAGO WILL RECHECK THE MORGUE FILES OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE FOR ABOVE MENTIONED ARTICLE AND, IF AVAILABLE, WILL OBTAIN COPY OF SAME. ALSO CHICAGO WILL RECHECK FILES OF CHICAGO PD FOR ANY REFERENCE OR ARREST RECORD FOR JACK L. RUBY, AND SPECIFICALLY CGPD OFFENSE REPORT NUMBER 55513, DATED DEC. 9, 1939 AND DETECTIVES REPORT DATED DEC. 8, 1939.

IT IS ANTICIPATED THE ABOVE INFORMATION WILL BE FOUND IN A STORED CONDITION, THUS DIFFICULT TO LOCATE. HOWEVER CHICAGO WILL EXPEDITE AND ADVISE IMMEDIATELY UPON RECEIPT OF THIS INFORMATION.

END.

NR034 CG PLAIN

714PM NITEL 10-22-75 TG

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM CHICAGO (44-645)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OCT 22 1975

TELETYPE

Dep. Dir.	_____
Asst. Dir.:	_____
Admin.	_____
Comp. Syst.	_____
Ext. Affairs	_____
Files & Com.	_____
Gen. Inv.	_____
Ident.	_____
Inspection	_____
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Laboratory	_____
Plan. & Eval.	_____
Spec. Inv.	_____
Training	_____
Legal Coun.	_____
Telephone Rm.	_____
Director Sec'y	_____

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA (DECEASED) - VICTIM
CR, 00: DALLAS.

RE CHICAGO TELETYPE TO THE BUREAU OCTOBER 21, 1975 AND
CHICAGO TELEPHONE CALL TO THE BUREAU TODAY.

TODAY, CONTACT WITH JAMES MC GUIRE, DIRECTOR OF RECORDS,
CHICAGO PD, CAUSED HIS FILES TO BE SEARCHED FOR ANY REFERENCE TO
JACK RUBY. MR. MC GUIRE OBTAINED A PACKET OF MATERIAL POSSIBLY
IDENTIFIABLE WITH RUBY WHICH WAS ASSEMBLED IN RESPONSE TO A
LETTER FROM DALLAS PD, DATED NOVEMBER 25, 1963. THIS LETTER WAS
DIRECTED TO LIEUTENANT ED BERRY, THEN ASSIGNED TO INTELLIGENCE
DIVISION, CHICAGO PD AND REQUESTED ANY INFORMATION ON RUBY.
THIS LETTER ALSO MAKES REFERENCE TO THE LEON COOKE SHOOTING OF
DECEMBER 8, 1939.

REC-104

44-24016

2165

THIS PACKET REVIEWED TODAY BY BUAGENTS AND FOUND TO CONTAIN
THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IDENTIFIABLE WITH RUBY.

OCT 31 1975

L. THREE PAGES OF A REPORT ON THE LEON COOKE SHOOTING OF

6-1M

55

7 NOV 10 1975

NOV 8 1975

DECEMBER 8, 1939, IN WHICH JACK RUBENSTEIN IS INDICATED AS A WITNESS. THESE PAGES BEAR THE NUMBER 55113.

2. TWO THREE BY FIVE COMPLAINT CARDS INDICATING JACK RUBENSTEIN AS A SUBJECT OF MINOR ARREST OR COMPLAINT.

NO STOP OR NOTATION WAS OBSERVED IN THIS PACKET WHICH WOULD INDICATE THAT THE FBI SHOULD BE NOTIFIED IN THE EVENT OF INQUIRIES, IN THIS MATTER. ALSO, MR. MC GUIRE ADVISED HE IS UNAWARE OF ANY SUCH STOP OR NOTATION.

THE ENTIRE INVESTIGATIVE FILE PERTAINING TO THE SHOOTING OF LEON COOKE WILL BE REVIEWED FOR FURTHER REFERENCES TO RUBY, BUT THIS FILE CURRENTLY MAINTAINED IN A WAREHOUSE AND IS EXPECTED TO BE RETRIEVED ON OCTOBER 23, 1975.

LIEUTENANT ED BERRY CONTACTED THIS DATE AND ADVISED THAT, ON NOVEMBER 24, 1963 HE CALLED THE DALLAS PD AND PROVIDED THEM WITH INFORMATION FROM THE FILES OF THE CHICAGO PD INTELLIGENCE DIVISION RELATING TO RUBY. LIEUTENANT BERRY COULD NOT RECALL THE SPECIFIC INFORMATION FURNISHED, BUT RECALLED THAT IT WAS OF MINOR IMPORTANCE. LIEUTENANT BERRY RECALLED RECEIVING THE DALLAS PD LETTER, DATED NOVEMBER 25, 1963, AND THAT MOST PROBABLY

HE RESPONDED BY LETTER WHICH LETTER WOULD BE LOCATED IN THE FILES OF THE CHICAGO PD INTELLIGENCE DIVISION. LIEUTENANT BERRY ADVISED THAT AUTHORITY FOR A REVIEW OF THESE FILES MUST COME FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE AND ARE MAINTAINED SEPARATELY FROM THOSE FILES OBTAINABLE THROUGH THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF RECORDS.

MR. MC GUIRE STATED IT IS PROBABLE THAT WHEN THE RECORDS OF THE CHICAGO PD WERE CHECKED, ON NOVEMBER 27, 1963, BY BUAGENTS, NO RECORD FOR RUBY WAS FOUND BECAUSE WITNESSES ARE NOT INDEXED AND THE REFERENCE TO JACK RUBENSTEIN WAS OBTAINED THROUGH THE SPECIFIC REQUEST OF THE LEON COOKE FILE IN THE ABOVE MENTIONED DALLAS LETTER. ALSO MR. MC GUIRE ADVISED THAT MOST PROBABLY THIS LETTER WAS RECEIVED BY THE CHICAGO PD AFTER NOVEMBER 27, 1963. IT IS NOTED THAT THE TWO THREE BY FIVE CARDS WERE DETERMINED TO BE IDENTIFIABLE WITH RUBY AS THE ADDRESS APPEARING ON THESE CARDS WAS IDENTICAL TO THE ADDRESS FOR RUBY APPEARING IN THE COOKE FILE.

CHICAGO WILL ADVISE IMMEDIATELY OF ANY NEW DEVELOPMENTS AND WILL SULHM AT SUCH TIME AS ALL FILES CHICAGO PD ARE MADE AVAILABLE.

END.

0/23/75
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

This concerns allegations that Jack Ruby was involved in a union killing in Chicago in 1939. FBI investigation into this was conducted in 1963 shortly after Ruby killed Lee Harvey Oswald. A "Chicago Tribune" newspaper article was located which reported that Leon R. Cook died on 1/5/40, after being shot by John Martin on 12/8/39. Another article reported that Martin was freed of the charge of murder. Cooke (spelling used in Warren Commission Report), Martin and Ruby (who was known as Rubenstein at the time), were associated with the same union. The FBI report did not include any information regarding Ruby being questioned in the case. In 1963, Chicago FBI caused an extensive search to be made of Chicago Police Department (CGPD) records. No information was found regarding the murder and no references were found regarding Martin, Ruby or Rubenstein. When Deputy Associate Director James B. Adams appeared before the House Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights on 10/21/75, Chairman Don Edwards suggested that Chicago Police Offense Report 55513, dated 12/9/39, and Detective Report dated 12/8/39, be checked to determine if they pertained to the killing. He also suggested that it be checked to determine if there is a tickler attached to the report asking that the FBI be notified if any inquiries are made regarding the file. No indication of such a report ever coming to the attention of the FBI was found in FBIHQ files. Chicago Office was telephonically instructed on 10/21/75, to check into this. No indication of such a report was found in Chicago FBI files.

Attached from Chicago advises CGPD files contain a packet of material (which was assembled in response to a letter from Dallas Police Department dated 11/25/63) identifiable with Ruby. The packet consists of three pages of report on Cooke shooting and two 3x5 complaint cards indicating Jack Rubenstein as subject of minor arrest or complaint. No stop or notation observed in packet indicating FBI should be notified in event of inquiries in this matter. The entire Cooke file to be reviewed 10/23/75. CGPD stated it is probable no record of Ruby found by FBI when checked 11/27/63, because witnesses are not indexed and reference to Rubenstein was obtained through specific request of Cooke file.

1 - Mr. Callahan	1 - Mr. Adams	1 - Mr. Jenkins
1 - Mr. Wannall	1 - Mr. Moore	1 - Mr. Mintz
1 - Mr. Bassett		

WEN:pdh/brb

Wm

H. J. [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

NR016 CG PLAIN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

724PM HILTEL 10-23-75 TO
TO DIRECTOR (44-24610)
FROM CHICAGO (44-645)

OCT 23 1975

TELETYPE

JACK L. RUDY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA (DECEASED) -
VICTIM, CR, OO: DALLAS.

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. A.D. Adm. _____
Dep. A.D. Inv. _____
Asst. Dir. _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

RE CHICAGO TELETYPE TO BUREAU, OCTOBER 22, 1975 AND
CHICAGO TELEPHONE CALL TO BUREAU TODAY.

TODAY, JAMES MC GUIRE, DIRECTOR OF RECORDS, CHICAGO PD,
PROVIDED XEROX COPIES OF ITEMS ONE AND TWO DESCRIBED IN
REFERENCED TELETYPE; ENTIRE INVESTIGATIVE FILE PERTAINING
TO SHOOTING OF LEON COOKE; AND DALLAS PD LETTER, DATED
NOVEMBER 23, 1963.

MR. MC GUIRE ADVISED THAT A SEARCH OF CHICAGO PD RECORDS
DURING NOVEMBER, 1963, WOULD PROBABLY HAVE BEEN NEGATIVE
FOR REFERENCES TO JACK RUDY AND HIS ALIASES, AND THE NAMES
OF LEON COOKE AND JOHN MARTIN. MR. MC GUIRE WAS ABLE TO
MAKE THIS STATEMENT FOLLOWING REVIEW OF THE COOKE INVESTIGATIVE
FILE AS THIS FILE DISCLOSES CORONER REPORT WHICH DEEMED
SHOOTING JUSTIFIABLE HOMICIDE, THUS MARTIN NOT ARRESTED. DURING;

5 NOV 19 1975
FJSC

6-1M

REC-104 44-24610-2166

PAGE THREE CG 44-643

ON REMOVAL OF FILES.

TODAY, WILLIAM SHEEHAN, SERGEANT, CHICAGO PD, RECORDS SECTION, INTELLIGENCE DIVISION, ADVISED NO FILE FOR RUDY LOCATED AND THAT ALL INDEX CARDS PRIOR TO 1966 WERE PURGED. HOWEVER, REVIEW OF THE LEE HARVEY OSWALD FILE WAS FOUND TO CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

1. A COPY OF A LETTER FROM THE DALLAS PD, DATED NOVEMBER 25, 1963, REQUESTING INFORMATION RELATIVE TO RUDY;
2. CHICAGO PD LETTER TO DALLAS PD DATED NOVEMBER 27, 1963, WHICH ADVISED NO FINGERPRINT OR ARREST RECORD FOR RUDY LOCATED. THIS LETTER DOES ADVISE RUDY DETAINED ON DECEMBER 8, 1959 RELATIVE TO COOKE'S MURDER;
3. INVESTIGATIVE REPORT DATED NOVEMBER 27, 1963, WHICH REPORTS BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON RUDY'S RELATIVES AND SETS FORTH THE ENTIRE FILE OF THE COOKE MURDER;
4. A NOTATION WHICH STATES RESULTS OF RUDY INQUIRY FURNISHED TELEPHONICALLY TO DALLAS PD, ON NOVEMBER 26, 1963;
5. A LETTER FROM DALLAS PD TO CHICAGO CRIME COMMISSION, DATED OCTOBER 20, 1964, SETTING FORTH RUDY'S FAMILY BACKGROUND,

PAGE FOUR CG 44-645

PAST CHICAGO RESIDENCES OF RUBY AND REFERS TO COOKE SHOOTING.

THIS LETTER REQUESTS ANY CRIMINAL INFORMATION RELATIVE TO RUBY;

6. THE CHICAGO CRIME COMMISSION BY LETTER, DATED OCTOBER 26, 1974, PROVIDED THE DALLAS PD WITH BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON RUBY'S FAMILY AND ADVISED NO CRIMINAL RECORD FOR RUBY LOCATED;

7. DALLAS PD LETTER TO CHICAGO PD, DATED JULY 27, 1953, ADVISED RUBY OWNER OF A NIGHT CLUB AND REQUESTS A RECORDS CHECK;

8. CHICAGO PD LETTER, DATED AUGUST 15, 1975, ADVISED OF A NEGATIVE CHECK.

NO STOP OR NOTATION WAS OBSERVED IN THE USWALD FILE WHICH WOULD INDICATE THAT THE FBI SHOULD BE NOTIFIED IN THE EVENT OF INQUIRIES.

CHICAGO WILL SULKH.

END.

October 24, 1965
GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

This relates to all indications that Jack Ruby was involved in a union killing in Chicago in 1939. Attached Chicago teletype reports entire Chicago Police Department (CPD) investigative file pertaining to murder of Leon Cooke in 1939 has been located and copies obtained. No stops or notations found on the file which would indicate the FBI should be notified in the event of inquiries. CI Director of Records advises search of records in November, 1963, would probably have been negative re Jack Ruby, his aliases, Leon Cooke, and John Martin, since witnesses and victims not indexed, only subjects were. Martin would not have been indexed as a subject since coroner deemed shooting justifiable homicide, thus Martin not arrested. Superintendent of Police has authorized review of Intelligence Division files, but no copies obtained as local court order prevents reproduction or removal of files. Review of these files reveals letter from Dallas Police of 11/25/63, and CPD reply which includes information that Ruby was detained on 12/8/39, relative to Cooke's homicide. No stops or notations found in intelligence file which would indicate FBI should be notified of inquiries. Chicago is submitting LHM.

- 1 - Mr. Callahan
- 1 - Mr. Adams
- 1 - Mr. Jenkins
- 1 - Mr. Bassett
- 1 - Mr. Mintz
- 1 - Mr. Moore
- 1 - Mr. Wannall

WEN:cjl
mm

J/H
1006/104
J/C
KPM
JAN
CH

FBI

Date: 10/30/75

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-645)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
(DECEASED) - VICTIM
CR
(OO: Dal's)

Re Chicago teletype to the Bureau dated 10/23/75,
and Chicago telcall to Bureau 10/29/75.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four copies of a letter-
head memorandum (LHM), and one copy of an Order entered by USDC
Judge JOSEPH SAM PERRY, Northern District of Illinois, in the
civil case No. 74 C 3268.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Investigation set forth in enclosed LHM provides
valid reasons for a negative criminal check, during November,
1963 and now, for the names of JACK RUBY, LEON COOKE and JOHN
MARTIN.

However, there is no clear cut answer as to why the
LEON COOKE homicide file was not located and reviewed during
November, 1963. In Chicago file 44-645, there is a teletype
to Director, SACs Dallas and Los Angeles, dated 11/25/63, which
advises of a negative criminal check, and sets forth a review
of Chicago Tribune newspaper articles relating to the LEON COOKE

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 5)
1 - Chicago

WLD:joo

(3)

5906 10/30/75

ENCLOSURE
2 copies of LHM
at 11/1/75
100-645-115
be forwarded to
Horton & Brown, the
plaintiff's attorneys
R. J. H.

5 NOV 3 1975

Approved:

Sent

M Per

Special Agent in Charge

CG 44-645

murder of 12/8/39. Also this teletype references Bureau telephone call to Chicago, 11/24/63, "regarding questioning JACK RUBENSTEIN's connection in shooting of LEON COOK."

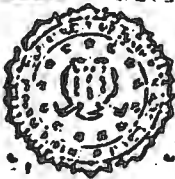
It should be noted that homicide files are maintained separately from the general criminal records. Thus, the person requesting the check or the police officer conducting the check would have had to have had knowledge of the separate maintenance of these two distinctly different types of records.

On 10/23/75, one photostatic copy of seven Chicago Tribune articles, reporting the murder of LEON COOKE, were obtained from the Chicago Public Library. Before sufficient dissemination copies could be obtained this library's microfilm section was under construction and will not be operational for at least two weeks.

LEAD

CHICAGO

AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Will, at earliest date, sulHM enclosing seven news articles.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. CG 44-645

Chicago, Illinois
October 30, 1975

**JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALSO KNOWN AS
(DECEASED) -- VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS**

Attached hereto are the results of contacts with the Chicago Tribune Morgue, on November 25, 1963, and the Chicago, Illinois, Police Department, Identification Division, on November 27, 1963.

Also attached hereto are FD-302s reflecting interviews of James Mc Guire, Director of Records, Chicago Police Department, on October 22 and 23, 1975; interview of Sergeant William Sheehan, Records Section, Intelligence Division, on October 23, 1975; interviews of Lieutenant Edward Berry, Chicago Police Department, on October 22 and 23, 1975; and FD-302, dated October 23, 1975, which sets forth a review of seven Chicago Tribune articles relating to the Leon Cooke homicide.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-24016-2167

ENCLOSURE

**JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALSO KNOWN AS
(DECEASED) - VICTIM**

On November 25, 1963, Miss Marie O'Connor, Chicago Tribune Morgue, 435 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, advised Special Agent Bryce S. Plesner that a check of their records reflects an article stating that Leon R. Cook died on January 5, 1940. He resided at 1135 South Sacramento, and was the founder of the Iron and Junk Handlers Union, even though he held no office with said union. On December 8, 1939, Cook went to the office of the Iron and Junk Handlers Union, 3159 South Roosevelt, and while talking to John Martin, President of this Local, was shot as a result of an argument involving amount of pay given to union members. The article points out that Cook went to the hospital under his own power and gave a statement to the effect that while talking with Martin he had complained that the union members were not receiving adequate salaries and Martin became angry and pulled a gun and shot him. The article pointed out that Martin resided at 8023 South Wolcott, Chicago, and that after Cook's death, Martin and his secretary, Mrs. Gladys Walsh, 35, 409 Walnut, Hinsdale, Illinois, could not be located. The article stated that they subsequently did appear at the police station and that in the trial Martin maintained that he shot Cook in self-defense as it was Cook who had the gun at the time he appeared at Martin's home on December 8, 1939. Mrs. Walsh testified that she saw the two men arguing and struggling, but could not see who had the gun or how it was fired.

This article states that much of the information about this matter was received from Jack Rubenstein on December 9, 1939. Rubenstein, Secretary of this union, stated that he was only a collector for the union.

Miss O'Connor stated that a second article reflected that on January 16, 1940, Union President John Martin was freed of the charge of murdering Leon R. Cook. She stated that no other information is available concerning this matter.

JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALSO KNOWN AS
(DECEASED) - VICTIM

A copy of fingerprints of Jack L. Ruby, Federal Bureau of Investigation No. 693083 E, was furnished to the Chicago Police Department, Identification Section, where they were matched up with a copy of fingerprints already in possession of the Chicago Police Department of Jack L. Ruby which were taken by the police department at Dallas on June 22, 1949, under their number A19308, which was for an application for a dance hall supervisor. Lieutenant Arthur Schoen, Chief Identification Officer, Chicago Police Department, advised Special Agent Joseph E. Ziel on November 27, 1963, that a search of the fingerprint records of the Chicago Police Department for any record of Jack L. Ruby was negative. Lieutenant Schoen advised that he used a copy of fingerprints furnished by the FBI as well as a copy of the fingerprints furnished by the Dallas Police Department which he stated are identical.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription

10/28/75

JAMES MC GUIRE, Director of Records, Chicago Police Department (CPD), caused his files to be searched for any information on JACK LEON RUBY, also known as (aka) JACK RUBENSTEIN. He was unable to find any reference wherein RUBY had been arrested or had been a subject of an investigation. He did, however, obtain a packet of material possibly identifiable with RUBY which was assembled in response to a letter from the Dallas Police Department (DPD) dated November 25, 1963.

This letter was directed to Lieutenant ED BERRY, who at that time was assigned to the Intelligence Division. The letter included background on RUBY and his family and indicated RUBY's association with the Scrap Iron and Junk Handlers Union, whose leader LEON COOK was killed in 1939.

This packet was reviewed and found to contain the following information identifiable with RUBY:

1. Three pages of a report on the LEON COOKE shooting December 8, 1939, complaint card number 55113. In this report JACK RUBENSTEIN, 624 Independence Boulevard, Secretary Treasurer of the Scrap Iron and Junk Handlers Union Local 20467 is indicated as a witness. The results of an interview with him are contained in the report.

2. An arrest record card indicating JACK RUBENSTEIN, 624 South Independence, age 23, was arrested on December 20, 1934, and charged with violation 4210, which is disorderly conduct. Disposition \$1 and \$1 fine.

10/22/75

Interviewed on

Chicago, Illinois

File #

CG 44-645

by SA ROBERT L. FARMER/sjm

Date dictated 10/24/75

- 4 -

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FBI WFO - 10-28

2
CG 44-645

3. An arrest record card indicating the arrest of JACK RUBENSTEIN, 624 Independence Boulevard, age 20, on December 22, 1933, for not having a peddlers licence. Disposition \$100 and costs.

Items number 2 and 3 were concluded to be identifiable with JACK RUBY, aka RUBENSTEIN based on the address 624 South Independence, which address was indicated in the COOKE report.

No stop or notation was observed in this packet which would indicate that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) should be notified in the event of inquiry in this matter. Director MC GUIRE also advised he is unaware of any such stop or notation.

Director MC GUIRE also caused his files to be searched for the names JOHN MARTIN and LEON COOKE and advised that results were negative.

Director MC GUIRE was advised that the FBI had caused CPD records to be checked on RUBY, MARTIN, and COOKE on November 27, 1963, and no record had been found identifiable with any of them. He stated that the reason a record check on these individuals was negative on November 27, 1963, was that MARTIN may not have been arrested and therefore would not have been indexed, COOKE as a victim would not have been indexed, and RUBENSTEIN as a witness would not have been indexed.

He stated that the additional arrests are identified with RUBENSTEIN on the basis of the address for him obtained in the COOKE report and most probably would not have been available on November 27, 1963, inasmuch as the letter tying RUBY into the COOKE file was

sent from Dallas on November 25, 1963, and probably not received in Chicago until after records were checked on November 27, 1963. He also noted that although COOKE was not indexed in general files as a victim, the reference to the COOKE case as a homicide as indicated in the Dallas letter would have caused him to check homicide files for the specific case which are filed separate from general files. He also stated that intelligence files are maintained separately.

Director MC GUIRE was requested to check records for the number 55513 and 5513. He stated that numbers were used by Chicago Police Department but were recurrent annually and are not used for indexing purposes. It would be, therefore, impossible to attempt to retrieve a file based on these numbers.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/28/75

Director JAMES MC GUIRE, Director of Records, Chicago Police Department (CPD), provided copies of all material in the LEON COOKE case contained in CPD files.

This material included the coroner's verdict card, a homicide record card, a police accident report card, number 423283, coroner's verdict form, a death report card, three pages of a detective report carrying CC number 55113, an offense report dated December 9, 1939, carrying central complaint room number 55513, and a transmittal letter for the bullet taken from COOKE's body.

Additionally, a copy of the arrest record card indicating the arrest of JACK RUBENSTEIN, 624 Independence Boulevard, December 22, 1933, for not having a peddlers license and an arrest record card indicating the arrest of JACK RUBENSTEIN, 634 South Independence, December 30, 1924, for the charge number 4210. Director MC GUIRE stated that charge number 4210 is a disorderly conduct charge.

MC GUIRE also provided a copy of a letter from the Dallas Police Department dated November 25, 1963, directed to Lieutenant BERRY, CPD. This letter contained background on RUBY and his relatives and includes a photograph and fingerprints of RUBY.

Director MC GUIRE also provided a copy of the fingerprints index card prepared on JACK RUBY on November 27, 1963.

Interviewed on 10/23/75 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645

by SA ROBERT L. FARMER/dam

Date dictated 10/24/75

- 7 -

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

GPO : 1975 O - 341-84

The aforementioned material provided is attached hereto.

Director MC GUIRE stated that the coroner's report in the COOKE file indicates a coroner's disposition of justifiable homicide. He stated that in view of this, JOHN MARTIN would never have been arrested and his name never would have been indexed in CPD files. He also stated that in December, 1939, the CPD did not index names of witnesses such as RUBY or victims such as COOKE. He stated that homicide investigative files are never destroyed and are permanently maintained separately from other CPD records.

The material provided by Director MC GUIRE was reviewed and no stop or notation was found which would indicate the Federal Bureau of Investigation should be notified in the event of inquiries.

NAME OF DECEASED **LEON COOKE** ADDRESS **1135 S. SACRAMENTO** DISTRICT **73**
DATE OF ACCIDENT **DEC 8" 1939** DATE OF DEATH **JAN. 5" 1940** DATE OF INQUEST **JAN. 10" 1940**
CORONER'S VERDICT: (CAUSE OF DEATH)

10" A.M. COUNTY MORGUE
*Spec. hist. record of reg. dist. of ...
which shows ...
not a ...*

John. Martin
Below give names of persons arrested or wanted in connection with this death and Coroner's recommendation
JOHN. MARTIN. 8043 S. WOLCOTT ST.
DEPUTY CORONER *[Signature]*

CORONER'S VERDICT CARD
FORWARD ONE OF THESE CARDS TO THE RECORDS DIVISION WITH ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED HEREIN ON EVERY DEATH IN WHICH A CORONER'S INQUEST HAS BEEN HELD
Form U F 31 SV 3-34

NAME OF DECEASED **LEON COOKE** ADDRESS **1135 S. Sacramento** DISTRICT **23**
DATE OF ACCIDENT **12-8-39** DATE OF DEATH **1-5-40** DATE OF INQUEST **1-6-40**
CORONER'S VERDICT: (CAUSE OF DEATH)

*Card to be ...
10 A.M. - Cook ...*

Below give names of persons arrested or wanted in connection with this death and Coroner's recommendation
[Signature]
DEPUTY CORONER

CORONER'S VERDICT CARD
FORWARD ONE OF THESE CARDS TO THE RECORDS DIVISION WITH ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED HEREIN ON EVERY DEATH IN WHICH A CORONER'S INQUEST HAS BEEN HELD
Form U F 31 SV 3-34

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE
CHICAGO

NO 1232

DISTRICT

DATE OF REPORT

DATE OF ACCIDENT

NAME

COOKE LEON

AGE

ADDRESS

1135 E. 21st St. Chicago, Ill.

NATIVITY

Clim.

OCCUPATION

Attorney

MARRIED
SINGLE

PLACE OF OCCURRENCE

3159 Roosevelt Rd.

DO NO

NATURE AND EXTENT OF INJURIES

Gun shot wound
to right side of body

TAKEN TO

Ill. State Police Lab. Bureau

REPORTING OFFICER

Det. J. J. #3607

WHO WAS NOTIFIED

GIVE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IF VEHICLE WAS INVOLVED

VEHICLE 1

MAKE AND TYPE

LICENSE No.

DIRECTION
OF TRAVELNAME AND ADDRESS
OF DRIVER

AGE

NAME AND ADDRESS
OF OWNER

IF ANY OTHER VEHICLE WAS INVOLVED

VEHICLE 2

MAKE AND TYPE

LICENSE No.

DIRECTION
OF TRAVELNAME AND ADDRESS
OF DRIVER

AGE

NAME AND ADDRESS
OF OWNER

CAUSE (DESCRIPTION) OF ACCIDENT

Accident occurred on 1/18/58
at 1135 E. 21st St. Chicago, Ill.
while the defendant was driving
his 1957 Buick Wildcat.

DO NO
PRI. SEC.

NAMES OF WITNESSES	ADDRESSES	PRI.
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	
John J. Smith	3159 Roosevelt Rd.	

COMPLAINING OFFICER

PER [Signature]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
County of Cook.

CORONER'S VERDICT

An Inquisition was taken for the People of the State of Illinois,
At *2715 W. 15th St.* in the *City of Chicago*

In said County of Cook, on the *6th* day of *January*, A. D. 19*40*

before me, FRANK J. WALSH, Coroner, in and for said County, upon view of the body of

LEON COOKE then and there lying

dead upon the oaths of six good and lawful men of the said County, who, being duly sworn to inquire

on the part of the People of the State of Illinois into all circumstances attending the death of said

dead body and how and what manner, and by whom, or what, and when and where the said dead

body came to its death, do say, upon their oaths, as aforesaid that the said dead body now or then

lying dead at *2715 W. 15th St.* in said

City of Chicago County of Cook, State of Illinois, came to its death on the

5th day of *January*, A. D. 19*40*

not being inflicted by a gunshot wound

the right heart being simple there being

no evidence of any external or internal

injury or disease, and the cause of death

being a heart attack, the death being

the result of a heart attack, and the death

being the result of a heart attack, and the death

being the result of a heart attack, and the death

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
County of Cook.

I, FRANK J. WALSH, Coroner of Cook County, in the State afore-

said Do Hereby Certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the verdict in the

_____ matter of the Inquest held on the body of _____

Age _____ years. By _____ Deputy

FRANK J. WALSH, Coroner

Foreman

their date the day and year aforesaid

In TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said Coroner, and the jury of this inquest have hereunto set

[Handwritten text, likely a copy of a verdict or inquest findings, written in cursive script.]

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
County of Cook.

I, FRANK J. WALSH, Coroner of Cook County, in the State afore-

said Do Hereby Certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the verdict in the
matter of the Inquest held on the body of.....

..... deceased, which was rendered on the
day of..... A. D. 19..... as appears from the Records of my office.

WITNESS my hand and seal at Chicago, in said County.

this..... day of..... A. D. 19.....

(SEAL)
Coroner.

No.

Inquest No.

On the Body of

LEON COOKE

JAN 6th - 4 JAN 10th

DEPUTY CORONER—NOTE:
PRINT the name of deceased above.
Do NOT write it.

no coroner's fee collect
part to office

NO
Fargue's Secretary
Grover

Form U. P. 30 10-1-37

REPORT OF DEATH
DEPARTMENT OF POLICE CITY OF CHICAGO

Surname

COOKE.

Given Name

LEON.

Address

1135 S. SACRAMENTO BLVD.

Date Injured

DEC. 8" 1939.

Date of Accident Report

DEC. 8" 1939.

Date of Death

JAN. 5" 1940

Time of Death

6:30 P.M.

Place of Death

MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL

Date of Inquest

JAN. 6" 1940.

Cause of Death

BULLET WOUND.

Forward one of these Cards to the Bureau of Criminal Information and Statistics
BY THE NEXT MAIL ON EVERY DEATH, regardless of cause.

106-217-1
FROM: Chief of Detectives.
TO: Commissioner of Police.

SUBJECT: Shooting and wounding of Leon Cooke, Jewish, age 27, lawyer,
residing at 1135 S. Sacramento Blvd., offices at 180 W.
Randolph St.
23rd District. CC #35113.

Report of Ftins. Walter Payen and Frank Byrnes, Sex-
Homicide Offense Bureau.

INJURIES: One gunshot wound in right hip and lodging in abdomen.
Bullet extracted and condition not serious.

TIME: Dec. 8th, 1936--4:03 P.M.

PLACE: In hallway outside of rooms 210-211 in building located at
3159 W. Roosevelt Road. Rooms 210-211 being the headquarters
for the Scrap Iron & Junk Handlers Union, local #20467,
affiliate with the A.F.O.F.L.

MANNER: Shot during an altercation.

BY WHOM: John Martin, age 50, 6 ft. 200#, residing at 2023 S. Tolcott
Ave. Supposedly an employe of the Sanitary District and also
president of the above mentioned union. Not apprehended.
Persons wanted message #42401 sent out by the 23rd District.

TURN TO: Mount Sinai Hospital by a Checker Cab--name of driver unknown
at this time.

EQUIPS
ASSIGNED: 55 - 103 - 34 - 49 - 82 - 66.

WITNESSES: Dr. T. L. Schrage, staff surgeon, Mt. Sinai Hospital.
J. Rubenstein, 624 Independence Blvd., secretary-treasurer of
above mentioned union.
Harry Kaplan, 3237 W. Fillmore St., elevator operator in build-
ing at 3159 W. Roosevelt Rd.
Lillian Terrilo, 3224 Roosevelt Rd., janitress in building.
Gladys Walsh, vice-president of said Union, living in Hinsdale,
Ill.

INVESTIGATION:

At 4:03 P.M. this date we were notified by the squad
operator of a shooting at 3159 W. Roosevelt Rd. Upon our
arrival at this location we found it to be the headquarters
for the Scrap Iron & Junk Handlers Union, local #20467,
connected with the American Federation of Labor. We learned
that a man by the name of Leon Cooke, lawyer, who had been
formerly connected with this Union had been shot and that he
had been taken to the Mt. Sinai Hospital. At this time we
were unable to determine what the cause of the shooting was
and who the assailant was. We then went to the Mt. Sinai
Hospital but were unable to talk to the victim as he was

Shooting and wounding of Leon Cooke.

He then went to the 2nd District and there talked to witnesses.

In our conversation Jack Rubenstein, who is Secretary & Treasurer of the Scrap Iron & Junk Makers Union, he stated that he had been out all day with the President John Martin collecting membership dues and that they entered the office about 3:00 P.M. On their arrival there they found present Gladys Walsh, Vice President of the Union, Joe Medill, employee of Leon Cooke, and Leon Cooke. He remained in the office until about 5:30 P.M. and then left in company of Joe Medill to go to the northwest side for the purpose of doing some organization work. The first that he knew about the shooting was at 5:15 P.M. when he telephoned his office and a police officer by the name of Joe Casey answered the telephone and stated that there had been trouble in the office. This man is now held in custody of the 2nd District Police.

He then returned to the St. Elmo Hospital and there met Dr. V. L. Schragger at the information desk. He is Chief Staff Surgeon for this hospital. He stated that he had just finished rendering surgical treatment to Leon Cooke, and that Officers were now present in his room questioning him. He suggested that we not bother this man due to his condition. We then went to the corridor on the third floor outside of room 300 and there met Sgt. Edward Dooley of the Detective Bureau, who is assigned to guard car #42 in a supervisory capacity. He had just come out of the room where Leon Cooke was confined and he told us that Cooke had stated to him that John Martin, president of the Union, had shot him, that they had a quarrel over some matter pertaining to the Union, the exact nature of which he could not divine; that they had struggled within and without the office and it was at this time he was shot, and that his assailant, John Martin, then fled toward the rear of the building. Sgt. Dooley then requested that we take the lead .38 caliber pistol, which had been removed from the body of Leon Cooke, stating that he had received it from Dr. Schragger. This bullet is now in our possession. In view of the fact that Dr. Schragger had requested us not to question this man any more than necessary, we then decided that it was best not to question this man, as Sgt. Dooley had already done so.

It was determined that the assailant, John Martin, resided at 6033 South Volcott Ave., and a detail was immediately assigned at his home. Also, it was learned that Gladys Walsh was known to reside somewhere in Hinsdale, Ill., and further investigation disclosed that she lived in the 400 block on Walnut St., Hinsdale, Ill., and a squad from the 2nd District was assigned to go there for the purpose of obtaining a statement from her, and take her into custody.

From witness Lillian Terrile, Junior at 5157 W. Roosevelt Rd., who stated that she was in the hallway at about 4:00 P.M., second floor, where she saw the men struggling and heard two or three shots fired. She fled from the scene and therefore said she was unable to identify either of the two men involved in this struggle.

From Harry Kaplan, elevator operator in said building, we learned that he was on the first floor when he heard what he thought was a shot fired, and that there was a pause and then what he thought was some more shots. Thinking that those shots were fired on the second floor he then ran his elevator to the second floor and then saw the men in the hall, and then the men had a hold of a

It was then that Earl Kaplan recognized the injured man as being Mr. Cooke. He further stated that he had taken Mr. Cooke to the second floor on three occasions this date, and that Cooke was in the habit of going to that floor at least once a day. Questioned relative to the two men who were aiding Mr. Cooke, he stated that they were unknown to him, as was the cab driver. The best that he could give on the description of the cab driver was that he had a "hunky" build.

He made inquiries relative to the injured man and learned that at the present time he is practicing law with offices at 149 W. Randolph St. It is known that he represents both the Mid-West Waste Paper Association, and also the Scrap Iron & Junk Handlers Union; further that Leon Cooke formerly was organizer for the Junk Handlers Union and at that time was Secretary-Treasurer of this Union, and upon his leaving the Union his office as Secretary-Treasurer was taken over by Jack Rubenstein.

Inquiries made regarding John Martin discloses that he is now President of the above mentioned union; is supposedly in the employ of the Cantigny District; is now under a Federal indictment with Terry Druggan in the Cambridge Brewing Co. matter. He is driving an olive green Lincoln Zephyr sedan, license number unknown. A check of the records at the Bureau of Identification fails to disclose his name on file there; also checked the Detective Bureau Files and vagrancy section and no record of him is on file.

He made investigation at the scene for the purpose of locating spent bullets and other matters of evidential importance and failed to find any, other than those lying in hallway and office.

An examination of the clothing (overcoat) disclosed three distinct powder burns. This is the coat belonging to Leon Cooke.

He then made a search in the immediate vicinity and in the alley in the rear of the building for the purpose of locating the gun that was used in the shooting, but failed to find same. He toured the neighborhood in an effort to locate the car as used by John Martin.

Further investigation to be made.

To Chief of Detectives.

OFFENSE REPORT (TO INCLUDE ATTEMPTS)

OF THIS REPORT December 9th 1939

Central Complaint Room No. 55513

OFFENSE ASSAULT TO MURDER

ORIGINALLY
REPORTED AS SHOOTING

DISTRICT
REPORTING 23

NAME OF
PLAINANT COOKE, LEO

ADDRESS 1135 S. Sacramento Blvd

NAME OF FIRM
BUSINESS

IF BURGLARY

ADDRESS

NATURE OF
PREMISES

WHAT
FLOOR

PHONE
NUMBER

WIFE
ENTERED

IF STORE
KIND OF

DATE AND TIME
OF OCCURRENCE

12-8-39 1.05 PM

TOOLS USED
TO ENTER

PLACE OF
OFFENSE

3159 Roosevelt Road Room 210 - 21

OBJECT OF
BURGLARY

NUMBER
OF WITNESSES

IF ROBBERY

REPORTED

C C Room

HOW REPORTED

NATURE OF
LOCATION

DRESS

IN PERSON

HOW
BOULED

IF STORE
KIND OF

DATE AND
TIME

12-8-39 4.05 PM

BY TELEPHONE

X

WEAPON
USED

REPORTED

C C Room

BY POLICE
OFFICER

OBJECT OF
ROBBERY

NAME AND NO.
OF OFFENDERS

1 Whitman

ARREST ON VIEW
OR WARRANT

ANY OTHER OFFENSE

MALE 1

NO. FEMALE 0

NATIONALITY Am

NATURE OF
LOCATION

Office

VEHICLE USED, IF ANY

HOW
INJURED

shot in right hip

WITNESSES:

Ferry Zora 3159 Roosevelt Road

MEANS OR
METHOD

revolver

Joshua Maganada 1025 S. Hamlin Ave

NOTICE

argument

Harry Kaplan 3237 Fillmore St

TRADEMARK

Quantity

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY LOST AND DETAILS OF OFFENSE

V.

Complainant is an attorney and had an argument with one John Martin 2023 2023 S. Volcott Ave in Cooke's Office where Martin shot him and escaped, shot in right hip, condition not serious but not critical

AR # 423283- Inv # 96153 -

A Warrant was procured by Officer Frank McGrail of this district for Assault to Murder.

Additional witnesses- Lillian Tarrilo 3224 Roosevelt Road
Gladys King 403 S Walnut St Hickdale Ill.
Secretary to Cooke

WAS PROPERTY INSURED?

BY WHAT COMPANY?

STATION COMPLAINT NO. 368317

TELETYPE MESSAGE NO. 42491

TOTAL VALUE

INVESTIGATING

OFFICER'S INITIALS AND STAR NO. Frank McGrail # 1672

Continuing Officers will forward this report to the Bureau of Criminal Information

1
Lieutenant: Pri. 10001

Inclosed herewith is bullet taken from the body of
Leah Cocks.

It is packed in cotton and sealed.

F. Byrnes.

NOTE: A separate set of forms must be filled out for each individual concerned.

State Dist. No. _____

Station Inventory No. _____

Fill out in
TRIPPLICATE

Weapon and Exhibit Received Larson's 2500
Register No. _____

**DIVISION OF FIREARMS IDENTIFICATION
COOK COUNTY CORONER'S OFFICE**

Frank J. Walsh, Coroner

Please PRINT or
Write Plainly

DESCRIPTION OF WEAPONS

Make	Cal.	Make, Pistol, Revolver, Rifle, Shotgun, etc.	Serial Number	Make Identification Mark

DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBITS

_____ cal. Cartridges
_____ 20 _____ cal. Fired Cartridge (Load)
_____ cal. Fired Cartridge Case(s)

Weapon(s) and/or Exhibit(s) Pistol, Frank A. Bryant Serial No. 2328 Inv. No. 248

Date Received 12-0-23 Where Recovered From Sgt. Scoley, D.A. 6125 Hall 12/2/23

Found in Possession of Taken from Leon Cento's body

Weapon(s) and/or Exhibit(s) Suspected in What Case (Name, Date and History)

Colored to _____

Delivered to _____

Received at _____

SPACE BELOW FOR CORONER'S USE ONLY

[illegible]

FYRL RECORD OF BAPT CHURCH OF WARRANT

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Name: PUFFENSTEIN JACK
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 County: St. Louis
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 Precinct: 2714
 Ward: 17
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**CITY OF DALLAS
TEXAS**

POLICE DEPARTMENT

November 25, 1963

**Chicago Police Department
Identification Section
1121 South State Street
Chicago, Illinois**

Attention Lieutenant Berry

Gentlemen:

A man known to us as Jack Leon Ruby was arrested by this department November 24, 1963, seconds after he had shot and killed Lee Harvey Oswald, the prime suspect in the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. He states that his true name is Jack Rubenstein and formerly lived in Chicago, Illinois.

Attached are Ruby's fingerprints, his picture, and a background of personal history given to us by him. It is requested that a check of your files be made to ascertain if he has any type of arrests and if his name appears in your subversive files.

In the event Jack Rubenstein is identified, it would be of vital importance to us if it could be determined if he is the same Jack Rubenstein as appears in the records of the Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Appendix Part I, 1940, on pages 919, 920, 921, and 922.

I appreciate your cooperation and want to assure you of our future cooperation in matters of mutual interest.

Sincerely yours,

**J. E. Curry
Chief of Police**

W. P. Gannaway
**W. P. Gannaway
Captain, Special Service Bureau**

WPG:ES

SSB No. 10372

Date 25 November 1961 By It. Ted Wall

Homicide

to Capt. Gannay

Full Legal Name Jack Leon Ruby

Alias Jack Rubenstein

Home Address Marsalis Apts, Apt. 207, Marsalis and Ewing WHI-5601

Place of Birth Chicago, Illinois Date of Birth 25 March 1911

(Jewish ext.)

Age 52 Height 5'9" Weight 175 Sex M Race White Eyes Brn Hair Brn Bald

Scars and Marks Left index finger amputated, first joint

Criminal Specialty Murder Attorney Tom Howard

Employment

Occupation Night Club Operator Length of Employment

Employer's Name and Address

Former Employer SEE INCL. # 1 Address

Former Employer Address

Marital Status

Name of Spouse Unknown Date and Place Married

Home Address Business Address

First Spouse Home Address

Business Address Place Divorced

Second Spouse Home Address

Business Address Place Divorced

Girl or Boy Friend Home Address

Business Address

Parents

Father's Name Joseph Rubenstein Address Morgan and Maxwell, Chicago, Ill

Business Address Carponter - Contracting his own jobs

Mother's Name Fannie nee Rutland Address

Foster

Stepfather Mr Cold Address Northwest side, Chicago, Illinois

Business Address Unknown

Stepmother Unknown nee Address

P. H. of Name Jack Leon Ruby

Number of Brothers 3

D-8774

Name Hyman Rubenstein Age 60 Address 1044 W. Loyola, Chicago,

Detroit, Mich.

Name Earl Rubenstein Age 48 Address Cobo Cleaners, Tiverton St

Surname Sam Rubenstein & Ruby Age 50 Address 11628 Pachel, Dallas, Tex

Name _____ Age _____ Address _____

Number of Sisters 3

Name Eva Rubin & Grant Age 54 Address LA6-6258

3929 Rawlins, Apt. 1, Dal

Name Marian Carrol Age 56 Address 1044 W. Loyola, Chicago,

Name Ann Volpert Age 58 Address 1044 W. Loyola, Chicago,

Name _____ Age _____ Address _____

Number of Children _____

Name Unknown Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Relatives with Criminal Records

Name Unknown Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Business Address _____ Type of Relation _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Business Address _____ Type of Relation _____

Name _____ Age _____ Sex _____ Address _____

Business Address _____ Type of Relation _____

Military Service

Branch U.S. Air Corps Year Entered 1943 Year Discharged 1946

~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ Drafted 1943, Tow Target in Air Corps at Boloxi, Miss.

Discharged Coldhboro, N. Carolina

Type of Discharge Unknown

P. H. of Name Jack Leon Ruby

Associates

Name _____ Address _____

Type of Association _____ Business Address _____

Name _____ Address _____

Type of Association _____ Business Address _____

Name _____ Address _____

Type of Association _____ Business Address _____

Criminal Record

DPD No. _____

City & State _____ Name & Number _____ Date _____ Charge _____ Disposition _____

School

Grade School Smith Grammar School Year ? Location Blue Island & Was

High School Marshall High School ~~XXXX~~ 2 year Location Chicago, Illinois

College None Year _____ Location _____

Hospital Interns None Year _____ Location _____

Narcotics Information

Amount and type of Narcotics seized _____

Date and place of initial use of Narcotics _____

First type of Drug used _____ Drug now using _____

Reason for initial use of Drug _____

Attempted Narcotics Cures

Place _____ Date _____ Voluntary _____ Completed _____

Place _____ Date _____ Voluntary _____ Completed _____

Place _____ Date _____ Voluntary _____ Completed _____

JACK LEON RUSY

SUBJECT states he was a Labor Organizer for Scrap Iron and Junk Handlers for AF of L with offices at Randolph and Wells in Chicago, Illinois. This was from 1937 to 1940 and he lived in 3600 block of Lexington Street in Chicago, Illinois. Leon Cook (Killed in 1939) had charter for this organization.




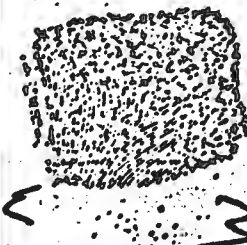

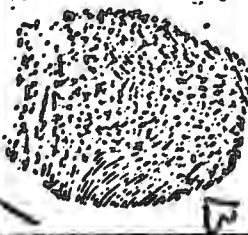

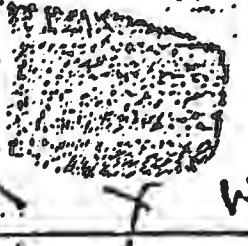
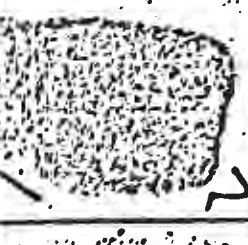

From 1940 to 1941 he traveled selling Punch Boards for the Superior Products, owned by Harry Epstein (address unknown) and Harry Gimple (Deceased). He continued to live in 3600 block Lexington Street.

From 1943 to 1946 in the U.S. Air Force.

APPLICANT

NAME JACK LEON RUEY
No. 36398
A-19308
Race: White
Sex: Male

36398-10-17-71
U.S.I. 6

Age 38 Height 5-9 Weight 175 Race Brown Eyes Brown Complexion
Address 1717 S. Erway St. Place of Birth Chicago, Ill.
Applicant For Dance Hall Supervisor
Date Fingerprint 6-22-49
Applicant's Signature

Edna Allen
Official Tacking Prints

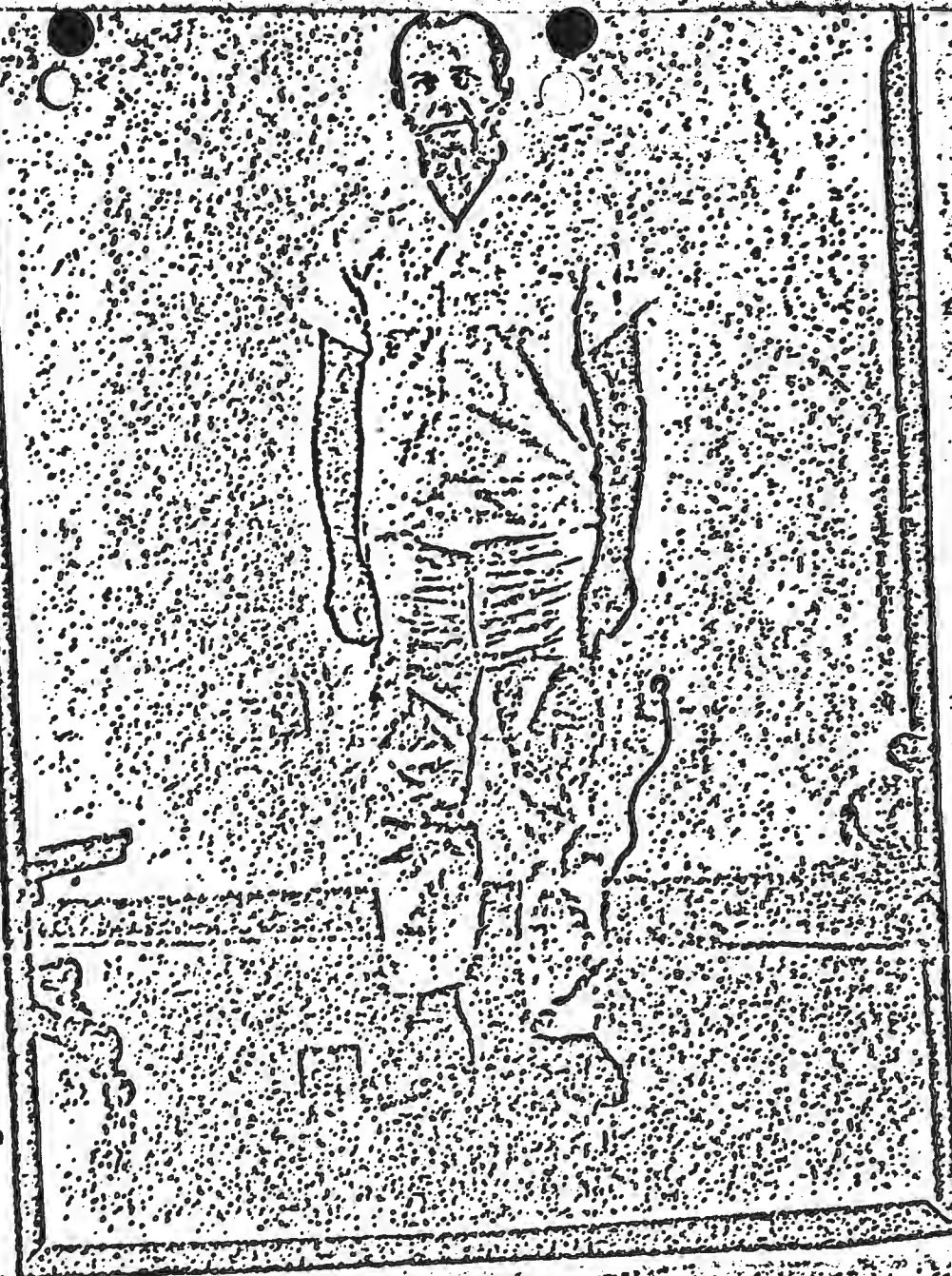
USE FOR APPLICANT PURPOSES ONLY

on Dan 11/12/49

					
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D. E. WALSH, CAPTAIN BUREAU OF IDENTIFICATION
POLICE DEPARTMENT, DALLAS, TEXAS

Dec 8 1939
H.M. 7 39245



SECRET

FIREARM OWNER

Permit No.

Rubin, Jack

1314 Wilton Ave Bus 2273 S Lumber St

Colt 0 P 38 Cal 575450

DCI 70 SM 10-30 10-33

ONE (LAST) (FIRST) (MIDDLE) SEX RACE YEAR OF BIRTH
 Ruby Jack Leon M W 22

1717 S Ervay St (Dallas Tex??)

DATE OF BIRTH DAY MONTH YEAR FINGERPRINT CLASSIFICATION Ampt.
 38 7 2 2 In 1949 18) 9 U OIM 7
 27 Nov '63 1 U OII

- ☒ FOREIGN PRINT
- ☐ SPECIAL POLICE
- ☒ LICENSE APPLICATION
- ☐ DEPUTY SHERIFF'S
- ☒ DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL
- ☐ COUNTY EMPLOYEES
- ☒ CITY EMPLOYEE
- ☐

MISCELLANEOUS FINGERPRINT INDEX

FD-22.478 (4/62)

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 L.F. 87
 F. 261
 F.A. 1115
 Height 647
 B. 141
 L.E. 64 37 IM 10
 F.A. 680 37 MO 10
 Thumb 875

B75538

Rubin, Jack

5915 Sheridan

LIC. VIOL
 CAL. PAX 584

SEX, RACE, YEAR OF BIRTH PERM
 M W 1909 7
 DATE
 B-678-213 4/3/63
 37 N. Talman

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 10/28/75

Sergeant WILLIAM SHEEHAN, Records Section, Intelligence Division, Chicago Police Department (CPD), checked his records for any file on JACK RUBY, also known as JACK RUBENSTEIN. He was unable to find any identifiable reference and stated that index cards on files inactive since 1968 had been purged. He did obtain the LEE HARVEY OSWALD file, which he provided for review for any information relative to JACK RUBY. He advised that due to a court order, no materials could be copied and only a visual review and hand notes would be allowed.

The following material was noted in this file, which was number 17.0017:

A Chicago Daily News clipping dated November 25, 1963, reporting OSWALD shot and killed by JACK LEON RUBENSTEIN (JACK RUBY) in the Dallas, Texas, Police Headquarters.

A Chicago Daily News clipping dated November 27, 1963, reporting that members of JACK L. RUBY's family in Chicago branded as "fantastic" the rumors of a possible link between OSWALD and RUBY. RUBY stated he never met OSWALD.

Chicago Tribune clipping dated September 26, 1964, indicating OSWALD killed by JACK RUBY - RUBY given 30-day trial for appeal.

Additionally, the following material was observed relative to RUBY:

A letter from the Dallas, Texas, Police Department dated November 25, 1963, to Lieutenant BERRY requesting information of CPD relative to RUBY.

An investigative report by Lieutenant TUNNEY dated November 27, 1963, indicating the following:

Interviewed on 10/23/75 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-345

by SA ROBERT L. FARNER/sam Date dictated 10/24/75

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RUBY's fingerprints negative in CPD fingerprint file as reported by Lieutenant SCHOEN, Director. Negative results as to any arrests indicating JACK RUBENSTEIN held at police station in connection with LEON COOKE shooting, but no action taken. A synopsis of the LEON COOKE shooting case. JACK RUBENSTEIN not considered identical with the JACK RUBENSTEIN as appears in the records of the Special Committee of Un-American Activities Appendix, Part 1, 1940 on pages 919, 920, 921 and 922.

A letter to the Dallas Police Department dated November 27, 1963, from WILLIAM J. DUFFY, Director of Intelligence, CPD, indicated no fingerprints, no arrest record contained on RUBY, but that he was detained on December 8, 1939, in reference to a homicide investigation. This letter indicated RUBY was not identical with the JACK RUBENSTEIN appearing in aforementioned Special Committee on Un-American Activities records.

Background reports on RUBY's relatives also observed including his father, JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, and his brother, EARL R. RUBY. Also included was an undated credit record on EARL RUBY.

Also observed was a letter dated October 20, 1954, from the Dallas Police Department to the Chicago Crime Commission, which letter provided past Chicago residences of RUBY, his association with Superior Products Company as a punchboard salesman and his association with JOHN MARTIN supposedly indicted for the murder of LEON COOKE. The letter requested a record check on RUBY. A letter from VIRGIL PETERSON of the Chicago Crime Commission dated October 26, 1954, to the Dallas, Texas Police Department was observed which provided background on RUBY's brother EARL R. RUBY, but indicated no record on JACK RUBY. This letter referred to the COOKE killing but indicated no reference to RUBY. It further indicated no reference to RUBY regarding his association with the Superior Products punchboard operation.

A letter dated July 27, 1953 from the Dallas Police Department to the Chicago Crime Commission was observed which indicated RUBY as an owner of a Dallas night club and requested a records check. A CPD reply letter to Dallas dated August 5, 1953, indicated no criminal information relative to RUBY.

3
CG 44-645

The CPD investigative report of the LEON COOKE shooting was observed.

A report by Lieutenant, Number 317, dated November 26, 1963, captioned JACK RUBY, Dallas, Texas, indicated that results of the RUBY inquiry have been telephoned to Dallas.

Additionally, an obituary of JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN, a birth record of EARL RUBENSTEIN, and a death record of LEON COOKE were observed.

No stop or notation was observed in the OSWALD file which would indicate that the Federal Bureau of Investigation should be notified in the event of inquiries.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription

10/22/75

1

Lieutenant EDWARD BERRY was contacted telephonically and advised that he recalled hearing on the radio of the assassination of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on November 24, 1963, and immediately went to his office and called the Dallas Police Department and provided them with information on JACK RUBY taken from intelligence files of the Chicago Police Department (CPD). He does not recall the specific information he provided, but that it was of minor importance. He stated he recalled receiving a letter from the Dallas Police Department and that most probably he responded to this letter in a communication which would be in CPD intelligence files. He stated that CPD intelligence files were currently under a court order and could not be seen without specific approval of the superintendent of police.

10/22/75

Interviewed on _____ at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645

SA ROBERT L. FARMER /SAM

by _____ Date dictated 10/24/75

- 35 -

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Date of transcription October 30, 1975

Lt. EDWARD H. BERRY, No. 346, Chicago Police Department, 843 Maxwell Street, advised that he recalled hearing on the radio of the assassination of LEE HARVEY OEWARD on November 24, 1963, by JACK RUBY. Inasmuch as he was second in command of the Chicago Police Department Intelligence Division, he immediately went to his offices and searched intelligence files for references to RUBY. He found some information identifiable with RUBY which he telephoned to the Dallas Police Department. He said he could not remember the substance of the information but recalled it was of minor import.

He said he also recalls receiving a letter from the Dallas Police Department requesting information on RUBY. He does not specifically recall replying to this written request but feels quite certain that he did. He stated it was also policy to confirm any telephonic advice of information in writing. He stated any correspondence on his part in the RUBY matter would be in intelligence files.

Interviewed on 10/28/75 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645

by SA ROBERT L. FARMER and
SA RAYMOND L. JORDAN/RLF; jco

Date dictated 10/30/75

- 36 -

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription

10/23/75

Special Agents (SAs) GERALD J. RAFFERTY and WILLIAM J. VAN LOON conducted the following investigation at the Chicago Public Library, 78 East Washington, Chicago, Illinois:

At the Microfilm Section of the Chicago Public Library a review of Chicago Tribune Newspapers for the periods December 15, 1939, to December 31, 1939; January 1, 1940, to January 16, 1940; and January 16, 1940, to January 31, 1940 was conducted. This review resulted in the finding of the following articles:

1) Chicago Tribune, December 9, 1939, setting forth lead article on murder of LEON R. COOKE.

2) Chicago Tribune, December 9, 1939, photograph displaying bullet holes in coat of victim, COOKE.

3) Chicago Tribune, December 10, 1939, setting forth the surrender of JOHN MARTIN, President of the Scrap Iron and Junk Handlers Union for the shooting of LEON R. COOKE on December 9, 1939.

4) Chicago Tribune, December 11, 1939, article setting forth questioning of JOHN MARTIN by State's Attorney Office concerning the murder of COOKE.

5) Chicago Tribune, January 7, 1940, obituary of LEON COOKE.

6) Chicago Tribune January 7, 1940, article setting forth JOHN MARTIN's refusal to testify at the inquest into the death of LEON COOKE.

10/23/75

Chicago, Illinois

44-645

Interviewed on

at

File #

SAs WILLIAM J. VAN LOON

GERALD J. RAFFERTY/lap

10/23/75

by

Date dictated

- 37 -

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GPO: 1964 O - 214-1

7) Chicago Tribune, January 16, 1940, article setting forth lack of sufficient evidence for prosecution of JOHN MARTIN in murder of COOKE.

Article number one, Chicago Tribune, December 9, 1939, reports that Attorney LEON R. COOKE, 27 years old, was shot and seriously wounded in the headquarters of the Scrap Iron Junk Handler's Union, 3159 Roosevelt Road, Chicago, Illinois. COOKE identified his assailant as Union President, JOHN MARTIN. Further, this article reports that much of the information, concerning the union's finances, was obtained from JACK RUBENSTEIN, Secretary of the union. RUBENSTEIN, the article reports, was absent at the time of the shooting.

Article number one is the only one which makes reference to JACK RUBENSTEIN.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
EASTERN DIVISION

ALLIANCE TO END REPRESSION, et al.,

Plaintiffs

--vs--

JAMES ROCHFORD, etc., et al.,

Defendants

NO. 74 C 3268

O R D E R

This matter coming on to be heard on motion of Plaintiffs for an Order to Compel Discovery and For Protective Order and the attorneys for the Plaintiffs and Defendants being present in open court and the Court having heard arguments of counsel; and the Court having jurisdiction of the parties hereto and the subject matter hercof;

THE COURT DOTH FIND:

1. That the subject litigation involves certain police records and information gathered by the Chicago Police Department involving the Plaintiffs.

2. That the said information records involving the named Plaintiffs are within the control and possession of the Chicago Police Department.

3. That there is no evidence before this Court that Superintendent Rochford has acted to destroy any material relevant to this cause or that Superintendent Rochford acted in bad faith in the destruction of out d , d material.

4. That the Chicago Police Department in its ongoing operations is required to dispose of material in great quantity which could in no way be relevant to the cause of action pending before this Court.

5. That the Chicago Police Department is comprised of 21 Districts within the City of Chicago, subdivided into numerous units with varied functions and responsibilities totally unrelated to the subject matter of this litigation, and that in the performance of its duties, the Chicago Police Department on a daily basis accumulates an enormous volume of miscellaneous papers and material of no substantive value.

6. That the Chicago Police Department does not have sufficient storage space to maintain "waste material" accumulated on a daily basis in the performance of its normal operation.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that JAMES M. ROCHFORD, Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department, will maintain and preserve all intelligence reports, included but not limited to, Information reports, Observation reports, and Surveillance reports which relate in any manner to the named Plaintiffs in this cause;

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that JAMES M. ROCHFORD, Superintendent of the Chicago Police Department, is permitted to destroy, pursuant to established normal operations, that material produced in its normal daily operation, except as limited by this Order.

Signed Duplicate Original

E N T E R:

Mar 28, 1975

J. J. Stern
J U D G E

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 12/19/75

At the Microfilm Section of the Chicago Public Library, 425 North Michigan, Chicago, Illinois, photostatic copies of the following news articles were obtained:

1. Chicago Tribune, December 9, 1939, setting forth lead article on murder of LEON R. COOKE.
2. Chicago Tribune, December 9, 1939, photograph displaying bullet holes in coat of victim, COOKE.
3. Chicago Tribune, December 10, 1939, setting forth the surrender of JOHN MARTIN, President of the Scrap Iron and Junk Handlers Union, for the shooting of LEON R. COOKE on December 9, 1939.
4. Chicago Tribune, December 11, 1939, article setting forth questioning of JOHN MARTIN by States Attorney's Office concerning the murder of COOKE.
5. Chicago Tribune, January 7, 1940, obituary of LEON COOKE.
6. Chicago Tribune, January 7, 1940, article setting forth JOHN MARTIN's refusal to testify at the inquest into the death of LEON COOKE.
7. Chicago Tribune, January 16, 1940, article setting forth lack of sufficient evidence for prosecution of JOHN MARTIN in murder of COOKE.

Interviewed on 12/18/75 at Chicago, Illinois File # CG 44-645

by SA DAVID J. CRAWFORD/jco Date dictated 12/19/75

- 2 -

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. CG 44-645

Chicago, Illinois
December 19, 1975

**JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, ALSO KNOWN AS
(DECEASED) - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS**

Attached hereto is an FD-302, dated December 18, 1975,
which sets forth copies of seven newspaper articles reporting the
shooting of Leon R. Cooke.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of
the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it
and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

44-24016-2168

ENCLOSURE

FBI

Date: 12/19/75

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-645)
 SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
 (DECEASED) - VICTIM
 CR
 (OO: Dallas)

Re Chicago airtel to Bureau dated 10/30/75.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four copies of a letter-head memorandum (LHM).

It should be noted that the photostatic copies appearing in the first LHM were obtained on 10/23/75, and are more readable than the remaining three sets of photostatic copies which were obtained on 12/18/75.

The delay in obtaining the additional photostatic copies was as a result of remodeling at the Chicago Public Library. Also, as is apparent, this delay resulted in a difference in the type of paper used in reproduction and the quality of reproduction. Numerous copies were made on 12/18/75, but with the same poor result.

UACB, Chicago conducting no further investigation.

2 - Bureau (Encls. 4)
 1 - Chicago

WLD:jco
 (3)

105 (v.s.)

1/15/76

12/23/75

1/15/76

ENCLOSURE

REC-78

EX-112

37 DEC 22 1975

NE 1/15/76

FILE

PR/REM

Approved: 45 RSH/R

Sent _____

M

Per _____

J. Edgar Hoover Charge

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Lie Test Expert Calls FBI Exam Of Ruby Invalid

BY HUGH McCANN
Free Press Staff Writer

The latest critic of the Warren Commission's investigation into the assassination of President Kennedy is a Wayne County Sheriff's Department lie detector expert.

Frank Gasdort, the lie detector test given to Jack Ruby 11 years ago violated accepted testing standards. Because of this, he said, the FBI's conclusion that Ruby acted alone when he shot Lee Harvey Oswald, the president's alleged assassin, was not warranted.

"For the past 11 years," said Gasdort, "it has been the private opinion of many polygraphists (lie detector experts) in the U.S. that the polygraph examination of Jack Ruby was a farce."



Frank Gasdort

"If this is true, can we accept the conclusion formed as a result of that polygraph examination that Jack Ruby was not part of a conspiracy?"

TWO DAYS after Kennedy's assassination on Nov. 22, 1963, Ruby gunned down Oswald in a Dallas jail. Based on the Ruby polygraph test and other evidence, the Warren Commission concluded that both men had acted independently of each other and were not part of a conspiracy.

Through the years, however, the commission's findings have been criticized. Serious questioning has intensified recently with revelations of FBI and CIA activities.

Gasdort, who said he has performed more than 200 polygraph tests, was trained in 1970 at the National Training Center for Polygraph Science in New York City.

"He questioned the validity of the lie detector test conducted by an FBI expert, Neil P. Miller, on Ruby."

According to accepted practice, he said, at most one person is permitted to be present at a test — in addition to subject and tester. But Miller allowed "no less than six" Gasdort added, thus distracting Ruby and upsetting the balance between subject and tester necessary for a

In addition, he criticized Miller for asking "no less than 91 questions," of which 86 were "crime" questions, during the six-hour test July 18, 1964.

"Normal testing procedures call for at least three tests of perhaps four crime questions each," Gasdort said. "Usually, no more than five tests are administered to any one individual on a given day." Ruby, he said, was given 13 tests that day.

EX-110

REC 12

NOT RECORDED

Date: 11/27/75

Edition:

Author:

Hugh McCann

Editor:

Joseph H Stroud

Title:

Lee Harvey Oswald

Character: Civil Rights

Classification: 44-563

Submitting Office: Detroit

☐ Being Investigated

NOT RECORDED

DEC 23 1975

FILED

5 5 JAN 15 1976

File 44-24016

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. A.D. Adm. _____
A.D. Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.: _____
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Ext. Affairs _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.) 198

Detroit Free Press
Detroit Michigan

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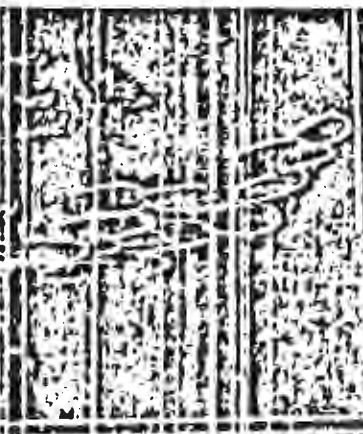
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**FROM THE
INVESTIGATIVE
DEPARTMENT**

**Tell How
to Cattle
Cott. B. Ke**

**IN THE
REPRESENTATION
OF THE
UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA
AND RUSSIA**

The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been named in the investigation of the case of the cattle of the Cott. B. Ke. The names are listed in alphabetical order of the last name. The names are: [illegible text]

The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been named in the investigation of the case of the cattle of the Cott. B. Ke. The names are listed in alphabetical order of the last name. The names are: [illegible text]

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The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been named in the investigation of the case of the cattle of the Cott. B. Ke. The names are listed in alphabetical order of the last name. The names are: [illegible text]

The following is a list of the names of the persons who have been named in the investigation of the case of the cattle of the Cott. B. Ke. The names are listed in alphabetical order of the last name. The names are: [illegible text]



Daily Tribune

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OUR FAVORITE ADULTS



Airtel

8/5/76

To: SACs, Dallas
Miami (Enclosures - 2)
Los Angeles (Enclosures - 2)

1 - Mr. Gallagher
1 - Mr. O'Connell
1 - Mr. Cooke
1 - Mr. Theisen
1 - Mr. Burton
1 - Mr. Leavitt
1 - Mr. Mintz

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN F. KENNEDY

11/22/63

DALLAS, TEXAS

OO: DALLAS

Jack L. Ruby

Enclosed for Miami and Los Angeles are two copies of FD 302 reporting interview of Wally Weston at Dallas, Texas, on 11/24/63.

Recent news stories have identified convicted Watergate burglar Frank Sturgis as the "former CIA Agent" who told reporters in Miami that Jack Ruby met with Fidel Castro in Havana during the summer of 1963, and discussed the possibility of assassinating President Kennedy. Sturgis is also alleged to have told the same story to the Senate Intelligence Committee. Sturgis' story was allegedly corroborated by Wally Weston, a former master of ceremonies (MC) at Ruby's nightclub in Dallas. Weston was interviewed recently by Miami TV newsmen Glenn Finkler and allegedly told Finkler he could establish that Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald knew each other before the assassination and that Kathy Ray, a former stripper at the Carousel Club, could corroborate his story.

Duffies show that Frank Anthony Sturgis, also known as Frank Fiorini was interviewed in Miami on 11/27/63, 1/14/64, and 4/7/64, regarding his knowledge of Lee Harvey Oswald (Bufile 100-82555, Bufile 105-8342). These interviews

1 - 44-24016
1 - 105-82555

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SEE NOTE PAGE 5

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55 AUG 19 1976

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-109060-7548

Airtel to SACs, Dallas, Miami, Los Angeles
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

and additional information regarding Fiorini are found in Miami reports of SA James J. O'Connor dated 12/3/63, 1/25/64, 4/4/64, and 5/11/64. Although there is no indication that Fiorini was questioned regarding Jack Ruby in these interviews, there was certainly ample opportunity for Sturgis to furnish the information regarding Ruby to the FBI at that time if he, indeed, had such information.

It should be noted that the interview of Sturgis, aka Fiorini, on 11/27/63, resulted from a newspaper article quoting him as saying that Oswald had telephone conversations with the Cuban Government, G-2 intelligence during November, 1962. Fiorini, according to the article, claimed that Oswald contacted Miami-based supporters of Fidel Castro and that Oswald had connections with the Cuban Government in Mexico and New Orleans. The article further stated that Fiorini claimed that Oswald handed out pro-Castro literature in Miami in November, 1962, tried to infiltrate Cuban anti-Castro organizations in Miami and was known to have a bad temper.

When confronted with the above information on 11/27/63, Fiorini advised he had made some offhand comments to James Buchanan, author of the article, on the previous day. He admitted his comments were guesses, speculation and rumor based on information about Oswald which was carried in the press. He said he was passing on this speculative material and had no idea if it was true or false. The 1/14/64 interview also resulted from a newspaper article in which Fiorini was quoted as saying Oswald attempted to infiltrate several organizations in Miami including the Anti-Communist International Brigade (AIB) which was founded by Fiorini. When interviewed regarding this information, Fiorini said this information also was false. He further admitted he had no evidence that Oswald was ever in Miami.

Regarding Wally Weston, Miami will note from the enclosed FD-302 that Weston, when interviewed at Dallas on 11/24/63, said he had never known Ruby to have any particular interest in politics, he had never heard Ruby express any un-American sentiment and he had no reason to

Airtel to SACs, Dallas, Miami, Los Angeles
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

believe Ruby was not a loyal American in every respect. Weston said it was his personal opinion that Ruby murdered Lee Harvey Oswald for two reasons. He felt one reason could have been Ruby's strong desire for national publicity which would result from his act, or Ruby, because of his violent temper, could have become angered at the murderer of a member of the Dallas Police Department, whom he felt were his friends. Weston said he did not believe Oswald's murder was connected in any way with Ruby's political beliefs or because of Ruby's sympathy for some foreign government.

Weston also stated during the interview that he doubted a statement by Bill DeMar, another entertainer at the Carousel Club that he, DeMar, had seen Oswald at the club and attributed the claim to DeMar's desire for publicity.

In the recent newspaper interview, Weston said Ruby and Oswald were acquainted before the assassination. He relates an incident that occurred approximately three weeks before the assassination when a man approached him on stage and accused him of being Communist. Weston claims he jumped off the stage and hit the man who fell backward into Ruby's arms. Ruby then cursed the man and told him he had previously been told to never come to the club and threw him down the stairs. Weston now claims he later recognized newspaper photographs of Oswald as the man he punched. He stated his opinion was confirmed by Kathy Kay, a stripper at the Carousel Club. Kay allegedly told Weston that Oswald was the man Weston punched and she had danced with Oswald.

Bureau indices indicate Kathy Kay, aka Kathy Coleman nee Harvey, Kay Helen Orlen, and Mrs. Harry Galen, was a stripper at Ruby's Carousel Club and a friend of Ruby. She was interviewed by the Oklahoma City Office following the assassination and denied any knowledge of the assassination or the incidents that followed. On 8/6/64, as Mrs. Harry Galen of 315 Chispa, Long Beach, California, she gave a deposition to the Warren Commission at Los Angeles, California. She testified under oath that she had never seen Oswald at the Carousel Club and had never seen him or heard of him prior to 11/22/63. She was asked if Ruby knew Oswald and she said she did not think so.

Airtel to SACs, Dallas, Miami, Los Angeles
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

For the further information of Miami, the 5/22/75 edition of the Dallas "Times Herald" carried an article entitled "FBI Eyes on Ruby Strippers in John F. Kennedy Case." The article, written by staff writer Bill Sloane alleges that Shari Angel, a former stripper at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club, and the ex-wife of Wally Weston, had been quizzed by the FBI on 5/19/75 regarding allegations that Oswald visited the club on two occasions shortly before the assassination. The article alleged the FBI was looking for Kathy Fay. A 5/25/75 follow-up article entitled "Stripper Complained to Ex-spouse about FBI," says that Shari Angel reported that her former husband was present during the FBI interviews and was also questioned. The "Times Herald," however, located Weston in Florida and he denied being present at the interview and advised he had not seen Miss Angel since shortly after they were divorced in 1964. He said he had spoken to her on the phone "three or four times" during that period. Dallas, Los Angeles and FBIHQ found no record of any attempt to interview Angel, Weston, or Fay since immediately after the assassination and SAC, Dallas, so advised the "Times Herald" in Dallas.

The following investigation should be conducted by mature, experienced Agents with thorough background in this matter. Aggressively pursue questioning to obtain specific details that can be verified or refuted. If considered appropriate at the end of interviews, furnish interviewee polygraph consent form and schedule polygraph examination to verify story. Telephonically obtain Bureau approval before conducting polygraph examination.

Miami thoroughly review your files regarding Frank Anthony Sturgis, aka Frank Fiorini, with emphasis on information he furnished in previous interviews in the Kennedy Assassination Case. Locate and interview Sturgis regarding information he alleges he now has regarding Jack Ruby meeting with Castro. Determine in detail the source of this information and why it was not furnished previously.

Locate and interview Wally Weston, former MC at Carousel Club, Dallas, Texas. Determine what information he has to confirm Sturgis' statement regarding Ruby and Castro. Further determine the basis for his belated identification of a patron at the Carousel Club in 1963 as Oswald. Note that Weston was interviewed two days after

Airtel to SACs, Dallas, Miami, Los Angeles
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

the assassination and did not recall the incident at that time even though he was willing to question an allegation by another entertainer, Bill Dellar, that Oswald had been seen in the club. Determine the date and place of Kathy Kay's alleged corroboration of Weston's identification of Oswald.

Los Angeles conduct logical investigation to locate Mrs. Harry Calen (formerly Kathy Kay). Determine if she ever told Wally Weston that Oswald was the man Weston punched at the Carousel Club and that she had danced with Oswald at the club.

Dallas review your files for any recent information to assist Miami and Los Angeles in locating Sturgis, Weston, and Kay.

Miami and Los Angeles submit results of investigation in form suitable for dissemination.

NOTE : New York "Daily News," Dallas "Times Herald," UPI and other news outlets have carried recent stories quoting a former "CIA Agent" as saying that Jack Ruby once discussed the assassination of President Kennedy with Fidel Castro. Later stories identified the "CIA Agent" as Frank Sturgis, a "contract operative, that is not a regular payroll employee," who worked for the CIA in Cuba. The story also stated that Sturgis, who became well known as one of the Watergate burglars, recently testified before the Senate Intelligence Committee. Other news articles report that Wally Weston, former MC at Ruby's Carousel Club, could corroborate Sturgis' story and establish that Ruby knew Oswald before the assassination. This furnishes background data to Miami and Los Angeles and instructs those offices to conduct aggressive interviews to either verify or refute the information furnished by Sturgis and Weston. The proposed interview of Sturgis was coordinated with Mr. Theisen of the Special Accounting Matters Unit who advised there are no Watergate related charges outstanding against Frank Sturgis.

APPROVED:

Assoc. Dir.....
Dep. AD Adm.....
Dep. AD Inv.....
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Serv.....

Ext. Affairs.....
Fin. & Pers.....
Gen. Inv.....
Ident.....
Inspection.....
Intell.....

Laboratory.....
Legal Coun.....
Plan. & Eval.....
Rec. Mgmt.....
Spec. Inv.....
Training.....

WALLY WESTON was interviewed at the Theatre Lounge, 1326 Jackson Street, Dallas, Texas. He advised at the present time he is filling an entertainment contract at the Kings Club in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma and he is visiting in Dallas only temporarily. He maintains an apartment in Dallas at 4617 Samuels Boulevard, Apartment 131. WESTON stated he and his wife SHARI ANGEL WESTON, who is an exotic dancer known as SHARI ANGEL, are both acquainted with JACK RUBY, owner of the Carousel Club on Commerce Street in Dallas. WESTON continued he has known RUBY intimately for three or four years and worked for RUBY at the Carousel Club for fourteen months as master of ceremonies. He said he presumed that his continued friendship with RUBY has come about as a result of his respect for RUBY'S eccentricities and temper. He said over his period of acquaintance with RUBY, he has known when to discontinue an argument with RUBY before RUBY had an opportunity to become violent. He has known RUBY to become so infuriated at a person in an argument, RUBY would strike the person with whom he was arguing. He stated RUBY was a very impulsive person, who would make a statement at a time of one of his temper tantrums and later he would have completely forgotten the incident which provoked such a remark. On one occasion he became extremely angry at a drummer in his orchestra and threw him down a flight of stairs and two days later he asked the drummer why he hadn't reported for duty, having completely forgotten that he told the drummer, "you can't quit because I fired you", at the time he threw him down the stairs. WESTON stated this was typical of RUBY'S impulsiveness. WESTON said he has never known RUBY to have any particular interest in politics nor has he been a member of any organizations that WESTON could recall. WESTON said he has never heard RUBY express any Un-American sentiment and he had no reason to believe RUBY is not a loyal American citizen in every respect. He advised RUBY has always had a strong desire to be somebody and he is a "publicity hound". WESTON pointed out when the United States was swept by the 50-mile hike craze, he and RUBY conceived a plan for WESTON to make a 50-mile hike for publicity purposes for the Carousel Club. RUBY was to contact the news media in Dallas and create as much publicity on WESTON'S hike as possible; however, RUBY failed on the publicity part and the hike did not receive the publicity they both anticipated.

on 11/24/63 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
 by Special Agent CHARLES T. EROWN, JR./cjr Date dictated 11/25/63
C7B *781* *11/25/63*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to

WESTON said RUBY is continuously seeking to promote business for himself at the Carousel Club and because of this he is friendly and tried to be friendly with persons he thinks will be good for his business. RUBY has spent much time around the Police Department in Dallas, the Sheriff's Office and other public places handing out business cards entitling the person receiving same to admittance to the Carousel Club and free drinks as a guest. WESTON said he knew RUBY had many friends at the Dallas Police Department as a result of promotional activities. He stated it was his personal opinion and belief that RUBY possibly murdered LEE HARVEY OSWALD for two reasons. He felt one reason could have been RUBY'S strong desire for national publicity which would result from his act or RUBY, because of his violent temper, could have become angered at the murderer of a member of the Dallas Police Department, whom he felt were his friends. WESTON said he did not believe OSWALD'S murder was connected in any way with RUBY'S political beliefs or because of RUBY'S sympathy for some foreign Government. He added he has never heard RUBY criticize the American form of Government, the leaders of this country, nor has he ever expressed any radical ideas. WESTON recalled RUBY was extremely sensitive about his being of Jewish extraction and for that reason WESTON had received specific instructions from RUBY that in his job as master of ceremonies he was to stay completely away from any jokes or comments of a racial or political nature.

WESTON said he knew RUBY did have a gun in his possession based on the following instances. About eight months ago there was an attempted burglary at the Carousel Club, which was discovered by RUBY upon his entrance into the club. RUBY ran down the back stairs of the club to his automobile, which was parked on a nearby street, secured a gun from the automobile and returned to the club, thinking the burglars still might be in the club. About six months ago two customers arriving at the club were approached by one of the club employees to pay their \$2.00 fee for entrance into the club. These customers reported they had paid \$2.00 to two young men who were standing at the downstairs entrance to the club as they entered. RUBY ran down the stairs just in time to see the two young boys running up the street. RUBY ran to his automobile which was nearby, got his pistol out of the trunk of the car, put it in his shirt, and began looking around for the boys. Shortly thereafter the two boys were apprehended by officers of the Dallas Police Department, at which time they were returned to the Carousel Club. When the officers took the boys to RUBY to inquire whether he wanted to file charges against the boys, RUBY hesitated and then instructed the officers to forget the whole matter because there was so little money involved.

RUBY instructed the police to admonish the boys for their actions and then to release them.

WESTON concluded by advising because of RUBY'S peculiar personality and violent temper, RUBY has no close personal friends. WESTON stated he felt he was possibly closer to RUBY than anyone else he knew, because over the period of three or four years, he has learned how to get along with RUBY. He added with regard to the incident when entertainer BILL DE MAR who is presently appearing at the Carousel Club reported he had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the club, WESTON did not feel DE MAR could have recognized OSWALD because of the difficulty experienced in recognizing persons in the audience from the stage. WESTON pointed out a performer has a spotlight shining in his face while he is on stage and it would be very difficult for the performer to recognize anyone looking into the audience from the stage. He felt DE MAR had made the claim he saw OSWALD in the audience because of DE MAR'S desire for publicity.

Mr. WESTON said he has not seen RUBY since the President's assassination on November 22, 1963 and he is unable to account for his whereabouts since that time.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Fehl

DATE: 5/16/77

FROM : J. S. Peelman

SUBJECT: REQUEST TO MAINTAIN THE JACK RUBY
CIVIL RIGHTS FILE IN ROOM 8988, JEH
CONGRESSIONAL INQUIRY UNIT.

1 - Mr. Fehl
1 - Mr. Peelman
1 - Mr. Lawn
1 - Mr. Decker
1 - Mr. Bailey
1 - Mr. Powers

Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Adm. Serv. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Fin. & Pers. _____
Ident. _____
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Legal Coun. _____
Plan. & Insp. _____
Rec. Mgmt. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director's Sec'y _____

PURPOSE: To request authority to maintain the Jack Ruby civil rights file relating to the shooting of Lee Harvey Oswald in room 8988, JEH, in order to prepare this file for access to the House Select Committee On Assassinations (HSCA) as approved by the Special Counsel to the Attorney General, Department of Justice.

RECOMMENDATION: That authority be granted to maintain this file, Bufile 44-24016, in room 8988, JEH.

APPROVED:

Director _____
Assoc. Dir. _____
Dep. AD Adm. _____
Dep. AD Inv. _____

Adm. Serv. _____
Crim. Inv. _____
Fin. & Pers. _____
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Tech. Servs. _____
Training _____
Public Affs. Off. _____

DETAILS: The Congressional Inquiry Unit was formed to respond to the anticipated requests from the HSCA. In order to respond expeditiously to these requests, it is necessary that the Jack Ruby; Lee Harvey Oswald - Victim civil rights file be maintained in room 8988, JEH, in order to prepare this file for access to the

It should be noted that authority has previously been granted to maintain pertinent Kennedy - King files in Congressional Inquiry Unit space for this purpose.

The retention of this file would be temporary until such time as the requirements of the HSCA are met, at which time this file would be returned to the Records Management Division.

There is adequate and secure space available in room 8988, JEH, for temporary maintenance of this file.

JCL/GJW (8)

1 - 44-24016

XEROX

JUN 17 1977

JUN 28 1977

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan